

Journal of Computer Chemistry, Japan – International Edition

Instructions to Authors



Aims and Scope	1
Manuscript Types	1
Journal & Ethics Policies	2
Peer Review Process	5
Copyright, Open Access and Fees	8
Manuscript Submission	10
Manuscript Preparation	10
Accepted Manuscripts	14
Contact	14

Aims and Scope

The *Journal of Computer Chemistry, Japan – International Edition* (JCCJIE) is an international peer-reviewed Open Access journal that publishes significant and novel contributions in computer chemistry. The journal aims to encourage new developments in computer chemistry by providing a forum for cross-fertilization between applications, methodologies, disciplines, and academic and industrial research.

JCCJIE provides cohesive coverage of theory and methodology, including topics such as quantum chemistry and statistical thermodynamics, quantum-chemical calculation applications, molecular dynamics, Monte Carlo methods, chemoinformatics, and visual computing. To encourage interdisciplinarity, JCCJIE welcomes relevant articles in chemical engineering and materials science and those that explore the intersections of these areas. The journal also welcomes articles that contribute to educational aspects of computer chemistry.

JCCJIE publishes General Papers, Notes, Technical Reports and Reviews Accounts, as well as insightful Commentaries, Highlights, and Software News and Reviews.

All manuscripts submitted to JCCJIE are appraised initially by the Editor and, if found to be suitable for further consideration, undergo single-blind peer review by expert referees. Accepted articles are published continuously online.

Manuscript Types

The journal welcomes nine manuscript types, all of which are subject to peer review.

General Papers

Complete reports of original work on computational methods, hardware and/or software for chemical research, chemical theory, development or applications.

Notes

Brief reports of novel developments or applications with a maximum length of 4 journal pages.

Technical Papers

Original reports of work focusing on technical aspect of computer chemistry. For example, the implementation of a program for wider applicability.

Reviews

Creative and timely reviews on topics within the scope of JCCJIE.

Accounts

Concise and objective reviews, the contents of which are usually from the author's laboratory.

Letters

Selected Papers from the Annual Spring and Autumn meetings of the Society of Computer Chemistry of Japan.

Commentaries

Opinions or explanations about computer chemistry. They should be written in an accessible, non-technical style and not normally contain primary research data, although data pertaining to sociological aspects is acceptable.

Highlights

Brief descriptions of the highlights of notable studies in computer chemistry.

Software News and Reviews

Reviews of Computer applications software.

Software News and Reviews articles (that pay page charges) will receive one free advert in the journal (or a discount equal to the page charges depending on the relative value of each)."

Journal & Ethics Policies

JCCJIE upholds the highest standards in scholarly publishing.

Before submitting a manuscript to the journal, authors must ensure that they have read and complied with the journal's policies. The journal reserves the right to reject without review, or retract, any manuscript that the Editor believes may not comply with these policies.

The responsibilities of the journal's authors, editors, reviewers and publisher regarding research and publication ethics are described in full below.

Submission to the journal implies that the manuscript has not been previously published (in part or in whole, in any language), is not in press, and is not under consideration for publication elsewhere.

Authors must inform the editors if any related manuscripts are under consideration, in press or published elsewhere. The availability of a manuscript on a publicly accessible preprint server does not constitute prior publication (see 'Preprints').

If authors choose to submit their manuscript elsewhere before a final decision has been made on its suitability for publication in JCCJIE, they should first withdraw it from the journal.

Submission

JCCJIE welcomes manuscript submissions from authors based anywhere in the world.

Submission of a manuscript to the journal implies that all authors: have approved it, warrant it is factual, have agreed to its submission, and have the right to publish it.

Originality

Submission to the journal implies that the manuscript is original work. The journal may use Crossref's Similarity Check plagiarism software to screen manuscripts for unoriginal content. By submitting a manuscript to the journal, authors agree to this screening. Any manuscript with an unacceptable level of unoriginal material may be rejected or retracted at the Editors' discretion.

