ORDINANCE NO. 5102


The Board of Supervisors of the County of Santa Barbara hereby ordains as follows:

SECTION 1. Emergency Findings. This urgency ordinance is adopted pursuant to California Government Code Sections 25123(d) and 25131 and shall take effect immediately upon its approval by at least a four-fifths vote of the Board of Supervisors. The Board of Supervisors finds that this ordinance is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health and safety, based upon the following declaration of facts constituting the urgency:

1. Chapter 12, Sec. 12-5(a) of the Santa Barbara County Code, empowers the County of Santa Barbara, Director of Emergency Services, to proclaim a local emergency if the Board of Supervisors is not in session; and

2. Section 8558(c) of the Government Code defines a “Local Emergency” as: “the duty proclaimed existence of conditions of disaster or of extreme peril to the safety of persons and property within the territorial limits of a county, city and county, or city, caused by such conditions as air pollution, fire, flood, storm, epidemic, riot, drought, sudden and severe energy shortage, plant or animal infestation or disease, the Governor's warning of an earthquake or volcanic prediction, or an earthquake, or other conditions, other than conditions resulting from a labor controversy, which conditions are or are likely to be beyond the control of the services, personnel, equipment, and facilities of that political subdivision and require the combined forces of other political subdivisions to combat”; and

3. A novel coronavirus, COVID-19, causes infectious disease and was first detected in Wuhan City, Hubei Province, China in December 2019. Symptoms of COVID-19 include fever, cough, and shortness of breath; outcomes have ranged from mild to severe illness, and in some cases death. The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention considers the virus to be a very serious public health threat; and

4. On March 4, 2020, Governor Newsom declared a state of emergency for conditions caused by COVID-19; and on March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared COVID-19 a global pandemic; and
5. On March 11, 2020, Governor Newsom and California Public Health state officials recommended that non-essential gatherings should be postponed or cancelled across the state at least until the end of March, in order to implement social distancing guidelines intended to protect all individuals, particularly those who are at higher risk for severe illness for COVID-19; and

6. On March 12, 2020, the Health Officer of the County of Santa Barbara determined that there is an imminent and proximate threat to public health from the introduction of COVID-19 in the County of Santa Barbara, and has proclaimed a Local Health Emergency as a result. The Board of Supervisors ratified this proclamation on March 17, 2020; and

7. On March 12, 2020, the Director of Emergency Services proclaimed a local emergency related to COVID-19 pursuant to Government Code section 8550 et. seq. and Chapter 12, Section 12-5(a) of the Santa Barbara County Code. The Board of Supervisors ratified this proclamation on March 17, 2020; and

8. On March 19, 2020, Governor Newsom issued Executive Order N-33-20 directing all California residents to “stay at home” except for essential workers and except for certain essential activities, as specified; and

9. On May 4, 2020, Governor Newsom announced the State would begin moving into “Stage 2” of his reopening plan and many retail locations were authorized to reopen for “curbside pickup” only on May 8, 2020; and

10. On May 7, 2020, the Governor outlined the criteria for certain counties to expedite their reopening – which the County of Santa Barbara does not meet and will not be able to move more quickly through the reopening process; and

11. The COVID-19 pandemic and associated public health orders has resulted in the closure of many local businesses and over 37,000 County residents losing their jobs, and will result in extreme restrictions on other local businesses and loss of income for an unknown period of time; and

12. The COVID-19 pandemic and associated public health orders are expected to result in a severe loss of income to a widespread portion of the local population that depend on wages or business income to pay rent and result in substantial medical expenses for certain County residents; and

13. The County of Santa Barbara is already experiencing a humanitarian crisis of homelessness and is one of the least affordable communities in the world; and

14. The County of Santa Barbara is also experiencing a housing affordability crisis, which is driving homelessness and displacement of residents; and

15. On March 16, 2020, Governor Newsom issued Executive Order N-28-20 stating that local jurisdictions may “determine that additional measures to promote housing security and stability are necessary to protect public health or to mitigate the economic impacts of COVID-19”; and

