

Contract for the sale and purchase of land 2019 edition

TERM	MEANING OF TERM	NSW DAN:
vendor's agent	Southlands Reality	Phone: 47211111 Ref: Ali
co-agent		
vendor	Kevin John Rynne and Julie Janine Rynne 34 Mison Circuit, Mollymook Beach, NSW 2539	
vendor's solicitor	About You Conveyancing 5/114 Princes Highway, Ulladulla, NSW, 2539	Phone: 0421 229 711 Ref: KB:KB:KB:544 E: kylie@aboutyouns.com.au
date for completion	35th day after the contract date	(clause 15)
land (address, plan details and title reference)	5/36-38 Stafford Street, Kingswood, New South Wales 2747 Registered Plan: Lot 5 Plan SP 82132 Folio Identifier 5/SP82132	
improvements	☐ VACANT POSSESSION ☒ subject to existing tenancies ☒ HOUSE ☐ garage ☐ carport ☐ home unit ☐ carspace ☐ storage space ☐ none ☐ other:	
attached copies	☐ documents in the List of Documents as marked or as numbered: ☐ other documents:	

A real estate agent is permitted by legislation to fill up the items in this box in a sale of residential property.

inclusions	☒ blinds ☒ dishwasher ☒ light fittings ☒ stove ☒ built-in wardrobes ☒ fixed floor coverings ☒ range hood ☐ pool equipment ☒ clothes line ☒ insect screens ☐ solar panels ☒ TV antenna ☐ curtains ☒ other: air conditioner
exclusions	
purchaser	
purchaser's solicitor	Phone: Fax: Ref: E:
price	\$
deposit	\$
balance	\$
contract date	(10% of the price, unless otherwise stated)
contract date	(if not stated, the date this contract was made)

buyer's agent

vendor

GST AMOUNT (optional)

The price includes
GST of: \$

witness

purchaser

☐ JOINT TENANTS ☐ tenants in common ☐ in unequal shares

witness

ChoicesVendor agrees to accept a **deposit-bond** (clause 3)☐ NO ☐ yes**Nominated Electronic Lodgment Network (ELN)** (clause 30):

PEXA

Electronic transaction (clause 30)☐ no ☒ YES(If no, vendor must provide further details, such as the proposed applicable waiver, in the space below, or serve *within* 14 days of the contract date):**Tax information (the parties promise this is correct as far as each party is aware)**

Land tax is adjustable

☒ NO ☐ yes

GST: Taxable supply

☒ NO ☐ yes in full ☐ yes to an extent

Margin scheme will be used in making the taxable supply

☒ NO ☐ yes

This sale is not a taxable supply because (one or more of the following may apply) the sale is:

- ☐ not made in the course or furtherance of an enterprise that the vendor carries on (section 9-5(b))
- ☒ by a vendor who is neither registered nor required to be registered for GST (section 9-5(d))
- ☐ GST-free because the sale is the supply of a going concern under section 38-325
- ☐ GST-free because the sale is subdivided farm land or farm land supplied for farming under Subdivision 38-O
- ☐ input taxed because the sale is of eligible residential premises (sections 40-65, 40-75(2) and 195-1)

Purchaser must make a **GSTRW payment**
(GST residential withholding payment)☒ NO ☐ yes (if yes, vendor must provide further details)If the further details below are not fully completed at the contract date, the vendor must provide all these details in a separate notice *within* 14 days of the contract date.**GSTRW payment (GST residential withholding payment) – further details**

Frequently the supplier will be the vendor. However, sometimes further information will be required as to which entity is liable for GST, for example, if the supplier is a partnership, a trust, part of a GST group or a participant in a GST joint venture.

Supplier's name:

Supplier's ABN:

Supplier's GST branch address (if applicable):

Supplier's business address:

Supplier's email address:

Supplier's phone number:

Supplier's proportion of **GSTRW payment**:**If more than one supplier, provide the above details for each supplier.**Amount purchaser must pay – price multiplied by the **GSTRW rate** (residential withholding rate):Amount must be paid: ☐ AT COMPLETION ☐ at another time (specify):Is any of the consideration not expressed as an amount in money? ☐ NO ☐ yes

If "yes", the GST inclusive market value of the non-monetary consideration: \$

Other details (including those required by regulation or the ATO forms):

List of Documents

General	Strata or community title (clause 23 of the contract)
☒ 1 property certificate for the land	☒ 32 property certificate for strata common property
☒ 2 plan of the land	☒ 33 plan creating strata common property
☐ 3 unregistered plan of the land	☒ 34 strata by-laws
☐ 4 plan of land to be subdivided	☐ 35 strata development contract or statement
☐ 5 document that is to be lodged with a relevant plan	☐ 36 strata management statement
☒ 6 section 10.7(2) planning certificate under Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979	☐ 37 strata renewal proposal
☐ 7 additional information included in that certificate under section 10.7(5)	☐ 38 strata renewal plan
☒ 8 sewerage infrastructure location diagram (service location diagram)	☐ 39 leasehold strata - lease of lot and common property
☒ 9 sewer lines location diagram (sewerage service diagram)	☐ 40 property certificate for neighbourhood property
☐ 10 document that created or may have created an easement, profit à prendre, restriction on use or positive covenant disclosed in this contract	☐ 41 plan creating neighbourhood property
☐ 11 <i>planning agreement</i>	☐ 42 neighbourhood development contract
☐ 12 section 88G certificate (positive covenant)	☐ 43 neighbourhood management statement
☐ 13 survey report	☐ 44 property certificate for precinct property
☐ 14 building information certificate or building certificate given under <i>legislation</i>	☐ 45 plan creating precinct property
☒ 15 lease (with every relevant memorandum or variation)	☐ 46 precinct development contract
☐ 16 other document relevant to tenancies	☐ 47 precinct management statement
☐ 17 licence benefiting the land	☐ 48 property certificate for community property
☐ 18 old system document	☐ 49 plan creating community property
☐ 19 Crown purchase statement of account	☐ 50 community development contract
☐ 20 building management statement	☐ 51 community management statement
☒ 21 form of requisitions	☐ 52 document disclosing a change of by-laws
☐ 22 <i>clearance certificate</i>	☐ 53 document disclosing a change in a development or management contract or statement
☐ 23 land tax certificate	☐ 54 document disclosing a change in boundaries
Home Building Act 1989	☐ 55 information certificate under Strata Schemes Management Act 2015
☐ 24 insurance certificate	☐ 56 information certificate under Community Land Management Act 1989
☐ 25 brochure or warning	☐ 57 disclosure statement - off the plan contract
☐ 26 evidence of alternative indemnity cover	☐ 58 other document relevant to off the plan contract
Swimming Pools Act 1992	Other
☐ 27 certificate of compliance	☐ 59
☐ 28 evidence of registration	
☐ 29 relevant occupation certificate	
☐ 30 certificate of non-compliance	
☐ 31 detailed reasons of non-compliance	

HOLDER OF STRATA OR COMMUNITY TITLE RECORDS – Name, address, email address and telephone number

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO VENDORS AND PURCHASERS

Before signing this contract you should ensure that you understand your rights and obligations, some of which are not written in this contract but are implied by law.

WARNING—SMOKE ALARMS

The owners of certain types of buildings and strata lots must have smoke alarms (or in certain cases heat alarms) installed in the building or lot in accordance with regulations under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. It is an offence not to comply. It is also an offence to remove or interfere with a smoke alarm or heat alarm. Penalties apply.

WARNING—LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

Before purchasing land that includes any residential premises (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*) built before 1985, a purchaser is strongly advised to consider the possibility that the premises may contain loose-fill asbestos insulation (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*). In particular, a purchaser should:

- (a) search the Register required to be maintained under Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*, and
- (b) ask the relevant local council whether it holds any records showing that the residential premises contain loose-fill asbestos insulation.

For further information about loose-fill asbestos insulation (including areas in which residential premises have been identified as containing loose-fill asbestos insulation), contact NSW Fair Trading.

COOLING OFF PERIOD (PURCHASER'S RIGHTS)

1. This is the statement required by section 66X of the *Conveyancing Act 1919* and applies to a contract for the sale of residential property.
2. **EXCEPT** in the circumstances listed in paragraph 3, the purchaser may rescind the contract at any time before 5 pm on—
 - (a) the tenth business day after the day on which the contract was made—in the case of an off the plan contract, or
 - (b) the fifth business day after the day on which the contract was made—in any other case.
3. **There is NO COOLING OFF PERIOD:**
 - (a) if, at or before the time the contract is made, the purchaser gives to the vendor (or the vendor's solicitor or agent) a certificate that complies with section 66W of the Act, or
 - (b) if the property is sold by public auction, or
 - (c) if the contract is made on the same day as the property was offered for sale by public auction but passed in, or
 - (d) if the contract is made in consequence of the exercise of an option to purchase the property, other than an option that is void under section 66ZG of the Act.
4. A purchaser exercising the right to cool off by rescinding the contract will forfeit to the vendor 0.25% of the purchase price of the property. The vendor is entitled to recover the amount forfeited from any amount paid by the purchaser as a deposit under the contract and the purchaser is entitled to a refund of any balance.

DISPUTES

If you get into a dispute with the other party, the Law Society and Real Estate Institute encourage you to use informal procedures such as negotiation, independent expert appraisal, the Law Society Conveyancing Dispute Resolution Scheme or mediation (for example mediation under the Law Society Mediation Program).

AUCTIONS

Regulations made under the Property, Stock and Business Agents Act 2002 prescribe a number of conditions applying to sales by auction.

WARNINGS

1. Various Acts of Parliament and other matters can affect the rights of the parties to this contract. Some important matters are actions, claims, decisions, licences, notices, orders, proposals or rights of way involving:

APA Group Australian Taxation Office Council County Council Department of Planning, Industry and Environment Department of Primary Industries Electricity and gas Land & Housing Corporation Local Land Services	NSW Department of Education NSW Fair Trading Owner of adjoining land Privacy Public Works Advisory Subsidence Advisory NSW Telecommunications Transport for NSW Water, sewerage or drainage authority
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If you think that any of these matters affects the property, tell your solicitor.
2. A lease may be affected by the Agricultural Tenancies Act 1990, the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or the Retail Leases Act 1994.
3. If any purchase money is owing to the Crown, it will become payable before obtaining consent, or if no consent is needed, when the transfer is registered.
4. If a consent to transfer is required under legislation, see clause 27 as to the obligations of the parties.
5. The vendor should continue the vendor's insurance until completion. If the vendor wants to give the purchaser possession before completion, the vendor should first ask the insurer to confirm this will not affect the insurance.
6. The purchaser will usually have to pay transfer duty (and sometimes surcharge purchaser duty) on this contract. If duty is not paid on time, a purchaser may incur penalties.
7. If the purchaser agrees to the release of deposit, the purchaser's right to recover the deposit may stand behind the rights of others (for example the vendor's mortgagee).
8. The purchaser should arrange insurance as appropriate.
9. Some transactions involving personal property may be affected by the Personal Property Securities Act 2009.
10. A purchaser should be satisfied that finance will be available at the time of completing the purchase.
11. Where the market value of the property is at or above a legislated amount, the purchaser may have to comply with a foreign resident capital gains withholding payment obligation (even if the vendor is not a foreign resident). If so, this will affect the amount available to the vendor on completion.
12. Purchasers of some residential properties may have to withhold part of the purchase price to be credited towards the GST liability of the vendor. If so, this will also affect the amount available to the vendor. More information is available from the ATO.

The vendor sells and the purchaser buys the *property* for the price under these provisions instead of Schedule 3 Conveyancing Act 1919, subject to any *legislation* that cannot be excluded.

1 Definitions (a term in *italics* is a defined term)

In this contract, these terms (in any form) mean –

<i>adjustment date</i>	the earlier of the giving of possession to the purchaser or completion;
<i>bank</i>	the Reserve Bank of Australia or an authorised deposit-taking institution which is a bank, a building society or a credit union;
<i>business day</i>	any day except a bank or public holiday throughout NSW or a Saturday or Sunday;
<i>cheque</i>	a cheque that is not postdated or stale;
<i>clearance certificate</i>	a certificate within the meaning of s14-220 of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> , that covers one or more days falling within the period from and including the contract date to completion;
<i>deposit-bond</i>	a deposit bond or guarantee from an issuer, with an expiry date and for an amount each approved by the vendor;
<i>depositholder</i>	vendor's agent (or if no vendor's agent is named in this contract, the vendor's <i>solicitor</i> , or if no vendor's <i>solicitor</i> is named in this contract, the buyer's agent);
<i>document of title</i>	document relevant to the title or the passing of title;
<i>FRCGW percentage</i>	the percentage mentioned in s14-200(3)(a) of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> (12.5% as at 1 July 2017);
<i>FRCGW remittance</i>	a remittance which the purchaser must make under s14-200 of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> , being the lesser of the <i>FRCGW percentage</i> of the price (inclusive of GST, if any) and the amount specified in a <i>variation served by a party</i> ;
<i>GST Act</i>	A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999;
<i>GST rate</i>	the rate mentioned in s4 of A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax Imposition - General) Act 1999 (10% as at 1 July 2000);
<i>GSTRW payment</i>	a payment which the purchaser must make under s14-250 of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> (the price multiplied by the <i>GSTRW rate</i>);
<i>GSTRW rate</i>	the rate determined under ss14-250(6), (8) or (9) of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> (as at 1 July 2018, usually 7% of the price if the margin scheme applies, 1/11 th if not);
<i>legislation</i>	an Act or a by-law, ordinance, regulation or rule made under an Act;
<i>normally</i>	subject to any other provision of this contract;
<i>party</i>	each of the vendor and the purchaser;
<i>property</i>	the land, the improvements, all fixtures and the inclusions, but not the exclusions;
<i>planning agreement</i>	a valid voluntary agreement within the meaning of s7.4 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 entered into in relation to the <i>property</i> ;
<i>requisition</i>	an objection, question or requisition (but the term does not include a claim);
<i>rescind</i>	rescind this contract from the beginning;
<i>serve</i>	serve in writing on the other <i>party</i> ;
<i>settlement cheque</i>	an unendorsed <i>cheque</i> made payable to the person to be paid and – • issued by a <i>bank</i> and drawn on itself; or • if authorised in writing by the vendor or the vendor's <i>solicitor</i>, some other <i>cheque</i>;
<i>solicitor</i>	in relation to a <i>party</i> , the <i>party's</i> solicitor or licensed conveyancer named in this contract or in a notice <i>served by the party</i> ;
<i>TA Act</i>	Taxation Administration Act 1953;
<i>terminate</i>	terminate this contract for breach;
<i>variation</i>	a variation made under s14-235 of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> ;
<i>within</i>	in relation to a period, at any time before or during the period; and
<i>work order</i>	a valid direction, notice or order that requires work to be done or money to be spent on or in relation to the <i>property</i> or any adjoining footpath or road (but the term does not include a notice under s22E of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 or clause 22 of the Swimming Pools Regulation 2018).

2 Deposit and other payments before completion

- 2.1 The purchaser must pay the deposit to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 2.2 *Normally*, the purchaser must pay the deposit on the making of this contract, and this time is essential.
- 2.3 If this contract requires the purchaser to pay any of the deposit by a later time, that time is also essential.
- 2.4 The purchaser can pay any of the deposit by giving cash (up to \$2,000) or by unconditionally giving a *cheque* to the *depositholder* or to the vendor, vendor's agent or vendor's *solicitor* for sending to the *depositholder* or by payment by electronic funds transfer to the *depositholder*.
- 2.5 If any of the deposit is not paid on time or a *cheque* for any of the deposit is not honoured on presentation, the vendor can *terminate*. This right to *terminate* is lost as soon as the deposit is paid in full.
- 2.6 If the vendor accepts a bond or guarantee for the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 do not apply.

- 2.7 If the vendor accepts a bond or guarantee for part of the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 apply only to the balance.
- 2.8 If any of the deposit or of the balance of the price is paid before completion to the vendor or as the vendor directs, it is a charge on the land in favour of the purchaser until *termination* by the vendor or completion, subject to any existing right.
- 2.9 If each *party* tells the *depositholder* that the deposit is to be invested, the *depositholder* is to invest the deposit (at the risk of the *party* who becomes entitled to it) with a *bank*, in an interest-bearing account in NSW, payable at call, with interest to be reinvested, and pay the interest to the *parties* equally, after deduction of all proper government taxes and financial institution charges and other charges.

3 Deposit-bond

- 3.1 This clause applies only if this contract says the vendor has agreed to accept a *deposit-bond* for the deposit (or part of it).
- 3.2 The purchaser must provide the original *deposit-bond* to the vendor's *solicitor* (or if no *solicitor* the *depositholder*) at or before the making of this contract and this time is essential.
- 3.3 If the *deposit-bond* has an expiry date and completion does not occur by the date which is 14 days before the expiry date, the purchaser must serve a replacement *deposit-bond* at least 7 days before the expiry date. The time for service is essential.
- 3.4 The vendor must approve a replacement *deposit-bond* if –
- 3.4.1 it is from the same issuer and for the same amount as the earlier *deposit-bond*; and
 - 3.4.2 it has an expiry date at least three months after its date of issue.
- 3.5 A breach of clauses 3.2 or 3.3 entitles the vendor to *terminate*. The right to *terminate* is lost as soon as –
- 3.5.1 the purchaser serves a replacement *deposit-bond*; or
 - 3.5.2 the deposit is paid in full under clause 2.
- 3.6 Clauses 3.3 and 3.4 can operate more than once.
- 3.7 If the purchaser serves a replacement *deposit-bond*, the vendor must serve the earlier *deposit-bond*.
- 3.8 The amount of any *deposit-bond* does not form part of the price for the purposes of clause 16.7.
- 3.9 The vendor must give the purchaser the *deposit-bond* –
- 3.9.1 on completion; or
 - 3.9.2 if this contract is *rescinded*.
- 3.10 If this contract is *terminated* by the vendor –
- 3.10.1 *normally*, the vendor can immediately demand payment from the issuer of the *deposit-bond*; or
 - 3.10.2 if the purchaser serves prior to *termination* a notice disputing the vendor's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward the *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 3.11 If this contract is *terminated* by the purchaser –
- 3.11.1 *normally*, the vendor must give the purchaser the *deposit-bond*; or
 - 3.11.2 if the vendor serves prior to *termination* a notice disputing the purchaser's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward the *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.

4 Transfer

- 4.1 *Normally*, the purchaser must serve at least 14 days before the date for completion –
- 4.1.1 the form of transfer; and
 - 4.1.2 particulars required to register any mortgage or other dealing to be lodged with the transfer by the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee.
- 4.2 If any information needed for the form of transfer is not disclosed in this contract, the vendor must serve it.
- 4.3 If the purchaser serves a form of transfer and the transferee is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for this form of transfer.
- 4.4 The vendor can require the purchaser to include a form of covenant or easement in the transfer only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land benefited.

5 Requisitions

- 5.1 If a form of *requisitions* is attached to this contract, the purchaser is taken to have made those *requisitions*.
- 5.2 If the purchaser is or becomes entitled to make any other *requisition*, the purchaser can make it only by serving it –
- 5.2.1 if it arises out of this contract or it is a general question about the *property* or title - *within* 21 days after the contract date;
 - 5.2.2 if it arises out of anything *served* by the vendor - *within* 21 days after the later of the contract date and that *service*; and
 - 5.2.3 in any other case - *within* a reasonable time.

6 Error or misdescription

- 6.1 *Normally*, the purchaser can (but only before completion) claim compensation for an error or misdescription in this contract (as to the *property*, the title or anything else and whether substantial or not).
- 6.2 This clause applies even if the purchaser did not take notice of or rely on anything in this contract containing or giving rise to the error or misdescription.
- 6.3 However, this clause does not apply to the extent the purchaser knows the true position.

7 Claims by purchaser

Normally, the purchaser can make a claim (including a claim under clause 6) before completion only by *serving* it with a statement of the amount claimed, and if the purchaser makes one or more claims before completion –

- 7.1 the vendor can *rescind* if in the case of claims that are not claims for delay –
- 7.1.1 the total amount claimed exceeds 5% of the price;
 - 7.1.2 the vendor *serves* notice of intention to *rescind*; and
 - 7.1.3 the purchaser does not *serve* notice waiving the claims *within* 14 days after that *service*; and
- 7.2 if the vendor does not *rescind*, the *parties* must complete and if this contract is completed
- 7.2.1 the lesser of the total amount claimed and 10% of the price must be paid out of the price to and held by the *depositholder* until the claims are finalised or lapse;
 - 7.2.2 the amount held is to be invested in accordance with clause 2.9;
 - 7.2.3 the claims must be finalised by an arbitrator appointed by the *parties* or, if an appointment is not made *within* 1 month of completion, by an arbitrator appointed by the President of the Law Society at the request of a *party* (in the latter case the *parties* are bound by the terms of the Conveyancing Arbitration Rules approved by the Law Society as at the date of the appointment);
 - 7.2.4 the purchaser is not entitled, in respect of the claims, to more than the total amount claimed and the costs of the purchaser;
 - 7.2.5 net interest on the amount held must be paid to the *parties* in the same proportion as the amount held is paid; and
 - 7.2.6 if the *parties* do not appoint an arbitrator and neither *party* requests the President to appoint an arbitrator *within* 3 months after completion, the claims lapse and the amount belongs to the vendor.

8 Vendor's rights and obligations

- 8.1 The vendor can *rescind* if –
- 8.1.1 the vendor is, on reasonable grounds, unable or unwilling to comply with a *requisition*;
 - 8.1.2 the vendor *serves* a notice of intention to *rescind* that specifies the *requisition* and those grounds; and
 - 8.1.3 the purchaser does not *serve* a notice waiving the *requisition within* 14 days after that *service*.
- 8.2 If the vendor does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the purchaser can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination* –
- 8.2.1 the purchaser can recover the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract;
 - 8.2.2 the purchaser can sue the vendor to recover damages for breach of contract; and
 - 8.2.3 if the purchaser has been in possession a *party* can claim for a reasonable adjustment.

9 Purchaser's default

If the purchaser does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the vendor can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination* the vendor can –

- 9.1 keep or recover the deposit (to a maximum of 10% of the price);
- 9.2 hold any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract as security for anything recoverable under this clause –
 - 9.2.1 for 12 months after the *termination*; or
 - 9.2.2 if the vendor commences proceedings under this clause *within* 12 months, until those proceedings are concluded; and
- 9.3 sue the purchaser either –
 - 9.3.1 where the vendor has resold the *property* under a contract made *within* 12 months after the *termination*, to recover –
 - the deficiency on resale (with credit for any of the deposit kept or recovered and after allowance for any capital gains tax or goods and services tax payable on anything recovered under this clause); and
 - the reasonable costs and expenses arising out of the purchaser's non-compliance with this contract or the notice and of resale and any attempted resale; or
 - 9.3.2 to recover damages for breach of contract.

10 Restrictions on rights of purchaser

- 10.1 The purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* in respect of –
- 10.1.1 the ownership or location of any fence as defined in the Dividing Fences Act 1991;
 - 10.1.2 a service for the *property* being a joint service or passing through another property, or any service for another property passing through the *property* ('service' includes air, communication, drainage, electricity, garbage, gas, oil, radio, sewerage, telephone, television or water service);
 - 10.1.3 a wall being or not being a party wall in any sense of that term or the *property* being affected by an easement for support or not having the benefit of an easement for support;
 - 10.1.4 any change in the *property* due to fair wear and tear before completion;
 - 10.1.5 a promise, representation or statement about this contract, the *property* or the title, not set out or referred to in this contract;
 - 10.1.6 a condition, exception, reservation or restriction in a Crown grant;

- 10.1.7 the existence of any authority or licence to explore or prospect for gas, minerals or petroleum;
- 10.1.8 any easement or restriction on use the substance of either of which is disclosed in this contract or any non-compliance with the easement or restriction on use; or
- 10.1.9 anything the substance of which is disclosed in this contract (except a caveat, charge, mortgage, priority notice or writ).
- 10.2 The purchaser cannot *rescind* or *terminate* only because of a defect in title to or quality of the inclusions.
- 10.3 *Normally*, the purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* or require the vendor to change the nature of the title disclosed in this contract (for example, to remove a caution evidencing qualified title, or to lodge a plan of survey as regards limited title).
- 11 Compliance with work orders**
- 11.1 *Normally*, the vendor must by completion comply with a *work order* made on or before the contract date and if this contract is completed the purchaser must comply with any other *work order*.
- 11.2 If the purchaser complies with a *work order*, and this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated*, the vendor must pay the expense of compliance to the purchaser.
- 12 Certificates and inspections**
- The vendor must do everything reasonable to enable the purchaser, subject to the rights of any tenant –
- 12.1 to have the *property* inspected to obtain any certificate or report reasonably required;
- 12.2 to apply (if necessary in the name of the vendor) for –
- 12.2.1 any certificate that can be given in respect of the *property* under *legislation*; or
- 12.2.2 a copy of any approval, certificate, consent, direction, notice or order in respect of the *property* given under *legislation*, even if given after the contract date, and
- 12.3 to make 1 inspection of the *property* in the 3 days before a time appointed for completion.
- 13 Goods and services tax (GST)**
- 13.1 Terms used in this clause which are not defined elsewhere in this contract and have a defined meaning in the *GST Act* have the same meaning in this clause.
- 13.2 *Normally*, if a *party* must pay the price or any other amount to the other *party* under this contract, GST is not to be added to the price or amount.
- 13.3 If under this contract a *party* must make an adjustment or payment for an expense of another party or pay an expense payable by or to a third party (for example, under clauses 14 or 20.7) –
- 13.3.1 the *party* must adjust or pay on completion any GST added to or included in the expense; but
- 13.3.2 the amount of the expense must be reduced to the extent the party receiving the adjustment or payment (or the representative member of a GST group of which that party is a member) is entitled to an input tax credit for the expense; and
- 13.3.3 if the adjustment or payment under this contract is consideration for a taxable supply, an amount for GST must be added at the *GST rate*.
- 13.4 If this contract says this sale is the supply of a going concern –
- 13.4.1 the *parties* agree the supply of the *property* is a supply of a going concern;
- 13.4.2 the vendor must, between the contract date and completion, carry on the enterprise conducted on the land in a proper and business-like way;
- 13.4.3 if the purchaser is not registered by the date for completion, the *parties* must complete and the purchaser must pay on completion, in addition to the price, an amount being the price multiplied by the *GST rate* ("the retention sum"). The retention sum is to be held by the *depositholder* and dealt with as follows –
- if *within* 3 months of completion the purchaser serves a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the purchaser is registered with a date of effect of registration on or before completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the purchaser; but
 - if the purchaser does not serve that letter *within* 3 months of completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the vendor; and
- 13.4.4 if the vendor, despite clause 13.4.1, serves a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the vendor has to pay GST on the supply, the purchaser must pay to the vendor on demand the amount of GST assessed.
- 13.5 *Normally*, the vendor promises the margin scheme will not apply to the supply of the *property*.
- 13.6 If this contract says the margin scheme is to apply in making the taxable supply, the *parties* agree that the margin scheme is to apply to the sale of the *property*.
- 13.7 If this contract says the sale is not a taxable supply –
- 13.7.1 the purchaser promises that the *property* will not be used and represents that the purchaser does not intend the *property* (or any part of the *property*) to be used in a way that could make the sale a taxable supply to any extent; and
- 13.7.2 the purchaser must pay the vendor on completion in addition to the price an amount calculated by multiplying the price by the *GST rate* if this sale is a taxable supply to any extent because of –
- a breach of clause 13.7.1; or
 - something else known to the purchaser but not the vendor.
- 13.8 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply in full and does not say the margin scheme applies to the *property*, the vendor must pay the purchaser on completion an amount of one-eleventh of the price if –

- 13.8.1 this sale is not a taxable supply in full; or
- 13.8.2 the margin scheme applies to the *property* (or any part of the *property*).
- 13.9 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply to an extent –
- 13.9.1 clause 13.7.1 does not apply to any part of the *property* which is identified as being a taxable supply; and
- 13.9.2 the payments mentioned in clauses 13.7 and 13.8 are to be recalculated by multiplying the relevant payment by the proportion of the price which represents the value of that part of the *property* to which the clause applies (the proportion to be expressed as a number between 0 and 1). Any evidence of value must be obtained at the expense of the vendor.
- 13.10 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must give the recipient of the supply a tax invoice for any taxable supply by the vendor by or under this contract.
- 13.11 The vendor does not have to give the purchaser a tax invoice if the margin scheme applies to a taxable supply.
- 13.12 If the vendor is liable for GST on rents or profits due to issuing an invoice or receiving consideration before completion, any adjustment of those amounts must exclude an amount equal to the vendor's GST liability.
- 13.13 If the purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment* the purchaser must –
- 13.13.1 at least 5 days before the date for completion, serve evidence of submission of a *GSTRW payment* notification form to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under clause 4.3 has been served, by the transferee named in the transfer served with that direction;
- 13.13.2 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *GSTRW payment* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
- 13.13.3 forward the *settlement cheque* to the payee immediately after completion; and
- 13.13.4 serve evidence of receipt of payment of the *GSTRW payment* and a copy of the settlement date confirmation form submitted to the Australian Taxation Office.

