General tenancy agreement (Form 18a)

Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008



Part	1 Tenancy details							
Itelli	1.1 Lessor							
1	Name/trading name CARTWRIC	GHT PROPERTY GROUP ON	BEHALF OF THE LESSOR					
	Address							
	C/O 165 Long Street East, Graceville QLD							
				Postcode 4075				
	1.2 Phone	Mobile	Email					
	07 3373 5800		info@cartwrightpg.com.au					
ICCITI	2.1 Tenant/s							
2	Tenant 1 Full name/s							
	Phone	Email						
	Tenant 2 Full name/s							
	Phone	Email						
	Tenant 3 Full name/s							
	Phone	Email	Email					
	2.2 Address for service (if different from address of the premises in item 5.1) Attach a separate list							
Item 3	3.1 Agent If applicable. See clause 43							
	Full name/trading name							
	Address							
	165 Long Street East							
	GRACEVILLE		QLD	Postcode 4075				
	3.2 Phone	Mobile	Email	•				
	07 3373 5800		info@cartwrightpg.com.au					
Item	Notices may be given to							
4	(Indicate if the email is different from	item 1, 2 or 3 above)						
	4.1 Lessor							
	Email Yes 🗸 No		Facsimile Yes 🗸 No					
	4.2 Tenant/s							
	Email Yes No		Facsimile Yes 🗹 No					
	4.3 Agent Email Yes ✓ No □		Facsimile Yes 🗸 No					
Item	5.1 Address of the rental premise	<u></u>						
5	8/38 Baronsfield Street							
	Graceville QLD			Postcode 4075				
	5.2 Inclusions provided. For example, furniture or other household goods let with the premises. Attach list if necessary							
	SEE ENTRY CONDITION REPORT							
6	6.1 The term of the agreement is fixed term agreement periodic agreement							
	6.2 Starting on / /	6.3 Ending on	1 1	<u> </u>				
		Fixed term agreements o	inly. icy agreement, see clause 6					

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Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008



Item 7	Rent \$ 460.0	0	pe	er 🗸 week	for	tnight	mo	onth See claus	e 8(1)		
Item	Rent must be pa	aid on the	DUE DAT	Ē		day	of each	FORTNIGH	Γ		7
8		I	nsert day. See	e clause 8(2)				Insert week, fortnig	ght or month		⊒
Item	Method of rent p	ayment Insert	the way the re	nt must be paid. See c	lause 8(3)						
9	DEFT, BPAY wi	th DEFT refere	ence								
	Details for direct	credit				_					
	BSB no. N/A		E	Bank/building soc	ciety/credit	t union	N/A				
	Account no.	I/A			Accoun	nt name	N/A				
	Payment referen	ce									
Item	Place of rent pay	ment Insert whe	ere the rent m	ust be paid. See clause	e 8(4) to 8(6)						
10	DEFT Payment										
Item 11	Rental bond amo	ount \$ 1,8	340.00	See claus	se 13	•					
Item	12.1 The service	es supplied to	the premi	ses for which the	e tenant m	nust pay S	See clause 1	6			
12	Electricity <a>Image: Image: I	Yes 1	No	Any other s	service tha	t a tenant	must pa	y Yes	No		
	Gas ✓		No	Туре					See spec	cial terms (page 8)	
	Phone		No •								
	12.2 Is the tena ✓ Yes	nt to pay for v No	vater supp	lied to the premis	ses See cla	use I /					
Item 13	If the premises service for which	is not indivic ch the tenant	dually met must pay	tered for a servi /- For example, insert	ice under the percenta	item 12. ge of the tota	1, the ap	oportionment e tenant must pay. S	of the co	ost of the	
	Electricity N/	A			r service s		em 12.1	N/A			
	Gas N/	Α		See special	terms (page 8	8)					
	Phone N/A	A									
Item	How services mu	ust be paid for	Insert for ea	ch how the tenant mu	st pay. See cl	ause 16(d)					
14	Electricity N/	A									
	Gas N/	A									
	Phone N/A	A									
	Any other service See special terms (page	e stated in item	12.1								
Item 15	Number of persons allowed to reside at the premises See clause 23										
Item	tem 16.1 Are there any body corporate by-laws applicable to the occupation of the premises by a tenant? Yes No										
		16.2 Has the tenant been given a copy of the relevant by-laws See clause 22 ✓ Yes No							No		
Item	17.1 Pets appro	ved	Yes	✓ No Se	e clause 24(1)					
17.1 Tets approved See clause 24(1) 17.2 The types and number of pets that may be kept See clause 24(2)											
	Type		<u> </u>	Num		Туре				١	Number
Item	Nominated repai	irers Insert nam	e and telepho	ne number for each. Se	ee clause 31	<u>.</u>					
18	Electrical repairs			PERTY GROUP					Phone	07 3373 5800	
	Plumbing repairs	CARTWRIC	GHT PROF	PERTY GROUP					Phone	07 3373 5800	
	Other	CARTWRIC	SHT PROF	PERTY GROUP					Phone	07 3373 5800	



Part 2 Standard Terms Division 1 Preliminary

1 Interpretation

In this agreement -

- (a) a reference to *the premises* includes a reference to any inclusions for the premises stated in this agreement for item 5.2; and
- (b) a reference to a numbered section is a reference to the section in the Act with that number; and
- (c) a reference to a numbered item is a reference to the item with that number in part 1; and
- (d) a reference to a numbered clause is a reference to the clause of this agreement with that number.

2 Terms of a general tenancy agreement

- (1) This part states, under the *Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008* (the Act), section 55, the standard terms of a general tenancy agreement.
- (2) The Act also imposes duties on, and gives entitlements to, the lessor and tenant that are taken to be included as terms of this agreement.
- (3) The lessor and tenant may agree on other terms of this agreement (special terms).
- (4) A duty or entitlement under the Act overrides a standard term or special term if the term is inconsistent with the duty or entitlement.
- (5) A standard term overrides a special term if they are inconsistent. Note - Some breaches of this agreement may also be an offence under the Act, for example, if -
 - the lessor or the lessor's agent enters the premises in contravention of the rules of entry under sections 192 to 199; or
 - the tenant does not sign and return the condition report to the lessor or the lessor's agent under section 65.

3 More than 1 lessor or tenant

- (1) This clause applies if more than 1 person is named in this agreement for item 1 or 2.
- (2) Each lessor named in this agreement for item 1 must perform all of the lessor's obligations under this agreement.
- (3) Each tenant named in this agreement for item 2 -
 - (a) holds their interest in the tenancy as a tenant in common unless a special term states the tenants are joint tenants; and
 - (b) must perform all the tenant's obligations under this agreement.

Division 2 Period of tenancy

4 Start of tenancy

- (1) The tenancy starts on the day stated in this agreement for item 6.2.
- (2) However, if no day is stated or if the stated day is before the signing of this agreement, the tenancy starts when the tenant is or was given a right to occupy the premises.

