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The Real Estate Institute of New South Wales.

Contract for the sale and purchase of land 2019 edition

TERM	MEANING OF TERM	eCOS ID: 9062732	7 NS	W DAN:	
vendor's agent	One Agency Craig Schofield			Phone:	(02) 6452 6121
	45 Vale Street, Cooma NSW	2630		Fax:	
co-agent				Ref:	Craig Schofield
vendor	HAMISH STUART DEANS a	ind MICHELLE NICOLE DEANS			
	76 Hawkins Street Cooma N	ISW 2630			
vendor's solicitor	Bytherules Conveyancing)		Phone:	0437 010 385
	Locked Bag 1009 Gordon N	SW 2072		Fax:	
				Ref:	CAP:118830
date for completion	42 days after the contract da	te (claus	e 15) Email:	carolynne.	peebles@bytherules.com.
land	76 HAWKINS ST COOMA N				
(Address, plan details	LOT 3 IN DEPOSITED PLAN	J 163644			
and title reference)		1 103044			
	3/163644	Cubicat to cultivate and			
	✓ VACANT POSSESSION	Subject to existing tenand			
improvements	✓ HOUSE ✓ garage	carport home unit	carspace	storage spa	ce
	none other:				
attached copies	documents in the List of	of Documents as marked or as nur	mbered:		
	✓ other documents:				
A real	estate agent is permitted by	legislation to fill up the items in	this box in a sale of resi	dential prop	erty.
inclusions	✓ blinds	✓ dishwasher	✓ light fittings	✓ stov	ve .
	✓ built-in wardrobe	es I fixed floor coverings	✓ range hood	□ роо	l equipment
	✓ clothes line	✓ insect screens	solar panels	▼ TV a	ntenna
	✓ curtains	other:			
exclusions					
purchaser					
1 1 12 12 13				D.I.	
purchaser's solicitor				Phone:	
				Fax: Ref:	
price	\$			Email:	
deposit	\$		(10% of the		otherwise stated)
balance	\$		•		ŕ
contract date			(if not stated, th	e date this co	ontract was made)
					·
buyer's agent					
vendor					witness
		GST AMOUNT (optional)			
		The price includes			
		GST of: \$			
purchaser	JOINT TENANTS	tenants in common	in unequal shares		witness

118830

90627327

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Land – 2019 edition

2

	Choices		
vendor agrees to accept a <i>deposit-bond</i> (clause 3)	□ NO	yes	
Nominated Electronic Lodgment Network (ELN) (clause 30)	PEXA		
Electronic transaction (clause 30)	no	✓ YES	
		aiver, in the space below,	tails, such as the proposed or serve within 14 days of the
Tax information (the parties promise t	his is correct a	s far as each party is awa	re)
land tax is adjustable	√ NO	yes	
GST: Taxable supply	√ NO	yes in full	yes to an extent
Margin scheme will be used in making the taxable supply	√ NO	yes	
This sale is not a taxable supply because (one or more of the follow	ving may apply) the sale is:	
not made in the course or furtherance of an enterprise t	hat the vendo	carries on (section 9-5(b))
by a vendor who is neither registered nor required to be	registered for	GST (section 9-5(d))	
GST-free because the sale is the supply of a going concer	rn under sectio	n 38-325	
GST-free because the sale is subdivided farm land or farm	m land supplied	d for farming under Subdiv	vision 38-0
input taxed because the sale is of eligible residential pre	mises (sections	s 40-65, 40-75(2) and 195-	1)
Purchaser must make an GSTRW payment (residential withholding payment)	□ NO	yes(if yes, vendor n further details)	nust provide
	date, the ve		y completed at the contract e details in a separate notice
GSTRW payment (GST residenti	al withholding	payment) – further detail	ls
Frequently the supplier will be the vendor. However, so entity is liable for GST, for example, if the supplier is a GST joint venture.			
Supplier's name:			
Supplier's ABN:			
Supplier's GST branch number (if applicable):			
Supplier's business address:			
Supplier's email address:			
Supplier's phone number:			
Supplier's proportion of GSTRW payment: \$			
If more than one supplier, provide the above details for each	supplier.		
Amount purchaser must pay – price multiplied by the $\it RW rate$ (residue)	dential withhol	ding rate): \$	
Amount must be paid: $\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$	me (specify):		
Is any of the consideration not expressed as an amount in money?	□ NO	yes	
If "yes", the GST inclusive market value of the non-monetary considerations of the non-monetary consideration of the non-monetary consideratio	eration: \$		
Other details (including those required by regulation or the ATO for	ms):		

List of Documents

Gener	ral	Strat	a or	community title (clause 23 of the contract)
	1 property certificate for the land 2 plan of the land 3 unregistered plan of the land 4 plan of land to be subdivided 5 document that is to be lodged with a relevant plan 6 section 10.7(2) planning certificate under Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 7 additional information included in that certificate under section 10.7(5) 8 sewerage infrastructure location diagram (service location diagram) 9 sewer lines location diagram (sewerage service diagram) 10 document that created or may have created an easement, profit à prendre, restriction on use or positive covenant disclosed in this contract 11 planning agreement 12 section 88G certificate (positive covenant) 13 survey report 14 building information certificate or building certificate given under legislation 15 lease (with every relevant memorandum or variation) 16 other document relevant to tenancies 17 licence benefiting the land 18 old system document 19 Crown purchase statement of account 10 building management statement 11 form of requisitions 12 clearance certificate	Strat	32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53	property certificate for strata common property plan creating strata common property strata by-laws strata development contract or statement strata management statement strata renewal proposal strata renewal plan leasehold strata - lease of lot and common property property certificate for neighbourhood property plan creating neighbourhood property neighbourhood development contract neighbourhood management statement property certificate for precinct property plan creating precinct property precinct development contract precinct management statement property certificate for community property plan creating community property community development contract community management statement document disclosing a change of by-laws document disclosing a change in a development or management contract or statement document disclosing a change in boundaries information certificate under Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 information certificate under Community Land Management
l		Ш	45	
			46	precinct development contract
	The state of the s		47	
	· ·	Н		
🗆 :	15 lease (with every relevant memorandum or variation)	H		·
		H	-	
		Ħ		
	•	_		
-	•		54	document disclosing a change in boundaries
			55	-
		П	56	
ı —	23 land tax certificate	Ш	50	Act 1989
ı —	e Building Act 1989			disclosure statement - off the plan contract
l	24 insurance certificate		58	other document relevant to off the plan contract
	25 brochure or warning	Othe	r	
ı —	26 evidence of alternative indemnity cover		59	
	ming Pools Act 1992			
	27 certificate of compliance			
□ :	28 evidence of registration			
	29 relevant occupation certificate			
	30 certificate of non-compliance			
	31 detailed reasons of non-compliance			
	HOLDER OF STRATA OR COMMUNITY TITLE RECORDS – Name, address, email address and telephone number			

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO VENDORS AND PURCHASERS

Before signing this contract you should ensure that you understand your rights and obligations, some of which are not written in this contract but are implied by law.

WARNING—SMOKE ALARMS

The owners of certain types of buildings and strata lots must have smoke alarms (or in certain cases heat alarms) installed in the building or lot in accordance with regulations under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. It is an offence not to comply. It is also an offence to remove or interfere with a smoke alarm or heat alarm. Penalties apply.

WARNING—LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

Before purchasing land that includes any residential premises (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*) built before 1985, a purchaser is strongly advised to consider the possibility that the premises may contain loose-fill asbestos insulation (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*). In particular, a purchaser should:

- (a) search the Register required to be maintained under Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*, and
- (b) ask the relevant local council whether it holds any records showing that the residential premises contain loose-fill asbestos insulation.

For further information about loose-fill asbestos insulation (including areas in which residential premises have been identified as containing loose-fill asbestos insulation), contact NSW Fair Trading.

COOLING OFF PERIOD (PURCHASER'S RIGHTS)

- 1. This is the statement required by section 66X of the *Conveyancing Act* 1919 and applies to a contract for the sale of residential property.
- 2. EXCEPT in the circumstances listed in paragraph 3, the purchaser may rescind the contract at any time before 5 pm on—
 - (a) the tenth business day after the day on which the contract was made—in the case of an off the plan contract, or
 - (b) the fifth business day after the day on which the contract was made—in any other case.
- 3. There is NO COOLING OFF PERIOD:
 - (a) if, at or before the time the contract is made, the purchaser gives to the vendor (or the vendor's solicitor or agent) a certificate that complies with section 66W of the Act, or
 - (b) if the property is sold by public auction, or
 - (c) if the contract is made on the same day as the property was offered for sale by public auction but passed in, or
 - (d) if the contract is made in consequence of the exercise of an option to purchase the property, other than an option that is void under section 66ZG of the Act.
- 4. A purchaser exercising the right to cool off by rescinding the contract will forfeit to the vendor 0.25% of the purchase price of the property. The vendor is entitled to recover the amount forfeited from any amount paid by the purchaser as a deposit under the contract and the purchaser is entitled to a refund of any balance.

DISPUTES

If you get into a dispute with the other party, the Law Society and Real Estate Institute encourage you to use informal procedures such as negotiation, independent expert appraisal, the Law Society Conveyancing Dispute Resolution Scheme or mediation (for example mediation under the Law Society Mediation Program).

AUCTIONS

Regulations made under the Property, Stock and Business Agents Act 2002 prescribe a number of conditions applying to sales by auction.

WARNINGS

1. Various Acts of Parliament and other matters can affect the rights of the parties to this contract. Some important matters are actions, claims, decisions, licences, notices, orders, proposals or rights of way involving:

APA Group NSW Department of Education

Australian Taxation Office NSW Fair Trading

Council Owner of adjoining land

County Council Privacy

Department of Planning, Industry and Public Works Advisory Environment Subsidence Advisory NSW

Department of Primary Industries Telecommunications
Electricity and gas Transport for NSW

Land & Housing Corporation Water, sewerage or drainage authority

Local Land Services

If you think that any of these matters affects the property, tell your solicitor.

- 2. A lease may be affected by the Agricultural Tenancies Act 1990, the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or the Retail Leases Act 1994.
- 3. If any purchase money is owing to the Crown, it will become payable before obtaining consent, or if no consent is needed, when the transfer is registered.
- 4. If a consent to transfer is required under legislation, see clause 27 as to the obligations of the parties.
- 5. The vendor should continue the vendor's insurance until completion. If the vendor wants to give the purchaser possession before completion, the vendor should first ask the insurer to confirm this will not affect the insurance.
- 6. The purchaser will usually have to pay transfer duty (and sometimes surcharge purchaser duty) on this contract. If duty is not paid on time, a purchaser may incur penalties.
- 7. If the purchaser agrees to the release of deposit, the purchaser's right to recover the deposit may stand behind the rights of others (for example the vendor's mortgagee).
- 8. The purchaser should arrange insurance as appropriate.
- 9. Some transactions involving personal property may be affected by the Personal Property Securities Act 2009.
- 10. A purchaser should be satisfied that finance will be available at the time of completing the purchase.
- 11. Where the market value of the property is at or above a legislated amount, the purchaser may have to comply with a foreign resident capital gains withholding payment obligation (even if the vendor is not a foreign resident). If so, this will affect the amount available to the vendor on completion.
- 12. Purchasers of some residential properties may have to withhold part of the purchase price to be credited towards the GST liability of the vendor. If so, this will also affect the amount available to the vendor. More information is available from the ATO.

The vendor sells and the purchaser buys the property for the price under these provisions instead of Schedule 3 Conveyancing Act 1919, subject to any legislation that cannot be excluded.

Definitions (a term in italics is a defined term) 1

In this contract, these terms (in any form) mean -

adjustment date the earlier of the giving of possession to the purchaser or completion;

the Reserve Bank of Australia or an authorised deposit-taking institution which is a bank

bank, a building society or a credit union;

any day except a bank or public holiday throughout NSW or a Saturday or Sunday; business day

cheque a cheque that is not postdated or stale;

clearance certificate a certificate within the meaning of s14-220 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act, that covers

one or more days falling within the period from and including the contract date to

completion;

a deposit bond or guarantee from an issuer, with an expiry date and for an amount deposit-bond

each approved by the vendor;

vendor's agent (or if no vendor's agent is named in this contract, the vendor's depositholder

solicitor, or if no vendor's solicitor is named in this contract, the buyer's agent);

document relevant to the title or the passing of title: document of title

the percentage mentioned in s14-200(3)(a) of Schedule 1 to the TA Act (12.5% as FRCGW percentage

at 1 July 2017);

a remittance which the purchaser must make under s14-200 of Schedule 1 to the FRCGW remittance

TA Act, being the lesser of the FRCGW percentage of the price (inclusive of GST, if

any) and the amount specified in a variation served by a party;

GST Act A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999;

GST rate the rate mentioned in s4 of A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax Imposition

- General) Act 1999 (10% as at 1 July 2000);

a payment which the purchaser must make under s14-250 of Schedule 1 to the TA GSTRW payment

Act (the price multiplied by the GSTRW rate);

the rate determined under ss14-250(6), (8) or (9) of Schedule 1 to the TA Act (as at GSTRW rate

1 July 2018, usually 7% of the price if the margin scheme applies, 1/11th if not);

legislation an Act or a by-law, ordinance, regulation or rule made under an Act;

subject to any other provision of this contract; normally

each of the vendor and the purchaser; party

property the land, the improvements, all fixtures and the inclusions, but not the exclusions; planning agreement

a valid voluntary agreement within the meaning of s7.4 of the Environmental

Planning and Assessment Act 1979 entered into in relation to the property; an objection, question or requisition (but the term does not include a claim);

rescind rescind this contract from the beginning; serve in writing on the other party: serve

an unendorsed cheque made payable to the person to be paid and settlement cheque

issued by a bank and drawn on itself; or

if authorised in writing by the vendor or the vendor's solicitor, some other

cheaue:

solicitor in relation to a party, the party's solicitor or licensed conveyancer named in this

contract or in a notice served by the party;

TA Act Taxation Administration Act 1953; terminate this contract for breach: terminate

variation a variation made under s14-235 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act, in relation to a period, at any time before or during the period; and within

work order a valid direction, notice or order that requires work to be done or money to be spent on or in relation to the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road (but the term does

not include a notice under s22E of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 or clause 22 of

the Swimming Pools Regulation 2018).

Deposit and other payments before completion 2

requisition

- 2.1 The purchaser must pay the deposit to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- Normally, the purchaser must pay the deposit on the making of this contract, and this time is essential. 2.2
- If this contract requires the purchaser to pay any of the deposit by a later time, that time is also essential. 2.3
- The purchaser can pay any of the deposit by giving cash (up to \$2,000) or by unconditionally giving a cheque 2.4 to the depositholder or to the vendor, vendor's agent or vendor's solicitor for sending to the depositholder or by payment by electronic funds transfer to the depositholder.
- 2.5 If any of the deposit is not paid on time or a *cheque* for any of the deposit is not honoured on presentation, the vendor can terminate. This right to terminate is lost as soon as the deposit is paid in full.
- If the vendor accepts a bond or guarantee for the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 do not apply.

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- 2.7 If the vendor accepts a bond or guarantee for part of the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 apply only to the balance.
- 2.8 If any of the deposit or of the balance of the price is paid before completion to the vendor or as the vendor directs, it is a charge on the land in favour of the purchaser until *termination* by the vendor or completion, subject to any existing right.
- 2.9 If each *party* tells the *depositholder* that the deposit is to be invested, the *depositholder* is to invest the deposit (at the risk of the *party* who becomes entitled to it) with a *bank*, in an interest-bearing account in NSW, payable at call, with interest to be reinvested, and pay the interest to the *parties* equally, after deduction of all proper government taxes and financial institution charges and other charges.

3 Deposit-bond

- 3.1 This clause applies only if this contract says the vendor has agreed to accept a *deposit-bond* for the deposit (or part of it).
- 3.2 The purchaser must provide the original *deposit-bond* to the vendor's *solicitor* (or if no solicitor the *depositholder*) at or before the making of this contract and this time is essential.
- 3.3 If the *deposit-bond* has an expiry date and completion does not occur by the date which is 14 days before the expiry date, the purchaser must *serve* a replacement *deposit-bond* at least 7 days before the expiry date. The time for service is essential.
- 3.4 The vendor must approve a replacement deposit-bond if
 - 3.4.1 it is from the same issuer and for the same amount as the earlier *deposit-bond*; and
 - 3.4.2 it has an expiry date at least three months after its date of issue.
- 3.5 A breach of clauses 3.2 or 3.3 entitles the vendor to *terminate*. The right to *terminate* is lost as soon as
 - 3.5.1 the purchaser serves a replacement deposit-bond; or
 - 3.5.2 the deposit is paid in full under clause 2.
- 3.6 Clauses 3.3 and 3.4 can operate more than once.
- 3.7 If the purchaser serves a replacement deposit-bond, the vendor must serve the earlier deposit-bond.
- 3.8 The amount of any *deposit-bond* does not form part of the price for the purposes of clause 16.7.
- 3.9 The vendor must give the purchaser the *deposit-bond*
 - 3.9.1 on completion; or
 - 3.9.2 if this contract is *rescinded*.
- 3.10 If this contract is *terminated* by the vendor
 - 3.10.1 normally, the vendor can immediately demand payment from the issuer of the deposit-bond; or
 - 3.10.2 if the purchaser *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the vendor's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward the *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 3.11 If this contract is *terminated* by the purchaser
 - 3.11.1 *normally*, the vendor must give the purchaser the *deposit-bond*; or
 - 3.11.2 if the vendor *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the purchaser's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward the *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.

4 Transfer

- 4.1 Normally, the purchaser must serve at least 14 days before the date for completion
 - 4.1.1 the form of transfer; and
 - 4.1.2 particulars required to register any mortgage or other dealing to be lodged with the transfer by the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee.
- 4.2 If any information needed for the form of transfer is not disclosed in this contract, the vendor must *serve* it.
- 4.3 If the purchaser *serves* a form of transfer and the transferee is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for this form of transfer.
- 4.4 The vendor can require the purchaser to include a form of covenant or easement in the transfer only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land benefited.

5 Requisitions

- 5.1 If a form of *requisitions* is attached to this contract, the purchaser is taken to have made those *requisitions*.
- 5.2 If the purchaser is or becomes entitled to make any other *requisition*, the purchaser can make it only by *serving* it
 - 5.2.1 if it arises out of this contract or it is a general question about the *property* or title *within* 21 days after the contract date;
 - 5.2.2 if it arises out of anything *served* by the vendor *within* 21 days after the later of the contract date and that *service*; and
 - 5.2.3 in any other case *within* a reasonable time.

6 Error or misdescription

- 6.1 *Normally*, the purchaser can (but only before completion) claim compensation for an error or misdescription in this contract (as to the *property*, the title or anything else and whether substantial or not).
- This clause applies even if the purchaser did not take notice of or rely on anything in this contract containing or giving rise to the error or misdescription.
- 6.3 However, this clause does not apply to the extent the purchaser knows the true position.

7 Claims by purchaser

Normally, the purchaser can make a claim (including a claim under clause 6) before completion only by *serving* it with a statement of the amount claimed, and if the purchaser makes one or more claims before completion –

- 7.1 the vendor can rescind if in the case of claims that are not claims for delay
 - 7.1.1 the total amount claimed exceeds 5% of the price;
 - 7.1.2 the vendor serves notice of intention to rescind; and
 - 7.1.3 the purchaser does not serve notice waiving the claims within 14 days after that service; and
- 7.2 if the vendor does not rescind, the parties must complete and if this contract is completed
 - 7.2.1 the lesser of the total amount claimed and 10% of the price must be paid out of the price to and held by the *depositholder* until the claims are finalised or lapse;
 - 7.2.2 the amount held is to be invested in accordance with clause 2.9;
 - 7.2.3 the claims must be finalised by an arbitrator appointed by the *parties* or, if an appointment is not made *within* 1 month of completion, by an arbitrator appointed by the President of the Law Society at the request of a *party* (in the latter case the *parties* are bound by the terms of the Conveyancing Arbitration Rules approved by the Law Society as at the date of the appointment);
 - 7.2.4 the purchaser is not entitled, in respect of the claims, to more than the total amount claimed and the costs of the purchaser;
 - 7.2.5 net interest on the amount held must be paid to the *parties* in the same proportion as the amount held is paid; and
 - 7.2.6 if the *parties* do not appoint an arbitrator and neither *party* requests the President to appoint an arbitrator *within* 3 months after completion, the claims lapse and the amount belongs to the vendor.

8 Vendor's rights and obligations

- 8.1 The vendor can rescind if
 - 8.1.1 the vendor is, on reasonable grounds, unable or unwilling to comply with a requisition;
 - 8.1.2 the vendor *serves* a notice of intention to *rescind* that specifies the *requisition* and those grounds; and
 - 8.1.3 the purchaser does not *serve* a notice waiving the *requisition within* 14 days after that *service*.
- 8.2 If the vendor does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the purchaser can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination*
 - 8.2.1 the purchaser can recover the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract:
 - 8.2.2 the purchaser can sue the vendor to recover damages for breach of contract; and
 - 8.2.3 if the purchaser has been in possession a party can claim for a reasonable adjustment.