14 Adjustments

- 14.1 *Normally*, the vendor is entitled to the rents and profits and will be liable for all rates, water, sewerage and drainage service and usage charges, land tax, levies and all other periodic outgoings up to and including the *adjustment date* after which the purchaser will be entitled and liable.
- 14.2 The *parties* must make any necessary adjustment on completion.
- 14.3 If an amount that is adjustable under this contract has been reduced under *legislation*, the *parties* must on completion adjust the reduced amount.
- 14.4 The *parties* must not adjust surcharge land tax (as defined in the Land Tax Act 1956) but must adjust any other land tax for the year current at the *adjustment date* –
- 14.4.1 only if land tax has been paid or is payable for the year (whether by the vendor or by a predecessor in title) and this contract says that land tax is adjustable;
- 14.4.2 by adjusting the amount that would have been payable if at the start of the year –
- the person who owned the land owned no other land;
 - the land was not subject to a special trust or owned by a non-concessional company; and
 - if the land (or part of it) had no separate taxable value, by calculating its separate taxable value on a proportional area basis.
- 14.5 If any other amount that is adjustable under this contract relates partly to the land and partly to other land, the *parties* must adjust it on a proportional area basis.
- 14.6 *Normally*, the vendor can direct the purchaser to produce a *settlement cheque* on completion to pay an amount adjustable under this contract and if so –
- 14.6.1 the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
- 14.6.2 the *cheque* must be forwarded to the payee immediately after completion (by the purchaser if the *cheque* relates only to the *property* or by the vendor in any other case).
- 14.7 If on completion the last bill for a water, sewerage or drainage usage charge is for a period ending before the *adjustment date*, the vendor is liable for an amount calculated by dividing the bill by the number of days in the period then multiplying by the number of unbilled days up to and including the *adjustment date*.
- 14.8 The vendor is liable for any amount recoverable for work started on or before the contract date on the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road.

15 Date for completion

The *parties* must complete by the date for completion and, if they do not, a *party* can serve a notice to complete if that *party* is otherwise entitled to do so.

16 Completion

• Vendor

- 16.1 On completion the vendor must give the purchaser any *document of title* that relates only to the *property*.
- 16.2 If on completion the vendor has possession or control of a *document of title* that relates also to other property, the vendor must produce it as and where necessary.
- 16.3 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must cause the legal title to the *property* (being an estate in fee simple) to pass to the purchaser free of any mortgage or other interest, subject to any necessary registration.
- 16.4 The legal title to the *property* does not pass before completion.

- 16.5 If the vendor gives the purchaser a document (other than the transfer) that needs to be lodged for registration, the vendor must pay the lodgment fee to the purchaser.
- 16.6 If a *party* serves a land tax certificate showing a charge on any of the land, by completion the vendor must do all things and pay all money required so that the charge is no longer effective against the land.
- **Purchaser**
- 16.7 On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor, by cash (up to \$2,000) or *settlement cheque* –
- 16.7.1 the price less any:
- deposit paid;
 - *FRCGW remittance* payable;
 - *GSTRW payment*; and
 - amount payable by the vendor to the purchaser under this contract; and
- 16.7.2 any other amount payable by the purchaser under this contract.
- 16.8 If the vendor requires more than 5 *settlement cheques*, the vendor must pay \$10 for each extra *cheque*.
- 16.9 If any of the deposit is not covered by a bond or guarantee, on completion the purchaser must give the vendor an order signed by the purchaser authorising the *depositholder* to account to the vendor for the deposit.
- 16.10 On completion the deposit belongs to the vendor.
- **Place for completion**
- 16.11 *Normally*, the *parties* must complete at the completion address, which is –
- 16.11.1 if a special completion address is stated in this contract - that address; or
- 16.11.2 if none is stated, but a first mortgagee is disclosed in this contract and the mortgagee would usually discharge the mortgage at a particular place - that place; or
- 16.11.3 in any other case - the vendor's *solicitor's* address stated in this contract.
- 16.12 The vendor by reasonable notice can require completion at another place, if it is in NSW, but the vendor must pay the purchaser's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.
- 16.13 If the purchaser requests completion at a place that is not the completion address, and the vendor agrees, the purchaser must pay the vendor's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.
- 17 Possession**
- 17.1 *Normally*, the vendor must give the purchaser vacant possession of the *property* on completion.
- 17.2 The vendor does not have to give vacant possession if –
- 17.2.1 this contract says that the sale is subject to existing tenancies; and
- 17.2.2 the contract discloses the provisions of the tenancy (for example, by attaching a copy of the lease and any relevant memorandum or variation).
- 17.3 *Normally*, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) or *rescind* if any of the land is affected by a protected tenancy (a tenancy affected by Schedule 2, Part 7 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010).
- 18 Possession before completion**
- 18.1 This clause applies only if the vendor gives the purchaser possession of the *property* before completion.
- 18.2 The purchaser must not before completion –
- 18.2.1 let or part with possession of any of the *property*;
- 18.2.2 make any change or structural alteration or addition to the *property*; or
- 18.2.3 contravene any agreement between the *parties* or any direction, document, *legislation*, notice or order affecting the *property*.
- 18.3 The purchaser must until completion –
- 18.3.1 keep the *property* in good condition and repair having regard to its condition at the giving of possession; and
- 18.3.2 allow the vendor or the vendor's authorised representative to enter and inspect it at all reasonable times.
- 18.4 The risk as to damage to the *property* passes to the purchaser immediately after the purchaser enters into possession.
- 18.5 If the purchaser does not comply with this clause, then without affecting any other right of the vendor –
- 18.5.1 the vendor can before completion, without notice, remedy the non-compliance; and
- 18.5.2 if the vendor pays the expense of doing this, the purchaser must pay it to the vendor with interest at the rate prescribed under s101 Civil Procedure Act 2005.
- 18.6 If this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated* the purchaser must immediately vacate the *property*.
- 18.7 If the *parties* or their *solicitors* on their behalf do not agree in writing to a fee or rent, none is payable.
- 19 Rescission of contract**
- 19.1 If this contract expressly gives a *party* a right to *rescind*, the *party* can exercise the right –
- 19.1.1 only by *serving* a notice before completion; and
- 19.1.2 in spite of any making of a claim or *requisition*, any attempt to satisfy a claim or *requisition*, any arbitration, litigation, mediation or negotiation or any giving or taking of possession.
- 19.2 *Normally*, if a *party* exercises a right to *rescind* expressly given by this contract or any *legislation* –
- 19.2.1 the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract must be refunded;
- 19.2.2 a *party* can claim for a reasonable adjustment if the purchaser has been in possession;
- 19.2.3 a *party* can claim for damages, costs or expenses arising out of a breach of this contract; and
- 19.2.4 a *party* will not otherwise be liable to pay the other *party* any damages, costs or expenses.

20 Miscellaneous

- 20.1 The *parties* acknowledge that anything stated in this contract to be attached was attached to this contract by the vendor before the purchaser signed it and is part of this contract.
- 20.2 Anything attached to this contract is part of this contract.
- 20.3 An area, bearing or dimension in this contract is only approximate.
- 20.4 If a *party* consists of 2 or more persons, this contract benefits and binds them separately and together.
- 20.5 A *party's solicitor* can receive any amount payable to the *party* under this contract or direct in writing that it is to be paid to another person.
- 20.6 A document under or relating to this contract is –
- 20.6.1 signed by a *party* if it is signed by the *party* or the *party's solicitor* (apart from a direction under clause 4.3);
 - 20.6.2 served if it is served by the *party* or the *party's solicitor*;
 - 20.6.3 served if it is served on the *party's solicitor*, even if the *party* has died or any of them has died;
 - 20.6.4 served if it is served in any manner provided in s170 of the Conveyancing Act 1919;
 - 20.6.5 served if it is sent by email or fax to the *party's solicitor*, unless in either case it is not received;
 - 20.6.6 served on a person if it (or a copy of it) comes into the possession of the person; and
 - 20.6.7 served at the earliest time it is served, if it is served more than once.
- 20.7 An obligation to pay an expense of another *party* of doing something is an obligation to pay –
- 20.7.1 if the *party* does the thing personally - the reasonable cost of getting someone else to do it; or
 - 20.7.2 if the *party* pays someone else to do the thing - the amount paid, to the extent it is reasonable.
- 20.8 Rights under clauses 11, 13, 14, 17, 24, 30 and 31 continue after completion, whether or not other rights continue.
- 20.9 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that the purchaser has any cooling off rights.
- 20.10 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that any attached survey report is accurate or current.
- 20.11 A reference to any *legislation* (including any percentage or rate specified in *legislation*) is also a reference to any corresponding later *legislation*.
- 20.12 Each *party* must do whatever is necessary after completion to carry out the *party's* obligations under this contract.
- 20.13 Neither taking possession nor serving a transfer of itself implies acceptance of the *property* or the title.
- 20.14 The details and information provided in this contract (for example, on pages 1 - 3) are, to the extent of each *party's* knowledge, true, and are part of this contract.
- 20.15 Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked.

21 Time limits in these provisions

- 21.1 If the time for something to be done or to happen is not stated in these provisions, it is a reasonable time.
- 21.2 If there are conflicting times for something to be done or to happen, the latest of those times applies.
- 21.3 The time for one thing to be done or to happen does not extend the time for another thing to be done or to happen.
- 21.4 If the time for something to be done or to happen is the 29th, 30th or 31st day of a month, and the day does not exist, the time is instead the last day of the month.
- 21.5 If the time for something to be done or to happen is a day that is not a *business day*, the time is extended to the next *business day*, except in the case of clauses 2 and 3.2.
- 21.6 *Normally*, the time by which something must be done is fixed but not essential.

22 Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975

- 22.1 The purchaser promises that the Commonwealth Treasurer cannot prohibit and has not prohibited the transfer under the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975.
- 22.2 This promise is essential and a breach of it entitles the vendor to *terminate*.

23 Strata or community title**• Definitions and modifications**

- 23.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) is a lot in a strata, neighbourhood, precinct or community scheme (or on completion is to be a lot in a scheme of that kind).
- 23.2 In this contract –
- 23.2.1 'change', in relation to a scheme, means –
 - a registered or registrable change from by-laws set out in this contract;
 - a change from a development or management contract or statement set out in this contract; or
 - a change in the boundaries of common property;
 - 23.2.2 'common property' includes association property for the scheme or any higher scheme;
 - 23.2.3 'contribution' includes an amount payable under a by-law;
 - 23.2.4 'information certificate' includes a certificate under s184 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and s26 Community Land Management Act 1989;
 - 23.2.5 'information notice' includes a strata information notice under s22 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and a notice under s47 Community Land Management Act 1989;

- 23.2.6 'normal expenses', in relation to an owners corporation for a scheme, means normal operating expenses usually payable from the administrative fund of an owners corporation for a scheme of the same kind;
- 23.2.7 'owners corporation' means the owners corporation or the association for the scheme or any higher scheme;
- 23.2.8 'the *property*' includes any interest in common property for the scheme associated with the lot; and
- 23.2.9 'special expenses', in relation to an owners corporation, means its actual, contingent or expected expenses, except to the extent they are –
- normal expenses;
 - due to fair wear and tear;
 - disclosed in this contract; or
 - covered by moneys held in the capital works fund.
- 23.3 Clauses 11, 14.8 and 18.4 do not apply to an obligation of the owners corporation, or to property insurable by it.
- 23.4 Clauses 14.4.2 and 14.5 apply but on a unit entitlement basis instead of an area basis.
- **Adjustments and liability for expenses**
- 23.5 The *parties* must adjust under clause 14.1 –
- 23.5.1 a regular periodic contribution;
- 23.5.2 a contribution which is not a regular periodic contribution but is disclosed in this contract; and
- 23.5.3 on a unit entitlement basis, any amount paid by the vendor for a normal expense of the owners corporation to the extent the owners corporation has not paid the amount to the vendor.
- 23.6 If a contribution is not a regular periodic contribution and is not disclosed in this contract –
- 23.6.1 the vendor is liable for it if it was determined on or before the contract date, even if it is payable by instalments; and
- 23.6.2 the purchaser is liable for all contributions determined after the contract date.
- 23.7 The vendor must pay or allow to the purchaser on completion the amount of any unpaid contributions for which the vendor is liable under clause 23.6.1.
- 23.8 *Normally*, the purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* in respect of –
- 23.8.1 an existing or future actual, contingent or expected expense of the owners corporation;
- 23.8.2 a proportional unit entitlement of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot, apart from a claim under clause 6; or
- 23.8.3 a past or future change in the scheme or a higher scheme.
- 23.9 However, the purchaser can *rescind* if –
- 23.9.1 the special expenses of the owners corporation at the later of the contract date and the creation of the owners corporation when calculated on a unit entitlement basis (and, if more than one lot or a higher scheme is involved, added together), less any contribution paid by the vendor, are more than 1% of the price;
- 23.9.2 in the case of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot in a higher scheme, a proportional unit entitlement for the lot is disclosed in this contract but the lot has a different proportional unit entitlement at the contract date or at any time before completion;
- 23.9.3 a change before the contract date or before completion in the scheme or a higher scheme materially prejudices the purchaser and is not disclosed in this contract; or
- 23.9.4 a resolution is passed by the owners corporation before the contract date or before completion to give to the owners in the scheme for their consideration a strata renewal plan that has not lapsed at the contract date and there is not attached to this contract a strata renewal proposal or the strata renewal plan.
- **Notices, certificates and inspections**
- 23.10 The purchaser must give the vendor 2 copies of an information notice addressed to the owners corporation and signed by the purchaser.
- 23.11 The vendor must complete and sign 1 copy of the notice and give it to the purchaser on completion.
- 23.12 Each *party* can sign and give the notice as agent for the other.
- 23.13 The vendor must *serve* an information certificate issued after the contract date in relation to the lot, the scheme or any higher scheme at least 7 days before the date for completion.
- 23.14 The purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after *service* of the certificate and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision. On completion the purchaser must pay the vendor the prescribed fee for the certificate.
- 23.15 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for the purchaser's own certificate.
- 23.16 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for and make an inspection of any record or other document in the custody or control of the owners corporation or relating to the scheme or any higher scheme.
- **Meetings of the owners corporation**
- 23.17 If a general meeting of the owners corporation is convened before completion –
- 23.17.1 if the vendor receives notice of it, the vendor must immediately notify the purchaser of it; and
- 23.17.2 after the expiry of any cooling off period, the purchaser can require the vendor to appoint the purchaser (or the purchaser's nominee) to exercise any voting rights of the vendor in respect of the lot at the meeting.

24 Tenancies

- 24.1 If a tenant has not made a payment for a period preceding or current at the *adjustment date* –
- 24.1.1 for the purposes of clause 14.2, the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
- 24.1.2 the purchaser assigns the debt to the vendor on completion and will if required give a further assignment at the vendor's expense.
- 24.2 If a tenant has paid in advance of the *adjustment date* any periodic payment in addition to rent, it must be adjusted as if it were rent for the period to which it relates.
- 24.3 If the *property* is to be subject to a tenancy on completion or is subject to a tenancy on completion –
- 24.3.1 the vendor authorises the purchaser to have any accounting records relating to the tenancy inspected and audited and to have any other document relating to the tenancy inspected;
- 24.3.2 the vendor must serve any information about the tenancy reasonably requested by the purchaser before or after completion; and
- 24.3.3 *normally*, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) if –
- a disclosure statement required by the Retail Leases Act 1994 was not given when required;
 - such a statement contained information that was materially false or misleading;
 - a provision of the lease is not enforceable because of a non-disclosure in such a statement; or
 - the lease was entered into in contravention of the Retail Leases Act 1994.
- 24.4 If the *property* is subject to a tenancy on completion –
- 24.4.1 the vendor must allow or transfer –
- any remaining bond money or any other security against the tenant's default (to the extent the security is transferable);
 - any money in a fund established under the lease for a purpose and compensation for any money in the fund or interest earned by the fund that has been applied for any other purpose; and
 - any money paid by the tenant for a purpose that has not been applied for that purpose and compensation for any of the money that has been applied for any other purpose;
- 24.4.2 if the security is not transferable, each *party* must do everything reasonable to cause a replacement security to issue for the benefit of the purchaser and the vendor must hold the original security on trust for the benefit of the purchaser until the replacement security issues;
- 24.4.3 the vendor must give to the purchaser –
- a proper notice of the transfer (an attornment notice) addressed to the tenant;
 - any certificate given under the Retail Leases Act 1994 in relation to the tenancy;
 - a copy of any disclosure statement given under the Retail Leases Act 1994;
 - a copy of any document served on the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion; and
 - any document served by the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion;
- 24.4.4 the vendor must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent it is to be complied with by completion; and
- 24.4.5 the purchaser must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent that the obligation is disclosed in this contract and is to be complied with after completion.

25 Qualified title, limited title and old system title

- 25.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) –
- 25.1.1 is under qualified, limited or old system title; or
- 25.1.2 on completion is to be under one of those titles.
- 25.2 The vendor must serve a proper abstract of title *within 7 days* after the contract date.
- 25.3 If an abstract of title or part of an abstract of title is attached to this contract or has been lent by the vendor to the purchaser before the contract date, the abstract or part is *served* on the contract date.
- 25.4 An abstract of title can be or include a list of documents, events and facts arranged (apart from a will or codicil) in date order, if the list in respect of each document –
- 25.4.1 shows its date, general nature, names of parties and any registration number; and
- 25.4.2 has attached a legible photocopy of it or of an official or registration copy of it.
- 25.5 An abstract of title –
- 25.5.1 must start with a good root of title (if the good root of title must be at least 30 years old, this means 30 years old at the contract date);
- 25.5.2 in the case of a leasehold interest, must include an abstract of the lease and any higher lease;
- 25.5.3 *normally*, need not include a Crown grant; and
- 25.5.4 need not include anything evidenced by the Register kept under the Real Property Act 1900.
- 25.6 In the case of land under old system title –
- 25.6.1 in this contract "transfer" means conveyance;
- 25.6.2 the purchaser does not have to serve the form of transfer until after the vendor has served a proper abstract of title; and
- 25.6.3 each vendor must give proper covenants for title as regards that vendor's interest.
- 25.7 In the case of land under limited title but not under qualified title –

- 25.7.1 normally, the abstract of title need not include any document which does not show the location, area or dimensions of the land (for example, by including a metes and bounds description or a plan of the land);
- 25.7.2 clause 25.7.1 does not apply to a document which is the good root of title; and
- 25.7.3 the vendor does not have to provide an abstract if this contract contains a delimitation plan (whether in registrable form or not).
- 25.8 The vendor must give a proper covenant to produce where relevant.
- 25.9 The vendor does not have to produce or covenant to produce a document that is not in the possession of the vendor or a mortgagee.
- 25.10 If the vendor is unable to produce an original document in the chain of title, the purchaser will accept a photocopy from the Registrar-General of the registration copy of that document.
- 26 Crown purchase money**
- 26.1 This clause applies only if purchase money is payable to the Crown, whether or not due for payment.
- 26.2 The vendor is liable for the money, except to the extent this contract says the purchaser is liable for it.
- 26.3 To the extent the vendor is liable for it, the vendor is liable for any interest until completion.
- 26.4 To the extent the purchaser is liable for it, the *parties* must adjust any interest under clause 14.1.
- 27 Consent to transfer**
- 27.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) cannot be transferred without consent under *legislation* or a *planning agreement*.
- 27.2 The purchaser must properly complete and then serve the purchaser's part of an application for consent to transfer of the land (or part of it) *within 7 days* after the contract date.
- 27.3 The vendor must apply for consent *within 7 days* after service of the purchaser's part.
- 27.4 If consent is refused, either *party* can *rescind*.
- 27.5 If consent is given subject to one or more conditions that will substantially disadvantage a *party*, then that *party* can *rescind within 7 days* after receipt by or service upon the *party* of written notice of the conditions.
- 27.6 If consent is not given or refused –
- 27.6.1 *within 42 days* after the purchaser serves the purchaser's part of the application, the purchaser can *rescind*; or
- 27.6.2 *within 30 days* after the application is made, either *party* can *rescind*.
- 27.7 Each period in clause 27.6 becomes 90 days if the land (or part of it) is –
- 27.7.1 under a *planning agreement*; or
- 27.7.2 in the Western Division.
- 27.8 If the land (or part of it) is described as a lot in an unregistered plan, each time in clause 27.6 becomes the later of the time and 35 days after creation of a separate folio for the lot.
- 27.9 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 14 days after service of the notice granting consent to transfer.
- 28 Unregistered plan**
- 28.1 This clause applies only if some of the land is described as a lot in an unregistered plan.
- 28.2 The vendor must do everything reasonable to have the plan registered *within 6 months* after the contract date, with or without any minor alteration to the plan or any document to be lodged with the plan validly required or made under *legislation*.
- 28.3 If the plan is not registered *within* that time and in that manner –
- 28.3.1 the purchaser can *rescind*; and
- 28.3.2 the vendor can *rescind*, but only if the vendor has complied with clause 28.2 and with any *legislation* governing the rescission.
- 28.4 Either *party* can serve notice of the registration of the plan and every relevant lot and plan number.
- 28.5 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after service of the notice.
- 28.6 Clauses 28.2 and 28.3 apply to another plan that is to be registered before the plan is registered.
- 29 Conditional contract**
- 29.1 This clause applies only if a provision says this contract or completion is conditional on an event.
- 29.2 If the time for the event to happen is not stated, the time is 42 days after the contract date.
- 29.3 If this contract says the provision is for the benefit of a *party*, then it benefits only that *party*.
- 29.4 If anything is necessary to make the event happen, each *party* must do whatever is reasonably necessary to cause the event to happen.
- 29.5 A *party* can *rescind* under this clause only if the *party* has substantially complied with clause 29.4.
- 29.6 If the event involves an approval and the approval is given subject to a condition that will substantially disadvantage a *party* who has the benefit of the provision, the *party* can *rescind within 7 days* after either *party* serves notice of the condition.
- 29.7 If the *parties* can lawfully complete without the event happening –
- 29.7.1 if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within 7 days* after the end of that time;
- 29.7.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within 7 days* after either *party* serves notice of the refusal; and

- 29.7.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after the earliest of –
- either *party* serving notice of the event happening;
 - every *party* who has the benefit of the provision serving notice waiving the provision; or
 - the end of the time for the event to happen.

29.8 If the *parties* cannot lawfully complete without the event happening –

29.8.1 if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen, either *party* can *rescind*;

29.8.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, either *party* can *rescind*;

29.8.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after either *party* serves notice of the event happening.

29.9 A *party* cannot *rescind* under clauses 29.7 or 29.8 after the event happens.

30 Electronic transaction

30.1 This *Conveyancing Transaction* is to be conducted as an *electronic transaction* if –

30.1.1 this contract says that it is an *electronic transaction*;

30.1.2 the *parties* otherwise agree that it is to be conducted as an *electronic transaction*; or

30.1.3 the *conveyancing rules* require it to be conducted as an *electronic transaction*.

30.2 However, this *Conveyancing Transaction* is not to be conducted as an *electronic transaction* –

30.2.1 if the land is not *electronically tradeable* or the transfer is not eligible to be lodged electronically; or

30.2.2 if, at any time after the *effective date*, but at least 14 days before the date for completion, a *party* serves a notice stating a valid reason why it cannot be conducted as an *electronic transaction*.

30.3 If, because of clause 30.2.2, this *Conveyancing Transaction* is not to be conducted as an *electronic transaction* –

30.3.1 each *party* must –

- bear equally any disbursements or fees; and
 - otherwise bear that *party's* own costs;
- incurred because this *Conveyancing Transaction* was to be conducted as an *electronic transaction*; and

30.3.2 if a *party* has paid all of a disbursement or fee which, by reason of this clause, is to be borne equally by the *parties*, that amount must be adjusted under clause 14.2.

30.4 If this *Conveyancing Transaction* is to be conducted as an *electronic transaction* –

30.4.1 to the extent that any other provision of this contract is inconsistent with this clause, the provisions of this clause prevail;

30.4.2 *normally*, words and phrases used in this clause 30 (italicised and in Title Case, such as *Electronic Workspace* and *Lodgment Case*) have the same meaning which they have in the *participation rules*;

30.4.3 the *parties* must conduct the *electronic transaction* –

- in accordance with the *participation rules* and the *ECNL*; and
- using the nominated *ELN*, unless the *parties* otherwise agree;

30.4.4 a *party* must pay the fees and charges payable by that *party* to the *ELNO* and the *Land Registry* as a result of this transaction being an *electronic transaction*;

30.4.5 any communication from one *party* to another *party* in the *Electronic Workspace* made –

- after the *effective date*; and
 - before the receipt of a notice given under clause 30.2.2;
- is taken to have been received by that *party* at the time determined by s13A of the *Electronic Transactions Act 2000*; and

30.4.6 a document which is an *electronic document* is served as soon as it is first *Digitally Signed* in the *Electronic Workspace* on behalf of the *party* required to serve it.

