

Contract for the sale and purchase of land 2018 edition

TERM	MEANING OF TERM	NSW Duty:
vendor's agent	Fuse Property PO Box 7079, KARABAR NSW 2620	Phone: 0499 350 757 Ref: Kellie O'Connor
co-agent		
vendor	John Ivan Dauth and Christine Jennifer Dauth 51 Camp Street, Sutton, NSW 2620	
vendor's solicitor	Marjason & Marjason Solicitors Level 1, 28 Morisset Street, Queanbeyan NSW 2620 PO Box 598, Queanbeyan NSW 2620	Phone: 02 6147 1600 Fax: Ref: RF:181347 E:robbie.freestone@marjason.com.au
date for completion land (address, plan details and title reference)	42nd day after the contract date 51 Camp Street, Sutton, New South Wales 2620 Registered Plan: Lot 1 Plan DP 800016 Folio Identifier 1/800016	(clause 15)

improvements VACANT POSSESSION subject to existing tenancies

HOUSE garage carport home unit carspace storage space
 none other: shed

attached copies documents in the List of Documents as marked or as numbered:
 other documents:

A real estate agent is permitted by legislation to fill up the items in this box in a sale of residential property.

inclusions	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> blinds	<input type="checkbox"/> dishwasher	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> light fittings	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> stove
	<input type="checkbox"/> built-in wardrobes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> fixed floor coverings	<input type="checkbox"/> range hood	<input type="checkbox"/> pool equipment
	<input type="checkbox"/> clothes line	<input type="checkbox"/> insect screens	<input type="checkbox"/> solar panels	<input type="checkbox"/> TV antenna
	<input type="checkbox"/> curtains	<input type="checkbox"/> other:		

exclusions

purchaser

purchaser's solicitor

price \$

deposit \$ _____ (10% of the price, unless otherwise stated)

balance \$

contract date _____ (if not stated, the date this contract was made)

buyer's agent

vendor	GST AMOUNT (optional) The price includes GST of: \$	witness
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purchaser JOINT TENANTS tenants in common in unequal shares **witness**

Choices

Vendor agrees to accept a **deposit-bond** (clause 3) NO yes
Proposed electronic transaction (clause 30) no YES

Tax information (the parties promise this is correct as far as each party is aware)

Land tax is adjustable NO yes
 GST: Taxable supply NO yes in full yes to an extent
 Margin scheme will be used in making the taxable supply NO yes

This sale is not a taxable supply because (one or more of the following may apply) the sale is:

- not made in the course or furtherance of an enterprise that the vendor carries on (section 9-5(b))
- by a vendor who is neither registered nor required to be registered for GST (section 9-5(d))
- GST-free because the sale is the supply of a going concern under section 38-325
- GST-free because the sale is subdivided farm land or farm land supplied for farming under Subdivision 38-O
- input taxed because the sale is of eligible residential premises (sections 40-65, 40-75(2) and 195-1)

Purchaser must make an *RW payment* (residential withholding payment) NO yes (if yes, vendor must provide further details)

If the further details below are not fully completed at the contract date, the vendor must provide all these details in a separate notice within 14 days of the contract date.

RW payment (residential withholding payment) – further details

Frequently the supplier will be the vendor. However, sometimes further information will be required as to which entity is liable for GST, for example, if the vendor is part of a GST group or a participant in a GST joint venture.

Supplier's name:

Supplier's ABN:

Supplier's business address:

Supplier's email address:

Supplier's phone number:

Supplier's proportion of *RW payment*:

If more than one supplier, provide the above details for each supplier.

Amount purchaser must pay – price multiplied by the *RW rate* (residential withholding rate):

Amount must be paid: AT COMPLETION at another time (specify):

Is any of the consideration not expressed as an amount in money? NO yes

If "yes", the GST inclusive market value of the non-monetary consideration: \$

Other details (including those required by regulation or the ATO forms):

List of Documents

General

- 1 property certificate for the land
- 2 plan of the land
- 3 unregistered plan of the land
- 4 plan of land to be subdivided
- 5 document that is to be lodged with a relevant plan
- 6 section 10.7(2) planning certificate under Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979
- 7 additional information included in that certificate under section 10.7(5)
- 8 sewerage infrastructure location diagram (service location diagram)
- 9 sewer lines location diagram (sewerage service diagram)
- 10 document that created or may have created an easement, profit à prendre, restriction on use or positive covenant disclosed in this contract
- 11 *planning agreement*
- 12 section 88G certificate (positive covenant)
- 13 survey report
- 14 building information certificate or building certificate given under *legislation*
- 15 lease (with every relevant memorandum or variation)
- 16 other document relevant to tenancies
- 17 licence benefiting the land
- 18 old system document
- 19 Crown purchase statement of account
- 20 building management statement
- 21 form of requisitions
- 22 *clearance certificate*
- 23 land tax certificate

Home Building Act 1989

- 24 insurance certificate
- 25 brochure or warning
- 26 evidence of alternative indemnity cover

Swimming Pools Act 1992

- 27 certificate of compliance
- 28 evidence of registration
- 29 relevant occupation certificate
- 30 certificate of non-compliance
- 31 detailed reasons of non-compliance

Strata or community title (clause 23 of the contract)

- 32 property certificate for strata common property
 - 33 plan creating strata common property
 - 34 strata by-laws
 - 35 strata development contract or statement
 - 36 strata management statement
 - 37 strata renewal proposal
 - 38 strata renewal plan
 - 39 leasehold strata - lease of lot and common property
 - 40 property certificate for neighbourhood property
 - 41 plan creating neighbourhood property
 - 42 neighbourhood development contract
 - 43 neighbourhood management statement
 - 44 property certificate for precinct property
 - 45 plan creating precinct property
 - 46 precinct development contract
 - 47 precinct management statement
 - 48 property certificate for community property
 - 49 plan creating community property
 - 50 community development contract
 - 51 community management statement
 - 52 document disclosing a change of by-laws
 - 53 document disclosing a change in a development or management contract or statement
 - 54 document disclosing a change in boundaries
 - 55 information certificate under Strata Schemes Management Act 2015
 - 56 information certificate under Community Land Management Act 1989
 - 57 document relevant to off-the-plan sale
- Other**
- 58

HOLDER OF STRATA OR COMMUNITY TITLE RECORDS – Name, address, email address and telephone number



FOLIO: 1/800016

SEARCH DATE	TIME	EDITION NO	DATE
21/12/2018	11:07 AM	10	9/10/2017

LAND

LOT 1 IN DEPOSITED PLAN 800016
AT SUTTON
LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA YASS VALLEY
PARISH OF GOOROYARROO COUNTY OF MURRAY
TITLE DIAGRAM DP800016

FIRST SCHEDULE

JOHN IVAN DAUTH
CHRISTINE JENNIFER DAUTH
AS JOINT TENANTS (T AB91735)

SECOND SCHEDULE (2 NOTIFICATIONS)

- 1 RESERVATIONS AND CONDITIONS IN THE CROWN GRANT(S)
- 2 AK75275 MORTGAGE TO PERPETUAL CORPORATE TRUST LIMITED (SEE AM740303)

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***

SPECIAL CONDITIONS

These are the special conditions to the contract for the sale of land

BETWEEN **John Ivan Dauth and Christine Jennifer Dauth** of 51 Camp Street,
Sutton, New South Wales (**Vendor**)

AND of (**Purchaser**)

1. Notice to complete

In the event of either party failing to complete this contract within the time specified herein, then the other shall be entitled at any time thereafter to serve a notice to complete, requiring the other to complete within 14 days from the date of service of the notice, and this time period is considered reasonable by both parties. For the purpose of this contract, such notice to complete shall be deemed both at law and in equity sufficient to make time of the essence of this contract.

2. Death or incapacity

Notwithstanding any rule of law or equity to the contrary, should either party, or if more than one any one of them, prior to completion die or become mentally ill, as defined in the Mental Health Act, or become bankrupt, or if a company go into liquidation, then either party may rescind this contract by notice in writing forwarded to the other party and thereupon this contract shall be at an end and the provisions of clause 19 hereof shall apply.

3. Purchaser acknowledgements

The purchaser acknowledges that they are purchasing the property:

- (a) In its present condition and state of repair;
- (b) Subject to all defects latent and patent;
- (c) Subject to any infestations and dilapidation;
- (d) Subject to all existing water, sewerage, drainage and plumbing services and connections in respect of the property; and
- (e) Subject to any non-compliance, that is disclosed herein, with the Local Government Act or any Ordinance under that Act in respect of any building on the land.

The purchaser agrees not to seek, terminate rescind or make any objection requisition or claim for compensation arising out of any of the matters covered by this clause.

4. Late completion

In the event that completion is not effected on the nominated day due to the purchaser's default, the purchaser shall pay to the vendor on completion, in addition to the balance of the purchase price, 10% interest per annum calculated daily on the balance of the purchase price from the date nominated for completion until and including the actual day of completion, provided always that there shall be an abatement of interest during any time that the purchaser is ready, willing and able to complete and the vendor is not.

5. Agent

The purchaser warrants that they were not introduced to the vendor or the property by or through the medium of any real estate agent or any employee of any real estate agent or any person having any connection with a real estate agent who may be entitled to claim commission as a result of this sale other than the vendors agent, if any, referred to in this contract, and the purchaser agrees that they will at all times indemnify and keep indemnified the vendor from and against any claim whatsoever for commission, which may be made by any real estate agent or other person arising out of or in connection with the purchasers breach of this warranty, and it is hereby agreed and declared that this clause shall not merge in the transfer upon completion, or be extinguished by completion of this contract, and shall continue in full force, and effect, notwithstanding completion.

6. Smoke alarms

The property has smoke alarms installed.

7. Swimming pool

The property does not have a swimming pool.

8. Adjustment of rates

Clauses 14.1 and 14.2 are varied insofar as the Vendor will not be required to make an adjustment of water rates unless the Purchaser, prior to completion tenders a Section 603 certificate including a special water meter reading.

9. Settlement venue

Completion will take place at the Settlements Rooms, Level 1, ACT Law Society Building, 1 Farrell Place, Canberra City ACT 2601 or as otherwise notified by the Vendor or their solicitors.