9 Purchaser's default

If the purchaser does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the vendor can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination* the vendor can –

- 9.1 keep or recover the deposit (to a maximum of 10% of the price);
- 9.2 hold any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract as security for anything recoverable under this clause
 - 9.2.1 for 12 months after the *termination*; or
 - 9.2.2 if the vendor commences proceedings under this clause *within* 12 months, until those proceedings are concluded; and
- 9.3 sue the purchaser either
 - 9.3.1 where the vendor has resold the *property* under a contract made *within* 12 months after the *termination*, to recover
 - the deficiency on resale (with credit for any of the deposit kept or recovered and after allowance for any capital gains tax or goods and services tax payable on anything recovered under this clause); and
 - the reasonable costs and expenses arising out of the purchaser's non-compliance with this contract or the notice and of resale and any attempted resale; or
 - 9.3.2 to recover damages for breach of contract.

10 Restrictions on rights of purchaser

- 10.1 The purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of
 - 10.1.1 the ownership or location of any fence as defined in the Dividing Fences Act 1991;
 - 10.1.2 a service for the *property* being a joint service or passing through another property, or any service for another property passing through the *property* ('service' includes air, communication, drainage, electricity, garbage, gas, oil, radio, sewerage, telephone, television or water service);
 - 10.1.3 a wall being or not being a party wall in any sense of that term or the *property* being affected by an easement for support or not having the benefit of an easement for support;
 - 10.1.4 any change in the *property* due to fair wear and tear before completion;
 - 10.1.5 a promise, representation or statement about this contract, the *property* or the title, not set out or referred to in this contract;
 - 10.1.6 a condition, exception, reservation or restriction in a Crown grant;

- 10.1.7 the existence of any authority or licence to explore or prospect for gas, minerals or petroleum;
- 10.1.8 any easement or restriction on use the substance of either of which is disclosed in this contract or any non-compliance with the easement or restriction on use; or
- anything the substance of which is disclosed in this contract (except a caveat, charge, mortgage, priority notice or writ).
- 10.2 The purchaser cannot *rescind* or *terminate* only because of a defect in title to or quality of the inclusions.
- 10.3 Normally, the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate or require the vendor to change the nature of the title disclosed in this contract (for example, to remove a caution evidencing qualified title, or to lodge a plan of survey as regards limited title).

11 Compliance with work orders

- 11.1 *Normally*, the vendor must by completion comply with a *work order* made on or before the contract date and if this contract is completed the purchaser must comply with any other *work order*.
- 11.2 If the purchaser complies with a *work order*, and this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated*, the vendor must pay the expense of compliance to the purchaser.

12 Certificates and inspections

The vendor must do everything reasonable to enable the purchaser, subject to the rights of any tenant –

- 12.1 to have the *property* inspected to obtain any certificate or report reasonably required;
- 12.2 to apply (if necessary in the name of the vendor) for -
 - 12.2.1 any certificate that can be given in respect of the *property* under *legislation*; or
 - 12.2.2 a copy of any approval, certificate, consent, direction, notice or order in respect of the *property* given under *legislation*, even if given after the contract date; and
- 12.3 to make 1 inspection of the *property* in the 3 days before a time appointed for completion.

13 Goods and services tax (GST)

- Terms used in this clause which are not defined elsewhere in this contract and have a defined meaning in the *GST Act* have the same meaning in this clause.
- 13.2 *Normally*, if a *party* must pay the price or any other amount to the other *party* under this contract, GST is not to be added to the price or amount.
- 13.3 If under this contract a *party* must make an adjustment or payment for an expense of another party or pay an expense payable by or to a third party (for example, under clauses 14 or 20.7)
 - 13.3.1 the party must adjust or pay on completion any GST added to or included in the expense; but
 - the amount of the expense must be reduced to the extent the party receiving the adjustment or payment (or the representative member of a GST group of which that party is a member) is entitled to an input tax credit for the expense; and
 - 13.3.3 if the adjustment or payment under this contract is consideration for a taxable supply, an amount for GST must be added at the *GST rate*.
- 13.4 If this contract says this sale is the supply of a going concern
 - 13.4.1 the *parties* agree the supply of the *property* is a supply of a going concern;
 - the vendor must, between the contract date and completion, carry on the enterprise conducted on the land in a proper and business-like way;
 - if the purchaser is not registered by the date for completion, the *parties* must complete and the purchaser must pay on completion, in addition to the price, an amount being the price multiplied by the *GST rate* ("the retention sum"). The retention sum is to be held by the *depositholder* and dealt with as follows
 - if within 3 months of completion the purchaser serves a letter from the Australian Taxation
 Office stating the purchaser is registered with a date of effect of registration on or before
 completion, the depositholder is to pay the retention sum to the purchaser; but
 - if the purchaser does not *serve* that letter *within* 3 months of completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the vendor; and
 - 13.4.4 if the vendor, despite clause 13.4.1, *serves* a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the vendor has to pay GST on the supply, the purchaser must pay to the vendor on demand the amount of GST assessed.
- 13.5 *Normally*, the vendor promises the margin scheme will not apply to the supply of the *property*.
- 13.6 If this contract says the margin scheme is to apply in making the taxable supply, the *parties* agree that the margin scheme is to apply to the sale of the *property*.
- 13.7 If this contract says the sale is not a taxable supply
 - 13.7.1 the purchaser promises that the *property* will not be used and represents that the purchaser does not intend the *property* (or any part of the *property*) to be used in a way that could make the sale a taxable supply to any extent; and
 - the purchaser must pay the vendor on completion in addition to the price an amount calculated by multiplying the price by the *GST rate* if this sale is a taxable supply to any extent because of
 - a breach of clause 13.7.1; or
 - something else known to the purchaser but not the vendor.
- 13.8 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply in full and does not say the margin scheme applies to the *property*, the vendor must pay the purchaser on completion an amount of one-eleventh of the price if –

- 13.8.1 this sale is not a taxable supply in full; or
- 13.8.2 the margin scheme applies to the *property* (or any part of the *property*).
- 13.9 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply to an extent -
 - 13.9.1 clause 13.7.1 does not apply to any part of the *property* which is identified as being a taxable supply; and
 - the payments mentioned in clauses 13.7 and 13.8 are to be recalculated by multiplying the relevant payment by the proportion of the price which represents the value of that part of the *property* to which the clause applies (the proportion to be expressed as a number between 0 and 1). Any evidence of value must be obtained at the expense of the vendor.
- 13.10 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must give the recipient of the supply a tax invoice for any taxable supply by the vendor by or under this contract.
- 13.11 The vendor does not have to give the purchaser a tax invoice if the margin scheme applies to a taxable supply.
- 13.12 If the vendor is liable for GST on rents or profits due to issuing an invoice or receiving consideration before completion, any adjustment of those amounts must exclude an amount equal to the vendor's GST liability.
- 13.13 If the purchaser must make a GSTRW payment the purchaser must
 - 13.13.1 at least 5 days before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of a *GSTRW payment* notification form to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under clause 4.3 has been *served*, by the transferee named in the transfer *served* with that direction;
 - 13.13.2 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *GSTRW payment* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
 - 13.13.3 forward the settlement cheque to the payee immediately after completion; and
 - 13.13.4 serve evidence of receipt of payment of the GSTRW payment and a copy of the settlement date confirmation form submitted to the Australian Taxation Office.

14 Adjustments

- 14.1 *Normally*, the vendor is entitled to the rents and profits and will be liable for all rates, water, sewerage and drainage service and usage charges, land tax, levies and all other periodic outgoings up to and including the *adjustment date* after which the purchaser will be entitled and liable.
- 14.2 The *parties* must make any necessary adjustment on completion.
- 14.3 If an amount that is adjustable under this contract has been reduced under *legislation*, the *parties* must on completion adjust the reduced amount.
- 14.4 The *parties* must not adjust surcharge land tax (as defined in the Land Tax Act 1956) but must adjust any other land tax for the year current at the *adjustment date*
 - only if land tax has been paid or is payable for the year (whether by the vendor or by a predecessor in title) and this contract says that land tax is adjustable;
 - 14.4.2 by adjusting the amount that would have been payable if at the start of the year -
 - the person who owned the land owned no other land;
 - the land was not subject to a special trust or owned by a non-concessional company; and
 - if the land (or part of it) had no separate taxable value, by calculating its separate taxable value on a proportional area basis.
- 14.5 If any other amount that is adjustable under this contract relates partly to the land and partly to other land, the *parties* must adjust it on a proportional area basis.
- 14.6 *Normally*, the vendor can direct the purchaser to produce a *settlement cheque* on completion to pay an amount adjustable under this contract and if so
 - 14.6.1 the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
 - the *cheque* must be forwarded to the payee immediately after completion (by the purchaser if the *cheque* relates only to the *property* or by the vendor in any other case).
- 14.7 If on completion the last bill for a water, sewerage or drainage usage charge is for a period ending before the *adjustment date*, the vendor is liable for an amount calculated by dividing the bill by the number of days in the period then multiplying by the number of unbilled days up to and including the *adjustment date*.
- 14.8 The vendor is liable for any amount recoverable for work started on or before the contract date on the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road.

15 Date for completion

The *parties* must complete by the date for completion and, if they do not, a *party* can *serve* a notice to complete if that *party* is otherwise entitled to do so.

16 Completion

Vendor

- 16.1 On completion the vendor must give the purchaser any document of title that relates only to the property.
- 16.2 If on completion the vendor has possession or control of a *document of title* that relates also to other property, the vendor must produce it as and where necessary.
- 16.3 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must cause the legal title to the *property* (being an estate in fee simple) to pass to the purchaser free of any mortgage or other interest, subject to any necessary registration.
- 16.4 The legal title to the *property* does not pass before completion.

- 16.5 If the vendor gives the purchaser a document (other than the transfer) that needs to be lodged for registration, the vendor must pay the lodgment fee to the purchaser.
- 16.6 If a *party serves* a land tax certificate showing a charge on any of the land, by completion the vendor must do all things and pay all money required so that the charge is no longer effective against the land.

Purchaser

- On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor, by cash (up to \$2,000) or settlement cheque 16.7.1 the price less any:
 - deposit paid;
 - FRCGW remittance payable;
 - GSTRW payment, and
 - amount payable by the vendor to the purchaser under this contract; and
 - any other amount payable by the purchaser under this contract.
- 16.8 If the vendor requires more than 5 settlement cheques, the vendor must pay \$10 for each extra cheque.
- 16.9 If any of the deposit is not covered by a bond or guarantee, on completion the purchaser must give the vendor an order signed by the purchaser authorising the *depositholder* to account to the vendor for the deposit.
- 16.10 On completion the deposit belongs to the vendor.

• Place for completion

- 16.11 Normally, the parties must complete at the completion address, which is -
 - 16.11.1 if a special completion address is stated in this contract that address; or
 - 16.11.2 if none is stated, but a first mortgagee is disclosed in this contract and the mortgagee would usually discharge the mortgage at a particular place that place; or
 - 16.11.3 in any other case the vendor's solicitor's address stated in this contract.
- 16.12 The vendor by reasonable notice can require completion at another place, if it is in NSW, but the vendor must pay the purchaser's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.
- 16.13 If the purchaser requests completion at a place that is not the completion address, and the vendor agrees, the purchaser must pay the vendor's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.

17 Possession

- 17.1 *Normally*, the vendor must give the purchaser vacant possession of the *property* on completion.
- 17.2 The vendor does not have to give vacant possession if
 - 17.2.1 this contract says that the sale is subject to existing tenancies; and
 - the contract discloses the provisions of the tenancy (for example, by attaching a copy of the lease and any relevant memorandum or variation).
- 17.3 Normally, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) or rescind if any of the land is affected by a protected tenancy (a tenancy affected by Schedule 2, Part 7 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010).

18 Possession before completion

- 18.1 This clause applies only if the vendor gives the purchaser possession of the *property* before completion.
- 18.2 The purchaser must not before completion
 - 18.2.1 let or part with possession of any of the *property*;
 - 18.2.2 make any change or structural alteration or addition to the *property*; or
 - 18.2.3 contravene any agreement between the *parties* or any direction, document, *legislation*, notice or order affecting the *property*.
- 18.3 The purchaser must until completion -
 - 18.3.1 keep the *property* in good condition and repair having regard to its condition at the giving of possession; and
 - 18.3.2 allow the vendor or the vendor's authorised representative to enter and inspect it at all reasonable times.
- 18.4 The risk as to damage to the *property* passes to the purchaser immediately after the purchaser enters into possession.
- 18.5 If the purchaser does not comply with this clause, then without affecting any other right of the vendor
 - 18.5.1 the vendor can before completion, without notice, remedy the non-compliance; and
 - 18.5.2 if the vendor pays the expense of doing this, the purchaser must pay it to the vendor with interest at the rate prescribed under s101 Civil Procedure Act 2005.
- 18.6 If this contract is rescinded or terminated the purchaser must immediately vacate the property.
- 18.7 If the parties or their solicitors on their behalf do not agree in writing to a fee or rent, none is payable.

19 Rescission of contract

- 19.1 If this contract expressly gives a party a right to rescind, the party can exercise the right
 - 19.1.1 only by serving a notice before completion; and
 - in spite of any making of a claim or *requisition*, any attempt to satisfy a claim or *requisition*, any arbitration, litigation, mediation or negotiation or any giving or taking of possession.
- 19.2 Normally, if a party exercises a right to rescind expressly given by this contract or any legislation
 - 19.2.1 the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract must be refunded;
 - 19.2.2 a party can claim for a reasonable adjustment if the purchaser has been in possession;
 - 19.2.3 a party can claim for damages, costs or expenses arising out of a breach of this contract; and
 - 19.2.4 a *party* will not otherwise be liable to pay the other *party* any damages, costs or expenses.

20 Miscellaneous

- 20.1 The *parties* acknowledge that anything stated in this contract to be attached was attached to this contract by the vendor before the purchaser signed it and is part of this contract.
- 20.2 Anything attached to this contract is part of this contract.
- 20.3 An area, bearing or dimension in this contract is only approximate.
- 20.4 If a party consists of 2 or more persons, this contract benefits and binds them separately and together.
- 20.5 A *party's solicitor* can receive any amount payable to the *party* under this contract or direct in writing that it is to be paid to another person.
- 20.6 A document under or relating to this contract is
 - signed by a *party* if it is signed by the *party* or the *party*'s *solicitor* (apart from a direction under clause 4.3);
 - 20.6.2 served if it is served by the party or the party's solicitor,
 - 20.6.3 served if it is served on the party's solicitor, even if the party has died or any of them has died;
 - 20.6.4 served if it is served in any manner provided in s170 of the Conveyancing Act 1919;
 - 20.6.5 served if it is sent by email or fax to the party's solicitor, unless in either case it is not received;
 - 20.6.6 served on a person if it (or a copy of it) comes into the possession of the person; and
 - 20.6.7 served at the earliest time it is served, if it is served more than once.
- 20.7 An obligation to pay an expense of another party of doing something is an obligation to pay
 - 20.7.1 if the party does the thing personally the reasonable cost of getting someone else to do it; or
 - 20.7.2 if the *party* pays someone else to do the thing the amount paid, to the extent it is reasonable.
- 20.8 Rights under clauses 11, 13, 14, 17, 24, 30 and 31 continue after completion, whether or not other rights continue.
- 20.9 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that the purchaser has any cooling off rights.
- 20.10 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that any attached survey report is accurate or current.
- 20.11 A reference to any *legislation* (including any percentage or rate specified in *legislation*) is also a reference to any corresponding later *legislation*.
- 20.12 Each party must do whatever is necessary after completion to carry out the party's obligations under this contract.
- 20.13 Neither taking possession nor serving a transfer of itself implies acceptance of the property or the title.
- 20.14 The details and information provided in this contract (for example, on pages 1 3) are, to the extent of each party's knowledge, true, and are part of this contract.
- 20.15 Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked.

21 Time limits in these provisions

- 21.1 If the time for something to be done or to happen is not stated in these provisions, it is a reasonable time.
- 21.2 If there are conflicting times for something to be done or to happen, the latest of those times applies.
- 21.3 The time for one thing to be done or to happen does not extend the time for another thing to be done or to happen.
- 21.4 If the time for something to be done or to happen is the 29th, 30th or 31st day of a month, and the day does not exist, the time is instead the last day of the month.
- 21.5 If the time for something to be done or to happen is a day that is not a *business day*, the time is extended to the next *business day*, except in the case of clauses 2 and 3.2.
- 21.6 Normally, the time by which something must be done is fixed but not essential.

22 Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975

- The purchaser promises that the Commonwealth Treasurer cannot prohibit and has not prohibited the transfer under the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975.
- 22.2 This promise is essential and a breach of it entitles the vendor to *terminate*.

23 Strata or community title

• Definitions and modifications

- 23.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) is a lot in a strata, neighbourhood, precinct or community scheme (or on completion is to be a lot in a scheme of that kind).
- 23.2 In this contract -
 - 23.2.1 'change', in relation to a scheme, means -
 - a registered or registrable change from by-laws set out in this contract;
 - a change from a development or management contract or statement set out in this contract; or
 - a change in the boundaries of common property;
 - 23.2.2 'common property' includes association property for the scheme or any higher scheme;
 - 23.2.3 'contribution' includes an amount payable under a by-law;
 - 23.2.4 'information certificate' includes a certificate under s184 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and s26 Community Land Management Act 1989;
 - 23.2.5 'information notice' includes a strata information notice under s22 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and a notice under s47 Community Land Management Act 1989;

- 23.2.6 'normal expenses', in relation to an owners corporation for a scheme, means normal operating expenses usually payable from the administrative fund of an owners corporation for a scheme of the same kind;
- 23.2.7 'owners corporation' means the owners corporation or the association for the scheme or any higher scheme:
- 23.2.8 'the property' includes any interest in common property for the scheme associated with the lot; and
- 23.2.9 'special expenses', in relation to an owners corporation, means its actual, contingent or expected expenses, except to the extent they are
 - normal expenses;
 - due to fair wear and tear;
 - disclosed in this contract; or
 - covered by moneys held in the capital works fund.
- 23.3 Clauses 11, 14.8 and 18.4 do not apply to an obligation of the owners corporation, or to property insurable by
- 23.4 Clauses 14.4.2 and 14.5 apply but on a unit entitlement basis instead of an area basis.

Adjustments and liability for expenses

- 23.5 The parties must adjust under clause 14.1
 - 23.5.1 a regular periodic contribution;
 - 23.5.2 a contribution which is not a regular periodic contribution but is disclosed in this contract; and
 - 23.5.3 on a unit entitlement basis, any amount paid by the vendor for a normal expense of the owners corporation to the extent the owners corporation has not paid the amount to the vendor.
- 23.6 If a contribution is not a regular periodic contribution and is not disclosed in this contract
 - 23.6.1 the vendor is liable for it if it was determined on or before the contract date, even if it is payable by instalments; and
 - 23.6.2 the purchaser is liable for all contributions determined after the contract date.
- 23.7 The vendor must pay or allow to the purchaser on completion the amount of any unpaid contributions for which the vendor is liable under clause 23.6.1.
- 23.8 Normally, the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of
 - 23.8.1 an existing or future actual, contingent or expected expense of the owners corporation;
 - 23.8.2 a proportional unit entitlement of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot, apart from a claim under clause 6: or
 - 23.8.3 a past or future change in the scheme or a higher scheme.
- 23.9 However, the purchaser can rescind if -
 - 23.9.1 the special expenses of the owners corporation at the later of the contract date and the creation of the owners corporation when calculated on a unit entitlement basis (and, if more than one lot or a higher scheme is involved, added together), less any contribution paid by the vendor, are more than 1% of the price;
 - 23.9.2 in the case of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot in a higher scheme, a proportional unit entitlement for the lot is disclosed in this contract but the lot has a different proportional unit entitlement at the contract date or at any time before completion;
 - 23.9.3 a change before the contract date or before completion in the scheme or a higher scheme materially prejudices the purchaser and is not disclosed in this contract; or
 - 23.9.4 a resolution is passed by the owners corporation before the contract date or before completion to give to the owners in the scheme for their consideration a strata renewal plan that has not lapsed at the contract date and there is not attached to this contract a strata renewal proposal or the strata renewal plan.

• Notices, certificates and inspections

- 23.10 The purchaser must give the vendor 2 copies of an information notice addressed to the owners corporation and signed by the purchaser.
- 23.11 The vendor must complete and sign 1 copy of the notice and give it to the purchaser on completion.
- 23.12 Each party can sign and give the notice as agent for the other.
- 23.13 The vendor must *serve* an information certificate issued after the contract date in relation to the lot, the scheme or any higher scheme at least 7 days before the date for completion.
- 23.14 The purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after *service* of the certificate and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision. On completion the purchaser must pay the vendor the prescribed fee for the certificate.
- 23.15 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for the purchaser's own certificate.
- 23.16 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for and make an inspection of any record or other document in the custody or control of the owners corporation or relating to the scheme or any higher scheme.

• Meetings of the owners corporation

- 23.17 If a general meeting of the owners corporation is convened before completion
 - 23.17.1 if the vendor receives notice of it, the vendor must immediately notify the purchaser of it; and
 - 23.17.2 after the expiry of any cooling off period, the purchaser can require the vendor to appoint the purchaser (or the purchaser's nominee) to exercise any voting rights of the vendor in respect of the lot at the meeting.

