1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Material Name: Tofacitinib Film-Coated Tablets

Trade Name: Not established
Compound Number: CP-690,550-10
Chemical Family: Janus kinase 3 (JAK3) inhibitor
Intended Use: Pharmaceutical product

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Appearance: White or blue tablets
Signal Word: DANGER

Statement of Hazard: May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility.

Additional Hazard Information:
- Short Term: Active ingredient may be harmful if swallowed.
- Long Term: Repeat-dose studies in animals have shown a potential to cause adverse effects on lymphatic system, blood and blood forming organs

Known Clinical Effects: Based on clinical trials in humans, possible adverse effects following exposure to this compound may include: nausea, headache, immune-mediated disorders, and hematological effects

EU Classification
- EU Indication of danger: Toxic to Reproduction: Category 2
- Toxic to Reproduction: Category 3

EU Hazard Symbols:

EU Risk Phrases:
- R61 - May cause harm to the unborn child.
- R62 - Possible risk of impaired fertility.
2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION


Note: This document has been prepared in accordance with standards for workplace safety, which require the inclusion of all known hazards of the active substance or its intermediates regardless of the potential risk. The precautionary statements and warnings included may not apply in all cases. Your needs may vary depending upon the potential for exposure in your workplace.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient</th>
<th>CAS Number</th>
<th>EU EINECS/ELINCS List</th>
<th>EU Classification</th>
<th>%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Tofacitinib (CP-690,550-10)</td>
<td>540737-29-9</td>
<td>Not Listed</td>
<td>Xn;R22 Repr.Cat2;R61 Repr.Cat.3;R62</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Microcrystalline cellulose</td>
<td>9004-34-6</td>
<td>232-674-9</td>
<td>Not Listed</td>
<td>*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Magnesium stearate</td>
<td>557-04-0</td>
<td>209-150-3</td>
<td>Not Listed</td>
<td>*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Opadry II white</td>
<td>NOT ASSIGNED</td>
<td>Not Listed</td>
<td>Not Listed</td>
<td>*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Opadry II Blue</td>
<td>Not Asssigned</td>
<td>Not Listed</td>
<td>Not Listed</td>
<td>*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lactose Monohydrate</td>
<td>64044-51-5</td>
<td>Not Listed</td>
<td>Not Listed</td>
<td>*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Croscarmellose sodium</td>
<td>74811-65-7</td>
<td>Not Listed</td>
<td>Not Listed</td>
<td>*</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Additional Information: Ingredient(s) indicated as hazardous have been assessed under standards for workplace safety.

For the full text of the R phrases mentioned in this Section, see Section 16

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye Contact: Flush with water while holding eyelids open for at least 15 minutes. Seek medical attention immediately.

Skin Contact: Remove contaminated clothing. Flush area with large amounts of water. Use soap. Seek medical attention.

Ingestion: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed by medical personnel. Seek medical attention immediately.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air and keep patient at rest. Seek medical attention immediately.

Symptoms and Effects of Exposure: For information on potential signs and symptoms of exposure, See Section 2 - Hazards Identification and/or Section 11 - Toxicological Information.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media: Use carbon dioxide, dry chemical, or water spray.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Formation of toxic gases is possible during heating or fire. May include oxides of carbon nitrogen.
Fire Fighting Procedures: During all fire fighting activities, wear appropriate protective equipment, including self-contained breathing apparatus.

Fire / Explosion Hazards: Fine particles (such as dust and mists) may fuel fires/explosions.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Health and Safety Precautions: Personnel involved in clean-up should wear appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Minimize exposure.

Measures for Cleaning / Collecting: Contain the source of spill if it is safe to do so. Collect spilled material by a method that controls dust generation. A damp cloth or a filtered vacuum should be used to clean spills of dry solids. Clean spill area thoroughly.

Measures for Environmental Protections: Place waste in an appropriately labeled, sealed container for disposal. Care should be taken to avoid environmental release.

Additional Consideration for Large Spills: Non-essential personnel should be evacuated from affected area. Report emergency situations immediately. Clean up operations should only be undertaken by trained personnel.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

General Handling: Minimize dust generation and accumulation. If tablets or capsules are crushed and/or broken, avoid breathing dust and avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. When handling, use appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Wash hands and any exposed skin after removal of PPE. Releases to the environment should be avoided. Review and implement appropriate technical and procedural waste water and waste disposal measures to prevent occupational exposure or environmental releases. Potential points of process emissions of this material to the atmosphere should be controlled with dust collectors, HEPA filtration systems or other equivalent controls.