SECTION 10.7(2) PLANNING CERTIFICATE

Issued under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 &
Schedule 4 Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000

Application Details

Name: InfoTrack Pty Limited
Address: GPO Box 4029
SYDNEY NSW 2001

Certificate No: 190002
Fees paid: \$53.00
Receipt no: 21410
Applicant's ref: 181347
Pages in certificate: 6

Pursuant to section 10.7 of the Act, it is advised that as of the date of this certificate, the subject land was affected by the matters indicated below and in the attachments to this certificate. Information is given only to the extent that Council has been notified by the NSW Department of Planning and Environment and other relevant State Agencies

Property Details

Address: 51 Camp Street,
SUTTON NSW 2620

Property description: LOT:1 DP:800016

Area: 1,233 Sq Metres
Assessment no: 71803
Owner recorded by Council: Mr J I & Mrs C J Dauth

Prescribed Matters

Information relating to planning instruments and DCPs that apply to the land

<i>Local Environmental Plan</i>	Yass Valley Local Environmental Plan 2013
<i>Yass Valley LEP 2013 Map Reference</i>	Maps for this property can be viewed at: www.planningportal.nsw.gov.au/find-a-property Instrument and maps can be viewed at: www.legislation.nsw.gov.au
<i>Draft Local Environmental Plan</i>	Nil
<i>Development Control Plan</i>	Draft Yass Valley DCP 2018 currently being prepared.
<i>State Environmental Planning Policies</i>	Refer to Schedule A attached
<i>Draft State Environmental Planning Policies</i>	Refer to Schedule B attached

Information relating to zoning and land use under relevant LEP's

<i>Zoning of the property</i>	RU5 Village
<i>Purposes for which development may be carried out without the need for Development Consent</i>	Home-based child care; Home businesses; Home occupations.
<i>Purposes for which development may be carried out with Development Consent</i>	Amusement centres; Boat building and repair facilities; Boat sheds; Camping grounds; Car parks; Caravan parks; Cemeteries; Charter and tourism boating facilities; Centre-based child care facilities; Commercial premises; Community facilities; Crematoria; Depots; Dwelling houses; Entertainment facilities; Environmental facilities; Environmental protection works; Exhibition villages; Function centres; Information and education facilities; Light industries; Mortuaries; Neighbourhood shops; Places of public worship; Public administration buildings; Recreation areas; Recreation facilities (indoor); Recreation facilities (outdoor); Registered clubs; Residential accommodation; Respite day care centres; Roads; Schools; Service stations; Signage; Storage premises; Tourist and visitor accommodation; Vehicle body repair workshops; Vehicle repair stations; Veterinary hospitals; Water recycling facilities; Water supply systems; Wholesale supplies.
<i>The purposes for which development is prohibited.</i>	Boarding houses; Cellar door premises; Farm stay accommodation; Hostels; Landscaping material supplies; Multi dwelling housing; Residential flat buildings; Roadside stalls; Rural workers dwellings; Timber yards; Vehicle sales or hire premises; Any other development not specified in item 2 or 3.
<i>Yass Valley LEP 2013 Lot Size Map</i>	2,000 square metres. Part 4 - Principal Development Standards in the Yass Valley LEP 2013 outlines the requirements for the subdivision of the land.

<i>Is this property identified on any other Yass Valley LEP 2013 map</i>	Yes, this land is identified as being within an area of Groundwater Vulnerability on the Yass Valley LEP 2013 Groundwater Vulnerability Map. Clause 6.4 Groundwater Vulnerability applies to this land.
<i>Does this zone specify minimum land dimensions or area for the erection of a dwelling-house</i>	The lands dimensions do not prohibit the erection of a dwelling house, in respect of any development standard prescribing minimum land dimensions or area.
<i>Does the land include or comprise critical habitat</i>	No
<i>Is the land in a Conservation Area</i>	No
<i>Is there an item of Environmental Heritage situated on the land</i>	No
Can complying development be carried out on the land under the provisions of clauses 1.17(A), 1.18 and 1.19 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008	
<i>General Housing Code</i>	Complying Development under the General Housing Code may be carried out on this land.
<i>Rural Housing Code</i>	Not applicable.
<i>Housing Alterations Code</i>	Complying Development under the Housing Alterations Code may be carried out on this land.
<i>General Development Code</i>	Complying Development under the General Development Code may be carried out on this land.
<i>Commercial and Industrial Alterations Code</i>	Complying Development under the Commercial and Industrial Alterations Code may only be carried out on a building used as a specified non-residential purpose.
<i>Commercial and Industrial (New Buildings and Additions) Code</i>	Not applicable.
<i>Fire Safety Code</i>	Complying Development under the Fire Safety Code may only be carried out on an existing building used for a residential care facility or other specified non-residential use.
<i>Demolition Code</i>	Complying Development under the Demolition Code may be carried out on this land.
<i>Subdivisions Code</i>	Complying Development for strata subdivision under the Subdivisions Code may be carried out on this land.

<p>Disclaimer: This certificate only addresses matters raised in Clauses 1.17A, 1.18 and 1.19 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008. It is your responsibility to ensure that you comply with any other general requirements of the State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008. Failure to comply with these provisions may mean that a Complying Development Certificate issued under the provisions of the State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008 is invalid.</p>

Note: Clause 1.9 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying SEPP) specifies its relationship to local environmental plans (LEPs), development control plans (DCPs) and other State environmental planning policies (SEPPs). Please refer to Clauses 1.8 and 1.9 of this SEPP to determine the applicability of exempt and complying provisions of this SEPP, and other applicable LEPs, DCPs and SEPPs.

<i>Is the land affected by the operation of the Coastal Protection Act 1979</i>	No
<i>Are annual charges applicable to this land under the Local Government Act 1993 for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection work</i>	The land within the Yass Valley LGA is not affected by the Coastal Protection Act 1979 being an inland Council. As such, no annual charges apply to this land.
<i>Is the land proclaimed to be in a mine subsidence district within the meaning of the Mine Subsidence Compensation Act 1961</i>	No
<i>Is the land affected by any road widening or road re-alignment proposals under:</i>	
<i>Division 2 or Part 3 of the Roads Act 1993</i>	No
<i>Any Environmental Planning Instrument</i>	No
<i>Any resolution of the Council</i>	No
<i>Is the land affected by a policy adopted by the Council or by any other public authority that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of:</i>	
<i>Land slip</i>	No
<i>Bush fire</i>	Planning for Bush Fire Protection (2006) applies to all land identified below as bushfire prone. This document can be found at: http://www.rfs.nsw.gov.au under Publications.
<i>Tidal inundation</i>	No
<i>Subsidence</i>	No
<i>Acid sulphate soils</i>	No
<i>Any other risk</i>	No
<i>Is development of the land subject to flood related development controls</i>	Clause 6.2 'Flood Planning' of the Yass Valley LEP 2013 applies to land at or below the 1:100 ARI flood event level (plus 0.5 metre freeboard).
<i>Does any Environmental Planning Instrument or Draft Environmental Planning Instrument applying to the land provide for the acquisition of the land by a public authority as referred to in Section 27 of the Act</i>	No
<i>Contributions plans applying to the land</i>	Yarrowlumla Shire Council Section 94 Contributions Plan - No. 2, Provision of Access Roads.

<i>Does the property include or comprise biodiversity certified land (within the meaning of Part 7AA of the <u>Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995</u>)</i>	No
<i>Is the property subject to a biobanking agreement under part 7A of the <u>Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995</u></i>	No
<i>Is the land identified as Bush Fire Prone</i>	No
<i>Does any Property Vegetation Plan under the <u>Native Vegetation Act 2003</u> apply to this land</i>	No
<i>Has an order been made under the Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006</i>	No
<i>Has a site compatibility certificate been issued for seniors housing, infrastructure or affordable rental housing</i>	No
<i>Is the land significantly contaminated within the meaning of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997</i>	No
<i>Is the land subject to a management order within the meaning of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997</i>	No
<i>Is the land the subject of an approved voluntary management proposal within the meaning of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997</i>	No
<i>Is the land the subject of an ongoing maintenance order within the meaning of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997</i>	No
<i>Is the land the subject of a site audit statement (if a copy of such a statement has been provided to Council) within the meaning of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997</i>	No
<i>Is there any paper subdivision applicable to this land</i>	No
<i>Has a site verification certificate been issued that the land is land is biophysical strategic agricultural land or critical industry cluster land</i>	No
<i>Is the land listed on the Loose-fill asbestos insulation register of the NSW Fair Trading</i>	No
<i>Is there any affected building notice of which the Council is aware that is in force in respect of the land Note: affecting building notice has the same meaning as in Part 4 of the Building Products (Safety) Act 2017.</i>	No

Is there any building product rectification order of which the Council is aware that is in force in respect of the land and has not been fully complied with
Note: building product rectification order has the same meaning as in Building Products (Safety) Act 2017.

No

Is there any notice of intention to make a building product rectification order of which the Council is aware has been given in respect of the land and is outstanding

No

Additional matters

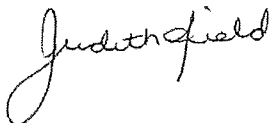
The property is identified as being Flood Prone in the Sutton Flood Study (March 2016). To view this study and the relevant management plan (December 2016) please visit Councils website - <https://www.yassvalley.nsw.gov.au/>

Note: Houses built prior to 1982 may contain loose fill asbestos. For further information contact WorkCover on 131 050 or www.workcover.nsw.gov.au.

Note: The information contained in this certificate needs to be read in conjunction with the provisions of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 and the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000.

Council draws your attention to section 10.7(6) which states that a council shall not incur any liability in respect of any advice provided in good faith pursuant to sub-section (5). The absence of any reference to any matter affecting the land shall not imply that the land is not affected by any matter not referred to in this certificate.

Interested persons should make their own enquiries as to whether any development consent mentioned in this certificate has lapsed.



Judith Field
Customer Services Officer

3 January 2019

SCHEDULE A

The following State Environmental Planning Policies (SEPPs) apply to the Yass Valley Local Government Area. These policies can be viewed online at www.legislation.nsw.gov.au

Title	Abstract
SEPP No. 21 Caravan Parks	This policy provides for the development of land for a caravan park catering for short-term residents (such as tourists) or for long-term residents.
SEPP No. 30 Intensive Agriculture	This policy relates to cattle feedlots and piggeries, outlining matters for consideration within the development assessment.
SEPP No. 33 Hazardous and Offensive Development	This policy relates to hazardous and offensive development, outlining matters for consideration in a development assessment, and that any measures proposed to be employed to reduce the impact of the development are taken into account
SEPP No. 36 Manufactured Home Estates	This policy helps establish well-designed and properly serviced manufactured home estates (MHEs) in suitable locations.
SEPP No. 44 Koala Habitat Protection	This policy encourages the conservation and management of areas of natural vegetation that provide habitat for koalas.
SEPP No. 55 Remediation of Land	This policy promotes the remediation of contaminated land, specifying considerations for rezoning land and determining development applications. It also requires that remediation work meet certain standards and notification requirements
SEPP No. 64 Advertising and Signage	This policy encourages signage which is compatible with the desired amenity and visual character of an area, and provides effective communication in suitable locations. This policy does not regulate the content of signage.
SEPP No. 65 Design Quality of Residential Flat Development	This policy aims to improve the design quality of residential flat development to achieve better built form and aesthetics of buildings and streetscapes. It also aims to maximise amenity, safety and security and minimise consumption of energy.
SEPP (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009	This policy encourages a balanced approach between obligations for retaining and mitigating the loss of existing affordable rental housing, and incentives for the development of new affordable rental housing.
SEPP (Building Sustainability Index: BASIX) 2004	This policy ensures state-wide consistency in the implementation of the BASIX scheme to encourage sustainable residential development.