5 Entry condition report - s 65

- (1) The lessor must prepare, in the approved form, sign and give the tenant 1 copy of a condition report for the premises.
- (2) The copy must be given to the tenant on or before the day the tenant occupies the premises under this agreement.
- (3) The tenant must mark the copy of the report to show any parts the tenant disagrees with, and sign and return the copy to the lessor not later than 3 days after the later of the following days -
 - (a) the day the tenant is entitled to occupy the premises;
 - (b) the day the tenant is given the copy of the condition report. *Note* A well completed condition report can be very important to help the parties if there is a dispute about the condition of the premises when the tenancy started. For more information about condition reports, see the information statement.
- (4) After the copy of the condition report is returned to the lessor by the tenant, the lessor must copy the condition report and return it to the tenant within 14 days.

6 Continuation of fixed term agreement - s 70

- (1) This clause applies if -
 - (a) this agreement is a fixed term agreement; and
 - (b) none of the following notices are given, or agreements or applications made before the day the term ends (the end day) -
 - (i) a notice to leave;
 - (ii) a notice of intention to leave;
 - (iii) an abandonment termination notice;
 - (iv) a notice, agreement or application relating to the death of a sole tenant under section 277(7);
 - (v) a written agreement between the lessor and tenant to end the agreement.
- (2) This agreement, other than a term about this agreement's term, continues to apply after the end day on the basis that the tenant is holding over under a periodic agreement.

Note - For more information about the notices, see the information statement.

7 Costs apply to early ending of fixed term agreement

- (1) This clause applies if -
 - (a) this agreement is a fixed term agreement; and
 - (b) the tenant terminates it before the term ends in a way not permitted under the Act.
- (2) The tenant must pay the reasonable costs incurred by the lessor in reletting the premises.

Note - For when the tenant may terminate early under the Act, see clause 36 and the information statement. Under section 362, the lessor has a general duty to mitigate (avoid or reduce) the costs.

Division 3 Rent

8 When, how and where rent must be paid - ss 83 and 85

- (1) The tenant must pay the rent stated in this agreement for item 7.
- (2) The rent must be paid at the times stated in this agreement for item 8.
- (3) The rent must be paid -
 - (a) in the way stated in this agreement for item 9; or
 - (b) in the way agreed after the signing of this agreement by -
 - (i) the lessor or tenant giving the other party a notice proposing the way; and
 - (ii) the other party agreeing to the proposal in writing; or
 - (c) if there is no way stated in this agreement for item 9 or no way agreed after the signing of this agreement - in an approved way under section 83(4).

Note - If the way rent is to be paid is another way agreed on by the lessor and tenant under section 83(4)(g), the lessor or the lessor's agent must comply with the obligations under section 84(2).

- (4) The rent must be paid at the place stated in this agreement for item 10.
- (5) However, if, after the signing of this agreement, the lessor gives a notice to the tenant stating a different place for payment and the place is reasonable, the rent must be paid at the place while the notice is in force.
- (6) If no place is stated in this agreement for item 10 and there is no notice stating a place, the rent must be paid at an appropriate place.

Examples of an appropriate place -

- the lessor's address for service
- the lessor's agent's office

9 Rent in advance - s 87

The lessor may require the tenant to pay rent in advance only if the payment is not more than -

- (a) for a periodic agreement 2 weeks rent; or
- (b) for a fixed term agreement 1 month rent.

Note - Under section 87(2), the lessor or the lessor's agent must not require a payment of rent under this agreement in a period for which rent has already been paid.



10 Rent increases - ss 91 and 93

- (1) If the lessor proposes to increase the rent, the lessor must give notice of the proposal to the tenant.
- (2) The notice must state the amount of the increased rent and the day from when it is payable.
- (3) The day stated must not be earlier than the later of the following -
 - (a) 2 months after the notice is given;
 - (b) 6 months after the day the existing rent became payable by the tenant.
- (4) Subject to an order of a tribunal, the increased rent is payable from the day stated in the notice, and this agreement is taken to be amended accordingly.
- (5) However, if this agreement is a fixed term agreement, the rent may be increased before the term ends only if a special term -
 - (a) provides for a rent increase; and
 - (b) states the amount of the increase or how the amount of the increase is to be worked out.
- (6) A rent increase is payable by the tenant only if the rent is increased under this clause.

11 Application to tribunal about excessive increase - s 92

- If a notice of proposed rent increase is given and the tenant considers the increase is excessive, the tenant may apply to a tribunal for an order setting aside or reducing the increase.
- (2) However, the application must be made -
 - (a) within 30 days after the notice is received; and
 - (b) for a fixed term agreement before the term ends.

12 Rent decreases - s 94

Under section 94, the rent may decrease in certain situations. *Note* - For details of the situations, see the information statement.

Division 4 Rental bond

13 Rental bond required - ss 111 and 116

- If a rental bond is stated in this agreement for item 11, the tenant must pay to the lessor or the lessor's agent the rental bond amount -
 - (a) if a special term requires the bond to be paid at a stated time - at the stated time; or
 - (b) if a special term requires the bond to be paid by instalments - by instalments; or
 - (c) otherwise when the tenant signs this agreement.
 - Note There is a maximum bond that may be required. See section 146 and the information statement.
- (2) The lessor or the lessor's agent must, within 10 days of receiving the bond or a part of the bond, pay it to the authority and give the authority a notice, in the approved form, about the bond.
- (3) The bond is intended to be available to financially protect the lessor if the tenant breaches this agreement.

Example - The lessor may claim against the bond if the tenant does not leave the premises in the required condition at the end of the tenancy.

Note - For how to apply to the authority or a tribunal for the bond at the end of the tenancy, see the information statement and sections 125 to 141. Delay in applying may mean that payment is made on another application for payment.

14 Increase in bond - s 154

- (1) The tenant must increase the rental bond if -
 - (a) the rent increases and the lessor gives notice to the tenant to increase the bond; and
 - (b) the notice is given at least 11 months after -
 - (i) this agreement started; or
 - (ii) if the bond has been increased previously by a notice given under this clause the day stated in the notice, or the last notice, for making the increase.

- (2) The notice must state the increased amount and the day by which the increase must be made.
- (3) For subclause (2), the day must be at least 1 month after the tenant is given the notice.

Division 5 Outgoings

15 Outgoings - s 163

- (1) The lessor must pay all charges, levies, premiums, rates or taxes for the premises, other than a service charge.

 Examples
 - body corporate levies, council general rates, sewerage charges, environment levies, land tax
- (2) This clause does not apply if -
 - (a) the lessor is the State; and
 - (b) rent is not payable under the agreement; and
 - (c) the tenant is an entity receiving financial or other assistance from the State to supply rented accommodation to persons.

16 General service charges - ss 164 and 165

The tenant must pay a service charge, other than a water service charge, for a service supplied to the premises during the tenancy if -

- (a) the tenant enjoys or shares the benefit of the service; and
- (b) the service is stated in this agreement for item 12.1; and
- (c) either -
 - (i) the premises are individually metered for the service; or
 - (ii) this agreement states for item 13 how the tenant's apportionment of the cost of the service is to be worked out; and
- (d) this agreement states for item 14 how the tenant must pay for the service.

Note - Section 165(3) limits the amount the tenant must pay.

17 Water service charges - ss 164 and 166W

- (1) The tenant must pay an amount for the water consumption charges for the premises if -
 - (a) the tenant is enjoying or sharing the benefit of a water service to the premises; and
 - (b) the premises are individually metered for the supply of water or water is supplied to the premises by delivery by means of a vehicle; and
 - (c) this agreement states for item 12.2 that the tenant must pay for water supplied to the premises.

