



### **Barraclough Jones & Associates**

Directors:

Specialist Lawyers & Conveyancers

R.M.BARRACLOUGH Acc.Spec. (Property Law) B.E.DRINKWATER B.A. LL.B. Acc.Spec. (Criminal Law)

Our Ref: RMB:JN:228359 Your Ref:

13 September 2021

The Manager
JKL Real Estate
PO Box 666
FORSTER NSW 2428

By email only : sales@jklrealestate.com

Dear Sir/Madam

Re:

Maynard Proposed Sale

Property: Unit 4/68-70 Little Street, Forster

Please find enclosed a copy of the draft Contract for Sale and Purchase of Land in respect to the above property. We look forward to receipt of your advice as soon as a sale of the property has been negotiated.

Please note that you should only effect an exchange of Contracts if the vendor specifically instructs you to do so. We would however appreciate it if you would contact us prior to effecting an exchange. Also please note that no alteration should be made to the conditions in the enclosed Contract without first referring to us.

In order to avoid unnecessary delays when a buyer is found, we would appreciate it if you would obtain the purchaser's **full legal name and address** so that Contracts can be prepared and issued correctly without any delays.

Yours faithfully

**BARRACLOUGH JONES & ASSOCIATES** 

RICHARD BARRACLOUGH

Accredited Specialist Property Law

68 MANNING STREET, TUNCURRY NSW 2428 PO BOX 271, TUNCURRY NSW 2428 DX 7109 FORSTER

TELEPHONE: 02 6554 8466 FACSIMILE: 02 6554 9928

EMAIL:

reception@barracloughjones.com.au



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## Contract for the sale and purchase of land 2019 edition

TERM	MEANING OF TERM	NSV	V DAN:	
vendor's agent	JKL Real Estate PO Box 666, FORSTER NSW	2428	Phone: Fax:	6554 8717 6555 8664
co-agent				
vendor	Jane Mary-Anne Maynard and 14 William Street, Black Head		nd Maynar	rd
vendor's solicitor	Barraclough Jones & Associates 68 Manning Street, Tuncurry NSW 2428 PO Box 271, Tuncurry NSW 2428 Ema			02 6554 8466 02 6554 9928 @barracloughjones.com.au
date for completion land (address, plan details and title reference)	42nd day after the contract date (clause 15) Unit 4/68-70 Little Street, Forster, New South Wales 2428 Registered Plan: Lot 4 Plan SP 16340 Folio Identifier 4/SP16340			
improvements	HOUSE garage c		carspac	
attached copies		cuments as marked or as	numbered	d: 
A real estate agent is	permitted by legislation to fill	up the items in this box	in a sale	
inclusions	<ul><li>☑ built-in wardrobes</li><li>☑ fixed</li><li>☐ clothes line</li><li>☑ insec</li></ul>	rasher ⊠ light floor coverings ⊠ range tscreens □ solar microwave convection o	e hood panels	<ul><li>Stove</li><li>□ pool equipment</li><li>□ TV antenna</li></ul>
exclusions				
purchaser				
purchaser's solicitor				
price deposit balance	\$ \$ \$	(10% of	the price,	unless otherwise stated)
contract date		(if not state	d, the date	this contract was made)
buyer's agent				
vendor	i i	MOUNT (optional) ce includes f: \$		witness
nurchaser 🖂 IOIN	T TENANTS T tenants in comm	non Din unequal share		witness

Choices

Vendor agrees to accept a <i>deposit-bond</i> (clause 3)	□ NO	☐ yes
Nominated Electronic Lodgment Network (ELN) (clause 30):	Pexa	
Electronic transaction (clause 30)	the propo	☑ YES  ndor must provide further details, such as used applicable waiver, in the space below, within 14 days of the contract date):
Tax information (the parties promise this is	correct as 1	ar as each party is aware)
Land tax is adjustable	□NO	☐ yes
GST: Taxable supply	□ NO	☐ yes in full ☐ yes to an extent
Margin scheme will be used in making the taxable supply  This sale is not a taxable supply because (one or more of the following).	□ NO	yes
☐ not made in the course or furtherance of an enterprise the supply of a going cond ☐ GST-free because the sale is the supply of a going cond ☐ GST-free because the sale is subdivided farm land or fa ☐ input taxed because the sale is of eligible residential presents.	nat the vend registered f cern under s rm land sup	for carries on (section 9-5(b)) for GST (section 9-5(d)) section 38-325 splied for farming under Subdivision 38-O
Purchaser must make a GSTRW payment	⊠ NO	yes (if yes, vendor must provide
(GST residential withholding payment)		further details)
contr	act date, the	tails below are not fully completed at the evendor must provide all these details in a within 14 days of the contract date.
GSTRW payment (GST residential withhouse Frequently the supplier will be the vendor. However, somet entity is liable for GST, for example, if the supplier is a part in a GST joint venture.	imes furthei	information will be required as to which
Supplier's name:		
Supplier's ABN:		
Supplier's GST branch address (if applicable):		
Supplier's business address:		
Supplier's email address:		
Supplier's phone number:		
Supplier's proportion of GSTRW payment:		
If more than one supplier, provide the above details	for each s	upplier.
Amount purchaser must pay – price multiplied by the GSTRW ra	ate (residen	tial withholding rate):
Amount must be paid: AT COMPLETION at another time	e (specify):	
Is any of the consideration not expressed as an amount in mone	ey? □ NO	☐ yes
If "yes", the GST inclusive market value of the non-monet	ary conside	ration: \$
Other details (including those required by regulation or the ATO	forms):	

#### **List of Documents**

General	Strata or community title (clause 23 of the contract)
☑ 1       property certificate for the land         ☑ 2       plan of the land         ☑ 3       unregistered plan of the land         ☑ 4       plan of land to be subdivided         ☑ 5       document that is to be lodged with a relevant plan section 10.7(2) planning certificate under Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979         ☑ 7       additional information included in that certificate under section 10.7(5)         ☑ 8       sewerage infrastructure location diagram (severice location diagram)         ☑ 9       sewer lines location diagram (sewerage service diagram)         ☑ 10       document that created or may have created an easement, profit à prendre, restriction on use or positive covenant disclosed in this contract         ☑ 11       planning agreement         ☑ 12       section 88G certificate (positive covenant)         ☑ 13       survey report         ☑ 14       building information certificate or building certificate given under legislation         ☑ 15       lease (with every relevant memorandum or variation)         ☑ 16       other document relevant to tenancies         ☑ 17       licence benefiting the land         ☑ 18       old system document         ☑ 19       Crown purchase statement of account         ☑ 20       building management statement         ☑ 21       form of requisitions <td><ul> <li></li></ul></td>	<ul> <li></li></ul>
HOLDER OF STRATA OR COMMUNITY TITLE RECORD	S – Name, address, email address and telephone
number	

Alliance Strata Group, 8 Wallis Street, Forster 2428 Phone: 02 6555 7510

#### SPECIAL CONDITIONS

#### CONTRACT FOR SALE AND PURCHASE OF LAND BETWEEN:

Jane Mary-Anne Maynard & Todd Christie Raymond Maynard (Vendor) AND (Purchaser)

#### 1. Amendments to Printed Provisions

- 1.1 The printed provisions of this Contract are amended as follows:
- 1.2 Clause 7.1.1 delete "5%" and insert in lieu thereof "1%";
- 1.3 Clause 7.2.4 delete "and the costs of the Purchaser".

#### 2. Notice to Perform and Complete

- 2.1 Should any event arise entitling either party to issue a Notice to Perform upon the other, then the parties agree that a period of fourteen (14) days from the service of such a Notice making time of the essence shall be a proper and reasonable time.
- 2.2 If either party serves on the other a Notice to Complete, the party served shall not object to the Notice on the ground that the time stipulated for completion is unreasonable if that time is not less than 14 days.
- 2.3 The party serving a Notice to Complete may:
  - a. at any time withdraw the Notice to Complete by further notice to the party in default;
  - b. at its option issue a further Notice to Complete.

#### 3. Death, Liquidation, etc.

3.1 Without affecting any other right of the parties, if either party:

#### being an individual:

- 3.1.1 dies; or
- 3.1.2 becomes incapable by unsoundness of mind to manage the party's own affairs.

#### or, being a company:

- 3.1.3 resolves to go into liquidation;
- has a petition for its winding up presented and not withdrawn within thirty (30) days of presentation;
- 3.1.5 enters into any scheme of arrangement with its creditors under the relevant provisions of the *Corporations Law* or any similar legislation; or
- 3.1.6 has a liquidator, provisional liquidator, administrator, receiver or receiver and a manager of it appointed

either party can rescind.

#### 4. Purchaser Acknowledgement

- 4.1 The Purchaser acknowledges:
  - i. he has not been induced to enter into this Contract for Sale of land by any representation, statement or warranty made or given by the Vendor or on behalf of the Vendor, other than those embodied in this Contract,

- ii. the property, the improvements erected on the property, the services and the inclusions are sold in their present location, state of repair and condition as inspected by the Purchaser;
- iii. he has relied entirely upon his own inspection of the property, the improvements thereon and the inclusions; and
- iv. that he will make no objection requisition or claim for compensation in regard to the foregoing matters or any of them.

#### 5. Liquidated Damages

#### 5.1 Where:

- i. the Vendor is ready, willing and able to execute the assurance of the property and complete this contract; and
- ii. the Purchaser does not complete this contract on the completion date,

the Purchaser must pay to the Vendor on completion:

- iii. liquidated damages on the balance of the purchase price at the rate of eight per cent (8%) per annum (calculated daily) from and including the day after the completion date to the actual date of completion.
- iv. The Purchaser acknowledges that the payment required under subparagraph (iii) represents a genuine pre-estimate of the liquidated damages likely to be suffered by the Vendor as a result of completion not taking place by the completion date.
- V The parties agree that the payments under this clause are made on account of damages and that the Vendor shall not be required to settle unless such amounts are paid by the Purchaser on completion.
- vi. The Vendor's right to the payments under this special condition shall not limit any other rights the Vendor may have against the Purchaser as a result of the Purchaser's failure to complete this Contract in accordance with the provisions of this Contract.

#### 5.2 Where:

- i. A party is ready, willing and able to complete this Contract; and
- ii. The other party does not complete this Contract on the date for completion,

the party failing to complete must pay the sum of \$275.00 on account of the additional legal fees incurred because of the delay if a Notice to Perform or Notice to Complete is issued.

#### 6. Indemnity regarding Real Estate Agent

- 6.1 The Purchaser warrants that he was not introduced to the property by any Real Estate Agent (if any) other than the Agent shown as the "Vendor's Agent" or "Co-Agent" on the front page of this Contract.
- 6.2 Should any other Real Estate Agent make a successful claim for commission against the Vendor based on the fact that such agent introduced the Purchaser to the property then the Purchaser will indemnify the Vendor in respect of such commission and in respect of all costs of and incidental to such claim for commission incurred by the Vendor.

This clause will not merge on completion.

#### 7. Requisitions on Title

Annexed to this Contract are Requisitions on Title which the purchasers are deemed to have raised upon exchange of Contracts.

#### 8. Exchange of Contracts by email

- 8.1 In the event that the vendor and the purchaser agree to effect an exchange of Contracts by email the following procedure is to be followed:
  - i. the purchaser's solicitor is to email to the vendor's solicitor a copy of the Contract signed by the purchaser;
  - ii. the purchaser's solicitor is to authorise the vendor's solicitor in writing to proceed to an exchange of Contracts in identical terms to the Contract signed by the purchaser.
  - iii. Following exchange, the vendor's solicitor will email to the purchaser's solicitor a copy of the vendor's signed and dated Contract.
  - iv. For the purposes of the *Electronic Transactions Act, 2000 (NSW)*, each party may rely on the scanned and dated Contract signed by the other party as a binding exchanged Contract;
  - v The parties agree that it will not be necessary to post or otherwise send a hard copy of the exchanged contract to the other party following exchange.

#### 9. Guarantee

- 9.1 If the Purchaser of the property is a company, the officers or persons who sign this Contract on behalf of the Company, or who attest the seal of the Company on this Contract:
  - i. Jointly and separately guarantee all obligations of the Purchaser under this agreement, including the payment of the purchase price;
  - ii. Jointly and separately indemnify the Vendor in respect of any default of the Purchaser under this agreement.
- 9.2 This Guarantee and Indemnity is given by each guarantor as principal and is not discharged or released by any release or variation of this agreement between the Vendor and the Purchaser.

#### STRATA TITLE (RESIDENTIAL) PROPERTY REQUISITIONS ON TITLE

Vendor: Purchaser: Property:

Unit 4, 68-70 Little Street, Forster

Dated:

#### Possession and tenancies

- 1. Vacant possession of the Property must be given on completion unless the Contract provides otherwise.
- 2. Is anyone in adverse possession of the Property or any part of it?

3.

- (a) What are the nature and provisions of any tenancy or occupancy?
- (b) If they are in writing, all relevant documentation should be produced, found in order and handed over on completion with notices of attornment.
- (c) Please specify any existing breaches.
- (d) All rent should be paid up to or beyond the date of completion.
- (e) Please provide details of any bond together with the Rental Bond Board's reference number.
- If any bond money is held by the Rental Bond Board, the appropriate transfer documentation duly signed should be handed over on completion.
- 4. Is the Property affected by a protected tenancy (tenancy affected by Parts 2, 3, 4 or 5 of the Landlord and Tenant (Amendment) Act 1948 (NSW))? If so, please provide details.
- 5. If the tenancy is subject to the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 (NSW):
  - (a) has either the vendor or any predecessor or the tenant applied to the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal for an order?
  - (b) have any orders been made by the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal? If so, please provide details.

#### Title

- Subject to the Contract, on completion the vendor should be registered as proprietor in fee simple of the Property free from all encumbrances and notations and recorded as the owner of the Property on the strata roll, free from all other interests.
- 7. On or before completion, any mortgage, caveat, writ or priority notice must be discharged, withdrawn, cancelled or removed as the case may be or, in the case of a mortgage, caveat or priority notice, an executed discharge or withdrawal or removal handed over on completion together with a notice under Section 22 of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 (NSW) (Act).
- 8. Are there any proceedings pending or concluded that could result in the recording of any writ on the title to the Property or in the General Register of Deeds? If so, full details should be provided at least 14 days prior to completion.
- 9. When and where may the title documents be inspected?
- 10. Are any chattels or fixtures subject to any hiring or leasing agreement or charge or to any security interest under the *Personal Properties Securities Act 2009 (Cth)*? If so, details must be given and all indebtedness cleared and title transferred unencumbered to the vendor prior to completion.

#### Adjustments

- 11. All outgoings referred to in clause 14.1 of the Contract must be paid up to and including the date of completion.
- 12. Is the vendor liable to pay land tax or is the Property otherwise charged or liable to be charged with land tax? If so:
  - (a) to what year has a return been made?
  - (b) what is the taxable value of the Property for land tax purposes for the current year?
- 13. The vendor must serve on the purchaser a current land tax certificate (issued under Section 47 of the Land Tax Management Act 1956 (NSW)) at least 14 days before completion.

#### Survey and building

- 14. Subject to the Contract, survey should be satisfactory and show that the whole of the Property and the common property is available, that there are no encroachments by or upon the Property or the common property.
- 15. Is the vendor in possession of a survey report? If so, please produce a copy for inspection prior to completion. The original should be handed over on completion.
- 16. In respect of the Property and the common property:
  - (a) Have the provisions of the Local Government Act (NSW), the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (NSW) and their regulations been complied with?
  - (b) Is there any matter that could justify the making of an upgrading or demolition order in respect of any building or structure?