<p style="text-align: center;">SEPP</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Educational Establishments and Child Care Facilities 2017</p>	<p>This policy sets out design requirements and planning approval pathways for child care centres, school, universities and TAFE establishments.</p>
<p style="text-align: center;">SEPP</p> <p style="text-align: center;">(Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008</p>	<p>This policy provides exempt and complying development codes that have State-wide application. It specifies types of development that are of minimal environmental impact that may either be carried out without the need for development consent, <u>or</u> may be carried out in accordance with a complying development certificate as defined in the Act.</p>
<p style="text-align: center;">SEPP</p> <p style="text-align: center;">(Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004</p>	<p>This policy aims to increase the supply, quality and diversity of residences to meet the needs of seniors or people with a disability.</p>
<p style="text-align: center;">SEPP</p> <p style="text-align: center;">(Infrastructure) 2007</p>	<p>This policy provides a consistent planning regime for infrastructure and the provision of services across NSW, along with providing for consultation with relevant public authorities during the assessment process. It supports greater flexibility in the location of infrastructure and service facilities along with improved regulatory certainty and efficiency.</p>
<p style="text-align: center;">SEPP</p> <p style="text-align: center;">(Mining, Petroleum Production and Extractive Industries) 2007</p>	<p>This policy aims to provide for the proper management and development of mineral, petroleum and extractive material resources for the social and economic welfare of the State. The policy establishes appropriate planning controls to encourage ecologically sustainable development.</p>
<p style="text-align: center;">SEPP</p> <p style="text-align: center;">(Miscellaneous Consent Provisions) 2007</p>	<p>This policy is to ensure that suitable provisions are made for ensuring the safety of persons using temporary structures, and to encourage the protection of the environment at the location, by managing noise, parking and traffic impacts and ensuring heritage protection.</p>
<p style="text-align: center;">SEPP</p> <p style="text-align: center;">(Rural Lands) 2008</p>	<p>This policy provides a consistent approach to rural planning across NSW. It provides rural planning principles and matters for consideration in approving rural subdivisions and dwellings.</p>
<p style="text-align: center;">SEPP</p> <p style="text-align: center;">(State and Regional Development) 2011</p>	<p>This policy identifies development that is State significant development, State significant infrastructure and critical State significant infrastructure. The Department of Planning and Infrastructure - through Joint Regional Planning Panels, is predominantly responsible for assessing these projects whose size, complexity, importance or potential impacts mean they are of State, rather than Local or Regional significance.</p>
<p style="text-align: center;">SEPP</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Vegetation in Non-Rural Areas 2017</p>	<p>This policy seeks to protect the amenity and biodiversity values of trees in urban areas of the State.</p>

SCHEDULE B

The following draft State Environmental Planning Policies which relate to the Yass Valley Local Government Area and which have been exhibited by the NSW Department of Planning and Environment between 1 September 2010 to date:

Title	Abstract
SEPP Primary Production and Rural Development (EIE exhibited 2017)	This policy is intended to consolidate and replace five existing SEPP's including the Rural Lands SEPP 2008 and Intensive agriculture SEPP No 30

SITE PLAN

AERATED SEPTIC TANK SYSTEM AND IRRIGATION AREA

Owner's Name BOB COLLIS

Site Address CAMP STREET

SUTTON

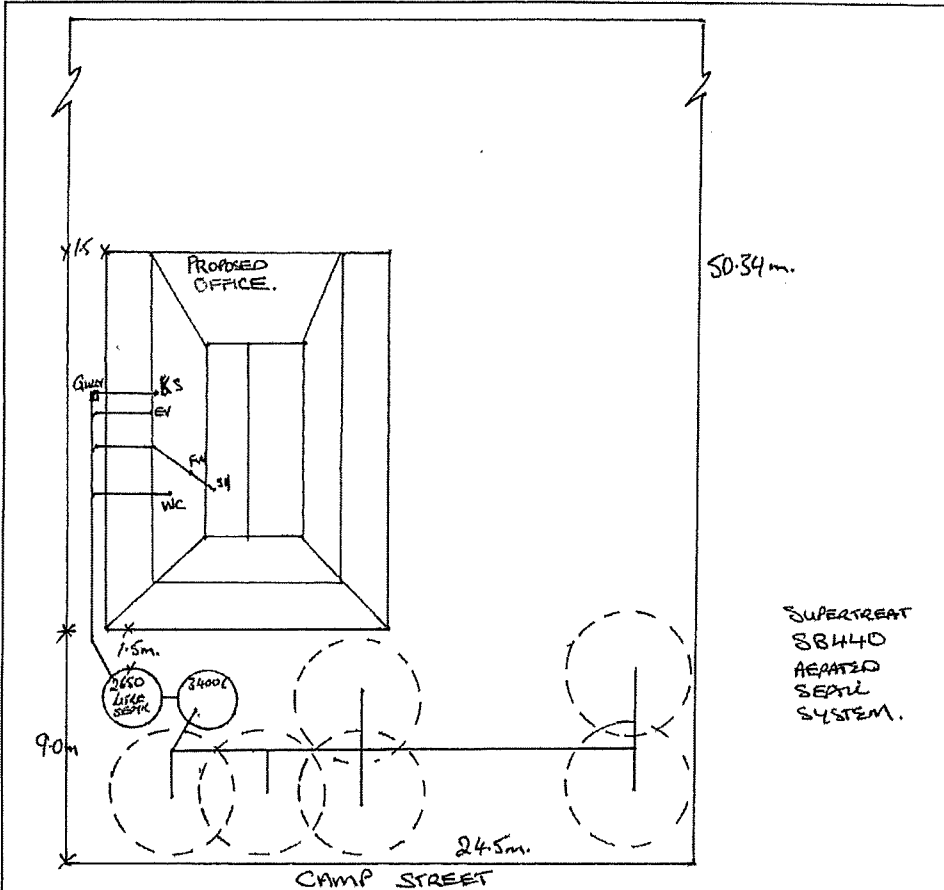
Postcode 2620

Phone:

Council YARROLUMLA

D.P. No.

Scale 1:200



IRRIGATION:

6 FINIAL BRIDGE TYPE

SPRINKLERS EMITTING

9.5 l/min IN 5.0m DIA

SPRAYS COVERING MINIMUM

AREA 120 M²

(See detailed specification overleaf)

THE TANK PEOPLE PTY. LTD.
 Office and Showroom
 RMB 6 Wickerslack Lane
 QUEANBEYAN N.S.W. 2620
 Phone (062) 97 7627

OUTFALL CODE

- | | |
|----------|-----------------|
| 1. W.C. | 4. SHOWER |
| 2. BASIN | 5. LAUNDRY TUB |
| 3. BATH | 6. KITCHEN SINK |

OR SEE ATTACHED FLOOR PLAN

SEWER SERVICE DIAGRAM

RECORD OF SEWER SERVICE DIAGRAM

Yass Valley Council wishes to advise that a diagram or plan of a Sewer Service (shows the location of private drainage and/or wastewater pipeline on the property) is held in Council's record for the following location and is attached for reference only.

APPLICATION REFERENCE:	190003
APPLICANT DETAILS:	InfoTrack Pty Limited GPO Box 4029 SYDNEY NSW 2001
PROPERTY OWNER:	Mr J I & Mrs C J Dauth
PROPERTY DESCRIPTION:	PH GOOROYAROO, LOT 1, DP 800016
PROPERTY ADDRESS:	51 Camp Street SUTTON NSW 2620
RECEIPT NUMBER:	21410
ISSUING OFFICER:	J Field
DATE OF ISSUE:	3 January 2019

Contact **Dial Before You Dig** on Tel: 1100 or www.1100.com.au for details on the location of any electricity, gas and communication cabling and pipes.

NOTE: The details provided in this Sewer Service Diagram reflect information contained in the Yass Valley Council's records. No warranty of accuracy is given and no responsibility is accepted by Council if the diagram or plan is inaccurate.

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO VENDORS AND PURCHASERS

Before signing this contract you should ensure that you understand your rights and obligations, some of which are not written in this contract but are implied by law.

WARNING—SMOKE ALARMS

The owners of certain types of buildings and strata lots must have smoke alarms (or in certain cases heat alarms) installed in the building or lot in accordance with regulations under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. It is an offence not to comply. It is also an offence to remove or interfere with a smoke alarm or heat alarm. Penalties apply.

WARNING—LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

Before purchasing land that includes any residential premises (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*) built before 1985, a purchaser is strongly advised to consider the possibility that the premises may contain loose-fill asbestos insulation (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*). In particular, a purchaser should:

- (a) search the Register required to be maintained under Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*, and
- (b) ask the relevant local council whether it holds any records showing that the residential premises contain loose-fill asbestos insulation.

For further information about loose-fill asbestos insulation (including areas in which residential premises have been identified as containing loose-fill asbestos insulation), contact NSW Fair Trading.

COOLING OFF PERIOD (PURCHASER'S RIGHTS)

1. This is the statement required by section 66X of the *Conveyancing Act 1919* and applies to a contract for the sale of residential property.
2. The purchaser may rescind the contract at any time before 5 p.m. on the fifth business day after the day on which the contract was made, **EXCEPT** in the circumstances listed in paragraph 3.
3. There is **NO COOLING OFF PERIOD**:
 - (a) if, at or before the time the contract is made, the purchaser gives to the vendor (or the vendor's solicitor or agent) a certificate that complies with section 66W of the Act, or
 - (b) if the property is sold by public auction, or
 - (c) if the contract is made on the same day as the property was offered for sale by public auction but passed in, or
 - (d) if the contract is made in consequence of the exercise of an option to purchase the property, other than an option that is void under section 66ZG of the Act.
4. A purchaser exercising the right to cool off by rescinding the contract will forfeit to the vendor 0.25% of the purchase price of the property. The vendor is entitled to recover the amount forfeited from any amount paid by the purchaser as a deposit under the contract and the purchaser is entitled to a refund of any balance.

DISPUTES

If you get into a dispute with the other party, the Law Society and Real Estate Institute encourage you to use informal procedures such as negotiation, independent expert appraisal, the Law Society Conveyancing Dispute Resolution Scheme or mediation (for example mediation under the Law Society Mediation Program).