30.5 *Normally*, the vendor must *within 7 days* of the *effective date* –

30.5.1 create an *Electronic Workspace*;

30.5.2 *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with *title data*, the date for completion and, if applicable, *mortgagee details*; and

30.5.3 invite the purchaser and any *discharging mortgagee* to the *Electronic Workspace*.

30.6 If the vendor has not created an *Electronic Workspace* in accordance with clause 30.5, the purchaser may create an *Electronic Workspace*. If the purchaser creates the *Electronic Workspace* the purchaser must –

30.6.1 *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with *title data*;

30.6.2 create and *populate* an *electronic transfer*;

30.6.3 *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with the date for completion and a nominated *completion time*; and

30.6.4 invite the vendor and any *incoming mortgagee* to join the *Electronic Workspace*.

30.7 *Normally*, *within 7 days* of receiving an invitation from the vendor to join the *Electronic Workspace*, the purchaser must –

30.7.1 join the *Electronic Workspace*;

30.7.2 create and *populate* an *electronic transfer*;

30.7.3 invite any *incoming mortgagee* to join the *Electronic Workspace*; and

30.7.4 *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with a nominated *completion time*.

- 30.8 If the purchaser has created the *Electronic Workspace* the vendor must *within 7 days* of being invited to the *Electronic Workspace* –
- 30.8.1 join the *Electronic Workspace*;
 - 30.8.2 populate the *Electronic Workspace* with mortgagee details, if applicable; and
 - 30.8.3 invite any *discharging mortgagee* to join the *Electronic Workspace*.
- 30.9 To complete the financial settlement schedule in the *Electronic Workspace* –
- 30.9.1 the purchaser must provide the vendor with *adjustment figures* at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion;
 - 30.9.2 the vendor must confirm the *adjustment figures* at least 1 *business day* before the date for completion; and
 - 30.9.3 if the purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment* or an *FRCGW remittance*, the purchaser must populate the *Electronic Workspace* with the payment details for the *GSTRW payment* or *FRCGW remittance* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion.
- 30.10 Before completion, the *parties* must ensure that –
- 30.10.1 all *electronic documents* which a *party* must *Digitally Sign* to complete the *electronic transaction* are populated and *Digitally Signed*;
 - 30.10.2 all certifications required by the *ECNL* are properly given; and
 - 30.10.3 they do everything else in the *Electronic Workspace* which that *party* must do to enable the *electronic transaction* to proceed to completion.
- 30.11 If completion takes place in the *Electronic Workspace* –
- 30.11.1 payment electronically on completion of the price in accordance with clause 16.7 is taken to be payment by a single *settlement cheque*;
 - 30.11.2 the completion address in clause 16.11 is the *Electronic Workspace*; and
 - 30.11.3 clauses 13.13.2 to 13.13.4, 16.8, 16.12, 16.13 and 31.2.2 to 31.2.4 do not apply.
- 30.12 If the computer systems of any of the *Land Registry*, the *ELNO* or the Reserve Bank of Australia are inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties*, a failure to complete this contract for that reason is not a default under this contract on the part of either *party*.
- 30.13 If the computer systems of the *Land Registry* are inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties*, and the *parties* choose that financial settlement is to occur despite this, then on financial settlement occurring –
- 30.13.1 all *electronic documents Digitally Signed* by the vendor, the *certificate of title* and any discharge of mortgage, withdrawal of caveat or other *electronic document* forming part of the *Lodgment Case* for the *electronic transaction* shall be taken to have been unconditionally and irrevocably delivered to the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee at the time of financial settlement together with the right to deal with the land comprised in the *certificate of title*; and
 - 30.13.2 the vendor shall be taken to have no legal or equitable interest in the *property*.
- 30.14 A *party* who holds a *certificate of title* must act in accordance with any *Prescribed Requirement* in relation to the *certificate of title* but if there is no *Prescribed Requirement*, the vendor must serve the *certificate of title* after completion.
- 30.15 If the *parties* do not agree about the delivery before completion of one or more documents or things that cannot be delivered through the *Electronic Workspace*, the *party* required to deliver the documents or things –
- 30.15.1 holds them on completion in escrow for the benefit of; and
 - 30.15.2 must immediately after completion deliver the documents or things to, or as directed by; the *party* entitled to them.
- 30.16 In this clause 30, these terms (in any form) mean –
- adjustment figures* details of the adjustments to be made to the price under clause 14;
 - certificate of title* the paper duplicate of the folio of the register for the land which exists immediately prior to completion and, if more than one, refers to each such paper duplicate;
 - completion time* the time of day on the date for completion when the *electronic transaction* is to be settled;
 - conveyancing rules* the rules made under s12E of the Real Property Act 1900;
 - discharging mortgagee* any discharging mortgagee, chargee, covenant chargee or caveator whose provision of a *Digitally Signed* discharge of mortgage, discharge of charge or withdrawal of caveat is required in order for unencumbered title to the *property* to be transferred to the purchaser;
 - ECNL* the Electronic Conveyancing National Law (NSW);
 - effective date* the date on which the *Conveyancing Transaction* is agreed to be an *electronic transaction* under clause 30.1.2 or, if clauses 30.1.1 or 30.1.3 apply, the contract date;
 - electronic document* a dealing as defined in the Real Property Act 1900 which may be created and *Digitally Signed* in an *Electronic Workspace*;
 - electronic transfer* a transfer of land under the Real Property Act 1900 for the *property* to be prepared and *Digitally Signed* in the *Electronic Workspace* established for the purposes of the *parties' Conveyancing Transaction*;

<i>electronic transaction</i>	a <i>Conveyancing Transaction</i> to be conducted for the <i>parties</i> by their legal representatives as <i>Subscribers</i> using an <i>ELN</i> and in accordance with the <i>ECNL</i> and the <i>participation rules</i> ;
<i>electronically tradeable</i>	a land title that is Electronically Tradeable as that term is defined in the <i>conveyancing rules</i> ;
<i>incoming mortgagee</i>	any mortgagee who is to provide finance to the purchaser on the security of the <i>property</i> and to enable the purchaser to pay the whole or part of the price;
<i>mortgagee details</i>	the details which a <i>party</i> to the <i>electronic transaction</i> must provide about any <i>discharging mortgagee</i> of the <i>property</i> as at completion;
<i>participation rules</i>	the participation rules as determined by the <i>ECNL</i> ;
<i>populate</i>	to complete data fields in the <i>Electronic Workspace</i> ; and
<i>title data</i>	the details of the title to the <i>property</i> made available to the <i>Electronic Workspace</i> by the <i>Land Registry</i> .

31 Foreign Resident Capital Gains Withholding

31.1 This clause applies only if –

- 31.1.1 the sale is not an excluded transaction within the meaning of s14-215 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act*; and
- 31.1.2 a *clearance certificate* in respect of every vendor is not attached to this contract.

31.2 The purchaser must –

- 31.2.1 at least 5 days before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of a purchaser payment notification to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under clause 4.3 has been *served*, by the transferee named in the transfer *served* with that direction;
- 31.2.2 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *FRCGW remittance* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
- 31.2.3 forward the *settlement cheque* to the payee immediately after completion; and
- 31.2.4 *serve* evidence of receipt of payment of the *FRCGW remittance*.

31.3 The vendor cannot refuse to complete if the purchaser complies with clauses 31.2.1 and 31.2.2.

31.4 If the vendor *serves* any *clearance certificate* or *variation*, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after that *service* and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.

31.5 If the vendor *serves* in respect of every vendor either a *clearance certificate* or a *variation* to 0.00 percent, clauses 31.2 and 31.3 do not apply.

32 Residential off the plan contract

32.1 This clause applies if this contract is an off the plan contract within the meaning of Division 10 of Part 4 of the *Conveyancing Act 1919* (the *Division*).

32.2 No provision of this contract has the effect of excluding, modifying or restricting the operation of the *Division*.

32.3 If the purchaser makes a claim for compensation under the terms prescribed by clause 6A of the *Conveyancing (Sale of Land) Regulation 2017* –

- 32.3.1 the purchaser cannot make a claim under this contract about the same subject matter, including a claim under clauses 6 or 7, and
- 32.3.2 the claim for compensation is not a claim under this contract.

32.4 This clause does not apply to a contract made before the commencement of the amendments to the *Division* under the *Conveyancing Legislation Amendment Act 2018*.

ADDITIONAL CONDITIONS IN CONTRACT FOR SALE OF LAND BETWEEN:

(VENDOR/S) and
(PURCHASER/S)

The terms of the printed Contract to which these additional conditions are annexed shall be read subject to the following. If there is a conflict between these additional conditions and the printed Contract, then these additional conditions shall prevail. The parties agree that should any provision be held to be contrary to law, void or unenforceable, then such provision shall be severed from the Contract and such remaining provisions shall remain in full force and effect.

1. Completion of this matter shall take place on or before 4.00pm within the time provided for in clause 15 herein. Should completion not take place within that time, then either party shall be at liberty to issue a Notice to Complete calling for the other party to complete the matter making the time for completion essential. Such Notice shall give not less than 14 days notice from the day the Notice is served on the recipient. A Notice to Complete of such duration is considered by the parties as being deemed reasonable and sufficient to render the time for completion essential. The party that issues the Notice to Complete shall also be at liberty to withdraw such Notice to Complete and re-issue another one at any time without prejudice to that party's continuing right to give any further Notice to Complete under Clause 15. The party that issues the Notice to Complete shall be entitled to recover the fee of \$220.00 (GST inclusive) from the other party to cover the cost for issuing such Notice.
2. In addition to the provisions of Clause 20 of this Contract, the parties hereby agree that service of any document or Notice to Complete is considered effected on the party receiving the document or Notice to Complete and that party's legal representative if:
 - 2.1.1 the document or Notice to Complete is sent via email to the legal representative or the office of the party receiving the document or Notice to Complete; or
 - 2.1.2 the document or Notice to Complete is sent via facsimile transmission to the facsimile number noted on the front page of this Contract or as noted on the legal representative letter head.

The parties hereby agree that service of any document or Notice to Complete shall be deemed to be duly given or made if the provisions of the above clause are met. In the event that the time of dispatch is not before 5:00pm (AEDT), the parties agree that service is considered to have occurred the next business day.

3. If the Purchaser shall not complete this purchase by the agreed completion date, at a time when the Vendor is ready, willing and able to complete on or after that completion date, then the Purchaser shall pay to the Vendor on completion, in addition to the balance of purchase money, an amount calculated as eight percent (8%) per annum interest on the balance of purchase money, computed at a daily rate from the day

immediately after the agreed completion date up to and including the actual date on which this sale shall be completed. It is further agreed that this amount is a genuine pre-estimate of the Vendor's loss of interest for the purchase money and liability for rates and outgoings. The Vendor shall not be obliged to complete this Contract unless the amount payable under this clause is tendered.

4. If the purchaser fails to complete this contract on or before the completion date otherwise than through the fault of the Vendor, then in addition to the payment of interest in accordance with Special Condition 3, the purchaser shall also pay to the Vendor the sum of three hundred and thirty dollars (\$330.00) inclusive of GST to cover legal costs and other expenses incurred as a consequence of delay as a genuine pre estimate of those additional expenses to be allowed by the purchaser to the Vendor as an adjustment on completion.
5. The Purchaser warrants that he has not been introduced to the property other than by the Vendors agent specified in the Contract for Sale. The purchaser indemnifies the vendor from and against the payment of commission that may be found payable in respect of this sale to any other Real Estate Agent or person that may arise out of or in connection with the purchasers breach of this warranty. This clause will not merge upon completion.
6. A sufficient statement of the Vendor's title shall be deemed included in this Contract and the purchasers shall not require the vendor to provide any further Statement of Title.
7. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this contract, if a cooling off period applies, then the deposit may be paid by 2 instalments as follows:
 - (i) an amount equivalent to 0.25% of the price – on or before the making of this contract;
 - (ii) the balance of the deposit – no later than 5.00pm on the 5th business day after the date of this contract.
- (b) The parties agree that, in the event that the Purchaser requests to use a Deposit Bond and the Vendor accepts the use of a Deposit Bond, a deposit bond Guarantee is to be used as a form of deposit the following terms are applicable:
 - (i) In this contract "Bond" means a deposit bond provided by any institution agreed to by the Vendor and issued to the Vendor at the request of the Purchaser in an amount and form approved by the Vendor.
 - (ii) The bond will be equivalent to the amount of the full 10% deposit.
 - (iii) The bond will be dealt with as if it were a cash deposit under the contract, and the Vendor is entitled to immediately draw upon the Guarantee in any circumstances where the Vendor is entitled to the deposit.
 - (iv) at settlement, the Purchaser must pay to the Vendor in addition to all other monies payable under this contract, the full purchase price (less any deposit held by the agent) and the Vendor will return the original Guarantee to the Purchaser as soon as practical following settlement.

- (c) In the event that the vendor agrees to accept a deposit of less than ten per cent (10%) of the purchase price, then the deposit is to be paid in two instalments as follows:

- (i) the first part of the deposit on signing of this Contract or at the expiry of the cooling off period (whichever applies); and
- (ii) the second part of the said ten per cent (10%) of the purchase price shall be paid on the completion or immediately on a default by the Purchaser observing any terms and condition of the Contract. On default by the Purchaser, the balance of the deposit shall immediately become payable to the Vendor and shall be payable notwithstanding that this contract may be terminated as a consequence of the Purchaser's default.

8. The purchasers hereby authorises the Vendor's Agent to release such part or all of the deposit to the Vendor as it is required by the Vendor (where there are more than one, then that includes any of the Vendors individually) for the following purposes:-

- 8.1 To fund the payment of a deposit or stamp duty in relation to the purchase of another property by the Vendor or by the vendor and another person.

- 8.2 In the event that the Vendor enters into a Village Contract as referenced in Part V of the Retirement Villages Act 1999, to fund the payment of:-

8.2.1 any deposit required by the village;

8.2.2 any registration fee required by NSW Land Registry Services and

8.2.3 any share of the Operator's legal costs as required to be paid by the

vendor.

- 8.3 To fund any Refundable Accommodation Deposit as defined by the Aged Care Act 1997 (Cth).

The execution of this Contract shall be full and irrevocable authority to the stakeholder names herein the release such deposit.

9. The form of the Contract annexed is amended as follows:-

- a. Clause 5.1 is deleted.
- b. In Clause 7.1.1 delete 5% and replace with \$1,000.00
- c. Clause 18 is amended by adding the following:
Clause 18.8 "The Purchaser cannot make a claim, requisition or delay settlement after entering into possession of the property".
Clause 18.9 "Upon entering into possession of the property the purchaser accepts the property, all improvements and inclusions in their current condition and state of repair and the acceptance of the keys from the Agent (or in the case of no Agent from the Vendor/Vendors Conveyancer) shall be deemed to be an acceptance of the condition of the property;
- d. Clause 25 is deleted in its entirety.

10. Without in any way limiting, negating or restricting any rights or remedies which would have been available to either party at law or in equity had this clause not been included, if either party (and if more than one person comprises that first party then any one of them) prior to completion:

(a) being an individual, dies or becomes mentally ill, then the other party may rescind this contract by written notice to the first party's solicitor or Conveyancer and thereupon this contract will be at an end and the provisions of clause 19 apply; or

(b) being a company, has a summons or application for its winding up presented or has a liquidator, receiver or voluntary administrator of it appointed, or enter into any deed of company arrangement or scheme of arrangement with its creditors, then that party will be in default under this contract.

10.1 The Purchaser warrants that the Purchaser has the legal capacity to enter into this contract.

11. In the event this contract is exchanged subject to a cooling off period, the Purchaser agrees to pay the Vendors costs in the amount of \$110.00 (including GST) for each request for an extension to the initial cooling off period. The Vendors costs will be payable regardless of whether or not an extension to the cooling off period is granted. Such costs to be paid on settlement.

12. The Purchaser acknowledges that the provisions of this Contract constitute the full and complete understanding between the parties and that there is no other understanding, agreement, warranty or representation whether expressed or implied in any way extending, defining or otherwise relating to the provisions of this Contract or binding on the parties hereto with respect to any of the matters to which this Contract relates.

The purchaser further acknowledges that they are purchasing the property:-

- (i) In its present condition and state of repair.
- (ii) Subject to all defects both latent and patent.
- (iii) Subject to the location and existence or non-existence of services.
- (iv) Subject to any non-compliance that is disclosed herein with the Local Government Act in respect of any building on the land.

The purchaser shall make no objection, requisition, claim for compensation, nor delay completion as a result of any of the matters covered by this clause.

13. Each party hereto authorises his, hers or their Solicitor, Conveyancer or any employee of that Solicitor or Conveyancer to make alterations to this Contract as agreed to between the parties, including the addition of annexures after execution up until date of this Contract. Any such alterations and additions shall be binding upon the party deemed hereby to have authorised the same and any annexure so added shall form part of this Contract as if the same was annexed to the Contract prior to the Contract being executed.

14. The Purchaser agrees that the only Requisitions that the Purchaser shall be entitled to make under the provisions of Clause 5.1 of this contract are those in the form of Requisitions on Title annexed to this contract. Despite any clause to the contrary, the requisitions must be served on our office within 14 days of exchange and must not be deemed to have been served until such time as they have been submitted to our office.

15. Should any event, condition, notice or due date in relation to this Contract become due to occur during the period of 22 December of any one year and 11 January of the preceding year, then the parties agree that the event, condition, notice or due date will be deemed to be due to occur on 15th January (or proceeding business day) of that year.

For the purpose of this special condition an exchange of Contracts is not considered an "event".

16. The parties acknowledge and agree that exchange of Contracts is to take place electronically via email only. The Contracts are deemed exchanged and binding on all parties once the Vendors conveyancer provides, to the purchaser's conveyancer, an emailed copy of the Vendors signed and dated front page of the Contract. No hard copy of the Contract will be returned.

.....
Vendor/s

.....
Purchaser/s

Special Condition no 17:

Notwithstanding the date for completion noted on the front page of this contract, the parties agree that where either party is prevented from completing this contract due to the occurrence of any one of the following delaying events:-

(a) Suspension of the operation of services by:-

(i) the Purchaser's Incoming Mortgagee;

(ii) the Vendor's Discharging Mortgagee;

(iii) NSW Land Registry Services;

(iv) Revenue NSW preventing the payment of stamp duty or the clearance of a Land Tax charge;

(v) PEXA;

(vi) any Government body or department and strata management body who is required to provide a certificate that a party is entitled to (and would ordinarily request) or required to obtain pursuant to this contract preventing the issuing of the certificate;

or

(b) The Vendor being unable to provide vacant possession of the property due to an order, direction or law by a Government imposing a "Lockdown" of:-

(i) the suburb where the Property is located; or

(ii) the state of New South Wales.

or

(c) The Vendor residing in the property and testing positive to Covid-19 and providing a medical

certificate evidencing same to the Purchaser.

then completion of this contract will be due to take place on or before seven (7) days of the later of the following:

(i) the delaying event having been resolved; and

(ii) in the case of 1(c), the Vendor receiving a medical certificate confirming the clearance of infection.

18. The Vendor acknowledges and the purchaser agrees that there is no drainage diagram available as advised by Sydney Water on 14th October 2021.
The purchaser shall not delay settlement, rescind the contract, make a claim for damages or raise requisitions in this regard.

REQUISITIONS ON TITLE

Purchaser:

Vendor: Kevin John Rynne & Julie Janine Rynne

The following requisitions do not cover matters that are normally covered by pre contract enquiries, the law and the contract.

A vendor who supplies a deliberately false answer to a requisition is liable in damages for deceit if the answer is intended to, and does, induce the purchaser to complete. This extends not only to the original replies, but to situations where the vendor is unaware of the error when delivering answers but discovers the error before settlement and fails to disclose the truth to the purchaser.

All properties

1. Are there any restrictions on the right of the registered proprietor to convey to the purchaser the property and inclusions free of encumbrances and with vacant possession?
2. Are there any encroachments by or upon the property?
3. Has the construction and use of the improvements erected on the property been approved by the responsible authorities and comply with their requirements?
4. Is the vendor aware of anything that affects the use of the property that is not immediately apparent to the purchaser on normal inspection?
5. Are there any advices, proposals, enquiries, notices, claims or disputes that might affect the property?

If strata/community title

1. Has the initial period expired?
2. Are there any proposed resolutions or proposed charges or levies not discoverable by inspection of the books of the owners corporation, the community, and precinct or neighbourhood associations?

If rural

1. Are there any notices from neighbours or any public authorities requiring compliance?
2. All agreements written, oral or by usage not disclosed in the contract relating to such matters as farming, grazing, share farming, agistment, sharing of plant and facilities, use of water, passage through the property should be disclosed and must be terminated, and plant and equipment not the subject of the sale removed from the property prior to completion.

3. Are there any give and take fences?
4. Are there any agreements with neighbours relating to fencing?
5. Are there any licences or agreements relating to pipelines, soil conservation or timber harvesting?
6. Has the vendor any water licence or rights under the Water Management Act 2000?
7. Are there any access roads or tracks to this property or to adjoining properties through this property that are not public roads?
8. Are there any enclosure permits that attach to the property?
9. Are there any notices or issues outstanding relating to stock diseases, chemical pollution or noxious weeds?
10. Are there any matters that specifically affect the property under legislation relating to Native Title, Aboriginal Land Rights, threatened species, native vegetation conservation or National Parks and Wildlife?
11. Is there any application to the Crown for purchase or conversion of a holding?
12. Is there any amount due to the Crown by way of rent or balance of purchase money on any part of the property?

If company title

1. Please provide evidence that the company has approved the sale of the shares to the purchaser which will be registered in the share register on presentation following settlement.
2. Have there been or are there any proposed changes to the constitution of the company that affect the right of occupation by the purchaser and the use and enjoyment of the hereditaments?
3. The financial records and books of the company will be inspected and must prove satisfactory and establish that the company is free of debt, that all levies on shareholders have been made and paid and that there is no action suit or proceeding by or against the company.
4. A copy of the constitution of the company must be provided together with copies of the minutes of the last general meeting and copies of any resolutions that might adversely affect the use and enjoyment of the property by the purchaser.

About You Conveyancing

5, 114 Princes Highway
ULLADULLA NSW 2539

06/10/2021



LAND
REGISTRY
SERVICES

Title Search



NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: 5/SP82132

SEARCH DATE	TIME	EDITION NO	DATE
6/10/2021	1:38 PM	4	1/9/2020

NO CERTIFICATE OF TITLE HAS ISSUED FOR THE CURRENT EDITION OF THIS FOLIO.
CONTROL OF THE RIGHT TO DEAL IS HELD BY NATIONAL AUSTRALIA BANK LIMITED.

LAND

LOT 5 IN STRATA PLAN 82132
AT KINGSWOOD
LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA PENRITH

FIRST SCHEDULE

JULIE JANINE RYNNE
KEVIN JOHN RYNNE
AS JOINT TENANTS

(T AI630976)

SECOND SCHEDULE (2 NOTIFICATIONS)

- 1 INTERESTS RECORDED ON REGISTER FOLIO CP/SP82132
- 2 AQ360759 MORTGAGE TO NATIONAL AUSTRALIA BANK LIMITED

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***



LAND
REGISTRY
SERVICES

Title Search



NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: CP/SP82132

SEARCH DATE	TIME	EDITION NO	DATE
8/10/2021	3:22 PM	2	11/9/2014

LAND

THE COMMON PROPERTY IN THE STRATA SCHEME BASED ON STRATA PLAN 82132
WITHIN THE PARCEL SHOWN IN THE TITLE DIAGRAM

AT KINGSWOOD
LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA PENRITH
PARISH OF MULGOA COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND
TITLE DIAGRAM SP82132

FIRST SCHEDULE

THE OWNERS - STRATA PLAN NO. 82132
ADDRESS FOR SERVICE OF DOCUMENTS:
STANTON & TAYLOR STRATA MANAGEMENT
FIRST FLOOR, 314 HIGH STREET
PENRITH NSW 2750

SECOND SCHEDULE (4 NOTIFICATIONS)

- 1 RESERVATIONS AND CONDITIONS IN THE CROWN GRANT(S)
- 2 ATTENTION IS DIRECTED TO THE RESIDENTIAL SCHEMES MODEL BY-LAWS
CONTAINED IN THE STRATA SCHEMES MANAGEMENT REGULATION APPLICABLE
AT THE DATE OF REGISTRATION OF THE SCHEME
KEEPING OF ANIMALS - OPTION B HAS BEEN ADOPTED
- 3 AE551869 POSITIVE COVENANT
- 4 AI883671 THIS EDITION ISSUED PURSUANT TO S.111 REAL PROPERTY
ACT, 1900

SCHEDULE OF UNIT ENTITLEMENT (AGGREGATE: 820)

STRATA PLAN 82132

LOT	ENT	LOT	ENT	LOT	ENT	LOT	ENT
1	- 105	2	- 105	3	- 100	4	- 100
5	- 105	6	- 100	7	- 100	8	- 105

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***

WARNING: CREASING OR FOLDING WILL LEAD TO REJECTION

Sheet 1 of 3 sheets

NGA



LN - LINE OF NORTHERN FACE OF WALL
LW - LINE OF WESTERN FACE OF WALL
LS - LINE OF SOUTHERN FACE OF WALL

Surveyor : ANDREW PETER FORO
Surveyor's Ref : 36278SP
Subdivision No : 20090063
Lengths are in metres. Reduction Ratio 1 : 250

Registered

1. The first step is to identify the problem or question that needs to be answered. This involves understanding the context and the specific requirements of the task.

2. The second step is to gather relevant information and data. This can involve research, consultation with experts, or collecting data from various sources.

3. The third step is to analyze the information and data collected. This involves identifying patterns, trends, and relationships that can help in understanding the problem.

4. The fourth step is to develop a solution or answer. This involves applying the knowledge and skills gained from the previous steps to create a response that addresses the problem.

5. The fifth step is to evaluate the solution or answer. This involves checking the results against the original problem and requirements to ensure that the solution is effective and accurate.

6. The sixth step is to communicate the solution or answer. This involves presenting the findings in a clear and concise manner that is easy for others to understand.

7. The seventh step is to reflect on the process and results. This involves thinking about what was learned from the experience and how it can be applied to future problems.

8. The eighth step is to document the process and results. This involves creating a record of the work done, including the data, analysis, and conclusions, so that it can be reviewed and used as a reference in the future.

9. The ninth step is to share the solution or answer with others. This involves presenting the findings to a wider audience, such as colleagues or the public, to gain feedback and insights.

10. The tenth step is to continue to learn and improve. This involves staying up-to-date with the latest research and developments in the field, and seeking out new challenges and opportunities for growth.