- (c) Has the vendor a Building Certificate which relates to all current buildings or structures on the Property? If so, it should be handed over on completion. Please provide a copy in advance.
- (d) Has the vendor a Final Occupation Certificate issued under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* for all current buildings or structures on the Property? If so, it should be handed over on completion. Please provide a copy in advance.
- (e) In respect of any residential building work carried out in the last 7 years:
  - (i) please identify the building work carried out;
  - (ii) when was the building work completed?
  - (iii) please state the builder's name and licence number;
  - (iv) please provide details of insurance under the Home Building Act 1989 (NSW).
- (f) Are there any proposals by the Owners Corporation or an owner of a lot to make any additions or alterations or to erect any new structures on the common property? If so, please provide details.
- (g) Has any work been carried out by the vendor on the Property or the common property? If so:
  - (i) has the work been carried out in accordance with the by-laws and all necessary approvals and consents?
  - (ii) does the vendor have any continuing obligations in relation to the common property affected?
- 17. Is the vendor aware of any proposals to:
  - (a) resume the whole or any part of the Property or the common property?
  - (b) carry out building alterations to an adjoining lot which may affect the boundary of that lot or the Property?
  - (c) deal with, acquire, transfer, lease or dedicate any of the common property?
  - (d) dispose of or otherwise deal with any lot vested in the Owners Corporation?
  - (e) create, vary or extinguish any easements, restrictions or positive covenants over the Property or the common property?
  - (f) subdivide or consolidate any lots and/or any common property or to convert any lots into common property?
  - (g) grant any licence to any person, entity or authority (including the Council) to use the whole or any part of the common property?
- 18. Has the vendor (or any predecessor) or the Owners Corporation entered into any agreement with or granted any indemnity to the Council or any other authority concerning any development on the Property or the common property?
- 19. In relation to any swimming pool on the Property or the common property:
  - (a) did its installation or construction commence before or after 1 August 1990?
  - (b) has the swimming pool been installed or constructed in accordance with approvals under the Local Government Act 1919 (NSW) and Local Government Act 1993 (NSW)?
  - (c) does it comply with the provisions of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 (NSW) and regulations relating to access? If not, please provide details or the exemptions claimed;
  - (d) have any notices or orders issued or been threatened under the Swimming Pools Act 1992 (NSW) or regulations?
  - (e) if a certificate of non-compliance has issued, please provide reasons for its issue if not disclosed in the contract;
  - (f) originals of certificate of compliance or non-compliance and occupation certificate should be handed over on settlement.
  - (a) Is the vendor aware of any dispute regarding boundary or dividing fences in the strata scheme?
  - (b) Is the vendor aware of any notice, claim or proceedings under the *Dividing Fences Act 1991 (NSW)* or the *Encroachment of Buildings Act 1922 (NSW)* affecting the strata scheme?

#### Affectations, notices and claims

20.

- 21. In respect of the Property and the common property:
  - (a) Is the vendor aware of any rights, licences, easements, covenants or restrictions as to use of them other than those disclosed in the Contract?
  - (b) Has any claim been made by any person to close, obstruct or limit access to or from them or to prevent the enjoyment of any easement appurtenant to them?
  - (c) Is the vendor aware of:
    - (i) any road, drain, sewer or storm water channel which intersects or runs through them?
    - (ii) any dedication to or use by the public of any right of way or other easement over any part of them?
    - (iii) any latent defects in them?
  - (d) Has the vendor any notice or knowledge of them being affected by the following:
    - (i) any notice requiring work to be done or money to be spent on them or any footpath or road adjoining? If so, such notice must be complied with prior to completion.
    - (ii) any work done or intended to be done on them or the adjacent street which may create a charge on them or the cost of which might be or become recoverable from the purchaser?
    - (iii) any sum due to any local or public authority recoverable from the purchaser? If so, it must be paid prior to completion.
    - (iv) any realignment or proposed realignment of any road adjoining them?

(v) any contamination including, but not limited to, materials or substances dangerous to health such as asbestos and fibreglass?

#### Applications, Orders etc

- Are there any applications made, proposed or threatened, whether by an owner of a lot or the Owners Corporation, to the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal, any Court or to the Registrar General for orders relating to the strata scheme, the Property or the common property (including orders to vary the strata scheme consequent upon damage or destruction or to terminate the strata scheme) which are yet to be determined? If so, please provide particulars.
- 23. Are there any mediations currently being conducted by the Commissioner of Fair Trading, Department of Finance Services and Innovation in relation to the Property or the common property which involve the vendor or the Owners Corporation? If so, please provide particulars.
- 24. Are there any:

(b)

- (a) orders of the Tribunal;
  - notices of or investigations by the Owners Corporation;
- (c) notices or orders issued by any Court; or
- (d) notices or orders issued by the Council or any public authority or water authority,

affecting the Property or the common property not yet complied with? In so far as they impose an obligation on the vendor they should be complied with by the vendor before completion.

- 25. Have any orders been made by any Court or Tribunal that money (including costs) payable by the Owners Corporation be paid from contributions levied in relation to the Property? If so, please provide particulars.
- Has the vendor made any complaints or been the subject of any complaints arising out of noise affecting the Property or emanating from the Property?
- 27. Has any proposal been given by any person or entity to the Owners Corporation for:
  - (a) a collective sale of the strata scheme; or
  - (b) a redevelopment of the strata scheme?

If so, please provide particulars of the proposal and the steps taken and decisions made in relation to the proposal to the present time.

#### **Owners Corporation management**

- 28. Has the initial period expired?
- 29. Are any actions proposed to be taken or have any been taken by the Owners Corporation in the initial period which would be in breach of its powers without an order authorising them?
- 30. If the Property includes a utility lot, please specify the restrictions.
- 31. Do any special expenses (as defined in clause 23.2 of the Contract, including any liabilities of the Owners Corporation) exceed 1% of the price?
- 32. Has an appointment of a strata managing agent and/or a building manager been made? If so:
  - (a) who has been appointed to each role;
  - (b) when does the term or each appointment expire; and
  - (c) what functions have been delegated to the strata managing agent and/or the building manager.
- 33. Has the Owners Corporation entered into any agreement to provide amenities or services to the Property? If so, please provide particulars.
- 34. Has a resolution been passed for the distribution of surplus money from the administrative fund or the capital works fund? If so, please provide particulars.
- 35. Have the by-laws adopted a common property memorandum as prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of Section 107 of the Act? If so, has the memorandum been modified? Please provide particulars.
- 36. Is there a registered building management statement pursuant to Section 108 of the *Strata Schemes Development Act 2015 (NSW)*? If so, are there any proposals to amend the registered building management statement?
- 37. If the strata scheme was in existence at 30 November 2016, has the Owners Corporation taken steps to review the by-laws that were current at that date? If so, please provide particulars.
- 38. Are there any pending proposals to amend or repeal the current by-laws or to add to them?
- 39. Are there any proposals, policies or by-laws in relation to the conferral of common property rights or which deal with short term licences and/or holiday lettings?
- 40. If not attached to the Contract, a strata information certificate under Section 184 of the Act should be served on the purchaser at least 7 days prior to completion.
- 41. Has the Owners Corporation met all of its obligations under the Act relating to:
  - (a) insurances;
  - (b) fire safety;
  - (c) occupational health and safety;
  - (d) building defects and rectification in relation to any applicable warranties under the Home Building Act 1989 (NSW):
  - (e) the preparation and review of the 10 year plan for the capital works fund; and
  - (f) repair and maintenance.
- 42. Is the secretary of the Owners Corporation in receipt of a building bond for any building work on a building that is part of the Property or the common property?
- 43. Has an internal dispute resolution process been established? If so, what are its terms?
- 44. Has the Owners Corporation complied with its obligation to lodge tax returns with the Australian Taxation Office and has all tax liability been paid?

Capacity

45. If the Contract discloses that the vendor is a trustee, evidence should be produced to establish the trustee's power of sale.

Requisitions and transfer

- 46. If not attached to the Contract and the transaction is not an excluded transaction, any *clearance* certificate under Section 14-220 of Schedule 1 of the *Taxation Administration Act 1953 (Cth)* should be served on the purchaser at least 7 days prior to completion.
- 47. If the transfer or any other document to be handed over on completion is executed pursuant to a power of attorney, then at least 7 days prior to completion a copy of the registered power of attorney should be produced and found in order.
- 48. If the vendor has or is entitled to have possession of the title deeds the Certificate Authentication Code must be provided 7 days prior to settlement.
- 49. Searches, surveys, enquiries and inspection of title deeds must prove satisfactory.
- 50. The purchaser reserves the right to make further requisitions prior to completion.
- 51. Unless we are advised by you to the contrary prior to completion, it will be assumed that your replies to these requisitions remain unchanged as at the completion date.



NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: 4/SP16340

EDITION NO DATE SEARCH DATE TIME \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ 4:21 PM 28/1/2021 13/9/2021

NO CERTIFICATE OF TITLE HAS ISSUED FOR THE CURRENT EDITION OF THIS FOLIO. CONTROL OF THE RIGHT TO DEAL IS HELD BY NATIONAL AUSTRALIA BANK LIMITED.

LAND \_\_\_\_

LOT 4 IN STRATA PLAN 16340 AT FORSTER LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA MID-COAST

FIRST SCHEDULE \_\_\_\_\_\_

JANE MARY-ANNE MAYNARD TODD CHRISTIE RAYMOND MAYNARD AS JOINT TENANTS

(T AQ759171)

SECOND SCHEDULE (2 NOTIFICATIONS)

INTERESTS RECORDED ON REGISTER FOLIO CP/SP16340

AQ759172 MORTGAGE TO NATIONAL AUSTRALIA BANK LIMITED 2

**NOTATIONS** \_\_\_\_\_

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

\*\*\* END OF SEARCH \*\*\*

228359

PRINTED ON 13/9/2021





NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: CP/SP16340

EDITION NO DATE SEARCH DATE TIME ----\_\_\_\_\_ 13/9/2021 3 19/3/2020 4:21 PM

LAND

THE COMMON PROPERTY IN THE STRATA SCHEME BASED ON STRATA PLAN 16340 WITHIN THE PARCEL SHOWN IN THE TITLE DIAGRAM

AT FORSTER LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA MID-COAST PARISH OF FORSTER COUNTY OF GLOUCESTER TITLE DIAGRAM SHEET 1 SP16340

#### FIRST SCHEDULE

THE OWNERS - STRATA PLAN NO. 16340 ADDRESS FOR SERVICE OF DOCUMENTS: CAMELOT **60 LITTLE STREET** FORSTER 2428

#### SECOND SCHEDULE (3 NOTIFICATIONS)

- LAND EXCLUDES MINERALS AND IS SUBJECT TO RESERVATIONS AND CONDITIONS IN FAVOUR OF THE CROWN - SEE CROWN GRANT(S)
- INITIAL PERIOD EXPIRED 2  $\Delta$ M3383
- AP975003 CONSOLIDATION OF REGISTERED BY-LAWS

#### SCHEDULE OF UNIT ENTITLEMENT (AGGREGATE: 180)

#### STRATA PLAN 16340

	• •							
LOT		ENT	LOT	ENT	LOT	ENT	LOT	ENT
1	_	7	2 -	8	3 -	6	4 -	7
5	_	8	6 -	6	7 -	7	8 -	8
9	-	6	10 -	6	11 -	6	12 -	6
13	-	6	14 -	6	15 -	6	16 -	7
17	_	7	18 -	6	19 -	7	20 -	6
21	-	6	22 -	6	23 -	6	24 -	6
25	-	6	26 -	6	27 -	6	28 -	6

#### NOTATIONS \_\_\_\_\_

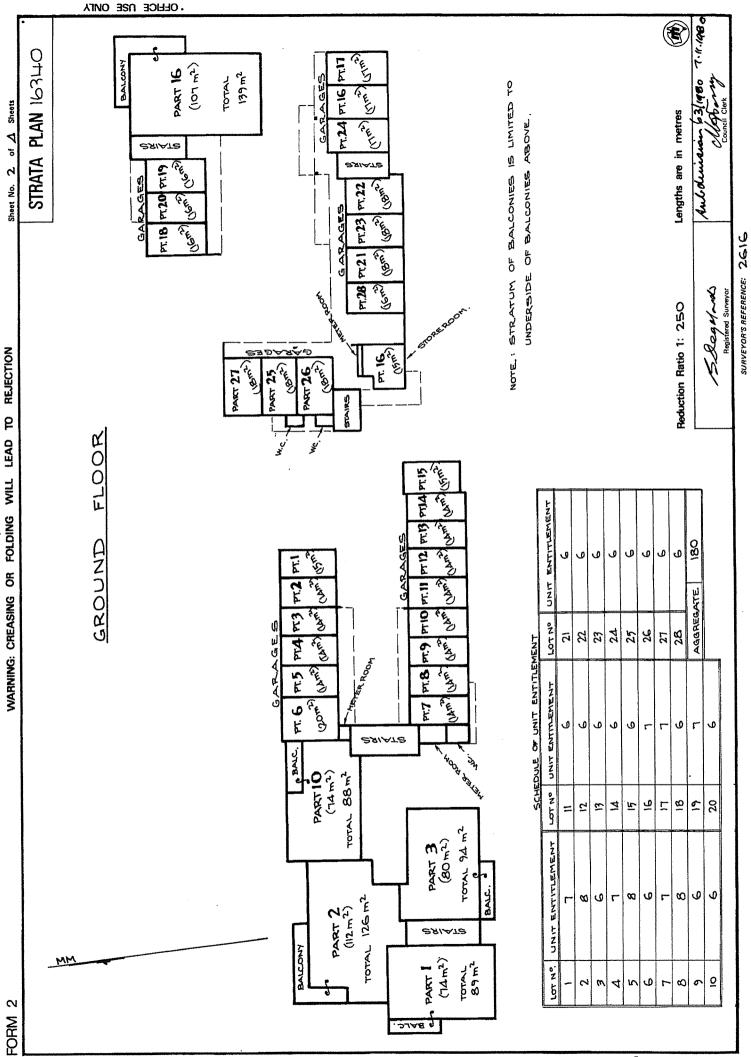
UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

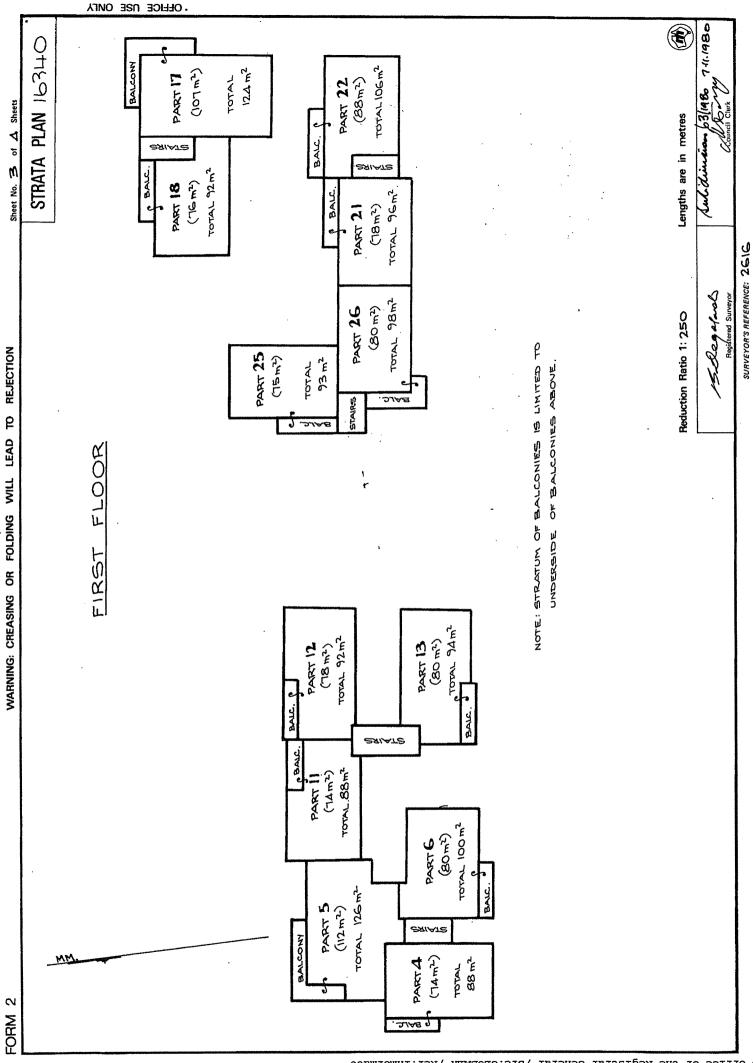
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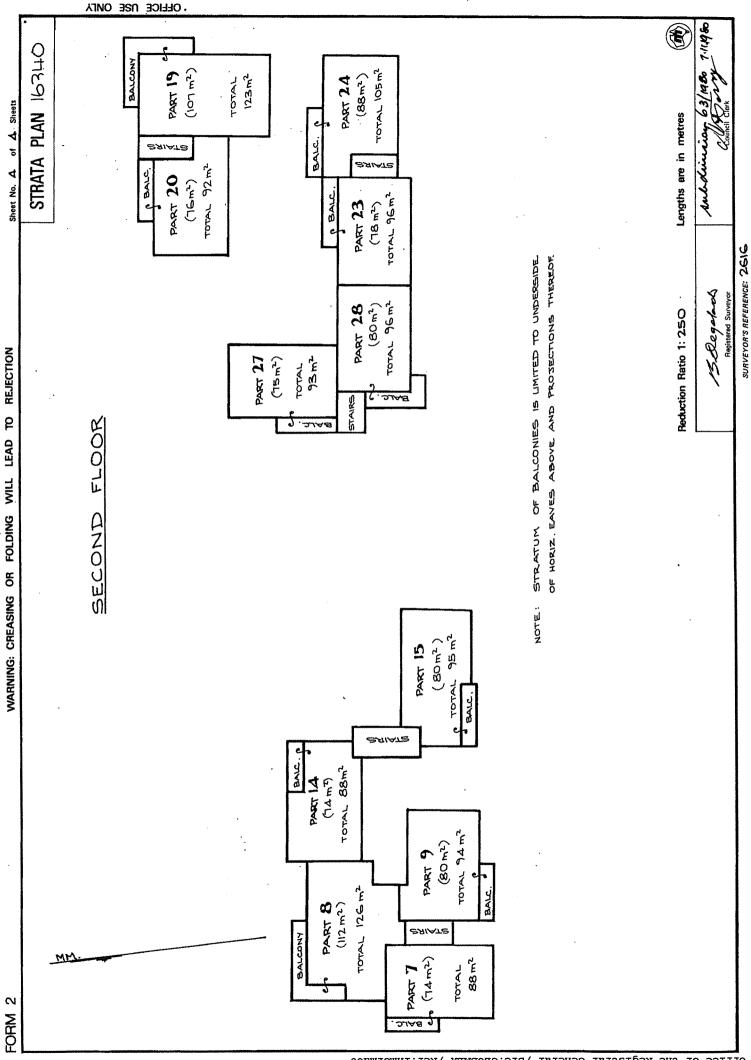
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#### CONSOLIDATION/ CHANGE OF BY-LAWS