AUCTIONS

Regulations made under the Property, Stock and Business Agents Act 2002 prescribe a number of conditions applying to sales by auction.

WARNINGS

1. Various Acts of Parliament and other matters can affect the rights of the parties to this contract. Some important matters are actions, claims, decisions, licences, notices, orders, proposals or rights of way involving:

Australian Taxation Office	NSW Fair Trading
Council	NSW Public Works Advisory
County Council	Office of Environment and Heritage
Department of Planning and Environment	Owner of adjoining land
Department of Primary Industries	Privacy
East Australian Pipeline Limited	Roads and Maritime Services
Electricity and gas	Subsidence Advisory NSW
Land & Housing Corporation	Telecommunications
Local Land Services	Transport for NSW
NSW Department of Education	Water, sewerage or drainage authority

If you think that any of these matters affects the property, tell your solicitor.

2. A lease may be affected by the Agricultural Tenancies Act 1990, the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or the Retail Leases Act 1994.
3. If any purchase money is owing to the Crown, it will become payable before obtaining consent, or if no consent is needed, when the transfer is registered.
4. If a consent to transfer is required under legislation, see clause 27 as to the obligations of the parties.
5. The vendor should continue the vendor's insurance until completion. If the vendor wants to give the purchaser possession before completion, the vendor should first ask the insurer to confirm this will not affect the insurance.
6. The purchaser will usually have to pay stamp duty (and sometimes surcharge purchaser duty) on this contract. If duty is not paid on time, a purchaser may incur penalties.
7. If the purchaser agrees to the release of deposit, the purchaser's right to recover the deposit may stand behind the rights of others (for example the vendor's mortgagee).
8. The purchaser should arrange insurance as appropriate.
9. Some transactions involving personal property may be affected by the Personal Property Securities Act 2009.
10. A purchaser should be satisfied that finance will be available at the time of completing the purchase.
11. Where the market value of the property is at or above a legislated amount, the purchaser may have to comply with a foreign resident capital gains withholding payment obligation (even if the vendor is not a foreign resident). If so, this will affect the amount available to the vendor on completion.
12. Purchasers of some residential properties may have to withhold part of the purchase price to be credited towards the GST liability of the vendor. If so, this will also affect the amount available to the vendor.

The vendor sells and the purchaser buys the *property* for the price under these provisions instead of Schedule 3 Conveyancing Act 1919, subject to any *legislation* that cannot be excluded.

1 Definitions (a term in italics is a defined term)

In this contract, these terms (in any form) mean –

<i>adjustment date</i>	the earlier of the giving of possession to the purchaser or completion;
<i>bank</i>	the Reserve Bank of Australia or an authorised deposit-taking institution which is a bank, a building society or a credit union;
<i>business day</i>	any day except a bank or public holiday throughout NSW or a Saturday or Sunday;
<i>cheque</i>	a cheque that is not postdated or stale;
<i>clearance certificate</i>	a certificate within the meaning of s14-220 of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> , that covers one or more days falling within the period from and including the contract date to completion;
<i>deposit-bond</i>	a deposit bond or guarantee from an issuer, with an expiry date and for an amount each approved by the vendor;
<i>depositholder</i>	vendor's agent (or if no vendor's agent is named in this contract, the vendor's <i>solicitor</i> , or if no vendor's <i>solicitor</i> is named in this contract, the buyer's agent);
<i>document of title</i>	document relevant to the title or the passing of title;
<i>FRCGW percentage</i>	the percentage mentioned in s14-200(3)(a) of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> (12.5% as at 1 July 2017);
<i>GST Act</i>	A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999;
<i>GST rate</i>	the rate mentioned in s4 of A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax Imposition - General) Act 1999 (10% as at 1 July 2000);
<i>legislation</i>	an Act or a by-law, ordinance, regulation or rule made under an Act;
<i>normally</i>	subject to any other provision of this contract;
<i>party</i>	each of the vendor and the purchaser;
<i>property</i>	the land, the improvements, all fixtures and the inclusions, but not the exclusions;
<i>planning agreement</i>	a valid voluntary agreement within the meaning of s7.4 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 entered into in relation to the <i>property</i> ;
<i>requisition</i>	an objection, question or requisition (but the term does not include a claim);
<i>remittance amount</i>	the lesser of the <i>FRCGW percentage</i> of the price (inclusive of GST, if any) and the amount specified in a <i>variation served by a party</i> ;
<i>rescind</i>	rescind this contract from the beginning;
<i>RW payment</i>	a payment which the purchaser must make under s14-250 of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> (the price multiplied by the <i>RW rate</i>);
<i>RW rate</i>	the rate determined under ss14-250(6), (8) or (9) of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> (as at 1 July 2018, usually 7% of the price if the margin scheme applies, 1/11 th if not);
<i>serve</i>	serve in writing on the other <i>party</i> ;
<i>settlement cheque</i>	an unendorsed <i>cheque</i> made payable to the person to be paid and – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • issued by a <i>bank</i> and drawn on itself; or • if authorised in writing by the vendor or the vendor's <i>solicitor</i>, some other <i>cheque</i>;
<i>solicitor</i>	in relation to a <i>party</i> , the <i>party's</i> solicitor or licensed conveyancer named in this contract or in a notice <i>served by the party</i> ;
<i>TA Act</i>	Taxation Administration Act 1953;
<i>terminate</i>	terminate this contract for breach;
<i>variation</i>	a variation made under s14-235 of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> ;
<i>within</i>	in relation to a period, at any time before or during the period; and
<i>work order</i>	a valid direction, notice or order that requires work to be done or money to be spent on or in relation to the <i>property</i> or any adjoining footpath or road (but the term does not include a notice under s22E of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 or clause 18B of the Swimming Pools Regulation 2008).

2 Deposit and other payments before completion

- 2.1 The purchaser must pay the deposit to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 2.2 *Normally*, the purchaser must pay the deposit on the making of this contract, and this time is essential.
- 2.3 If this contract requires the purchaser to pay any of the deposit by a later time, that time is also essential.
- 2.4 The purchaser can pay any of the deposit by giving cash (up to \$2,000) or by unconditionally giving a *cheque* to the *depositholder* or to the vendor, vendor's agent or vendor's *solicitor* for sending to the *depositholder*.
- 2.5 If any of the deposit is not paid on time or a *cheque* for any of the deposit is not honoured on presentation, the vendor can *terminate*. This right to *terminate* is lost as soon as the deposit is paid in full.
- 2.6 If the vendor accepts a bond or guarantee for the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 do not apply.
- 2.7 If the vendor accepts a bond or guarantee for part of the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 apply only to the balance.

- 2.8 If any of the deposit or of the balance of the price is paid before completion to the vendor or as the vendor directs, it is a charge on the land in favour of the purchaser until *termination* by the vendor or completion, subject to any existing right.
- 2.9 If each *party* tells the *depositholder* that the deposit is to be invested, the *depositholder* is to invest the deposit (at the risk of the *party* who becomes entitled to it) with a *bank*, in an interest-bearing account in NSW, payable at call, with interest to be reinvested, and pay the interest to the *parties* equally, after deduction of all proper government taxes and financial institution charges and other charges.
- 3 Deposit-bond**
- 3.1 This clause applies only if this contract says the vendor has agreed to accept a *deposit-bond* for the deposit (or part of it).
- 3.2 The purchaser must provide the original *deposit-bond* to the vendor's *solicitor* (or if no *solicitor* the *depositholder*) at or before the making of this contract and this time is essential.
- 3.3 If the *deposit-bond* has an expiry date and completion does not occur by the date which is 14 days before the expiry date, the purchaser must *serve* a replacement *deposit-bond* at least 7 days before the expiry date. The time for service is essential.
- 3.4 The vendor must approve a replacement *deposit-bond* if –
- 3.4.1 it is from the same issuer and for the same amount as the earlier *deposit-bond*; and
- 3.4.2 it has an expiry date at least three months after its date of issue.
- 3.5 A breach of clauses 3.2 or 3.3 entitles the vendor to *terminate*. The right to *terminate* is lost as soon as –
- 3.5.1 the purchaser *serves* a replacement *deposit-bond*; or
- 3.5.2 the deposit is paid in full under clause 2.
- 3.6 Clauses 3.3 and 3.4 can operate more than once.
- 3.7 If the purchaser *serves* a replacement *deposit-bond*, the vendor must *serve* the earlier *deposit-bond*.
- 3.8 The amount of any *deposit-bond* does not form part of the price for the purposes of clause 16.7.
- 3.9 The vendor must give the purchaser the *deposit-bond* –
- 3.9.1 on completion; or
- 3.9.2 if this contract is *rescinded*.
- 3.10 If this contract is *terminated* by the vendor –
- 3.10.1 *normally*, the vendor can immediately demand payment from the issuer of the *deposit-bond*; or
- 3.10.2 if the purchaser *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the vendor's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward the *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 3.11 If this contract is *terminated* by the purchaser –
- 3.11.1 *normally*, the vendor must give the purchaser the *deposit-bond*; or
- 3.11.2 if the vendor *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the purchaser's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward the *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 4 Transfer**
- 4.1 *Normally*, the purchaser must *serve* at least 14 days before the date for completion –
- 4.1.1 the form of transfer; and
- 4.1.2 particulars required to register any mortgage or other dealing to be lodged with the transfer by the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee.
- 4.2 If any information needed for the form of transfer is not disclosed in this contract, the vendor must *serve* it.
- 4.3 If the purchaser *serves* a form of transfer and the transferee is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for this form of transfer.
- 4.4 The vendor can require the purchaser to include a form of covenant or easement in the transfer only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land benefited.
- 5 Requisitions**
- 5.1 If a form of *requisitions* is attached to this contract, the purchaser is taken to have made those *requisitions*.
- 5.2 If the purchaser is or becomes entitled to make any other *requisition*, the purchaser can make it only by *servicing* it –
- 5.2.1 if it arises out of this contract or it is a general question about the *property* or title - *within* 21 days after the contract date;
- 5.2.2 if it arises out of anything *served* by the vendor - *within* 21 days after the later of the contract date and that *service*; and
- 5.2.3 in any other case - *within* a reasonable time.
- 6 Error or misdescription**
- 6.1 The purchaser can (but only before completion) claim compensation for an error or misdescription in this contract (as to the *property*, the title or anything else and whether substantial or not).
- 6.2 This clause applies even if the purchaser did not take notice of or rely on anything in this contract containing or giving rise to the error or misdescription.
- 6.3 However, this clause does not apply to the extent the purchaser knows the true position.