24 Tenancies

- 24.1 If a tenant has not made a payment for a period preceding or current at the adjustment date
 - 24.1.1 for the purposes of clause 14.2, the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
 - 24.1.2 the purchaser assigns the debt to the vendor on completion and will if required give a further assignment at the vendor's expense.
- 24.2 If a tenant has paid in advance of the *adjustment date* any periodic payment in addition to rent, it must be adjusted as if it were rent for the period to which it relates.
- 24.3 If the property is to be subject to a tenancy on completion or is subject to a tenancy on completion
 - 24.3.1 the vendor authorises the purchaser to have any accounting records relating to the tenancy inspected and audited and to have any other document relating to the tenancy inspected;
 - 24.3.2 the vendor must *serve* any information about the tenancy reasonably requested by the purchaser before or after completion; and
 - 24.3.3 normally, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) if
 - a disclosure statement required by the Retail Leases Act 1994 was not given when required;
 - such a statement contained information that was materially false or misleading;
 - a provision of the lease is not enforceable because of a non-disclosure in such a statement; or
 - the lease was entered into in contravention of the Retail Leases Act 1994.
- 24.4 If the *property* is subject to a tenancy on completion
 - 24.4.1 the vendor must allow or transfer
 - any remaining bond money or any other security against the tenant's default (to the extent the security is transferable);
 - any money in a fund established under the lease for a purpose and compensation for any money in the fund or interest earnt by the fund that has been applied for any other purpose;
 and
 - any money paid by the tenant for a purpose that has not been applied for that purpose and compensation for any of the money that has been applied for any other purpose;
 - 24.4.2 if the security is not transferable, each *party* must do everything reasonable to cause a replacement security to issue for the benefit of the purchaser and the vendor must hold the original security on trust for the benefit of the purchaser until the replacement security issues;
 - 24.4.3 the vendor must give to the purchaser
 - a proper notice of the transfer (an attornment notice) addressed to the tenant;
 - any certificate given under the Retail Leases Act 1994 in relation to the tenancy;
 - a copy of any disclosure statement given under the Retail Leases Act 1994;
 - a copy of any document served on the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion; and
 - any document served by the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion;
 - 24.4.4 the vendor must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent it is to be complied with by completion; and
 - 24.4.5 the purchaser must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent that the obligation is disclosed in this contract and is to be complied with after completion.

25 Qualified title, limited title and old system title

- 25.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) -
 - 25.1.1 is under qualified, limited or old system title; or
 - 25.1.2 on completion is to be under one of those titles.
- 25.2 The vendor must serve a proper abstract of title within 7 days after the contract date.
- 25.3 If an abstract of title or part of an abstract of title is attached to this contract or has been lent by the vendor to the purchaser before the contract date, the abstract or part is *served* on the contract date.
- 25.4 An abstract of title can be or include a list of documents, events and facts arranged (apart from a will or codicil) in date order, if the list in respect of each document
 - 25.4.1 shows its date, general nature, names of parties and any registration number; and
 - 25.4.2 has attached a legible photocopy of it or of an official or registration copy of it.
- 25.5 An abstract of title -
 - 25.5.1 must start with a good root of title (if the good root of title must be at least 30 years old, this means 30 years old at the contract date);
 - 25.5.2 in the case of a leasehold interest, must include an abstract of the lease and any higher lease;
 - 25.5.3 *normally*, need not include a Crown grant; and
 - 25.5.4 need not include anything evidenced by the Register kept under the Real Property Act 1900.
- 25.6 In the case of land under old system title -
 - 25.6.1 in this contract 'transfer' means conveyance;
 - 25.6.2 the purchaser does not have to *serve* the form of transfer until after the vendor has *served* a proper abstract of title; and
 - 25.6.3 each vendor must give proper covenants for title as regards that vendor's interest.
- 25.7 In the case of land under limited title but not under qualified title –

- 25.7.1 *normally*, the abstract of title need not include any document which does not show the location, area or dimensions of the land (for example, by including a metes and bounds description or a plan of the land):
- 25.7.2 clause 25.7.1 does not apply to a document which is the good root of title; and
- 25.7.3 the vendor does not have to provide an abstract if this contract contains a delimitation plan (whether in registrable form or not).
- 25.8 The vendor must give a proper covenant to produce where relevant.
- 25.9 The vendor does not have to produce or covenant to produce a document that is not in the possession of the vendor or a mortgagee.
- 25.10 If the vendor is unable to produce an original document in the chain of title, the purchaser will accept a photocopy from the Registrar-General of the registration copy of that document.

26 Crown purchase money

- 26.1 This clause applies only if purchase money is payable to the Crown, whether or not due for payment.
- 26.2 The vendor is liable for the money, except to the extent this contract says the purchaser is liable for it.
- 26.3 To the extent the vendor is liable for it, the vendor is liable for any interest until completion.
- 26.4 To the extent the purchaser is liable for it, the parties must adjust any interest under clause 14.1.

27 Consent to transfer

- 27.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) cannot be transferred without consent under *legislation* or a *planning agreement*.
- The purchaser must properly complete and then *serve* the purchaser's part of an application for consent to transfer of the land (or part of it) *within* 7 days after the contract date.
- 27.3 The vendor must apply for consent within 7 days after service of the purchaser's part.
- 27.4 If consent is refused, either party can rescind.
- 27.5 If consent is given subject to one or more conditions that will substantially disadvantage a *party*, then that *party* can *rescind within* 7 days after receipt by or *service* upon the *party* of written notice of the conditions.
- 27.6 If consent is not given or refused -
 - 27.6.1 *within* 42 days after the purchaser *serves* the purchaser's part of the application, the purchaser can *rescind*; or
 - 27.6.2 within 30 days after the application is made, either party can rescind.
- 27.7 Each period in clause 27.6 becomes 90 days if the land (or part of it) is -
 - 27.7.1 under a planning agreement; or
 - 27.7.2 in the Western Division.
- 27.8 If the land (or part of it) is described as a lot in an unregistered plan, each time in clause 27.6 becomes the later of the time and 35 days after creation of a separate folio for the lot.
- 27.9 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 14 days after *service* of the notice granting consent to transfer.

28 Unregistered plan

- 28.1 This clause applies only if some of the land is described as a lot in an unregistered plan.
- 28.2 The vendor must do everything reasonable to have the plan registered within 6 months after the contract date, with or without any minor alteration to the plan or any document to be lodged with the plan validly required or made under legislation.
- 28.3 If the plan is not registered within that time and in that manner -
 - 28.3.1 the purchaser can rescind; and
 - 28.3.2 the vendor can *rescind*, but only if the vendor has complied with clause 28.2 and with any *legislation* governing the rescission.
- 28.4 Either party can serve notice of the registration of the plan and every relevant lot and plan number.
- 28.5 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after *service* of the notice.
- 28.6 Clauses 28.2 and 28.3 apply to another plan that is to be registered before the plan is registered.

29 Conditional contract

- 29.1 This clause applies only if a provision says this contract or completion is conditional on an event.
- 29.2 If the time for the event to happen is not stated, the time is 42 days after the contract date.
- 29.3 If this contract says the provision is for the benefit of a party, then it benefits only that party.
- 29.4 If anything is necessary to make the event happen, each *party* must do whatever is reasonably necessary to cause the event to happen.
- 29.5 A party can rescind under this clause only if the party has substantially complied with clause 29.4.
- 29.6 If the event involves an approval and the approval is given subject to a condition that will substantially disadvantage a *party* who has the benefit of the provision, the *party* can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party* serves notice of the condition.
- 29.7 If the parties can lawfully complete without the event happening
 - 29.7.1 if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after the end of that time;
 - 29.7.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party serves* notice of the refusal; and

- 29.7.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after the earliest of
 - either party serving notice of the event happening;
 - every party who has the benefit of the provision serving notice waiving the provision; or
 - the end of the time for the event to happen.
- 29.8 If the parties cannot lawfully complete without the event happening
 - 29.8.1 if the event does not happen within the time for it to happen, either party can rescind;
 - 29.8.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, either *party* can *rescind*:
 - 29.8.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after either *party* serves notice of the event happening.
- 29.9 A party cannot rescind under clauses 29.7 or 29.8 after the event happens.

30 Electronic transaction

- 30.1 This Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as an electronic transaction if -
 - 30.1.1 this contract says that it is an *electronic transaction*;
 - 30.1.2 the parties otherwise agree that it is to be conducted as an electronic transaction; or
 - 30.1.3 the conveyancing rules require it to be conducted as an electronic transaction.
- 30.2 However, this Conveyancing Transaction is not to be conducted as an electronic transaction
 - 30.2.1 if the land is not *electronically tradeable* or the transfer is not eligible to be lodged electronically; or
 - 30.2.2 if, at any time after the *effective date*, but at least 14 days before the date for completion, a *party* serves a notice stating a valid reason why it cannot be conducted as an *electronic transaction*.
- 30.3 If, because of clause 30.2.2, this *Conveyancing Transaction* is not to be conducted as an *electronic transaction*
 - 30.3.1 each party must -
 - bear equally any disbursements or fees; and
 - otherwise bear that party's own costs;

incurred because this *Conveyancing Transaction* was to be conducted as an *electronic transaction*; and

- 30.3.2 if a *party* has paid all of a disbursement or fee which, by reason of this clause, is to be borne equally by the *parties*, that amount must be adjusted under clause 14.2.
- 30.4 If this Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as an electronic transaction
 - 30.4.1 to the extent that any other provision of this contract is inconsistent with this clause, the provisions of this clause prevail;
 - 30.4.2 normally, words and phrases used in this clause 30 (italicised and in Title Case, such as *Electronic Workspace* and *Lodgment Case*) have the same meaning which they have in the *participation rules*;
 - 30.4.3 the parties must conduct the electronic transaction -
 - in accordance with the participation rules and the ECNL; and
 - using the nominated *ELN*, unless the *parties* otherwise agree;
 - 30.4.4 a *party* must pay the fees and charges payable by that *party* to the *ELNO* and the *Land Registry* as a result of this transaction being an *electronic transaction*;
 - 30.4.5 any communication from one party to another party in the Electronic Workspace made -
 - after the effective date; and
 - before the receipt of a notice given under clause 30.2.2;

is taken to have been received by that *party* at the time determined by s13A of the Electronic Transactions Act 2000; and

- 30.4.6 a document which is an *electronic document* is *served* as soon as it is first *Digitally Signed* in the *Electronic Workspace* on behalf of the *party* required to *serve* it.
- 30.5 Normally, the vendor must within 7 days of the effective date
 - 30.5.1 create an *Electronic Workspace*;
 - 30.5.2 populate the Electronic Workspace with title data, the date for completion and, if applicable, mortgagee details; and
 - 30.5.3 invite the purchaser and any *discharging mortgagee* to the *Electronic Workspace*.
- 30.6 If the vendor has not created an *Electronic Workspace* in accordance with clause 30.5, the purchaser may create an *Electronic Workspace*. If the purchaser creates the *Electronic Workspace* the purchaser must
 - 30.6.1 populate the Electronic Workspace with title data;
 - 30.6.2 create and populate an electronic transfer,
 - 30.6.3 populate the Electronic Workspace with the date for completion and a nominated completion time; and
 - 30.6.4 invite the vendor and any incoming mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace.
- 30.7 Normally, within 7 days of receiving an invitation from the vendor to join the Electronic Workspace, the purchaser must
 - 30.7.1 join the *Electronic Workspace*;
 - 30.7.2 create and populate an electronic transfer,
 - 30.7.3 invite any incoming mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace; and
 - 30.7.4 populate the Electronic Workspace with a nominated completion time.

- 30.8 If the purchaser has created the *Electronic Workspace* the vendor must *within* 7 days of being invited to the *Electronic Workspace*
 - 30.8.1 join the *Electronic Workspace*;
 - 30.8.2 populate the Electronic Workspace with mortgagee details, if applicable; and
 - 30.8.3 invite any discharging mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace.
- 30.9 To complete the financial settlement schedule in the Electronic Workspace
 - 30.9.1 the purchaser must provide the vendor with *adjustment figures* at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion;
 - 30.9.2 the vendor must confirm the *adjustment figures* at least 1 *business day* before the date for completion; and
 - 30.9.3 if the purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment* or an *FRCGW remittance*, the purchaser must populate the *Electronic Workspace* with the payment details for the *GSTRW payment* or *FRCGW remittance* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation at least 2 business days before the date for completion.
- 30.10 Before completion, the parties must ensure that -
 - 30.10.1 all electronic documents which a party must Digitally Sign to complete the electronic transaction are populated and Digitally Signed;
 - 30.10.2 all certifications required by the ECNL are properly given; and
 - 30.10.3 they do everything else in the *Electronic Workspace* which that *party* must do to enable the *electronic transaction* to proceed to completion.
- 30.11 If completion takes place in the *Electronic Workspace*
 - 30.11.1 payment electronically on completion of the price in accordance with clause 16.7 is taken to be payment by a single *settlement cheque*;
 - 30.11.2 the completion address in clause 16.11 is the Electronic Workspace; and
 - 30.11.3 clauses 13.13.2 to 13.13.4, 16.8, 16.12, 16.13 and 31.2.2 to 31.2.4 do not apply.
- 30.12 If the computer systems of any of the *Land Registry*, the *ELNO* or the Reserve Bank of Australia are inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties*, a failure to complete this contract for that reason is not a default under this contract on the part of either *party*.
- 30.13 If the computer systems of the *Land Registry* are inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties*, and the *parties* choose that financial settlement is to occur despite this, then on financial settlement occurring
 - 30.13.1 all *electronic documents Digitally Signed* by the vendor, the *certificate of title* and any discharge of mortgage, withdrawal of caveat or other *electronic document* forming part of the *Lodgment Case* for the *electronic transaction* shall be taken to have been unconditionally and irrevocably delivered to the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee at the time of financial settlement together with the right to deal with the land comprised in the *certificate of title*; and
 - 30.13.2 the vendor shall be taken to have no legal or equitable interest in the property.
- 30.14 A party who holds a certificate of title must act in accordance with any Prescribed Requirement in relation to the certificate of title but if there is no Prescribed Requirement, the vendor must serve the certificate of title after completion.
- 30.15 If the *parties* do not agree about the delivery before completion of one or more documents or things that cannot be delivered through the *Electronic Workspace*, the *party* required to deliver the documents or things 30.15.1 holds them on completion in escrow for the benefit of; and
 - 30.15.2 must immediately after completion deliver the documents or things to, or as directed by; the *party* entitled to them.
- 30.16 In this clause 30, these terms (in any form) mean -

adjustment figures details of the adjustments to be made to the price under clause 14; certificate of title the paper duplicate of the folio of the register for the land which exists

immediately prior to completion and, if more than one, refers to each such paper

duplicate;

completion time the time of day on the date for completion when the electronic transaction is to be

settled;

conveyancing rules the rules made under s12E of the Real Property Act 1900;

discharging mortgagee any discharging mortgagee, chargee, covenant chargee or caveator whose

provision of a *Digitally Signed* discharge of mortgage, discharge of charge or withdrawal of caveat is required in order for unencumbered title to the *property* to

be transferred to the purchaser;

ECNL the Electronic Conveyancing National Law (NSW);

effective date the date on which the Conveyancing Transaction is agreed to be an electronic

transaction under clause 30.1.2 or, if clauses 30.1.1 or 30.1.3 apply, the contract

date;

electronic document a dealing as defined in the Real Property Act 1900 which may be created and

Digitally Signed in an Electronic Workspace;

electronic transfer a transfer of land under the Real Property Act 1900 for the property to be

prepared and Digitally Signed in the Electronic Workspace established for the

purposes of the parties' Conveyancing Transaction;

electronic transaction a Conveyancing Transaction to be conducted for the parties by their legal

representatives as Subscribers using an ELN and in accordance with the ECNL

and the participation rules:

electronically tradeable a land title that is Electronically Tradeable as that term is defined in the

conveyancing rules;

incoming mortgagee any mortgagee who is to provide finance to the purchaser on the security of the

property and to enable the purchaser to pay the whole or part of the price; the details which a party to the electronic transaction must provide about any

discharging mortgagee of the property as at completion;

participation rules the participation rules as determined by the ECNL; populate to complete data fields in the Electronic Workspace; and

title data the details of the title to the property made available to the Electronic Workspace

by the Land Registry.

31 Foreign Resident Capital Gains Withholding

31.1 This clause applies only if -

mortgagee details

- 31.1.1 the sale is not an excluded transaction within the meaning of s14-215 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act*; and
- 31.1.2 a clearance certificate in respect of every vendor is not attached to this contract.

31.2 The purchaser must -

- 31.2.1 at least 5 days before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of a purchaser payment notification to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under clause 4.3 has been *served*, by the transferee named in the transfer *served* with that direction;
- 31.2.2 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *FRCGW remittance* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
- 31.2.3 forward the settlement cheque to the payee immediately after completion; and
- 31.2.4 serve evidence of receipt of payment of the FRCGW remittance.
- 31.3 The vendor cannot refuse to complete if the purchaser complies with clauses 31.2.1 and 31.2.2.
- 31.4 If the vendor *serves* any *clearance certificate* or *variation*, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after that *service* and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- 31.5 If the vendor *serves* in respect of every vendor either a *clearance certificate* or a *variation* to 0.00 percent, clauses 31.2 and 31.3 do not apply.

32 Residential off the plan contract

- 32.1 This clause applies if this contract is an off the plan contract within the meaning of Division 10 of Part 4 of the Conveyancing Act 1919 (the Division).
- 32.2 No provision of this contract has the effect of excluding, modifying or restricting the operation of the Division.
- 32.3 If the purchaser makes a claim for compensation under the terms prescribed by clause 6A of the Conveyancing (Sale of Land) Regulation 2017
 - 32.3.1 the purchaser cannot make a claim under this contract about the same subject matter, including a claim under clauses 6 or 7; and
 - 32.3.2 the claim for compensation is not a claim under this contract.
- This clause does not apply to a contract made before the commencement of the amendments to the Division under the Conveyancing Legislation Amendment Act 2018.

SPECIAL CONDITIONS

THESE ARE THE SPECIAL CONDITIONS TO THE CONTRACT FOR THE SALE OF LAND

BETWEEN HAMISH STUART DEANS and MICHELLE NICOLE DEANS

("Vendor")

AND

("Purchaser")

1. Interpretation

- 1.1. If there is any inconsistency between any of the printed clauses of this Contract and these Special Conditions then the provisions of the Special Conditions prevail.
- 1.2. Headings are for ease of reference and do not affect the interpretation of this Contract.

2. Amendments to printed clauses of the Contract:

- 2.1. Clause 7.1.1 is amended to 1% of the purchase price.
- 2.2. Clauses 23.13 to be deleted and replaced with the words:
 - "The Purchaser must obtain an information certificate as defined in Clause 23.2.4 and serve it on the Vendor at least 7 days prior to completion".
- 2.3. Clause 23.14 to be deleted.
- 2.4. Clause 31.4 to be amended by replace the words "7 days" with "2 business days".
- 2.5. Clause 25 to be deleted.

3. Vendor's Title

The Purchaser acknowledges that this Contract sets out a sufficient statement of the Vendor's title and the Purchaser shall not be entitled to require the Vendor to serve any further statement of the Vendor's title to the Purchaser.

4. Agent

The Purchaser warrants that the Purchaser was not introduced to the Vendor or the property by or through the medium of any real estate agent or any employee of any real estate agent or any person having any connection with a real estate agent who may be entitled to claim a commission as a result of this sale other than the Vendor's agent, if any, referred to in this Contract AND the Purchaser agrees that he will at all times indemnify and keep indemnified the Vendor from and against any claim whatsoever for commission which may be made by any real estate agent or other person arising out of or in connection with the Purchasers breach of this warranty AND it is hereby agreed and declared that this

clause shall not merge in the transfer upon completion or be extinguished by completion of this Contract and shall continue in full force and effect not withstanding completion.

5. Late completion

- 5.1. In the event that the Purchaser does not complete this Contract on or before the completion date, and provided that the Vendor is ready, willing and able to complete the Contract, then the Purchaser shall from the date of completion pay interest on the balance purchase price at the rate of 10% per annum until actual completion.
- 5.2. The Purchaser must pay to the Vendor's Solicitors the sum of \$330.00 (inclusive of GST) on account of the additional legal fees incurred as a result of the delay.
- 5.3. The Purchaser acknowledges that the payment of the liquidated damages referred to herein is contemporaneous with the payment of the purchase price on settlement. It is agreed that the amount payable pursuant to this provision is a genuine preestimate of the Vendor's loss of interest for the purchase money and liability for rates and other outgoings.
- 5.4. This provision does not affect the Vendor's right against the Purchaser to recover any other damages.

6. Notice Period

The parties agree that 14 days shall be reasonable notice for the purpose of any notice served by either party, including a Notice to Complete making time of the essence.

7. Electronic Conveyancing Transaction (PEXA)

Settlement of this Contract is to take place on the PEXA Platform. Despite any other provision in this Contract, if the Purchaser is unable or unwilling to conduct the settlement of this transaction on PEXA, the Purchaser will pay to the Vendor an amount of \$330.00 as reimbursement of the Vendor's additional legal expenses for arranging a paper settlement. This clause is an essential term of the Contract.