New South Wales



nt Act 2016

Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 Real Property Act 1900

PRIVACY NOTE: Section 31B of the Real Property Act 1900 (RP Act) authorises the Registrar General to collect the information required by this form for the establishment and maintenance of the Real Property Act Register. Section 96B RP Act requires that the Register is made available to any person for search upon payment of a fee, if any.

	=	ide available to any person for search upon payment of a fee, if any.	
(A)	TORRENS TITLE	For the common property CP/SP16340	
(B)	LODGED BY	Document Collection Box  1544  Reference: JK CP SP 16340  CODE  CODE  CODE  CODE  CODE  CODE	
(C)	The Owners-Stra	ta Plan No. 16340 - certify that pursuant to a resolution passed on 15/11/2016 - and	
(D) in accordance with the provisions of 547 of the STRATA SCHEMES MANAGEMENT			
	the by-laws are cl	hanged as follows—	
(E)	Repealed by-law l	No. NOT APPLICABLE .	
	Added by-law No	NOT APPLICABLE ,	
	Amended by-law	No. 16	
		low: the Schedule 1 By-Laws of the Strata Schemes Management Regulation 1997 y deleting part 2 of option (a)to read:	
	Subject to s in writing o	ection 49(4), an owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the approval f the Owners Corporation, keep any animal on the lot or common property.  THE PROPRIETORS STRATA PLAN No. 16340  TIME:	
(F) (G)	Note (E) is annex The seal of The C the following per	list of by-laws affecting the above mentioned strata scheme and incorporating the change referred to at the ded hereto and marked as Annexure A.  Owners-Strata Plan No. 16340 — was affixed on 12th Marked 2016 in the presence of son(s) authorised by section 273 Strata Management Act 2015 to attest the affixing of the seal:  IRENE WHEELER  STRATA MANAGING ACKNT —	
	Signature:		
	Name:		

Authority:

CAMELOT STRATA PLAN 16340 68 LITTLE STREET, FORSTER

#### STRATA SCHEMES MANAGEMENT ACT 1996 Schedule 1 –By-Laws

Note: The matters that were previously contained in By-laws 1-11 in Schedule 1 to the Strata Title (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and Schedule 3 to the Strata Titles (Leasehold Development) Act 1986 have been included as provisions of this Act and are therefore no longer by-laws.

#### 1. Noise

An Owner or occupier of a lot must not create any noise on the parcel likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using common property.

Note: This by-law was previously by-law 12 in Schedule 1 to the Strata Titles (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 13 in Schedule 3 to the Strata Titles (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

#### 2. Vehicles

An owner or occupier of a lot must not park or stand any motor or other vehicle on common property except with prior written approval of the owner's corporation.

Note: This by-law was previously by-law 13 in Schedule 1 to the Strata Titles (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 14 in Schedule 3 to the Strata Titles (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

#### 3. Obstruction of common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not obstruct lawful use of common property by any person.

Note: This by-law was previously by-law 14 in Schedule 1 to the Strata Titles (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 15 in Schedule 3 to the Strata Titles (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

#### 4. Damage to lawns, etc on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not:

- (a) damage any lawn, garden, tree, shrub, plant or flower being part of or situated on common property, or
- (b) use for his or her own purposes as a garden any portion of the common property.

Note: This by-law was previously by-law 15 in Schedule 1 to the Strata Titles (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 16 in Schedule 3 to the Strata Titles (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

#### 5. Damage to common property

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not mark, paint, drive nails or screws or the like into, or otherwise damage or deface, any structure that forms part of the common property without the approval in writing of the owner's corporation.
- (2) An approval given by the owner's corporation under subclause (1) cannot authorize any additions to the common property.
- (3) This by-law does not prevent an owner or person authorized by an owner from installing;

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- (a) any locking or other safety device for protection of the owner's lot against intruders, or
- (b) any screen or other device to prevent entry of animals or insects on the lot, or
- (c) any structure or device to prevent harm to children.
- (4) Any such locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure must be installed in a competent and proper manner and must have an appearance, after it has been installed, in keeping with the appearance of the rest of the building.
- (5) Despite section 62, the owner of a lot must maintain and keep in a state of good and serviceable repair any installation or structure referred to in subclause (3) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot.

Note: This by-law was previously by-law 16 in Schedule 1 to the Strata Titles (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 17 in Schedule 3 to the Strata Titles (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

#### 6. Behaviour of owners and occupiers

An owner or occupier of a lot when on common property must be adequately clothed and must not use language or behave in a manner likely to cause offence or embarrassment to the owner or occupier of another lot or to any person lawfully using common property.

Note: This by-law was previously by-law 17 in Schedule 1 to the Strata Titles (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 18 in Schedule 3 to the Strata Titles (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

#### 7. Children playing on common property in building

An owner or occupier of a lot must not permit any child of whom the owner or occupier has control to play on common property within the building or, unless accompanied by an adult exercising effective control, to be or to remain on common property comprising a laundry, car parking area or other area of possible danger or hazard to children.

Note: This by-law was previously by-law 18 in Schedule 1 to the Strata Titles (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 19 in Schedule 3 to the Strata Titles (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

#### 8. Behaviour of invitees

An owner or occupier of a lot must take all reasonable steps to ensure that invitees of the owner or occupier do not behave in a manner to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owners or occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using common property.

Note: This by-law was previously by-law 19 in Schedule 1 to the Strata Titles (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 20 in Schedule 3 to the Strata Titles (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

#### 9. Depositing rubbish, etc on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit or throw on the common property any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner of occupier of another lot or of any persons lawfully using the common property.

Note: This by-law was previously by-law 20 in Schedule 1 to the Strata Titles (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 21 in Schedule 3 to the Strata Titles (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

#### 10. Drying of laundry items

An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the consent in writing of the owners corporation, hang any washing, towel, bedding clothing or other article on any part of the parcel in such a way as to be visible from outside the building other than on any lines provided by the owners corporation for the purpose and there only for a reasonable period.

Note: This by-law was previously by-law 21 in Schedule 1 to the Strata Titles (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 22 in Schedule 3 to the Strata Titles (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

#### 11. Cleaning windows and doors

An owner or occupier of a lot must keep clean all glass in windows and all doors on the boundary of the lot, including so much as is common property.

Note: This by-law was previously by-law 22 in Schedule 1 to the Strata Titles (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 23 in Schedule 3 to the Strata Titles (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

#### 12. Storage of inflammable liquids and other substances and materials

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the approval in writing of the owners corporation, use or store on the lot or on the common property any inflammable chemical, liquid or gas or other inflammable material.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to chemicals, liquids, gases or other material used or intended to be used for domestic purposes, or any chemical, liquid gas or other material in a fuel tank of a motor vehicle or internal combustion engine.

Note: This by-law was previously by-law 23 in Schedule 1 to the Strata Titles (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 24 in Schedule 3 to the Strata Titles (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

#### 13. Moving furniture and other objects on or through common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not transport any furniture or large object through or on common property within the building unless sufficient notice has first been given to the executive committee so as to enable the executive committee to arrange for its nominee to be present at the time when the owner or occupier does so.

Note: This by-law was previously by-law 24 in Schedule 1 to the Strata Titles (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 25 in Schedule 3 to the Strata Titles (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

#### 14. Floor coverings

- (1) An owner of a lot must ensure that all floor space within the lot is covered or otherwise treated to an extent sufficient to prevent the transmission from the floor space of noise likely to disturb the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to floor space comprising a kitchen, laundry, lavatory or bathroom.

Note: This by-law was previously by-law 25 in Schedule 1 to the Strata Titles (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 26 in Schedule 3 to the Strata Titles (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

#### 15 Garbage disposal

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot
  - (a) must maintain within the lot, or on such part of the common property as may be authorised by the owners corporation, in clean and dry conditions and adequately covered a receptacle for garbage, and
  - (b) must ensure that before refuse is placed in the receptacles it is securely wrapped or, in the case of tins or other containers, completely drained, and
  - (c) for the purpose of having the garbage, must place the receptacles within an area designated for that purpose by the owners corporation and at a time not more than 12 hours before the time at which garbage is normally collected, and
  - (d) when the garbage has been collected, must promptly return the receptacle to the lot or other area referred to in paragraph (a),

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- (e) must not place any thing in the receptacle of the owner or occupier of any other lot except with the permission of that owner or occupier, and
- (f) must promptly remove any thing which the owner, occupier or garbage collector may have spilled from the receptacle and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled.

Note: This by-law was previously by-law 26 in Schedule 1 to the Strata Titles (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 27 in Schedule 3 to the Strata Titles (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

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#### 16. Keeping of Animals

- (1) Subject to section 49 (4), an owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the approval in writing of the owners corporation, keep any animal on the lot or common property.
- (2) The owner's corporation must not unreasonably withhold its approval of the keeping of an animal on a lot or the common property.

Note: This by-law was previously by-law 27 in Schedule 1 to the Strata Titles (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 28 in Schedule 3 to the Strata Titles (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

#### 17. Appearance of lot

- (1) The owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the prior written consent of the owners corporation, maintain within the lot anything visible from outside the lot that, viewed from outside the lot, is not in keeping with the rest of the building.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to the hanging of any washing, towel, bedding, clothing or other article as referred to in by-law 10.

Note: This by-law was previously by-law 29 in Schedule 1 to the Strata Titles (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 30 in Schedule 3 to the Strata Titles (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

#### 18. Notice-Board

An owners corporation must cause a notice-board to be affixed to part of the common property.

Note: This by-law was previously by-law 3 in Schedule 1 to the Strata Titles (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 3 in Schedule 3 to the Strata Titles (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

#### 19. Change in use of lot to be notified

An occupier of a lot must notify the owners corporation if the occupier changes the existing use of the lot in a way that may affect the insurance premiums for the strata scheme (for example, if the change of use results in a hazardous activity being carried out on the lot, or results in the lot being used for commercial or industrial purposes rather than residential purposes).

Special By-Law 1 – Blinds Registered March 2016

#### Specially resolved that a By-Law be registered in the following terms:-

That the Owners Corporation specially resolve that consent be granted to any owner wishing to install a blind on their balcony with the fixings to be attached to the common property soffit of the unit above. The colour of the blind is to be '511 Macchiato" from the Ricky Richards Outlook collection and the blind to be purchased from Elegant Blinds and Awnings or a supplier with the same product with the following conditions:-

i. That the installation be carried out in a workman like manner by suitably qualified tradespeople;



- ii. That the cost of the ongoing maintenance of the blind be the responsibility of the owner of the lot and any subsequent owner;
- iii. That any damage caused to the common property be the responsibility of the owner of the lot now and future;
- iv. That in the event that the owner defaults in the performance of the conditions of that consent and does not keep the blinds in good repair the owners corporation or executive committee may without prejudice to other rights, carry out the work and recover any moneys from the owners.

**Note:** Top floor blinds to be fixed under the eave on the outer edge under guttering – these blinds would be at an angle – attached with same flexible clasp as other blinds.

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#### **Approved Form 10**

#### Certificate re Initial Period

The owners corporation certifies that in respect of the strata scheme:

\*that the initial period has expired.

\*the original proprietor owns all of the lots in the strata scheme and any purchaser under an exchanged contract for the purchase of a lot in the scheme has consented to any plan or dealing being lodged with this certificate.

The seal of The Owners - Strata Pla	in Nol 6,540 wa	s affixed on ^!2	DECEMBER 2016	in the
presence of the following person(s)	authorised by sec	tion 273 Strata Sch	emes Management Act 201	5 to
attest the affixing of the seal.				
attest the affixing of the seal. Signature:	Name: IRENE	WHEELER	Authority: STRATA MA	MAGING AGENT
			,	
Signature:	Name:	*************	Authority:	***************
Insert appropriate date Strike through if inapplicable.				

Text below this line is part of the instructions and should not be reproduced as part of a final document.

- 1. This form must be provided in it entirety as shown above.
- 2. Any inapplicable parts should be struck through.
- This certificate is required to accompany any document which proposes action not permitted during
  the initial period and when the common property title does not have a notification indicating the initial
  period has been expired.

Created 2016

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#### CONSOLIDATION/ **CHANGE OF BY-LAWS**

AP975003B

**New South Wales** Strata Schemes Management Act 201:

Real Property Act 1900

PRIVACY NOTE: Section 31B of the Real Property Act 1900 (RP Act) authorises the Registrar General to collect the information required by this form for the establishment and maintenance of the Real Property Act Register. Section 96B RP Act requires that the Register is made available to any person for search upon payment of a fee, if any.

(A)	TORRENS TITLE	For the common property CP/SP16340	٦
(B)	LODGED BY	Document Collection Bd54U SYDNEY SETTLEMENT AGENTS 131432K  CODE  CODE	
		Reference: TK-Alliance SC 16340	
(C)	The Owners-Strat	ta Plan No. 16340 certify that a special resolution was passed on 15/2/2020	
(D)	pursuant to the re-	equirements of section 141 of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015, by which the by-laws were changed as	
	follows—		
(E)		No. NOT APPLICABLE	
		o. SPECIAL BY-LAWS 2, 3 4 4	
	as fully set out be	No. NOT APPLICABLE	
	as fully set out be	stow:	
	SEE ANNEXURE	"A"	
(F)		list of by-laws affecting the above mentioned strata scheme and incorporating the change referred to ted hereto and marked as Annexure "B"	at
(G)	The seal of The C	Owners-Strata Plan No. 16340 was affixed on 12.3.2020 in the presence of	
	the following per	rson(s) authorised by section 273 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 to attest the affixing of the seal:	
	Signature:	BATT	
	Name:	GARY STARTIN	
	Authority: STR		
	Signature:	Common	
	Name:	THE PROPRIETORS STRATA PLAN	
	Authority:	No. 16340	
	ALL HANDWRITING	G MUST BE IN BLOCK CAPITALS. Page 1 of 9 8 28	

#### Special By-Law 2: Smoke Penetration

- 1) An owner or occupier, and any invitee of the owner or occupier, must not smoke tobacco or any other substance on the common property.
- 2) An owner or occupier of a lot must ensure that smoke caused by the smoking of tobacco or any other substance by the owner or occupier, or any invitee of the owner or occupier, on the lot does not penetrate to the common property or any other lot.