 $\it Note$ - A water consumption charge does not include the amount of a water service charge that is a fixed charge for the water service.

- (2) However, the tenant does not have to pay an amount -
 - (a) that is more than the amount of the water consumption charges payable to the relevant water supplier; or
 - (b) that is a fixed charge for the water service to the premises.
- (3) Also, the tenant does not have to pay an amount for a reasonable quantity of water supplied to the premises for a period if, during the period, the premises are not water efficient for section 166.
 - Note For details about water efficiency, see the information statement.
- (4) In deciding what is a reasonable quantity of water for subclause (3), regard must be had to the matters mentioned in section 169(4)(a) to (e).
- (5) The tenant must pay the amount of the charge to the lessor within 1 month of the lessor giving the tenant copies of relevant documents about the incurring of the amount.
- (6) In this clause -

water consumption charge for premises, means the variable part of a water service charge assessed on the volume of water supplied to the premises.

Note - If there is a dispute about how much water (or any other service charge) the tenant should pay, the lessor or the tenant may attempt to resolve the dispute by conciliation. See the information statement for details.

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Division 6 Rights and obligations concerning the premises during tenancy Subdivision 1 Occupation and use of premises

18 No legal impediments to occupation - s 181

The lessor must ensure there is no legal impediment to occupation of the premises by the tenant as a residence for the term of the tenancy if, when entering into this agreement, the lessor knew about the impediment or ought reasonably to have known about it.

Examples of possible legal impediments -

- if there is a mortgage over the premises, the lessor might need to obtain approval from the mortgagee before the tenancy can start
- a certificate might be required under the *Building Act 1975* before the premises can lawfully be occupied
- the zoning of the land might prevent use of a building on the land as a residence

19 Vacant possession and quiet enjoyment - ss 182 and 183

- (1) The lessor must ensure the tenant has vacant possession of the premises (other than a part of the premises that the tenant does not have a right to occupy exclusively) on the day the tenant is entitled to occupy the premises under this agreement.
 - *Editor's note* Parts of the premises where the tenant does not have a right to occupy exclusively may be identified in a special term.
- (2) The lessor must take reasonable steps to ensure the tenant has quiet enjoyment of the premises.
- (3) The lessor or the lessor's agent must not interfere with the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of the tenant in using the premises.

20 Lessor's right to enter the premises - ss 192-199

The lessor or the lessor's agent may enter the premises during the tenancy only if the obligations under sections 192 to 199 have been complied with.

Note - See the information statement for details.

21 Tenant's use of premises - ss 10 and 184

- (1) The tenant may use the premises only as a place of residence or mainly as a place of residence or for another use allowed under a special term.
- (2) The tenant must not -
 - (a) use the premises for an illegal purpose; or
 - (b) cause a nuisance by the use of the premises; or Examples of things that may constitute a nuisance -
 - using paints or chemicals on the premises that go onto or cause odours on adjoining land
 - causing loud noises
 - allowing large amounts of water to escape onto adjoining land
 - (c) interfere with the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of a neighbour of the tenant; or
 - (d) allow another person on the premises to interfere with the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of a neighbour of the tenant.

22 Units and townhouses - s 69

- The lessor must give the tenant a copy of any body corporate by-laws under the Body Corporate and Community Management Act 1997 or Building Units and Group Titles Act 1980 applicable to -
 - (a) the occupation of the premises; or
 - (b) any common area available for use by the tenant with the premises.
- (2) The tenant must comply with the by-laws.

23 Number of occupants allowed

No more than the number of persons stated in this agreement for item 15 may reside at the premises.

24 Pets

- (1) The tenant may keep pets on the premises only if this agreement states for item 17.1 that pets are approved.
- (2) If this agreement states for item 17.1 that pets are approved and this agreement states for item 17.2 that only -
 - (a) a particular type of pet may be kept, only that type may be kept; or
 - (b) a particular number of pets may be kept, only that number may be kept; or
 - (c) a particular number of a particular type of pet may be kept, only that number of that type may be kept.

Subdivision 2 Standard of premises

25 Lessor's obligations - s 185

- (1) At the start of the tenancy, the lessor must ensure -
 - (a) the premises are clean; and
 - (b) the premises are fit for the tenant to live in; and
 - (c) the premises are in good repair; and
 - (d) the lessor is not in breach of a law dealing with issues about the health or safety of persons using or entering the premises.
- (2) While the tenancy continues, the lessor must -
 - (a) maintain the premises in a way that the premises remain fit for the tenant to live in; and
 - (b) maintain the premises in good repair; and
 - (c) ensure the lessor is not in breach of a law dealing with issues about the health or safety of persons using or entering the premises; and
 - (d) keep any common area included in the premises clean.

 Note For details about the maintenance, see the information statement.
- (3) However, the lessor is not required to comply with subclause (1)(c) or (2)(a) for any non-standard items and the lessor is not responsible for their maintenance if -
 - (a) the lessor is the State; and
 - (b) the non-standard items are stated in this agreement and this agreement states the lessor is not responsible for their maintenance: and
 - (c) the non-standard items are not necessary and reasonable to make the premises a fit place in which to live; and
 - (d) the non-standard items are not a risk to health or safety; and
 - (e) for fixtures the fixtures were not attached to the premises by the lessor.
- (4) In this clause -

non-standard items means the fixtures attached to the premises and inclusions supplied with the premises stated in this agreement for item 5.2.

premises include any common area available for use by the tenant with the premises.

26 Tenant's obligations - s 188(2) and (3)

- The tenant must keep the premises clean, having regard to their condition at the start of the tenancy.
- (2) The tenant must not maliciously damage, or allow someone else to maliciously damage, the premises.

Subdivision 3 The dwelling

27 Fixtures or structural changes - ss 207-209

- (1) The tenant may attach a fixture, or make a structural change, to the premises only if the lessor agrees to the fixture's attachment or the structural change.
 - *Note* Fixtures are generally items permanently attached to land or to a building that are intended to become part of the land or building. An attachment may include, for example, something glued, nailed or screwed to a wall.
- (2) The lessor's agreement must be written, describe the nature of the fixture or change and include any terms of the agreement.



Examples of terms -

- that the tenant may remove the fixture
- that the tenant must repair damage caused when removing the fixture
- that the lessor must pay for the fixture if the tenant can not remove it
- (3) If the lessor does agree, the tenant must comply with the terms of the lessor's agreement.
- (4) The lessor must not act unreasonably in failing to agree.
- (5) If the tenant attaches a fixture, or makes a structural change, to the premises without the lessor's agreement, the lessor may -
 - (a) take action for a breach of a term of this agreement; or
 - (b) waive the breach (that is, not take action for the breach) and treat the fixture or change as an improvement to the premises for the lessor's benefit (that is, treat it as belonging to the lessor, without having to pay the tenant for it).