8. Condition and state of repair of the property

The Purchaser acknowledges that they are purchasing the property and inclusions:

- 8.1. In its present condition and state of repair.
- 8.2. Subject to all defects latent and patent.
- 8.3. Subject to any infestations and dilapidation.
- 8.4. Subject to all existing water, sewerage, drainage and plumbing services and connections in respect of the property.
- 8.5. Subject to any non-compliance, that is disclosed herein, with the Local Government Act or any Ordinance under that Act in respect of any building on the land.

The Purchaser agrees not to seek to terminate rescind or make any objection requisition or claim for compensation arising out of any of the matters covered by this Special Condition nor require the Vendor to carry out any repairs or alterations to the property.

9. Death or incapacity

Notwithstanding any rule of law or equity to the contrary, should either party (or if more than one any one of them) prior to completion die or become mentally ill (as defined in the Mental Health Act) then the other party may rescind this Contract by notice in writing forwarded to the other party and thereupon this Contract shall be at an end and the provisions of clause 19 hereof shall apply.

10. Claims by Purchaser

Notwithstanding the provisions of Clauses 6 and 7 hereof, the parties expressly agree that any claim for compensation shall be deemed to be an objection or requisition for the purposes of Clause 7 and 8 entitling the Vendor to rescind this Contract.

11. Payment of deposit by instalments

- 11.1 With the prior written consent of the Vendor and notwithstanding any other clause in this Contract to the contrary, the parties agree that it is an essential term of this Contract that the deposit be paid in the following manner:
 - 11.1.1 the sum of \$, being 0.25% of the purchase price, on or before the making of this Contract; and
 - 11.1.2 the sum of \$, being the balance of the 10% deposit, on or before the expiration of the cooling off period.

12. Release of Deposit

- 12.1. The Purchaser agrees to release so much of the deposit as is required by the Vendor as a deposit and/or stamp duty for the Vendor's own purchase.
- 12.2. If an amount is released under this Special Condition for use as a deposit, it must be paid into the trust account of a licensed Real Estate Agent, Solicitor or Licensed Conveyancer.

13. Requisitions

The Purchaser agrees that the only form of requisitions on title the Purchaser shall be entitled to serve pursuant to Clause 5 of the Contract, are those in the form of the Requisitions on Title annexed to this Contract.

14. Electronic Execution and Exchange

The parties hereto agree to exchange PDF copies of the Contract for Sale by way of email PROVIDED THAT the original Contract for Sale signed by that party is provided to the other party within seven (7) days hereof EXCEPT THAT if the any of the parties have electronically signed the Contract using DocuSign, no original Contract is required to be posted following exchange.

15. Limited Title

The title of the subject property is Torrens title subject to a limitation pursuant to Section 28T(4) of the Real Property Act 1990. The Purchaser shall not make any requisition, objection or claim for compensation nor have any right of rescission in respect of the limitation nor shall the Purchaser require the Vendor to abstract or prove old system title in relation to the property.



NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: 3/163644

LAND

LOT 3 IN DEPOSITED PLAN 163644

AT COOMA

LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA SNOWY MONARO REGIONAL PARISH OF COOMA COUNTY OF BERESFORD TITLE DIAGRAM DP163644

FIRST SCHEDULE

HAMISH STUART DEANS
MICHELLE NICOLE DEANS
AS JOINT TENANTS

(T AR282006)

SECOND SCHEDULE (3 NOTIFICATIONS)

- 1 RESERVATIONS AND CONDITIONS IN THE CROWN GRANT(S)
- 2 LIMITED TITLE. LIMITATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 28T(4) OF THE REAL PROPERTY ACT, 1900. THE BOUNDARIES OF THE LAND COMPRISED HEREIN HAVE NOT BEEN INVESTIGATED BY THE REGISTRAR GENERAL.
- 3 AR282007 MORTGAGE TO ING BANK (AUSTRALIA) LIMITED

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***

118830

PRINTED ON 12/11/2021

^{*} Any entries preceded by an asterisk do not appear on the current edition of the Certificate of Title. Warning: the information appearing under notations has not been formally recorded in the Register. InfoTrack an approved NSW Information Broker hereby certifies that the information contained in this document has been provided electronically by the Registrar General in accordance with Section 96B(2) of the Real Property Act 1900.

F P 163644

M.P.S. (0.S.) H122589

Plan Form No. 2 (for Deposited Plan)

Municipality of Cooma Shire of

PLAN

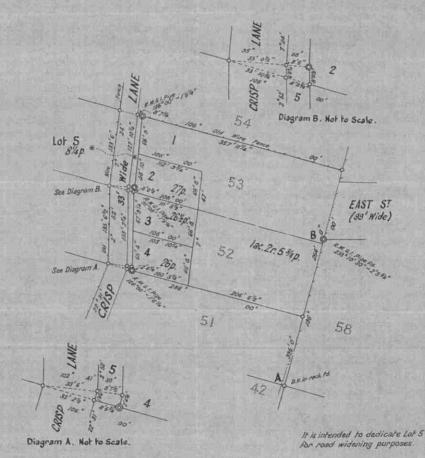
of subdivision of part of Lots 52 & 53 of the Crisp Estate

PARISH OF COOMA

COUNTY OF BERESFORD

Scale 80 feet to an inch

4 ROAD IN IDENING M. P 5 (05) 13644



Approved by Council & Covered by Council Clerk's Certificate

No. 1 of 17 is Council Clerk. TOWN CLERK

Datum line of Azimuth A-B.

DP 163	644	
FEET	INCHES	METRES
7	7 5/8 6 1/4	0.194
1 2	11 1/4 4 1/4	0.591
2 6	5 3/4 4 3/4	0.756
8	0 1/2	2.451
8	6 3/4	2,591
8	7 1/4 7 1/2	2,623
33	8 3/4	2.661
33	0 1/2 2 1/2	10.071
33	6 10 3/4	10.211
58 65	10	17.932
66	8	20.320
66	9 1/4	20.657
100	3 1/4 10 1/4	30.563
111	8 1/2 9 3/4	34.049
127	10 1/4	38.970 40.691
133 135	7 1/4 6 1/2	40.72
206	6 1/2	80.467
357 396	11 1/4	109.099
AC	RD P	SQ M
	- 8 1/4 - 26	208.7
	- 26 1/2	657.6
1	= 27 2 5 3/4	682.9
SEAT		
The second second		

Enquiries Our Ref

1300 345 345

Certificate Number 2551/21 | P/N 209600

Your Ref



InfoTrack Pty Ltd GPO Box 4029 SYDNEY NSW 2001

Planning Certificate - Section 10.7

Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979

Section 10.7(2) Details

In accordance with the requirements of section 10.7(2) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (as amended), the following prescribed matters relate to the land at the date of this certificate.

Certificate Information		
Certificate Number	2551/21	
Certificate Date	18/11/2021	
Your Reference	118830	

Property Description	
Address	76 Hawkins Street COOMA NSW 2630
Land Title	Lot: 3 DP: 163644
Assessment Number	40225815

This certificate provides information on how a property (such as land and buildings) may be used and the limits on its development. The certificate contains information Council is aware of through its records and environmental plans, along with data supplied by the State Government.

Snowy Monaro Regional Council does not accept any liability for anything contained in this certificate which has been supplied by third-party sources and does not warrant the accuracy of the contents.

All users of this certificate must acknowledge that Snowy Monaro Regional Council does not owe them any duty of care and they indemnify Snowy Monaro Regional Council from all claims demands suits actions and proceedings for damages and consequential loss howsoever arising from their use of this certificate and its contents where third-party information is relied upon.

Column 1 Section 10.7(2) (Schedule 4 EP&A Regulation 2000)		Identification of the matter referred to in Column 1 and the extent to which it applies to the land			
1 Names of relevant planning instruments and DCPs					
(1)	The name of each environmental planning instrument that applies to the carrying out of development on the land.	Cooma-Monaro Local Environmental Plan 2013 See Note 6 for list of State Environmental Planning Policies			
(2)	The name of each proposed environmental planning instrument that will apply to the carrying out of development on the land and that is or has been the subject of community consultation or on public exhibition under the Act (unless the Secretary has notified the council that the making of the proposed instrument has been deferred indefinitely or has not been approved).	Nil			
(3)	The name of each development control plan that applies to the carrying out of development on the land.	Cooma-Monaro Shire Development Control Plan 2014 (Amendment 1)			
	onmental planning instrument.	ment includes a planning proposal for a LEP or a draft			
2	Zoning and land use under relevant LEPs				
	ach environmental planning instrument or proposed osed SEPP) that includes the land in any zone (howe	d instrument referred to in clause 1 (other than a SEPP or ver described):			
(a)	the identity of the zone, whether by reference to a name (such as "Residential Zone" or "Heritage Area") or by reference to a number (such as "Zone No 2 (a)"),	R2 Low Density Residential			
(b)	the purposes for which the instrument provides that development may be carried out within the zone without the need for development consent,	See Note 7 – Land Use Table			
(c)	the purposes for which the instrument provides that development may not be carried out within the zone except with development consent,	See Note 7 – Land Use Table			
(d)	the purposes for which the instrument provides that development is prohibited within the zone,	See Note 7 – Land Use Table			
(e)	whether any development standards applying to the land fix minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling-house on the land and, if so, the minimum land dimensions so fixed,	Not Applicable			
(f)	whether the land includes or comprises critical habitat,	No			
(g)	whether the land is in a conservation area (however described),	Not in Heritage Conservation Area			
(h)	whether an item of environmental heritage (however described) is situated on the land.	No Heritage Item			
2A	2A Zoning and land use under State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006				
To th	e extent that the land is within any zone (however c	lescribed) under:			
(a)	Part 3 of the State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006 (the 2006 SEPP), or	N/A			
(b)	a Precinct Plan (within the meaning of the 2006	N/A			

	SEPP), or	
(c)	a proposed Precinct Plan that is or has been the subject of community consultation or on public exhibition under the Act,	
tho r	particulars referred to in clause 2 (a) (h) in relation	to that land (with a reference to "the instrument" in any

the particulars referred to in clause 2 (a)–(h) in relation to that land (with a reference to "the instrument" in any of those paragraphs being read as a reference to Part 3 of the 2006 SEPP, or the Precinct Plan or proposed Precinct Plan, as the case requires).

- 3 Complying Development
- (1) The extent to which the land is land on which complying development may be carried out under each of the codes for complying development because of the provisions of clauses 1.17A(1)(c) to (e), (2), (3) and (4), 1.18 (1) (c3) and 1.19 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.

The following Codes are not applicable to this land:

Rural Housing Code

Commercial and Industrial Alterations Code

Commercial and Industrial (New Buildings and Additions) Code

Container Recycling Facilities Code

The following Codes are applicable to the land and complying development may be carried out on the whole of the land under these Codes:

Housing Code

Housing Alterations Code

General Development Code

Subdivisions Code

Demolition Code

Fire Safety Code

Inland Code

Low Rise Medium Density House Code

The following Codes are applicable to the land but due to the provisions of clauses 1.17A(1)(c) to (e), (2), (3) and (4), 1.18(1)(c3) and 1.19 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes)2008 complying development may only be carried out on part of the land under these Codes:

NIL

The following Codes are applicable to the land but due to the provisions of clauses 1.17A(1)(c) to (e), (2), (3) and (4), 1.18(1)(c3) and 1.19 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes)2008 complying development may not be carried out on the whole of the land under these Codes:

Nil

(2) The extent to which complying development may not be carried out on that land because of the provisions of clauses 1.17A(1)€ to €, (2), (3) and (4), 1.18 (1)(c3) and 1.19 of that Policy and

For the Codes listed above that may only be carried out on part of the land or may not be carried out on any part of the land the reasons why complying development may not be carried out are as follows:

the reasons why it may not be carried out under those clauses. N/A If complying development is permitted on only part of the land due to the above restrictions, the extent to which these restrictions apply to the land can be found on the NSW Planning Portal website maps at www.planningportal.nsw.gov.au. These map(s) are based on the legislated maps/s for Cooma-Monaro Local Environmental Plan 2013, Snowy Rover Local Environment Plan 2013 and Bombala Local Environment Plan 2012 and represent the best information Council has on the extent to which the above restrictions affect this land If the council does not have sufficient Not Applicable (3)information to ascertain the extent to which complying development may or may not be carried out on the land, a statement that a restriction applies to the land, but it may not apply to all of the land, and that council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which complying development may or may not be carried out on the land. See Note 3 at the end of this Certificate for further information. Repealed 4 4A Repealed 4B Annual charges under Local Government Act 1993 for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works In relation to a coastal council—whether the owner (or N/A any previous owner) of the land has consented in writing to the land being subject to annual charges under section 496B of the Local Government Act 1993 for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works (within the meaning of section 553B of that Act). Note. "Existing coastal protection works" are works to reduce the impact of coastal hazards on land (such as seawalls, revetments, groynes and beach nourishment) that existed before the commencement of section 553B of the Local Government Act 1993. 5 Mine subsidence Whether or not the land is proclaimed to be a mine No subsidence district within the meaning of the Coal Mine Subsidence Compensation Act 2017. Road widening and road realignment 6 Whether or not the land is affected by any road widening or road realignment under: (a) Division 2 of Part 3 of the Roads Act 1993, or No (b) any environmental planning instrument, or No any resolution of the council. (c) No 7 Council and other public authority policies on hazard risk restrictions Whether or not the land is affected by a policy:

(a) adopted by the council, or
 (b) adopted by any other public authority and notified to the council for the express purpose of its adoption by that authority being referred to in planning certificates issued by the council,
 that restricts the development of the land because of subsidence, acid sulphate soils or any other risk (other the subsidence, acid sulphate soils or any other risk (other the subsidence, acid sulphate soils or any other risk (other the subsidence, acid sulphate soils or any other risk (other the subsidence, acid sulphate soils or any other risk (other the subsidence, acid sulphate soils or any other risk (other the subsidence, acid sulphate soils or any other risk (other the subsidence, acid sulphate soils or any other risk (other the subsidence, acid sulphate soils or any other risk (other the subsidence).
 Note: Council has recently been provided with mapping in and Energy in conjunction with the NSW Governments relation to the presence of 'Naturally Occurring Asbesto information and the subsidence, acid sulphate subsidence, acid subsidence, acid subsidence, acid sulphate subsidence, acid sulphate subsidence, acid sulphate subsidence, acid sulphate subsidence, acid subsidence, acid sulphate subsidence, acid subsidence, a

No (see Note below)

Council has been advised by the NSW Department of Planning that in accordance with section 4.14 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 Council is required to be satisfied that a development complies with 'Planning for Bushfire Protection 2019' where that development is within land identified as bushfire prone.

that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of land slip, bushfire, tidal inundation, subsidence, acid sulphate soils or any other risk (other than flooding),

Note: Council has recently been provided with mapping information from the Department of Industry – Resources and Energy in conjunction with the NSW Governments Heads of Asbestos Coordination Authorities (HACA) in relation to the presence of 'Naturally Occurring Asbestos' (NOA) within the Shire. The HACA has also published information on what can be done to avoid contact with NOA. This information can be viewed at http://www.resourcesandenergy.nsw.gov.au/miners-and-explorers/safety-and-health/topics/NOA where there is a link to mapping and other information. The HACA has also published information on what can be done to avoid contact with NOA. Council has adopted an Asbestos Policy which includes provisions applicable to NOA. Council was not aware of the presence of NOA in the Shire when this Policy was adopted, and has no knowledge of any confirmed NOA sites. However following receipt of the mapping information Council is currently in the process of developing risk controls, guidance materials and an asbestos management plan in accordance with the adopted Asbestos Policy. The confirmed presence of naturally occurring asbestos on a site may result in restrictions being imposed upon future development of the site in accordance with the provisions of the Asbestos Policy.

7A Flood related development controls information
(1) Whether or not development on that land or part of the land for the purposes of dwelling houses, dual occupancies, multi dwelling housing or residential flat buildings (not including development for the purposes of group homes or seniors housing) is subject to flood related development controls.
(2) Whether or not development on that land or part of the land for any other purpose is subject to flood related development controls.
(2) Words and expressions in this clause have the same meanings as in the standard instrument set out in the

(3) Words and expressions in this clause have the same meanings as in the standard instrument set out in the Standard Instrument (Local Environmental Plans) Order 2006.

8 Land reserved for acquisition

Whether or not any environmental planning instrument or proposed environmental planning instrument referred to in clause 1 makes provision in relation to the acquisition of the land by a public authority, as referred to in section 3.15 of the Act.

Council has not been advised that any environmental planning instrument or proposed environmental planning instrument applying to the land provides for the acquisition of the land by a public authority as referred to in section 3.15 of the Act

9 Contributions plans

The name of each contributions plan applying to the land.

Cooma-Monaro Shire Council Section 7.11
Contributions Plan: (Management and Administration)

9A Biodiversity certified land

If the land is biodiversity certified land under Part 8 of the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016, a statement to that effect. No

Note: Biodiversity certified land includes land certified under Par 7AA of the Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995 that is taken to be certified under Part 8 of the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016.

10 Biodiversity stewardship sites

If the land is a biodiversity stewardship site under a No

biodiversity stewardship agreement under Part 5 of the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016, a statement to that effect (but only if the council has been notified of the existence of the agreement by the Chief Executive of the Office of Environment and Heritage).

Note: Biodiversity stewardship agreements include biobanking agreements under Part 7A of the Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995 that are taken to be biodiversity stewardship agreements under Part 5 of the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016.

10A Native vegetation clearing set asides

If the land contains a set aside area under section 60ZC of the Local Land Services Act 2013, a statement to that effect (but only if the council has been notified of the existence of the set aside area by Local Land Services or it is registered in the public register under that section).

No

11 Bush fire prone land

If any of the land is bush fire prone land (as defined in the Act), a statement that all or, as the case may be, some of the land is bush fire prone land.

If none of the land is bush fire prone land, a statement to that effect.

All of the land is bushfire prone.

Information relied on to answer the above question has been provided to Council by the NSW Rural Fire Service, for more information regarding the above information please contact the NSW Rural Fire Service. (www.rfs.nsw.gov.au)

12 Property vegetation plans

If the land is land to which a property vegetation plan under Part 4 of the Native Vegetation Act 2003 (and that continues in force) applies, a statement to that effect (but only if the council has been notified of the existence of the plan by the person or body that approved the plan under that Act).

No PVP applicable

13 Orders under Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006

Whether an order has been made under the Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006 to carry out work in relation to a tree on the land (but only if the council has been notified of the order).

No

14 Directions under Part 3A

If there is a direction by the Minister in force under section 75P (2) (c1) of the Act that a provision of an environmental planning instrument prohibiting or restricting the carrying out of a project or a stage of a project on the land under Part 4 of the Act does not have effect, a statement to that effect identifying the provision that does not have effect.

No

15 Site compatibility certificates and conditions for seniors housing

If the land is land to which State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004 applies:

(a) a statement of whether there is a current site compatibility certificate (seniors housing), of which the council is aware, in respect of proposed development on the land and, if there is a certificate, the statement is to include: No

	(i) the period for which the certificate is current, and	N/A
	(ii) that a copy may be obtained from the head office of the Department, and	N/A
(b)	a statement setting out any terms of a kind referred to in clause 18(2) of that Policy that have been imposed as a condition of consent to a development application granted after 11 October 2007 in respect of the land.	N/A
16	Site compatibility certificates for infrastructure, so	chools or TAFE establishments
comp comp estab respe	atement of whether there is a valid site atibility certificate (infrastructure), or site atibility certificate (schools or TAFE lishments) of which the council is aware, in ct of proposed development on the land and, if is a certificate, the statement is to include:	No
(a)	the period for which the certificate is valid, and	N/A
(b)	that a copy may be obtained from the head office of the Department.	N/A
17	Site compatibility certificates and conditions for a	ffordable rental housing
(1)	A statement of whether there is a current site compatibility certificate (affordable rental housing), of which the council is aware, in respect of proposed development on the land and, if there is a certificate, the statement is to include:	No
	(a) the period for which the certificate is current, and	N/A
	(b) that a copy may be obtained from the head office of the Department.	N/A
(2)	A statement setting out any terms of a kind referred to in clause 17(1) or 38(1) of State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009 that have been imposed as a condition of consent to a development application in respect of the land.	N/A
18	Paper subdivision information	
(1)	The name of any development plan adopted by a relevant authority that applies to the land or that is proposed to be subject to a consent ballot.	No
(2)	The date of any subdivision order that applies to the land.	No
(3)	Words and expressions used in this clause have the same meaning as they have in Part 16C of this Regulation.	No
19	Site verification certificates	
verific respe	atement of whether there is a current site cation certificate, of which the council is aware, in ct of the land and, if there is a certificate, the ment is to include:	No
(a) Note.	the matter certified by the certificate, and A site verification certificate sets out the	N/A

	Secretary's opinion as to whether the land concerned is or is not biophysical strategic agricultural land or critical industry cluster land-see Division 3 of Part 4AA of State Environmental Planning Policy (Mining, Petroleum Production and Extractive Industries) 2007	
(b)	the date on which the certificate ceases to be current (if any), and	N/A
(c)	that a copy may be obtained from the head office of the Department.	N/A
20	Loose-fill asbestos insulation	
mear Act 1 to be	e land includes any residential premises (within the ning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the Home Building 989) that are listed on the register that is required e maintained under that Division, a statement to effect.	Council is not aware of any residential dwelling erected on this land which has been identified in the Loose-Fill Asbestos Insulation Register as containing loose fill asbestos ceiling insulation. Contact NSW Fair Trading if further information is required.
21	Affected building notices and building product	rectification orders
(1)	A statement of whether there is any affected building notice of which the council is aware that is in force in respect of the land.	No affected building notice.
(2)	A statement of:	
(a)	whether there is any building product rectification order of which the council is aware that is in force in respect of the land and has not been fully complied with, and	No building product rectification order.
(b)	whether any notice of intention to make a building product rectification order of which the council is aware has been given in respect of the land and is outstanding.	No notice of intention to make a building rectification order.
(3)	In this clause:	

affected building notice has the same meaning as in Part 4 of the Building Products (Safety) Act 2017. building product rectification order has the same meaning as in the Building Products (Safety) Act 2017.