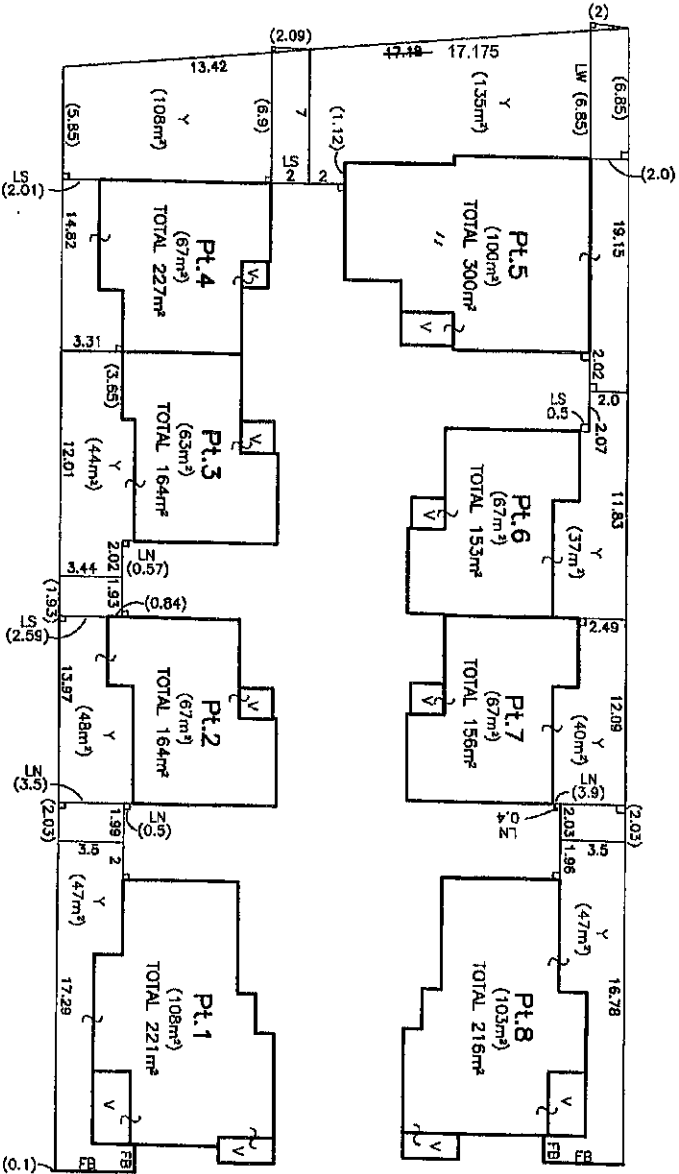
SP82132 P

SIRATA PLAN FORM 2 (A3)

WARNING: CREASING OR FOLDING WILL LEAD TO REJECTION

Sheet 2 of 3 sheets

GROUND FLOOR



L — DENOTES A RIGHT ANGLE
V — VERANDAH
Y — YARD SPACE
FB — FACE OF BRICK WALL
LN — LINE OF NORTHERN FACE OF WALL
LS — LINE OF SOUTHERN FACE OF WALL
LW — LINE OF WESTERN FACE OF WALL
AREAS ARE APPROXIMATE ONLY AND INCLUDE VERANDAHS.
YARD SPACES ARE LIMITED IN HEIGHT TO 5 ABOVE AND 2 BELOW THE UPPER SURFACE OF THEIR RESPECTIVE HARDSTAND EXCEPT WHERE COVERED.
VERANDAHS ARE LIMITED IN HEIGHT TO 3 ABOVE THE UPPER SURFACE OF THEIR RESPECTIVE HARDSTAND EXCEPT WHERE COVERED.
ALL FENCES AND RETAINING WALLS ARE COMMON PROPERTY.

Surveyor: ANDREW PETER FORD
Surveyor's Ref: 362785P
Subdivision No: 20090063
Lengths are in metres. Reduction Ratio 1: 250



25.2.2009

Registered

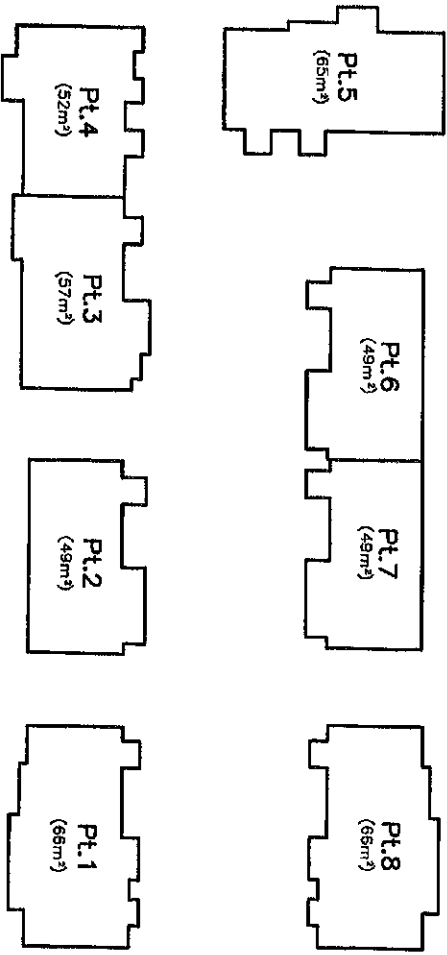
SP82132

SIRATA PLAN FORM 2 (A3)

WARNING: CREASING OR FOLDING WILL LEAD TO REJECTION

Sheet 3 of 3 sheets

FIRST FLOOR



AREAS ARE APPROXIMATE ONLY.



Surveyor : ANDREW PETER FORD Surveyor's Ref : 36278SP Subdivision No : 20090063 Lengths are in metres. Reduction Ratio 1 : 250	Registered  25.5.2009	SP82132
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0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 110 120 130 140

STRATA PLAN ADMINISTRATION SHEET

Sheet 1 of 2 sheet(s)

Name of, and address for service of notices on, the Owners Corporation. (Address required on original strata plan only)

The Owners – Strata Plan No 82132

36-38 Stafford Street
Kingswood NSW 2747



SP82132 S

Registered: 25.5.2009

Purpose: STRATA PLAN

PLAN OF Subdivision of
Lot 100 in DP 1137160

*Residential Model by-laws adopted for this scheme

*Keeping of animals: Option A/B/C

*Schedule of By-laws in _____ sheets filed with plan

*No By-laws apply

* strike out whichever is inapplicable

Strata Certificate

* Name of Council Accredited Certifier GARRY RYAN
being satisfied that the requirements of the * Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973 or * Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986 have been complied with, approves of the proposed:

* strata plan/ * strata plan of subdivision

illustrated in the annexure to this certificate.

* The accredited certifier is satisfied that the plan is consistent with a relevant development consent in force, and that all conditions of the development consent that by its terms are required to be complied with before a strata certificate may be issued, have been complied with.

* The strata plan/strata plan of subdivision is part of a development scheme. The * council/ accredited certifier is satisfied that the plan is consistent with any applicable conditions of any development consent and that the plan gives effect to the stage of the strata development contract to which it relates.

* The Council does not object to the encroachment of the building beyond the alignment of

* The Accredited Certifier is satisfied that the building complies with a relevant development consent in force that allows the encroachment.

* This approval is given on the condition that the use of lot (s)
.....(being utility lots designed to be used primarily for the storage or accommodation of boats, motor vehicles or goods and not for human occupation as a residence, office, shop or the like) is restricted to the proprietor or occupier of a lot or proposed lot (not being such a utility lot) the subject of the strata scheme concerned, as referred to in * section 39 of the Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973 or * section 68 of the Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

Date 1/4/2009

Subdivision No. 20090063

Accreditation No. SPB0565

Relevant Development Consent No. 20090063CDC1

Issued by GARRY RYAN

Authorized Person (General Manager/Accredited Certifier)

* Complete or delete if applicable.

LGA: Penrith

Locality: Kingswood

Parish: Mulgoa

County: Cumberland

Surveyor's Certificate

I, ANDREW PETER FORD

of PO BOX 259 PENRITH NSW 2751

a surveyor registered under the Surveying Act, 2002, hereby certify that:

- (1) each applicable requirement of
*Schedule 1A to the Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973
~~*Schedule 1A to the Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986~~
has been met;
- (2) ~~(a) the building encroaches on a public place;~~
~~(b) the building encroaches on land (other than a public place), in respect of which encroachment an appropriate easement~~
~~has been created by registered~~
~~to be created under section 88B of the Conveyancing Act 1919~~
- (3) *the survey information recorded in the accompanying location plan is accurate.

Signature: Andrew Peter Ford

Date: 22/12/2008

* Delete if inapplicable

+ State whether dealing or plan, and quote registered number.

SURVEYOR'S REFERENCE: 36278

Use STRATA PLAN FORM 3A for additional certificates, signatures and seals

* OFFICE USE ONLY

STRATA PLAN ADMINISTRATION SHEET

Sheet 2 of 2 sheet(s)

PLAN OF Subdivision of
Lot 100 in DP 1137160

SP82132

Registered:



25.5.2009

Strata Certificate Details: Subdivision No: 20090063

Date: 1/4/2009

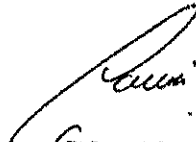
SCHEDULE OF UNIT ENTITLEMENT
(if insufficient space use additional annexure sheet)

1	105
2	105
3	100
4	100
5	105
6	100
7	100
8	105
Total	820

Signatures, seals and statements of intention to create easements, restrictions on the use of land or positive covenants
(if insufficient space use additional annexure sheet)

(NSW)

YOUNES HOLDINGS PTY LTD A.C.N 104 020 564


George YOUNES
Sole Dir/Sec



SURVEYOR'S REFERENCE: 36278

* OFFICE USE ONLY

Form: 13PC
Release: 1
www.lpi.nsw.gov.au

POSITIVE COVENANT
New South Wales
Section 88E(3) Conveyancing Act



AE551869Y

PRIVACY NOTE: this information is legally required and will

(A) **TORRENS TITLE**

100/ 1137160

(B) **LODGED BY**

Delivery Box	Name, Address or DX and Telephone YOUNES HOLDINGS (NSW) PTY LTD POB 76 NORTHMEAD 2152. Reference:	CODE PC
--------------	--	-------------------

(C) **REGISTERED PROPRIETOR**

YOUNES HOLDINGS (NSW) PTY LIMITED & CHARLIE SUKKAR & MARYANNE SUKKAR
~~CHARLIE SUKKAR & MARYANNE SUKKAR~~

(D) **LESSEE MORTGAGEE or CHARGE**

Of the above land agreeing to be bound by this positive covenant		
Interest	Number	Name of lessee, mortgagee or chargee
NOT APPLICABLE	N.A.	N.A.

(E) **PRESCRIBED AUTHORITY**

Within the meaning of section 88E(1) of the Conveyancing Act 1919
PENRITH CITY COUNCIL

(F) The prescribed authority having imposed on the above land a positive covenant in the terms set out in annexure A hereto applies to have it recorded in the Register and certifies this application correct for the purposes of the Real Property Act 1900.

DATE

(G) **Execution by the prescribed authority**

I certify that the authorised officer of the prescribed authority signing below who is personally known to me or as to whose identity I am otherwise satisfied signed this application in my presence.

Signature of witness:

Signature of an authorised officer:

Name of witness: N.A.

Name of authorised officer: PETER WOOD

Address of witness: N.A.

Position of authorised officer: DEV. ASSES. COOR.

(G) **Execution by the registered proprietor**

Certified correct for the purposes of the Real Property Act 1900 and executed on behalf of the corporation named below by the authorised person(s) whose signature(s) appear(s) below pursuant to the authority specified.

Corporation: YOUNES HOLDINGS (NSW) PTY LIMITED

Authority: section 127 of the Corporations Act 2001

Signature of authorised person:

Signature of authorised person:

Name of authorised person: Director George YOUNES

Name of authorised person: Secretary George YOUNES

Office held:

Office held:

(H) **Consent of the N.A.**

The N.A. sole/dec under N.A. sole/sec/1 No. N.A. agrees to be bound by this restriction? I certify that the above N.A. who is personally known to me or as to whose identity I am otherwise satisfied signed this application in my presence.

Signature of witness:

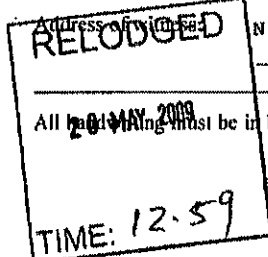
Signature of N.A.

Name of witness: N.A.

CHARLIE SUKKAR

Address of witness: N.A.

MARYANNE SUKKAR



All handwriting must be in block capitals.

Page 1 of 3

LAND AND PROPERTY INFORMATION NSW

DP 1137160

Annexure A to Positive Covenant

Parties: By Younes Holdings (NSW) Pty Limited to Penrith City Council

Terms of Positive Covenant

For the purposes of the positive covenant:

- “structure and works” shall mean the on-site detention system constructed on the land as set out and detailed on the plans being Drawing No. 4200-C1 revision C prepared by Haddad Khalil Munce and dated 14th September 2007 approved by Sydney Building Approvals under Development Consent No. 04/0490 approved by Penrith City Council on 7th June 2007, including all gutters, pipes, drains, walls, kerbs, pits, grates, tanks, chambers, basins and surfaces designed to temporarily detain stormwater on the land.
- “the Act” means the Conveyancing Act 1919.

The registered proprietors covenant with the Council of the City of Penrith (Council) that they will maintain and repair the structure and works on the land in accordance with the following terms and conditions:

- a. The registered proprietor will:
 - Keep the structure and works clean and free from silt, rubbish, debris and other pollutants.
 - Maintain and repair at the sole expense of the registered proprietors the whole of the works, including all structures, so that the on-site detention system functions in a safe and effective manner in accordance with the design intent.
- b. For the purpose of ensuring observance of the covenant, Council may by its servants or agents at any reasonable time and upon giving the person against whom the covenant is enforced not less than 2 days notice (but at any time without notice in the case of an emergency), enter the land and view the state of construction, maintenance or repair of the structure and works on the land.
- c. By written notice Council may require the registered proprietors to attend any matter and carry out such work within such time as the Council may require to ensure the proper and efficient performance of the structure and works and to that extent 88F(2)(a) of the Act is hereby agreed.
- d. Pursuant to Section 88F(3) of the Act, Council shall have the following additional powers pursuant to this covenant:
 - (i) In the event that the registered proprietor fails to comply with the terms of any written notice issued by the Council as set out above, the



Council or its authorised agents may enter the land with all necessary equipment and carry out any work which Council in its discretion considers reasonable to comply with the said notice referred to in (c) hereof.

(ii) Council may recover from the registered proprietor in a court of competent jurisdiction:

- Any expense reasonably incurred by it in exercising its powers under subparagraph (a) hereof. Such expense shall include reasonable wages for Council's own employees engaged in effecting the said work, supervising the said work and administering the said work together with costs, reasonably estimated by the Council, for the use of machinery, tools and equipment in conjunction with the said work.
- Legal costs on an indemnity basis for the issue of the said notices and recovery of the said costs and expenses together with the costs and expenses of registration of a covenant charge pursuant to Section 88F of the Act or providing any certificate required pursuant to Section 88G of the Act or obtaining any injunction pursuant to Section 88H of the Act.

e. This covenant shall bind all persons who claim under the registered proprietors as stipulated in Section 88E(5) of the Act.

Name of the body empowered to release, vary or modify the terms of positive covenant referred to in this document.

Penrith City Council

Execution by the Registered Proprietor:

Signature of Witness:

Signature of Registered Proprietor:

Execution by the Prescribed Authority:

Signature of Witness:

Christine Martin
CHRISTINE MARTIN

Signature of on authorised officer:

Peter Wood
PETER WOOD

Form: 12PV
Release: 4-1

**APPLICATION
FOR REPLACEMENT
CERTIFICATE OF TITLE**



AI883671T

New South Wales
s111 Real Property Act 1900

PRIVACY NOTE: Section 31B of the Real Property Act 1900 (RP Act) authorises the Registrar General to collect the information required by this form for the establishment and maintenance of the Real Property Act Register. Section 96B RP Act requires that the Register is made available to any person for search upon payment of a fee, if any.

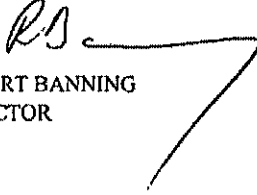
(A) CERTIFICATE OF TITLE	CP/SP 82132	
(B) LODGED BY	Document Name, Address or DX, Telephone, and Customer Account Number if any Collection Box 256L Reference: ~~SP 82132~~ TRB 01/02/2014 CITY AGENTS DX 1293 SYDNEY PV	CODE PV
(C) REGISTERED PROPRIETOR	OWNERS CORPORATION SP 82132	
(D) APPLICANT	STANTON & TAYLOR STRATA MANAGEMENT	

- (E) The certificate of title referred to above has been—
☒ mislaid ☐ destroyed ☐ stolen ☐ damaged or defaced.
- (F) The applicant—
☐ is a private person who is a registered proprietor of the land in the certificate of title.
☐ is a corporation which is a registered proprietor of the land in the certificate of title.
☐ is a lending institution having a registered first mortgage over the land in the certificate of title.
☐ had custody of the certificate of title at the time it was mislaid, destroyed, etc, and is—
☐ a lending institution not having a registered first mortgage over the land in the certificate of title.
☐ a trustee institution.
☐ a legal practitioner.
☐ a licensed conveyancer.
☒ [If other, specify]: STRATA MANAGING AGENT

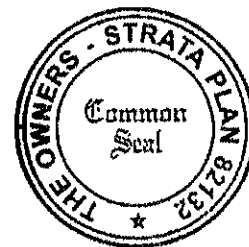
The applicant hereby consents to the Registrar General contacting the relevant issuing authorities to validate any supporting evidence lodged with this application and applies for replacement of the certificate of title referred to above.

DATE 14 August 2014

- (G) Certified correct for the purposes of the Real Property Act 1900 by the company named below the common seal of which was affixed pursuant to the authority specified and in the presence of the authorised person(s) whose signature(s) appear(s) below.
Company: OWNERS CORPORATION 82132
Authority: STRATA MANAGING AGENT

Signature of authorised person: 
Name of authorised person: ROBERT BANNING
Office held: DIRECTOR

Signature of authorised person:
Name of authorised person:
Office held:



Witness please note: You may be contacted by the Registrar General to verify the signing.

** s117 RP Act requires that you must have known the signatory for more than 12 months or have sighted identifying documentation.*

WARNING! SEVERE PENALTIES MAY BE IMPOSED FOR LODGING A FALSE APPLICATION

ALL HANDWRITING MUST BE IN BLOCK CAPITALS.

Evidence: EV 127911

h

Approved Form 23

Attestation

The common seal of the Owners - Strata Plan No 82/32 was hereunto affixed on 14.08.14 in the presence of Robert Banning being the person (s) authorised by s. 238 Strata Schemes Management Act 1996 to attest the affixing of the seal.

.....
.....
.....

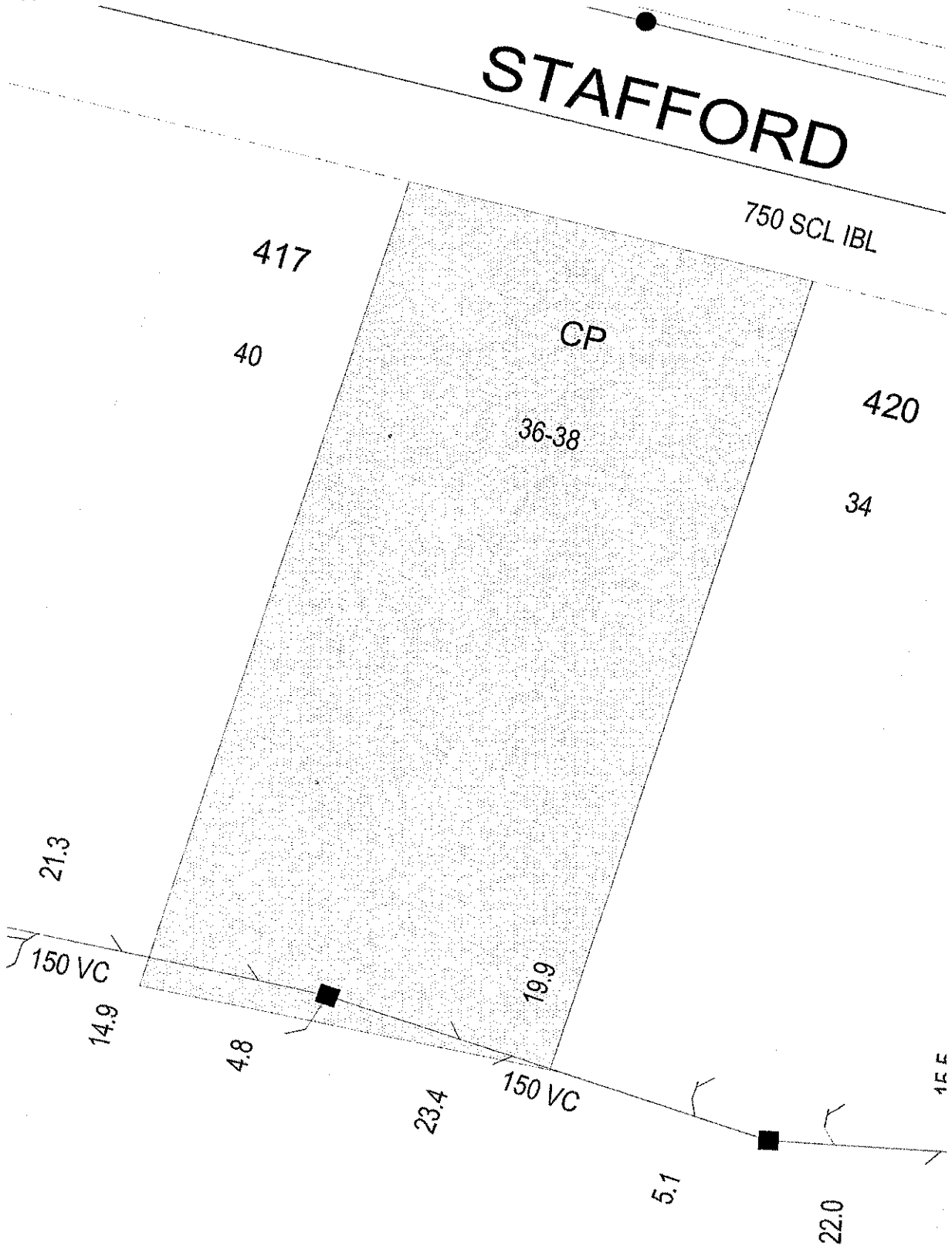
^a Insert appropriate date



Text below this line is part of the instructions and should not be reproduced as part of a final document.

1. This form must be provided in its entirety as shown above.
2. This attestation is required when the seal of the owners corporation is affixed in accordance with section 238 Strata Schemes Management Act 1996

Service Location Print
Application Number: 1267160



Document generated at 14-10-2021 02:15:02 PM

Disclaimer

The information on this print shows if we provide any water, wastewater or stormwater services to this property. It may not be accurate or to scale. If you'd like to see the location of private wastewater pipes on the property, please buy a **Sewer service diagram**.

Asset Information

Legend

Sewer		Property Details	
Sewer Main (with flow arrow & size type text)		Boundary Line	
Disused Main		Easement Line	
Rising Main		House Number	
Maintenance Hole (with upstream depth to invert)		Lot Number	
Sub-surface chamber		Proposed Land	
Maintenance Hole with Overflow chamber		Sydney Water Heritage Site (please call 132 092 and ask for the Heritage Unit)	
Ventshaft EDUCT			
Ventshaft INDUCT			
Property Connection Point (with chainage to downstream MH)			
Concrete Encased Section			
Terminal Maintenance Shaft			
Maintenance Shaft			
Rodding Point			
Lamphole			
Vertical			
Pumping Station			
Sewer Rehabilitation			
Pressure Sewer		Water	
Pressure Sewer Main		WaterMain - Potable (with size type text)	
Pump Unit (Alarm, Electrical Cable, Pump Unit)		Disconnected Main - Potable	
Property Valve Boundary Assembly		Proposed Main - Potable	
Stop Valve		Water Main - Recycled	
Reducer / Taper		Special Supply Conditions - Potable	
Flushing Point		Special Supply Conditions - Recycled	
Vacuum Sewer		Restrained Joints - Potable	
Pressure Sewer Main		Restrained Joints - Recycled	
Division Valve		Hydrant	
Vacuum Chamber		Maintenance Hole	
Clean Out Point		Stop Valve	
Stormwater		Stop Valve with By-pass	
Stormwater Pipe		Stop Valve with Tapers	
Stormwater Channel		Closed Stop Valve	
Stormwater Gully		Air Valve	
Stormwater Maintenance Hole		Valve	
Private Mains		Scour	
Potable Water Main		Reducer / Taper	
Recycled Water Main		Vertical Bends	
Sewer Main		Reservoir	
Symbols for Private Mains shown grey		Recycled Water is shown as per Potable above. Colour as Indicated	

Disclaimer

The information on this print shows if we provide any water, wastewater or stormwater services to this property. It may not be accurate or to scale. If you'd like to see the location of private wastewater pipes on the property, please buy a **Sewer service diagram**.

Pipe Types

ABS	Acrylonitrile Butadiene Styrene	AC	Asbestos Cement
BRICK	Brick	CI	Cast Iron
CICL	Cast Iron Cement Lined	CONC	Concrete
COPPER	Copper	DI	Ductile Iron
DICL	Ductile Iron Cement (mortar) Lined	DIPL	Ductile Iron Polymeric Lined
EW	Earthenware	FIBG	Fibreglass
FL BAR	Forged Locking Bar	GI	Galvanised Iron
GRP	Glass Reinforced Plastics	HDPE	High Density Polyethylene
MS	Mild Steel	MSCL	Mild Steel Cement Lined
PE	Polyethylene	PC	Polymer Concrete
PP	Polypropylene	PVC	Polyvinylchloride
PVC - M	Polyvinylchloride, Modified	PVC - O	Polyvinylchloride, Oriented
PVC - U	Polyvinylchloride, Unplasticised	RC	Reinforced Concrete
RC-PL	Reinforced Concrete Plastics Lined	S	Steel
SCL	Steel Cement (mortar) Lined	SCL IBL	Steel Cement Lined Internal Bitumen Lined
SGW	Salt Glazed Ware	SPL	Steel Polymeric Lined
SS	Stainless Steel	STONE	Stone
VC	Vitrified Clay	WI	Wrought Iron
WS	Woodstave		

Further Information

Please consult the Dial Before You Dig enquiries page on the Sydney Water website.

For general enquiries please call the Customer Contact Centre on 132 092

In an emergency, or to notify Sydney Water of damage or threats to its structures, call 13 20 90 (24 hours, 7 days)

Disclaimer

The information on this print shows if we provide any water, wastewater or stormwater services to this property. It may not be accurate or to scale. If you'd like to see the location of private wastewater pipes on the property, please buy a **Sewer service diagram**.

PLANNING CERTIFICATE UNDER SECTION 10.7

Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979

Property No: 785008
Your Reference: 544 RYNNE
Contact No.