7 Claims by purchaser

- The purchaser can make a claim (including a claim under clause 6) before completion only by *servicing* it with a statement of the amount claimed, and if the purchaser makes one or more claims before completion –
- 7.1 the vendor can *rescind* if in the case of claims that are not claims for delay –
- 7.1.1 the total amount claimed exceeds 5% of the price;
- 7.1.2 the vendor *serves* notice of intention to *rescind*; and
- 7.1.3 the purchaser does not *serve* notice waiving the claims *within* 14 days after that *service*; and
- 7.2 if the vendor does not *rescind*, the *parties* must complete and if this contract is completed –
- 7.2.1 the lesser of the total amount claimed and 10% of the price must be paid out of the price to and held by the *depositholder* until the claims are finalised or lapse;
- 7.2.2 the amount held is to be invested in accordance with clause 2.9;
- 7.2.3 the claims must be finalised by an arbitrator appointed by the *parties* or, if an appointment is not made *within* 1 month of completion, by an arbitrator appointed by the President of the Law Society at the request of a *party* (in the latter case the *parties* are bound by the terms of the Conveyancing Arbitration Rules approved by the Law Society as at the date of the appointment);
- 7.2.4 the purchaser is not entitled, in respect of the claims, to more than the total amount claimed and the costs of the purchaser;
- 7.2.5 net interest on the amount held must be paid to the *parties* in the same proportion as the amount held is paid; and
- 7.2.6 if the *parties* do not appoint an arbitrator and neither *party* requests the President to appoint an arbitrator *within* 3 months after completion, the claims lapse and the amount belongs to the vendor.

8 Vendor's rights and obligations

- 8.1 The vendor can *rescind* if –
- 8.1.1 the vendor is, on reasonable grounds, unable or unwilling to comply with a *requisition*;
- 8.1.2 the vendor *serves* a notice of intention to *rescind* that specifies the *requisition* and those grounds; and
- 8.1.3 the purchaser does not *serve* a notice waiving the *requisition within* 14 days after that *service*.
- 8.2 If the vendor does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the purchaser can *terminate* by *servicing* a notice. After the *termination* –
- 8.2.1 the purchaser can recover the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract;
- 8.2.2 the purchaser can sue the vendor to recover damages for breach of contract; and
- 8.2.3 if the purchaser has been in possession a *party* can claim for a reasonable adjustment.

9 Purchaser's default

- If the purchaser does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the vendor can *terminate* by *servicing* a notice. After the *termination* the vendor can –
- 9.1 keep or recover the deposit (to a maximum of 10% of the price);
- 9.2 hold any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract as security for anything recoverable under this clause –
- 9.2.1 for 12 months after the *termination*; or
- 9.2.2 if the vendor commences proceedings under this clause *within* 12 months, until those proceedings are concluded; and
- 9.3 sue the purchaser either –
- 9.3.1 where the vendor has resold the *property* under a contract made *within* 12 months after the *termination*, to recover –
- the deficiency on resale (with credit for any of the deposit kept or recovered and after allowance for any capital gains tax or goods and services tax payable on anything recovered under this clause); and
 - the reasonable costs and expenses arising out of the purchaser's non-compliance with this contract or the notice and of resale and any attempted resale; or
- 9.3.2 to recover damages for breach of contract.

10 Restrictions on rights of purchaser

- 10.1 The purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* in respect of –
- 10.1.1 the ownership or location of any fence as defined in the Dividing Fences Act 1991;
- 10.1.2 a service for the *property* being a joint service or passing through another property, or any service for another property passing through the *property* ('service' includes air, communication, drainage, electricity, garbage, gas, oil, radio, sewerage, telephone, television or water service);
- 10.1.3 a wall being or not being a party wall in any sense of that term or the *property* being affected by an easement for support or not having the benefit of an easement for support;
- 10.1.4 any change in the *property* due to fair wear and tear before completion;

- 10.1.5 a promise, representation or statement about this contract, the *property* or the title, not set out or referred to in this contract;
- 10.1.6 a condition, exception, reservation or restriction in a Crown grant;
- 10.1.7 the existence of any authority or licence to explore or prospect for gas, minerals or petroleum;
- 10.1.8 any easement or restriction on use the substance of either of which is disclosed in this contract or any non-compliance with the easement or restriction on use; or
- 10.1.9 anything the substance of which is disclosed in this contract (except a caveat, charge, mortgage, priority notice or writ).
- 10.2 The purchaser cannot *rescind* or *terminate* only because of a defect in title to or quality of the inclusions.
- 10.3 *Normally*, the purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* or require the vendor to change the nature of the title disclosed in this contract (for example, to remove a caution evidencing qualified title, or to lodge a plan of survey as regards limited title).
- 11 Compliance with work orders**
- 11.1 *Normally*, the vendor must by completion comply with a *work order* made on or before the contract date and if this contract is completed the purchaser must comply with any other *work order*.
- 11.2 If the purchaser complies with a *work order*, and this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated*, the vendor must pay the expense of compliance to the purchaser.
- 12 Certificates and inspections**
- The vendor must do everything reasonable to enable the purchaser, subject to the rights of any tenant –
- 12.1 to have the *property* inspected to obtain any certificate or report reasonably required;
- 12.2 to apply (if necessary in the name of the vendor) for –
- 12.2.1 any certificate that can be given in respect of the *property* under *legislation*; or
- 12.2.2 a copy of any approval, certificate, consent, direction, notice or order in respect of the *property* given under *legislation*, even if given after the contract date; and
- 12.3 to make 1 inspection of the *property* in the 3 days before a time appointed for completion.
- 13 Goods and services tax (GST)**
- 13.1 Terms used in this clause which are not defined elsewhere in this contract and have a defined meaning in the *GST Act* have the same meaning in this clause.
- 13.2 *Normally*, if a *party* must pay the price or any other amount to the other *party* under this contract, GST is not to be added to the price or amount.
- 13.3 If under this contract a *party* must make an adjustment or payment for an expense of another party or pay an expense payable by or to a third party (for example, under clauses 14 or 20.7) –
- 13.3.1 the *party* must adjust or pay on completion any GST added to or included in the expense; but
- 13.3.2 the amount of the expense must be reduced to the extent the party receiving the adjustment or payment (or the representative member of a GST group of which that party is a member) is entitled to an input tax credit for the expense; and
- 13.3.3 if the adjustment or payment under this contract is consideration for a taxable supply, an amount for GST must be added at the *GST rate*.
- 13.4 If this contract says this sale is the supply of a going concern –
- 13.4.1 the *parties* agree the supply of the *property* is a supply of a going concern;
- 13.4.2 the vendor must, between the contract date and completion, carry on the enterprise conducted on the land in a proper and business-like way;
- 13.4.3 if the purchaser is not registered by the date for completion, the *parties* must complete and the purchaser must pay on completion, in addition to the price, an amount being the price multiplied by the *GST rate* ("the retention sum"). The retention sum is to be held by the *depositholder* and dealt with as follows –
- if *within* 3 months of completion the purchaser *serves* a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the purchaser is registered with a date of effect of registration on or before completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the purchaser; but
 - if the purchaser does not *serve* that letter *within* 3 months of completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the vendor; and
- 13.4.4 if the vendor, despite clause 13.4.1, *serves* a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the vendor has to pay GST on the supply, the purchaser must pay to the vendor on demand the amount of GST assessed.
- 13.5 *Normally*, the vendor promises the margin scheme will not apply to the supply of the *property*.
- 13.6 If this contract says the margin scheme is to apply in making the taxable supply, the *parties* agree that the margin scheme is to apply to the sale of the *property*.
- 13.7 If this contract says the sale is not a taxable supply –
- 13.7.1 the purchaser promises that the *property* will not be used and represents that the purchaser does not intend the *property* (or any part of the *property*) to be used in a way that could make the sale a taxable supply to any extent; and

- 13.7.2 the purchaser must pay the vendor on completion in addition to the price an amount calculated by multiplying the price by the *GST rate* if this sale is a taxable supply to any extent because of –
- a breach of clause 13.7.1; or
 - something else known to the purchaser but not the vendor.
- 13.8 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply in full and does not say the margin scheme applies to the *property*, the vendor must pay the purchaser on completion an amount of one-eleventh of the price if –
- 13.8.1 this sale is not a taxable supply in full; or
- 13.8.2 the margin scheme applies to the *property* (or any part of the *property*).
- 13.9 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply to an extent –
- 13.9.1 clause 13.7.1 does not apply to any part of the *property* which is identified as being a taxable supply; and
- 13.9.2 the payments mentioned in clauses 13.7 and 13.8 are to be recalculated by multiplying the relevant payment by the proportion of the price which represents the value of that part of the *property* to which the clause applies (the proportion to be expressed as a number between 0 and 1). Any evidence of value must be obtained at the expense of the vendor.
- 13.10 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must give the recipient of the supply a tax invoice for any taxable supply by the vendor by or under this contract.
- 13.11 The vendor does not have to give the purchaser a tax invoice if the margin scheme applies to a taxable supply.
- 13.12 If the vendor is liable for GST on rents or profits due to issuing an invoice or receiving consideration before completion, any adjustment of those amounts must exclude an amount equal to the vendor's GST liability.
- 13.13 If the purchaser must make an *RW payment* the purchaser must –
- 13.13.1 at least 5 days before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of an *RW payment* notification form to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under clause 4.3 has been *served*, by the transferee named in the transfer *served* with that direction;
- 13.13.2 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *RW payment* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
- 13.13.3 forward the *settlement cheque* to the payee immediately after completion; and
- 13.13.4 *serve* evidence of receipt of payment of the *RW payment*.
- 14 Adjustments**
- 14.1 *Normally*, the vendor is entitled to the rents and profits and will be liable for all rates, water, sewerage and drainage service and usage charges, land tax, levies and all other periodic outgoings up to and including the *adjustment date* after which the purchaser will be entitled and liable.
- 14.2 The *parties* must make any necessary adjustment on completion.
- 14.3 If an amount that is adjustable under this contract has been reduced under *legislation*, the *parties* must on completion adjust the reduced amount.
- 14.4 The *parties* must not adjust surcharge land tax (as defined in the Land Tax Act 1956) but must adjust any other land tax for the year current at the *adjustment date* –
- 14.4.1 only if land tax has been paid or is payable for the year (whether by the vendor or by a predecessor in title) and this contract says that land tax is adjustable;
- 14.4.2 by adjusting the amount that would have been payable if at the start of the year –
- the person who owned the land owned no other land;
 - the land was not subject to a special trust or owned by a non-concessional company; and
 - if the land (or part of it) had no separate taxable value, by calculating its separate taxable value on a proportional area basis.
- 14.5 If any other amount that is adjustable under this contract relates partly to the land and partly to other land, the *parties* must adjust it on a proportional area basis.
- 14.6 *Normally*, the vendor can direct the purchaser to produce a *settlement cheque* on completion to pay an amount adjustable under this contract and if so –
- 14.6.1 the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
- 14.6.2 the *cheque* must be forwarded to the payee immediately after completion (by the purchaser if the *cheque* relates only to the *property* or by the vendor in any other case).
- 14.7 If on completion the last bill for a water, sewerage or drainage usage charge is for a period ending before the *adjustment date*, the vendor is liable for an amount calculated by dividing the bill by the number of days in the period then multiplying by the number of unbilled days up to and including the *adjustment date*.
- 14.8 The vendor is liable for any amount recoverable for work started on or before the contract date on the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road.
- 15 Date for completion**
- The *parties* must complete by the date for completion and, if they do not, a *party* can *serve* a notice to complete if that *party* is otherwise entitled to do so.