16. Executive Order N-28-20 suspended “[a]ny provision of state law that would preempt or otherwise restrict a local government’s exercise of its police power to impose substantive limitations on residential or commercial evictions” subject to certain limitations; and Executive Order N-28-20 authorizes local jurisdictions to suspend the evictions of tenants for the non-payment of rent if the non-payment is a result of the COVID-19 pandemic; and
17. Executive Order N-28-20 requested that all public housing authorities “extend deadlines for housing assistance recipients or applicants to deliver records or documents related to their eligibility for programs, to the extent that those deadlines are within the discretion of the housing authority”; and

18. Executive Order N-28-20 requested that “[f]inancial institutions holding home or commercial mortgages, including banks, credit unions, government-sponsored enterprises, and institutional investors implement an immediate moratorium on foreclosures and related evictions when the foreclosure or foreclosure-related eviction arises out of a substantial decrease in household or business income, or substantial out-of-pocket medical expenses, which were caused by the COVID-19 pandemic, or by any local, state, or federal government response to COVID-19.”

19. The Board has determined that it is appropriate to temporarily prohibit and suspend evictions and reiterate the Governor’s requests to public housing authorities and financial institutions through May 31, 2020, 2020, or until the Governor’s new extension date if Governor Newsom extends Executive Order N-28-20, for any tenant (residential or commercial) who can demonstrate that they are being evicted for the failure to pay rent, and that such failure is a direct impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. This urgency ordinance does not relieve a tenant’s obligation to pay rent or restrict a landlord’s ability to recover rent due, and respects the discretion of public housing authorities and financial institutions to act in the public’s best interest; and

20. On March 25, 2020, the Governor announced a major agreement from financial institutions to offer mortgage payment forbearances of up to 90 days to borrowers economically impacted by COVID-19; and

21. On March 27, 2020, the Governor issued Executive Order N-37-20 that established a statewide moratorium on evictions until May 31, 2020; and

22. On April 6, 2020, the Judicial Council of California adopted an emergency court rule that effectively stops all evictions, other than those necessary to protect public health and safety, until 90 days after the Governor lifts the state of emergency related to the COVID-19 pandemic, or until it is amended or repealed by the Judicial Council; and

23. For the immediate preservation of the public peace, health or safety, these conditions warrant and necessitate that the County adopt this urgency ordinance to protect the health, safety, and welfare of tenants in the unincorporated area of Santa Barbara County, until the Governor’s extension date if Governor Newsom extends Executive Order N-28-20. Despite the Judicial Council of California emergency rule, this ordinance is necessary so that the Board of Supervisors, in accordance with the Governor’s Executive Orders, may continue to preserve the health and safety of residents, rather than relying on a temporary order of the court.

SECTION 2. Chapter 44 of the Santa Barbara County Code is hereby amended to read as follows:

TEMPORARY PROHIBITION ON EVICTIONS ARISING FROM SUBSTANTIAL INCOME LOSS OR MEDICAL EXPENSES RELATED TO THE CORONAVIRUS PANDEMIC

Sections:

44-5 Purpose.
44-6 Definitions.
44-7 Temporary prohibition on evictions stemming from coronavirus pandemic losses.
44-8 Severability.
44-9 Publication.
44-10 Effective date.
44-11 California Environmental Quality Act.

Section 44-5 Purpose.

This chapter prohibits evictions through May 31, 2020, and until the Governor’s new extension date if Governor Newsom extends Executive Order N-28-20, for any tenant who can demonstrate that they have received a notice of eviction for failure to pay rent, and that such failure is related to a substantial loss of income or substantial out-of-pocket medical expenses resulting from the 2020 novel coronavirus pandemic or any local, state, or federal government response to the pandemic. This urgency ordinance does not relieve a tenant’s obligation to pay rent or restrict a landlord’s ability to recover rent due.

Section 44-6 Definitions.

The following words and phrases, whenever used in this chapter, shall be construed as defined in this section.

(A) “Commercial real property” means any real property that is used for business or income producing purposes.

(B) “Owner” means any person, acting as principal or through an agent, providing residential or commercial real property for rent, and includes a predecessor in interest to the owner.

(C) “Residential real property” means any dwelling or unit that is intended or used for human habitation.

(D) “Tenancy” means the lawful occupation of residential or commercial real property and includes a lease or sublease.