Preprints

To support the wide dissemination of research, the journal encourages authors to post their research manuscripts on community-recognized preprint servers, either before or alongside submission to the journal. This policy applies only to the original version of a manuscript that describes primary research. Any version of a manuscript that has been revised in response to reviewers' comments, accepted for publication or published in the journal should not be posted on a preprint server. Instead, forward links to the published manuscript may be posted on the preprint server.

Authors should retain copyright in their work when posting to a preprint server.

Scooping

When assessing the novelty of a manuscript submitted to the journal, the editors will not be influenced by other manuscripts that are posted on community-recognized preprint servers after the date of submission to JCCJIE (or after the date of posting on a preprint server, if the manuscript is submitted to the journal within 4 months).

Authorship

Submission to the journal implies that all authors have seen and approved the author list. Changes to the author list after manuscript submission – such as the insertion or removal of author names, or a rearrangement of author order – must be approved by all authors and the editor.

Authors are encouraged to consider the Council of Science Editors (CSE) [principles](#) governing authorship. According to the CSE guidelines (and references therein), each author is expected have made substantial contributions to the conception or design of the work; or the acquisition, analysis, interpretation or calculation of data; or have drafted the work or substantively revised it. Authors have also agreed to be held accountable for their own contributions to the work; can identify which co-authors are responsible for other parts of the work; have confidence in the integrity of the work; and have reviewed and approved the final manuscript and any resubmissions. Contributors who do not qualify for authorship may be included in the Acknowledgements section instead.

Image integrity

Authors may digitally manipulate or process images, but only if the adjustments are kept to a minimum, are applied to the entire image, meet community standards, and are clearly described in the manuscript. All images in a manuscript must accurately reflect the original data on which they are based. Authors must not move, remove, add or enhance individual parts of an image. The editors reserve the right to request original, unprocessed images from the authors. Failure to provide requested images may result in a manuscript being rejected or retracted.

Reproducing copyrighted material

If a manuscript includes material that is not under the authors' own copyright, the authors must obtain permission from the copyright holder(s) to reproduce it.

If a manuscript includes previously published material, the authors must obtain permission from the copyright owners and the publisher of the original work to reproduce it. The authors must cite the original work in their manuscript.

Copies of all reproduction permissions must be included with the manuscript when it is first submitted.

Availability of data, code and materials

Authors must disclose the source of publicly available data and materials, such as public repositories or commercial manufacturers, by including accession numbers or company details in their manuscript, as appropriate.

A statement of the availability or the manner of distribution of each code or program appearing in the text is required.

Authors may make their own data, code and materials available in Supplementary Material, or by linking from their manuscript to relevant community-recognized public databases or digital repositories. All data sets must be made available in full to the editors and reviewers during the peer review process, and must be made publicly available by the date of publication. Authors commit to preserving their code and data sets for at least three years from the date of publication in the journal.

The journal encourages authors to grant reasonable requests from colleagues to share any data, code, materials and experimental protocols described in their manuscript.

Animal/human experimentation

Authors of manuscripts describing experiments involving humans or materials derived from humans must demonstrate that the work was carried out in accordance with the principles embodied in the Declaration of Helsinki, its revisions, and any guidelines approved by the authors' institutions. Where relevant, the authors must include a statement in their manuscript that describes the procedures for obtaining informed consent from participants regarding participation in the research and publication of the research.

Authors of manuscripts describing experiments involving animals or materials derived from animals must demonstrate that the work was carried out in accordance with the guidelines approved by the authors' institution(s).

Author competing interests and conflicts of interest

In the interests of transparency, the journal requires all authors to declare any competing or conflicts of interest in relation to their submitted manuscript. A conflict of interest exists when there are actual, perceived or potential circumstances that could influence an author's ability to conduct or report research impartially. Potential conflicts include (but are not limited to) competing commercial or financial interests, commercial affiliations, consulting roles, or ownership of stock or equity.

Authors should list all funding sources for their work in the Acknowledgements section of their manuscript.

Confidentiality

The journal maintains the confidentiality of all unpublished manuscripts. By submitting their manuscript to the journal, the authors warrant that they will keep all correspondence about their manuscript (from the Editorial Office, editors and reviewers) strictly confidential.