Note: The following matters are prescribed by section 59(2) of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997 as additional matters to be specified in a planning certificate:

- (a) that the land to which the certificate relates is significantly contaminated land within the meaning of that Act–if the land (or part of the land) is significantly contaminated land at the date when the certificate is issued,
- (b) that the land to which the certificate relates is subject to a management order within the meaning of that Act—if it is subject to such an order at the date when the certificate is issued,
- (c) that the land to which the certificate relates is the subject of an approved voluntary management proposal within the meaning of that Act–if it is the subject of such an approved proposal at the date when the certificate is issued,
- (d) that the land to which the certificate relates is subject to an ongoing maintenance order within the meaning of that Act–if it is subject to such an order at the date when the certificate is issued,
- (e) that the land to which the certificate relates is the subject of a site audit statement within the meaning of that Act—if a copy of such a statement has been provided at any time to the local authority issuing the certificate.

Contaminated Land

As of the date of this certificate, Council has no records to indicate that the site is potentially contaminated.

It is recommended that you ensure that the land has not in the past been used for certain purposes which could have involved the use of contaminates. A list of potentially contaminating uses is outlined in Attachment "A" to

the end of this planning certificate.

Refer to Cooma Monaro Development Control Plan 2014 / Snowy River Development Control Plan 2013 / Bombala Development Control Plan 2012 – Planning Guidelines prepared by the Environment Protection Authority and the Department of Urban Affairs and Planning (1998). The guidelines are underpinned by State Environmental Planning Policy No 55 – Remediation of Land (SEPP 55), and the Contaminated Lands Management Act 1987.

In addition, Council has not been made aware of the land being subject to the following:

- land declared to be significantly contaminated land;
- land subject to a management order;
- land subject of an approved voluntary management proposal;
- land subject to an ongoing maintenance order; or
- subject of a site audit statement

IMPORTANT NOTES - SECTION 10.7(2) CERTIFICATE

Note 1 Terms of Reference

This Certificate does not make reference to the physical conditions of the property. Consequently no inspections have been made in respect of:

- (a) The presence or otherwise of noxious weeds on the property,
- (b) The condition of any structure/s on the land and associated infrastructure.

No advice is included in this Certificate in respect of outstanding or unauthorised works.

Should applicants require such details, that may be in addition to information provided in a \$10.7(2) & (5) Certificate, application should be made, accompanied by the appropriate fee for such inspections.

Note 2 Biosecurity (Weeds)

Weeds are a major environmental threat to the Snowy Monaro Region's agricultural and environmental assets. People considering purchasing land, particularly rural land, in the Council area are urged to contact Council's Biosecurity (Weeds) team for advice regarding landowners' responsibilities for the control of weeds.

Note 3 Complying Development

- Under the Housing Code complying development may not be carried out on land which has an area less than 200 square metres and has a width, measured at the building line fronting a primary road, of at least 6m.
- Under the Rural Housing Code complying development for the erection of a new single-storey or two-storey dwelling house may only be carried out on land that (a) has an area of at least 80 hectares, or (b) is subject to a restriction created under section 88B of the Conveyancing Act 1919 that specifies a building envelope for the lot and was required by the council.
- As per clause 1.18 of the Codes SEPP Complying Development is only possible on land where the development would otherwise be permissible with or without consent under the Council's Local Environmental Plan applicable to the land.
- Complying development may not be carried out on land outside the zonings identified in State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008, or on a lot which is not entirely within the zoning in the Codes SEPP specified for that particular Complying Development code. Refer to State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008 for other permissibility criteria.

Note 4 Important Notice for any maps that relate to this certificate

These maps are not a precise survey document. Accurate locations can only be determined by a survey on the ground.

While every care is taken to ensure the accuracy of this data, neither the Snowy Monaro Regional Council nor the Land and Property Management Authority makes any representations or warranties about its accuracy, reliability, completeness or suitability for any particular purpose and disclaims all responsibility and all liability (including without limitation, liability in negligence) for all expenses, losses, damages (including indirect or consequential damage) and costs which you might incur as a result of the data being inaccurate or incomplete in any way and for any reason.

Note 5 Coinciding Legal and Practical Access

Purchasers of rural and non-urban land are advised to ensure that coinciding legal and practical access can be gained to the property from a public road.

Note 6 State Environmental Planning Policies

Below is a list of all State Environmental Planning Policies (including publicised draft policies) that apply to Snowy Monaro Regional Council. Depending on circumstances set down in each policy, the policy may be specifically applicable to the land that is the subject of this certificate. You are advised to check the policy for the necessary details.

Land Title: Lot: 3 DP: 163644

State Environmental Planning Policy No 19—Bushland in Urban Areas

State Environmental Planning Policy No 21—Caravan Parks

State Environmental Planning Policy No 33—Hazardous and Offensive Development

State Environmental Planning Policy No 36—Manufactured Home Estates

State Environmental Planning Policy No 55—Remediation of Land

State Environmental Planning Policy No 64—Advertising and Signage

State Environmental Planning Policy No 65—Design Quality of Residential Apartment Development

State Environmental Planning Policy No 70—Affordable Housing (Revised Schemes)

State Environmental Planning Policy (Aboriginal Land) 2019

State Environmental Planning Policy (Activation Precincts) 2020

State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009

State Environmental Planning Policy (Building Sustainability Index: BASIX) 2004

State Environmental Planning Policy (Concurrences and Consents) 2018

State Environmental Planning Policy (Educational Establishments and Child Care Facilities) 2017

State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008

State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004

State Environmental Planning Policy (Infrastructure) 2007

State Environmental Planning Policy (Koala Habitat Protection) 2020

State Environmental Planning Policy (Koala Habitat Protection) 2021

State Environmental Planning Policy (Kosciuszko National Park—Alpine Resorts) 2007

State Environmental Planning Policy (Mining, Petroleum Production and Extractive Industries) 2007

State Environmental Planning Policy (Primary Production and Rural Development) 2019

State Environmental Planning Policy (State and Regional Development) 2011

State Environmental Planning Policy (State Significant Precincts) 2005

State Environmental Planning Policy (Urban Renewal) 2010

State Environmental Planning Policy (Vegetation in Non-Rural Areas) 2017

Any enquiries regarding these State policies should be directed to the Department of Planning.

Note 7 Land use table under Cooma-Monaro Local Environmental Plan 2013

Zone R2 Low Density Residential

Without Consent

Environmental protection works; Home-based child care; Home occupations

With Consent

Bed and breakfast accommodation; Boarding houses; Car parks; Caravan parks; Centre-based child care facilities; Community facilities; Dual occupancies; Dwelling houses; Environmental facilities; Exhibition homes; Group homes; Home occupations (sex services); Neighbourhood shops; Oyster aquaculture; Places of public worship; Plant nurseries; Pond-based aquaculture; Recreation areas; Recreation facilities (indoor); Recreation facilities (outdoor); Respite day care centres; Roads; Seniors housing; Signage; Tank-based aquaculture; Water supply systems

Prohibited

Any other development not specified in item 2 or 3



ATTACHMENT A' - S10.7(2)

Activities which are likely to have contaminated sites because of their past or present use:

- asbestos works:
- chemical and petrochemical works;
- docks and railway land, especially large sidings and depots;
- gasworks, other local carbonisation plants and ancillary by products works;
- industries making or using wood preservatives;
- installations involving the processing or use of radioactive materials;
- landfills and other waste disposal and storage sites, and transfer sites;
- land heavily treated with chemicals for agricultural or other purposes, eg aerial spraying;
- metal mines, smelters, foundries, iron and steel works, metal finishing works;
- mine tailings dumps (including mineral sands tailings);
- munitions production and testing sites;
- oil refineries, petroleum storage and distributions sites;
- paper and printing works;
- pesticide storage areas, areas where vehicles used for the transport and storage of pesticides are washed, and areas where tanks are used to store pesticides;
- plants and heavy engineering installations, eg shipbuilding and shipbreaking;
- power stations and switching yards etc;
- scrap yards;
- stock dipping, eg sheep, cattle etc;
- tanneries

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Contract for the sale and purchase of land 2019 edition

TERM vendor's agent	MEANING OF TERM Ray White Cooma PO Box 158, COOMA	NSW 2630	NSW Phone: Ref:	DAN: 6450 3999 Steve Allen
co-agent				
vendor	Carl Thomas Otto Ho 76 Hawkins Street, Co	fner and Anna Katherine ooma, NSW 2630	Hofner	
vendor's solicitor	Walker Gibbs & King 7 Dawson Street, Coo DX 5521 Cooma			(02) 6452 1488 jessica.briggs@coomalaw.com.au (02) 6452 1725 CW:JB:2021/080
date for completion land (address, plan details and title reference)	42nd day after the co 76 Hawkins Street, Co Registered Plan: Lot Folio Identifier 3/1636	ooma, New South Wales 3 Plan DP 163644	2630	(clause 15)
		SION subject to exist	ing tena	ncies
improvements	☐ HOUSE☐ garag☐ other		unit [carspace storage space
attached copies	documents in the Li	st of Documents as marke	ed or as	numbered:
A real estate agent is productions	☑ blinds☑ built-in wardrobes☑ clothes line		⊠ light f ⊠ range ⊒ solar	hood pool equipment
exclusions				
purchaser	Hamish Stuart Deans 35 Mittagang Road, C	and Michelle Nicole Dea Cooma, NSW 2630	ans	
purchaser's solicitor	By The Rules Convey	ancing	Phone Email:	: 1300 22 33 44
	PO Box 1211, Noosa	Heads QLD 4567		carolynne.peebles@bytherules.com
			.au Ref:	Carolynne Peebles
price deposit balance	\$600,000.00 \$60,000.00 \$540,000.00	(10% of	the price, unless otherwise stated)
contract date		(if no	ot stated	d, the date this contract was made)
buyer's agent				
vendor		GST AMOUNT (optional) The price includes GST of: \$		witness
purchaser	TENANTS tenants	in common in unequa	al share	s witness

Choices

Vendor agrees to accept a <i>deposit-bond</i> (clause 3)	□NO	yes
Nominated Electronic Lodgment Network (ELN) (clause 30):		
Electronic transaction (clause 30)	the propo	☑ YES ndor must provide further details, such as used applicable waiver, in the space below, within 14 days of the contract date):
Tax information (the parties promise this is		
Land tax is adjustable	⊠ NO	yes
GST: Taxable supply Margin scheme will be used in making the taxable supply	⊠ NO	yes in full yes to an extent yes
This sale is not a taxable supply because (one or more of the fol	1.	
not made in the course or furtherance of an enterprise t		
by a vendor who is neither registered nor required to beGST-free because the sale is the supply of a going cond		
GST-free because the sale is subdivided farm land or fa		
input taxed because the sale is of eligible residential pre	emises (sect	ions 40-65, 40-75(2) and 195-1)
Purchaser must make a GSTRW payment (GST residential withholding payment)	⊠ NO	yes (if yes, vendor must provide further details)
55.5.5.0	further de	ails below are not fully completed at the
		e vendor must provide all these details in a vithin 14 days of the contract date.
Зера	rate notice v	vium 14 days of the contract date.
GSTRW payment (GST residential withhore Frequently the supplier will be the vendor. However, some entity is liable for GST, for example, if the supplier is a part in a GST joint venture.	imes further	information will be required as to which
Supplier's name:		
Supplier's ABN:		
Supplier's GST branch address (if applicable):		
Supplier's business address:		
Supplier's email address:		
Supplier's phone number:		
Supplier's proportion of GSTRW payment:		
If more than one supplier, provide the above details	for each su	ipplier.
Amount purchaser must pay – price multiplied by the GSTRW ra	ate (resident	ial withholding rate):
Amount must be paid: AT COMPLETION at another time	e (specify):	
Is any of the consideration not expressed as an amount in mone	ey? 🗌 NO	yes
If "yes", the GST inclusive market value of the non-monet	ary consider	ation: \$
Other details (including those required by regulation or the ATO	forms):	

List of Documents

General	Strata or community title (clause 23 of the contract)
 □ 1 property certificate for the land □ 2 plan of the land □ 3 unregistered plan of the land □ 4 plan of land to be subdivided □ 5 document that is to be lodged with a relevant plan □ 6 section 10.7(2) planning certificate under Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 □ 7 additional information included in that certificate under section 10.7(5) □ 8 sewerage infrastructure location diagram (service location diagram) □ 9 sewer lines location diagram (sewerage service diagram) □ 10 document that created or may have created an easement, profit à prendre, restriction on use or positive covenant disclosed in this contract □ 11 planning agreement □ 12 section 88G certificate (positive covenant) □ 13 survey report □ 14 building information certificate or building certificate given under legislation □ 15 lease (with every relevant memorandum or variation) □ 16 other document relevant to tenancies □ 17 licence benefiting the land □ 18 old system document □ 19 Crown purchase statement of account □ 20 building management statement □ 21 form of requisitions □ 22 clearance certificate □ 23 land tax certificate □ 23 land tax certificate □ 25 brochure or warning □ 26 evidence of alternative indemnity cover Swimming Pools Act 1992 □ 27 certificate of compliance 	Strata or community title (clause 23 of the contract) 32 property certificate for strata common property 33 plan creating strata common property 34 strata by-laws 35 strata development contract or statement 36 strata management statement 37 strata renewal proposal 38 strata renewal plan 99 leasehold strata - lease of lot and common property 40 property certificate for neighbourhood property 41 plan creating neighbourhood property 42 neighbourhood development contract 43 neighbourhood management statement 44 property certificate for precinct property 45 plan creating precinct property 46 precinct development contract 47 precinct management statement 48 property certificate for community property 49 plan creating community property 50 community development contract 51 community management statement 52 document disclosing a change in a development or management contract or statement 54 document disclosing a change in boundaries 55 information certificate under Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 56 information certificate under Community Land Management Act 1989 57 disclosure statement - off the plan contract 0ther 59
28 evidence of registration 29 relevant occupation certificate 30 certificate of non-compliance	
31 detailed reasons of non-compliance	
HOLDED OF STRATA OF COMMUNITY TITLE DECOR	Name address small address and talanhans

HOLDER OF STRATA OR COMMUNITY TITLE RECORDS – Name, address, email address and telephone number

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO VENDORS AND PURCHASERS

Before signing this contract you should ensure that you understand your rights and obligations, some of which are not written in this contract but are implied by law.

WARNING—SMOKE ALARMS

The owners of certain types of buildings and strata lots must have smoke alarms (or in certain cases heat alarms) installed in the building or lot in accordance with regulations under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. It is an offence not to comply. It is also an offence to remove or interfere with a smoke alarm or heat alarm. Penalties apply.

WARNING-LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

Before purchasing land that includes any residential premises (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*) built before 1985, a purchaser is strongly advised to consider the possibility that the premises may contain loose-fill asbestos insulation (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*). In particular, a purchaser should:

- (a) search the Register required to be maintained under Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*, and
- (b) ask the relevant local council whether it holds any records showing that the residential premises contain loose-fill asbestos insulation.

For further information about loose-fill asbestos insulation (including areas in which residential premises have been identified as containing loose-fill asbestos insulation), contact NSW Fair Trading.

COOLING OFF PERIOD (PURCHASER'S RIGHTS)

- 1. This is the statement required by section 66X of the *Conveyancing Act* 1919 and applies to a contract for the sale of residential property.
- 2. EXCEPT in the circumstances listed in paragraph 3, the purchaser may rescind the contract at any time before 5 pm on—
 - (a) the tenth business day after the day on which the contract was made—in the case of an off the plan contract, or
 - (b) the fifth business day after the day on which the contract was made—in any other case.
- 3. There is NO COOLING OFF PERIOD:
 - (a) if, at or before the time the contract is made, the purchaser gives to the vendor (or the vendor's solicitor or agent) a certificate that complies with section 66W of the Act, or
 - (b) if the property is sold by public auction, or
 - (c) if the contract is made on the same day as the property was offered for sale by public auction but passed in, or
 - (d) if the contract is made in consequence of the exercise of an option to purchase the property, other than an option that is void under section 66ZG of the Act.
- 4. A purchaser exercising the right to cool off by rescinding the contract will forfeit to the vendor 0.25% of the purchase price of the property. The vendor is entitled to recover the amount forfeited from any amount paid by the purchaser as a deposit under the contract and the purchaser is entitled to a refund of any balance.

DISPUTES

If you get into a dispute with the other party, the Law Society and Real Estate Institute encourage you to use informal procedures such as negotiation, independent expert appraisal, the Law Society Conveyancing Dispute Resolution Scheme or mediation (for example mediation under the Law Society Mediation Program).

AUCTIONS

Regulations made under the Property, Stock and Business Agents Act 2002 prescribe a number of conditions applying to sales by auction.

WARNINGS

1. Various Acts of Parliament and other matters can affect the rights of the parties to this contract. Some important matters are actions, claims, decisions, licences, notices, orders, proposals or rights of way involving:

APA Group NSW Department of Education

Australian Taxation Office NSW Fair Trading

Council Owner of adjoining land

County Council Privacy

Department of Planning, Industry and Environment Public Works Advisory Subsidence Advisory NSW

Department of Primary Industries Telecommunications

Electricity and gas Transport for NSW

Land & Housing Corporation Water, sewerage or drainage authority

Local Land Services

If you think that any of these matters affects the property, tell your solicitor.

2. A lease may be affected by the Agricultural Tenancies Act 1990, the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or the Retail Leases Act 1994.

- 3. If any purchase money is owing to the Crown, it will become payable before obtaining consent, or if no consent is needed, when the transfer is registered.
- 4. If a consent to transfer is required under legislation, see clause 27 as to the obligations of the parties.
- The vendor should continue the vendor's insurance until completion. If the vendor wants to give the purchaser possession before completion, the vendor should first ask the insurer to confirm this will not affect the insurance.
- 6. The purchaser will usually have to pay transfer duty (and sometimes surcharge purchaser duty) on this contract. If duty is not paid on time, a purchaser may incur penalties.
- 7. If the purchaser agrees to the release of deposit, the purchaser's right to recover the deposit may stand behind the rights of others (for example the vendor's mortgagee).
- 8. The purchaser should arrange insurance as appropriate.
- 9. Some transactions involving personal property may be affected by the Personal Property Securities Act 2009.
- A purchaser should be satisfied that finance will be available at the time of completing the purchase.
- 11. Where the market value of the property is at or above a legislated amount, the purchaser may have to comply with a foreign resident capital gains withholding payment obligation (even if the vendor is not a foreign resident). If so, this will affect the amount available to the vendor on completion.
- 12. Purchasers of some residential properties may have to withhold part of the purchase price to be credited towards the GST liability of the vendor. If so, this will also affect the amount available to the vendor. More information is available from the ATO.

The vendor sells and the purchaser buys the *property* for the price under these provisions instead of Schedule 3 Conveyancing Act 1919, subject to any *legislation* that cannot be excluded.

1 Definitions (a term in italics is a defined term)

In this contract, these terms (in any form) mean -

adjustment date the earlier of the giving of possession to the purchaser or completion;

bank the Reserve Bank of Australia or an authorised deposit-taking institution which is a

bank, a building society or a credit union;

business day any day except a bank or public holiday throughout NSW or a Saturday or Sunday;

cheque a cheque that is not postdated or stale;

clearance certificate a certificate within the meaning of s14-220 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act, that covers

one or more days falling within the period from and including the contract date to

completion;

deposit-bond a deposit bond or guarantee from an issuer, with an expiry date and for an amount

each approved by the vendor;

depositholder vendor's agent (or if no vendor's agent is named in this contract, the vendor's

solicitor, or if no vendor's solicitor is named in this contract, the buyer's agent):

document of title document relevant to the title or the passing of title;

FRCGW percentage the percentage mentioned in s14-200(3)(a) of Schedule 1 to the TA Act (12.5% as

at 1 July 2017);

FRCGW remittance a remittance which the purchaser must make under s14-200 of Schedule 1 to the

TA Act, being the lesser of the FRCGW percentage of the price (inclusive of GST, if

any) and the amount specified in a variation served by a party;

GST Act A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999;

GST rate the rate mentioned in s4 of A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax Imposition

- General) Act 1999 (10% as at 1 July 2000);

GSTRW payment a payment which the purchaser must make under s14-250 of Schedule 1 to the TA

Act (the price multiplied by the GSTRW rate);

GSTRW rate the rate determined under ss14-250(6), (8) or (9) of Schedule 1 to the TA Act (as at

1 July 2018, usually 7% of the price if the margin scheme applies, 1/11th if not);

legislation an Act or a by-law, ordinance, regulation or rule made under an Act;

normally subject to any other provision of this contract;

party each of the vendor and the purchaser;

property the land, the improvements, all fixtures and the inclusions, but not the exclusions; planning agreement and voluntary agreement within the meaning of s7.4 of the Environmental

Planning and Assessment Act 1979 entered into in relation to the *property*;

requisition an objection, question or requisition (but the term does not include a claim);

rescind rescind this contract from the beginning;
serve serve in writing on the other party;

settlement cheque an unendorsed cheque made payable to the person to be paid and –

issued by a bank and drawn on itself; or

• if authorised in writing by the vendor or the vendor's *solicitor*, some other *cheque*;

in relation to a party, the party's solicitor or licensed conveyancer named in this

contract or in a notice served by the party;

Taxation Administration Act 1953;

terminate this contract for breach; variation a variation made under s14-235 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act;

within in relation to a period, at any time before or during the period; and work order a valid direction, notice or order that requires work to be done or many times.

a valid direction, notice or order that requires work to be done or money to be spent on or in relation to the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road (but the term does not include a notice under s22E of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 or clause 22 of

the Swimming Pools Regulation 2018).