28 Supply of locks and keys - s 210

- (1) The lessor must supply and maintain all locks necessary to ensure the premises are reasonably secure.
- (2) The lessor must give the tenant, or if there is more than 1 tenant, 1 of the tenants, a key for each lock that -
 - (a) secures an entry to the premises; or
 - (b) secures a road or other place normally used to gain access to, or leave, the area or building in which the premises are situated; or
 - (c) is part of the premises.
- (3) If there is more than 1 tenant, the lessor must give the other tenants a key for the locks mentioned in subclause (2)(a) and (b).

29 Changing locks - ss 211 and 212

- (1) The lessor or the tenant may change locks if -
 - (a) both agree to the change; or
 - (b) there is a tribunal order permitting the change; or
 - (c) there is a reasonable excuse for making the change.

 Example of a reasonable excuse an emergency requiring the lock to be changed quickly
- (2) The lessor or tenant must not act unreasonably in failing to agree to the change of a lock.
- (3) If a lock is changed, the party changing it must give the other party a key for the changed lock unless -
 - (a) a tribunal orders that a key not be given; or
 - (b) the other party agrees to not being given a key.

Subdivision 4 Damage and repairs

30 Meaning of emergency and routine repairs - ss 214 and 215

- (1) *Emergency repairs* are works needed to repair any of the following -
 - (a) a burst water service or serious water service leak;
 - (b) a blocked or broken lavatory system;
 - (c) a serious roof leak;
 - (d) a gas leak;
 - (e) a dangerous electrical fault;
 - (f) flooding or serious flood damage;
 - (g) serious storm, fire or impact damage;
 - (h) a failure or breakdown of the gas, electricity or water supply to the premises;
 - a failure or breakdown of an essential service or appliance on the premises for hot water, cooking or heating;
 - (j) a fault or damage that makes the premises unsafe or insecure;
 - (k) a fault or damage likely to injure a person, damage property or unduly inconvenience a resident of the premises;
 - a serious fault in a staircase, lift or other common area of the premises that unduly inconveniences a resident in gaining access to, or using, the premises.
- (2) Routine repairs are repairs other than emergency repairs.

31 Nominated repairer for emergency repairs - s 216

- (1) The lessor's nominated repairer for emergency repairs of a particular type may be stated either -
 - (a) in this agreement for item 18; or
 - (b) in a notice given by the lessor to the tenant.
- (2) The nominated repairer is the tenant's first point of contact for notifying the need for emergency repairs.

32 Notice of damage - s 217

- If the tenant knows the premises have been damaged, the tenant must give notice as soon as practicable of the damage.
- (2) If the premises need routine repairs, the notice must be given to the lessor.
- (3) If the premises need emergency repairs, the notice must be given to -
 - (a) the nominated repairer for the repairs; or
 - (b) if there is no nominated repairer for the repairs or the repairer can not be contacted - the lessor.

33 Emergency repairs arranged by tenant - ss 218 and 219

- (1) The tenant may arrange for a suitably qualified person to make emergency repairs or apply to the tribunal under section 221 for orders about the repairs if -
 - (a) the tenant has been unable to notify the lessor or nominated repairer of the need for emergency repairs of the premises; or
 - (b) the repairs are not made within a reasonable time after notice is given.
- (2) The maximum amount that may be incurred for emergency repairs arranged to be made by the tenant is an amount equal to the amount payable under this agreement for 2 weeks rent. *Note* For how the tenant may require reimbursement for the repairs, see sections 219(2) and (3) and 220 and the information statement.

Division 7 Restrictions on transfer or subletting by tenant

34 General - ss 238 and 240

- (1) Subject to clause 35, the tenant may transfer all or a part of the tenant's interest under this agreement, or sublet the premises, only if the lessor agrees in writing or if the transfer or subletting is made under a tribunal order.
- (2) The lessor must act reasonably in failing to agree to the transfer or subletting.
- (3) The lessor is taken to act unreasonably in failing to agree to the transfer or subletting if the lessor acts in a capricious or retaliatory way.
- (4) The lessor or the lessor's agent must not require the tenant to pay, or accept from the tenant, an amount for the lessor's agreement to a transfer or subletting by the tenant, other than an amount for the reasonable expenses incurred by the lessor in agreeing to the transfer or subletting.

35 State assisted lessors or employees of lessor - s 237

- (1) This clause applies if -
 - (a) the lessor is the State; or
 - (b) the lessor is an entity receiving assistance from the State to supply rented accommodation; or
 - (c) the tenant's right to occupy the premises comes from the tenant's terms of employment.
- (2) The tenant may transfer the whole or part of the tenant's interest under this agreement, or sublet the premises, only if the lessor agrees in writing to the transfer or subletting.

Division 8 When agreement ends 36 Ending of agreement - s 277

- (1) This agreement ends only if -
 - (a) the tenant and the lessor agree in writing; or



- (b) the lessor gives a notice to leave the premises to the tenant and the tenant hands over vacant possession of the premises to the lessor on or after the handover day; or
- (c) the tenant gives a notice of intention to leave the premises to the lessor and hands over vacant possession of the premises to the lessor on or after the handover day; or
- (d) a tribunal makes an order terminating this agreement; or
- (e) the tenant abandons the premises; or
- (f) after receiving a notice from a mortgagee under section 317, the tenant vacates, or is removed from, the premises.

Note - For when a notice to leave or a notice of intention to leave may be given and its effect and when an application for a termination order may be made to a tribunal, see the information statement.

(2) Also, if a sole tenant dies, this agreement terminates in accordance with section 277(7) or (8).

Note - See the information statement for details.

37 Condition premises must be left in - s 188(4)

At the end of the tenancy, the tenant must leave the premises, as far as possible, in the same condition they were in at the start of the tenancy, fair wear and tear excepted.

Examples of what may be fair wear and tear -

- wear that happens during normal use
- changes that happen with ageing

38 Keys

At the end of the tenancy, the tenant must return to the lessor all keys for the premises.

39 Tenant's forwarding address - s 205(2)

- (1) When handing over possession of the premises, the tenant must, if the lessor or the lessor's agent asks the tenant in writing to state the tenant's new residential address, tell the lessor or the agent the tenant's new residential address.
- (2) However, subclause (1) does not apply if the tenant has a reasonable excuse for not telling the lessor or agent the new address.

40 Exit condition report - s 66

- (1) As soon as practicable after this agreement ends, the tenant must prepare, in the approved form, and sign a condition report for the premises and give 1 copy of the report to the lessor or the lessor's agent.
 - Example of what might be as soon as practicable when the tenant returns the keys to the premises to the lessor or the lessor's agent
 - *Note* For the approved form for the condition report, see the information statement. The report may be very important in deciding who is entitled to a refund of the rental bond if there is a dispute about the condition of the premises.
- (2) The lessor or the lessor's agent must, within 3 business days after receiving the copy of the report -
 - (a) sign the copy; and
 - (b) if the lessor or agent does not agree with the report show the parts of the report the lessor or agent disagrees with by marking the copy in an appropriate way; and
 - (c) if the tenant has given a forwarding address to the lessor or agent - make a copy of the report and return it to the tenant at the address.
- (3) The lessor or agent must keep a copy of the condition report signed by both parties for at least 1 year after this agreement ends.

41 Goods or documents left behind on premises - ss 363 and 364

- (1) The tenant must take all of the tenant's belongings from the premises at the end of the tenancy.
- (2) The lessor may not treat belongings left behind as the lessor's own property, but must deal with them under sections 363 and 364.