Issue Date: 08 October 2021
Certificate No: 21/05551

Issued to: Mrs K Bettington
5/114 Princes Highway
ULLADULLA NSW 2539

PRECINCT 2010

DESCRIPTION OF LAND

County: CUMBERLAND

Parish: MULGOA

Location: 5/36-38 Stafford Street KINGSWOOD NSW 2747

Land Description: Lot 5 SP 82132

- PART 1 PRESCRIBED MATTERS -

In accordance with the provisions of Section 10.7 of the Act the following information is furnished in respect of the abovementioned land:

1 NAMES OF RELEVANT PLANNING INSTRUMENTS AND DCPs

1(1) The name of each environmental planning instrument that applies to the carrying out of development on the land:

Penrith Local Environmental Plan 2010, published 22nd September 2010, as amended, applies to the land.

Sydney Regional Environmental Plan No.9 - Extractive Industry (No.2), gazetted 15 September 1995, as amended, applies to the local government area of Penrith.

Sydney Regional Environmental Plan No. 20 - Hawkesbury-Nepean River (No. 2 - 1997), gazetted 7 November 1997, as amended, applies to the local government area of Penrith (except land to which State Environmental Planning Policy (Penrith Lakes Scheme) 1989 applies).

The following State environmental planning policies apply to the land (subject to the exclusions noted below):

State Environmental Planning Policy No.19 - Bushland in Urban Areas. (Note: This policy does not apply to certain land referred to in the National Parks and Wildlife Act 1974 and the Forestry Act 1916.)

State Environmental Planning Policy No.21 - Caravan Parks.

State Environmental Planning Policy No.33 - Hazardous and Offensive Development.

State Environmental Planning Policy No.50 - Canal Estate Development. (Note: This policy does not apply to the land to which State Environmental Planning Policy (Penrith Lakes Scheme) 1989 applies.

State Environmental Planning Policy No.55 - Remediation of Land.

State Environmental Planning Policy No.64 - Advertising and Signage.

PLANNING CERTIFICATE UNDER SECTION 10.7
Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979

State Environmental Planning Policy No.65 - Design Quality of Residential Apartment Development.
State Environmental Planning Policy No.70 - Affordable Housing (Revised Schemes).
State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004 (Note: This policy applies to land within New South Wales that is land zoned primarily for urban purposes or land that adjoins land zoned primarily for urban purposes, but only as detailed in clause 4, 4A and 4B of the policy.)
State Environmental Planning Policy (Building Sustainability Index: BASIX) 2004.
State Environmental Planning Policy (State Significant Precincts) 2005.
State Environmental Planning Policy (Mining, Petroleum Production and Extractive Industries) 2007.
State Environmental Planning Policy (Infrastructure) 2007.
State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.
State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009.
State Environmental Planning Policy (State and Regional Development) 2011.
State Environmental Planning Policy (Vegetation in Non-Rural Areas) 2017.
State Environmental Planning Policy (Educational Establishments and Child Care Centre Facilities) 2017.
State Environmental Planning Policy (Primary Production and Rural Development) 2019.
State Environmental Planning Policy (Western Sydney Aerotropolis) 2020.

1(2) The name of each proposed environmental planning instrument that will apply to the carrying out of development on the land and that is or has been the subject of community consultation or on public exhibition under the Act:

(Information is provided in this section only if a proposed environmental planning instrument that is or has been the subject of community consultation or on public exhibition under the Act will apply to the carrying out of development on the land.)

Draft State Environmental Planning Policy (Environment) applies to the land.

Draft State Environmental Planning Policy (Remediation of Land) applies to the land.

Draft State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021 applies to the land.

Draft State Environmental Planning Policy (Cumberland Plain Conservation) applies to the land.

Draft State Environmental Planning Policy (Educational Establishments and Child Care Centre Facilities) 2017 applies to the land.

Draft State Environmental Planning Policy (Design and Place) applies to the land.

Draft State Environmental Planning Policy (Primary Production and Rural Development) 2019 applies to the land.

Draft State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008 applies to the land.

Draft State Environmental Planning Policy (Infrastructure) 2007 applies to the land.

Draft State Environmental Planning Policy (Western Sydney Aerotropolis) 2020 applies to the land.

PLANNING CERTIFICATE UNDER SECTION 10.7

Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979

Draft State Environmental Planning Policy (State and Regional Development) 2011 applies to the land.

1(3) The name of each development control plan that applies to the carrying out of development on the land:

Penrith Development Control Plan 2014 applies to the land.

2 ZONING AND LAND USE UNDER RELEVANT LEPs

For each environmental planning instrument or proposed instrument referred to in clause 1 (other than a SEPP or proposed SEPP) that includes the land in any zone (however described):

2(a)-(d) the identity of the zone; the purposes that may be carried out without development consent; the purposes that may not be carried out except with development consent; and the purposes that are prohibited within the zone. Any zone(s) applying to the land is/are listed below and/or in annexures.

(Note: If no zoning appears in this section see section 1(1) for zoning and land use details (under the Sydney Regional Environmental Plan or State Environmental Planning Policy that zones this property).)

Zone R3 Medium Density Residential (Penrith Local Environmental Plan 2010)

1 Objectives of zone

- To provide for the housing needs of the community within a medium density residential environment.
- To provide a variety of housing types within a medium density residential environment.
- To enable other land uses that provide facilities or services to meet the day to day needs of residents.
- To provide for a concentration of housing with access to services and facilities.
- To enhance the essential character and identity of established residential areas.
- To ensure that a high level of residential amenity is achieved and maintained.
- To ensure that development reflects the desired future character and dwelling densities of the area.

2 Permitted without consent

Home occupations

3 Permitted with consent

Attached dwellings; Bed and breakfast accommodation; Boarding houses; Building identification signs; Business identification signs; Centre-based child care facilities; Community facilities; Dual occupancies; Dwelling houses; Emergency services facilities; Environmental protection works; Exhibition homes; Exhibition villages; Flood mitigation works; Group homes; Home-based child care; Home businesses; Home industries; Information and education facilities; Multi dwelling housing; Neighbourhood shops; Oyster aquaculture; Places of public worship; Recreation areas; Respite day care centres; Roads; Secondary

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dwelling; Semi-detached dwellings; Seniors housing; Shop top housing; Tank-based aquaculture

4 Prohibited

Pond-based aquaculture; Any other development not specified in item 2 or 3

Additional information relating to Penrith Local Environmental Plan 2010

Note 1: Under the terms of Clause 2.4 of Penrith Local Environmental Plan 2010 development may be carried out on unzoned land only with development consent.

Note 2: Under the terms of Clause 2.6 of Penrith Local Environmental Plan 2010 land may be subdivided but only with development consent, except for the exclusions detailed in the clause.

Note 3: Under the terms of Clause 2.7 of Penrith Local Environmental Plan 2010 the demolition of a building or work may be carried out only with development consent.

Note 4: A temporary use may be permitted with development consent subject to the requirements of Clause 2.8 of Penrith Local Environmental Plan 2010.

Note 5: Under the terms of Clause 4.1A of Penrith Local Environmental Plan 2010, despite any other provision of this plan, development consent must not be granted for dual occupancy on an internal lot in Zone R2 Low Density Residential.

Note 6: Under the terms of Clause 5.1 of Penrith Local Environmental Plan 2010 development on land acquired by an authority of the State under the owner-initiated acquisition provisions may, before it is used for the purpose for which it is reserved, be carried out, with development consent, for any purpose.

Note 7: Under the terms of Clause 5.3 of Penrith Local Environmental Plan 2010 development consent may be granted to development of certain land for any purpose that may be carried out in an adjoining zone.

Note 8: Clause 5.10 of Penrith Local Environmental Plan 2010 details when development consent is required/not required in relation to heritage conservation.

Note 9: Under the terms of Clause 5.11 of Penrith Local Environmental Plan 2010 bush fire hazard reduction work authorised by the *Rural Fires Act 1997* may be carried out on any land without development consent.

Note 10: Under the terms of Clause 7.1 of Penrith Local Environmental Plan 2010 (PLEP 2010) development consent is required for earthworks unless the work is exempt development under PLEP 2010 or another applicable environmental planning instrument, or the work is ancillary to other development for which development consent has been given.

Note 11: Sex services premises and restricted premises may only be permitted subject to the requirements of Clause 7.23 of Penrith Local Environmental Plan 2010.

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2(e) whether any development standards applying to the land fix minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling-house on the land and, if so, the minimum land dimensions so fixed:

(Information is provided in this section only if any development standards applying to the land fix minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling-house on the land and, if so, the minimum land dimensions so fixed.)

2(f) whether the land includes or comprises critical habitat:

(Information is provided in this section only if the land includes or comprises critical habitat.)

2(g) whether the land is in a conservation area (however described):

(Information is provided in this section only if the land is in a conservation area (however described).)

2(h) whether an item of environmental heritage (however described) is situated on the land:

(Information is provided in this section only if an item of environmental heritage (however described) is situated on the land.)

2A ZONING AND LAND USE UNDER STATE ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING POLICY (SYDNEY REGION GROWTH CENTRES) 2006

(Information is provided in this section only if the land is within any zone under State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006.)

3 COMPLYING DEVELOPMENT

HOUSING CODE

(The Housing Code only applies if the land is within Zones R1, R2, R3, R4 or RU5 under Penrith Local Environmental Plan 2010 or an equivalent zone in a non standard template planning instrument.)

Complying development under the Housing Code **may** be carried out on the land if the land is within one of the abovementioned zones.

RURAL HOUSING CODE

(The Rural Housing Code only applies if the land is within Zones RU1, RU2, RU3, RU4, RU6 or R5 under Penrith Local Environmental Plan 2010 or an equivalent zone in a non standard template planning instrument.)

Complying development under the Rural Housing Code **may** be carried out on the land if the land is within one of the abovementioned zones.

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LOW RISE HOUSING DIVERSITY CODE

(The Low Rise Housing Diversity Code only applies if the land is within Zones R1, R2, R3 or RU5 under Penrith Local Environmental Plan 2010 or an equivalent zone in a non standard template planning instrument.)

Complying development under the Low Rise Housing Diversity Code **may** be carried out on the land if the land is within one of the abovementioned zones.

GREENFIELD HOUSING CODE

(The Greenfield Housing Code only applies if the land is within Zones R1, R2, R3, R4 or RU5 under Penrith Local Environmental Plan 2010 or an equivalent zone in a non standard template planning instrument, and if the land is identified as a Greenfield Housing Code Area by the Greenfield Housing Code Area Map.)

Complying development under the Greenfield Housing Code **may** be carried out on the land if the land is within one of the abovementioned zones, and if the land is identified as a Greenfield Housing Code Area by the Greenfield Housing Code Area Map.

HOUSING ALTERATIONS CODE

Complying development under the Housing Alterations Code **may** be carried out on the land.

GENERAL DEVELOPMENT CODE

Complying development under the General Development Code **may** be carried out on the land.

COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL ALTERATIONS CODE

Complying development under the Commercial and Industrial Alterations Code **may** be carried out on the land.

SUBDIVISIONS CODE

Complying development under the Subdivisions Code **may** be carried out on the land.

DEMOLITION CODE

Complying development under the Demolition Code **may** be carried out on the land.

COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL (NEW BUILDINGS AND ADDITIONS) CODE

(The Commercial and Industrial (New Buildings and Additions) Code only applies if the land is within Zones B1, B2, B3, B4, B5, B6, B7, B8, IN1, IN2, IN3, IN4 or SP3 under Penrith Local Environmental Plan 2010 or an equivalent zone in a non standard template planning instrument.)

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Complying development under the Commercial and Industrial (New Buildings and Alterations) Code **may** be carried out on the land if the land is within one of the abovementioned zones.

FIRE SAFETY CODE

Complying development under the Fire Safety Code **may** be carried out on the land.

(NOTE: (1) Council has relied on Planning and Infrastructure Circulars and Fact Sheets in the preparation of this information. Applicants should seek their own legal advice in relation to this matter with particular reference to State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.

(2) Penrith Local Environmental Plan 2010 (if it applies to the land) contains additional complying development not specified in State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.)

4 COASTAL PROTECTION

The land is not affected by the operation of sections 38 or 39 of the Coastal Protection Act 1979, to the extent that council has been so notified by the Department of Public Works.

5 MINE SUBSIDENCE

The land is not proclaimed to be a mine subsidence district within the meaning of section 15 of the Mine Subsidence Compensation Act 1961.

6 ROAD WIDENING AND ROAD REALIGNMENT

The land is not affected by any road widening or road realignment under:

- (a) Division 2 of Part 3 of the Roads Act 1993, or
- (b) an environmental planning instrument, or
- (c) a resolution of council.

7 COUNCIL AND OTHER PUBLIC AUTHORITY POLICIES ON HAZARD RISK RESTRICTIONS

(a) Council Policies

The land is affected by the Asbestos Policy adopted by Council.

The land is not affected by any other policy adopted by the council that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of land slip, bushfire, tidal inundation, subsidence, acid sulphate soils or any other risk (other than flooding).

(b) Other Public Authority Policies

The Bush Fire Co-ordinating Committee has adopted a Bush Fire Risk Management Plan that covers the local government area of Penrith City Council, and includes public, private and Commonwealth lands.

The land is not affected by a policy adopted by any other public authority and notified to the council for the express purpose of its adoption by that authority being referred to in planning certificates issued by the council, that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of land slip, tidal inundation, subsidence, acid sulphate soils or any other risk (other than flooding).

7A FLOOD RELATED DEVELOPMENT CONTROLS INFORMATION

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(1) Development on the land or part of the land (if such development is permissible on the land) is within the flood planning area and subject to flood related development controls.

Note: The land is subject to Penrith Development Control Plan 2014 Section C3.5 Flood Planning. On application and payment of the prescribed fee Council may be able to provide in writing a range of advice in regard to the extent of flooding affecting the property.

8 LAND RESERVED FOR ACQUISITION

No environmental planning instrument or proposed environmental planning instrument referred to in clause 1 makes provision in relation to the acquisition of the land by a public authority, as referred to in section 3.15 of the Act.

9 CONTRIBUTIONS PLANS

The Cultural Facilities Development Contributions Plan applies anywhere residential development is permitted within the City of Penrith.

The Penrith City Local Open Space Development Contributions Plan applies anywhere residential development is permitted within the City of Penrith, excluding industrial areas and the release areas identified in Appendix B of the Plan (Penrith Lakes, Cranebrook, Sydney Regional Environmental Plan No. 30 - St Marys, Waterside, Thornton, the WELL Precinct, Glenmore Park and Erskine Park).

The Penrith City District Open Space Facilities Development Contributions Plan applies anywhere residential development is permitted within the City of Penrith, with the exclusion of industrial lands and the Penrith Lakes development site.

Penrith Citywide Section 7.12 Development Contributions Plan for non-residential development applies to all land in the City of Penrith LGA, with the exception of land within the Lambridge Estate, WELL Precinct and Penrith City Centre that are currently subject to other development contributions plans for non-residential development.

9A BIODIVERSITY CERTIFIED LAND

(Information is provided in this section only if the land is biodiversity certified land under Part 8 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*.)

10 BIODIVERSITY STEWARDSHIP SITES

(Information is provided in this section only if Council has been notified by the Chief Executive of the Office of Environment and Heritage that the land is land to which a biobanking stewardship agreement under Part 5 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016* relates.)

10A NATIVE VEGETATION CLEARING SET ASIDES

(Information is provided in this section only if Council has been notified of the existence of a set aside area by Local Land Services or it is registered in the public register under which section 60ZC of the *Local Land Services Act 2013* relates).

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11 BUSH FIRE PRONE LAND

The land is not identified as bush fire prone land according to Council records.

12 PROPERTY VEGETATION PLANS

(Information is provided in this section only if Council has been notified that the land is land to which a property vegetation plan approved under the *Native Vegetation Act 2003* applies and continues in force.)

13 ORDERS UNDER TREES (DISPUTES BETWEEN NEIGHBOURS) ACT 2006

(Information is provided in this section only if Council has been notified that an order has been made under the Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006 to carry out work in relation to a tree on the land.)

14 DIRECTIONS UNDER PART 3A

(Information is provided in this section only if there is a direction by the Minister in force under section 75P(2)(c1) of the Act (repealed on 1st October 2011) that a provision of an environmental planning instrument prohibiting or restricting the carrying out of a project or a stage of a project on the land under Part 4 of the Act does not have effect.)

15 SITE COMPATIBILITY CERTIFICATES AND CONDITIONS AFFECTING SENIORS HOUSING

(Information is provided in this section only if:

- (a) there is a current site compatibility certificate (seniors housing), of which the council is aware, issued under State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004 in respect of proposed development on the land; and/or
- (b) any terms of a kind referred to in clause 18(2) of State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004 have been imposed as a condition of consent to a development application granted after 11 October 2007 in respect of the land.)

16 SITE COMPATIBILITY CERTIFICATES FOR INFRASTRUCTURE

(Information is provided in this section only if there is a valid site compatibility certificate (infrastructure), of which council is aware, in respect of proposed development on the land.)

17 SITE COMPATIBILITY CERTIFICATES AND CONDITIONS FOR AFFORDABLE RENTAL HOUSING

(Information is provided in this section only if:

- (a) there is a current site compatibility certificate (affordable rental housing), of which the council is aware, in respect of proposed development on the land; and/or
- (b) any terms of a kind referred to in clause 17(1) or 37(1) of State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009 have been imposed as a condition of consent to a development application in respect of the land.)

PLANNING CERTIFICATE UNDER SECTION 10.7

Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979

18 PAPER SUBDIVISION INFORMATION

(Information is provided in this section only if a development plan adopted by a relevant authority applies to the land or is proposed to be subject to a consent ballot, or a subdivision order applies to the land.)

19 SITE VERIFICATION CERTIFICATES

(Information is provided in this section only if there is a current site verification certificate, of which council is aware, in respect of the land.)

NOTE: The following matters are prescribed by section 59(2) of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997 as additional matters to be specified in a planning certificate

(a) (Information is provided in this section only if, as at the date of this certificate, the land (or part of the land) is significantly contaminated land within the meaning of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997.)

(b) (Information is provided in this section only if, as at the date of this certificate, the land is subject to a management order within the meaning of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997.)

(c) (Information is provided in this section only if, as at the date of this certificate, the land is the subject of an approved voluntary management proposal within the meaning of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997.)

(d) (Information is provided in this section only if, at the date of this certificate, the land subject to an ongoing maintenance order within the meaning of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997.)

(e) (Information is provided in this section only if the land is the subject of a site audit statement within the meaning of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997 - a copy of which has been provided to Council.)

Note: Section 10.7(5) information for this property may contain additional information regarding contamination issues.

20 LOOSE FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

(Information is provided in this section only if there is a residential premises listed on the register of residential premises that contain or have contained loose-fill asbestos insulation (as required by Division 1A of Part 8 of the home Building Act 1989))

21 AFFECTED BUILDING NOTICES AND BUILDING PRODUCT RECTIFICATION ORDERS

(Information is provided in this section only if Council is aware of any “affected building notice” and/or a “building product rectification order” in force for the land).

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22 STATE ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING POLICY – WESTERN SYDNEY AEROTROPOLIS 2020

The land may be subject to additional planning considerations under State Environmental Planning Policy (Western Sydney Aerotropolis) 2020):

	Planning Control	Affected?
(a)	Subject to an ANEF or ANEC contour of 20 or greater	No
(b)	Affected by the Lighting Intensity and Wind Shear Map	No
(c)	Affected by the Obstacle Limitation Surface Map	Yes
(d)	Affected by the “public safety area” on the Public Safety Area Map	No
(e)	Within the “3km zone” or the “13km zone” of the Wildlife Buffer Zone Map	Yes

Note: The Environmental Planning and Assessment Amendment Act 2017 commenced operation on the 1 March 2018. As a consequence of this Act the information contained in this certificate needs to be read in conjunction with the provisions of the Environmental Planning and Assessment (Savings, Transitional and Other Provisions) Regulation 2017, and Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000.

Information is provided only to the extent that Council has been notified by the relevant government departments.

Note: This is a certificate under section 10.7 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979 and is only provided in accordance with that section of the Act.

Further information relating to the subject property can be provided under section 10.7(5) of the Act. If such further information is required Council indicates that a full certificate under sections 10.7(2) and 10.7(5) should be applied for. Contact Council for details as to obtaining the additional information.

Warwick Winn
General Manager

per

**Please note:**

Certain amendments to the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 No 203 (Act) commenced on 1 March 2018.

The Environmental Planning and Assessment (Amendment) Act 2017 No 60 makes structural changes to the Act and, as a consequence, the Act has been renumbered in a decimal format. For example, Section 149 Planning Certificates have become Section 10.7 Certificates. Some of the information in this certificate may refer to the previous version of the Act.

Council is committed to updating all relevant documents in a timely manner. This will include planning instruments, applications, approvals, orders, certificates, forms and other associated documents in both printed and electronic versions. Council is required to implement these changes and regrets any inconvenience caused to the local business, industry and the community.

STRATA SCHEMES MANAGEMENT REGULATION 2005

Schedule 1 – Model by-laws for residential schemes

1. Noise

An owner or occupier of a lot must not create any noise on a lot or the common property likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using common property.

2. Vehicles

An owner or occupier of a lot must not park or stand any motor or other vehicle on common property except with prior written approval of the owners corporation.

3. Obstruction of common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not obstruct lawful use of common property by any person except on a temporary and non-recurring basis.

4. Damage to lawns, etc on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation:

- (a) damage any lawn, garden, tree, shrub, plant or flower being part of or situated on common property, or
- (b) use for his or her own purposes as a garden any portion of the common property.

5. Damage to common property

(1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not mark, paint, drive nails or screws or the like into, or otherwise damage or deface, any structure that forms part of the common property except with the prior written approval of the owner's corporation.

(2) An approval given by the owner's corporation under subclause (1) cannot authorise any additions to the common property.

(3) This by-law does not prevent an owner or person authorised by an owner from installing:

- (a) any locking or other safety device for protection of the owner's lot against intruders or to improve safety within the owner's lot, or
- (b) any screen or other device to prevent entry of animals or insects on the lot, or
- (c) any structure or device to prevent harm to children, or
- (d) any device used to affix decorative items to the internal surfaces of walls in the owner's lot.

(4) Any such locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure must be installed in a competent and proper manner and must have an appearance, after it has been installed, in keeping with the appearance of the rest of the building.

(5) Despite section 62 of the Act, the owner of a lot must:

- (a) maintain and keep in a state of good and serviceable repair any installation or structure referred to in subclause (3) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot, and

- (b) repair any damage caused to any part of the common property by the installation or removal of any locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure referred to in subclause (3) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot.

6. Behaviour of owners and occupiers

An owner or occupier of a lot when on common property must be adequately clothed and must not use language or behave in a manner likely to cause offence or embarrassment to the owner or occupier of another lot or to any person lawfully using common property.

7. Children playing on common property in building

An owner or occupier of a lot must not permit any child of whom the owner or occupier has control to play on common property within the building or, unless accompanied by an adult exercising effective control, to be or to remain on common property comprising a laundry, car parking area or other area of possible danger or hazard to children.

8. Behaviour of invitees

An owner or occupier of a lot must take all reasonable steps to ensure that invitees of the owner or occupier do not behave in a manner to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using common property.

9. Depositing rubbish and other material on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit or throw on the common property any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material or discarded item except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.

10. Drying of laundry items

An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation, hang any washing, towel, bedding, clothing or other article on any part of the parcel in such a way as to be visible from outside the building other than on any lines provided by the owners corporation for the purpose and there only for a reasonable period.

11. Cleaning windows, etc

(1) Except in the circumstances referred to in Clause (2), an owner or occupier of a lot is responsible for cleaning all interior and exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors on the boundary of the lot, including so much as is common property.

(2) The owners corporation is responsible for cleaning regularly all exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors that cannot be accessed by the owner or occupier of the lot safely or at all.

12. Storage of inflammable liquids and other substances and materials

(1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation, use or store on the lot or on the common property any inflammable chemical, liquid or gas or other inflammable material.

(2) This by-law does not apply to chemicals, liquids, gases or other material used or intended to be used for domestic purposes, or any chemical, liquid, gas or other material in a fuel tank of a motor vehicle or internal combustion engine.

13. Changes to floor coverings and surfaces

(1) An owner or occupier of a lot must notify the owners corporation at least 21 days before changing any of the floor coverings or surfaces of the lot if the change is likely to result in an increase in noise transmitted from that lot to any other lot. The notice must specify the type of proposed floor covering or surface.

(2) This by-law does not affect any requirement under any law to obtain a consent to, approval for or any other authorization for the changing of the floor covering or surface concerned.

14. Floor Coverings

(1) An owner of a lot must ensure that all floor space within the lot is covered or otherwise treated to an extent sufficient to prevent the transmission from the floor space of noise likely to disturb the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot.

(2) This by-law does not apply to floor space comprising a kitchen, laundry, lavatory or bathroom.

15. Garbage disposal

(1) An owner or occupier of a lot in a strata scheme that does not have shared receptacles for garbage, recyclable material or waste:

- (a) must maintain such receptacles within the lot, or on such part of the common property as may be authorised by the owners corporation, in clean and dry conditions and (except in the case of receptacles for recyclable material) adequately covered, and
- (b) must ensure that before garbage, recyclable material or waste is placed in the receptacles it is, in the case of refuse, securely wrapped or, in the case of tins or other containers, completely drained, or in the case of recyclable material or waste, separated and prepared in accordance with the applicable recycling guidelines, and
- (c) for the purpose of having the garbage, recyclable material or waste collected, must place the receptacles within an area designated for that purpose by the owners corporation and at a time not more than 12 hours before the time at which garbage, recyclable material or waste is normally collected, and
- (d) when the garbage, recyclable material or waste has been collected, must promptly return the receptacles to the lot or other area referred to in paragraph (a)
- (e) must not place anything in the receptacles of the owner or occupier of any other lot except with the permission of that owner or occupier, and
- (f) must promptly remove any thing which the owner, occupier or garbage or recycling collector may have spilled from the receptacles and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled.

(2) An owner or occupier of a lot in a strata scheme that has shared receptacles for garbage, recyclable material or waste:

- (a) must ensure that before garbage, recyclable material or waste is placed in the receptacles it is, in the case of refuse, securely wrapped or, in the case of tins or other containers, completely drained, or, in the case of recyclable material or waste, separated and prepared in accordance with the applicable recycling guidelines, and

- (b) must promptly remove any thing which the owner, occupier or garbage recycling collector may have spilled in the area of the receptacles and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled.

(3) An owner or occupier of a lot must:

- (a) comply with the local council's requirements for the storage, handling and collection of garbage, waste and recyclable material, and
- (b) notify the local council of any loss of, or damage to, receptacles provided by the local council for garbage, waste and recyclable material that are consistent with the local council's requirements.

16. Keeping of Animals

Note Select option A,B or C. If no option is selected, option A will apply.

Option A

- (1) Subject to section 49 (4), an owner or occupier of a lot must not without the prior written approval of the owners corporation, keep any animal (except fish kept in a secure aquarium on the lot) on the lot or the common property.
- (2) The owners corporation must not unreasonably withhold its approval of the keeping of an animal on a lot or the common property.