#### Special By-Law 3: Balcony Tile Replacement

An owner or occupier of a Lot must adhere to the tile specification for balconies if replacement of the balcony floor tiles is required. The current specification is for: 2 Praber Prague Beige Rock 200mx200m. If such tile is unobtainable, owners are to refer the matter to the Strata Committee for final resolution and approval.

#### Special By-Law 4: Air Conditioning

- An owner or occupier of any Lot must seek approval from the Owners Corporation for installation
  of air conditioning. The installation of any air conditioning unit and appropriate ducting must
  specifically meet the standards described in By-laws 1, 5 and 17 and not contravene any other Bylaw of the Strata.
- 2. The owner/occupier of the Lot must provide the Owners Corporation with details to include, but not limited to items (a)-(e) below.
  - (a) the size, style and type of unit
  - (b) the capacity and decibel level generated from the unit
  - (c) the internal/external wall mounting and positioning of the air conditioning unit
  - (d) the ducting site
  - (e) the waste water disposal system to be utilised
- 3. The owner of the Lot must supply an undertaking that
  - (a) the condensed water is captured and drained into an appropriate drainage system.
  - (b) the air conditioning unit is installed as outlined in information supplied by the Lot owner to a Owners Corporation meeting.
  - (c) the air conditioning unit is installed strictly in accordance with the direction of the Owners' Corporation. The Owners Corporation shall have the power from time-to-time to adopt air conditioning specifications in relation to the installation of air conditioning units.
  - (d) the air conditioner installation be carried out in a workmanlike manner by suitably qualified tradespeople during normal working hours.
  - (e) the cost of the installation of the air conditioner be carried out at the cost of the Lot Owner
  - (f) ongoing maintenance of the air conditioner be carried out at the cost of the owner of the Lot.
  - (g)the owner of the Lot accepts liability for any damage caused to any part of the common property as a result of the installation of the air conditioning unit and

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accepts responsibility to make good that damage immediately after it has occurred and,

(g) the owner of the Lot acknowledge that if the owner fails to comply with any obligation under this By-law then the Owners Corporation may take steps to carry out all work necessary to perform that obligation, may enter upon any part of the parcel to carry out that work and may recover the cost of carrying out that work from the respective owner.

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CAMELOT STRATA PLAN 16340 68 LITTLE STREET, FORSTER

STRATA SCHEMES MANAGEMENT REGULATION 2016 Schedule 2 –By-Laws for pre-1996 strata schemes

(Clause 35)

Note: The matters that were previously contained in By-laws 1-11 in Schedule 1 to the Strata Title (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and Schedule 3 to the Strata Titles (Leasehold Development) Act 1986 have been included as provisions of this Act and are therefore no longer by-laws.

#### 1. Noise

An Owner or occupier of a lot must not create any noise on the parcel likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using common property.

Note: This by-law was previously by-law 12 in Schedule 1 to the Strata Titles (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 13 in Schedule 3 to the Strata Titles (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

#### 2. Vehicles

An owner or occupier of a lot must not park or stand any motor or other vehicle on common property except with prior written approval of the owner's corporation.

Note: This by-law was previously by-law 13 in Schedule 1 to the Strata Titles (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 14 in Schedule 3 to the Strata Titles (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

#### 3. Obstruction of common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not obstruct lawful use of common property by any person.

Note: This by-law was previously by-law 14 in Schedule 1 to the Strata Titles (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 15 in Schedule 3 to the Strata Titles (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

#### 4. Damage to lawns, etc on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not:

- (a) damage any lawn, garden, tree, shrub, plant or flower being part of or situated on common property, or
- (b) use for his or her own purposes as a garden any portion of the common property.

**Note:** This by-law was previously by-law 15 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Titles (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 16 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Titles (Leasehold Development) Act 1986*.

#### 5. Damage to common property

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not mark, paint, drive nails or screws or the like into, or otherwise damage or deface, any structure that forms part of the common property without the approval in writing of the owner's corporation.
- (2) An approval given by the owner's corporation under subclause (1) cannot authorize any additions to the common property.
- (3) This by-law does not prevent an owner or person authorized by an owner from installing;
  - (a) any locking or other safety device for protection of the owner's lot against intruders, or
  - (b) any screen or other device to prevent entry of animals or insects on the lot, or
  - (c) any structure or device to prevent harm to children.

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Page 4 298

- (4) Any such locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure must be installed in a competent and proper manner and must have an appearance, after it has been installed, in keeping with the appearance of the rest of the building.
  - (5) Despite section 62, the owner of a lot must maintain and keep in a state of good and serviceable repair any installation or structure referred to in subclause (3) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot.

Note: This by-law was previously by-law 16 in Schedule 1 to the Strata Titles (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 17 in Schedule 3 to the Strata Titles (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

#### 6. Behaviour of owners and occupiers

An owner or occupier of a lot when on common property must be adequately clothed and must not use language or behave in a manner likely to cause offence or embarrassment to the owner or occupier of another lot or to any person lawfully using common property.

Note: This by-law was previously by-law 17 in Schedule 1 to the Strata Titles (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 18 in Schedule 3 to the Strata Titles (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

#### 7. Children playing on common property in building

An owner or occupier of a lot must not permit any child of whom the owner or occupier has control to play on common property within the building or, unless accompanied by an adult exercising effective control, to be or to remain on common property comprising a laundry, car parking area or other area of possible danger or hazard to children.

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An owner or occupier of a lot must take all reasonable steps to ensure that invitees of the owner or occupier do not behave in a manner to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owners or occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using common property.

**Note:** This by-law was previously by-law 19 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Titles (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 20 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Titles (Leasehold Development) Act 1986*.

#### 9. Depositing rubbish, etc on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit or throw on the common property any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner of occupier of another lot or of any persons lawfully using the common property.

Note: This by-law was previously by-law 20 in Schedule 1 to the Strata Titles (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 21 in Schedule 3 to the Strata Titles (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

#### 10. Drying of laundry items

An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the consent in writing of the owners corporation, hang any washing, towel, bedding clothing or other article on any part of the parcel in such a way as to be visible from outside the building other than on any lines provided by the owners corporation for the purpose and there only for a reasonable period.

Note: This by-law was previously by-law 21 in Schedule 1 to the Strata Titles (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 22 in Schedule 3 to the Strata Titles (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

Page 5 of 8

#### 11. Cleaning windows and doors

• ' An owner or occupier of a lot must keep clean all glass in windows and all doors on the boundary of the lot, including so much as is common property.

Note: This by-law was previously by-law 22 in Schedule 1 to the Strata Titles (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 23 in Schedule 3 to the Strata Titles (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

#### 12. Storage of inflammable liquids and other substances and materials

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the approval in writing of the owners corporation, use or store on the lot or on the common property any inflammable chemical, liquid or gas or other inflammable material.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to chemicals, liquids, gases or other material used or intended to be used for domestic purposes, or any chemical, liquid gas or other material in a fuel tank of a motor vehicle or internal combustion engine.

Note: This by-law was previously by-law 23 in Schedule 1 to the Strata Titles (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 24 in Schedule 3 to the Strata Titles (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

#### 13. Moving furniture and other objects on or through common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not transport any furniture or large object through or on common property within the building unless sufficient notice has first been given to the executive committee so as to enable the executive committee to arrange for its nominee to be present at the time when the owner or occupier does so.

Note: This by-law was previously by-law 24 in Schedule 1 to the Strata Titles (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 25 in Schedule 3 to the Strata Titles (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

#### 14. Floor coverings

- (1) An owner of a lot must ensure that all floor space within the lot is covered or otherwise treated to an extent sufficient to prevent the transmission from the floor space of noise likely to disturb the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to floor space comprising a kitchen, laundry, lavatory or bathroom.

**Note:** This by-law was previously by-law 25 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Titles (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 26 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Titles (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.* 

#### 15 Garbage disposal

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot
  - (a) must maintain within the lot, or on such part of the common property as may be authorised by the owners corporation, in clean and dry conditions and adequately covered a receptacle for garbage, and
  - (b) must ensure that before refuse is placed in the receptacles it is securely wrapped or, in the case of tins or other containers, completely drained, and
  - (c) for the purpose of having the garbage, must place the receptacles within an area designated for that purpose by the owners corporation and at a time not more than 12 hours before the time at which garbage is normally collected, and
  - (d) when the garbage has been collected, must promptly return the receptacle to the lot or other area referred to in paragraph (a),
  - (e) must not place any thing in the receptacle of the owner or occupier of any other lot except with the permission of that owner or occupier, and
  - (f) must promptly remove any thing which the owner, occupier or garbage collector may have spilled from the receptacle and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled.

Note: This by-law was previously by-law 26 in Schedule 1 to the Strata Titles (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 27 in Schedule 3 to the Strata Titles (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

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#### 16. Keeping of Animals

#### · \* Amended EGM 15.11.16

(1) Subject to section 49 (4), an owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the approval in writing of the owners corporation, keep any animal on the lot or common property.

Note: This by-law was previously by-law 27 in Schedule 1 to the Strata Titles (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 28 in Schedule 3 to the Strata Titles (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

#### 17. Appearance of lot

- (1) The owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the prior written consent of the owners corporation, maintain within the lot anything visible from outside the lot that, viewed from outside the lot, is not in keeping with the rest of the building.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to the hanging of any washing, towel, bedding, clothing or other article as referred to in by-law 10.

**Note:** This by-law was previously by-law 29 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Titles (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 30 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Titles (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.* 

#### 18. Notice-Board

An owners corporation must cause a notice-board to be affixed to part of the common property.

Note: This by-law was previously by-law 3 in Schedule 1 to the Strata Titles (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 3 in Schedule 3 to the Strata Titles (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

#### 19. Change in use of lot to be notified

An occupier of a lot must notify the owners corporation if the occupier changes the existing use of the lot in a way that may affect the insurance premiums for the strata scheme (for example, if the change of use results in a hazardous activity being carried out on the lot, or results in the lot being used for commercial or industrial purposes rather than residential purposes).

#### Special By-Law 1 - Blinds Registered March 2016

Specially resolved that a By-Law be registered in the following terms:-

That the Owners Corporation specially resolve that consent be granted to any owner wishing to install a blind on their balcony with the fixings to be attached to the common property soffit of the unit above. The colour of the blind is to be '511 Macchiato" from the Ricky Richards Outlook collection and the blind to be purchased from Elegant Blinds and Awnings or a supplier with the same product with the following conditions:-

- i. That the installation be carried out in a workman like manner by suitably qualified tradespeople;
- ii. That the cost of the ongoing maintenance of the blind be the responsibility of the owner of the lot and any subsequent owner;
- iii. That any damage caused to the common property be the responsibility of the owner of the lot now and future:
- iv. That in the event that the owner defaults in the performance of the conditions of that consent and does not keep the blinds in good repair the owners corporation or executive committee may without prejudice to other rights, carry out the work and recover any moneys from the owners.

Note: Top floor blinds to be fixed under the eave on the outer edge under guttering – these blinds would be at an angle – attached with same flexible clasp as other blinds.

#### Special By-Law 2: Smoke Penetration

- 1) An owner or occupier, and any invitee of the owner or occupier, must not smoke tobacco or any other substance on the common property.
- 2) An owner or occupier of a lot must ensure that smoke caused by the smoking of tobacco or any other substance by the owner or occupier, or any invitee of the owner or occupier, on the lot does not penetrate to the common property or any other lot.

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#### Special By-Law 3: Balcony Tile Replacement

An owner or occupier of a Lot must adhere to the tile specification for balconies if replacement of the balcony floor tiles is required. The current specification is for: 2 Praber Prague Beige Rock 200mx200m. If such tile is unobtainable, owners are to refer the matter to the Strata Committee for final resolution and approval.

#### Special By-Law 4: Air Conditioning

- 1. An owner or occupier of any Lot must seek approval from the Owners Corporation for installation of air conditioning. The installation of any air conditioning unit and appropriate ducting must specifically meet the standards described in By-laws 1, 5 and 17 and not contravene any other By-law of the Strata.
- 2. The owner/occupier of the Lot must provide the Owners Corporation with details to include, but not limited to items (a)-(e) below.
  - (a) the size, style and type of unit
  - (b) the capacity and decibel level generated from the unit
  - (c) the internal/external wall mounting and positioning of the air conditioning unit
  - (d) the ducting site
  - (e) the waste water disposal system to be utilised
- 3. The owner of the Lot must supply an undertaking that
  - (a) the condensed water is captured and drained into an appropriate drainage system.
  - (b) the air conditioning unit is installed as outlined in information supplied by the Lot owner to a Owners Corporation meeting.
  - (c) the air conditioning unit is installed strictly in accordance with the direction of the Owners' Corporation. The Owners Corporation shall have the power from time-to-time to adopt air conditioning specifications in relation to the installation of air conditioning units.
  - (d) the air conditioner installation be carried out in a workmanlike manner by suitably qualified tradespeople during normal working hours.
  - (e) the cost of the installation of the air conditioner be carried out at the cost of the Lot Owner
  - (f) ongoing maintenance of the air conditioner be carried out at the cost of the owner of the Lot.
  - (g) the owner of the Lot accepts liability for any damage caused to any part of the common property as a result of the installation of the air conditioning unit and accepts responsibility to make good that damage immediately after it has occurred and,
  - (g) the owner of the Lot acknowledge that if the owner fails to comply with any obligation under this By-law then the Owners Corporation may take steps to carry out all work necessary to perform that obligation, may enter upon any part of the parcel to carry out that work and may recover the cost of carrying out that work from the respective owner.

most

#### **Approved Form 10**

#### Created 2016 Certificate re Initial Period

The owners corporation certifies that in respect of the strata scheme:

that the initial period has expired.

7

The seal of The Owners - Strata Plan No. 16340 was affixed on  $12 \cdot 3 - 2020$ 

in the presence of the following person(s) authorised by section 273 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 to attest the affixing of the seal.

Signature: Name: GARY STATTAUthority: Strata Manager





#### **PLANNING CERTIFICATE**

## Section 10.7 Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979

Cert No.

983 / 2021

**Applicant** 

MORRIS LEGAL & CONVEYANCING

PO Box 563

FORSTER NSW 2428

Receipt No.: 2

2311097

Date of Issue:

17 November 2020

Ref

Property Key: 26917

Property Key. 20

#### **Property Description**

4/68-70 Little Street, FORSTER NSW 2428 Lot 4 SP 16340

#### Owner (as recorded by Council):

Mr C L Jarvis PO Box 13 FORSTER NSW 2428

#### A — Advice provided in accordance with Section 10.7(2)

#### Names of relevant planning instruments and DCPs

**Great Lakes Local Environment Plan 2014** 

**Great Lakes Development Control Plan** 

The land is subject to the following planning proposal(s)

#### **Manufactured Home Estates**

A planning proposal has been exhibited to amend the Great Lakes Local Environmental Plan 2014 to provide clarity on where Manufactured Home Estates are permitted through inclusion of a new local provision.