Storage Conditions: Store as directed by product packaging.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Refer to available public information for specific member state Occupational Exposure Limits.

Tofacitinib (CP-690,550-10)
  Pfizer OEL TWA-8 Hr: 15 ug/m³

Microcrystalline cellulose
  ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TWA)  10 mg/m³
  Australia TWA  10 mg/m³
  Belgium OEL - TWA  10 mg/m³
  Estonia OEL - TWA  10 mg/m³
  France OEL - TWA  10 mg/m³
  Ireland OEL - TWAs  4 mg/m³
  Latvia OEL - TWA  2 mg/m³
  OSHA - Final PELS - TWAs:  15 mg/m³
  Portugal OEL - TWA  10 mg/m³
  Spain OEL - TWA  10 mg/m³

Magnesium stearate
  ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TWA)  10 mg/m³
8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering Controls:
Engineering controls should be used as the primary means to control exposures. General room ventilation is adequate unless the process generates dust, mist or fumes. Keep airborne contamination levels below the exposure limits listed above in this section.

Environmental Exposure Controls:
Refer to specific Member State legislation for requirements under Community environmental legislation.

Personal Protective Equipment:
Refer to applicable national standards and regulations in the selection and use of personal protective equipment (PPE).

- Hands:
  Impervious gloves are recommended if skin contact with drug product is possible and for bulk processing operations.

- Eyes:
  Wear safety glasses or goggles if eye contact is possible.

- Skin:
  Impervious protective clothing is recommended if skin contact with drug product is possible and for bulk processing operations.

- Respiratory protection:
  If the applicable Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) is exceeded, wear an appropriate respirator with a protection factor sufficient to control exposures to below the OEL.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

- Physical State: Tablets
- Color: White or Blue
- Molecular Formula: Mixture
- Molecular Weight: Mixture

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

- Chemical Stability: Stable under normal conditions of use.
- Conditions to Avoid:
  Fine particles (such as dust and mists) may fuel fires/explosions.
- Incompatible Materials:
  As a precautionary measure, keep away from strong oxidizers

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

- General Information:
  The information included in this section describes the potential hazards of the individual ingredients.

Acute Toxicity: (Species, Route, End Point, Dose)

- Tofacitinib (CP-690,550-10)
  - Rat Oral Minimum Lethal Dose 500 mg/kg
  - Non-human Primate Oral Maximum Asymptomatic Dose 40 mg/kg

- Lactose Monohydrate
  - Rat Oral LD50 29700 mg/kg

- Magnesium stearate
  - Rat Oral LD50 > 2000 mg/kg
  - Rat Inhalation LC50 > 2000 mg/m³
11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Microcrystalline cellulose
- Rat Oral LD50 > 5000 mg/kg
- Rabbit Dermal LD50 > 2000 mg/kg

Acute Toxicity Comments: A greater than symbol (>) indicates that the toxicity endpoint being tested was not achievable at the highest dose used in the test.

Irritation / Sensitization: (Study Type, Species, Severity)

Tofacitinib (CP-690,550-10)
- Skin Sensitization - LLNA Mouse Negative
- Eye Irritation Rabbit Non-irritating
- Skin Irritation Rabbit Non-irritating

Microcrystalline cellulose
- Skin Irritation Rabbit Non-irritating
- Eye Irritation Rabbit Non-irritating

Repeated Dose Toxicity: (Duration, Species, Route, Dose, End Point, Target Organ)

Tofacitinib (CP-690,550-10)
- 6 Week(s) Rat Oral 1 mg/kg/day NOAEL Erythroid cells, Lymphatic system
- 1 Month(s) Monkey Oral 10 mg/kg/day NOAEL Lymphatic system, Immune system, Erythroid cells
- 39 Week(s) Monkey Oral 10 mg/kg/day NOAEL Bone Marrow, Erythroid cells, Lymphatic system
- 6 Month(s) Rat Oral 1 mg/kg/day NOAEL Lymphatic system, Erythroid cells
- 39 Week(s) Monkey Oral 2 mg/kg/day NOAEL Blood, Blood forming organs, Spleen, Thymus