Self-archiving (Green Open Access) policy

Self-archiving, also known as Green Open Access, enables authors to deposit a copy of their manuscript in an online repository. JCCJIE encourages authors of original research manuscripts to upload their article to an institutional or public repository immediately after publication in the journal.

Long-term digital archiving

J-STAGE preserves its full digital library, including JCCJIE, with Portico in a dark archive (see <https://www.portico.org/publishers/jstage/>). In the event that the material becomes unavailable at J-STAGE, it will be released and made available by Portico.

Peer Review Process

Editorial and peer review process

The journal uses single-blind peer review. When a manuscript is submitted to the journal, it is assigned to the Editor-in-Chief, who performs initial screening. Manuscripts that do not fit the journal's scope or are not deemed suitable for publication are rejected without review. The remaining manuscripts are assigned to a handling Editor who assigns two reviewers to assess each manuscript. Reviewers are selected based on their expertise, reputation and previous experience as peer reviewers. The deadline for submission of the reviewers' reports varies by article type.

Upon receipt of the two reviewers' reports, the Editor makes the first decision on the manuscript. If the decision is to request revision of the manuscript, authors have 4 weeks to resubmit their revised manuscript. Revised manuscripts submitted after this deadline may be treated as new submissions. Each revised manuscript must be accompanied by a covering letter that addresses each of the comments of reviewer (s) and explains all changes made in the earlier version.

The Editor may send revised manuscripts to peer reviewers for their feedback or may use his or her own judgement to assess how closely the authors have followed the Editor's and the reviewers' comments on the original manuscript.

The Editor then makes a recommendation to the Editor-in-Chief on the manuscript's suitability for publication. The Editor-in-Chief is responsible for making the final decision on each manuscript.

The members of the Editorial Committee act in advisory roles, providing feedback as reviewers and making suggestions to improve the journal. In cases where the Editor-in-Chief is an author on a manuscript submitted to the journal, a member of the Editorial Committee is responsible for making the final decision on the manuscript's suitability for publication in the journal.

Reviewer selection, timing and suggestions

Reviewers are selected without regard to geography and need not belong to JCCJIE's Editorial Committee. Reviewers are selected based on their expertise in the field, reputation, recommendation by others, and/or previous experience as peer reviewers for the journal.

Reviewers are invited within one week of an article being submitted. Reviewers are asked to submit their first review within 2 weeks of accepting the invitation to review. Reviewers who anticipate any delays should inform the Editorial Office as soon as possible.

When submitting a manuscript to the journal, authors may suggest reviewers that they would like included in or excluded from the peer review process. The Editor may consider these suggestions but is under no obligation to follow them. The selection, invitation and assignment of peer reviewers is at the Editor's sole discretion.

Reviewer reports

It is the journal's policy to transmit reviewers' comments to the authors in their original form. However, the journal reserves the right to edit reviewers' comments, without consulting the reviewers, if they contain offensive language, confidential information or recommendations for publication.

Acceptance criteria

If a manuscript satisfies the journal's requirements and represents a significant contribution to the published literature, the Editor may recommend acceptance for publication in the journal.

Articles in JCCJIE must be:

- novel and original
- descriptions of technically rigorous research
- of high interest to the journal's audience
- important additions to the field
- within the subject area of the journal's scope

In addition, the Editors particularly welcome new conceptual advances, manuscripts that have a compelling conception, are well constructed, and have good standards of English.

If a manuscript does not meet the journal's requirements for acceptance or revision, the Editor may recommend rejection.

Editorial independence

As the journal owner, the Society of Computer Chemistry, Japan (SCCJ) has granted the journal's Editorial Board complete and sole responsibility for all editorial decisions. The SCCJ will not become involved in editorial decisions, except in cases of a fundamental breakdown of process.

Editorial decisions are based only on a manuscript's scientific merit and are kept completely separate from the journal's other interests.

Appeals

Authors who believe that an editorial decision has been made in error may lodge an appeal with the Editorial Office. Appeals are only considered if the authors provide detailed evidence of a misunderstanding or mistake by a reviewer or editor. Appeals are considered carefully by the Editor-in-Chief, whose decision is final. The guidelines of the [Committee on Publication Ethics](#) (COPE) are followed where and when relevant.