16 Completion**• Vendor**

- 16.1 On completion the vendor must give the purchaser any *document of title* that relates only to the *property*.
- 16.2 If on completion the vendor has possession or control of a *document of title* that relates also to other property, the vendor must produce it as and where necessary.
- 16.3 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must cause the legal title to the *property* (being an estate in fee simple) to pass to the purchaser free of any mortgage or other interest, subject to any necessary registration.
- 16.4 The legal title to the *property* does not pass before completion.
- 16.5 If the vendor gives the purchaser a document (other than the transfer) that needs to be lodged for registration, the vendor must pay the lodgement fee to the purchaser, plus another 20% of that fee.
- 16.6 If a *party serves* a land tax certificate showing a charge on any of the land, on completion the vendor must give the purchaser a land tax certificate showing the charge is no longer effective against the land.
- 16.7 On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor, by cash (up to \$2,000) or *settlement cheque* –
- 16.7.1 the price less any:
- deposit paid;
 - *remittance amount payable*;
 - *RW payment*; and
 - amount payable by the vendor to the purchaser under this contract; and
- 16.7.2 any other amount payable by the purchaser under this contract.
- 16.8 If the vendor requires more than 5 *settlement cheques*, the vendor must pay \$10 for each extra *cheque*.
- 16.9 If any of the deposit is not covered by a bond or guarantee, on completion the purchaser must give the vendor an order signed by the purchaser authorising the *depositholder* to account to the vendor for the deposit.
- 16.10 On completion the deposit belongs to the vendor.

• Place for completion

- 16.11 *Normally*, the *parties* must complete at the completion address, which is –
- 16.11.1 if a special completion address is stated in this contract - that address; or
- 16.11.2 if none is stated, but a first mortgagee is disclosed in this contract and the mortgagee would usually discharge the mortgage at a particular place - that place; or
- 16.11.3 in any other case - the vendor's *solicitor's* address stated in this contract.
- 16.12 The vendor by reasonable notice can require completion at another place, if it is in NSW, but the vendor must pay the purchaser's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.
- 16.13 If the purchaser requests completion at a place that is not the completion address, and the vendor agrees, the purchaser must pay the vendor's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.

17 Possession

- 17.1 *Normally*, the vendor must give the purchaser vacant possession of the *property* on completion.
- 17.2 The vendor does not have to give vacant possession if –
- 17.2.1 this contract says that the sale is subject to existing tenancies; and
- 17.2.2 the contract discloses the provisions of the tenancy (for example, by attaching a copy of the lease and any relevant memorandum or variation).
- 17.3 *Normally*, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) or *rescind* if any of the land is affected by a protected tenancy (a tenancy affected by Part 2, 3, 4 or 5 Landlord and Tenant (Amendment) Act 1948).

18 Possession before completion

- 18.1 This clause applies only if the vendor gives the purchaser possession of the *property* before completion.
- 18.2 The purchaser must not before completion –
- 18.2.1 let or part with possession of any of the *property*;
- 18.2.2 make any change or structural alteration or addition to the *property*; or
- 18.2.3 contravene any agreement between the *parties* or any direction, document, *legislation*, notice or order affecting the *property*.
- 18.3 The purchaser must until completion –
- 18.3.1 keep the *property* in good condition and repair having regard to its condition at the giving of possession; and
- 18.3.2 allow the vendor or the vendor's authorised representative to enter and inspect it at all reasonable times.
- 18.4 The risk as to damage to the *property* passes to the purchaser immediately after the purchaser enters into possession.
- 18.5 If the purchaser does not comply with this clause, then without affecting any other right of the vendor –
- 18.5.1 the vendor can before completion, without notice, remedy the non-compliance; and

18.5.2 if the vendor pays the expense of doing this, the purchaser must pay it to the vendor with interest at the rate prescribed under s101 Civil Procedure Act 2005.

18.6 If this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated* the purchaser must immediately vacate the *property*.

18.7 If the *parties* or their *solicitors* on their behalf do not agree in writing to a fee or rent, none is payable.

19 Rescission of contract

19.1 If this contract expressly gives a *party* a right to *rescind*, the *party* can exercise the right –

19.1.1 only by *-serving* a notice before completion; and

19.1.2 in spite of any making of a claim or *requisition*, any attempt to satisfy a claim or *requisition*, any arbitration, litigation, mediation or negotiation or any giving or taking of possession.

19.2 *Normally*, if a *party* exercises a right to *rescind* expressly given by this contract or any *legislation* –

19.2.1 the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract must be refunded;

19.2.2 a *party* can claim for a reasonable adjustment if the purchaser has been in possession;

19.2.3 a *party* can claim for damages, costs or expenses arising out of a breach of this contract; and

19.2.4 a *party* will not otherwise be liable to pay the other *party* any damages, costs or expenses.

20 Miscellaneous

20.1 The *parties* acknowledge that anything stated in this contract to be attached was attached to this contract by the vendor before the purchaser signed it and is part of this contract.

20.2 Anything attached to this contract is part of this contract.

20.3 An area, bearing or dimension in this contract is only approximate.

20.4 If a *party* consists of 2 or more persons, this contract benefits and binds them separately and together.

20.5 A *party's solicitor* can receive any amount payable to the *party* under this contract or direct in writing that it is to be paid to another person.

20.6 A document under or relating to this contract is –

20.6.1 signed by a *party* if it is signed by the *party* or the *party's solicitor* (apart from a direction under clause 4.3);

20.6.2 *served* if it is *served* by the *party* or the *party's solicitor*;

20.6.3 *served* if it is *served* on the *party's solicitor*, even if the *party* has died or any of them has died;

20.6.4 *served* if it is *served* in any manner provided in s170 of the Conveyancing Act 1919;

20.6.5 *served* if it is sent by email or fax to the *party's solicitor*, unless in either case it is not received;

20.6.6 *served* on a person if it (or a copy of it) comes into the possession of the person; and

20.6.7 *served* at the earliest time it is *served*, if it is *served* more than once.

20.7 An obligation to pay an expense of another *party* of doing something is an obligation to pay –

20.7.1 if the *party* does the thing personally - the reasonable cost of getting someone else to do it; or

20.7.2 if the *party* pays someone else to do the thing - the amount paid, to the extent it is reasonable.

20.8 Rights under clauses 11, 13, 14, 17, 24, 30 and 31 continue after completion, whether or not other rights continue.

20.9 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that the purchaser has any cooling off rights.

20.10 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that any attached survey report is accurate or current.

20.11 A reference to any *legislation* (including any percentage or rate specified in *legislation*) is also a reference to any corresponding later *legislation*.

20.12 Each *party* must do whatever is necessary after completion to carry out the *party's* obligations under this contract.

20.13 Neither taking possession nor *-serving* a transfer of itself implies acceptance of the *property* or the title.

20.14 The details and information provided in this contract (for example, on pages 1 - 3) are, to the extent of each *party's* knowledge, true, and are part of this contract.

20.15 Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked.

21 Time limits in these provisions

21.1 If the time for something to be done or to happen is not stated in these provisions, it is a reasonable time.

21.2 If there are conflicting times for something to be done or to happen, the latest of those times applies.

21.3 The time for one thing to be done or to happen does not extend the time for another thing to be done or to happen.

21.4 If the time for something to be done or to happen is the 29th, 30th or 31st day of a month, and the day does not exist, the time is instead the last day of the month.

21.5 If the time for something to be done or to happen is a day that is not a *business day*, the time is extended to the next *business day*, except in the case of clauses 2 and 3.2.

21.6 *Normally*, the time by which something must be done is fixed but not essential.

22 Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975

22.1 The purchaser promises that the Commonwealth Treasurer cannot prohibit and has not prohibited the transfer under the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975.

22.2 This promise is essential and a breach of it entitles the vendor to *terminate*.

- 23 Strata or community title**
- **Definitions and modifications**
- 23.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) is a lot in a strata, neighbourhood, precinct or community scheme (or on completion is to be a lot in a scheme of that kind).
- 23.2 In this contract –
- 23.2.1 'change', in relation to a scheme, means –
- a registered or registrable change from by-laws set out in this contract;
 - a change from a development or management contract or statement set out in this contract; or
 - a change in the boundaries of common property;
- 23.2.2 'common property' includes association property for the scheme or any higher scheme;
- 23.2.3 'contribution' includes an amount payable under a by-law;
- 23.2.4 'information certificate' includes a certificate under s184 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and s26 Community Land Management Act 1989;
- 23.2.5 'information notice' includes a strata information notice under s22 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and a notice under s47 Community Land Management Act 1989;
- 23.2.6 'normal expenses', in relation to an owners corporation for a scheme, means normal operating expenses usually payable from the administrative fund of an owners corporation for a scheme of the same kind;
- 23.2.7 'owners corporation' means the owners corporation or the association for the scheme or any higher scheme;
- 23.2.8 'the *property*' includes any interest in common property for the scheme associated with the lot; and
- 23.2.9 'special expenses', in relation to an owners corporation, means its actual, contingent or expected expenses, except to the extent they are –
- normal expenses;
 - due to fair wear and tear;
 - disclosed in this contract; or
 - covered by moneys held in the capital works fund.
- 23.3 Clauses 11, 14.8 and 18.4 do not apply to an obligation of the owners corporation, or to property insurable by it.
- 23.4 Clauses 14.4.2 and 14.5 apply but on a unit entitlement basis instead of an area basis.
- **Adjustments and liability for expenses**
- 23.5 The *parties* must adjust under clause 14.1 –
- 23.5.1 a regular periodic contribution;
- 23.5.2 a contribution which is not a regular periodic contribution but is disclosed in this contract; and
- 23.5.3 on a unit entitlement basis, any amount paid by the vendor for a normal expense of the owners corporation to the extent the owners corporation has not paid the amount to the vendor.
- 23.6 If a contribution is not a regular periodic contribution and is not disclosed in this contract –
- 23.6.1 the vendor is liable for it if it was determined on or before the contract date, even if it is payable by instalments; and
- 23.6.2 the purchaser is liable for all contributions determined after the contract date.
- 23.7 The vendor must pay or allow to the purchaser on completion the amount of any unpaid contributions for which the vendor is liable under clause 23.6.1.
- 23.8 *Normally*, the purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* in respect of –
- 23.8.1 an existing or future actual, contingent or expected expense of the owners corporation;
- 23.8.2 a proportional unit entitlement of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot, apart from a claim under clause 6; or
- 23.8.3 a past or future change in the scheme or a higher scheme.
- 23.9 However, the purchaser can *rescind* if –
- 23.9.1 the special expenses of the owners corporation at the later of the contract date and the creation of the owners corporation when calculated on a unit entitlement basis (and, if more than one lot or a higher scheme is involved, added together), less any contribution paid by the vendor, are more than 1% of the price;
- 23.9.2 in the case of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot in a higher scheme –
- a proportional unit entitlement for the lot is not disclosed in this contract; or
 - a proportional unit entitlement for the lot is disclosed in this contract but the lot has a different proportional unit entitlement at the contract date or at any time before completion;
- 23.9.3 a change before the contract date or before completion in the scheme or a higher scheme substantially disadvantages the purchaser and is not disclosed in this contract; or

23.9.4 a resolution is passed by the owners corporation before the contract date or before completion to give a strata renewal plan to the owners in the scheme for their consideration and there is not attached to this contract a strata renewal proposal or the strata renewal plan.