## The name of each State Environmental Planning Policy which may apply to the carrying out of development on the land

SEPP COASTAL MANAGEMENT 2018 (WHOLE OF LOT)

SEPP NO. 21 CARAVAN PARKS

SEPP NO. 33 HAZARDOUS & OFFENSIVE DEVELOPMENT

SEPP NO. 36 MANUFACTURED HOME ESTATES

SEPP NO. 50 CANAL ESTATE DEVELOPMENT

SEPP NO. 55 REMEDIATION OF LAND

SEPP NO. 64 ADVERTISING AND SIGNAGE

SEPP NO. 65 DESIGN QUALITY OF RESIDENTIAL APARTMENT DEVELOPMENT

SEPP NO. 70 AFFORDABLE HOUSING (REVISED SCHEME)

Cert. No.	983 /2021
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SEPP	BUILDING SUSTAINABILITY INDEX: (BASIX) 2004
SEPP	HOUSING FOR SENIORS OR PEOPLE WITH A DISABILITY 2004
SEPP	STATE SIGNIFICANT PRECINCTS 2005
SEPP	MINING, PETROLEUM PRODUCTION & EXTRACTIVE INDUSTRIES 2007
SEPP	INFRASTRUCTURE 2007
SEPP	MISCELLANEOUS CONSENT PROVISIONS 2007
SEPP	EXEMPT AND COMPLYING DEVELOPMENT CODES 2008
SEPP	AFFORDABLE RENTAL HOUSING 2009
SEPP	STATE AND REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT 2011
SEPP	VEGETATION IN NON-RURAL AREAS 2017 - This Policy applies to
	the specifically designated non-rural zones under clause 5 of the Policy.
SEPP	EDUCATIONAL ESTABLISHMENTS AND CHILD CARE FACILITIES 2017
SEPP	CONCURRENCES 2018
SEPP	PRIMARY PRODUCTION AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT 2019
SEPP	(KOALA HABITAT PROTECTION) 2019
DRAFT SEPP	SHORT-TERM RENTAL ACCOMMODATION 2019 [NSW]

#### 2. Zoning and land use under relevant LEPs

#### **Great Lakes Local Environment Plan 2014**

#### Zone R3 Medium Density Residential

#### 1 Objectives of zone

- To provide for the housing needs of the community within a medium density residential environment.
- To provide a variety of housing types within a medium density residential environment.
- To enable other land uses that provide facilities or services to meet the day to day needs of residents.
- To achieve increased population density in locations that support the business centre.

#### 2 Permitted without consent

Home occupations.

#### 3 Permitted with consent

Attached dwellings; Backpackers' accommodation; Bed and breakfast accommodation; Boarding houses; Boat launching ramps; Camping grounds; Car parks; Caravan parks; Centre-based child care facilities; Community facilities; Dwelling houses; Educational establishments; Emergency services facilities; Environmental protection works; Exhibition homes; Flood mitigation works; Group homes; Helipads; Home-based child care; Home businesses; Hotel or motel accommodation; Information and education facilities; Jetties; Moorings; Multi dwelling housing; Neighbourhood shops; Oyster aquaculture; Places of public worship; Recreation areas; Recreation facilities (indoor); Registered clubs; Residential accommodation; Respite day care centres; Restaurants or cafes; Roads; Seniors housing; Service stations; Serviced apartments; Sewerage systems; Signage; Tank-based aquaculture; Veterinary hospitals; Water recreation structures; Water supply systems

#### 4 Prohibited

Pond-based aquaculture Rural workers' dwellings; Any other development not specified in item 2 or 3

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#### 3. Complying development

#### **Housing Code**

Complying development under this code CAN NOT be undertaken on the land subject to the following land based exclusions:

Buffer Area-Coastal Lake or Water (Part Affected)

#### **Rural Housing Code**

Complying development under this code CAN NOT be undertaken on the land subject to the following land based exclusions:

Buffer Area-Coastal Lake or Water (Part Affected)

#### **Greenfield Housing Code**

Complying development under this code CAN NOT be undertaken on the land

#### Low Rise Housing Diversity Code

Complying development under this code CAN NOT be undertaken on the land subject to the following land based exclusions:

Buffer Area-Coastal Lake or Water (Part Affected)

#### **Demolition Code**

Complying development under this code MAY be undertaken on the land

#### Commercial and Industrial (Alterations) Code

Complying development under this code MAY be undertaken on the land

#### Commercial and Industrial (New Buildings and Additions) Code

Complying development under this code CAN NOT be undertaken on the land subject to the following land based exclusions:

Buffer Area-Coastal Lake or Water (Part Affected)

#### **General Development Code**

Complying development under this code MAY be undertaken on the land

#### Housing Alterations Code

Complying development under this code MAY be undertaken on the land

#### **Subdivisions Code**

Complying development under this code MAY be undertaken on the land

#### **Fire Safety Code**

Complying development under this code MAY be undertaken on the land

#### **Container Recycling Facilities Code**

Complying development under this code MAY be undertaken on land Zoned B1, B2, B3, B4, B5, IN1, IN2, IN4 or SP3 in Great Lakes LEP 2014

#### 4. Coastal protection

Coastal Protection Act 1979 repealed

4A Repealed

4B Annual charges under Local Government Act 1993 for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works

No annual charges apply to the land

#### 5. Mine subsidence

The land is not proclaimed as a mine subsidence district

#### 6. Road widening and road realignment

The land is not affected by plans for road widening or realignment

## 7. Council and other public authority policies on hazard risk restrictions

The land is not affected by a policy adopted by Council that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of landslip, bushfire, tidal inundation, subsidence, acid sulphate soils or any other risk (other than flooding)

The information provided in item 7 is based on the data and information presently available to the Council and on adopted policies and development controls in force as at the date of this certificate

#### 7A. Flood related development controls information

No flood related development controls affect the land

The information provided in item 7A is based on the data and information presently available to the Council and on adopted policies and development controls in force as at the date of this certificate

#### 8. Land reserved for acquisition

The land is not reserved for acquisition

#### 9. Contributions plans that apply to the land

- S94-Forster District Contributions Plan 2015
- S94-Great Lakes Wide Contributions Plan 2015

#### 9A. Biodiversity certified land

The land is not Biodiversity certified

#### 10. Biodiversity stewardship sites

No biodiversity stewardship agreements apply to the land

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#### 10A. Native vegetation clearing set asides

Council has not received advice advising of the existence of a set aside area of land under section 60ZC of the Local Land Services Act 2013

#### 11. Bush fire prone land

The land is not bushfire prone land

#### 12. Property vegetation plans

No property vegetation plans apply to the subject land

#### 13. Orders under Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006

Council has not received any such order

#### 14. Directions under Part 3A of the EP&A Act

Not applicable

### 15. Site compatibility certificates and conditions for seniors housing

No Site Compatibility Certificate for Seniors Housing applies to the land

# 16. Site compatibility certificates for infrastructure, schools or TAFE establishments

No Site Compatibility Certificate for Infrastructure, Schools or TAFE establishments applies to the land

#### 17. Site compatibility certificates for affordable rental housing

No Site Compatibility Certificate for Affordable Rental Housing applies to the land

## 18. Paper subdivision information

No development plan applies to the land

### 19. Site verification certificates

No site verification certificate applies to the land

#### 20. Loose-fill asbestos insulation

Council has not received advice from any Authority advising of the presence of loose-fill asbestos insulation within any residence that may exist on the property

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### 21. Affected building notices and building product rectification orders

No affected building notice or building product rectification order applies to the subject land

Note. The following matters are prescribed by section 59 (2) of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997 as additional matters to be specified in a planning certificate:

No additional matters under the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997

For further information, please contact MidCoast Council on (02) 79557777.



PO Box 482 Taree NSW 2430

Your Ref: Our Ref.: JARVIS 20/2884 ENG2020/1543

Morris Legal & Conveyancing Po Box 563 FORSTER NSW 2428

Owner Details
C L Jarvis

Property Details Lot 4 SP 16340

Property Address
Unit 4/68 Little St FORSTER NSW 2428

#### **SEWERED AREAS**

As requested the Plan of House Drainage for the above property is attached. These notes are intended to provide information relating to this property. Applicants are requested to ensure that intending purchasers are made fully aware of all aspects of both these notes and the attached Plan. Please note the following important points:-

1. MidCoast Council's policy "Building over or adjacent to Watermains, Sewers or Sewerage Rising Mains" basically prohibits any new buildings to be erected closer than 1.5 meters to a Council pipe. This policy also requires special footings to be used when a building is within the 'Zone of Influence' of a sewer.

Residents, builders, developers etc. should note that the existence of a sewer, watermain or sewerage rising main can, and will, prohibit the extent of a development that will be permitted on a block. In the case of sewers, this also applies to a sewer located close to the boundary even if it is within an adjacent block. These restrictions apply to all types of building including houses, garages, sheds, carports etc.

Please contact MidCoast Council if you need any clarification on the implication of this policy. Full details are available upon request.

- This Plan indicates the approximate location of existing buildings and pipelines. The issue of the diagram does not imply that the existing plumbing has been inspected by MidCoast Council nor that it complies with any standard or code.
- 3. Where there are existing buildings on the site, the issue of this Plan does not imply that they have been erected in accordance with the requirements of a Structural Engineer in relation to any 'Zone of Influence' effects.
- 4. The information on this Plan has been supplied by other parties and MidCoast Council will not be held responsible for the accuracy of any details shown. We do, however, endeavour to ensure that drainage diagrams are as accurate as practical when issued.
- 5. The attached Plan indicates the approximate location of Council's sewers only in relation to the abovementioned land.
- It is an offence under the Local Government Act to discharge any rain water or surface water into Council's sewers.

- 7. Development charges will be applied if any new development on this land has a capacity of more than 1 equivalent tenement (e.g. Development charges will apply for the erection of 2 or more villas, flats, etc. as opposed to one house).
- 8. In the case of non-domestic premises, both new and existing developments may require a Liquid Trade Waste approval. The issue of this Plan does not imply that any such Liquid Trade Waste approval currently exists. Further information should be obtained from MidCoast Council. It is an offence to discharge sewage, other than of a domestic nature, into a Council sewer without approval.
- 9. This Plan is issued in accordance with section 17, 18 and 19 of the Local Government (Water Services) Regulations 1999. These notes form part of the Plan and must remain attached it. Any Plan of House Drainage without these notes should not be considered as a true copy.

If you have any enquiries regarding this letter please telephone 1300 133 455

Dated: 17/11/2020

**Director Water Services** 



SEWER DRAINAGE DIAGRA Lot		SP16340
SVP	SUR	DSMH
Rising Main	SVP SVP SS 3 11 SS 3 1	Please Note: This Diagram is a combination of Sewer Service Diagram & Sewer Location Diagram.

This plan is a schematic representation of data produced by a Geographical Information System (GIS) exclusively for MidCoast Water, but may also be used by clients/customers to assist with the identification and provision of services subject to terms and conditions. No responsibility is accepted for the accuracy of the map or the data that it contains.

Any person relying on this map must read and fully comprehend the terms, conditions and legal obligations, available at www.midcoastwater.com.au

LEGEND		Scale: 1:750
W.C 1 Soil Vent PipeSVP		JUNCTION LOCATION
Bath	o InspectionopeningAssumed location of existing sewer  ⊠Surcharge Gully	Sewer Junction         311795           existing at         8.07         metres           from D.S.M.H

LITTLE ST

#### IMPORTANT NOTICE TO VENDORS AND PURCHASERS

Before signing this contract you should ensure that you understand your rights and obligations, some of which are not written in this contract but are implied by law.

#### WARNING—SMOKE ALARMS

The owners of certain types of buildings and strata lots must have smoke alarms (or in certain cases heat alarms) installed in the building or lot in accordance with regulations under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. It is an offence not to comply. It is also an offence to remove or interfere with a smoke alarm or heat alarm. Penalties apply.

## WARNING-LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

Before purchasing land that includes any residential premises (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*) built before 1985, a purchaser is strongly advised to consider the possibility that the premises may contain loose-fill asbestos insulation (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*). In particular, a purchaser should:

- (a) search the Register required to be maintained under Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*, and
- (b) ask the relevant local council whether it holds any records showing that the residential premises contain loose-fill asbestos insulation.

For further information about loose-fill asbestos insulation (including areas in which residential premises have been identified as containing loose-fill asbestos insulation), contact NSW Fair Trading.

## COOLING OFF PERIOD (PURCHASER'S RIGHTS)

- 1. This is the statement required by section 66X of the *Conveyancing Act* 1919 and applies to a contract for the sale of residential property.
- 2. EXCEPT in the circumstances listed in paragraph 3, the purchaser may rescind the contract at any time before 5 pm on
  - the tenth business day after the day on which the contract was made—in the case of an off the plan contract, or
  - (b) the fifth business day after the day on which the contract was made—in any other case.
- 3. There is NO COOLING OFF PERIOD:
  - (a) if, at or before the time the contract is made, the purchaser gives to the vendor (or the vendor's solicitor or agent) a certificate that complies with section 66W of the Act, or
  - (b) if the property is sold by public auction, or
  - (c) if the contract is made on the same day as the property was offered for sale by public auction but passed in, or
  - (d) if the contract is made in consequence of the exercise of an option to purchase the property, other than an option that is void under section 66ZG of the Act.
- 4. A purchaser exercising the right to cool off by rescinding the contract will forfeit to the vendor 0.25% of the purchase price of the property. The vendor is entitled to recover the amount forfeited from any amount paid by the purchaser as a deposit under the contract and the purchaser is entitled to a refund of any balance.

#### **DISPUTES**

If you get into a dispute with the other party, the Law Society and Real Estate Institute encourage you to use informal procedures such as negotiation, independent expert appraisal, the Law Society Conveyancing Dispute Resolution Scheme or mediation (for example mediation under the Law Society Mediation Program).

#### **AUCTIONS**

Regulations made under the Property, Stock and Business Agents Act 2002 prescribe a number of conditions applying to sales by auction.

#### WARNINGS

1. Various Acts of Parliament and other matters can affect the rights of the parties to this contract. Some important matters are actions, claims, decisions, licences, notices, orders, proposals or rights of way involving:

APA Group NSW Department of Education

Australian Taxation Office NSW Fair Trading

Council Owner of adjoining land

County Council Privacy

Department of Planning, Industry and Public Works Advisory
Environment Subsidence Advisory NSW

Department of Primary Industries Telecommunications
Electricity and gas Transport for NSW

Land & Housing Corporation Water, sewerage or drainage authority

**Local Land Services** 

If you think that any of these matters affects the property, tell your solicitor.

- 2. A lease may be affected by the Agricultural Tenancies Act 1990, the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or the Retail Leases Act 1994.
- 3. If any purchase money is owing to the Crown, it will become payable before obtaining consent, or if no consent is needed, when the transfer is registered.
- 4. If a consent to transfer is required under legislation, see clause 27 as to the obligations of the parties.
- 5. The vendor should continue the vendor's insurance until completion. If the vendor wants to give the purchaser possession before completion, the vendor should first ask the insurer to confirm this will not affect the insurance.
- 6. The purchaser will usually have to pay transfer duty (and sometimes surcharge purchaser duty) on this contract. If duty is not paid on time, a purchaser may incur penalties.
- 7. If the purchaser agrees to the release of deposit, the purchaser's right to recover the deposit may stand behind the rights of others (for example the vendor's mortgagee).
- 8. The purchaser should arrange insurance as appropriate.
- 9. Some transactions involving personal property may be affected by the Personal Property Securities Act 2009.
- 10. A purchaser should be satisfied that finance will be available at the time of completing the purchase.
- 11. Where the market value of the property is at or above a legislated amount, the purchaser may have to comply with a foreign resident capital gains withholding payment obligation (even if the vendor is not a foreign resident). If so, this will affect the amount available to the vendor on completion.
- 12. Purchasers of some residential properties may have to withhold part of the purchase price to be credited towards the GST liability of the vendor. If so, this will also affect the amount available to the vendor. More information is available from the ATO.

The vendor sells and the purchaser buys the property for the price under these provisions instead of Schedule 3 Conveyancing Act 1919, subject to any legislation that cannot be excluded.