Confidentiality in peer review

The journal maintains the confidentiality of all unpublished manuscripts. Editors will not:

- disclose a reviewer's identity unless the reviewer makes a reasonable request for such disclosure
- discuss the manuscript or its contents with anyone not directly involved with the manuscript or its peer review
- use any data or information from the manuscript in their own work or publications
- use information obtained from the peer review process to provide an advantage to themselves or anyone else, or to disadvantage any individual or organization.

Conflicts of interest in peer review

A conflict of interest exists when there are actual, perceived or potential circumstances that could influence an editor's ability to act impartially when assessing a manuscript. Such circumstances might include having a personal or professional relationship with an author, working on the same topic or in direct competition with an author, having a financial stake in the work or its publication, or having seen previous versions of the manuscript.

Members of the journal's Editorial Board undertake to declare any conflicts of interest when handling manuscripts. An editor who declares a conflict of interest is unassigned from the manuscript in question and is replaced by a new editor.

Editors try to avoid conflicts of interest when inviting reviewers, but it is not always possible to identify potential bias. Reviewers are asked to declare any conflicts of interest to the Editor, who will determine the best course of action.

Errata and retractions

The journal recognizes the importance of maintaining the integrity of published literature.

A published article that contains an error may be corrected through the publication of an Erratum. Errata describe errors that significantly affect the scientific integrity of a publication, the reputation of the authors, or the journal itself. Authors who wish to correct a published article should contact the editor who handled their manuscript or the Editorial Office with full details of the error(s) and their requested changes. In cases where co-authors disagree over a

correction, the Editor-in-Chief may consult the Editorial Board or external peer reviewers for advice. If a Correction is published, any dissenting authors will be noted in the text.

A published article that contains invalid or unreliable results or conclusions, has been published elsewhere, or has infringed codes of conduct (covering research or publication ethics) may be retracted. Individuals who believe that a published article should be retracted are encouraged to contact the journal's Editorial Office with full details of their concerns. The Editor-in-Chief will investigate further and contact the authors of the published article for their response. In cases where co-authors disagree over a retraction, the Editor-in-Chief may consult the Editorial Board or external peer reviewers for advice. If a Retraction is published, any dissenting authors will be noted in the text.

The decision to publish Errata or Retractions is made at the sole discretion of the Editor-in-Chief.

Editors as authors in the journal

Any member of the journal's Editorial Board, including the Editor-in-Chief who is an author on a submitted manuscript is excluded from the peer review process. Within the journal's online manuscript submission and tracking system, they will be able to see their manuscript as an author but not as an editor, thereby maintaining the confidentiality of peer review.

A manuscript authored by an editor of JCCJIE is subject to the same high standards of peer review and editorial decision making as any manuscript considered by the journal.

Responding to potential ethical breaches

The journal will respond to allegations of ethical breaches by following its own policies and, where possible, the guidelines of [COPE](#).

Reviewer Confidentiality

As part of their responsibilities, reviewers agree to maintain the confidentiality of unpublished manuscripts at all times. By accepting the invitation to review a manuscript, reviewers agree not to:

- disclose their role in reviewing the manuscript
- reveal their identity to any of the authors of the manuscript
- discuss the manuscript or its contents with anyone not directly involved in the review process
- involve anyone else in the review (for example, a post-doc or PhD student) without first requesting permission from the Editor
- use any data or information from the manuscript in their own work or publications
- use information obtained from the peer review process to provide an advantage to themselves or anyone else, or to disadvantage any individual or organization.

Copyright, Open Access and Fees

JCCJIE is fully Open Access and uses Creative Commons (CC) licenses, which allow users to use, reuse and build upon the material published in the journal without charge or the need to ask prior permission from the publisher or author. Unless otherwise noted in the journal archive, all articles in the journal are Open Access. More details on the CC licenses are below.

Copyright and licensing

Authors are required to assign all copyrights in the work to the SCCJ (via the JCCJIE Copyright Form), who, by agreement with the authors, then publish the work under a Creative Commons [CC BY-NC-ND 4.0 International](#), [CC BY-NC 4.0 International](#) or [CC BY 4.0 International](#) license, as detailed below. By obtaining the copyright, the SCCJ is able to ensure the integrity of the work by administrating the relevant permissions processes as well as maximize the dissemination of the work.