 Note For details of the lessor's obligations under sections 363 and 364, see the information statement. They may include an obligation to store goods and may allow the lessor to sell goods and pay the net sale proceeds (after storage and selling costs) to the public trustee.

Division 9 Miscellaneous

42 Supply of goods and services - s 171

- The lessor or the lessor's agent must not require the tenant to buy goods or services from the lessor or a person nominated by the lessor or agent.
- (2) Subclause (1) does not apply to a requirement about a service charge.
 - Note See section 164 for what is a service charge.

43 Lessor's agent

- (1) The name and address for service of the lessor's agent is stated in this agreement for item 3.
- (2) Unless a special term provides otherwise, the agent may -
 - (a) stand in the lessor's place in any application to a tribunal by the lessor or the tenant; or
 - (b) do any thing else the lessor may do, or is required to do, under this agreement.

44 Notices

- A notice under this agreement must be written and, if there is an approved form for the notice, in the approved form.
 Note - Download approved forms via the RTA website rta.qld.gov.au.
- (2) A notice from the tenant to the lessor may be given to the lessor's agent.
- (3) A notice may be given to a party to this agreement or the lessor's agent -
 - (a) by giving it to the party or agent personally; or
 - (b) if an address for service for the party or agent is stated in this agreement for item 1, 2 or 3 - by leaving it at the address, sending it by prepaid post as a letter to the address; or
 - (c) if a facsimile number for the party or agent is stated in this agreement for item 1, 2 or 3 and item 4 indicates that a notice may be given by facsimile by sending it by facsimile to the facsimile number in accordance with the *Electronic Transactions (Queensland) Act 2001*; or
 - (d) if an email address for the party or agent is stated in this agreement for item 1, 2 or 3 and item 4 indicates that a notice may be given by email - by sending it electronically to the email address in accordance with the *Electronic Transactions* (Queensland) Act 2001.
- (4) A party or the lessor's agent may withdraw his or her consent to notices being given to them by facsimile or email only by giving notice to each other party that notices are no longer to be given to the party or agent by facsimile or email.
- (5) If no address for service is stated in this agreement for item 2 for the tenant, the tenant's address for service is taken to be the address of the premises.
- (6) A party or the lessor's agent may change his or her address for service, facsimile number or email address only by giving notice to each other party of a new address for service, facsimile number or email address.
- (7) On the giving of a notice of a new address for service, facsimile number or email address for a party or the lessor's agent, the address for service, facsimile number or email address stated in the notice is taken to be the party's or agent's address for service, facsimile number or email address stated in this agreement for item 1, 2 or 3.
- (8) Unless the contrary is proved -
 - (a) a notice left at an address for service is taken to have been received by the party to whom the address relates when the notice was left at the address; and
 - (b) a notice sent by post is taken to have been received by the person to whom it was addressed when it would have been delivered in the ordinary course of post; and
 - (c) a notice sent by facsimile is taken to have been received at the place where the facsimile was sent when the sender's facsimile machine produces a transmission report indicating all pages of the notice have been successfully sent; and
 - (d) a notice sent by email is taken to have been received by the recipient when the email enters the recipient's email server.



Refer to attached special ter	ms approved by the Real Estate Institu	e of Queensland.	
See Annexure A			
Names of Approved Occupants	5:		
he tenant/s must receive a previously been given to the	copy of the information statement (Fotenant/s. Do not send to the RTA -	orm 17a) and a copy of any applicative this form to the tenant/s	cable by-laws if copies have no keep a copy for your record
	De not cond to the rest	give and rount to the tenant, e	. Neep a copy to: your record
ignature of lessor/agent		Signature of tenant 1	
Name/trading name		Print name	
CARTWRIGHT PROPERTY	GROUP		
		Signature	
	Date / /		Date / /
n the presence of (witness)		in the presence of (witness)	
Print name		Print name	
_			
Vitness signature		Witness signature	
	Date / /		Date / /
Signature of tenant 2		Signature of tenant 3	
Print name		Print name	
Signature		Signature	
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n the presence of (witness)		in the presence of (witness)	
n the presence of (witness)		in the presence of (witness) Print name	
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in the presence of (witness) Print name Witness signature	Date / /	Print name	Date / /



Special Terms

These Special Terms have been adopted and approved by The Real Estate Institute of Queensland Ltd.

45 Occupation and use of premises

The tenant must not permit persons other than the persons nominated in the special terms to reside at the premises without the written consent of the lessor. The lessor must act reasonably in exercising the lessor's discretion when determining whether or not to consent to a request by the tenant for any change to the approved tenants or occupants.

46 Care of the premises by the tenant

- (1) During the tenancy, the tenant must-
 - (a) not do anything that might block any plumbing or drains on the premises;
 - (b) keep all rubbish in the bin provided by the local authority in an area designated by the lessor or as the local authority may require;
 - (c) put the bin out for collection on the appropriate day for collection and return the bin to its designated place after the rubbish has been collected:
 - (d) maintain the lawns and gardens at the premises having regard to their condition at the commencement of the tenancy, incuding mowing the lawns, weeding the gardens and watering the lawns and gardens (subject to council water restrictions);
 - (e) keep the premises free from pests and vermin;
 - (f) keep the walls, floor, doors and ceilings of the premises free of nails, screws or adhesive substances, unless otherwise agreed to by the lessor in accordance with clause 27;
 - (g) not intentionally or negligently damage the premises and inclusions;
 - (h) only hang clothing and other articles outside the premises in areas designated by the lessor or the lessor's agent;
 - (i) keep the swimming pool, filter and spa equipment (if any) clean and at the correct chemical levels having regard to their condition at the start of the tenancy;
 - (j) not interfere with nor make non-operational any facility that may be provided with the premises (eg. smoke alarms, fire extinguishers, garden sprinkler systems, hoses etc).
 - (k) where the lessor has consented to animals being kept at the premises, the tenant must ensure all animals are kept in accordance with relevant local laws, state laws and federal laws including but not limited to, the *Animal Management (Cats & Dogs) Act 2008 and the Animal Care and Protection Act 2001 where applicable.*
- (2) The obligations of the tenant at the end of the occupancy regarding the condition of the premises include -
 - (a) If the carpets were professionally shampooed or steam cleaned at the start of the tenancy, having the carpets shampooed or steam cleaned:
 - (i) to the same standard they were in at the start of the tenancy, fair wear and tear excepted on the last day of the occupancy; and
 - (ii) giving the lessor or lessor's agent a copy of the relevant carpet cleaner's receipt or other relevant evidence to demonstrate that the tenant has complied with this requirement; and
 - (iii) giving the lessor or lessor's agent a copy of any professional carpet cleaner's receipt;
 - (iv) if birds or animals have been kept at the premises, to pay for the premises to be fumigated and deodorised by a professional fumigator.
 - (b) repairing the tenant's intentional or negligent damage to the premises or inclusions;
 - (c) returning the swimming pool, filter and spa equipment (if any) to a clean condition with correct chemical levels having regard to their condition at the start of the tenancy;
 - (d) removing rubbish;
 - (e) replacing inclusions (fair wear and tear excepted);
 - (f) mowing lawns, weeding gardens having regard to their condition at the start of the tenancy;
 - (g) remove all property other than that belonging to the lessor or on the premises at the start of the tenancy.
- (3) If the tenant does not meet the tenant's obligations at the end of the tenancy the lessor or the lessor's agent may pay for this to be done and claim the cost of doing so from the rental bond.