Option B

- (1) Subject to section 49(4) an owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the prior written approval of the owner's corporation, keep any animal (except a cat, a small dog or a small caged bird, or fish kept in a secure aquarium on the lot) on the lot or the common property.
- (2) The owner's corporation must not unreasonably withhold its approval of the keep of an animal on a lot or the common property.
- (3) If an owner or occupier of a lot keeps a cat, small dog or small caged bird on the lot then the owner or occupier must:
 - (a) notify the owners corporation that the animal is being kept on the lot, and
 - (b) keep the animal within the lot, and
 - (c) carry the animal when it is on the common property, and
 - (d) take such action as may be necessary to clean all areas of the lot or the common property that are soiled by the animal.

Option C

Subject to section 49(4), an owner or occupier of a residential lot must not keep any animal on the lot or the common property.

17. Appearance of lot

- (1) The owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the prior written approval of the owners corporation, maintain within the lot anything visible from outside the lot that, viewed from outside the lot, is not in keeping with the rest of the building.

(2) This by-law does not apply to the hanging of any washing, towel, bedding, clothing or other article as referred to in by-law 10.

18. Change in use of lot to be notified

An occupier of a lot must notify the owners corporation if the occupier changes the existing use of the lot in a way that may affect the insurance premiums for the strata scheme (for example, if the change of use results in a hazardous activity being carried out on the lot, or results in the lot being used for commercial or industrial purposes rather than residential purposes).

19. Provision of amenities or services

(1) The owners corporation may, by special resolution, determine to enter into arrangements for the provision of the following amenities or services to one or more of the lots, or to the owners or occupiers of one or more of the lots:

- (a) window cleaning,
- (b) garbage disposal and recycling services,
- (c) electricity, water or gas supply,
- (d) telecommunication services (for example, cable television).

(2) If the owners corporation makes a resolution referred to subclause (1) to provide an amenity or service to a lot or to the owner or occupier of a lot, it must indicate in the resolution the amount for which, or the conditions on which, it will provide the amenity or service.

Note: Section 111 of the Act provides that an owners corporation may enter into an agreement with an owner or occupier of a lot for the provision of amenities or services by it to the lot or to the owner or occupier.

20. Compliance with planning and other requirements

(1) The owner or occupier of a lot must ensure that the lot is not used for any purpose that is prohibited by law.

(2) The owner or occupier of a lot must ensure that the lot is not occupied by more persons than are allowed by law to occupy the lot.

Standard Form Residential Tenancy Agreement

Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019, Schedule 1, Clause 4(1)

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

Please read this before completing the residential tenancy agreement (the Agreement).

1. This form is your written record of your tenancy agreement. This is a binding contract under the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*, so please read all terms and conditions carefully.
2. If you need advice or information on your rights and responsibilities, please call NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 30 or visit www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au before signing the Agreement.
3. If you require extra space to list additional items and terms, attach a separate sheet. All attachments should be signed and dated by both the landlord or the landlord's agent and the tenant to show that both parties have read and agree to the attachments.
4. The landlord or the landlord's agent must give the tenant a copy of the signed Agreement and any attachments, two copies or one electronic copy of the completed condition report and a copy of NSW Fair Trading's Tenant Information Statement publication.

AGREEMENT

This Agreement is made on 18 / 06 / 2021 at: SOUTH PENRITH NSW BETWEEN

LANDLORD (insert name of Landlord(s) and contact details)

Name/s: Kevin & Julie Rynne

Phone: (02) 4721 1111 Mobile: 0408 413 663 Email: kjrynn@bigpond.net.au

Note. These details must be provided for landlord(s), whether or not there is a landlord's agent.

Address: Shop 9/2 Birmingham Rd South Penrith NSW 2750

Note. These details must be provided for landlord(s) if there is no landlord's agent.

TENANT(S) (insert name of Tenant(s) and contact details)

Name/s: Aodhan Bevan-Loughran and Kirby Malitz

Address: 5/36-38 Stafford Street, Kingswood, NSW 2747

Phone: 0447 445 553 Mobile: 0403 725 171 Email: _____

LANDLORD'S AGENT DETAILS (insert name of Landlord's Agent (if any) and contact details)

Name/s: Southlands Realty Pty Ltd T/as Southlands Estate Agents

Address: Shop 9/2 Birmingham Rd

ACN: _____

South Penrith NSW 2750

ABN: 37 530 693 787

Phone: (02) 4721 1111 Mobile: _____ Email: pm@southlandsea.com.au

Licence No.: 159 3550 Licence Expiry: 03/11/2021

TERM OF AGREEMENT

The term of this Agreement is:

☐ 6 Months ☐ 12 Months ☐ 18 Months ☐ 2 Years ☐ 3 Years ☐ 5 Years

☒ Other (Please specify) 52 weeks

☐ Periodic (no end date)

starting on: 18 / 06 / 2021 and ending on: 16 / 06 / 2022 (cross out if not applicable)

Note. For a residential tenancy agreement having a fixed term of more than 3 years, the agreement must be annexed to the form approved by the Registrar-General for registration under the Real Property Act 1900.

RESIDENTIAL PREMISES *Note: Insert any excluded items in the Other Additional Terms Item on the signature page*The residential premises are: **5/36-38 Stafford Street, Kingswoods NSW 2747**

The residential premises include: (include any inclusions, for example, a parking space, garages or furniture provided. Attach additional pages if necessary.)

RENT/RENT INCREASEThe rent is: **\$470.00** per: **week** payable in advance starting on: **26 / 06 / 2020****Note.** Under section 33 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, a landlord, or landlord's agent, must not require a tenant to pay more than 2 weeks rent in advance under this Agreement.Rent Increase 1: Then from: **1 / 1** pay: per: **week**Rent Increase 2: Then from: **1 / 1** pay: per: **week****Note.** Where the fixed term tenancy is for a term of two years or more the above Rent Increases are not to be completed. See Clause 74.2.The tenant must pay the rent in advance on the **friday** of every **week** (see Clause 4.2)

The method by which the rent must be paid:

(a) to: at:
by cash or Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT), or

(b) into the following account:

Account Name: **Southlands Estate Agents** Bank: **ANZ**BSB: **012429** Account No.: **572023021** Payment Reference: **1063**

or any other account nominated by the landlord; or

(c) as follows: **Money Order / Bank Cheque / Direct Deposit****Note.** The Landlord or Landlord's Agent must permit the Tenant to pay the rent by at least one means for which the Tenant does not incur a cost (other than bank fees or other account fees usually payable for the Tenant's transactions) (see Clause 4.1) and that is reasonably available to the Tenant.**RENTAL BOND** (Cross out if there is not going to be a bond)

A rental bond of \$ must be paid by the Tenant on signing this Agreement. The amount of the rental bond must not be more than 4 weeks rent.

The tenant provided the rental bond amount to:

☐ the landlord or another person, or☐ the landlord's agent, or☒ NSW Fair Trading through Rental Bonds Online.**Note.** All rental bonds must be lodged with NSW Fair Trading. If the bond is paid to the landlord or another person, it must be deposited within 10 working days after it is paid using the Fair Trading approved form. If the bond is paid to the landlord's agent, it must be deposited within 10 working days after the end of the month in which it is paid.**IMPORTANT INFORMATION****MAXIMUM NUMBER OF OCCUPANTS**No more than **2** persons may ordinarily live in the Premises at any one time.

Other people who will ordinarily live at the premises may be listed here: (cross out if not needed)

2 X Children**URGENT REPAIRS**

Nominated tradespeople for urgent repairs:

Electrical Repairs: **Gold Electrical** Phone: **0401 726 678**Plumbing Repairs: **Total Plumbing** Phone: **0403 915 131**

Building Repairs: Phone:

Other Repairs: Phone:

WATER USAGE

Will the Tenant be required to pay separately for water usage? ☒ Yes ☐ No If 'yes', see Clauses 12 and 13

UTILITIES

Is electricity supplied to the premises from an embedded network? ☐ Yes ☒ No

Is gas supplied to the premises from an embedded network? ☐ Yes ☒ No

For more information on consumer rights if electricity or gas is supplied from an embedded network contact NSW Fair Trading.

SMOKE ALARMS

Indicate whether the smoke alarms installed in the residential premises are hardwired or battery operated:

☒ Hardwired smoke alarm ☐ Battery operated smoke alarm

If the smoke alarms are battery operated, are the batteries in the smoke alarms of a kind the tenant can replace? ☒ Yes ☐ No

If yes, specify the type of battery that needs to be used if the battery in the smoke alarm needs to be replaced:

smoke alarm australia

If the smoke alarms are hardwired, are the back-up batteries in the smoke alarms of a kind the tenant can replace? ☒ Yes ☐ No

If yes, specify the type of back-up battery that needs to be used if the back-up battery in the smoke alarm needs to be replaced:

If the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015* applies to the residential premises, is the owners corporation of the strata scheme responsible for the repair and replacement of smoke alarms in the residential premises? ☒ Yes ☐ No

STRATA BY-LAWS

Are there any strata or community scheme by-laws applicable to the residential premises? ☐ Yes ☒ No

If 'yes', see Clauses 38 and 39

GIVING NOTICES AND OTHER DOCUMENTS ELECTRONICALLY [OPTIONAL]

[Cross out if not applicable]

Indicate below for each person whether the person provides express consent to any notice and any other document under section 223 of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* being given or served on them by email. The *Electronic Transactions Act 2000* applies to notices and other documents you send or receive electronically.

[You should only consent to electronic service if you check your emails regularly. If there is more than one tenant on the agreement, all tenants should agree on a single email address for electronic service. This will help ensure co-tenants receive notices and other documents at the same time.]

Landlord

Does the landlord give express consent to the electronic service of notices and documents? ☒ Yes ☐ No If yes, see clause 50.

Email Address: **pm@southlandsea.com.au admin@southlandsea.com.au rentals@southlandsea.com.au**

[Specify email address to be used for the purpose of serving notices and documents.]

Tenant

Does the tenant give express consent to the electronic service of notices and documents? ☒ Yes ☐ No If yes, see clause 50.

Email Address: **aodhan45@hotmail.com jellyricerolls90210@gmail.com**

[Specify email address to be used for the purpose of serving notices and documents.]

CONDITION REPORT

A condition report relating to the condition of the premises must be completed by or on behalf of the Landlord before or when this Agreement is given to the tenant for signing.

If this Agreement is for premises already occupied by the tenant under a previous agreement, the landlord and tenant agree that the condition report prepared for a tenancy agreement entered into by the tenant and dated 1 / 1 applies to this Agreement.

TENANCY LAWS

The *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* and the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019* apply to this Agreement. Both the Landlord and the Tenant must comply with these laws.

STANDARD TERMS OF AGREEMENT

RIGHT TO OCCUPY THE PREMISES

1. The landlord agrees that the tenant has the right to occupy the residential premises during the tenancy. The residential premises include the additional things (if any) noted under "Residential premises".

COPY OF AGREEMENT

2. The landlord agrees to give the tenant:
 - 2.1 a copy of this agreement before or when the tenant gives the signed copy of the agreement to the landlord or landlord's agent, and
 - 2.2 a copy of this agreement signed by both the landlord and the tenant as soon as is reasonably practicable.

RENT

3. The tenant agrees:
 - 3.1 to pay rent on time, and
 - 3.2 to reimburse the landlord for the cost of replacing rent deposit books or rent cards lost by the tenant, and
 - 3.3 to reimburse the landlord for the amount of any fees paid by the landlord to a bank or other authorised deposit-taking institution as a result of funds of the tenant not being available for rent payment on the due date.
4. The landlord agrees:
 - 4.1 to provide the tenant with at least one means to pay rent for which the tenant does not incur a cost (other than bank fees or other account fees usually payable for the tenant's transactions) and that is reasonably available to the tenant, and
 - 4.2 not to require the tenant to pay more than 2 weeks rent in advance or to pay rent for a period of the tenancy before the end of the previous period for which rent has been paid, and
 - 4.3 not to require the tenant to pay rent by a cheque or other negotiable instrument that is post-dated, and
 - 4.4 to accept payment of unpaid rent after the landlord has given a termination notice on the ground of failure to pay rent if the tenant has not vacated the residential premises, and
 - 4.5 not to use rent paid by the tenant for the purpose of any amount payable by the tenant other than rent, and
 - 4.6 to give a rent receipt to the tenant if rent is paid in person (other than by cheque), and
 - 4.7 to make a rent receipt available for collection by the tenant or to post it to the residential premises or to send it by email to an email address specified in this agreement by the tenant for the service of documents of that kind if rent is paid by cheque, and
 - 4.8 to keep a record of rent paid under this agreement and to provide a written statement showing the rent record for a specified period within 7 days of a request by the tenant (unless the landlord has previously provided a statement for the same period).

Note. The landlord and the tenant may, by agreement, change the manner in which rent is payable under this agreement.

RENT INCREASES

5. The landlord and the tenant agree that the rent cannot be increased after the end of the fixed term (if any) of this agreement or under this agreement if the agreement is for a fixed term of 2 years or more, unless the landlord gives not less than 60 days written notice of the increase to the tenant. The notice must specify the increased rent and the day from which it is payable.

Note. Section 42 of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* sets out the circumstances in which rent may be increased during the fixed term of a residential tenancy agreement. An additional term for this purpose may be included in the agreement.

6. The landlord and the tenant agree that the rent may not be increased after the end of the fixed term (if any) of this agreement more than once in any 12-month period.

7. The landlord and the tenant agree:

- 7.1 that the increased rent is payable from the day specified in the notice, and
- 7.2 that the landlord may cancel or reduce the rent increase by a later notice that takes effect on the same day as the original notice, and
- 7.3 that increased rent under this agreement is not payable unless the rent is increased in accordance with this agreement and the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* or by the Civil and Administrative Tribunal.

RENT REDUCTIONS

8. The landlord and the tenant agree that the rent abates if the residential premises:
 - 8.1 are destroyed, or become wholly or partly uninhabitable, otherwise than as a result of a breach of this agreement, or
 - 8.2 cease to be lawfully usable as a residence, or
 - 8.3 are compulsorily appropriated or acquired by an authority.
9. The landlord and the tenant may, at any time during this agreement, agree to reduce the rent payable.

PAYMENT OF COUNCIL RATES, LAND TAX, WATER AND OTHER CHARGES

10. The landlord agrees to pay:
 - 10.1 rates, taxes or charges payable under any Act (other than charges payable by the tenant under this agreement), and
 - 10.2 the installation costs and charges for initial connection to the residential premises of an electricity, water, gas, bottled gas or oil supply service, and
 - 10.3 all charges for the supply of electricity, non-bottled gas or oil to the tenant at the residential premises that are not separately metered, and

Note 1. Clause 10.3 does not apply to premises located in an embedded network in certain circumstances in accordance with clauses 34 and 35 of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019*.

Note 2. Clause 10.3 does not apply to social housing tenancy agreements in certain circumstances, in accordance with clause 36 of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019*.

- 10.4 the costs and charges for the supply or hire of gas bottles for the supply of bottled gas at the commencement of the tenancy, and
- 10.5 all charges (other than water usage charges) in connection with a water supply service to separately metered residential premises, and
- 10.6 all charges in connection with a water supply service to residential premises that are not separately metered, and
- 10.7 all charges for the supply of sewerage services (other than for pump out septic services) or the supply or use of drainage services to the residential premises, and
- 10.8 all service availability charges, however described, for the supply of non-bottled gas to the residential premises if the premises are separately metered but do not have any appliances, supplied by the landlord, for which gas is required and the tenant does not use gas supplied to the premises, and
- 10.9 the costs and charges for repair, maintenance or other work carried out on the residential premises which is required to facilitate the proper installation or replacement of an electricity meter, in working order, including an advanced meter, if the meter installation is required by the retailer to replace an existing meter because the meter is faulty, testing indicates the meter may become faulty or the meter has reached the end of its life.

11. The tenant agrees to pay:

- 11.1 all charges for the supply of electricity or oil to the tenant at the residential premises if the premises are separately metered, and
- 11.2 all charges for the supply of non-bottled gas to the tenant at the residential premises if the premises are separately metered, unless the premises do not have any appliances supplied by the landlord for which gas is required and the tenant does not use gas supplied to the premises, and

Note. Charges for the supply of gas in certain circumstances may also be payable by a tenant under a social housing agreement in accordance with clause 36 of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019*.

- 11.3 all charges for the supply of bottled gas to the tenant at the residential premises except for the costs and charges for the supply or hire of gas bottles at the start of the tenancy, and
- 11.4 all charges for pumping out a septic system used for the residential premises, and
- 11.5 any excess garbage charges relating to the tenant's use of the residential premises, and
- 11.6 water usage charges, if the landlord has installed water efficiency measures referred to in clause 10 of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019* and the residential premises:
- 11.6.1 are separately metered, or
- 11.6.2 are not connected to a water supply service and water is delivered by vehicle.

Note. *Separately metered* is defined in the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*.

- 12. The landlord agrees** that the tenant is not required to pay water usage charges unless:
- 12.1 the landlord gives the tenant a copy of the part of the water supply authority's bill setting out the charges, or other evidence of the cost of water used by the tenant, and
- 12.2 the landlord gives the tenant at least 21 days to pay the charges, and
- 12.3 the landlord requests payment of the charges by the tenant not later than 3 months after the issue of the bill for the charges by the water supply authority, and
- 12.4 the residential premises have the following water efficiency measures:
- 12.4.1 all internal cold water taps and single mixer taps for kitchen sinks or bathroom hand basins on the premises have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres a minute,
- 12.4.2 on and from 23 March 2025, all toilets are dual flush toilets that have a minimum 3 star rating in accordance with the WELS scheme,
- 12.4.3 all showerheads have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres a minute,
- 12.4.4 at the commencement of the residential tenancy agreement and whenever any other water efficiency measures are installed, repaired or upgraded, the premises are checked and any leaking taps or toilets on the premises have been fixed.
- 13. The landlord agrees** to give the tenant the benefit of, or an amount equivalent to, any rebate received by the landlord for water usage charges payable or paid by the tenant.

POSSESSION OF THE PREMISES

14. The landlord agrees:

- 14.1 to make sure the residential premises are vacant so the tenant can move in on the date agreed, and
- 14.2 to take all reasonable steps to ensure that, at the time of signing this agreement, there is no legal reason why the premises cannot be used as a residence for the term of this agreement.

TENANT'S RIGHT TO QUIET ENJOYMENT

15. The landlord agrees:

- 15.1 that the tenant will have quiet enjoyment of the residential premises without interruption by the landlord or any person claiming by, through or under the landlord or having superior title to that of the landlord (such as a head landlord), and
- 15.2 that the landlord or the landlord's agent will not interfere with, or cause or permit any interference with, the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of the tenant in using the residential premises, and
- 15.3 that the landlord or the landlord's agent will take all reasonable steps to ensure that the landlord's other neighbouring tenants do not interfere with the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of the tenant in using the residential premises.

USE OF THE PREMISES BY TENANT

16. The tenant agrees:

- 16.1 not to use the residential premises, or cause or permit the premises to be used, for any illegal purpose, and
- 16.2 not to cause or permit a nuisance, and
- 16.3 not to interfere, or cause or permit interference, with the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of neighbours, and
- 16.4 not to intentionally or negligently cause or permit any damage to the residential premises, and
- 16.5 not to cause or permit more people to reside in the residential premises than is permitted by this agreement.
- 17. The tenant agrees:**
- 17.1 to keep the residential premises reasonably clean, and
- 17.2 to notify the landlord as soon as practicable of any damage to the residential premises, and
- 17.3 that the tenant is responsible to the landlord for any act or omission by a person who is lawfully on the residential premises if the person is only permitted on the premises with the tenant's consent and the act or omission would be in breach of this agreement if done or omitted by the tenant, and
- 17.4 that it is the tenant's responsibility to replace light globes on the residential premises.

- 18. The tenant agrees, when this agreement ends and before giving vacant possession of the premises to the landlord:**
- 18.1 to remove all the tenant's goods from the residential premises, and
- 18.2 to leave the residential premises as nearly as possible in the same condition, fair wear and tear excepted, as at the commencement of the tenancy, and
- 18.3 to leave the residential premises reasonably clean, having regard to their condition at the commencement of the tenancy, and
- 18.4 to remove or arrange for the removal of all rubbish from the residential premises in a way that is lawful and in accordance with council requirements, and
- 18.5 to make sure that all light fittings on the premises have working globes, and
- 18.6 to return to the landlord all keys, and other opening devices or similar devices, provided by the landlord.

Note. Under section 54 of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*, the vicarious liability of a tenant for damage to residential premises caused by another person is not imposed on a tenant who is the victim of a domestic violence offence, or a co-tenant who is not a relevant domestic violence offender, if the damage occurred during the commission of a domestic violence offence (within the meaning of that Act).

LANDLORD'S GENERAL OBLIGATIONS FOR RESIDENTIAL PREMISES

19. The landlord agrees:

- 19.1 to make sure that the residential premises are reasonably clean and fit to live in, and

Note 1. Section 52 of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* specifies the minimum requirements that must be met for residential premises to be fit to live in. These include that the residential premises:

- (a) are structurally sound, and
- (b) have adequate natural light or artificial lighting in each room of the premises other than a room that is intended to be used only for the purposes of storage or a garage, and
- (c) have adequate ventilation, and
- (d) are supplied with electricity or gas and have an adequate number of electricity outlet sockets or gas outlet sockets for the supply of lighting and heating to, and use of appliances in, the premises, and
- (e) have adequate plumbing and drainage, and
- (f) are connected to a water supply service or infrastructure that supplies water (including, but not limited to, a water bore or water tank) that is able to supply to the premises hot and cold water for drinking and ablution and cleaning activities, and
- (g) contain bathroom facilities, including toilet and washing facilities, that allow privacy for the user.

Note 2. Premises are structurally sound only if the floors, ceilings, walls, supporting structures (including foundations), doors, windows, roof, stairs, balconies, balustrades and railings:

- (a) are in a reasonable state of repair, and
 - (b) with respect to the floors, ceilings, walls and supporting structures are not subject to significant dampness, and
 - (c) with respect to the roof, ceilings and windows do not allow water penetration into the premises, and
 - (d) are not liable to collapse because they are rotted or otherwise defective.
- 19.2 to make sure that all light fittings on the residential premises have working light globes on the commencement of the tenancy, and
- 19.3 to keep the residential premises in a reasonable state of repair, considering the age of, the rent paid for and the prospective life of the premises, and
- 19.4 not to interfere with the supply of gas, electricity, water, telecommunications or other services to the residential premises (unless the interference is necessary to avoid danger to any person or enable maintenance or repairs to be carried out), and
- 19.5 not to hinder a tradesperson's entry to the residential premises when the tradesperson is carrying out maintenance or repairs necessary to avoid health or safety risks to any person, or to avoid a risk that the supply of gas, electricity, water, telecommunications or other services to the residential premises may be disconnected, and
- 19.6 to comply with all statutory obligations relating to the health or safety of the residential premises, and
- 19.7 that a tenant who is the victim of a domestic violence offence or a co-tenant who is under the same agreement as the victim of the domestic violence offence but is not a relevant domestic violence offender is not responsible to the landlord for any act or omission by a co-tenant that is a breach of this agreement if the act or omission constitutes or resulted in damage to the premises and occurred during the commission of a domestic violence offence.

URGENT REPAIRS

20. **The landlord agrees** to pay the tenant, within 14 days after receiving written notice from the tenant, any reasonable costs (not exceeding \$1,000) that the tenant has incurred for making urgent repairs to the residential premises (of the type set out below) so long as:
- 20.1 the damage was not caused as a result of a breach of this agreement by the tenant, and
- 20.2 the tenant gives or makes a reasonable attempt to give the landlord notice of the damage, and
- 20.3 the tenant gives the landlord a reasonable opportunity to make the repairs, and

- 20.4 the tenant makes a reasonable attempt to have any appropriate tradesperson named in this agreement make the repairs, and
- 20.5 the repairs are carried out, where appropriate, by licensed or properly qualified persons, and
- 20.6 the tenant, as soon as possible, gives or tries to give the landlord written details of the repairs, including the cost and the receipts for anything the tenant pays for.

Note. The type of repairs that are **urgent repairs** are defined in the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* and are defined as follows-

- (a) a burst water service,
- (b) an appliance, fitting or fixture that uses water or is used to supply water that is broken or not functioning properly, so that a substantial amount of water is being wasted,
- (c) a blocked or broken lavatory system,
- (d) a serious roof leak,
- (e) a gas leak,
- (f) a dangerous electrical fault,
- (g) flooding or serious flood damage,
- (h) serious storm or fire damage,
- (i) a failure or breakdown of the gas, electricity or water supply to the premises,
- (j) a failure or breakdown of any essential service on the residential premises for hot water, cooking, heating, cooling or laundering,
- (k) any fault or damage that causes the premises to be unsafe or insecure.

SALE OF THE PREMISES

21. **The landlord agrees:**
- 21.1 to give the tenant written notice that the landlord intends to sell the residential premises, at least 14 days before the premises are made available for inspection by potential purchasers, and
- 21.2 to make all reasonable efforts to agree with the tenant as to the days and times when the residential premises are to be available for inspection by potential purchasers.
22. **The tenant agrees** not to unreasonably refuse to agree to days and times when the residential premises are to be available for inspection by potential purchasers.
23. **The landlord and the tenant agree:**
- 23.1 that the tenant is not required to agree to the residential premises being available for inspection more than twice in a period of a week, and
- 23.2 that, if they fail to agree, the landlord may show the residential premises to potential purchasers not more than twice in any period of a week and must give the tenant at least 48 hours notice each time.

LANDLORD'S ACCESS TO THE PREMISES

24. **The landlord agrees** that the landlord, the landlord's agent or any person authorised in writing by the landlord, during the currency of this agreement, may only enter the residential premises in the following circumstances:
- 24.1 in an emergency (including entry for the purpose of carrying out urgent repairs),
- 24.2 if the Civil and Administrative Tribunal so orders,
- 24.3 if there is good reason for the landlord to believe the premises are abandoned,
- 24.4 if there is good reason for serious concern about the health of the tenant or any other person on the residential premises and a reasonable attempt has been made to obtain consent to the entry,
- 24.5 to inspect the premises, if the tenant is given at least 7 days written notice (no more than 4 inspections are allowed in any period of 12 months),
- 24.6 to carry out, or assess the need for, necessary repairs, if the tenant is given at least 2 days notice each time,

- 24.7 to carry out, or assess the need for, work relating to statutory health and safety obligations relating to the residential premises, if the tenant is given at least 2 days notice each time,
- 24.8 to show the premises to prospective tenants on a reasonable number of occasions if the tenant is given reasonable notice on each occasion (this is only allowed during the last 14 days of the agreement),
- 24.9 to value the property, if the tenant is given 7 days notice (not more than one valuation is allowed in any period of 12 months),
- 24.10 to take photographs, or make visual recordings, of the inside of the premises in order to advertise the premises for sale or lease, if the tenant is given reasonable notice and reasonable opportunity to move any of their possessions that can reasonably be moved out of the frame of the photograph or the scope of the recording (this is only allowed once in a 28 day period before marketing of the premises starts for sale or lease or the termination of this agreement),
- 24.11 if the tenant agrees.
25. **The landlord agrees** that a person who enters the residential premises under clause 24.5, 24.6, 24.7, 24.8, 24.9 or 24.10 of this agreement:
- 25.1 must not enter the premises on a Sunday or a public holiday, unless the tenant agrees, and
- 25.2 may enter the premises only between the hours of 8.00 a.m. and 8.00 p.m., unless the tenant agrees to another time, and
- 25.3 must not stay on the residential premises longer than is necessary to achieve the purpose of the entry to the premises, and
- 25.4 must, if practicable, notify the tenant of the proposed day and time of entry.
26. **The landlord agrees** that, except in an emergency (including to carry out urgent repairs), a person other than the landlord or the landlord's agent must produce to the tenant the landlord's or the landlord's agent's written permission to enter the residential premises.
27. **The tenant agrees** to give access to the residential premises to the landlord, the landlord's agent or any person, if they are exercising a right to enter the residential premises in accordance with this agreement.