2 Deposit and other payments before completion

solicitor

TA Act

- 2.1 The purchaser must pay the deposit to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 2.2 Normally, the purchaser must pay the deposit on the making of this contract, and this time is essential.
- 2.3 If this contract requires the purchaser to pay any of the deposit by a later time, that time is also essential.
- 2.4 The purchaser can pay any of the deposit by giving cash (up to \$2,000) or by unconditionally giving a *cheque* to the *depositholder* or to the vendor, vendor's agent or vendor's *solicitor* for sending to the *depositholder* or by payment by electronic funds transfer to the *depositholder*.
- 2.5 If any of the deposit is not paid on time or a *cheque* for any of the deposit is not honoured on presentation, the vendor can *terminate*. This right to *terminate* is lost as soon as the deposit is paid in full.
- 2.6 If the vendor accepts a bond or guarantee for the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 do not apply.

BREACH OF COPYRIGHT MAY RESULT IN LEGAL ACTION

- 2.7 If the vendor accepts a bond or guarantee for part of the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 apply only to the balance.
- 2.8 If any of the deposit or of the balance of the price is paid before completion to the vendor or as the vendor directs, it is a charge on the land in favour of the purchaser until *termination* by the vendor or completion, subject to any existing right.
- 2.9 If each *party* tells the *depositholder* that the deposit is to be invested, the *depositholder* is to invest the deposit (at the risk of the *party* who becomes entitled to it) with a *bank*, in an interest-bearing account in NSW, payable at call, with interest to be reinvested, and pay the interest to the *parties* equally, after deduction of all proper government taxes and financial institution charges and other charges.

3 Deposit-bond

- 3.1 This clause applies only if this contract says the vendor has agreed to accept a *deposit-bond* for the deposit (or part of it).
- 3.2 The purchaser must provide the original *deposit-bond* to the vendor's *solicitor* (or if no solicitor the *depositholder*) at or before the making of this contract and this time is essential.
- 3.3 If the *deposit-bond* has an expiry date and completion does not occur by the date which is 14 days before the expiry date, the purchaser must *serve* a replacement *deposit-bond* at least 7 days before the expiry date. The time for service is essential.
- 3.4 The vendor must approve a replacement deposit-bond if -
 - 3.4.1 it is from the same issuer and for the same amount as the earlier deposit-bond; and
 - 3.4.2 it has an expiry date at least three months after its date of issue.
- 3.5 A breach of clauses 3.2 or 3.3 entitles the vendor to terminate. The right to terminate is lost as soon as -
 - 3.5.1 the purchaser serves a replacement deposit-bond; or
 - 3.5.2 the deposit is paid in full under clause 2.
- 3.6 Clauses 3.3 and 3.4 can operate more than once.
- 3.7 If the purchaser serves a replacement deposit-bond, the vendor must serve the earlier deposit-bond.
- 3.8 The amount of any *deposit-bond* does not form part of the price for the purposes of clause 16.7.
- 3.9 The vendor must give the purchaser the deposit-bond
 - 3.9.1 on completion; or
 - 3.9.2 if this contract is rescinded.
- 3.10 If this contract is terminated by the vendor -
 - 3.10.1 normally, the vendor can immediately demand payment from the issuer of the deposit-bond; or
 - 3.10.2 if the purchaser serves prior to termination a notice disputing the vendor's right to terminate, the vendor must forward the deposit-bond (or its proceeds if called up) to the depositholder as stakeholder.
- 3.11 If this contract is terminated by the purchaser -
 - 3.11.1 normally, the vendor must give the purchaser the deposit-bond; or
 - 3.11.2 if the vendor *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the purchaser's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward the *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.

4 Transfer

- 4.1 Normally, the purchaser must serve at least 14 days before the date for completion
 - 4.1.1 the form of transfer; and
 - 4.1.2 particulars required to register any mortgage or other dealing to be lodged with the transfer by the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee.
- 4.2 If any information needed for the form of transfer is not disclosed in this contract, the vendor must serve it.
- 4.3 If the purchaser *serves* a form of transfer and the transferee is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for this form of transfer.
- 4.4 The vendor can require the purchaser to include a form of covenant or easement in the transfer only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land benefited.

5 Requisitions

- 5.1 If a form of *requisitions* is attached to this contract, the purchaser is taken to have made those *requisitions*.
- 5.2 If the purchaser is or becomes entitled to make any other *requisition*, the purchaser can make it only by serving it
 - 5.2.1 if it arises out of this contract or it is a general question about the *property* or title *within* 21 days after the contract date;
 - 5.2.2 if it arises out of anything *served* by the vendor *within* 21 days after the later of the contract date and that *service*; and
 - 5.2.3 in any other case within a reasonable time.

6 Error or misdescription

- 6.1 *Normally*, the purchaser can (but only before completion) claim compensation for an error or misdescription in this contract (as to the *property*, the title or anything else and whether substantial or not).
- 6.2 This clause applies even if the purchaser did not take notice of or rely on anything in this contract containing or giving rise to the error or misdescription.
- 6.3 However, this clause does not apply to the extent the purchaser knows the true position.

7 Claims by purchaser

Normally, the purchaser can make a claim (including a claim under clause 6) before completion only by serving it with a statement of the amount claimed, and if the purchaser makes one or more claims before completion –

- 7.1 the vendor can rescind if in the case of claims that are not claims for delay
 - 7.1.1 the total amount claimed exceeds 5% of the price;
 - 7.1.2 the vendor serves notice of intention to rescind; and
 - 7.1.3 the purchaser does not serve notice waiving the claims within 14 days after that service; and
- 7.2 if the vendor does not rescind, the parties must complete and if this contract is completed
 - 7.2.1 the lesser of the total amount claimed and 10% of the price must be paid out of the price to and held by the *depositholder* until the claims are finalised or lapse;
 - 7.2.2 the amount held is to be invested in accordance with clause 2.9;
 - 7.2.3 the claims must be finalised by an arbitrator appointed by the *parties* or, if an appointment is not made *within* 1 month of completion, by an arbitrator appointed by the President of the Law Society at the request of a *party* (in the latter case the *parties* are bound by the terms of the Conveyancing Arbitration Rules approved by the Law Society as at the date of the appointment);
 - 7.2.4 the purchaser is not entitled, in respect of the claims, to more than the total amount claimed and the costs of the purchaser;
 - 7.2.5 net interest on the amount held must be paid to the *parties* in the same proportion as the amount held is paid; and
 - 7.2.6 if the *parties* do not appoint an arbitrator and neither *party* requests the President to appoint an arbitrator *within* 3 months after completion, the claims lapse and the amount belongs to the vendor.

8 Vendor's rights and obligations

- 8.1 The vendor can rescind if -
 - 8.1.1 the vendor is, on reasonable grounds, unable or unwilling to comply with a requisition;
 - 8.1.2 the vendor *serves* a notice of intention to *rescind* that specifies the *requisition* and those grounds; and
 - 8.1.3 the purchaser does not serve a notice waiving the requisition within 14 days after that service.
- 8.2 If the vendor does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the purchaser can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination*
 - 8.2.1 the purchaser can recover the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract:
 - 8.2.2 the purchaser can sue the vendor to recover damages for breach of contract; and
 - 8.2.3 if the purchaser has been in possession a party can claim for a reasonable adjustment.

9 Purchaser's default

If the purchaser does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the vendor can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination* the vendor can –

- 9.1 keep or recover the deposit (to a maximum of 10% of the price):
- 9.2 hold any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract as security for anything recoverable under this clause
 - 9.2.1 for 12 months after the termination; or
 - 9.2.2 if the vendor commences proceedings under this clause *within* 12 months, until those proceedings are concluded; and
- 9.3 sue the purchaser either -
 - 9.3.1 where the vendor has resold the *property* under a contract made *within* 12 months after the *termination*, to recover
 - the deficiency on resale (with credit for any of the deposit kept or recovered and after allowance for any capital gains tax or goods and services tax payable on anything recovered under this clause); and
 - the reasonable costs and expenses arising out of the purchaser's non-compliance with this contract or the notice and of resale and any attempted resale; or
 - 9.3.2 to recover damages for breach of contract.

10 Restrictions on rights of purchaser

- 10.1 The purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of
 - 10.1.1 the ownership or location of any fence as defined in the Dividing Fences Act 1991;
 - 10.1.2 a service for the *property* being a joint service or passing through another property, or any service for another property passing through the *property* ('service' includes air, communication, drainage, electricity, garbage, gas, oil, radio, sewerage, telephone, television or water service);
 - 10.1.3 a wall being or not being a party wall in any sense of that term or the *property* being affected by an easement for support or not having the benefit of an easement for support;
 - 10.1.4 any change in the *property* due to fair wear and tear before completion;
 - 10.1.5 a promise, representation or statement about this contract, the *property* or the title, not set out or referred to in this contract;
 - 10.1.6 a condition, exception, reservation or restriction in a Crown grant;

- 10.1.7 the existence of any authority or licence to explore or prospect for gas, minerals or petroleum;
- 10.1.8 any easement or restriction on use the substance of either of which is disclosed in this contract or any non-compliance with the easement or restriction on use; or
- 10.1.9 anything the substance of which is disclosed in this contract (except a caveat, charge, mortgage, priority notice or writ).
- 10.2 The purchaser cannot rescind or terminate only because of a defect in title to or quality of the inclusions.
- 10.3 Normally, the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate or require the vendor to change the nature of the title disclosed in this contract (for example, to remove a caution evidencing qualified title, or to lodge a plan of survey as regards limited title).

11 Compliance with work orders

- 11.1 Normally, the vendor must by completion comply with a work order made on or before the contract date and if this contract is completed the purchaser must comply with any other work order.
- 11.2 If the purchaser complies with a *work order*, and this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated*, the vendor must pay the expense of compliance to the purchaser.

12 Certificates and inspections

The vendor must do everything reasonable to enable the purchaser, subject to the rights of any tenant -

- 12.1 to have the property inspected to obtain any certificate or report reasonably required;
- 12.2 to apply (if necessary in the name of the vendor) for -
 - 12.2.1 any certificate that can be given in respect of the property under legislation; or
 - 12.2.2 a copy of any approval, certificate, consent, direction, notice or order in respect of the *property* given under *legislation*, even if given after the contract date; and
- 12.3 to make 1 inspection of the *property* in the 3 days before a time appointed for completion.

13 Goods and services tax (GST)

- 13.1 Terms used in this clause which are not defined elsewhere in this contract and have a defined meaning in the GST Act have the same meaning in this clause.
- 13.2 Normally, if a party must pay the price or any other amount to the other party under this contract, GST is not to be added to the price or amount.
- 13.3 If under this contract a *party* must make an adjustment or payment for an expense of another party or pay an expense payable by or to a third party (for example, under clauses 14 or 20.7)
 - 13.3.1 the party must adjust or pay on completion any GST added to or included in the expense; but
 - 13.3.2 the amount of the expense must be reduced to the extent the party receiving the adjustment or payment (or the representative member of a GST group of which that party is a member) is entitled to an input tax credit for the expense; and
 - 13.3.3 if the adjustment or payment under this contract is consideration for a taxable supply, an amount for GST must be added at the *GST rate*.
- 13.4 If this contract says this sale is the supply of a going concern -
 - 13.4.1 the parties agree the supply of the property is a supply of a going concern:
 - the vendor must, between the contract date and completion, carry on the enterprise conducted on the land in a proper and business-like way:
 - if the purchaser is not registered by the date for completion, the *parties* must complete and the purchaser must pay on completion, in addition to the price, an amount being the price multiplied by the *GST rate* ("the retention sum"). The retention sum is to be held by the *depositholder* and dealt with as follows
 - if within 3 months of completion the purchaser serves a letter from the Australian Taxation
 Office stating the purchaser is registered with a date of effect of registration on or before
 completion, the depositholder is to pay the retention sum to the purchaser; but
 - if the purchaser does not *serve* that letter *within* 3 months of completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the vendor; and
 - 13.4.4 if the vendor, despite clause 13.4.1, serves a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the vendor has to pay GST on the supply, the purchaser must pay to the vendor on demand the amount of GST assessed.
- 13.5 Normally, the vendor promises the margin scheme will not apply to the supply of the property.
- 13.6 If this contract says the margin scheme is to apply in making the taxable supply, the *parties* agree that the margin scheme is to apply to the sale of the *property*.
- 13.7 If this contract says the sale is not a taxable supply -
 - 13.7.1 the purchaser promises that the *property* will not be used and represents that the purchaser does not intend the *property* (or any part of the *property*) to be used in a way that could make the sale a taxable supply to any extent; and
 - 13.7.2 the purchaser must pay the vendor on completion in addition to the price an amount calculated by multiplying the price by the *GST rate* if this sale is a taxable supply to any extent because of
 - a breach of clause 13.7.1; or
 - something else known to the purchaser but not the vendor.
- 13.8 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply in full and does not say the margin scheme applies to the *property*, the vendor must pay the purchaser on completion an amount of one-eleventh of the price if –

- 13.8.1 this sale is not a taxable supply in full; or
- 13.8.2 the margin scheme applies to the *property* (or any part of the *property*).
- 13.9 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply to an extent -
 - 13.9.1 clause 13.7.1 does not apply to any part of the *property* which is identified as being a taxable supply; and
 - the payments mentioned in clauses 13.7 and 13.8 are to be recalculated by multiplying the relevant payment by the proportion of the price which represents the value of that part of the *property* to which the clause applies (the proportion to be expressed as a number between 0 and 1). Any evidence of value must be obtained at the expense of the vendor.
- 13.10 Normally, on completion the vendor must give the recipient of the supply a tax invoice for any taxable supply by the vendor by or under this contract.
- 13.11 The vendor does not have to give the purchaser a tax invoice if the margin scheme applies to a taxable supply.
- 13.12 If the vendor is liable for GST on rents or profits due to issuing an invoice or receiving consideration before completion, any adjustment of those amounts must exclude an amount equal to the vendor's GST liability.
- 13.13 If the purchaser must make a GSTRW payment the purchaser must -
 - 13.13.1 at least 5 days before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of a *GSTRW payment* notification form to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under clause 4.3 has been *served*, by the transferee named in the transfer *served* with that direction;
 - 13.13.2 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *GSTRW payment* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
 - 13.13.3 forward the settlement cheque to the payee immediately after completion; and
 - 13.13.4 serve evidence of receipt of payment of the GSTRW payment and a copy of the settlement date confirmation form submitted to the Australian Taxation Office.

14 Adjustments

- 14.1 Normally, the vendor is entitled to the rents and profits and will be liable for all rates, water, sewerage and drainage service and usage charges, land tax, levies and all other periodic outgoings up to and including the adjustment date after which the purchaser will be entitled and liable.
- 14.2 The parties must make any necessary adjustment on completion.
- 14.3 If an amount that is adjustable under this contract has been reduced under *legislation*, the *parties* must on completion adjust the reduced amount.
- 14.4 The parties must not adjust surcharge land tax (as defined in the Land Tax Act 1956) but must adjust any other land tax for the year current at the adjustment date
 - only if land tax has been paid or is payable for the year (whether by the vendor or by a predecessor in title) and this contract says that land tax is adjustable:
 - 14.4.2 by adjusting the amount that would have been payable if at the start of the year -
 - the person who owned the land owned no other land;
 - the land was not subject to a special trust or owned by a non-concessional company; and
 - if the land (or part of it) had no separate taxable value, by calculating its separate taxable value on a proportional area basis.
- 14.5 If any other amount that is adjustable under this contract relates partly to the land and partly to other land, the parties must adjust it on a proportional area basis.
- 14.6 Normally, the vendor can direct the purchaser to produce a settlement cheque on completion to pay an amount adjustable under this contract and if so
 - 14.6.1 the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
 - the *cheque* must be forwarded to the payee immediately after completion (by the purchaser if the *cheque* relates only to the *property* or by the vendor in any other case).
- 14.7 If on completion the last bill for a water, sewerage or drainage usage charge is for a period ending before the adjustment date, the vendor is liable for an amount calculated by dividing the bill by the number of days in the period then multiplying by the number of unbilled days up to and including the adjustment date.
- 14.8 The vendor is liable for any amount recoverable for work started on or before the contract date on the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road.

15 Date for completion

The parties must complete by the date for completion and, if they do not, a party can serve a notice to complete if that party is otherwise entitled to do so.

16 Completion

Vendor

- 16.1 On completion the vendor must give the purchaser any document of title that relates only to the property.
- 16.2 If on completion the vendor has possession or control of a *document of title* that relates also to other property, the vendor must produce it as and where necessary.
- 16.3 Normally, on completion the vendor must cause the legal title to the *property* (being an estate in fee simple) to pass to the purchaser free of any mortgage or other interest, subject to any necessary registration.
- 16.4 The legal title to the *property* does not pass before completion.

- 16.5 If the vendor gives the purchaser a document (other than the transfer) that needs to be lodged for registration, the vendor must pay the lodgment fee to the purchaser.
- 16.6 If a party serves a land tax certificate showing a charge on any of the land, by completion the vendor must do all things and pay all money required so that the charge is no longer effective against the land.

Purchaser

- 16.7 On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor, by cash (up to \$2,000) or settlement cheque -
 - 16.7.1 the price less any:
 - deposit paid;
 - FRCGW remittance payable;
 - GSTRW payment; and
 - amount payable by the vendor to the purchaser under this contract; and
 - 16.7.2 any other amount payable by the purchaser under this contract.
- 16.8 If the vendor requires more than 5 settlement cheques, the vendor must pay \$10 for each extra cheque.
- 16.9 If any of the deposit is not covered by a bond or guarantee, on completion the purchaser must give the vendor an order signed by the purchaser authorising the *depositholder* to account to the vendor for the deposit.
- 16.10 On completion the deposit belongs to the vendor.

Place for completion

- 16.11 Normally, the parties must complete at the completion address, which is -
 - 16.11.1 if a special completion address is stated in this contract that address; or
 - 16.11.2 if none is stated, but a first mortgagee is disclosed in this contract and the mortgagee would usually discharge the mortgage at a particular place that place; or
 - 16.11.3 in any other case the vendor's solicitor's address stated in this contract.
- 16.12 The vendor by reasonable notice can require completion at another place, if it is in NSW, but the vendor must pay the purchaser's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.
- 16.13 If the purchaser requests completion at a place that is not the completion address, and the vendor agrees, the purchaser must pay the vendor's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.
- 17 Possession
- 17.1 Normally, the vendor must give the purchaser vacant possession of the property on completion.
- 17.2 The vendor does not have to give vacant possession if -
 - 17.2.1 this contract says that the sale is subject to existing tenancies; and
 - 17.2.2 the contract discloses the provisions of the tenancy (for example, by attaching a copy of the lease and any relevant memorandum or variation).
- 17.3 Normally, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) or rescind if any of the land is affected by a protected tenancy (a tenancy affected by Schedule 2, Part 7 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010).

18 Possession before completion

- 18.1 This clause applies only if the vendor gives the purchaser possession of the *property* before completion.
- 18.2 The purchaser must not before completion -
 - 18.2.1 let or part with possession of any of the property;
 - 18.2.2 make any change or structural alteration or addition to the *property*; or
 - 18.2.3 contravene any agreement between the *parties* or any direction, document, *legislation*, notice or order affecting the *property*.
- 18.3 The purchaser must until completion -
 - 18.3.1 keep the *property* in good condition and repair having regard to its condition at the giving of possession; and
 - allow the vendor or the vendor's authorised representative to enter and inspect it at all reasonable times.
- 18.4 The risk as to damage to the *property* passes to the purchaser immediately after the purchaser enters into possession.
- 18.5 If the purchaser does not comply with this clause, then without affecting any other right of the vendor
 - 18.5.1 the vendor can before completion, without notice, remedy the non-compliance; and
 - 18.5.2 if the vendor pays the expense of doing this, the purchaser must pay it to the vendor with interest at the rate prescribed under s101 Civil Procedure Act 2005.
- 18.6 If this contract is rescinded or terminated the purchaser must immediately vacate the property.
- 18.7 If the parties or their solicitors on their behalf do not agree in writing to a fee or rent, none is payable.