• **Notices, certificates and inspections**

- 23.10 The purchaser must give the vendor 2 copies of an information notice addressed to the owners corporation and signed by the purchaser.
- 23.11 The vendor must complete and sign 1 copy of the notice and give it to the purchaser on completion.
- 23.12 Each *party* can sign and give the notice as agent for the other.
- 23.13 The vendor must *serve* an information certificate issued after the contract date in relation to the lot, the scheme or any higher scheme at least 7 days before the date for completion.
- 23.14 The purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after *service* of the certificate and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision. On completion the purchaser must pay the vendor the prescribed fee for the certificate.
- 23.15 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for the purchaser's own certificate.
- 23.16 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for and make an inspection of any record or other document in the custody or control of the owners corporation or relating to the scheme or any higher scheme.
- **Meetings of the owners corporation**
- 23.17 If a general meeting of the owners corporation is convened before completion –
- 23.17.1 if the vendor receives notice of it, the vendor must immediately notify the purchaser of it; and
- 23.17.2 after the expiry of any cooling off period, the purchaser can require the vendor to appoint the purchaser (or the purchaser's nominee) to exercise any voting rights of the vendor in respect of the lot at the meeting.

24 Tenancies

- 24.1 If a tenant has not made a payment for a period preceding or current at the *adjustment date* –
- 24.1.1 for the purposes of clause 14.2, the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
- 24.1.2 the purchaser assigns the debt to the vendor on completion and will if required give a further assignment at the vendor's expense.
- 24.2 If a tenant has paid in advance of the *adjustment date* any periodic payment in addition to rent, it must be adjusted as if it were rent for the period to which it relates.
- 24.3 If the *property* is to be subject to a tenancy on completion or is subject to a tenancy on completion –
- 24.3.1 the vendor authorises the purchaser to have any accounting records relating to the tenancy inspected and audited and to have any other document relating to the tenancy inspected;
- 24.3.2 the vendor must *serve* any information about the tenancy reasonably requested by the purchaser before or after completion; and
- 24.3.3 *normally*, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) if –
- a disclosure statement required by the Retail Leases Act 1994 was not given when required;
 - such a statement contained information that was materially false or misleading;
 - a provision of the lease is not enforceable because of a non-disclosure in such a statement; or
 - the lease was entered into in contravention of the Retail Leases Act 1994.
- 24.4 If the *property* is subject to a tenancy on completion –
- 24.4.1 the vendor must allow or transfer –
- any remaining bond money or any other security against the tenant's default (to the extent the security is transferable);
 - any money in a fund established under the lease for a purpose and compensation for any money in the fund or interest earned by the fund that has been applied for any other purpose; and
 - any money paid by the tenant for a purpose that has not been applied for that purpose and compensation for any of the money that has been applied for any other purpose;
- 24.4.2 if the security is not transferable, each *party* must do everything reasonable to cause a replacement security to issue for the benefit of the purchaser and the vendor must hold the original security on trust for the benefit of the purchaser until the replacement security issues;
- 24.4.3 the vendor must give to the purchaser –
- a proper notice of the transfer (an attornment notice) addressed to the tenant;
 - any certificate given under the Retail Leases Act 1994 in relation to the tenancy;
 - a copy of any disclosure statement given under the Retail Leases Act 1994;
 - a copy of any document served on the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion; and
 - any document served by the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion;
- 24.4.4 the vendor must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent it is to be complied with by completion; and

24.4.5 the purchaser must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent that the obligation is disclosed in this contract and is to be complied with after completion.

25 Qualified title, limited title and old system title

- 25.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) –
- 25.1.1 is under qualified, limited or old system title; or
- 25.1.2 on completion is to be under one of those titles.
- 25.2 The vendor must *serve* a proper abstract of title *within* 7 days after the contract date.
- 25.3 If an abstract of title or part of an abstract of title is attached to this contract or has been lent by the vendor to the purchaser before the contract date, the abstract or part is *served* on the contract date.
- 25.4 An abstract of title can be or include a list of documents, events and facts arranged (apart from a will or codicil) in date order, if the list in respect of each document –
- 25.4.1 shows its date, general nature, names of parties and any registration number; and
- 25.4.2 has attached a legible photocopy of it or of an official or registration copy of it.
- 25.5 An abstract of title –
- 25.5.1 must start with a good root of title (if the good root of title must be at least 30 years old, this means 30 years old at the contract date);
- 25.5.2 in the case of a leasehold interest, must include an abstract of the lease and any higher lease;
- 25.5.3 *normally*, need not include a Crown grant; and
- 25.5.4 need not include anything evidenced by the Register kept under the Real Property Act 1900.
- 25.6 In the case of land under old system title –
- 25.6.1 in this contract 'transfer' means conveyance;
- 25.6.2 the purchaser does not have to *serve* the form of transfer until after the vendor has *served* a proper abstract of title; and
- 25.6.3 each vendor must give proper covenants for title as regards that vendor's interest.
- 25.7 In the case of land under limited title but not under qualified title –
- 25.7.1 *normally*, the abstract of title need not include any document which does not show the location, area or dimensions of the land (for example, by including a metes and bounds description or a plan of the land);
- 25.7.2 clause 25.7.1 does not apply to a document which is the good root of title; and
- 25.7.3 the vendor does not have to provide an abstract if this contract contains a delimitation plan (whether in registrable form or not).
- 25.8 The vendor must give a proper covenant to produce where relevant.
- 25.9 The vendor does not have to produce or covenant to produce a document that is not in the possession of the vendor or a mortgagee.
- 25.10 If the vendor is unable to produce an original document in the chain of title, the purchaser will accept a photocopy from the Registrar-General of the registration copy of that document.
- ## 26 Crown purchase money
- 26.1 This clause applies only if purchase money is payable to the Crown, whether or not due for payment.
- 26.2 The vendor is liable for the money, except to the extent this contract says the purchaser is liable for it.
- 26.3 To the extent the vendor is liable for it, the vendor is liable for any interest until completion.
- 26.4 To the extent the purchaser is liable for it, the *parties* must adjust any interest under clause 14.1.
- ## 27 Consent to transfer
- 27.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) cannot be transferred without consent under *legislation* or a *planning agreement*.
- 27.2 The purchaser must properly complete and then *serve* the purchaser's part of an application for consent to transfer of the land (or part of it) *within* 7 days after the contract date.
- 27.3 The vendor must apply for consent *within* 7 days after *service* of the purchaser's part.
- 27.4 If consent is refused, either *party* can *rescind*.
- 27.5 If consent is given subject to one or more conditions that will substantially disadvantage a *party*, then that *party* can *rescind* *within* 7 days after receipt by or *service* upon the *party* of written notice of the conditions.
- 27.6 If consent is not given or refused –
- 27.6.1 *within* 42 days after the purchaser *serves* the purchaser's part of the application, the purchaser can *rescind*; or
- 27.6.2 *within* 30 days after the application is made, either *party* can *rescind*.
- 27.7 Each period in clause 27.6 becomes 90 days if the land (or part of it) is –
- 27.7.1 under a *planning agreement*; or
- 27.7.2 in the Western Division.
- 27.8 If the land (or part of it) is described as a lot in an unregistered plan, each time in clause 27.6 becomes the later of the time and 35 days after creation of a separate folio for the lot.
- 27.9 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 14 days after *service* of the notice granting consent to transfer.

28 Unregistered plan

- 28.1 This clause applies only if some of the land is described as a lot in an unregistered plan.
- 28.2 The vendor must do everything reasonable to have the plan registered *within* 6 months after the contract date, with or without any minor alteration to the plan or any document to be lodged with the plan validly required or made under *legislation*.
- 28.3 If the plan is not registered *within* that time and in that manner –
- 28.3.1 the purchaser can *rescind*; and
- 28.3.2 the vendor can *rescind*, but only if the vendor has complied with clause 28.2 and with any *legislation* governing the rescission.
- 28.4 Either *party* can *serve* notice of the registration of the plan and every relevant lot and plan number.
- 28.5 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after *service* of the notice.
- 28.6 Clauses 28.2 and 28.3 apply to another plan that is to be registered before the plan is registered.

29 Conditional contract

- 29.1 This clause applies only if a provision says this contract or completion is conditional on an event.
- 29.2 If the time for the event to happen is not stated, the time is 42 days after the contract date.
- 29.3 If this contract says the provision is for the benefit of a *party*, then it benefits only that *party*.
- 29.4 if anything is necessary to make the event happen, each *party* must do whatever is reasonably necessary to cause the event to happen.
- 29.5 A *party* can *rescind* under this clause only if the *party* has substantially complied with clause 29.4.
- 29.6 If the event involves an approval and the approval is given subject to a condition that will substantially disadvantage a *party* who has the benefit of the provision, the *party* can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party* *serves* notice of the condition.
- 29.7 If the *parties* can lawfully complete without the event happening –
- 29.7.1 if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after the end of that time;
- 29.7.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party* *serves* notice of the refusal; and
- 29.7.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after the earliest of –
- either *party* *serving* notice of the event happening;
 - every *party* who has the benefit of the provision *serving* notice waiving the provision; or
 - the end of the time for the event to happen.
- 29.8 If the *parties* cannot lawfully complete without the event happening –
- 29.8.1 if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen, either *party* can *rescind*;
- 29.8.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, either *party* can *rescind*;
- 29.8.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after either *party* *serves* notice of the event happening.
- 29.9 A *party* cannot *rescind* under clauses 29.7 or 29.8 after the event happens.