47 Locks and keys and remote controls

- (1) The lessor may claim from the tenant costs incurred by the lessor as a result of the tenant losing any key, access keycard or remote control relating to the premises which has been provided to the tenant (by the lessor, a body corporate or other person), including costs in connection with:
 - (a) replacing the key, access keycard or remote control; and
 - (b) gaining access to the premises.
- (2) The tenant acknowledges that the lessor's agent may retain a duplicate set of keys.
- 3) The tenant must return all keys, access keycards and/or any remote controls to the lessor or the lessor's agent at the end of the tenancy.

48 Early termination by tenant

If the tenancy is breached before the end of the tenancy specified in item 6 despite other provisions of this agreement the lessor may claim from the tenant -

- (a) the rent and service charges until the lessor re-lets the premises or the end of the tenancy as specified in item 6 whichever is the earlier; and
- (b) the reasonable costs (including advertising costs) of re-letting and attempting to re-let the premises. (Sections 173(2) and 420).



Special Terms continued...

These Special Terms have been adopted and approved by The Real Estate Institute of Queensland Ltd.

49 Liability excluded

The tenant shall be liable for and shall indemnify and defend the lessor or the lessor's agent, its directors, officers, employees, and agents, from, and against, any and all losses, claims, demands, actions, suits (including costs and legal fees on an indemnity basis), and damages, including, but not limited to:

- (a) injury, bodily or otherwise, or death of any person, including the tenant or an approved occupant; or
- (b) loss, damage to, or destruction of, property whether real or personal, belonging to any person, including the tenant or an approved occupant;

as a direct or indirect result of the tenant's negligent acts or omissions or breach of this agreement or obligations under the Act.

50 Lessor's insurance

- (1) If the lessor does have insurance cover the tenant must not do, or allow anything to be done, that would invalidate the lessor's insurance policy for the premises or increase the lessor's premium in relation to that policy.
- (2) The lessor may claim from the tenant -
 - (a) any increase in the premium of the lessor's insurance; and
 - (b) any excess on claim by the lessor on the lessor's insurance; and
 - (c) any other cost and expenses incurred by the lessor;

as a direct or indirect result of the tenant's negligent acts or omissions or breach of this agreement or obligations under the Act.

51 Tenant's insurance

It is the tenant's and approved occupant's responsibility to adequately insure their own property and possessions.

52 Smoke alarm obligations

The tenant must-

- (1) Test each smoke alarm in the premises-
 - (a) at least once every 12 months; or
 - (b) if a fixed term tenancy is of less than 12 months duration, but is held over under a periodic tenancy of 12 months or more, at least once in the 12 month period:
 - (i) For an alarm that can be tested by pressing a button or other device to indicate whether the alarm is capable of detecting smoke by pressing the button or other device;
 - (ii) Otherwise, by testing the alarm in the way stated in the Information Statement (RTA Form 17a) provided to the tenant/s at the commencement of the tenancy.
- (2) Replace each battery that is spent, or that the tenant/s is aware is almost spent, in accordance with the Information Statement provided to the tenant/s at the commencement of the tenancy;
- (3) Advise the lessor as soon as practicable if the tenant/s become/s aware that a smoke alarm in the premises has failed or is about to fail (other than because the battery is spent or almost spent); and
 - Note: In interpreting the word "spent" when referring to a battery, the term is used to include reference to a battery which is flat, non-functioning or lacking in charge that it does not properly operate the smoke alarm.
- (4) Clean each smoke alarm in the premises in the way stated in the Information Statement provided to the tenant/s at the commencement of the tenancy:
 - (a) at least once every 12 months; or
 - (b) if a fixed term tenancy is of less than 12 months duration, but is held over under a periodic tenancy of 12 months or more, at least once in the 12 month period.

In the event that the tenant/s engages a contractor/tradesperson (as listed in Item 18) to meet the tenant/s obligations listed under this clause, such engagement shall be at the tenant/s' own cost and expense.

(5) Not tamper with or otherwise render a smoke alarm inoperative. Such an act will constitute malicious damage in accordance with Section 188 of the Act.

53 Portable pool obligations

- (1) The tenant must -
 - (a) Obt<mark>ain the less</mark>or's consent for a portable pool at the premises of a depth of 300mm or greater;
 - (b) Where consent is to be provided by the lessor to the tenant for the use of a portable pool at the premises of a depth of 300mm or greater, provide the lessor and/or the agent with details of the type and description of the proposed portable pool.
- (2) Where consent is provided by the lessor to the tenant for the use of a portable pool at the premises of a depth of 300mm or greater, the tenant agrees to:
 - (a) Maintain and repair the portable pool at the tenant's own expense;
 - (b) In accordance with the *Building Act 1975* obtain, maintain and renew a Pool Safety Certificate for a regulated pool, which includes a requirement for a compliant pool fence and, provide a copy of the Pool Safety Certificate to the lessor and/or agent;
 - (c) Where a compliant pool fence is required for a regulated pool, obtain the lessor's consent regarding a proposed fence in accordance with clause 27 of the standard terms;
 - (d) In circumstances where consent is provided to the tenant by the lessor in accordance with clause 27 of the standard terms, construct and maintain the fence as required by the *Building Act 1975*, at the tenant's own expense.
- (3) In accordance with clause 53(1) and 53(2), where consent is provided by the lessor to the tenant for a portable pool of a depth of 300mm or greater and/or as prescribed by the *Building Act 1975*, the tenant hereby agrees to indemnify and hold harmless the lessor and agent for any loss, claim, suit or demand, brought, caused or contributed to, directly or indirectly, by the portable pool.



Annexure A

- 1.Tenant/s agree that if there has been a WELS3 water audit performed at the property, than the tenants agree to pay for all water consumed at the property during their tenancy. If there has not been a WELS3 water audit performed, then the tenant/s agree to only pay for the Excess water used over 50 Kilo Litres per Qtr as invoiced by Urban Utilities during their tenancy.

 2.Once official notice of intention to leave, or notice to leave has been issued/received by the agent, the tenant/s agree to allow the agent to
- perform two 10 minute prospective tenant inspections each week. Dates and times to be advised.
- 3.Tenant/s agree to maintain and clean the filters of the following appliances during their tenancy as requi<mark>red an</mark>d also as part of their vacating procedure if the identified appliance/s is/are located at the property: clothes dryer; dishwashe<mark>r, air conditi</mark>oner/s.
- 4.Tenant's agree to "top up" Hot Water Service as required. If the tenant's do not perform the top up as required, and the HWS becomes damaged as a result, then the tenant/s agree they will pay for the cost of a new Hot water service to be supplied and installed to the property. 5.In accordance with section 91 of the Residential Tenancies & Rooming Accommodation Act 2008 you are hereby advised that the weekly rent amount in respect of the abovementioned premises may increase at the expiration of this tenancy agreement.
- 6. Tenant/s agree to pay the cost of any tradesman's invoice if the tenant requested maint<mark>enanc</mark>e for repairs, a trades<mark>man atte</mark>nds but finds nothing faulty or requiring repair.
- 7.Regular yard maintenance is the tenants responsibility. Tenants agree to maintain the yard and garden beds to the same standard as at the start of the initial tenancy agreement.
- -Body Corp By-laws Attached



SCHEDULE C BY-LAWS

USE OF LOTS 1.