Reproduction & Development Toxicity: (Duration, Species, Route, Dose, End Point, Effect(s))

Tofacitinib (CP-690,550-10)
- Embryo / Fetal Development Rat Oral 30 mg/kg/day NOAEL Fetotoxicity
- Embryo / Fetal Development Rabbit Oral 100 mg/kg/day NOAEL
- Embryo / Fetal Development Rabbit Oral 10 mg/kg/day NOAEL Developmental toxicity
- Fertility & Embryonic Development (Male/Female) Rat Oral 10 mg/kg/day NOAEL Maternal Toxicity
- Fertility & Embryonic Development-Females Rat Oral 1.0 mg/kg/day NOAEL Fertility

Genetic Toxicity: (Study Type, Cell Type/Organism, Result)

Tofacitinib (CP-690,550-10)
- In Vitro Bacterial Mutagenicity (Ames) Salmonella, E. coli Negative
- In Vitro Cytogenetics Human Lymphocytes Positive with activation
- Mammalian Cell Mutagenicity Chinese Hamster Ovary (CHO) cells Negative
- In Vivo Micronucleus Rat Bone Marrow Negative
- In Vivo Unscheduled DNA Synthesis Rat Hepatocyte Negative

Lactose Monohydrate
- In Vitro Bacterial Mutagenicity (Ames) Negative

Carcinogenicity: (Duration, Species, Route, Dose, End Point, Effect(s))

Tofacitinib (CP-690,550-10)
- 2 Year(s) Rat Female Oral 10 mg/kg/day NOAEL Benign tumors
- 2 Year(s) Rat Male Oral 10 mg/kg/day LOAEL Benign tumors
- 6 Month(s) Mouse Oral 200 mg/kg/day NOEL Not carcinogenic
11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Carcinogen Status: None of the components of this formulation are listed as a carcinogen by IARC, NTP or OSHA.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Environmental Overview: Environmental properties have not been thoroughly investigated. Releases to the environment should be avoided.

Mobility, Persistence and Degradability: Not readily biodegradable (0% after 7 days).

Bioaccumulation and Toxicity: See Below

Aquatic Toxicity: (Species, Method, End Point, Duration, Result)

Tofacitinib (CP-690,550-10)
Activated sludge OECD EC50 3 Hours 592.9 mg/L

Mysidopsis bahia (Mysid Shrimp) OECD LC50 96 Hours > 1.0 mg/L
Cyprinodon variegatus (Sheepshead Minnow) OECD LC50 96 Hours > 1.0 mg/L

Aquatic Toxicity Comments: A greater than (> ) symbol indicates that acute ecotoxicity was not observed at the maximum solubility. Since the substance is insoluble in aqueous solutions above this concentration, an acute ecotoxicity value (i.e. LC/EC50) is not achievable.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Treatment Methods: Dispose of waste in accordance with all applicable laws and regulations. Member State specific and Community specific provisions must be considered. Considering the relevant known environmental and human health hazards of the material, review and implement appropriate technical and procedural waste water and waste disposal measures to prevent occupational exposure and environmental release. It is recommended that waste minimization be practiced. The best available technology should be utilized to prevent environmental releases. This may include destructive techniques for waste and wastewater.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The following refers to all modes of transportation unless specified below.

Not regulated for transport under USDOT, EUADR, IATA, or IMDG regulations.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EU Symbol: T
EU Indication of danger: Toxic to Reproduction: Category 2
Toxic to Reproduction: Category 3
EU Risk Phrases: R61 - May cause harm to the unborn child.
R62 - Possible risk of impaired fertility.

EU Safety Phrases:

PZ01704
15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

- S22 - Do not breathe dust.
- S36/37/39 - Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection.
- S53 - Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

OSHA Label:
DANGER
May damage the unborn child.
Suspected of damaging fertility.

Canada - WHMIS: Classifications

WHMIS hazard class:
D2a very toxic materials

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Text of R phrases and GHS Classification abbreviations mentioned in Section 3

- R22 - Harmful if swallowed.
- R61 - May cause harm to the unborn child.
- R62 - Possible risk of impaired fertility.

Data Sources:
Pfizer proprietary drug development information. Safety data sheets for individual ingredients.

Prepared by:
Product Stewardship Hazard Communication
Pfizer Global Environment, Health, and Safety Operations
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End of Safety Data Sheet