#### 1 Definitions (a term in italics is a defined term)

In this contract, these terms (in any form) mean -

adiustment date the earlier of the giving of possession to the purchaser or completion;

the Reserve Bank of Australia or an authorised deposit-taking institution which is a bank

bank, a building society or a credit union;

any day except a bank or public holiday throughout NSW or a Saturday or Sunday; business day

a cheque that is not postdated or stale; cheque

a certificate within the meaning of s14-220 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act, that covers clearance certificate

one or more days falling within the period from and including the contract date to

completion:

a deposit bond or guarantee from an issuer, with an expiry date and for an amount deposit-bond

each approved by the vendor:

vendor's agent (or if no vendor's agent is named in this contract, the vendor's depositholder

solicitor, or if no vendor's solicitor is named in this contract, the buyer's agent);

document relevant to the title or the passing of title; document of title

the percentage mentioned in s14-200(3)(a) of Schedule 1 to the TA Act (12.5% as FRCGW percentage

at 1 July 2017);

a remittance which the purchaser must make under s14-200 of Schedule 1 to the FRCGW remittance

TA Act, being the lesser of the FREGW percentage of the price (inclusive of GST, if

any) and the amount specified in a variation served by a party;

GST Act A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999;

the rate mentioned in s4 of A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax Imposition GST rate

- General) Act 1999 (10% as at 1 July 2000);

a payment which the purchaser must make under s14-250 of Schedule 1 to the TA GSTRW payment

Act (the price multiplied by the GSTRW rate);

the rate determined under s\$14-250(6), (8) or (9) of Schedule 1 to the TA Act (as at GSTRW rate

1 July 2018, usually 7% of the price if the margin scheme applies, 1/11th if not);

an Act or a by-law ordinance, regulation or rule made under an Act; legislation

subject to any other provision of this contract; normally

each of the vendor and the purchaser; party

the land, the improvements, all fixtures and the inclusions, but not the exclusions; property planning agreement

a valid voluntary agreement within the meaning of s7.4 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 entered into in relation to the property;

an objection, guestion or requisition (but the term does not include a claim);

rescind this contract from the beginning;

serve in writing on the other party; serve

settlement cheque an unendorsed cheque made payable to the person to be paid and -

issued by a bank and drawn on itself; or

if authorised in writing by the vendor or the vendor's solicitor, some other

cheque;

solicitor in relation to a party, the party's solicitor or licensed conveyancer named in this contract or in a notice served by the party;

Taxation Administration Act 1953;

terminate this contract for breach;

a variation made under s14-235 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act;

in relation to a period, at any time before or during the period; and

a valid direction, notice or order that requires work to be done or money to be spent on or in relation to the property or any adjoining footpath or road (but the term does not include a notice under s22E of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 or clause 22 of

the Swimming Pools Regulation 2018).

#### 2 Deposit and other payments before completion

reauisition rescind

TA Act

terminate

variation

work order

within

- 2.1 The purchaser must pay the deposit to the depositholder as stakeholder.
- 2.2 Normally, the purchaser must pay the deposit on the making of this contract, and this time is essential.
- 2.3 If this contract requires the purchaser to pay any of the deposit by a later time, that time is also essential.
- The purchaser can pay any of the deposit by giving cash (up to \$2,000) or by unconditionally giving a cheque 2.4 to the depositholder or to the vendor, vendor's agent or vendor's solicitor for sending to the depositholder or by payment by electronic funds transfer to the depositholder.
- 2.5 If any of the deposit is not paid on time or a cheque for any of the deposit is not honoured on presentation, the vendor can terminate. This right to terminate is lost as soon as the deposit is paid in full.
- If the vendor accepts a bond or guarantee for the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 do not apply.

BREACH OF COPYRIGHT MAY RESULT IN LEGAL ACTION

- 2.7 If the vendor accepts a bond or guarantee for part of the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 apply only to the balance.
- 2.8 If any of the deposit or of the balance of the price is paid before completion to the vendor or as the vendor directs, it is a charge on the land in favour of the purchaser until *termination* by the vendor or completion, subject to any existing right.
- 2.9 If each party tells the depositholder that the deposit is to be invested, the depositholder is to invest the deposit (at the risk of the party who becomes entitled to it) with a bank, in an interest-bearing account in NSW, payable at call, with interest to be reinvested, and pay the interest to the parties equally, after deduction of all proper government taxes and financial institution charges and other charges.

#### 3 Deposit-bond

- 3.1 This clause applies only if this contract says the vendor has agreed to accept a *deposit-bond* for the deposit (or part of it).
- 3.2 The purchaser must provide the original *deposit-bond* to the vendor's *solicitor* (or if no solicitor the *depositholder*) at or before the making of this contract and this time is essential.
- 3.3 If the *deposit-bond* has an expiry date and completion does not occur by the date which is 14 days before the expiry date, the purchaser must *serve* a replacement *deposit-bond* at least 7 days before the expiry date. The time for service is essential.
- 3.4 The vendor must approve a replacement deposit-bond if -
  - 3.4.1 it is from the same issuer and for the same amount as the earlier deposit-bond; and
  - 3.4.2 it has an expiry date at least three months after its date of issue.
- 3.5 A breach of clauses 3.2 or 3.3 entitles the vendor to terminate. The right to terminate is lost as soon as -
  - 3.5.1 the purchaser serves a replacement deposit-bond; or
  - 3.5.2 the deposit is paid in full under clause 2.
- 3.6 Clauses 3.3 and 3.4 can operate more than once.
- 3.7 If the purchaser serves a replacement deposit-bond, the vendor must serve the earlier deposit-bond.
- 3.8 The amount of any deposit-bond does not form part of the price for the purposes of clause 16.7.
- 3.9 The vendor must give the purchaser the deposit-bond
  - 3.9.1 on completion; or
  - 3.9.2 if this contract is rescinded.
- 3.10 If this contract is terminated by the vendor
  - 3.10.1 normally, the vendor can immediately demand payment from the issuer of the deposit-bond; or
  - 3.10.2 if the purchaser *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the vendor's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward the *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 3.11 If this contract is terminated by the purchaser
  - 3.11.1 normally, the vendor must give the purchaser the deposit-bond; or
  - 3.11.2 if the vendor *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the purchaser's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward the *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.

#### 4 Transfer

- 4.1 Normally, the purchaser must serve at least 14 days before the date for completion -
  - 4.1.1 the form of transfer, and
  - 4.1.2 particulars required to register any mortgage or other dealing to be lodged with the transfer by the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee.
- 4.2 If any information needed for the form of transfer is not disclosed in this contract, the vendor must serve it.
- 4.3 If the purchaser *serves* a form of transfer and the transferee is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for this form of transfer.
- The vendor can require the purchaser to include a form of covenant or easement in the transfer only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land benefited.

#### 5 Requisitions

- 5.1 If a form of *requisitions* is attached to this contract, the purchaser is taken to have made those *requisitions*.
- 5.2 If the purchaser is or becomes entitled to make any other *requisition*, the purchaser can make it only by serving it
  - 5.2.1 if it arises out of this contract or it is a general question about the *property* or title *within* 21 days after the contract date:
  - 5.2.2 if it arises out of anything served by the vendor within 21 days after the later of the contract date and that service; and
  - 5.2.3 in any other case within a reasonable time.

#### 6 Error or misdescription

- 6.1 *Normally*, the purchaser can (but only before completion) claim compensation for an error or misdescription in this contract (as to the *property*, the title or anything else and whether substantial or not).
- This clause applies even if the purchaser did not take notice of or rely on anything in this contract containing or giving rise to the error or misdescription.
- 6.3 However, this clause does not apply to the extent the purchaser knows the true position.

#### 7 Claims by purchaser

Normally, the purchaser can make a claim (including a claim under clause 6) before completion only by serving it with a statement of the amount claimed, and if the purchaser makes one or more claims before completion —

- 7.1 the vendor can rescind if in the case of claims that are not claims for delay -
  - 7.1.1 the total amount claimed exceeds 5% of the price;
  - 7.1.2 the vendor serves notice of intention to rescind; and
  - 7.1.3 the purchaser does not serve notice waiving the claims within 14 days after that service; and
- 7.2 if the vendor does not rescind, the parties must complete and if this contract is completed -
  - 7.2.1 the lesser of the total amount claimed and 10% of the price must be paid out of the price to and held by the *depositholder* until the claims are finalised or lapse;
  - 7.2.2 the amount held is to be invested in accordance with clause 2.9;
  - 7.2.3 the claims must be finalised by an arbitrator appointed by the *parties* or, if an appointment is not made *within* 1 month of completion, by an arbitrator appointed by the President of the Law Society at the request of a *party* (in the latter case the *parties* are bound by the terms of the Conveyancing Arbitration Rules approved by the Law Society as at the date of the appointment);
  - 7.2.4 the purchaser is not entitled, in respect of the claims, to more than the total amount claimed and the costs of the purchaser;
  - 7.2.5 net interest on the amount held must be paid to the *parties* in the same proportion as the amount held is paid; and
  - 7.2.6 if the *parties* do not appoint an arbitrator and neither *party* requests the President to appoint an arbitrator *within* 3 months after completion, the claims lapse and the amount belongs to the vendor.

#### 8 Vendor's rights and obligations

- 8.1 The vendor can rescind if -
  - 8.1.1 the vendor is, on reasonable grounds, unable or unwilling to comply with a requisition;
  - 8.1.2 the vendor *serves* a notice of intention to *rescind* that specifies the *requisition* and those grounds; and
  - 8.1.3 the purchaser does not serve a notice waiving the requisition within 14 days after that service.
- 8.2 If the vendor does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the purchaser can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination*
  - 8.2.1 the purchaser can recover the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract:
  - 8.2.2 the purchaser can sue the vendor to recover damages for breach of contract; and
  - 8.2.3 if the purchaser has been in possession a party can claim for a reasonable adjustment.

#### 9 Purchaser's default

If the purchaser does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the vendor can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination* the vendor can —

- 9.1 keep or recover the deposit (to a maximum of 10% of the price);
- 9.2 hold any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract as security for anything recoverable under this clause
  - 9.2.1 for 12 months after the termination; or
  - 9.2.2 if the vendor commences proceedings under this clause *within* 12 months, until those proceedings are concluded; and
- 9.3 sue the purchaser either
  - 9.3.1 where the vendor has resold the *property* under a contract made *within* 12 months after the *termination*, to recover
    - the deficiency on resale (with credit for any of the deposit kept or recovered and after allowance for any capital gains tax or goods and services tax payable on anything recovered under this clause); and
    - the reasonable costs and expenses arising out of the purchaser's non-compliance with this
      contract or the notice and of resale and any attempted resale; or
  - 9.3.2 to recover damages for breach of contract.

#### 10 Restrictions on rights of purchaser

- 10.1 The purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of
  - 10.1.1 the ownership or location of any fence as defined in the Dividing Fences Act 1991;
  - 10.1.2 a service for the *property* being a joint service or passing through another property, or any service for another property passing through the *property* ('service' includes air, communication, drainage, electricity, garbage, gas, oil, radio, sewerage, telephone, television or water service);
  - 10.1.3 a wall being or not being a party wall in any sense of that term or the *property* being affected by an easement for support or not having the benefit of an easement for support;
  - 10.1.4 any change in the *property* due to fair wear and tear before completion;
  - 10.1.5 a promise, representation or statement about this contract, the *property* or the title, not set out or referred to in this contract;
  - 10.1.6 a condition, exception, reservation or restriction in a Crown grant;

- 10.1.7 the existence of any authority or licence to explore or prospect for gas, minerals or petroleum;
- 10.1.8 any easement or restriction on use the substance of either of which is disclosed in this contract or any non-compliance with the easement or restriction on use; or
- anything the substance of which is disclosed in this contract (except a caveat, charge, mortgage, priority notice or writ).
- 10.2 The purchaser cannot rescind or terminate only because of a defect in title to or quality of the inclusions.
- 10.3 Normally, the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate or require the vendor to change the nature of the title disclosed in this contract (for example, to remove a caution evidencing qualified title, or to lodge a plan of survey as regards limited title).

#### 11 Compliance with work orders

- 11.1 Normally, the vendor must by completion comply with a work order made on or before the contract date and if this contract is completed the purchaser must comply with any other work order.
- 11.2 If the purchaser complies with a *work order*, and this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated*, the vendor must pay the expense of compliance to the purchaser.

#### 12 Certificates and inspections

The vendor must do everything reasonable to enable the purchaser, subject to the rights of any tenant -

- 12.1 to have the property inspected to obtain any certificate or report reasonably required;
- 12.2 to apply (if necessary in the name of the vendor) for -
  - 12.2.1 any certificate that can be given in respect of the property under legislation; or
  - 12.2.2 a copy of any approval, certificate, consent, direction, notice or order in respect of the *property* given under *legislation*, even if given after the contract date; and
- 12.3 to make 1 inspection of the *property* in the 3 days before a time appointed for completion.

#### 13 Goods and services tax (GST)

- Terms used in this clause which are not defined elsewhere in this contract and have a defined meaning in the GST Act have the same meaning in this clause.
- 13.2 Normally, if a party must pay the price or any other amount to the other party under this contract, GST is not to be added to the price or amount.
- 13.3 If under this contract a *party* must make an adjustment or payment for an expense of another party or pay an expense payable by or to a third party (for example, under clauses 14 or 20.7)
  - 13.3.1 the party must adjust or pay on completion any GST added to or included in the expense; but
  - the amount of the expense must be reduced to the extent the party receiving the adjustment or payment (or the representative member of a GST group of which that party is a member) is entitled to an input tax credit for the expense; and
  - 13.3.3 if the adjustment or payment under this contract is consideration for a taxable supply, an amount for GST must be added at the *GST rate*.
- 13.4 If this contract says this sale is the supply of a going concern -
  - 13.4.1 the parties agree the supply of the property is a supply of a going concern;
  - the vendor must, between the contract date and completion, carry on the enterprise conducted on the land in a proper and business-like way;
  - if the purchaser is not registered by the date for completion, the *parties* must complete and the purchaser must pay on completion, in addition to the price, an amount being the price multiplied by the *GST rate* ("the retention sum"). The retention sum is to be held by the *depositholder* and dealt with as follows—
    - if within 3 months of completion the purchaser serves a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the purchaser is registered with a date of effect of registration on or before completion, the depositholder is to pay the retention sum to the purchaser; but
    - if the purchaser does not *serve* that letter *within* 3 months of completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the vendor; and
  - 13.4.4 if the vendor, despite clause 13.4.1, *serves* a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the vendor has to pay GST on the supply, the purchaser must pay to the vendor on demand the amount of GST assessed.
- 13.5 Normally, the vendor promises the margin scheme will not apply to the supply of the property.
- 13.6 If this contract says the margin scheme is to apply in making the taxable supply, the *parties* agree that the margin scheme is to apply to the sale of the *property*.
- 13.7 If this contract says the sale is not a taxable supply -
  - 13.7.1 the purchaser promises that the *property* will not be used and represents that the purchaser does not intend the *property* (or any part of the *property*) to be used in a way that could make the sale a taxable supply to any extent; and
  - the purchaser must pay the vendor on completion in addition to the price an amount calculated by multiplying the price by the *GST rate* if this sale is a taxable supply to any extent because of
    - a breach of clause 13.7.1; or
    - something else known to the purchaser but not the vendor.
- 13.8 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply in full and does not say the margin scheme applies to the *property*, the vendor must pay the purchaser on completion an amount of one-eleventh of the price if –

- 13.8.1 this sale is not a taxable supply in full; or
- 13.8.2 the margin scheme applies to the *property* (or any part of the *property*).
- 13.9 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply to an extent -
  - 13.9.1 clause 13.7.1 does not apply to any part of the *property* which is identified as being a taxable supply; and
  - the payments mentioned in clauses 13.7 and 13.8 are to be recalculated by multiplying the relevant payment by the proportion of the price which represents the value of that part of the *property* to which the clause applies (the proportion to be expressed as a number between 0 and 1). Any evidence of value must be obtained at the expense of the vendor.
- 13.10 Normally, on completion the vendor must give the recipient of the supply a tax invoice for any taxable supply by the vendor by or under this contract.
- 13.11 The vendor does not have to give the purchaser a tax invoice if the margin scheme applies to a taxable supply.
- 13.12 If the vendor is liable for GST on rents or profits due to issuing an invoice or receiving consideration before completion, any adjustment of those amounts must exclude an amount equal to the vendor's GST liability.
- 13.13 If the purchaser must make a GSTRW payment the purchaser must
  - at least 5 days before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of a *GSTRW payment* notification form to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under clause 4.3 has been *served*, by the transferee named in the transfer *served* with that direction;
  - 13.13.2 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *GSTRW payment* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
  - 13.13.3 forward the settlement cheque to the payee immediately after completion; and
  - 13.13.4 serve evidence of receipt of payment of the GSTRW payment and a copy of the settlement date confirmation form submitted to the Australian Taxation Office.