1.1 The occupier of a lot shall not without the written approval of the Body Corporate use or occupy a lot for any purpose other than for residential purposes only and not for any trade of business save for that lot being Lot No. 32 which is currently used or occupied by a service contractor or letting agent for the Scheme and which service contractor or letting agent may use or occupy their respective lot to conduct the business and duties of a service contractor and letting agent as provided in the terms of agreement entered into in writing with the Body Corporate.

NOISE 2.

The occupier of a lot must not create noise likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of a person lawfully on another lot or the common property. 2.1

VEHICLES 3.

- 3.1 The occupier of a lot must not, without the Body Corporate's written approval:
- park a vehicle, or allow a vehicle to stand on the common property; and (a)
- permit an invitee to park a vehicle or allow a vehicle to stand on the common property other than in the designated visitor car parking, which must remain available at all times for the sole use of visitors vehicles (the Committee may, by notice to all owners from time to time, make rules and impose time limits on visitor (b)
 - 3.2 An approval under subsection (1) must state the period for which it is given, with the exception of designated
 - 3.3 However, the Body Corporate may cancel the approval by giving 7 days' written notice to the occupier, with the exception of designated visitor parking.

- 3.4 The speed limit on internal roadways is 5kph (walking pace). All public road rules apply.
- 3.5 Vehicles must not be parked on internal roadways at any time. Guests must park in the designated visitor
- 3.6 Roadways are not to be used as a play area. Skateboards, rollerblades, etc are not to be used within the
- 3.7 Garage driveways must be kept clean of oil and grease.
- 3.8 Driveways and any parts of the Common Property are not be used to undertake mechanical repairs to

4. **OBSTRUCTION**

4.1 The occupier of a lot must not obstruct the lawful use of the common property by someone else. DAMAGE TO LAWNS etc.

5.

- The occupier of a lot must not, without the Body Corporate's written approval: 5.1
- damage a lawn, garden, tree, shrub, plant or flower on the common property; or (a)
- use a part of the common property as a garden. (b)
 - An approval under subsection (1) must state the period for which it is given. 5.2
 - 5.3 However, the Body Corporate may cancel the approval by giving 7 days' written notice to the occupier.

DAMAGE TO COMMON PROPERTY 6.

- An occupier of a lot must not, without the Body Corporate's written approval, mark, paint, drive nails, 6.1 screws or other objects into, or otherwise damage or deface a structure that forms part of the common property.
- However, an occupier may install a locking or safety device to protect the lot against intruders, or a 6.2 screen to prevent entry of animals or insects, if the device or screen is soundly built and is consistent
- The owner of a lot must keep a device installed under subsection 6.2 in good order and repair. 6.3

BEHAVIOUR OF INVITEES 7.

An occupier of a lot must take reasonable steps to ensure that the occupier's invitees do not behave in 7.1 a way likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of another lot or the common property.

LEAVING OF RUBBISH etc. ON THE COMMON PROPERTY 8.

The occupier of a lot must not leave rubbish or other materials on the common property in a way or 8.1 place likely to interfere with the enjoyment of the common property by someone else.

SCHEDULE

FORM 20 Version 2 Page 9 of 14

Title Reference 50295814

9. APPEARANCE OF LOT

The occupier of a lot must not, without the Body Corporate's written approval, make a change to the external appearance of the lot unless the change is minor and does not detract from the amenity of the lot and its surrounds.

- 9.1 The occupier of a lot must not, without the Body Corporate's written approval:
- Hang washing, bedding or other cloth article if the article is visible from another lot or the common property or from outside scheme land; or
- (b) Display a sign advertisement, placard banner, pamphlet or similar article if the article is visible from another lot or the common property or from outside the scheme land.
 - 9.2 The occupier of a lot must not, without the Body Corporate's written approval, make a change to the external appearance of the lot unless the change is minor and does not detract from the amenity of the lot and its surrounds, with the exception of the following improvements:
 - 9.2(1) The Body Corporate approves the installation of air-conditioners to any lot, subject to adhering to the following conditions:
- (c) request must be in writing, attaching a mud map/floor plan showing the position of the equipment, including all ducting;
- (d) split system air-conditioner unit no older than 12 months;
- (e) compressor unit to be situated below fence line, airflow outlet must not be directed to another lot;
- external ducting to be same or similar colouring to external building colour;
- (g) all costs and maintenance is to be at the lot owner's expense.
 - 9.2(2) The Body Corporate approves the installation of a colourbond whirlybird to any lot, subject to adhering to the following conditions:
- (a) the colour of the whirly bird must conform to the roof colour;
- (b) all costs and maintenance is to be at the lot owner's expense;
- (c) the installation must be carried out by a professional company;
- (d) the installation is to be on the reverse pitch of the roof so as not to be seen from the front of the lot.
- 9.2(3) The Body Corporate approves the installation of a rain water tank to any lot, subject to adhering to the following conditions:
 - (a) request must be in writing, attaching a plan outlining the position of the rain water tank;
 - (b) a brochure of the type of rain water tank and colour (the rain water tank must be as close to the external building colour as possible);
 - (c) A licensed plumber must install the tank and associated fixtures and perform the necessary plumbing connections;

- (d) The installation must adhere to local council regulations;
- (e) The rain water tank must be within the lot and not on any part of common property;
- (f) All costs and maintenance is to be at the lot owner's expense.
- 9.2(4) The Body Corporate approves the installation of solar panels to any lot, subject to adhering to the
 - a) The system is to be professionally installed by a reputable and registered installer who holds
 - b) Any damage to property maintained by the Body Corporate is to be rectified by the lot owner who will
 - c) The lot owner is to provide a copy of the warranty details and photo of the installed solar panels to the
 - d) Inspections and maintenance are the responsibility of the lot owner.
 - e) The quotation for the installed system is to be provided with the application.
 - The lot owner is required to instruct Body Corporate Systems to notify the Body Corporate Insurer of the installation and value of the installation in the event that the installation is required to be covered under the Body Corporate insurance policy. Any increased premium is to be met by the lot owner. (This will only apply to properties covered by a group policy).
- g) Solar panels must be fitted on the same plane as the roofing and not on a raised structure.

STORAGE OF FLAMMABLE MATERIALS

- 10.1 The occupier of a lot must not, without the Body Corporate's written approval, store a flammable substance
- 10.2 The occupier of a lot must not, without the Body Corporate's written approval, store a flammable substance on the lot unless the substance is used or intended for use for domestic purposes.
- 10.3 However, this section does not apply to the storage of fuel in:
- the fuel tank of a vehicle, boat or internal combustion engine; or (a)
- a tank kept on a vehicle or boat in which the fuel is stored under requirements of the law regulating the (b)

11. DISPOSAL OF RUBBISH

- 11.1 An owner or occupier of a lot shall not deposit or throw upon the common property any rubbish, dirt, dust, paper, cigarette butts or other material likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or of any person lawfully using the common property. A owner or occupier of a
- Maintain within his lot, garage or rear courtyard, a garbage receptacle provided under the local authority (a)

- (b) Place the garbage receptacle in the street or collection area on collection days and, after collection, return it to the lot (in a clean and hygienic condition) on the same day by the occupier.
- (c) Ensure that the health, hygiene and comfort of the owner or occupier of any other lot is not adversely affected by the disposal of garbage.
- (d) Maintain, clean and repair the garbage receptacle to ensure it is kept in a serviceable condition.