Note that the JCCJIE Copyright Form must be completed and signed for each submitted manuscript. No substitute forms are acceptable. The signed form must be sent to the Editor by mail or attached scanned file with e-mail using the details provided in the Contact section.

CC BY-NC-ND 4.0

This license allows users to share unmodified articles, non-commercially, as long as appropriate credit is given.

CC BY-NC 4.0

This license allows users to share and adapt an article non-commercially, as long as appropriate credit is given.

CC BY 4.0

This license allows users to share and adapt an article, even commercially, as long as appropriate credit is given. An additional charge of 10,000 JPY/page is imposed for authors who wish to choose the CC BY 4.0 license.

Some funding bodies require articles funded by them to be published under a specific Creative Commons license. Before submitting your work to the journal, check with the relevant funding bodies to ensure that you comply with any mandates.

Article Processing Charge

There are many costs associated with publishing scholarly journals, such as those of managing peer review, copy editing, typesetting and online hosting. To cover these costs in the absence of journal subscriptions, authors (or their representatives) are asked to pay article processing charges (APCs). There is no submission fee.

The journal charges an APC as per the table below. Authors of accepted manuscripts will be invoiced for the APC before publication of their manuscript. Note the additional charge to select the CC BY 4.0 license, as noted in the ‘Copyright and licensing’ section.

Table 1. APC in Japanese yen (taxes not included); pp= per page

Pages	Licensing	Typeset pages	
		1-4	>4
Members	CC BY-NC-ND or CC BY-NC	30,000	+5,000 pp
Members	CC BY	70,000	+15,000 pp
Non-members	CC BY-NC-ND or CC BY-NC	35,000	+5,000 pp
Non-members	CC BY	75,000	+15,000 pp

News and Reviews articles (that pay APC's) receive one free advertisement in the journal (or a discount equal to the APC depending on the relative value of each).

Waiver policy

If all authors are from a "Least Developed Country" or "Other Low Income Country" on the [OECD's qualifying country](#) list, the APC waivers on an article will be considered on a case-by-case basis by the journal's Editorial Office. Authors must apply for a waiver before or upon the submission of their manuscript; applications will not be considered after the review process has started. Applications may be made via email to jccjoffice@sccj.net.

The ability of an author to pay the APC does not influence editorial decisions. To avoid any possibility of undue influence, editors involved with the decision-making process on submitted manuscripts are not involved in any deliberations on waivers.

Manuscript Submission

Online

All manuscripts must be submitted via the journal's online submission system, ScholarOne: <https://mc.manuscriptcentral.com/jccj>. The following electronic files should be supplied:

- Main Document file (MS-Word recommended) containing title page, abstract, text, references, figure legends, and table captions.
- Figures and/or tables (Illustration and Table files).
- Supplementary material (Supplementary Files).

A large range of common file types can be uploaded to ScholarOne, including generic and open formats, as well as proprietary formats by Microsoft, LaTeX, Adobe and so forth; the system lets authors know if a file type is not suitable.

ScholarOne automatically converts the uploaded files into single PDF and HTML documents so that they can be viewed and printed for peer reviewing. Authors must verify that the PDF and HTML files are satisfactory and complete. Authors should enter the supporting information as prompted by the system.

If you encounter any problems with online submission, please contact the Editorial Office as per the details in the Contact section.

Manuscript Preparation

Style

A template is not supplied, so please follow the instructions within this document. Manuscripts should be prepared in Microsoft Word or other appropriate software using A4 dimensions, double line spacing throughout, and with margins of at least 2 cm.

English standards

Manuscripts should be written in clear, grammatically correct English. Authors whose native language is not English are strongly encouraged to have their manuscript checked by a native

English speaker or by an editing service prior to submission. If a manuscript is not clear due to poor English, it may be rejected without undergoing peer review.

Format and date received

Each Full Article should comprise the sections as listed in this section below. In other article types, sections may be omitted or combined as appropriate.