19 Rescission of contract

- 19.1 If this contract expressly gives a party a right to rescind, the party can exercise the right
 - 19.1.1 only by serving a notice before completion; and
 - 19.1.2 in spite of any making of a claim or *requisition*, any attempt to satisfy a claim or *requisition*, any arbitration, litigation, mediation or negotiation or any giving or taking of possession.
- 19.2 Normally, if a party exercises a right to rescind expressly given by this contract or any legislation -
 - 19.2.1 the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract must be refunded;
 - 19.2.2 a party can claim for a reasonable adjustment if the purchaser has been in possession;
 - 19.2.3 a party can claim for damages, costs or expenses arising out of a breach of this contract; and
 - 19.2.4 a party will not otherwise be liable to pay the other party any damages, costs or expenses.

- 20 Miscellaneous
- 20.1 The *parties* acknowledge that anything stated in this contract to be attached was attached to this contract by the vendor before the purchaser signed it and is part of this contract.
- 20.2 Anything attached to this contract is part of this contract.
- 20.3 An area, bearing or dimension in this contract is only approximate.
- 20.4 If a party consists of 2 or more persons, this contract benefits and binds them separately and together.
- 20.5 A party's solicitor can receive any amount payable to the party under this contract or direct in writing that it is to be paid to another person.
- 20.6 A document under or relating to this contract is -
 - 20.6.1 signed by a party if it is signed by the party or the party's solicitor (apart from a direction under clause 4.3);
 - 20.6.2 served if it is served by the party or the party's solicitor,
 - 20.6.3 served if it is served on the party's solicitor, even if the party has died or any of them has died;
 - 20.6.4 served if it is served in any manner provided in s170 of the Conveyancing Act 1919;
 - 20.6.5 served if it is sent by email or fax to the party's solicitor, unless in either case it is not received;
 - 20.6.6 served on a person if it (or a copy of it) comes into the possession of the person; and
 - 20.6.7 served at the earliest time it is served, if it is served more than once.
- 20.7 An obligation to pay an expense of another party of doing something is an obligation to pay
 - 20.7.1 if the *party* does the thing personally the reasonable cost of getting someone else to do it; or if the *party* pays someone else to do the thing the amount paid, to the extent it is reasonable.
- 20.8 Rights under clauses 11, 13, 14, 17, 24, 30 and 31 continue after completion, whether or not other rights continue.
- 20.9 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that the purchaser has any cooling off rights.
- 20.10 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that any attached survey report is accurate or current.
- 20.11 A reference to any *legislation* (including any percentage or rate specified in *legislation*) is also a reference to any corresponding later *legislation*.
- 20.12 Each party must do whatever is necessary after completion to carry out the party's obligations under this contract.
- 20.13 Neither taking possession nor serving a transfer of itself implies acceptance of the property or the title.
- 20.14 The details and information provided in this contract (for example, on pages 1 3) are, to the extent of each party's knowledge, true, and are part of this contract.
- 20.15 Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked.

21 Time limits in these provisions

- 21.1 If the time for something to be done or to happen is not stated in these provisions, it is a reasonable time.
- 21.2 If there are conflicting times for something to be done or to happen, the latest of those times applies.
- 21.3 The time for one thing to be done or to happen does not extend the time for another thing to be done or to happen.
- 21.4 If the time for something to be done or to happen is the 29th, 30th or 31st day of a month, and the day does not exist, the time is instead the last day of the month.
- 21.5 If the time for something to be done or to happen is a day that is not a *business day*, the time is extended to the next *business day*, except in the case of clauses 2 and 3.2.
- 21.6 Normally, the time by which something must be done is fixed but not essential.

22 Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975

- 22.1 The purchaser promises that the Commonwealth Treasurer cannot prohibit and has not prohibited the transfer under the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975.
- 22.2 This promise is essential and a breach of it entitles the vendor to terminate.

23 Strata or community title

Definitions and modifications

- 23.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) is a lot in a strata, neighbourhood, precinct or community scheme (or on completion is to be a lot in a scheme of that kind).
- 23.2 In this contract -
 - 23.2.1 'change', in relation to a scheme, means -
 - a registered or registrable change from by-laws set out in this contract;
 - a change from a development or management contract or statement set out in this contract; or
 - a change in the boundaries of common property;
 - 23.2.2 'common property' includes association property for the scheme or any higher scheme;
 - 23.2.3 'contribution' includes an amount payable under a by-law;
 - 23.2.4 'information certificate' includes a certificate under s184 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and s26 Community Land Management Act 1989;
 - 23.2.5 'information notice' includes a strata information notice under s22 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and a notice under s47 Community Land Management Act 1989;

- 23.2.6 'normal expenses', in relation to an owners corporation for a scheme, means normal operating expenses usually payable from the administrative fund of an owners corporation for a scheme of the same kind:
- 23.2.7 'owners corporation' means the owners corporation or the association for the scheme or any higher scheme;
- 23.2.8 'the property' includes any interest in common property for the scheme associated with the lot; and
- 23.2.9 'special expenses', in relation to an owners corporation, means its actual, contingent or expected expenses, except to the extent they are
 - normal expenses;
 - due to fair wear and tear;
 - · disclosed in this contract; or
 - covered by moneys held in the capital works fund.
- 23.3 Clauses 11, 14.8 and 18.4 do not apply to an obligation of the owners corporation, or to property insurable by it.
- 23.4 Clauses 14.4.2 and 14.5 apply but on a unit entitlement basis instead of an area basis.

Adjustments and liability for expenses

- 23.5 The parties must adjust under clause 14.1 -
 - 23.5.1 a regular periodic contribution;
 - 23.5.2 a contribution which is not a regular periodic contribution but is disclosed in this contract; and
 - 23.5.3 on a unit entitlement basis, any amount paid by the vendor for a normal expense of the owners corporation to the extent the owners corporation has not paid the amount to the vendor.
- 23.6 If a contribution is not a regular periodic contribution and is not disclosed in this contract
 - 23.6.1 the vendor is liable for it if it was determined on or before the contract date, even if it is payable by instalments; and
 - 23.6.2 the purchaser is liable for all contributions determined after the contract date.
- 23.7 The vendor must pay or allow to the purchaser on completion the amount of any unpaid contributions for which the vendor is liable under clause 23.6.1.
- 23.8 Normally, the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of -
 - 23.8.1 an existing or future actual, contingent or expected expense of the owners corporation;
 - 23.8.2 a proportional unit entitlement of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot, apart from a claim under clause 6; or
 - 23.8.3 a past or future change in the scheme or a higher scheme.
- 23.9 However, the purchaser can rescind if -
 - 23.9.1 the special expenses of the owners corporation at the later of the contract date and the creation of the owners corporation when calculated on a unit entitlement basis (and, if more than one lot or a higher scheme is involved, added together), less any contribution paid by the vendor, are more than 1% of the price;
 - in the case of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot in a higher scheme, a proportional unit entitlement for the lot is disclosed in this contract but the lot has a different proportional unit entitlement at the contract date or at any time before completion;
 - 23.9.3 a change before the contract date or before completion in the scheme or a higher scheme materially prejudices the purchaser and is not disclosed in this contract; or
 - a resolution is passed by the owners corporation before the contract date or before completion to give to the owners in the scheme for their consideration a strata renewal plan that has not lapsed at the contract date and there is not attached to this contract a strata renewal proposal or the strata renewal plan.

. Notices, certificates and inspections

- 23.10 The purchaser must give the vendor 2 copies of an information notice addressed to the owners corporation and signed by the purchaser.
- 23.11 The vendor must complete and sign 1 copy of the notice and give it to the purchaser on completion.
- 23.12 Each party can sign and give the notice as agent for the other.
- 23.13 The vendor must *serve* an information certificate issued after the contract date in relation to the lot, the scheme or any higher scheme at least 7 days before the date for completion.
- 23.14 The purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after *service* of the certificate and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision. On completion the purchaser must pay the vendor the prescribed fee for the certificate.
- 23.15 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for the purchaser's own certificate.
- 23.16 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for and make an inspection of any record or other document in the custody or control of the owners corporation or relating to the scheme or any higher scheme.

. Meetings of the owners corporation

- 23.17 If a general meeting of the owners corporation is convened before completion
 - 23.17.1 if the vendor receives notice of it, the vendor must immediately notify the purchaser of it; and
 - 23.17.2 after the expiry of any cooling off period, the purchaser can require the vendor to appoint the purchaser (or the purchaser's nominee) to exercise any voting rights of the vendor in respect of the lot at the meeting.

- 24 Tenancies
- 24.1 If a tenant has not made a payment for a period preceding or current at the adjustment date -
 - 24.1.1 for the purposes of clause 14.2, the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
 - the purchaser assigns the debt to the vendor on completion and will if required give a further assignment at the vendor's expense.
- 24.2 If a tenant has paid in advance of the *adjustment date* any periodic payment in addition to rent, it must be adjusted as if it were rent for the period to which it relates.
- 24.3 If the property is to be subject to a tenancy on completion or is subject to a tenancy on completion
 - 24.3.1 the vendor authorises the purchaser to have any accounting records relating to the tenancy inspected and audited and to have any other document relating to the tenancy inspected;
 - 24.3.2 the vendor must *serve* any information about the tenancy reasonably requested by the purchaser before or after completion; and
 - 24.3.3 normally, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) if
 - a disclosure statement required by the Retail Leases Act 1994 was not given when required;
 - such a statement contained information that was materially false or misleading;
 - · a provision of the lease is not enforceable because of a non-disclosure in such a statement; or
 - the lease was entered into in contravention of the Retail Leases Act 1994.
- 24.4 If the property is subject to a tenancy on completion
 - 24.4.1 the vendor must allow or transfer -
 - any remaining bond money or any other security against the tenant's default (to the extent the security is transferable);
 - any money in a fund established under the lease for a purpose and compensation for any money in the fund or interest earnt by the fund that has been applied for any other purpose; and
 - any money paid by the tenant for a purpose that has not been applied for that purpose and compensation for any of the money that has been applied for any other purpose;
 - 24.4.2 if the security is not transferable, each *party* must do everything reasonable to cause a replacement security to issue for the benefit of the purchaser and the vendor must hold the original security on trust for the benefit of the purchaser until the replacement security issues;
 - 24.4.3 the vendor must give to the purchaser
 - a proper notice of the transfer (an attornment notice) addressed to the tenant;
 - any certificate given under the Retail Leases Act 1994 in relation to the tenancy;
 - a copy of any disclosure statement given under the Retail Leases Act 1994;
 - a copy of any document served on the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion; and
 - any document served by the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion;
 - 24.4.4 the vendor must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent it is to be complied with by completion; and
 - 24.4.5 the purchaser must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent that the obligation is disclosed in this contract and is to be complied with after completion.
- 25 Qualified title, limited title and old system title
- 25.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) -
 - 25.1.1 is under qualified, limited or old system title; or
 - 25.1.2 on completion is to be under one of those titles.
- 25.2 The vendor must serve a proper abstract of title within 7 days after the contract date.
- 25.3 If an abstract of title or part of an abstract of title is attached to this contract or has been lent by the vendor to the purchaser before the contract date, the abstract or part is *served* on the contract date.
- 25.4 An abstract of title can be or include a list of documents, events and facts arranged (apart from a will or codicil) in date order, if the list in respect of each document
 - 25.4.1 shows its date, general nature, names of parties and any registration number; and
 - 25.4.2 has attached a legible photocopy of it or of an official or registration copy of it.
- 25.5 An abstract of title -
 - 25.5.1 must start with a good root of title (if the good root of title must be at least 30 years old, this means 30 years old at the contract date);
 - 25.5.2 in the case of a leasehold interest, must include an abstract of the lease and any higher lease:
 - 25.5.3 normally, need not include a Crown grant; and
 - 25.5.4 need not include anything evidenced by the Register kept under the Real Property Act 1900.
- 25.6 In the case of land under old system title -
 - 25.6.1 in this contract 'transfer' means conveyance;
 - 25.6.2 the purchaser does not have to *serve* the form of transfer until after the vendor has *served* a proper abstract of title; and
 - 25.6.3 each vendor must give proper covenants for title as regards that vendor's interest.
- 25.7 In the case of land under limited title but not under qualified title –

- 25.7.1 normally, the abstract of title need not include any document which does not show the location, area or dimensions of the land (for example, by including a metes and bounds description or a plan of the land);
- 25.7.2 clause 25.7.1 does not apply to a document which is the good root of title; and
- 25.7.3 the vendor does not have to provide an abstract if this contract contains a delimitation plan (whether in registrable form or not).
- 25.8 The vendor must give a proper covenant to produce where relevant.
- 25.9 The vendor does not have to produce or covenant to produce a document that is not in the possession of the vendor or a mortgagee.
- 25.10 If the vendor is unable to produce an original document in the chain of title, the purchaser will accept a photocopy from the Registrar-General of the registration copy of that document.

26 Crown purchase money

- 26.1 This clause applies only if purchase money is payable to the Crown, whether or not due for payment.
- 26.2 The vendor is liable for the money, except to the extent this contract says the purchaser is liable for it.
- 26.3 To the extent the vendor is liable for it, the vendor is liable for any interest until completion.
- 26.4 To the extent the purchaser is liable for it, the parties must adjust any interest under clause 14.1.

27 Consent to transfer

- 27.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) cannot be transferred without consent under *legislation* or a *planning agreement*.
- 27.2 The purchaser must properly complete and then *serve* the purchaser's part of an application for consent to transfer of the land (or part of it) *within* 7 days after the contract date.
- 27.3 The vendor must apply for consent within 7 days after service of the purchaser's part.
- 27.4 If consent is refused, either party can rescind.
- 27.5 If consent is given subject to one or more conditions that will substantially disadvantage a *party*, then that party can rescind within 7 days after receipt by or *service* upon the *party* of written notice of the conditions.
- 27.6 If consent is not given or refused -
 - 27.6.1 *within* 42 days after the purchaser *serves* the purchaser's part of the application, the purchaser can *rescind*; or
 - 27.6.2 within 30 days after the application is made, either party can rescind.
- 27.7 Each period in clause 27.6 becomes 90 days if the land (or part of it) is -
 - 27.7.1 under a planning agreement; or
 - 27.7.2 in the Western Division.
- 27.8 If the land (or part of it) is described as a lot in an unregistered plan, each time in clause 27.6 becomes the later of the time and 35 days after creation of a separate folio for the lot.
- 27.9 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 14 days after *service* of the notice granting consent to transfer.

28 Unregistered plan

- 28.1 This clause applies only if some of the land is described as a lot in an unregistered plan.
- 28.2 The vendor must do everything reasonable to have the plan registered *within* 6 months after the contract date, with or without any minor alteration to the plan or any document to be lodged with the plan validly required or made under *legislation*.
- 28.3 If the plan is not registered within that time and in that manner
 - 28.3.1 the purchaser can rescind; and
 - 28.3.2 the vendor can *rescind*, but only if the vendor has complied with clause 28.2 and with any *legislation* governing the rescission.
- 28.4 Either party can serve notice of the registration of the plan and every relevant lot and plan number.
- 28.5 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after service of the notice.
- 28.6 Clauses 28.2 and 28.3 apply to another plan that is to be registered before the plan is registered.

29 Conditional contract

- 29.1 This clause applies only if a provision says this contract or completion is conditional on an event.
- 29.2 If the time for the event to happen is not stated, the time is 42 days after the contract date.
- 29.3 If this contract says the provision is for the benefit of a party, then it benefits only that party.
- 29.4 If anything is necessary to make the event happen, each *party* must do whatever is reasonably necessary to cause the event to happen.
- 29.5 A party can rescind under this clause only if the party has substantially complied with clause 29.4.
- 29.6 If the event involves an approval and the approval is given subject to a condition that will substantially disadvantage a *party* who has the benefit of the provision, the *party* can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party* serves notice of the condition.
- 29.7 If the parties can lawfully complete without the event happening
 - 29.7.1 if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after the end of that time;
 - 29.7.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party serves* notice of the refusal; and

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- 29.7.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after the earliest of
 - either party serving notice of the event happening;
 - every party who has the benefit of the provision serving notice waiving the provision; or
 - the end of the time for the event to happen.
- 29.8 If the parties cannot lawfully complete without the event happening -
 - 29.8.1 if the event does not happen within the time for it to happen, either party can rescind;
 - 29.8.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, either *party* can *rescind*:
 - 29.8.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after either *party* serves notice of the event happening.
- 29.9 A party cannot rescind under clauses 29.7 or 29.8 after the event happens.

30 Electronic transaction

- 30.1 This Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as an electronic transaction if -
 - 30.1.1 this contract says that it is an electronic transaction;
 - 30.1.2 the parties otherwise agree that it is to be conducted as an electronic transaction; or
 - 30.1.3 the conveyancing rules require it to be conducted as an electronic transaction.
- 30.2 However, this Conveyancing Transaction is not to be conducted as an electronic transaction -
 - 30.2.1 if the land is not electronically tradeable or the transfer is not eligible to be lodged electronically; or
 - 30.2.2 if, at any time after the *effective date*, but at least 14 days before the date for completion, a *party serves* a notice stating a valid reason why it cannot be conducted as an *electronic transaction*.
- 30.3 If, because of clause 30.2.2, this *Conveyancing Transaction* is not to be conducted as an *electronic transaction*
 - 30.3.1 each party must -
 - · bear equally any disbursements or fees; and
 - otherwise bear that party's own costs;

incurred because this Conveyancing Transaction was to be conducted as an electronic transaction; and

- 30.3.2 if a *party* has paid all of a disbursement or fee which, by reason of this clause, is to be borne equally by the *parties*, that amount must be adjusted under clause 14.2.
- 30.4 If this Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as an electronic transaction -
 - 30.4.1 to the extent that any other provision of this contract is inconsistent with this clause, the provisions of this clause prevail;
 - 30.4.2 normally, words and phrases used in this clause 30 (italicised and in Title Case, such as *Electronic Workspace* and *Lodgment Case*) have the same meaning which they have in the *participation rules*;
 - 30.4.3 the parties must conduct the electronic transaction -
 - in accordance with the participation rules and the ECNL; and
 - using the nominated ELN, unless the parties otherwise agree;
 - 30.4.4 a party must pay the fees and charges payable by that party to the ELNO and the Land Registry as a result of this transaction being an electronic transaction;
 - 30.4.5 any communication from one party to another party in the Electronic Workspace made -
 - after the effective date; and
 - before the receipt of a notice given under clause 30.2.2;

is taken to have been received by that *party* at the time determined by s13A of the Electronic Transactions Act 2000; and

- 30.4.6 a document which is an *electronic document* is *served* as soon as it is first *Digitally Signed* in the *Electronic Workspace* on behalf of the *party* required to *serve* it.
- 30.5 Normally, the vendor must within 7 days of the effective date -
 - 30.5.1 create an Electronic Workspace;
 - 30.5.2 populate the Electronic Workspace with title data, the date for completion and, if applicable, mortgage details: and
 - 30.5.3 invite the purchaser and any discharging mortgagee to the Electronic Workspace.
- 30.6 If the vendor has not created an *Electronic Workspace* in accordance with clause 30.5, the purchaser may create an *Electronic Workspace*. If the purchaser creates the *Electronic Workspace* the purchaser must 30.6.1 populate the *Electronic Workspace* with *title data*;
 - 30.6.2 create and populate an electronic transfer,
 - 30.6.3 populate the Electronic Workspace with the date for completion and a nominated completion time; and
 - 30.6.4 invite the vendor and any incoming mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace.
- 30.7 Normally, within 7 days of receiving an invitation from the vendor to join the Electronic Workspace, the purchaser must
 - 30.7.1 join the Electronic Workspace;
 - 30.7.2 create and populate an electronic transfer,
 - 30.7.3 invite any incoming mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace; and
 - 30.7.4 populate the Electronic Workspace with a nominated completion time.