12. KEEPING OF ANIMALS

- 12.1 Subject to section 181 of the *Body Corporate and Community Management Act* 1997, an occupier of a lot must not keep an animal in their lot or on the common property without the prior written approval of the committee for that particular animal.
- 12.2 In considering a decision to approve an animal under this by-law the committee must have regard to the following:
- (a) any relevant regulations, ordinances or development conditions imposed by the local authority;
- (b) the predominant use of the lots in the scheme;
- (c) the size of the animal (and, specifically, whether the animal is suited to living within the confines of the relevant lot);
- (d) the breed of the animal (and, specifically, whether that breed is behaviourally and socially suited to living within the confines of the relevant lot and whether that breed has a disposition likely to contravene any by-law at the scheme, particularly in relation to noise, odours and disease);
- (e) whether the animal has been de-sexed;
- (f) whether the animal has been treated for internal and external parasites and diseases;
- (g) whether the animal is venomous or dangerous;
- (h) whether the animal is domesticated or trained;
- (i) whether the animal is likely to cause fear or harm to other occupiers in the event that it escapes from the lot.
- 12.3 When seeking approval for an animal under these by-laws, an occupier, if requested by the Committee, provide the committee with a report from the animal's veterinarian which addresses each of the relevant requirements of by-law 12.2.
- 12.4 An occupier who has received approval for an animal under this by-law must:
- (a) keep the animal contained within the lot at all times and must not allow the animal to roam on the common property;
- (b) only transport the animal across the common property on a lead or otherwise restrained;

- (c) keep the animal licenced (if required) and registered with the RSPCA;
- (d) ensure that the animal does not emit any sound, odour, disease or allergen that is likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of a lot or the common property by another occupier;
- (e) ensure that the animal receives regular veterinary or other appropriate treatment to ensure the health and well-being of the animal and to reduce the risk of pests, allergens and disease;
- (f) remove any droppings and waste in a suitably sealed receptacle regularly to ensure minimal risk of
- (g) ensure that the animal does not cause any risk, harm, damage or nuisance;
- (h) A lot must install a cat enclosure with the approval of all cats;
- (i) A photo of the approved animal must be submitted to the Body Corporate.
 - 12.5 The committee may withdraw its approval under this by-law in the event that any of the above conditions are contravened and the relevant occupier fails to remedy a notice of a continuing or future contravention of a body corporate by-law within 7 days of receipt from the committee.
 - 12.6 An occupier must remove an animal from its lot within 7 days of receiving notice from the committee that

SWIMMING POOL

- 13.1 The swimming pool shall not be used between the hours of 7.00pm and 8.00am each day except with the consent in writing of the committee or the manager. The following rules shall apply to the swimming
- No running around the swimming pool or no diving into the swimming pool; (a)
- Children under the age of twelve (12) years must be accompanied by a capable adult with (b)
- Glass containers shall not be permitted in the swimming pool or enclosure; (c)
- No unnecessary noise; (d)
- Pets and animals are not permitted into the swimming pool or enclosure; (e)
- Alcoholic beverages shall not be permitted in or around the swimming pool or the pool area; (f)
- No splashing or behaving in any manner likely to interfere with the use and enjoyment of the pool (g) by other persons.

BY-LAWS TO BE EXHIBITED

A copy of these By-laws (or a précis thereof approved by the Committee) shall be exhibited in a 14.1 14.2

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15. COMPLIANCE BY TENANTS

15.1 The duties and obligations imposed by these By-laws on an owner of a lot shall be observed not only by the owner but by the owner's tenants, guests, servants, employees, agents, children, invitees and licensees.

16. COMPLAINTS OR APPLICATIONS

16.1 All complaints or applications to the Body Corporate or its Committee shall be addressed in writing to the Secretary or to the Body Corporate Manager of the Body Corporate.

17. PAY TELEVISION

17.1 The Body Corporate may allow a person approved by the Body Corporate to install all cabling, wiring, ducting, conduits, amplifiers and any other necessary equipment to the unit parcel to enable unit owners to connect to cable television. The Body Corporate is authorised to enter into agreements about the subject matter of this By-law.

18. RECOVERY OF MONEY SPENT

18.1 Where the Body Corporate expends money to make good damage or expends money to commence and engage in legal proceedings caused by a breach of the Act or of these By-laws by any owner or the tenants, guests, servants, employees, agents, children, invitees or licensees of the owner or any of them, the Committee shall be entitled to recover the amount so expended as a debt in an action in any Court of competent jurisdiction from the owner of the lot at the time when the breach occurred.

19. GROUND MAINTENANCE

- 19.1 The Body Corporate is appointed agent of the owners to affect the mowing and edging of all lawns on the parcel and gardens on common property, excluding weeding, watering and fertilising lawns and gardens in the private lots. Owners and occupiers are to ensure that gardens and lawns on private lots are maintained to a standard equivalent to those on common property and that lawns are regularly weeded, watered and fertilised at their own expense.
- 19.2 Should an owner or occupier fail to properly maintain his lot, the Body Corporate is empowered to have the necessary maintenance carried out and the costs involved shall be due and payable by the owner of the lot within fourteen (14) days from the date the maintenance is carried out.

20. USE OF BARBECUE AREAS

- 20.1 All owners and occupiers may use the barbecue facilities constructed on the Common Property subject to the following rules which shall, where appropriate, apply to all guests or invitees of the owners or occupiers:
- (a) No use shall be made of the barbecue areas which involves damage, inconvenience or nuisance to any owner or occupier or invitee nor which causes damage to the surface, fixtures or fittings of the barbecue areas.
- (b) The barbecue areas shall not be used by a guest or invitee unless accompanied by the host owner or occupier.
- (c) That no use is made of the barbecue areas between the hours of 10.00pm and 7.00am.

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The Committee of the Body Corporate may make rules with respect to the use of the barbecue areas that (d)

CHILDREN PLAYING ON COMMON PROPERTY

- 21.1 An owner or occupier of a lot shall be personally responsible for the conduct of their children and other invited children at all times while on the common property. This responsibility shall include ensuring
- Do not play on common roadways and visitor parking areas without the personal supervision of the owner (a)
- Do not ride skateboards, skates, go-carts, bicycles or other similar apparatus at anytime; (b)
- Do not play in any common areas after dark without the personal supervision of the owner or occupier. (c)

SCHEDULE D OTHER DETAILS REQUIRED/PERMITTED TO BE INCLUDED

Nil

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SCHEDULE EDESCRIPTION OF LOTS ALLOCATED EXCLUSIVE USE AREAS OF COMMON PROPERTY

Not applicable