The first page of each manuscript should contain: Title, Authors' full names, Affiliations, Key words, Running Title, and the name and full address (including telephone number, facsimile number, and e-mail address) of the corresponding author.

The date received is the day on which the editor receives the article.

Title

The title should describe the content of the article briefly but clearly and is important for search purposes by third-party services. Do not use the same main title with numbered minor titles, even for a series of papers by the same authors. Do not use abbreviations in the title, except those used generally in related fields.

Authors

Provide the full names, with initials, of the author(s).

Affiliations

Provide full names and addresses of institutions (including laboratory, department, institute and/or university, city, state and country). When authors belong to different institutions, their respective addresses should be indicated by superscript numbers. When authors have new addresses, they should be given in a footnote and should be indicated by superscript symbols (such as * and **).

Running Title

The running title should not exceed 50 characters, including spaces.

Footnotes

Footnotes, if any, should be typed in a separate sheet (the second page of the manuscript). Abbreviations should also be listed on this page.

Nomenclature, Symbols, Units, and Abbreviations

Nomenclature should conform as closely as possible to the rules established by IUPAC.

Symbols and units should conform as closely as possible to SI units. For SI units, see the Bureau International des Poids Mesures (BIPM): <http://www.bipm.org/en/si/>. Also refer to the [conversion tables](#) from non SI to SI.

Each abbreviation should be defined in parentheses together with its non-abbreviated term when it first appears in the text (except in the Title and Abstract). The preferred forms for a few of the commonly used abbreviations and units are mp, bp, s, min, h, g, mg, m, cm, nm, Hz, ppm, MOPAC, AM1, PM3, TLC, NMR, UV, and IR.

Abstract

The Abstract should clearly express the basic content of the paper in a single paragraph and should include the problem addressed, experimental approach, main results and findings, and conclusions. The abstract should be written so that readers can understand the purpose, methods and conclusions without referring to the text. When a compound, Table or Figure number is cited in the abstract, such numbers should be identical with those used in the text. Abstracts must not exceed 250 words for all article types. Avoid using specific abbreviations.

Keywords

A maximum of 7 key words should be provided. Examples are Crystal structure, Molecular orbital, Curve fitting, Multimedia, Chemical education.

Introduction

The Introduction should provide sufficient background information to allow the reader to understand the purpose of the investigation and its relationship with other research in related fields, although it should not include an extensive review of the literature.

Materials and Methods

The description of the methods should be brief, but it must include sufficient details to allow the experiments to be repeated. The sources of unusual chemicals, animals, microbial strains or equipment should be described, and the location (city, country) of the company should be provided in parentheses. If hazardous materials or dangerous procedures are used in the experiments and the precautions related to their handling are not widely recognized, it is recommended that the authors provide the necessary details.

Results and Discussion

This section includes the results of the experiments. Tables and figures, including photographs, can be used to present the experimental results (see below). Excessive explanations of the data presented in tables and figures should be avoided.

The Discussion should be concise and should deal with the interpretation of the results. Novel models or hypotheses may be proposed in this section only if they are suggested by the results obtained in the experiments. Do not repeat the description of the experimental results in this section.

Acknowledgments

This section should be brief. Authors should list all funding sources for their work in the Acknowledgements section.

Code Availability Statement

Provide a statement of the availability or the manner of distribution of each program appearing in the text is required. Include links and a DOI if possible. Reference any data or code sets within the text and in the References section.

References

The references to the literature and footnotes (except those in Tables) should be numbered in the text in one consecutive series.

The list of literature cited and footnotes should be headed by the phrase References and Notes and numbered 1, 2, 3, etc., according to the numbers used in the text. Journal names should be abbreviated as in Chemical Abstracts. The use of "ibid." and "idem" in references is not allowed.

In the References section, the journal title and the volume number (or year, if there is no volume number) should be typed in italics and bold-face, respectively. If reference is made to a paper submitted for publication or in press, authors are required to enclose a copy of the manuscript or galley proof.

Tables and Figures

Tables and Figures must have a width of 17 cm (full column) whenever possible. Table and Figure captions should use Times 9-point bold font.