30 Electronic transaction

- 30.1 This *Conveyancing Transaction* is to be conducted as an *electronic transaction* if –
- 30.1.1 this contract says that it is a proposed *electronic transaction*;
- 30.1.2 the parties otherwise agree that it is to be conducted as an *electronic transaction*; or
- 30.1.3 the *conveyancing rules* require it to be conducted as an *electronic transaction*.
- 30.2 However, this *Conveyancing Transaction* is not to be conducted as an *electronic transaction* –
- 30.2.1 if the land is not *electronically tradeable* or the transfer is not eligible to be lodged electronically; or
- 30.2.2 if, at any time after it has been agreed that it will be conducted as an *electronic transaction*, a *party* *serves* a notice that it will not be conducted as an *electronic transaction*.
- 30.3 If, because of clause 30.2.2, this *Conveyancing Transaction* is not to be conducted as an *electronic transaction* –
- 30.3.1 each *party* must –
- bear equally any disbursements or fees; and
 - otherwise bear that *party's* own costs;
- incurred because this *Conveyancing Transaction* was to be conducted as an *electronic transaction*; and
- 30.3.2 if a *party* has paid all of a disbursement or fee which, by reason of this clause, is to be borne equally by the *parties*, that amount must be adjusted under clause 14.2.

- 30.4 If this *Conveyancing Transaction* is to be conducted as an *electronic transaction* –
- 30.4.1 to the extent, but only to the extent, that any other provision of this contract is inconsistent with this clause, the provisions of this clause prevail;
- 30.4.2 *normally*, words and phrases used in this clause 30 (italicised and in Title Case, such as *Electronic Workspace* and *Lodgement Case*) have the same meaning which they have in the *participation rules*;
- 30.4.3 the *parties* must conduct the *electronic transaction* in accordance with the *participation rules* and the *ECNL*;
- 30.4.4 a *party* must pay the fees and charges payable by that *party* to the *ELNO* and the *Land Registry* as a result of this transaction being an *electronic transaction*;
- 30.4.5 any communication from one *party* to another *party* in the *Electronic Workspace* made –
- after the *effective date*; and
 - before the receipt of a notice given under clause 30.2.2;
- is taken to have been received by that *party* at the time determined by s13A of the *Electronic Transactions Act 2000*; and
- 30.4.6 a document which is an *electronic document* is *served* as soon as it is first *Digitally Signed* in the *Electronic Workspace* on behalf of the *party* required to *serve* it.
- 30.5 *Normally*, the vendor must *within 7 days* of the *effective date* –
- 30.5.1 create an *Electronic Workspace*;
- 30.5.2 *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with *title data*, the date for completion and, if applicable, *mortgagee details*; and
- 30.5.3 invite the purchaser and any *discharging mortgagee* to the *Electronic Workspace*.
- 30.6 If the vendor has not created an *Electronic Workspace* in accordance with clause 30.5, the purchaser may create an *Electronic Workspace*. If the purchaser creates the *Electronic Workspace* the purchaser must –
- 30.6.1 *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with *title data*;
- 30.6.2 create and *populate* an *electronic transfer*;
- 30.6.3 *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with the date for completion and a nominated *completion time*; and
- 30.6.4 invite the vendor and any *incoming mortgagee* to join the *Electronic Workspace*.
- 30.7 *Normally*, *within 7 days* of receiving an invitation from the vendor to join the *Electronic Workspace*, the purchaser must –
- 30.7.1 join the *Electronic Workspace*;
- 30.7.2 create and *populate* an *electronic transfer*;
- 30.7.3 invite any *incoming mortgagee* to join the *Electronic Workspace*; and
- 30.7.4 *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with a nominated *completion time*.
- 30.8 If the purchaser has created the *Electronic Workspace* the vendor must *within 7 days* of being invited to the *Electronic Workspace* –
- 30.8.1 join the *Electronic Workspace*;
- 30.8.2 *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with *mortgagee details*, if applicable; and
- 30.8.3 invite any *discharging mortgagee* to join the *Electronic Workspace*.
- 30.9 To complete the financial settlement schedule in the *Electronic Workspace* –
- 30.9.1 the purchaser must provide the vendor with *adjustment figures* at least *2 business days* before the date for completion, and
- 30.9.2 the vendor must *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with payment details at least *1 business day* before the date for completion.
- 30.10 At least *1 business day* before the date for completion, the *parties* must ensure that –
- 30.10.1 all *electronic documents* which a *party* must *Digitally Sign* to complete the *electronic transaction* are *populated* and *Digitally Signed*;
- 30.10.2 all certifications required by the *ECNL* are properly given; and
- 30.10.3 they do everything else in the *Electronic Workspace* which that *party* must do to enable the *electronic transaction* to proceed to completion.
- 30.11 If completion takes place in the *Electronic Workspace* –
- 30.11.1 payment electronically on completion of the price in accordance with clause 16.7 is taken to be payment by a single *settlement cheque*;
- 30.11.2 the completion address in clause 16.11 is the *Electronic Workspace*; and
- 30.11.3 clauses 13.13.2 to 13.13.4, 16.8, 16.12, 16.13 and 31.2.2 to 31.2.4 do not apply.
- 30.12 If the computer systems of any of the *Land Registry*, the *ELNO* or the Reserve Bank of Australia are inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties*, a failure to complete this contract for that reason is not a default under this contract on the part of either *party*.
- 30.13 If the *Electronic Workspace* allows the *parties* to choose whether financial settlement is to occur despite the computer systems of the *Land Registry* being inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties* –
- 30.13.1 *normally*, the *parties* must choose that financial settlement not occur; however

- 30.13.2 if both *parties* choose that financial settlement is to occur despite such failure and financial settlement occurs –
- all *electronic documents Digitally Signed* by the vendor, the *certificate of title* and any discharge of mortgage, withdrawal of caveat or other *electronic document* forming part of the *Lodgement Case* for the *electronic transaction* shall be taken to have been unconditionally and irrevocably delivered to the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee at the time of financial settlement together with the right to deal with the land comprised in the *certificate of title*; and
 - the vendor shall be taken to have no legal or equitable interest in the *property*.
- 30.14 A *party* who holds a *certificate of title* must act in accordance with any *Prescribed Requirement* in relation to the *certificate of title* but if there is no *Prescribed Requirement*, the vendor must *serve* the *certificate of title* after completion.
- 30.15 If the *parties* do not agree about the delivery before completion of one or more documents or things that cannot be delivered through the *Electronic Workspace*, the *party* required to deliver the documents or things –
- 30.15.1 holds them on completion in escrow for the benefit of; and
- 30.15.2 must immediately after completion deliver the documents or things to, or as directed by; the *party* entitled to them.
- 30.16 In this clause 30, these terms (in any form) mean –
- | | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| <i>adjustment figures</i> | details of the adjustments to be made to the price under clause 14; |
| <i>certificate of title</i> | the paper duplicate of the folio of the register for the land which exists immediately prior to completion and, if more than one, refers to each such paper duplicate; |
| <i>completion time</i> | the time of day on the date for completion when the <i>electronic transaction</i> is to be settled; |
| <i>conveyancing rules</i> | the rules made under s12E of the Real Property Act 1900; |
| <i>discharging mortgagee</i> | any discharging mortgagee, chargee, covenant chargee or caveator whose provision of a <i>Digitally Signed</i> discharge of mortgage, discharge of charge or withdrawal of caveat is required in order for unencumbered title to the <i>property</i> to be transferred to the purchaser; |
| <i>ECNL</i> | the Electronic Conveyancing National Law (NSW); |
| <i>effective date</i> | the date on which the <i>Conveyancing Transaction</i> is agreed to be an <i>electronic transaction</i> under clause 30.1.2 or, if clauses 30.1.1 or 30.1.3 apply, the contract date; |
| <i>electronic document</i> | a dealing as defined in the Real Property Act 1900 which may be created and <i>Digitally Signed</i> in an <i>Electronic Workspace</i> ; |
| <i>electronic transfer</i> | a transfer of land under the Real Property Act 1900 for the <i>property</i> to be prepared and <i>Digitally Signed</i> in the <i>Electronic Workspace</i> established for the purposes of the <i>parties'</i> <i>Conveyancing Transaction</i> ; |
| <i>electronic transaction</i> | a <i>Conveyancing Transaction</i> to be conducted for the <i>parties</i> by their legal representatives as <i>Subscribers</i> using an <i>ELN</i> and in accordance with the <i>ECNL</i> and the <i>participation rules</i> ; |
| <i>electronically tradeable</i> | a land title that is Electronically Tradeable as that term is defined in the <i>conveyancing rules</i> ; |
| <i>incoming mortgagee</i> | any mortgagee who is to provide finance to the purchaser on the security of the <i>property</i> and to enable the purchaser to pay the whole or part of the price; |
| <i>mortgagee details</i> | the details which a <i>party</i> to the <i>electronic transaction</i> must provide about any <i>discharging mortgagee</i> of the <i>property</i> as at completion; |
| <i>participation rules</i> | the participation rules as determined by the <i>ENCL</i> ; |
| <i>populate</i> | to complete data fields in the <i>Electronic Workspace</i> ; and |
| <i>title data</i> | the details of the title to the <i>property</i> made available to the <i>Electronic Workspace</i> by the <i>Land Registry</i> . |
- 31 Foreign Resident Capital Gains Withholding**
- 31.1 This clause applies only if –
- 31.1.1 the sale is not an excluded transaction within the meaning of s14-215 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act*; and
- 31.1.2 a *clearance certificate* in respect of every vendor is not attached to this contract.
- 31.2 The purchaser must –
- 31.2.1 at least 5 days before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of a purchaser payment notification to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under clause 4.3 has been *served*, by the transferee named in the transfer *served* with that direction;
- 31.2.2 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *remittance amount* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
- 31.2.3 forward the *settlement cheque* to the payee immediately after completion; and

- 31.2.4 *serve* evidence of receipt of payment of the *remittance amount*.
- 31.3 The vendor cannot refuse to complete if the purchaser complies with clauses 31.2.1 and 31.2.2.
- 31.4 If the vendor *serves* any *clearance certificate* or *variation*, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after that *service* and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- 31.5 If the vendor *serves* in respect of every vendor either a *clearance certificate* or a *variation* to 0.00 percent, clauses 31.2 and 31.3 do not apply.

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