PUBLISHING PHOTOGRAPHS OR VISUAL RECORDINGS

28. **The landlord agrees** that the landlord or the landlord's agent must not publish any photographs taken or visual recordings made of the inside of the residential premises in which the tenant's possessions are visible unless they first obtain written consent from the tenant.

Note. See section 55A of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* for when a photograph or visual recording is published.

29. **The tenant agrees** not to unreasonably withhold consent. If the tenant is in circumstances of domestic violence, within the meaning of section 105B of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*, it is not unreasonable for the tenant to withhold consent.

FIXTURES, ALTERATIONS, ADDITIONS OR RENOVATIONS TO THE PREMISES

30. **The tenant agrees:**
- 30.1 not to install any fixture or renovate, alter or add to the residential premises without the landlord's written permission, and
- 30.2 that certain kinds of fixtures or alterations, additions or renovations that are of a minor nature specified by clause 22(2) of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019* may only be carried out by a person appropriately qualified to carry out those alterations unless the landlord gives consent, and

- 30.3 to pay the cost of a fixture, installed by or on behalf of the tenant, or any renovation, alteration or addition to the residential premises, unless the landlord otherwise agrees, and
- 30.4 not to remove, without the landlord's permission, any fixture attached by the tenant that was paid for by the landlord or for which the landlord gave the tenant a benefit equivalent to the cost of the fixture, and
- 30.5 to notify the landlord of any damage caused by removing any fixture attached by the tenant, and
- 30.6 to repair any damage caused by removing the fixture or compensate the landlord for the reasonable cost of repair.
31. **The landlord agrees** not to unreasonably withhold consent to a fixture, or to an alteration, addition or renovation that is of a minor nature.

Note. The *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019* provides a list of the kinds of fixtures or alterations, additions or renovations of a minor nature to which it would be unreasonable for a landlord to withhold consent and which of those fixtures, or alterations, additions or renovations the landlord may give consent to on the condition that the fixture or alteration, addition or renovation is carried out by an appropriately qualified person.

LOCKS AND SECURITY DEVICES

32. **The landlord agrees:**
- 32.1 to provide and maintain locks or other security devices necessary to keep the residential premises reasonably secure, and
- 32.2 to give each tenant under this agreement a copy of the key or opening device or information to open any lock or security device for the residential premises or common property to which the tenant is entitled to have access, and
- 32.3 not to charge the tenant for the cost of providing the copies except to recover the cost of replacement or additional copies, and
- 32.4 not to alter, remove or add any lock or other security device without reasonable excuse (which includes an emergency, an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal, termination of a co-tenancy or an apprehended violence order prohibiting a tenant or occupant from having access) or unless the tenant agrees, and
- 32.5 to give each tenant under this agreement a copy of any key or other opening device or information to open any lock or security device that the landlord changes as soon as practicable (and no later than 7 days) after the change.
33. **The tenant agrees:**
- 33.1 not to alter, remove or add any lock or other security device without reasonable excuse (which includes an emergency, an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal, termination of a co-tenancy or an apprehended violence order prohibiting a tenant or occupant from having access) or unless the landlord agrees, and
- 33.2 to give the landlord a copy of the key or opening device or information to open any lock or security device that the tenant changes within 7 days of the change.
34. A copy of a changed key or other opening device need not be given to the other party if the other party agrees not to be given a copy or the Civil and Administrative Tribunal authorises a copy not to be given or the other party is prohibited from access to the residential premises by an apprehended violence order.

TRANSFER OF TENANCY OR SUB-LETTING BY TENANT

35. **The landlord and the tenant agree** that:
- 35.1 the tenant may, with the landlord's written permission, transfer the tenant's tenancy under this agreement or sub-let the residential premises, and
- 35.2 the landlord may refuse permission (whether or not it is reasonable to do so) to the transfer of the whole of the tenancy or sub-letting the whole of the residential premises, and

- 35.3 the landlord must not unreasonably refuse permission to a transfer of part of a tenancy or a sub-letting of part of the residential premises, and
- 35.4 without limiting clause 35.3, the landlord may refuse permission to a transfer of part of the tenancy or to sub-letting part of the residential premises if the number of occupants would be more than is permitted under this agreement or any proposed tenant or sub-tenant is listed on a residential tenancy database or it would result in overcrowding of the residential premises.

Note. Clauses 35.3 and 35.4 do not apply to social housing tenancy agreements.

36. The landlord agrees not to charge for giving permission other than for the landlord's reasonable expenses in giving permission.

CHANGE IN DETAILS OF LANDLORD OR LANDLORD'S AGENT

37. The landlord agrees:
- 37.1 if the name and telephone number or contact details of the landlord change, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and
- 37.2 if the address of the landlord changes (and the landlord does not have an agent), to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and
- 37.3 if the name, telephone number or business address of the landlord's agent changes or the landlord appoints an agent, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change or the agent's name, telephone number and business address, as appropriate, within 14 days, and
- 37.4 if the landlord or landlord's agent is a corporation and the name or business address of the corporation changes, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days.

COPY OF CERTAIN BY-LAWS TO BE PROVIDED

[Cross out if not applicable]

- ~~38. The landlord agrees to give to the tenant, before the tenant enters into this agreement, a copy of the by-laws applying to the residential premises if they are premises under the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015.~~
- ~~39. The landlord agrees to give to the tenant, within 7 days of entering into this agreement, a copy of the by-laws applying to the residential premises if they are premises under the Strata Schemes Development Act 2015, the Community Land Development Act 1989 or the Community Land Management Act 1989.~~

MITIGATION OF LOSS

40. The rules of law relating to mitigation of loss or damage on breach of a contract apply to a breach of this agreement. (For example, if the tenant breaches this agreement, the landlord will not be able to claim damages for loss which could have been avoided by reasonable effort by the landlord.)

RENTAL BOND

[Cross out this clause if no rental bond is payable]

41. The landlord agrees that, where the landlord or the landlord's agent applies to the Rental Bond Board or the Civil and Administrative Tribunal for payment of the whole or part of the rental bond to the landlord, the landlord or the landlord's agent will provide the tenant with:
- 41.1 details of the amount claimed, and
- 41.2 copies of any quotations, accounts and receipts that are relevant to the claim, and
- 41.3 a copy of a completed condition report about the residential premises at the end of the residential tenancy agreement.

SMOKE ALARMS

42. The landlord agrees to:
- 42.1 ensure that smoke alarms are installed in accordance with the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* if that Act requires them to be installed in the premises and are functioning in accordance with the regulations under that Act, and
- 42.2 conduct an annual check of all smoke alarms installed on the residential premises to ensure that the smoke alarms are functioning, and
- 42.3 install or replace, or engage a person to install or replace, all removable batteries in all smoke alarms installed on the residential premises annually, except for smoke alarms that have a removable lithium battery, and
- 42.4 install or replace, or engage a person to install or replace, a removable lithium battery in a smoke alarm in the period specified by the manufacturer of the smoke alarm, and
- 42.5 engage an authorised electrician to repair or replace a hardwired smoke alarm, and
- 42.6 repair or replace a smoke alarm within 2 business days of becoming aware that the smoke alarm is not working unless the tenant notifies the landlord that the tenant will carry out the repair to the smoke alarm and the tenant carries out the repair, and
- 42.7 reimburse the tenant for the costs of a repair or replacement of a smoke alarm in accordance with clause 18 of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019*, that the tenant is allowed to carry out.

Note 1. Under section 64A of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*, repairs to a smoke alarm includes maintenance of a smoke alarm in working order by installing or replacing a battery in the smoke alarm.

Note 2. Clauses 42.2-42.7 do not apply to a landlord of premises that comprise or include a lot in a strata scheme (within the meaning of the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015*) if the owners corporation is responsible for the repair and replacement of smoke alarms in the residential premises.

Note 3. A tenant who intends to carry out a repair to a smoke alarm may do so only in the circumstances prescribed for a tenant in clause 15 of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019*.

43. The tenant agrees:
- 43.1 to notify the landlord if a repair or a replacement of a smoke alarm is required, including replacing a battery in the smoke alarm, and
- 43.2 that the tenant may only replace a battery in a battery-operated smoke alarm, or a back-up battery in a hardwired smoke alarm, if the smoke alarm has a removable battery or a removable back-up battery, and
- 43.3 to give the landlord written notice, as soon as practicable if the tenant will carry out and has carried out a repair or replacement, or engages a person to carry out a repair or replacement, in accordance with clauses 15-17 of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019*.

Note. Clauses 43.2 and 43.3 do not apply to tenants under social housing tenancy agreements or tenants of premises that comprise or include a lot in a strata scheme (within the meaning of the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015*) if the owners corporation is responsible for the repair and replacement of smoke alarms in the residential premises.

44. The landlord and the tenant each agree not to remove or interfere with the operation of a smoke alarm installed on the residential premises unless they have a reasonable excuse to do so.

Note. The regulations made under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* provide that it is an offence to remove or interfere with the operation of a smoke alarm or a heat alarm in particular circumstances.

SWIMMING POOLS

[Cross out this clause if there is no swimming pool]

45. The landlord agrees to ensure that the requirements of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 have been complied with in respect of the swimming pool on the residential premises:

[Cross out the following clause if there is no swimming pool or the swimming pool is situated on land in a strata scheme (within the meaning of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015) or in a community scheme (within the meaning of the Community Land Development Act 1989) and that strata or community scheme comprises more than 2 lots]

46. The landlord agrees to ensure that at the time that this residential tenancy agreement is entered into:

46.1 the swimming pool on the residential premises is registered under the Swimming Pools Act 1992 and has a valid certificate of compliance under that Act or a relevant occupation certificate within the meaning of that Act, and

46.2 a copy of that valid certificate of compliance or relevant occupation certificate is provided to the tenant;

Note. A swimming pool certificate of compliance is valid for 3 years from its date of issue.

LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

47. The landlord agrees:

47.1 if, at the time that this residential tenancy agreement is entered into, the premises have been and remain listed on the LFAI Register, the tenant has been advised in writing by the landlord that the premises are listed on that Register, or

47.2 if, during the tenancy, the premises become listed on the LFAI Register, to advise the tenant in writing, within 14 days of the premises being listed on the Register, that the premises are listed on the Register.

COMBUSTIBLE CLADDING

48. The landlord agrees that if, during the tenancy, the landlord becomes aware of any of the following facts, the landlord will advise the tenant in writing within 14 days of becoming aware of the fact:

48.1 that the residential premises are part of a building in relation to which a notice of intention to issue a fire safety order, or a fire safety order, has been issued requiring rectification of the building regarding external combustible cladding,

48.2 that the residential premises are part of a building in relation to which a notice of intention to issue a building product rectification order, or a building product rectification order, has been issued requiring rectification of the building regarding external combustible cladding,

48.3 that the residential premises are part of a building where a development application or complying development certificate application has been lodged for rectification of the building regarding external combustible cladding.

SIGNIFICANT HEALTH OR SAFETY RISKS

49. The landlord agrees that if, during the tenancy, the landlord becomes aware that the premises are subject to a significant health or safety risk, the landlord will advise the tenant in writing, within 14 days of becoming aware, that the premises are subject to the significant health or safety risk and the nature of the risk.

ELECTRONIC SERVICE OF NOTICES AND OTHER DOCUMENTS

50. The landlord and the tenant agree:

50.1 to only serve any notices and any other documents, authorised or required by the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or the regulations or this agreement, on the other party by email if the other party has provided express consent, either as part of this agreement or otherwise, that a specified email address is to be used for the purpose of serving notices and other documents, and

50.2 to notify the other party in writing within 7 days if the email address specified for electronic service of notices and other documents changes, and

50.3 that they may withdraw their consent to the electronic service of notices and other documents at any time, by notifying the other party in writing, and

50.4 if a notice is given withdrawing consent to electronic service of notices and other documents, following the giving of such notice, no further notices or other documents are to be served by email.

BREAK FEE FOR FIXED TERM OF NOT MORE THAN 3 YEARS

51. The tenant agrees that, if the tenant ends the residential tenancy agreement before the end of the fixed term of the agreement, the tenant must pay a break fee of the following amount if the fixed term is not more than 3 years:

51.1 4 weeks rent if less than 25% of the fixed term has expired,

51.2 3 weeks rent if 25% or more but less than 50% of the fixed term has expired,

51.3 2 weeks rent if 50% or more but less than 75% of the fixed term has expired,

51.4 1 week's rent if 75% or more of the fixed term has expired.

This clause does not apply if the tenant terminates a fixed term residential tenancy agreement for a fixed term of more than 3 years or if the tenant terminates a residential tenancy agreement early for a reason that is permitted under the Residential Tenancies Act 2010.

Note. Permitted reasons for early termination include destruction of residential premises, breach of the agreement by the landlord and an offer of social housing or a place in an aged care facility, and being in circumstances of domestic violence. Section 107 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 regulates the rights of the landlord and tenant under this clause.

52. The landlord agrees that the compensation payable by the tenant for ending the residential tenancy agreement before the end of the fixed term of not more than 3 years is limited to the amount specified in clause 51 and any occupation fee payable under the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 for goods left on the residential premises.

Note. Section 107 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 also regulates the rights of landlords and tenants for a residential tenancy agreement with a fixed term of more than 3 years.

ADDITIONAL TERMS

[Additional terms may be included in this agreement if:

- (a) both the landlord and the tenant agree to the terms, and
- (b) they do not conflict with the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 or any other Act, and
- (c) they do not conflict with the standard terms of this agreement.

ANY ADDITIONAL TERMS ARE NOT REQUIRED BY LAW AND ARE NEGOTIABLE.]

ADDITIONAL TERM - PETS

[Cross out this clause if not applicable]

53. The landlord agrees that the tenant may keep the following animal on the residential premises (specify the breed, size etc):

54. The tenant agrees:

54.1 to supervise and keep the animal within the premises, and

54.2 to ensure that the animal does not cause a nuisance, or breach the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of neighbours, and

54.3 to ensure that the animal is registered and micro-chipped if required under law, and

- 54.4 to comply with any council requirements.
55. The tenant agrees to have the carpet professionally cleaned or to pay the cost of having the carpet professionally cleaned at the end of the tenancy if cleaning is required because an animal has been kept on the residential premises during the tenancy.
- 56.1 The tenant agrees:
- (a) to have the residential premises fumigated, at the tenant's own expense, if the fumigation is required because animals have been kept on the residential premises during the tenancy.
 - (b) where there is any damage to the residential premises as a result of animals having been kept on the residential premises, to repair such damage at the tenant's own expense.
 - (c) to indemnify the landlord in respect of any damage to property or claims made as a result of damage to any person or property caused or arising from animals having been kept on the residential premises during the tenancy.
 - (d) when requested, to provide written evidence of compliance with Clauses 55, 56.1(a) and 56.1(b) to the landlord/landlord's agent.
- 56.2 The tenant agrees not to keep animals on the residential premises without obtaining the landlord's consent, as may be provided in the space allowed in clause 53 or otherwise and where such consent is provided, the provisions of clauses 53, 54, 55 and 56.1 will apply to all animals kept on the premises.

ADDITIONAL TERM - CONDITION REPORT

57. Where the landlord has in compliance with the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* provided the tenant with the signed condition report and the tenant has not returned the condition report within 7 days after taking possession of the residential premises the tenant will be deemed to have accepted the condition report.
- 57.1 The condition report will form part of and be included in this agreement.

ADDITIONAL TERM - INSPECTIONS

- 58.1 The tenant will permit the landlord/landlord's agent, on entering the residential premises in accordance with Clause 24.5 (inspect the premises) of the Standard Terms, to record the condition of the residential premises by taking photos and/or videos. The photos or videos will be used to compare with any photos or videos taken in the preparation of the condition report provided to the tenant at the start of the tenancy. Such comparison is to assist in identifying any damage or defects that may arise during the tenancy. Photos or videos may not be used for advertising or any other purpose and copies will be provided to the tenant on request at no charge. Should the landlord/landlord's agent require photos or videos of the residential premises for any purpose other than as outlined above the landlord/landlord's agent must obtain the tenant's written authorisation.
- 58.2 Reasonable care will be taken to avoid including details of the tenant's personal property and effects in such photos or videos.

ADDITIONAL TERM - CARE OF PREMISES

59. The tenant agrees, in addition to the requirements of Clauses 16, 17 and 18 of this agreement:
- 59.1 to place all household rubbish suitably bagged and wrapped in the bin provided by the local authority and to put the bin out for collection on the designated day for collection and to remove the bin to the premises as soon as practicable after it has been emptied and return it to its allotted place. Where bins are lost or stolen it is the tenant's responsibility to replace the bins at the tenant's cost.

- 59.2 not to use any sink, basin, toilet, drain or like facility in or connected to the premises for other than their intended use or do anything that might damage or block the plumbing drainage or sewerage system on the premises.
- 59.3 not to hang washing or other articles outside anywhere but the areas designated for this purpose.
- 59.4 to maintain all garden areas including watering trees and other plants, to mow the lawn and remove garden rubbish (including pet waste) from the garden and lawn areas.
- 59.5 keep the premises free of rodents, cockroaches and other vermin and to notify the landlord promptly of any vermin or pest infestation which, should the presence of such vermin or infestation have arisen due to act or neglect on the part of the tenant, shall be the tenant's responsibility to remedy.
- 59.6 where a product, fixture or fitting provided with the premises has a warning label or safety instructions attached the tenant is not to deface, damage or remove such label.
- 59.7 to properly look after and not alter or remove any landlord's property including fixtures, furniture, electrical and other appliance and equipment let with the premises and only to operate appliances or equipment in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions or landlord's directions.
- 59.8 not to affix any television antenna to the premises.
- 59.9 not to maliciously or negligently damage the premises or any part of the premises.
- 59.10 to replace cracked and/or broken glass where such breakage has arisen as a result of malicious damage or other action on the part of the tenant or it's guest/s.
- 59.11 to replace any light bulbs and fluorescent tubes that have blown during the term of the tenancy.
- 59.12 to take all reasonable steps to prevent the occurrence of mould or dampness in or about the premises and will advise the landlord promptly of the occurrence of mould and dampness at the premises.
- 59.13 to notify the landlord of any infectious disease at the premises.

ADDITIONAL TERM - SWIMMING POOL SAFETY AND MAINTENANCE

If Clause 45 is deleted this clause is not applicable.

60. ~~Swimming Pool Safety and Maintenance~~

60.1 ~~At the commencement of the tenancy, the landlord will:~~

- ~~(a) handover the pool in a condition that is safe for use~~
- ~~(b) provide to the tenant a copy of the pool compliance certificate together with all relevant documentation and instructions on the use and maintenance of the swimming pool.~~

60.2 ~~During the term of the tenancy:~~

- ~~(a) the tenant must comply with all safety requirements of the *Swimming Pools Act 1992* in particular ensure:~~
 - ~~(1) child restraint barriers are in place and properly maintained;~~
 - ~~(2) access gates and doors are securely closed at all times;~~
 - ~~(3) at all times to maintain and not interfere with; move or obscure in any way warning notices and resuscitation signs in the immediate vicinity of the swimming pool;~~
 - ~~(4) at all times, there are no climbable objects near the child restraint barriers that would allow children to access the swimming pool.~~
- ~~(b) where a child restraint barrier, warning sign or resuscitation sign is damaged and becomes ineffective the tenant must advise the landlord or the agent immediately.~~

- (c) the tenant is responsible for general maintenance including:
- (1) regular cleaning of filter baskets
 - (2) maintaining required water levels
 - (3) removing vegetation and other rubbish from the pool
 - (4) maintaining the pool water condition
 - (5) regular pool services
 - (6) payment of costs for all required pool chemicals
 - (7) advising the landlord or the agent immediately of any pool related problem.

60.3 Immediately prior to the end of the term of the tenancy the tenant will provide to the landlord or the agent:

- (a) opportunity to inspect the pool; and/or
- (b) a pool condition report completed by a professional pool service company.

The tenant is to return the pool in good order and condition as at the beginning of the tenancy.

60.4 The landlord is responsible for repair of the pool and repair or replacement of the pool equipment resulting from general wear and tear and for reasons beyond the tenant's control and responsibility however, the tenant will be responsible for any damage or want of repair arising from the tenant's failure to comply with its obligations.

60.5 If the tenant does not maintain the pool and pool equipment to the satisfaction of the landlord acting reasonably, the tenant will be in default and the landlord may seek to recover, in compliance with the Act, any loss or damage incurred.

ADDITIONAL TERM - RENTAL BOND

61. The parties agree the rental bond cannot be used for payment of the rent unless the landlord and tenant both agree in writing.

ADDITIONAL TERM - TERMINATION

62. On termination or expiration of the term the tenant agrees:

- (a) to deliver vacant possession in accordance with the termination notice; and
- (b) to deliver up all keys and security devices; and
- (c) to advise as soon as possible of the tenant's contact address.

63. The termination of this agreement by notice or otherwise shall not affect in anyway either party's right to compensation for breach of the terms of this agreement nor either party's obligations to comply with this agreement and the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*.

64. Should a fixed term agreement for more than 3 years be terminated by the tenant (other than as permitted under the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*) before the ending date:

- (a) the tenant will be required to pay rent until the tenant has moved out and handed back the keys; and
- (b) the tenant may be liable to pay for the balance term of the tenancy, any loss of rent incurred by the landlord in re-letting the premises where the landlord/landlord's agent has taken reasonable steps to reduce or minimise rental losses; and
- (c) the parties are not relieved from their obligations to mitigate any loss on termination; and
- (d) the landlord may seek Tribunal orders for compensation, including out of pocket and other reasonable expenses, as provided by sections 187(1)(c) and (d) and 187(2) of the Act.

65. Acceptance by the landlord of payment of rent or other monies owing by the tenant after service of a notice of termination by the tenant will not amount to or be seen as a waiver of such notice or any of the landlord's rights under this agreement or the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*.

Note. Where the tenancy is at an end and the tenant does not vacate the premises the landlord is entitled to make an application to the Civil and Administrative Tribunal for vacant possession and/or compensation.

ADDITIONAL TERM - END OF TERM OR OCCUPANCY

66. The tenant will on vacating the premises:

- (a) Return all keys, keycards and other security devices (if any) and make good the cost of replacement should any of these items not be returned or be lost at any time.
- (b) At the end of the tenancy have all carpets cleaned to a standard no less than the standard as provided by the landlord/landlord's agent at the start of the tenancy.
- (c) Fair wear and tear excepted, repair damage to the premises arising or as a result of the tenant's or its guest's actions including damage (if any) caused by the tenant's pets.
- (d) Remove all the tenant's property from the premises including rubbish and property on the premises not the property of the landlord.
- (e) Leave the premises (including the grounds) in a neat and tidy condition.
- (f) Fumigate as reasonably required if pets have been on the premises.
- (g) Provide written evidence (eg. receipt, invoice) of compliance with the requirements of Clauses 66 (b), (c) and (f) to the landlord/landlord's agent on or before vacating.
- (h) Return all remote control devices in good working order and condition including batteries, and where not returned, make good the cost of replacement.

ADDITIONAL TERM - OCCUPANTS

67. Taking into account the provisions of Clause 17.3 of this agreement, all persons using the premises as occupants or otherwise must comply with the provisions of this agreement and the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*.

ADDITIONAL TERM - TELECOMMUNICATION SERVICES

68. On termination the tenant agrees to leave telecommunication services (for example telephone, internet, television - analogue, digital or cable) in the same condition as at the start of the tenancy, and ensure (if required) the services are transferred or terminated as the landlord may direct.

69. Prior to entering into this agreement the tenant must satisfy itself as to the availability and suitability of any telecommunication services to the premises.

70. The landlord gives no warranty as to the provision or adequacy of such telecommunication services or as to the provision or serviceability of fittings in the premises relating to such services.

ADDITIONAL TERM - STATUTES AND BY-LAWS

~~74. The tenant will at all times comply with all statutes, orders, regulations, by-laws (including by-laws referred to in Clauses 38 and 39 if applicable) and management statements relating to the premises or the tenant's occupation of the premises.~~

ADDITIONAL TERM - INSURANCE

72. The landlord is not responsible for insuring the tenant's own property.

73. The tenant agrees, not by act or omission to, do anything which would cause any increase in the premium of any insurance the landlord may have over the premises (or their contents) or cause such insurance policy to be invalidated.

ADDITIONAL TERM - RENT INCREASE DURING THE TERM

- 74.1 In the case of a fixed term agreement of less than 2 years the landlord and tenant agree, if a rent increase is stated in the rent/rent increase item on the second page of this agreement only then may the rent be increased during the term and such increase shall be as set out in the rent/rent increase item on the second page of this agreement.
- 74.2 In the case of a fixed term agreement of 2 years or more the landlord and the tenant agree, rent payable during the term may only be increased once in any period of 12 months and where the tenant has been given at least 60 days written notice before the increased rent is payable specifying the increased rent and the day from which it is payable.

ADDITIONAL TERM - PRIVACY

75. (a) The landlord's agent must comply with the provisions of the Australian Privacy Principles (*Privacy Act 1988 (Cth)*) and where required maintain a Privacy Policy.
- (b) The Privacy Policy outlines how the landlord's agent collects and uses Personal Information provided by you as the tenant, or obtained by other means, to provide the services required by you or on your behalf.
- (c) You as the tenant agree the landlord's agent may, subject to the *Privacy Act 1988 (Cth)* (where applicable), collect, use and disclose such information to:
- (1) the landlord of the premises to which this agreement applies, insofar as such information is relevant to the managing and/or leasing of the premises; and/or
 - (2) residential tenancy databases for the purpose of enabling a proper assessment of the risk in providing you with the tenancy and if applicable listing tenancy agreement breaches (subject to the provisions of Part 11 Division 2 of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*); and/or
 - (3) previous managing agents or landlords and nominated referees to confirm information provided by you; and/or
 - (4) tradespeople and similar contractors engaged by the landlord/landlord's agent in order to facilitate the carrying out of works with respect to the premises; and/or
 - (5) the landlord's insurance companies; authorised real estate personnel; courts and tribunals and other third parties as may be required by the landlord's agent relating to the administration of the premises and use of the landlord's agent's services; and/or
 - (6) a utility connection provider where you request the landlord's agent to facilitate the connection and/or disconnection of your utility services; and/or
 - (7) Owners Corporations.
- (d) Documents or copies of documents provided to establish the identity of the tenant or persons entitled to deal on behalf of the tenant, will be retained by the landlord's agent in accordance with the Australian Privacy Principles and will not be used for any purpose other than confirming the identity of such person/s.
- (e) Without provision of certain information the landlord's agent may not be able to act effectively or at all in the administration of this agreement.