Mathematical and chemical equations should be arranged to occupy a single column. Authors using computer graphics and desktop publishing software are encouraged to incorporate Formulas and Schemes in the text (one column) where they are to appear.

Number tables consecutively using Arabic numerals (Table 1, Table 2, etc.). A title should be given to each table. Explanatory material and footnotes should be typed below the table and should be designated with superscript letters, such as ^a or ^b. Units of measurement should be included with numerical values at the top of columns. Avoid detailed explanations of the experimental conditions used to obtain the data shown in tables (which should be included in other sections as relevant). Standard abbreviations should be used in Tables.

Figures should be of high enough resolution for direct reproduction for printing. Note that 'figures' includes line drawings and photographs, as well as charts. Magnifications of photographs should be indicated in the legends and/or by scales included in the photographs. Illustrations must be self-explanatory and they should be numbered consecutively with Arabic numerals (i.e., Figure 1, Figure 2, etc.). Each figure should have a short title. Figure legends should be typed together in a separate sheet(s). Figure legends should include sufficient experimental details to make the figures intelligible; however, duplicating the descriptions provided in other sections should be avoided.

Structural or displayed formulas must be accurately drawn or typed. The illustrations should be clear enough for photographic reproduction. Color illustrations are acceptable providing that their black-and-white images give sufficient information. They will be published online in color; however, they will be published only in black-and-white in print.

Supplementary material

Supplementary material may be submitted for online-only publication if it adds value for potential readers. However, it must not contain material critical to the understanding of the manuscript. The main part of the manuscript should stand alone, but it should be indicated at an appropriate point in the text that supplementary material is available online.

The availability of supplementary material should also be indicated in the manuscript by a section headed 'Supplementary material' with a brief description of these data to appear before the Acknowledgements and References. If possible, the best format to present these data is a single PDF file.

Please include the manuscript title and list of authors on the first page, and whenever possible include the figure legends. Supplementary material should be named and cited within the manuscript as Figure S1, Table S1, Video S1, etc. If images are supplied as .GIFs or .JPEGs, the minimum acceptable resolution for viewing on screen is 120 dpi.

As supplementary material is peer-reviewed, authors must submit it in its final form as part of their manuscript submission. After a manuscript has been accepted for publication, authors may not make any changes to the supplementary material.

Accepted Manuscripts

Manuscripts that are accepted for publication are copyedited and typeset by the journal's production team before publication. Articles are published continuously online. All communication regarding accepted manuscripts is with the corresponding author.

Graphical Abstract

When you upload the final manuscript files, please add a Figure to the end of main document for a "Graphical Abstract". The Graphical Abstract is a visual summary of the main findings of the article. This could either be the concluding figure from the article or a figure that is specially designed for the purpose. Please see current issues of the journal for examples.

Proofs and Copyright Form

Page proofs are sent to the corresponding author, who should check and return them within 72 hours. Only essential corrections to typesetting errors or omissions are accepted; excessive changes are not permitted at the proofing stage. Authors are also sent the JCCJIE Copyright Form (as an email attachment) which must be signed and returned along with the with the proofs.

Reprints

Order forms for reprints are sent with the proofs to the corresponding author and should be returned with the proofs. The corresponding author will be sent a PDF of the paper on publication.

Other

After proofreading, each manuscript that is accepted for publication is published as an Advance Online Publication and then in an issue prior to publication in print. All the articles appearing in JCCJIE are made available on the journal's J-STAGE website.

Contact

Member and subscription services.

Society of Computer Chemistry, Japan (in care of Conflex Corp.)
Shinagawa Center Bldg. 6F,
3-23-17, Takanawa, Minato-ku,
Tokyo 108-0074, JAPAN

Tel: +81 080-2388-0894

Email : sccjoffice@sccj.net

URL: <http://www.sccj.net>

Editorial and Production issues. Send Copyright Forms to:

Tatsuya Tachikawa (Ph. D.), JCCJ Editorial Office,
Course of Applied Chemistry, Programs in Chemistry, Graduate School of Science and
Engineering, Saitama University, 255 Shimo-Ohkubo, Sakura-ku,
Saitama, 338-8570 JAPAN
e-mail: jccjoffice@sccj.net

Updated: 1 May 2021