#### 14 Adjustments

- 14.1 Normally, the vendor is entitled to the rents and profits and will be liable for all rates, water, sewerage and drainage service and usage charges, land tax, levies and all other periodic outgoings up to and including the adjustment date after which the purchaser will be entitled and liable.
- 14.2 The parties must make any necessary adjustment on completion.
- 14.3 If an amount that is adjustable under this contract has been reduced under *legislation*, the *parties* must on completion adjust the reduced amount.
- 14.4 The parties must not adjust surcharge land tax (as defined in the Land Tax Act 1956) but must adjust any other land tax for the year current at the adjustment date
  - only if land tax has been paid or is payable for the year (whether by the vendor or by a predecessor in title) and this contract says that land tax is adjustable;
  - 14.4.2 by adjusting the amount that would have been payable if at the start of the year -
    - the person who owned the land owned no other land;
    - the land was not subject to a special trust or owned by a non-concessional company; and
    - if the land (or part of it) had no separate taxable value, by calculating its separate taxable value on a proportional area basis.
- 14.5 If any other amount that is adjustable under this contract relates partly to the land and partly to other land, the parties must adjust it on a proportional area basis.
- 14.6 Normally, the vendor can direct the purchaser to produce a settlement cheque on completion to pay an amount adjustable under this contract and if so
  - 14.6.1 the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
  - the *cheque* must be forwarded to the payee immediately after completion (by the purchaser if the *cheque* relates only to the *property* or by the vendor in any other case).
- 14.7 If on completion the last bill for a water, sewerage or drainage usage charge is for a period ending before the adjustment date, the vendor is liable for an amount calculated by dividing the bill by the number of days in the period then multiplying by the number of unbilled days up to and including the adjustment date.
- 14.8 The vendor is liable for any amount recoverable for work started on or before the contract date on the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road.

#### 15 Date for completion

The parties must complete by the date for completion and, if they do not, a party can serve a notice to complete if that party is otherwise entitled to do so.

#### 16 Completion

#### Vendor

- 16.1 On completion the vendor must give the purchaser any document of title that relates only to the property.
- 16.2 If on completion the vendor has possession or control of a *document of title* that relates also to other property, the vendor must produce it as and where necessary.
- 16.3 Normally, on completion the vendor must cause the legal title to the *property* (being an estate in fee simple) to pass to the purchaser free of any mortgage or other interest, subject to any necessary registration.
- 16.4 The legal title to the *property* does not pass before completion.

- 16.5 If the vendor gives the purchaser a document (other than the transfer) that needs to be lodged for registration, the vendor must pay the lodgment fee to the purchaser.
- 16.6 If a party serves a land tax certificate showing a charge on any of the land, by completion the vendor must do all things and pay all money required so that the charge is no longer effective against the land.

#### Purchaser

- On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor, by cash (up to \$2,000) or *settlement cheque* 16.7.1 the price less any:
  - deposit paid;
  - FRCGW remittance payable;
  - GSTRW payment, and
  - amount payable by the vendor to the purchaser under this contract; and
  - any other amount payable by the purchaser under this contract.
- 16.8 If the vendor requires more than 5 settlement cheques, the vendor must pay \$10 for each extra cheque.
- 16.9 If any of the deposit is not covered by a bond or guarantee, on completion the purchaser must give the vendor an order signed by the purchaser authorising the *depositholder* to account to the vendor for the deposit.
- 16.10 On completion the deposit belongs to the vendor.

#### • Place for completion

- 16.11 Normally, the parties must complete at the completion address, which is
  - 16.11.1 if a special completion address is stated in this contract that address; or
  - 16.11.2 if none is stated, but a first mortgagee is disclosed in this contract and the mortgagee would usually discharge the mortgage at a particular place that place; or
  - 16.11.3 in any other case the vendor's solicitor's address stated in this contract.
- 16.12 The vendor by reasonable notice can require completion at another place, if it is in NSW, but the vendor must pay the purchaser's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.
- 16.13 If the purchaser requests completion at a place that is not the completion address, and the vendor agrees, the purchaser must pay the vendor's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.

#### 17 Possession

- 17.1 Normally, the vendor must give the purchaser vacant possession of the property on completion.
- 17.2 The vendor does not have to give vacant possession if
  - 17.2.1 this contract says that the sale is subject to existing tenancies; and
  - the contract discloses the provisions of the tenancy (for example, by attaching a copy of the lease and any relevant memorandum or variation).
- 17.3 Normally, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) or rescind if any of the land is affected by a protected tenancy (a tenancy affected by Schedule 2, Part 7 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010).

#### 18 Possession before completion

- 18.1 This clause applies only if the vendor gives the purchaser possession of the property before completion.
- 18.2 The purchaser must not before completion -
  - 18.2.1 let or part with possession of any of the property;
  - 18.2.2 make any change or structural alteration or addition to the property; or
  - 18.2.3 contravene any agreement between the *parties* or any direction, document, *legislation*, notice or order affecting the *property*.
- 18.3 The purchaser must until completion -
  - 18.3.1 keep the *property* in good condition and repair having regard to its condition at the giving of possession; and
  - 18.3.2 allow the vendor or the vendor's authorised representative to enter and inspect it at all reasonable times.
- 18.4 The risk as to damage to the *property* passes to the purchaser immediately after the purchaser enters into possession.
- 18.5 If the purchaser does not comply with this clause, then without affecting any other right of the vendor
  - 18.5.1 the vendor can before completion, without notice, remedy the non-compliance; and
  - 18.5.2 if the vendor pays the expense of doing this, the purchaser must pay it to the vendor with interest at the rate prescribed under s101 Civil Procedure Act 2005.
- 18.6 If this contract is rescinded or terminated the purchaser must immediately vacate the property.
- 18.7 If the parties or their solicitors on their behalf do not agree in writing to a fee or rent, none is payable.

#### 19 Rescission of contract

- 19.1 If this contract expressly gives a party a right to rescind, the party can exercise the right
  - 19.1.1 only by serving a notice before completion; and
  - in spite of any making of a claim or *requisition*, any attempt to satisfy a claim or *requisition*, any arbitration, litigation, mediation or negotiation or any giving or taking of possession.
- 19.2 Normally, if a party exercises a right to rescind expressly given by this contract or any legislation
  - 19.2.1 the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract must be refunded;
  - 19.2.2 a party can claim for a reasonable adjustment if the purchaser has been in possession;
  - 19.2.3 a party can claim for damages, costs or expenses arising out of a breach of this contract; and
  - 19.2.4 a party will not otherwise be liable to pay the other party any damages, costs or expenses.

#### 20 Miscellaneous

- 20.1 The *parties* acknowledge that anything stated in this contract to be attached was attached to this contract by the vendor before the purchaser signed it and is part of this contract.
- 20.2 Anything attached to this contract is part of this contract.
- 20.3 An area, bearing or dimension in this contract is only approximate.
- 20.4 If a party consists of 2 or more persons, this contract benefits and binds them separately and together.
- 20.5 A party's solicitor can receive any amount payable to the party under this contract or direct in writing that it is to be paid to another person.
- 20.6 A document under or relating to this contract is -
  - 20.6.1 signed by a *party* if it is signed by the *party* or the *party*'s *solicitor* (apart from a direction under clause 4.3);
  - 20.6.2 served if it is served by the party or the party's solicitor,
  - 20.6.3 served if it is served on the party's solicitor, even if the party has died or any of them has died;
  - 20.6.4 served if it is served in any manner provided in s170 of the Conveyancing Act 1919;
  - 20.6.5 served if it is sent by email or fax to the party's solicitor, unless in either case it is not received;
  - 20.6.6 served on a person if it (or a copy of it) comes into the possession of the person; and
  - 20.6.7 served at the earliest time it is served, if it is served more than once.
- 20.7 An obligation to pay an expense of another party of doing something is an obligation to pay
  - 20.7.1 if the party does the thing personally the reasonable cost of getting someone else to do it; or
  - 20.7.2 if the party pays someone else to do the thing the amount paid, to the extent it is reasonable.
- 20.8 Rights under clauses 11, 13, 14, 17, 24, 30 and 31 continue after completion, whether or not other rights continue.
- 20.9 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that the purchaser has any cooling off rights.
- 20.10 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that any attached survey report is accurate or current.
- 20.11 A reference to any *legislation* (including any percentage or rate specified in *legislation*) is also a reference to any corresponding later *legislation*.
- 20.12 Each party must do whatever is necessary after completion to carry out the party's obligations under this contract.
- 20.13 Neither taking possession nor serving a transfer of itself-implies acceptance of the property or the title.
- 20.14 The details and information provided in this contract (for example, on pages 1 3) are, to the extent of each party's knowledge, true, and are part of this contract.
- 20.15 Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked.

#### 21 Time limits in these provisions

- 21.1 If the time for something to be done or to happen is not stated in these provisions, it is a reasonable time.
- 21.2 If there are conflicting times for something to be done or to happen, the latest of those times applies.
- 21.3 The time for one thing to be done or to happen does not extend the time for another thing to be done or to happen.
- 21.4 If the time for something to be done or to happen is the 29th, 30th or 31st day of a month, and the day does not exist, the time is instead the last day of the month.
- 21.5 If the time for something to be done or to happen is a day that is not a *business day*, the time is extended to the next *business day*, except in the case of clauses 2 and 3.2.
- 21.6 *Normally*, the time by which something must be done is fixed but not essential.

#### 22 Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975

- 22.1 The purchaser promises that the Commonwealth Treasurer cannot prohibit and has not prohibited the transfer under the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975.
- 22.2 This promise is essential and a breach of it entitles the vendor to *terminate*.

#### 23 Strata or community title

#### • Definitions and modifications

- This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) is a lot in a strata, neighbourhood, precinct or community scheme (or on completion is to be a lot in a scheme of that kind).
- 23.2 In this contract -
  - 23.2.1 'change', in relation to a scheme, means -
    - a registered or registrable change from by-laws set out in this contract;
    - a change from a development or management contract or statement set out in this contract; or
    - a change in the boundaries of common property;
  - 23.2.2 'common property' includes association property for the scheme or any higher scheme;
  - 23.2.3 'contribution' includes an amount payable under a by-law;
  - 23.2.4 'information certificate' includes a certificate under s184 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and s26 Community Land Management Act 1989;
  - 23.2.5 'information notice' includes a strata information notice under s22 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and a notice under s47 Community Land Management Act 1989;

- 23.2.6 'normal expenses', in relation to an owners corporation for a scheme, means normal operating expenses usually payable from the administrative fund of an owners corporation for a scheme of the same kind:
- 23.2.7 'owners corporation' means the owners corporation or the association for the scheme or any higher scheme.
- 23.2.8 'the property' includes any interest in common property for the scheme associated with the lot; and
- 23.2.9 'special expenses', in relation to an owners corporation, means its actual, contingent or expected expenses, except to the extent they are
  - normal expenses;
  - due to fair wear and tear;
  - · disclosed in this contract; or
  - covered by moneys held in the capital works fund.
- 23.3 Clauses 11, 14.8 and 18.4 do not apply to an obligation of the owners corporation, or to property insurable by it.
- 23.4 Clauses 14.4.2 and 14.5 apply but on a unit entitlement basis instead of an area basis.

#### • Adjustments and liability for expenses

- 23.5 The parties must adjust under clause 14.1 -
  - 23.5.1 a regular periodic contribution;
  - 23.5.2 a contribution which is not a regular periodic contribution but is disclosed in this contract; and
  - on a unit entitlement basis, any amount paid by the vendor for a normal expense of the owners corporation to the extent the owners corporation has not paid the amount to the vendor.
- 23.6 If a contribution is not a regular periodic contribution and is not disclosed in this contract -
  - 23.6.1 the vendor is liable for it if it was determined on or before the contract date, even if it is payable by instalments: and
  - 23.6.2 the purchaser is liable for all contributions determined after the contract date.
- 23.7 The vendor must pay or allow to the purchaser on completion the amount of any unpaid contributions for which the vendor is liable under clause 23.6.1.
- 23.8 Normally, the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of -
  - 23.8.1 an existing or future actual, contingent or expected expense of the owners corporation;
  - 23.8.2 a proportional unit entitlement of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot, apart from a claim under clause 6; or
  - 23.8.3 a past or future change in the scheme or a higher scheme.
- 23.9 However, the purchaser can rescind if -
  - 23.9.1 the special expenses of the owners corporation at the later of the contract date and the creation of the owners corporation when calculated on a unit entitlement basis (and, if more than one lot or a higher scheme is involved, added together), less any contribution paid by the vendor, are more than 1% of the price;
  - in the case of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot in a higher scheme, a proportional unit entitlement for the lot is disclosed in this contract but the lot has a different proportional unit entitlement at the contract date or at any time before completion;
  - 23.9.3 a change before the contract date or before completion in the scheme or a higher scheme materially prejudices the purchaser and is not disclosed in this contract; or
  - a resolution is passed by the owners corporation before the contract date or before completion to give to the owners in the scheme for their consideration a strata renewal plan that has not lapsed at the contract date and there is not attached to this contract a strata renewal proposal or the strata renewal plan.

#### • Notices, certificates and inspections

- 23.10 The purchaser must give the vendor 2 copies of an information notice addressed to the owners corporation and signed by the purchaser.
- 23.11 The vendor must complete and sign 1 copy of the notice and give it to the purchaser on completion.
- 23.12 Each party can sign and give the notice as agent for the other.
- 23.13 The vendor must serve an information certificate issued after the contract date in relation to the lot, the scheme or any higher scheme at least 7 days before the date for completion.
- 23.14 The purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after *service* of the certificate and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision. On completion the purchaser must pay the vendor the prescribed fee for the certificate.
- 23.15 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for the purchaser's own certificate.
- 23.16 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for and make an inspection of any record or other document in the custody or control of the owners corporation or relating to the scheme or any higher scheme.

#### • Meetings of the owners corporation

- 23.17 If a general meeting of the owners corporation is convened before completion -
  - 23.17.1 if the vendor receives notice of it, the vendor must immediately notify the purchaser of it; and
  - 23.17.2 after the expiry of any cooling off period, the purchaser can require the vendor to appoint the purchaser (or the purchaser's nominee) to exercise any voting rights of the vendor in respect of the lot at the meeting.

#### 24 Tenancies

- 24.1 If a tenant has not made a payment for a period preceding or current at the adjustment date -
  - 24.1.1 for the purposes of clause 14.2, the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
  - 24.1.2 the purchaser assigns the debt to the vendor on completion and will if required give a further assignment at the vendor's expense.
- 24.2 If a tenant has paid in advance of the *adjustment date* any periodic payment in addition to rent, it must be adjusted as if it were rent for the period to which it relates.
- 24.3 If the property is to be subject to a tenancy on completion or is subject to a tenancy on completion -
  - 24.3.1 the vendor authorises the purchaser to have any accounting records relating to the tenancy inspected and audited and to have any other document relating to the tenancy inspected;
  - 24.3.2 the vendor must *serve* any information about the tenancy reasonably requested by the purchaser before or after completion; and
  - 24.3.3 normally, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) if -
    - a disclosure statement required by the Retail Leases Act 1994 was not given when required;
    - such a statement contained information that was materially false or misleading;
    - a provision of the lease is not enforceable because of a non-disclosure in such a statement; or
    - the lease was entered into in contravention of the Retail Leases Act 1994.
- 24.4 If the property is subject to a tenancy on completion
  - 24.4.1 the vendor must allow or transfer -
    - any remaining bond money or any other security against the tenant's default (to the extent the security is transferable);
    - any money in a fund established under the lease for a purpose and compensation for any money in the fund or interest earnt by the fund that has been applied for any other purpose;
       and
    - any money paid by the tenant for a purpose that has not been applied for that purpose and compensation for any of the money that has been applied for any other purpose;
  - 24.4.2 if the security is not transferable, each *party* must do everything reasonable to cause a replacement security to issue for the benefit of the purchaser and the vendor must hold the original security on trust for the benefit of the purchaser until the replacement security issues;
  - 24.4.3 the vendor must give to the purchaser -
    - a proper notice of the transfer (an attornment notice) addressed to the tenant;
    - any certificate given under the Retail Leases Act 1994 in relation to the tenancy;
    - a copy of any disclosure statement given under the Retail Leases Act 1994;
    - a copy of any document served on the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion; and
    - any document served by the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion;
  - 24.4.4 the vendor must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent it is to be complied with by completion; and
  - 24.4.5 the purchaser must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent that the obligation is disclosed in this contract and is to be complied with after completion.