- (f) The tenant has the right to access such Personal Information and may require correction or amendment of any inaccurate, incomplete, out of date or irrelevant information.
- (g) The landlord's agent will provide (where applicable), on request, a copy of its Privacy Policy.

ADDITIONAL TERM - DATA COLLECTION

76. Upon signing this agreement the parties agree the landlord's agent, and the form completion service provider providing this form, may without disclosing Personal Information collect, use and disclose to Data Collection Agencies information contained in this agreement.

ADDITIONAL TERM - RELATED DOCUMENTS / NOTICES / ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATIONS

77. (a) The parties agree and confirm any documents and communications in relation to this Agreement may, subject to clause 50, be forwarded electronically and where this document has been forwarded electronically (either for signing or otherwise) the party receiving the document confirms having consented to the delivery of the document (and any other materials) by way of the electronic means of delivery before receiving the documentation.
- (b) A Related Document to be served on any party under this Tenancy Agreement shall be in writing and may be served on that party:
- (1) by delivering it to the party personally; or
 - (2) by leaving it for the party at that party's address as stated in this Tenancy Agreement; or
 - (3) by posting it to the party by ordinary mail or security mail as a letter addressed to the party at the address as stated in this Tenancy Agreement; or
 - (4) by email, where the party has given express consent in accordance with clause 50; or
 - (5) by delivery to an alternative address, provided in writing by the party, by any of the methods outlined in Clauses 77(b)(1) to (4) above.
- (c) A document posted shall be deemed to have been served, unless the contrary is shown, at the time when, by the ordinary course of post, the document would be delivered.
- (d) A document sent by electronic communication will be deemed to have been received in accordance with Section 13A of the *Electronic Transactions Act 2000 (NSW)*.
- (e) Documents given by a party's solicitor will be deemed to have been given by and with the authority of the party.
- (f) Documents must be served before 5pm on a business day, failing which, such document will be deemed to have been served on the next business day.
- (g) The parties acknowledge and agree an Electronic Document readily accessible via a link within a Related Document is received when the Related Document is served and will be opened when the Related Document is opened.
- (h) The parties agree to execution, delivery and service of documents electronically by a method provided by DocuSign or such other agreed electronic signature service provider.

NOTES

1. DEFINITIONS

In this agreement:

- (1) **data collection agency** means an agency or organisation that collects real estate data to provide information to the real estate, finance and property valuation industries to enable data analysis.
- (2) **electronic document** means any electronic communication (including Notices) as defined in the *Electronic Transactions Act 2000 (NSW)* including any electronically generated document situated on an external server readily accessible via a link within an electronic communication or other electronically generated document.
- (3) **landlord** means the person who grants the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement, and includes a successor in title to the residential premises whose interest is subject to that of the tenant and a tenant who has granted the right to occupy residential premises to a sub-tenant.
- (4) **landlord's agent** means a person who acts as the agent of the landlord and who (whether or not the person carries on any other business) carries on business as an agent for:
 - (a) the letting of residential premises, or
 - (b) the collection of rents payable for any tenancy of residential premises.
- (5) **LFAI Register** means the register of residential premises that contain or have contained loose-fill asbestos insulation that is required to be maintained under Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*.
- (6) **personal information** means personal information as defined in the *Privacy Act 1988 (Cth)*.
- (7) **related document** means any written communication (including Notices) with regard to this matter between the parties, including any Electronic Documents.
- (8) **rental bond** means money paid by the tenant as security to carry out this agreement.
- (9) **residential premises** means any premises or part of premises (including any land occupied with the premises) used or intended to be used as a place of residence.
- (10) **tenancy** means the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement.
- (11) **tenant** means the person who has the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement, and includes the person to whom such a right passes by transfer or operation of the law and a sub-tenant of the tenant.

2. CONTINUATION OF TENANCY (If fixed term agreement)

Once any fixed term of this agreement ends, the agreement continues in force on the same terms as a periodic agreement unless the agreement is terminated by the landlord or the tenant in accordance with the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* (see notes 3 and 4). Clause 5 of this agreement provides for rent to be able to be increased if the agreement continues in force.

3. ENDING A FIXED TERM AGREEMENT

If this agreement is a fixed term agreement, it may be ended by the landlord or the tenant by giving written notice of termination. The notice may be given at any time up until the end of the fixed term but cannot take effect until the term ends. The landlord must give at least 30 days notice and the tenant must give at least 14 days notice.

4. ENDING A PERIODIC AGREEMENT

If this agreement is a periodic agreement, it may be ended by the landlord or the tenant by giving written notice of termination. The notice may be given at any time. The landlord must give at least 90 days notice and the tenant must give at least 21 days notice.

5. OTHER GROUNDS FOR ENDING AGREEMENT

The *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* also authorises the landlord and the tenant to end this agreement on other grounds. The grounds for the landlord ending the agreement include sale of the residential premises requiring vacant possession, breach of this agreement by the tenant, due to hardship or if the agreement is frustrated because the premises are destroyed, become wholly or partly uninhabitable or cease to be lawfully usable as a residence or are appropriated or acquired by any authority by compulsory process.

The grounds for the tenant include breach by the landlord of information disclosure provisions under section 26 of the Act (not revealed when this agreement was entered into), breach of this agreement by the landlord, due to hardship or if the agreement is frustrated because the premises are destroyed, become wholly or partly uninhabitable or cease to be lawfully usable as a residence or are appropriated or acquired by any authority by compulsory process.

For more information refer to that Act or contact NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20.

6. WARNING

It is an offence for any person to obtain possession of the residential premises without an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal or a judgment or order of a court if the tenant does not willingly move out. A court can order fines and compensation to be paid for such an offence.

OTHER ADDITIONAL TERMS

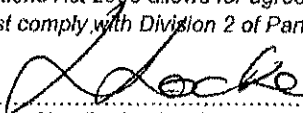
Additional Terms to this Agreement where inserted at the direction of either party were prepared by that party or an Australian Legal Practitioner under instruction from the party and not from the Agent. No warranty is given by the Agent with respect to such Additional Terms. Legal advice should be sought.

SIGNATURES

THE LANDLORD AND THE TENANT ENTER INTO THIS AGREEMENT AND AGREE TO ALL ITS TERMS.

Note. Section 9 of the Electronic Transactions Act 2000 allows for agreements to be signed electronically in NSW if the parties consent. If an electronic signature is used then it must comply with Division 2 of Part 2 of the Electronic Transactions Act 2000.

SIGNED BY THE LANDLORD:

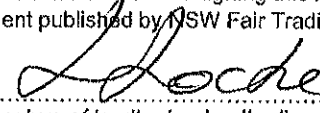

(Signature of landlord or landlord's agent on behalf of the landlord)

Date: 18/6/21

LANDLORD INFORMATION STATEMENT

The landlord acknowledges that, at or before the time of signing this residential tenancy agreement, the landlord has read and understood the contents of an information statement published by NSW Fair Trading that sets out the landlord's rights and obligations.

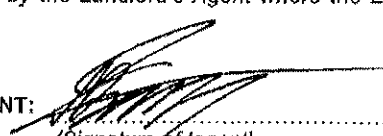
SIGNED BY THE LANDLORD:


(Signature of landlord or landlord's agent on behalf of the landlord)

Date: 18/6/21

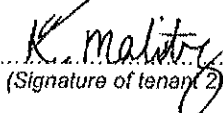
Note. May only be signed by the Landlord's Agent where the Landlord has first provided a signed Landlord's Information Statement Acknowledgement.

SIGNED BY THE TENANT:


(Signature of tenant)

Date: 18/6/21

SIGNED BY THE TENANT (2):


(Signature of tenant 2)

Date: 18/6/21

SIGNED BY THE TENANT (3):

(Signature of tenant 3)

Date: / /

SIGNED BY THE TENANT (4):

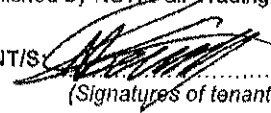
(Signature of tenant 4)

Date: / /

TENANT INFORMATION STATEMENT

The tenant acknowledges that, at or before the time of signing this residential tenancy agreement, the tenant was given a copy of an information statement published by NSW Fair Trading.

SIGNED BY THE TENANT(S):


(Signatures of tenants)



Date: 18/6/21

For information about your rights and obligations as a landlord or tenant, contact:

- (a) NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20 or www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au, or
- (b) Law Access NSW on 1300 888 529 or www.lawaccess.nsw.gov.au, or
- (c) your local Tenants Advice and Advocacy Service at www.tenants.org.au

Special Conditions

UNDER SPECIAL CONDITIONS IN THE LEASE DATED 18/6/2021 BETWEEN SOUTHLANDS ESTATE AGENTS AND

TENANT/S NAME: Aodhan Bevan-Loughran and Kirby Malitz
OF PROPERTY ADDRESS: 5/36-38 Stafford Street, Kingswood, NSW 2747

This is to confirm that I/we

Have received the following items listed below:-

- ✓ A copy of the signed Tenancy Agreement
- ✓ A copy of the condition report
- ✓ A copy of the keys and any remotes as per the photocopy
- ✓ A copy of the "Tenants checklist"

Have discussed, understand and agree to the following:-

Condition report – I/WE also acknowledge that the Condition Report must be completed, signed and returned to our office within 7 days.

It is important to note that should you not return this report with all variations, within the prescribed time (7days) the condition as noted in the report is the condition that all parties to the Agreement accept as the state of the property on occupation, as this will be used as evidence if a dispute arises on you vacating the premises and may affect any claim that arises at the Consumer, Trader, Tenancy Tribunal.

Rent – Payment is direct deposit set up by the tenant. Under no circumstances will cash be accepted in our office for payment of rent or water usage. The tenant agrees and understands that as per Clause 3 of the Residential Tenancy Agreement rent is to be paid on time. This is a fundamental term of the agreement, any such breach despite sum, will be deemed a serious breach of tenancy agreement. Southlands Estate Agents take no responsibility for cash or cheques whether mislaid, posted or left under the door.

Water usage – The tenant hereby agrees to pay for the metered amount of water which they use as stated in Claus 10.5 of the Residential Tenancy Agreement. An itemised invoice will be sent to you, payment of said amount must be paid within 21 days following invoiced date. Under no circumstances will cash be accepted in our office for payment of rent or water usage. Please make payment into our bank account using details provided to you at commencement of lease.

Change of Details – The tenant will keep the Agent updated with any change of personal details previously provided to the Agent including mobile numbers and email addresses.

Hooks on walls – Written approval from the agent is required before hooks can be installed. Nothing other than approved picture hooks are to be fixed to any walls i.e. no blue tac, pins, or sticky tape to be used.

Insurance – The tenant acknowledges that they are responsible for the insurance of their personal property and contents and for their own protection have been advised to take out their own content's insurance. The landlord insurance does not cover the tenants' possessions.

Release of personal details and keys – The tenant authorises the agent to release their personal contact information to third parties for purpose of repairs and maintenance or any other lawful purpose. In the event the tenant is not available to provide the third party with suitable access, the tenant authorises the agent to provide the third party with key access – whilst adhering to the relevant notice periods.

Routine Inspections – The tenant understands and agrees that the agent will inspect the property up to 4 times per year. The tenant will be given at least 7 days written notice prior to each inspection. Should the tenant not be home at the nominated time of the inspection the tenant agrees that the agent is at liberty to gain access using the agent's keys (as per section 66 and 23.5) A report with photos is prepared and forwarded to the landlord for instructions if repairs or maintenance work is required or recommended.

Property maintenance – The tenant agrees not to park or drive motor vehicles onto any grassed area at the property. Where the premises are a Unit, Townhouse or Villa, parking in the driveway is not permitted. The tenant/s also agree that the lawns and edges will be mowed and edged on a regular basis and kept neat and presentable. Gardens are to be weeded on a regular basis and any plants, shrubs are to be trimmed and watered as required.

Be advised Southlands Estate Agents conduct regular drive by inspections to insure this is being upheld. The lessee agrees they will be responsible for garbage container supplied by council for the said premises and all garbage will be put out for collection as required by the local council. No garbage other than household waste and recycling is to be out for collection. These are to be disposed of by the tenant/s in the correct manner.

The tenant agrees to keep mattresses on bed frames, as if kept directly on the ground this can cause mould.

The tenant agrees to take responsibility for their invitees and acknowledges that the conditions of this tenancy also apply to the conduct of invitees as per clause 20 of the Residential Tenancy Agreement. The tenant/s and visitors agree not to smoke inside the premises at any time and be responsible for suitable disposal of cigarette butts from the premises.

Light globes – the tenant is responsible for changing all the light globes at the premises and will ensure all light globes are working at the end of tenancy.

Pest control – The tenant agrees to arrange for and pay the cost of any pest control provided the cause of the pests are not due to a fault at the property.

Pets – As per Clause 43 of your agreement NO PETS are to be kept at the same premises without the landlord/s prior written consent. If permission is given to keep pets at the premises this will be noted on your lease agreement. You must have a pest spray done at the end of your lease agreement, carpets cleaned and any damaged caused by the pet fixed at your cost.

Moving out – 14 days' notice in writing is required if you intend to vacate on the Tenancy Agreement expiry date or 21 days' notice if you are on a Periodic Agreement.

Breaking the lease – If the tenant ends the residential tenancy agreement before the end of the fixed term a break lease fee will be required. As per Clause 51 terms will apply.

RENT ARREARS MANAGEMENT PROCEDURE

At Southlands Estate Agents, we understand that sometimes there are unforeseen circumstances that result in delayed rental payments. Although the situation may never apply to you as most tenants pay rent on time, it is important we advise you of the process involved.

Although we will Endeavor to accommodate any extraordinary situations that resulting in late rental payments, there is a strict arrears management procedure that will be maintained, regardless of the reason. This is to ensure effective management of arrears and to protect the Landlord investment.

If you happen to fall into arrears or know that you will be able to make a rental payment, please contact the office and discuss the situation with your property manager.

Should the tenant fall into arrears the owner may exercise their rights to issue a termination for non-payment of rent. A Non-Payment Termination Notice will inform you that you are not required to vacate the premises if you pay all the rent owing or enter into and fully comply with a Rental Payment Plan agreed to with the landlord.

Tenants who have not remedied their rent arrears by the expiry date on the Termination Notice will be expected to have vacated the rental property by that same date.

If after vacating the premises there are monies owed in excess of the bond, the tenants named on the Tenancy Agreement may be listed with an Order from the NCAT on the tenancy database i.e Trading Reference Australia, Tenancy information Centre of Australia and National Tenancy Database. Tenants will have the opportunity to pay all monies owed as well as being consulted before their details are listed.

The lessee hereby agrees that they will be responsible for providing, checking and replacement of batteries required for any smoke detector installed in the premises.

Any changes or alternations to the property requested by the tenant are to be submitted to our office in writing. As per Clause 27 of your agreement, no work is to take place without the landlord/s prior written consent. The lessee hereby agrees that the landlord is of no obligation to provide phone or internet connections to the property. If the tenant is wishing to have such inclusions this will be at a cost to the lessee with written permission of the landlord prior to installation or connection of these facilities.

Air Conditioning – The tenant agree to clean the air conditioner filters, ceiling fans and exhaust fans every 6 months and upon vacating the premises. Should an AC Repair be at the cause of dirty filters this charge will be passed onto the tenants.

Smoking – No Smoking by any tenant or guest is permitted in the indoor areas of the premises nor shall the tenant leave around the premises, debris arising from smoking.

Swimming Pool – If the tenant wishes to have a potable / inflatable pool the tenant agreed to ask for a written permission from the Landlord.

If permission is granted the tenant must register the pool and must provide our office with an NSW Swimming Pool Certificate of Registration along with a valid certificate of compliance.

Repairs – It is hereby agreed by the tenant/s that all repairs are to be carried out between 8am and 5pm Monday to Friday. Should the tenant/s require repairs to be carried out, out of these hours, any surcharge costs may be required to be borne by the tenant. Tenant should allow suitable access for the tradesman to complete the repair and consideration be given to the time taken for repairs to be completed. All repairs must be submitted in writing and forwarded to our office via email, post or hand delivered or a form can be completed in our office. The tenant/s understand and agree that their contact phone numbers may be given to the tradespersons or a landlord representative, for the purpose of property repairs, valuations and inspections only.

Keys, Locked out – During office hours, if the property manager is available, can allow access or a new set of keys can be cut for you at your own expense. If outside of office hours you will need to contact a locksmith at your own expense.

Telephone, TV and internet connection – The tenant shall be responsible for all costs associated with the connection of a telephone, TV and internet including new connection charges if any.

Smoke alarms – The tenant agrees to notify the agent when a smoke alarm has failed or is about to fail, other than because the battery is flat or almost flat. The tenant will not remove, dispose of, or otherwise tamper with to cease its effectiveness, the smoke alarms installed at the premises throughout the tenancy.

Disclosure to tenants

Regarding premises at: 5/36-38 Stafford Street, Kingswood, NSW 2747

Tenant/s: Aodhan Bevan-Loughran and Kirby Malitz

The agent makes the following disclosures to the tenant regarding the rented premises. These disclosures are true to the best of agents knowledge prior to the tenant entering into the Tenancy Agreement.

- ✓ A contract of sale has not been prepared
- ✓ A mortgage has not commenced court action to take possession
- ✓ No violent crime has been committed at the premises within the last 5 years

Other known health and safety risks are:-

I/we agree and understand the above-mentioned special conditions and agree to comply with them for the term of the tenancy.

TENANT SIGNATURE/S K. Malitz DATE 18/6/21

TENANT SIGNATURE/S [Signature] DATE 18/6/21

AGENT SIGNATURE [Signature] DATE 18-6-2021



PROPERTY ADDRESS: 5/36-38 Starb'd St Kingwood.

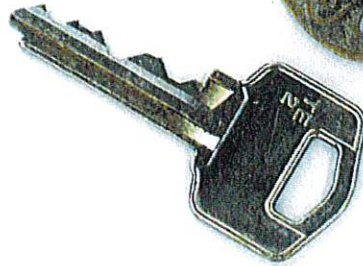
DATE OF COLLECTION: _____

TENANT/S SIGNATURES:  K. Molitz

TOTAL KEYS GIVEN: 18 TOTAL REMOTES GIVEN: 2 Corage



AGENTS SIGNATURE:



STRATA SCHEMES MANAGEMENT REGULATION 2005

Schedule 1 – Model by-laws for residential schemes

1. Noise

An owner or occupier of a lot must not create any noise on a lot or the common property likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using common property.

2. Vehicles

An owner or occupier of a lot must not park or stand any motor or other vehicle on common property except with prior written approval of the owners corporation.

3. Obstruction of common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not obstruct lawful use of common property by any person except on a temporary and non-recurring basis.

4. Damage to lawns, etc on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation:

- (a) damage any lawn, garden, tree, shrub, plant or flower being part of or situated on common property, or
- (b) use for his or her own purposes as a garden any portion of the common property.

5. Damage to common property

(1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not mark, paint, drive nails or screws or the like into, or otherwise damage or deface, any structure that forms part of the common property except with the prior written approval of the owner's corporation.

(2) An approval given by the owner's corporation under subclause (1) cannot authorise any additions to the common property.

(3) This by-law does not prevent an owner or person authorised by an owner from installing:

- (a) any locking or other safety device for protection of the owner's lot against intruders or to improve safety within the owner's lot, or
- (b) any screen or other device to prevent entry of animals or insects on the lot, or
- (c) any structure or device to prevent harm to children, or
- (d) any device used to affix decorative items to the internal surfaces of walls in the owner's lot.

(4) Any such locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure must be installed in a competent and proper manner and must have an appearance, after it has been installed, in keeping with the appearance of the rest of the building.

(5) Despite section 62 of the Act, the owner of a lot must:

- (a) maintain and keep in a state of good and serviceable repair any installation or structure referred to in subclause (3) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot, and

- (b) repair any damage caused to any part of the common property by the installation or removal of any locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure referred to in subclause (3) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot.

6. Behaviour of owners and occupiers

An owner or occupier of a lot when on common property must be adequately clothed and must not use language or behave in a manner likely to cause offence or embarrassment to the owner or occupier of another lot or to any person lawfully using common property.

7. Children playing on common property in building

An owner or occupier of a lot must not permit any child of whom the owner or occupier has control to play on common property within the building or, unless accompanied by an adult exercising effective control, to be or to remain on common property comprising a laundry, car parking area or other area of possible danger or hazard to children.

8. Behaviour of invitees

An owner or occupier of a lot must take all reasonable steps to ensure that invitees of the owner or occupier do not behave in a manner to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using common property.

9. Depositing rubbish and other material on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit or throw on the common property any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material or discarded item except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.

10. Drying of laundry items

An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation, hang any washing, towel, bedding, clothing or other article on any part of the parcel in such a way as to be visible from outside the building other than on any lines provided by the owners corporation for the purpose and there only for a reasonable period.

11. Cleaning windows, etc

(1) Except in the circumstances referred to in Clause (2), an owner or occupier of a lot is responsible for cleaning all interior and exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors on the boundary of the lot, including so much as is common property.

(2) The owners corporation is responsible for cleaning regularly all exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors that cannot be accessed by the owner or occupier of the lot safely or at all.

12. Storage of inflammable liquids and other substances and materials

(1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation, use or store on the lot or on the common property any inflammable chemical, liquid or gas or other inflammable material.

(2) This by-law does not apply to chemicals, liquids, gases or other material used or intended to be used for domestic purposes, or any chemical, liquid, gas or other material in a fuel tank of a motor vehicle or internal combustion engine.

13. Changes to floor coverings and surfaces

(1) An owner or occupier of a lot must notify the owners corporation at least 21 days before changing any of the floor coverings or surfaces of the lot if the change is likely to result in an increase in noise transmitted from that lot to any other lot. The notice must specify the type of proposed floor covering or surface.

(2) This by-law does not affect any requirement under any law to obtain a consent to, approval for or any other authorization for the changing of the floor covering or surface concerned.

14. Floor Coverings

(1) An owner of a lot must ensure that all floor space within the lot is covered or otherwise treated to an extent sufficient to prevent the transmission from the floor space of noise likely to disturb the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot.

(2) This by-law does not apply to floor space comprising a kitchen, laundry, lavatory or bathroom.

15. Garbage disposal

(1) An owner or occupier of a lot in a strata scheme that does not have shared receptacles for garbage, recyclable material or waste:

- (a) must maintain such receptacles within the lot, or on such part of the common property as may be authorised by the owners corporation, in clean and dry conditions and (except in the case of receptacles for recyclable material) adequately covered, and
- (b) must ensure that before garbage, recyclable material or waste is placed in the receptacles it is, in the case of refuse, securely wrapped or, in the case of tins or other containers, completely drained, or in the case of recyclable material or waste, separated and prepared in accordance with the applicable recycling guidelines, and
- (c) for the purpose of having the garbage, recyclable material or waste collected, must place the receptacles within an area designated for that purpose by the owners corporation and at a time not more than 12 hours before the time at which garbage, recyclable material or waste is normally collected, and
- (d) when the garbage, recyclable material or waste has been collected, must promptly return the receptacles to the lot or other area referred to in paragraph (a)
- (e) must not place anything in the receptacles of the owner or occupier of any other lot except with the permission of that owner or occupier, and
- (f) must promptly remove any thing which the owner, occupier or garbage or recycling collector may have spilled from the receptacles and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled.

(2) An owner or occupier of a lot in a strata scheme that has shared receptacles for garbage, recyclable material or waste:

- (a) must ensure that before garbage, recyclable material or waste is placed in the receptacles it is, in the case of refuse, securely wrapped or, in the case of tins or other containers, completely drained, or, in the case of recyclable material or waste, separated and prepared in accordance with the applicable recycling guidelines, and

- (b) must promptly remove any thing which the owner, occupier or garbage recycling collector may have spilled in the area of the receptacles and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled.

(3) An owner or occupier of a lot must:

- (a) comply with the local council's requirements for the storage, handling and collection of garbage, waste and recyclable material, and
- (b) notify the local council of any loss of, or damage to, receptacles provided by the local council for garbage, waste and recyclable material that are consistent with the local council's requirements.

16. Keeping of Animals

Note Select option A,B or C. If no option is selected, option A will apply.

Option A

- (1) Subject to section 49 (4), an owner or occupier of a lot must not without the prior written approval of the owners corporation, keep any animal (except fish kept in a secure aquarium on the lot) on the lot or the common property.
- (2) The owners corporation must not unreasonably withhold its approval of the keeping of an animal on a lot or the common property.

Option B

- (1) Subject to section 49(4) an owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the prior written approval of the owner's corporation, keep any animal (except a cat, a small dog or a small caged bird, or fish kept in a secure aquarium on the lot) on the lot or the common property.
- (2) The owner's corporation must not unreasonably withhold its approval of the keep of an animal on a lot or the common property.
- (3) If an owner or occupier of a lot keeps a cat, small dog or small caged bird on the lot then the owner or occupier must:
 - (a) notify the owners corporation that the animal is being kept on the lot, and
 - (b) keep the animal within the lot, and
 - (c) carry the animal when it is on the common property, and
 - (d) take such action as may be necessary to clean all areas of the lot or the common property that are soiled by the animal.

Option C

Subject to section 49(4), an owner or occupier of a residential lot must not keep any animal on the lot or the common property.

17. Appearance of lot

- (1) The owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the prior written approval of the owners corporation, maintain within the lot anything visible from outside the lot that, viewed from outside the lot, is not in keeping with the rest of the building.

(2) This by-law does not apply to the hanging of any washing, towel, bedding, clothing or other article as referred to in by-law 10.

18. Change in use of lot to be notified

An occupier of a lot must notify the owners corporation if the occupier changes the existing use of the lot in a way that may affect the insurance premiums for the strata scheme (for example, if the change of use results in a hazardous activity being carried out on the lot, or results in the lot being used for commercial or industrial purposes rather than residential purposes).

19. Provision of amenities or services

(1) The owners corporation may, by special resolution, determine to enter into arrangements for the provision of the following amenities or services to one or more of the lots, or to the owners or occupiers of one or more of the lots:

- (a) window cleaning,
- (b) garbage disposal and recycling services,
- (c) electricity, water or gas supply,
- (d) telecommunication services (for example, cable television).

(2) If the owners corporation makes a resolution referred to subclause (1) to provide an amenity or service to a lot or to the owner or occupier of a lot, it must indicate in the resolution the amount for which, or the conditions on which, it will provide the amenity or service.

Note: Section 111 of the Act provides that an owners corporation may enter into an agreement with an owner or occupier of a lot for the provision of amenities or services by it to the lot or to the owner or occupier.

20. Compliance with planning and other requirements

(1) The owner or occupier of a lot must ensure that the lot is not used for any purpose that is prohibited by law.

(2) The owner or occupier of a lot must ensure that the lot is not occupied by more persons than are allowed by law to occupy the lot.