(E) “Tenant” means a person or entity lawfully occupying residential or commercial real property and includes a lease or sublease.

Section 44-7 Temporary prohibition on evictions stemming from coronavirus pandemic losses.

(A) Through May 31, 2020, and until the Governor’s new extension date if Governor Newsom extends Executive Order N-28-20, the owner of residential or commercial real property shall not terminate a tenancy for failure to pay rent if the tenant demonstrates that the failure to pay rent is directly related to a substantial loss of income or substantial out-of-pocket medical expenses associated with the coronavirus pandemic or any local, state, or federal government response to the pandemic.

(B) In order for this section to apply, a tenant must provide written notice to the owner and demonstrate through documentation or other objectively verifiable means:

1. Substantial loss of income from (a) job loss; (b) layoffs; (c) a reduction in the number of compensable hours of work; (d) a store, restaurant, office, or business closure; (e) a
substantial decrease in business income caused by a reduction in opening hours or consumer
demand; (f) the need to miss work to care for a home-bound school-age child or a family
member infected with coronavirus; or (g) other similarly-caused loss of income that resulted
from the pandemic; or

(2) substantial out-of-pocket medical expenses related to the pandemic.

(C) This prohibition shall also apply to an owner's action that constitutes constructive eviction under
California law. An owner's failure to comply with this ordinance shall render any notice of
termination of tenancy void. This section may be asserted as an affirmative defense in an unlawful
detainer action. Terminations that are required to comply with an order issued by a government
agency or court requiring that the real property be vacated are excepted from this prohibition. An
owner's failure to comply with this ordinance does not constitute a criminal offense but will subject
an owner to civil fines and penalties as set forth in this Code.

(D) Nothing in this ordinance shall relieve a tenant of the obligation to pay rent, nor restrict a
landlord's ability to recover rent due.

(E) This ordinance shall be liberally construed to provide the broadest possible protection for tenants
in the unincorporated area of the County.

Section 44-8 Severability. If any provision of this urgency ordinance or application thereof to any
person or circumstance is held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect the other provisions of this
urgency ordinance which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application. To this end,
the provisions of this urgency ordinance are severable. The Board of Supervisors hereby declares that
it would have adopted this urgency ordinance irrespective of the invalidity of any particular portion
thereof.

Section 44-9 Publication. Before the expiration of 15 days after passage of this urgency ordinance, a
summary of it shall be published once together with the names of the members of the Board of
Supervisors voting for and against the same in the Santa Barbara News-Press, a newspaper of general
circulation published in the County of Santa Barbara in compliance with Government Code Section
25124.

Section 44-10 Effective Date. This urgency ordinance, section 44-5 through 44-11, shall take effect
and be in full force immediately upon adoption by at least a four-fifths vote of the Board of
Supervisors pursuant to Government Code Section 25123 and shall remain in effect and operative
through May 31, 2020, 2020, and until the Governor's new extension date if Governor Newson
extends Executive Order N-28-20. County Code section 44-4 shall not apply to section 44-5 through
44-11.

Section 44-11 California Environmental Quality Act. This ordinance is not subject to the
California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) pursuant to CEQA Guidelines Section 15269(c)
(specific action to mitigate an emergency), Section 15061(b)(3) (no possibility the activity may have
a significant effect on the environment), and Section 15378(b)(5) (the administrative activity is not a
project because it will not result in any direct or indirect physical changes in the environment.)
PASSED, APPROVED AND ADOPTED by the Board of Supervisors of the County of Santa Barbara, State of California, this the 19th of May, 2020, by the following vote:

AYES: Supervisors Williams, Hart, Hartmann, and Lavagnino

NOES: Supervisor Adam

ABSTAIN: NONE

ABSENT: NONE

GREGG HART, CHAIR
BOARD OF SUPERVISORS
COUNTY OF SANTA BARBARA

ATTEST: MONA MIYASATO, COUNTY EXECUTIVE OFFICER
CLERK OF THE BOARD

By Sheila de la Guerra
Deputy Clerk

APPROVED AS TO FORM:
MICHAEL C. GHIZZONI
COUNTY COUNSEL

By Rachel San Millan
Deputy County Counsel