#### 25 Qualified title, limited title and old system title

- 25.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) -
  - 25.1.1 is under qualified, limited or old system title; or
  - 25.1.2 on completion is to be under one of those titles.
- 25.2 The vendor must serve a proper abstract of title within 7 days after the contract date.
- 25.3 If an abstract of title or part of an abstract of title is attached to this contract or has been lent by the vendor to the purchaser before the contract date, the abstract or part is *served* on the contract date.
- 25.4 An abstract of title can be or include a list of documents, events and facts arranged (apart from a will or codicil) in date order, if the list in respect of each document
  - 25.4.1 shows its date, general nature, names of parties and any registration number; and
  - 25.4.2 has attached a legible photocopy of it or of an official or registration copy of it.
- 25.5 An abstract of title -
  - 25.5.1 must start with a good root of title (if the good root of title must be at least 30 years old, this means 30 years old at the contract date);
  - in the case of a leasehold interest, must include an abstract of the lease and any higher lease;
  - 25.5.3 normally, need not include a Crown grant; and
  - 25.5.4 need not include anything evidenced by the Register kept under the Real Property Act 1900.
- 25.6 In the case of land under old system title -
  - 25.6.1 in this contract 'transfer' means conveyance;
  - 25.6.2 the purchaser does not have to *serve* the form of transfer until after the vendor has *served* a proper abstract of title; and
  - 25.6.3 each vendor must give proper covenants for title as regards that vendor's interest.
- 25.7 In the case of land under limited title but not under qualified title -

- 25.7.1 normally, the abstract of title need not include any document which does not show the location, area or dimensions of the land (for example, by including a metes and bounds description or a plan of the land):
- 25.7.2 clause 25.7.1 does not apply to a document which is the good root of title; and
- 25.7.3 the vendor does not have to provide an abstract if this contract contains a delimitation plan (whether in registrable form or not).
- 25.8 The vendor must give a proper covenant to produce where relevant.
- 25.9 The vendor does not have to produce or covenant to produce a document that is not in the possession of the vendor or a mortgagee.
- 25.10 If the vendor is unable to produce an original document in the chain of title, the purchaser will accept a photocopy from the Registrar-General of the registration copy of that document.

#### 26 Crown purchase money

- 26.1 This clause applies only if purchase money is payable to the Crown, whether or not due for payment.
- 26.2 The vendor is liable for the money, except to the extent this contract says the purchaser is liable for it.
- 26.3 To the extent the vendor is liable for it, the vendor is liable for any interest until completion.
- 26.4 To the extent the purchaser is liable for it, the parties must adjust any interest under clause 14.1.

#### 27 Consent to transfer

- 27.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) cannot be transferred without consent under *legislation* or a *planning agreement*.
- 27.2 The purchaser must properly complete and then *serve* the purchaser's part of an application for consent to transfer of the land (or part of it) *within* 7 days after the contract date.
- 27.3 The vendor must apply for consent within 7 days after service of the purchaser's part.
- 27.4 If consent is refused, either party can rescind.
- 27.5 If consent is given subject to one or more conditions that will substantially disadvantage a *party*, then that party can rescind within 7 days after receipt by or service upon the party of written notice of the conditions.
- 27.6 If consent is not given or refused -
  - 27.6.1 within 42 days after the purchaser serves the purchaser's part of the application, the purchaser can rescind; or
  - 27.6.2 within 30 days after the application is made, either party can rescind.
- 27.7 Each period in clause 27.6 becomes 90 days if the land (or part of it) is -
  - 27.7.1 under a planning agreement; or
  - 27.7.2 in the Western Division.
- 27.8 If the land (or part of it) is described as a lot in an unregistered plan, each time in clause 27.6 becomes the later of the time and 35 days after creation of a separate folio for the lot.
- 27.9 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 14 days after *service* of the notice granting consent to transfer.

#### 28 Unregistered plan

- 28.1 This clause applies only if some of the land is described as a lot in an unregistered plan.
- 28.2 The vendor must do everything reasonable to have the plan registered *within* 6 months after the contract date, with or without any minor alteration to the plan or any document to be lodged with the plan validly required or made under *legislation*.
- 28.3 If the plan is not registered within that time and in that manner -
  - 28.3.1 the purchaser can rescind; and
  - 28.3.2 the vendor can *rescind*, but only if the vendor has complied with clause 28.2 and with any *legislation* governing the rescission.
- 28.4 Either party can serve notice of the registration of the plan and every relevant lot and plan number.
- 28.5 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after service of the notice.
- 28.6 Clauses 28.2 and 28.3 apply to another plan that is to be registered before the plan is registered.

#### 29 Conditional contract

- 29.1 This clause applies only if a provision says this contract or completion is conditional on an event.
- 29.2 If the time for the event to happen is not stated, the time is 42 days after the contract date.
- 29.3 If this contract says the provision is for the benefit of a *party*, then it benefits only that *party*.
- 29.4 If anything is necessary to make the event happen, each *party* must do whatever is reasonably necessary to cause the event to happen.
- 29.5 A party can rescind under this clause only if the party has substantially complied with clause 29.4.
- 29.6 If the event involves an approval and the approval is given subject to a condition that will substantially disadvantage a *party* who has the benefit of the provision, the *party* can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party* serves notice of the condition.
- 29.7 If the parties can lawfully complete without the event happening -
  - 29.7.1 if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after the end of that time;
  - 29.7.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party serves* notice of the refusal; and

- 29.7.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after the earliest of
  - either party serving notice of the event happening;
  - every party who has the benefit of the provision serving notice waiving the provision; or
  - the end of the time for the event to happen.
- 29.8 If the parties cannot lawfully complete without the event happening -
  - 29.8.1 if the event does not happen within the time for it to happen, either party can rescind;
  - 29.8.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, either *party* can rescind;
  - 29.8.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after either *party* serves notice of the event happening.
- 29.9 A party cannot rescind under clauses 29.7 or 29.8 after the event happens.

#### 30 Electronic transaction

- 30.1 This Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as an electronic transaction if
  - 30.1.1 this contract says that it is an electronic transaction;
  - 30.1.2 the parties otherwise agree that it is to be conducted as an electronic transaction; or
  - 30.1.3 the conveyancing rules require it to be conducted as an electronic transaction.
- 30.2 However, this Conveyancing Transaction is not to be conducted as an electronic transaction -
  - 30.2.1 if the land is not electronically tradeable or the transfer is not eligible to be lodged electronically; or
  - 30.2.2 if, at any time after the *effective date*, but at least 14 days before the date for completion, a *party serves* a notice stating a valid reason why it cannot be conducted as an *electronic transaction*.
- 30.3 If, because of clause 30.2.2, this *Conveyancing Transaction* is not to be conducted as an *electronic transaction*
  - 30.3.1 each party must -
    - bear equally any disbursements or fees; and
    - otherwise bear that party's own costs;

incurred because this Conveyancing Transaction was to be conducted as an electronic transaction; and

- 30.3.2 if a party has paid all of a disbursement or fee which, by reason of this clause, is to be borne equally by the parties, that amount must be adjusted under clause 14.2.
- 30.4 If this Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as an electronic transaction -
  - 30.4.1 to the extent that any other provision of this contract is inconsistent with this clause, the provisions of this clause prevail;
  - 30.4.2 normally, words and phrases used in this clause 30 (italicised and in Title Case, such as *Electronic Workspace* and *Lodgment Case*) have the same meaning which they have in the *participation rules*:
  - 30.4.3 the parties must conduct the electronic transaction -
    - in accordance with the participation rules and the ECNL; and
    - using the nominated ELN, unless the parties otherwise agree;
  - 30.4.4 a party must pay the fees and charges payable by that party to the ELNO and the Land Registry as a result of this transaction being an electronic transaction;
  - 30.4.5 any communication from one party to another party in the Electronic Workspace made
    - after the effective date; and
    - before the receipt of a notice given under clause 30.2.2;

is taken to have been received by that *party* at the time determined by s13A of the Electronic Transactions Act 2000; and

- 30.4.6 a document which is an *electronic document* is *served* as soon as it is first *Digitally Signed* in the *Electronic Workspace* on behalf of the *party* required to *serve* it.
- 30.5 Normally, the vendor must within 7 days of the effective date -
  - 30.5.1 create an Electronic Workspace;
  - 30.5.2 populate the Electronic Workspace with title data, the date for completion and, if applicable, mortgagee details; and
  - 30.5.3 invite the purchaser and any discharging mortgagee to the Electronic Workspace.
- 30.6 If the vendor has not created an *Electronic Workspace* in accordance with clause 30.5, the purchaser may create an *Electronic Workspace*. If the purchaser creates the *Electronic Workspace* the purchaser must
  - 30.6.1 populate the Electronic Workspace with title data;
  - 30.6.2 create and populate an electronic transfer.
  - 30.6.3 populate the Electronic Workspace with the date for completion and a nominated completion time; and
  - 30.6.4 invite the vendor and any incoming mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace.
- 30.7 Normally, within 7 days of receiving an invitation from the vendor to join the Electronic Workspace, the purchaser must
  - 30.7.1 join the *Electronic Workspace*;
  - 30.7.2 create and populate an electronic transfer,
  - 30.7.3 invite any incoming mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace; and
  - 30.7.4 populate the Electronic Workspace with a nominated completion time.

- If the purchaser has created the Electronic Workspace the vendor must within 7 days of being invited to the 30.8 Electronic Workspace
  - join the Electronic Workspace; 30.8.1
  - populate the Electronic Workspace with mortgagee details, if applicable; and 30.8.2
  - invite any discharging mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace. 30.8.3
- To complete the financial settlement schedule in the Electronic Workspace -30.9
  - the purchaser must provide the vendor with adjustment figures at least 2 business days before the 30.9.1 date for completion:
  - the vendor must confirm the adjustment figures at least 1 business day before the date for 30.9.2 completion: and
  - if the purchaser must make a GSTRW payment or an FRCGW remittance, the purchaser must populate the Electronic Workspace with the payment details for the GSTRW payment or FRCGW 30.9.3 remittance payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation at least 2 business days before the date for completion.
- Before completion, the parties must ensure that -30.10
  - all electronic documents which a party must Digitally Sign to complete the electronic transaction are 30.10.1 populated and Digitally Signed:
  - all certifications required by the ECNL are properly given; and 30.10.2
  - they do everything else in the Electronic Workspace which that party must do to enable the 30.10.3 electronic transaction to proceed to completion.
- If completion takes place in the Electronic Workspace -30.11
  - payment electronically on completion of the price in accordance with clause 16.7 is taken to be 30.11.1 payment by a single settlement cheque;
  - the completion address in clause 16.11 is the Electronic Workspace; and 30.11.2
  - clauses 13.13.2 to 13.13.4, 16.8, 16.12, 16.13 and 31.2.2 to 31.2.4 do not apply. 30.11.3
- If the computer systems of any of the Land Registry, the ELNO or the Reserve Bank of Australia are 30.12 inoperative for any reason at the completion time agreed by the parties, a failure to complete this contract for that reason is not a default under this contract on the part of either party.
- If the computer systems of the Land Registry are inoperative for any reason at the completion time agreed by 30.13 the parties, and the parties choose that financial settlement is to occur despite this, then on financial settlement occurring
  - all electronic documents Digitally Signed by the vendor, the certificate of title and any discharge of 30.13.1 mortgage, withdrawal of caveat or other electronic document forming part of the Lodgment Case for the electronic transaction shall be taken to have been unconditionally and irrevocably delivered to the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee at the time of financial settlement together with the right to deal with the land comprised in the certificate of title; and
  - the vendor shall be taken to have no legal or equitable interest in the property.
- A party who holds a certificate of title must act in accordance with any Prescribed Requirement in relation to 30.14 the certificate of title but if there is no Prescribed Requirement, the vendor must serve the certificate of title after completion.
- If the parties do not agree about the delivery before completion of one or more documents or things that 30.15 cannot be delivered through the Electronic Workspace, the party required to deliver the documents or things holds them on completion in escrow for the benefit of; and
  - 30,15,2 must immediately after completion deliver the documents or things to, or as directed by; the party entitled to them.
- In this clause 30, these terms (in any form) mean -30.16

details of the adjustments to be made to the price under clause 14; adjustment figures certificate of title

the paper duplicate of the folio of the register for the land which exists

immediately prior to completion and, if more than one, refers to each such paper duplicate:

the time of day on the date for completion when the electronic transaction is to be completion time

settled: the rules made under s12E of the Real Property Act 1900;

conveyancing rules discharging mortgagee

any discharging mortgagee, chargee, covenant chargee or caveator whose provision of a Digitally Signed discharge of mortgage, discharge of charge or withdrawal of caveat is required in order for unencumbered title to the property to

be transferred to the purchaser;

**ECNL** the Electronic Conveyancing National Law (NSW);

the date on which the Conveyancing Transaction is agreed to be an electronic effective date

transaction under clause 30.1.2 or, if clauses 30.1.1 or 30.1.3 apply, the contract

date;

a dealing as defined in the Real Property Act 1900 which may be created and electronic document

Digitally Signed in an Electronic Workspace;

electronic transfer a transfer of land under the Real Property Act 1900 for the property to be

prepared and Digitally Signed in the Electronic Workspace established for the

purposes of the parties' Conveyancing Transaction;

a Conveyancing Transaction to be conducted for the parties by their legal electronic transaction

representatives as Subscribers using an ELN and in accordance with the ECNL

and the participation rules:

a land title that is Electronically Tradeable as that term is defined in the electronically tradeable

conveyancing rules;

any mortgagee who is to provide finance to the purchaser on the security of the incoming mortgagee

property and to enable the purchaser to pay the whole or part of the price; the details which a party to the electronic transaction must provide about any

mortgagee details discharging mortgagee of the property as at completion;

participation rules

the participation rules as determined by the ECNL;

populate title data

to complete data fields in the Electronic Workspace; and the details of the title to the property made available to the Electronic Workspace

by the Land Registry.

#### 31 **Foreign Resident Capital Gains Withholding**

31.1 This clause applies only if -

the sale is not an excluded transaction within the meaning of s14-215 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act, 31.1.1

a clearance certificate in respect of every vendor is not attached to this contract. 31.1.2

The purchaser must -31.2

at least 5 days before the date for completion, serve evidence of submission of a purchaser 31.2.1 payment notification to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under clause 4.3 has been served, by the transferee named in the transfer served with that direction;

produce on completion a settlement cheque for the FRCGW remittance payable to the Deputy 31.2.2 Commissioner of Taxation:

forward the settlement cheque to the payee immediately after completion; and 31.2.3

serve evidence of receipt of payment of the FRCGW remittance. 31.2.4

The vendor cannot refuse to complete if the purchaser complies with clauses 31.2.1 and 31.2.2. 31.3

If the vendor serves any clearance certificate or variation, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier 31.4 than 7 days after that service and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.

If the vendor serves in respect of every vendor either a clearance certificate or a variation to 0.00 percent, 31.5 clauses 31.2 and 31.3 do not apply.

#### Residential off the plan contract 32

This clause applies if this contract is an off the plan contract within the meaning of Division 10 of Part 4 of the 32.1 Conveyancing Act 1919 (the Division).

No provision of this contract has the effect of excluding, modifying or restricting the operation of the Division. 32.2

32.3 If the purchaser makes a claim for compensation under the terms prescribed by clause 6A of the Conveyancing (Sale of Land) Regulation 2017 -

the purchaser cannot make a claim under this contract about the same subject matter, including a 32.3.1 claim under clauses 6 or 7; and

32.3.2 the claim for compensation is not a claim under this contract.

32.4 This clause does not apply to a contract made before the commencement of the amendments to the Division under the Conveyancing Legislation Amendment Act 2018.