- 30.8 If the purchaser has created the *Electronic Workspace* the vendor must *within* 7 days of being invited to the *Electronic Workspace*
 - 30.8.1 join the Electronic Workspace;
 - 30.8.2 populate the Electronic Workspace with mortgagee details, if applicable; and
 - 30.8.3 invite any discharging mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace.
- 30.9 To complete the financial settlement schedule in the Electronic Workspace -
 - 30.9.1 the purchaser must provide the vendor with adjustment figures at least 2 business days before the date for completion;
 - 30.9.2 the vendor must confirm the *adjustment figures* at least 1 *business day* before the date for completion; and
 - 30.9.3 if the purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment* or an *FRCGW remittance*, the purchaser must populate the *Electronic Workspace* with the payment details for the *GSTRW payment* or *FRCGW remittance* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation at least 2 business days before the date for completion.
- 30.10 Before completion, the parties must ensure that -
 - 30.10.1 all electronic documents which a party must Digitally Sign to complete the electronic transaction are populated and Digitally Signed;
 - 30.10.2 all certifications required by the ECNL are properly given; and
 - 30.10.3 they do everything else in the *Electronic Workspace* which that *party* must do to enable the *electronic transaction* to proceed to completion.
- 30.11 If completion takes place in the Electronic Workspace -
 - 30.11.1 payment electronically on completion of the price in accordance with clause 16.7 is taken to be payment by a single settlement cheque;
 - 30.11.2 the completion address in clause 16.11 is the Electronic Workspace; and
 - 30.11.3 clauses 13.13.2 to 13.13.4, 16.8, 16.12, 16.13 and 31.2.2 to 31.2.4 do not apply.
- 30.12 If the computer systems of any of the Land Registry, the ELNO or the Reserve Bank of Australia are inoperative for any reason at the completion time agreed by the parties, a failure to complete this contract for that reason is not a default under this contract on the part of either party.
- 30.13 If the computer systems of the *Land Registry* are inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties*, and the *parties* choose that financial settlement is to occur despite this, then on financial settlement occurring
 - 30.13.1 all electronic documents Digitally Signed by the vendor, the certificate of title and any discharge of mortgage, withdrawal of caveat or other electronic document forming part of the Lodgment Case for the electronic transaction shall be taken to have been unconditionally and irrevocably delivered to the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee at the time of financial settlement together with the right to deal with the land comprised in the certificate of title; and
 - 30.13.2 the vendor shall be taken to have no legal or equitable interest in the property.
- 30.14 A party who holds a certificate of title must act in accordance with any Prescribed Requirement in relation to the certificate of title but if there is no Prescribed Requirement, the vendor must serve the certificate of title after completion.
- 30.15 If the *parties* do not agree about the delivery before completion of one or more documents or things that cannot be delivered through the *Electronic Workspace*, the *party* required to deliver the documents or things 30.15.1 holds them on completion in escrow for the benefit of; and
 - 30.15.2 must immediately after completion deliver the documents or things to, or as directed by; the *party* entitled to them.
- 30.16 In this clause 30, these terms (in any form) mean -

adjustment figures details of the adjustments to be made to the price under clause 14; certificate of title the paper duplicate of the folio of the register for the land which exists

immediately prior to completion and, if more than one, refers to each such paper duplicate;

the time of day on the date for completion when the electronic transaction is to be settled;

conveyancing rules the rules made under s12E of the Real Property Act 1900;

discharging mortgagee any discharging mortgagee, chargee, covenant chargee or caveator whose

provision of a *Digitally Signed* discharge of mortgage, discharge of charge or withdrawal of caveat is required in order for unencumbered title to the *property* to be transferred to the purchaser;

ECNL the Electronic Conveyancing National Law (NSW);

effective date the date on which the Conveyancing Transaction is agreed to be an electronic

transaction under clause 30.1.2 or, if clauses 30.1.1 or 30.1.3 apply, the contract date;

electronic document a dealing as defined in the Real Property Act 1900 which may be created and

Digitally Signed in an Electronic Workspace;

electronic transfer a transfer of land under the Real Property Act 1900 for the property to be

prepared and Digitally Signed in the Electronic Workspace established for the

purposes of the parties' Conveyancing Transaction;

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electronic transaction a Conveyancing Transaction to be conducted for the parties by their legal

representatives as Subscribers using an ELN and in accordance with the ECNL

and the participation rules;

electronically tradeable a land title that is Electronically Tradeable as that term is defined in the

conveyancing rules;

incoming mortgagee any mortgagee who is to provide finance to the purchaser on the security of the

property and to enable the purchaser to pay the whole or part of the price; the details which a party to the electronic transaction must provide about any

discharging mortgagee of the property as at completion;

participation rules the participation rules as determined by the ECNL;
populate to complete data fields in the Electronic Workspace; and

title data the details of the title to the property made available to the Electronic Workspace

by the Land Registry.

31 Foreign Resident Capital Gains Withholding

31.1 This clause applies only if -

mortgagee details

- 31.1.1 the sale is not an excluded transaction within the meaning of s14-215 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act*; and
- 31.1.2 a clearance certificate in respect of every vendor is not attached to this contract.

31.2 The purchaser must -

- 31.2.1 at least 5 days before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of a purchaser payment notification to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under clause 4.3 has been *served*, by the transferee named in the transfer *served* with that direction;
- 31.2.2 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *FRCGW remittance* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
- 31.2.3 forward the settlement cheque to the payee immediately after completion; and
- 31.2.4 serve evidence of receipt of payment of the FRCGW remittance.
- 31.3 The vendor cannot refuse to complete if the purchaser complies with clauses 31.2.1 and 31.2.2.
- 31.4 If the vendor serves any clearance certificate or variation, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after that service and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- 31.5 If the vendor *serves* in respect of every vendor either a *clearance certificate* or a *variation* to 0.00 percent, clauses 31.2 and 31.3 do not apply.

32 Residential off the plan contract

- 32.1 This clause applies if this contract is an off the plan contract within the meaning of Division 10 of Part 4 of the Conveyancing Act 1919 (the Division).
- 32.2 No provision of this contract has the effect of excluding, modifying or restricting the operation of the Division.
- 32.3 If the purchaser makes a claim for compensation under the terms prescribed by clause 6A of the Conveyancing (Sale of Land) Regulation 2017
 - 32.3.1 the purchaser cannot make a claim under this contract about the same subject matter, including a claim under clauses 6 or 7; and
 - 32.3.2 the claim for compensation is not a claim under this contract.
- 32.4 This clause does not apply to a contract made before the commencement of the amendments to the Division under the Conveyancing Legislation Amendment Act 2018.

SECTION 66W CERTIFICATE

I, follows:		of By The Rules	Conveyancing,	, certify as
1.	I am a Wales;		currently admitted to pra	actise in New South
2.	Conveya 76 Haw Katheri	giving this certificate in ancing Act 1919 with refer vkins Street, Cooma, fro ne Hofner to Hamish Str at there is no cooling off po	ence to a contract for the om Carl Thomas Otto uart Deans and Michell	e sale of property at Hofner and Anna e Nicole Deans in
3.	am not Otto Ho a firm o	act for Carl Thomas Ott employed in the legal pra ofner and Anna Kathering of which a solicitor acting ne Hofner is a member or	actice of a solicitor acting Hofner nor am I a mem for Carl Thomas Otto	g for Carl Thomas ber or employee of
4.	I have e	explained to Hamish Stuar	t Deans and Michelle N	icole Deans:
	(a)	The effect of the contract	for the purchase of that p	property;
	(b)	The nature of this certification	ate; and	
	(c)	The effect of giving this cooling off period in relati		e. that there is no
Dated:				

ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS IN CONTRACT FOR SALE BETWEEN

VENDOR: Carl Thomas Otto Hofner and Anna Katherine Hofner PURCHASER: Hamish Stuart Deans and Michelle Nicole Deans

DATED

- In the event of either party failing to complete this contract within the time specified herein, then the other shall be entitled at any time thereafter to serve a notice to complete, requiring the other to complete within 14 days from the date of service of the notice, and this time period is considered reasonable by both parties. For the purpose of this contract, such notice to complete shall be deemed both at law and in equity sufficient to make time of the essence of this contract.
- Without in any manner limiting or restricting any rights or remedies which would have been available to the parties at law or in equity had this clause not been included, should either party, prior to completion:
 - die or lose legal capacity then either party may rescind this contract by notice in writing and there upon this contract shall be at an end and the provisions of clause 19 shall apply, or
 - (ii) be declared bankrupt or enter into any scheme or make any assignment for the benefit of creditors or have a petition for winding up of the party presented or enter into any scheme or arrangement with its creditors or should any liquidator, receiver or official manager be appointed in respect of the party, then this contract shall be at an end and the provisions of clause 19 shall apply.
- The Purchaser acknowledges having inspected the property and that it is being purchased by him in its present condition and state of repair. The Vendor gives no warranty as to the state of repair and condition of the property and the Purchaser agrees that he shall not be entitled to make any objection requisition or claim for compensation in respect thereof.
- IF the Purchaser shall not complete this Contract by the completion date due to the Purchaser's default, the Purchaser shall pay to the Vendor on completion, in addition to the balance of the purchase money, an amount of 8% interest on the balance of the purchase money computed at a daily rate from the date immediately after the completion date to the date on which this sale shall be completed, and an amount of \$330.00 (including GST) in favour of the Vendor's solicitor. It is agreed that these amounts are a genuine pre-estimate of the Vendor's losses and the Vendor's solicitor's additional time, based on communications between the parties, liaising with the discharging mortgagee (if required), re-booking settlement date and location, recalculating settlement statement, taking instructions from the Vendor, the preparation of a Notice to Complete (if required), service of Notice to complete and further communications following the issuance of a Notice to Complete.

It is provided that there shall be an abatement of both the interest and the agreed amount of the Vendor's losses during any time that the Purchaser is ready, willing and able to complete this agreement and the Vendor is not.

- The Purchaser acknowledges that the Vendor does not have a survey of the property. No objection, requisition or claim for compensation shall be made by the Purchaser as a result of any encroachment by any improvements on the subject property over adjoining properties or on account of any encroachment by any improvements upon adjoining properties over the subject property.
- The Purchaser warrants that he was not introduced to the property or the Vendor as Purchaser by any Real Estate Agent or any person acting on behalf of a Real Estate Agent other than the Agent named in this Contract, if any, and he agrees to indemnify and keep indemnified the Vendor against all claims, actions, suits, demands, costs and

- expenses in respect of any claim for commission arising out of such introduction. This condition shall not merge on completion of this Contract.
- IF the Purchaser is a company, it is an essential provision of this Contract that the Director(s) of such company jointly and severally guarantee to the Vendor the due and punctual performance and observance by the Purchaser of its obligations under the Contract and indemnify and keep indemnified the Vendor against all loses, damages, liabilities, costs and expenses accruing to the Vendor resulting or arising from any of the obligations on its part to be performed or observed.
- 40 The Purchaser warrants to the Vendor that either:
 - a. The Purchaser holds a current unconditional loan approval in a sufficient amount to enable completion of this matter; or
 - b. The Purchaser does not require finance to complete this Contract and the Purchaser acknowledges that the Vendor relies upon this warranty in entering into this Contract.
- IF at the time of completion there is noted on any folio of the Register for the property any Mortgage or Caveat, the Purchaser will accept on completion a Discharge Of Mortgage or Withdrawal Of Caveat so far as the same relates to the property, provided that such Discharge Of Mortgage or Withdrawal Of Caveat is in registrable form and any registration fees payable are allowed by the Vendor to the Purchaser.
- Clause 41 does not apply to a Caveat lodged by the Purchaser or a person or corporation having an interest in the property as a result of the Purchaser's interest in which case the Purchaser must complete subject to such Caveat.
- The Vendor shall be deemed to have complied with its obligations pursuant to Clause 5 if it supplies answers to the requisitions on title in the form attached hereto.
- The Vendor and the Purchaser agree that if completion of this matter is to be completed by Electronic Conveyancing then the parties agree that in the event settlement is delayed, cancelled or postponed either by the Vendor's outgoing mortgagee's failures or the Purchaser's incoming mortgagee's failures of whatsoever kind, or a delay by the Electronic Conveyancing system, and the completion date is re-established at a later date, then Clause 36 of this Contract does not apply.
- The Vendor hereto authorises his, her or their solicitor or any employee of that solicitor to make alterations to this Contract as agreed to between the parties, including the addition of annexures after execution, up until the date of this Contract. Any such alterations shall be binding upon the party deemed hereby to have authorised the same and any annexure so added shall form part of this Contract as if the same was annexed prior to the Contract being executed.
- Each party agrees that if on completion any amount, adjustment or any apportionment of outgoings required to be made under this Contract is overlooked or incorrectly calculated or described, he or she will forthwith upon being so requested by the other party make the correct calculation and pay such amount to the other party as is shown by such calculation payable. This clause shall not merge on completion.

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO VENDORS AND PURCHASERS

Before signing this contract you should ensure that you understand your rights and obligations, some of which are not written in this contract but are implied by law.

- It is a condition of this Contract that the purchaser will obtain approval in writing of finance for the purchase of the property within fourteen (14) days after the date of this contract.
- 47.2 The Purchaser will promptly, at the purchaser's expense:
 - 47.2.1 Apply for finance;
 - 47.2.2 Make and pursue the finance application, pay all fees, supply all particulars, certificates and valuations, and do all other things as may reasonably be required for the purpose of the application;
 - 47.2.3 Inform the Vendor regarding the progress of the finance application whenever reasonably requested to do so by or on behalf of the Vendor; and
 - 47.2.4 Notify the Vendor in writing after receipt of written approval or refusal from the lender.
- 47.3 Clause 47 is for the benefit of the purchaser who may, prior to rescission of this Contract, waive the benefit of it.
- 47.4 If without default on the part of the Purchaser, the finance approval in writing has not been obtained within fourteen (14) days after the date of this Contract, either party will be entitled by notice served upon the other to rescind this Contract, provided that if the Purchaser has obtained the finance approval in writing prior to service of such notice of rescission by either party, neither party will thereafter be entitled to rescind this Contract for want of such approval.
- 47.5 Upon rescission pursuant to Clause 47, the provisions of clause 19 will apply."

RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY REQUISITIONS ON TITLE

Vendor: Purchaser: Property: Dated:

Possession and tenancies

- Vacant possession of the Property must be given on completion unless the Contract provides otherwise. 1.
- Is anyone in adverse possession of the Property or any part of it? 2.

3.

- What are the nature and provisions of any tenancy or occupancy? (a)
- If they are in writing, all relevant documentation should be produced, found in order and (b) handed over on completion with notices of attornment.

Please specify any existing breaches. (c)

- All rent should be paid up to or beyond the date of completion. (d)
- Please provide details of any bond together with the Rental Bond Board's reference number. (e)
- If any bond money is held by the Rental Bond Board, the appropriate transfer documentation (f) duly signed should be handed over on completion.
- Is the Property affected by a protected tenancy (a tenancy affected by Parts 2, 3, 4 or 5 of the Landlord and 4. Tenant (Amendment) Act 1948 (NSW))? If so, please provide details.

If the tenancy is subject to the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 (NSW): 5.

- has either the vendor or any predecessor or the tenant applied to the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal for an order?
- have any orders been made by the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal? If so, please (b) provide details.

Subject to the Contract, on completion the vendor should be registered as proprietor in fee simple of the 6. Property free from all encumbrances and notations.

On or before completion, any mortgage, caveat, writ or priority notice must be discharged, withdrawn, 7. cancelled or removed as the case may be or, in the case of a mortgage, caveat or priority notice, an executed discharge or withdrawal or removal handed over on completion. 8.

Are there any proceedings pending or concluded that could result in the recording of any writ on the title to the Property or in the General Register of Deeds? If so, full details should be provided at least 14 days prior to completion.

When and where may the title documents be inspected? 9.

Are any chattels or fixtures subject to any hiring or leasing agreement or charge or to any security 10. interest under the Personal Properties Securities Act 2009 (Cth)? If so, details must be given and all indebtedness cleared and title transferred unencumbered to the vendor prior to completion.

Adjustments

All outgoings referred to in clause 14.1 of the Contract must be paid up to and including the date of 11. completion.

Is the vendor liable to pay land tax or is the Property otherwise charged or liable to be charged with land 12. tax? If so:

to what year has a return been made? (a)

what is the taxable value of the Property for land tax purposes for the current year? (b)

The vendor must serve on the purchaser a current land tax certificate (issued under Section 47 of the 13. Land Tax Management Act 1956 (NSW)) at least 14 days before completion.

Survey and building

Subject to the Contract, survey should be satisfactory and show that the whole of the Property is available 14. and that there are no encroachments by or upon the Property and that all improvements comply with local government/planning legislation. 15.

Is the vendor in possession of a survey report? If so, please produce a copy for inspection prior to completion. The original should be handed over on completion.

16.

- Have the provisions of the Local Government Act (NSW), the Environmental Planning and (a) Assessment Act 1979 (NSW) and their regulations been complied with?
- Is there any matter that could justify the making of an upgrading or demolition order in respect (b) of any building or structure?
- Has the vendor a Building Certificate which relates to all current buildings or structures? If so, (c) it should be handed over on completion. Please provide a copy in advance.
- Has the vendor a Final Occupation Certificate issued under the Environmental Planning and (d) Assessment Act 1979 (NSW) for all current buildings or structures? If so, it should be handed over on completion. Please provide a copy in advance. (e)

In respect of any residential building work carried out in the last 7 years:

- please identify the building work carried out; (i)
- when was the building work completed? (ii)

please state the builder's name and licence number;

please provide details of insurance under the Home Building Act 1989 (NSW). (iv)

Has the vendor (or any predecessor) entered into any agreement with or granted any indemnity to the 17. Council or any other authority concerning any development on the Property? 18. If a swimming pool is included in the sale:

did its installation or construction commence before or after 1 August 1990?

- has the swimming pool been installed or constructed in accordance with approvals under the (b) Local Government Act 1919 (NSW) and Local Government Act 1993 (NSW)?
- does it comply with the provisions of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 (NSW) and regulations (c) relating to access? If not, please provide details or the exemptions claimed;

have any notices or orders issued or been threatened under the Swimming Pools Act 1992 (d) (NSW) or regulations?

if a certificate of non-compliance has issued, please provide reasons for its issue if not (e) disclosed in the contract:

originals of certificate of compliance or non-compliance and occupation certificate should be (f) handed over on settlement.

19.

To whom do the boundary fences belong? (a)

Are there any party walls? (b)

If the answer to Requisition 19(b) is yes, specify what rights exist in relation to each party wall (c) and produce any agreement. The benefit of any such agreement should be assigned to the purchaser on completion.

Is the vendor aware of any dispute regarding boundary or dividing fences or party walls? (d)

Has the vendor received any notice, claim or proceedings under the Dividing Fences Act 1991 (e) (NSW) or the Encroachment of Buildings Act 1922 (NSW)?

Is the vendor aware of any rights, licences, easements, covenants or restrictions as to use other than 20. those disclosed in the Contract?

21. Is the vendor aware of:

- any road, drain, sewer or storm water channel which intersects or runs through the land? (a)
- any dedication to or use by the public of any right of way or other easement over any part of (b)

any latent defects in the Property? (c)

Has the vendor any notice or knowledge that the Property is affected by the following: 22.

any resumption or acquisition or proposed resumption or acquisition? (a)

any notice requiring work to be done or money to be spent on the Property or any footpath or (b) road adjoining? If so, such notice must be complied with prior to completion.

any work done or intended to be done on the Property or the adjacent street which may create (c) a charge on the Property or the cost of which might be or become recoverable from the purchaser?

any sum due to any local or public authority? If so, it must be paid prior to completion. (d)

any realignment or proposed realignment of any road adjoining the Property? (e)

any contamination including, but not limited to, materials or substances dangerous to health (f) such as asbestos and fibreglass?

23.

Does the Property have the benefit of water, sewerage, drainage, electricity, gas and (a) telephone services?

If so, do any of the connections for such services pass through any adjoining land? (b)

Do any service connections for any other Property pass through the Property?

Has any claim been made by any person to close, obstruct or limit access to or from the Property or to an 24. easement over any part of the Property?

Capacity

If the Contract discloses that the vendor is a trustee, evidence should be produced to establish the 25. trustee's power of sale.

Requisitions and transfer

If not attached to the Contract and the transaction is not an excluded transaction, any clearance 26. certificate under Section 14-220 of Schedule 1 of the Taxation Administration Act 1953 (Cth) should be served on the purchaser at least 7 days prior to completion.

If the transfer or any other document to be handed over on completion is executed pursuant to a power of 27. attorney, then at least 7 days prior to completion a copy of the registered power of attorney should be produced and found in order.

If the vendor has or is entitled to have possession of the title deeds the Certificate Authentication Code 28. must be provided 7 days prior to settlement.

Searches, surveys, enquiries and inspection of title deeds must prove satisfactory. 29. The purchaser reserves the right to make further requisitions prior to completion. 30.

Unless we are advised by you to the contrary prior to completion, it will be assumed that your replies to 31. these requisitions remain unchanged as at the completion date.

REGISTRY Title Search InfoTra



NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: 3/163644

SEARCH DATE -------

TIME ---- EDITION NO DATE

29/3/2021

2:13 PM

8 23/1/2018

NO CERTIFICATE OF TITLE HAS ISSUED FOR THE CURRENT EDITION OF THIS FOLIO. CONTROL OF THE RIGHT TO DEAL IS HELD BY COMMONWEALTH BANK OF AUSTRALIA.

LAND

LOT 3 IN DEPOSITED PLAN 163644

AT COOMA

LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA SNOWY MONARO REGIONAL PARISH OF COOMA COUNTY OF BERESFORD TITLE DIAGRAM DP163644

FIRST SCHEDULE -----

CARL THOMAS OTTO HOFNER ANNA KATHERINE HOFNER AS JOINT TENANTS

(T AN62524)

SECOND SCHEDULE (3 NOTIFICATIONS)

RESERVATIONS AND CONDITIONS IN THE CROWN GRANT(S) 1

- LIMITED TITLE. LIMITATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 28T(4) OF THE REAL 2 PROPERTY ACT, 1900. THE BOUNDARIES OF THE LAND COMPRISED HEREIN HAVE NOT BEEN INVESTIGATED BY THE REGISTRAR GENERAL.
- AN62525 MORTGAGE TO COMMONWEALTH BANK OF AUSTRALIA

NOTATIONS _____

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***

2021/080

PRINTED ON 29/3/2021

F P 163644

M.P.S. (0.S.) H122589

Plan Form No. 2 (for Deposited Plan)

Municipality of Cooma Shire of

PLAN

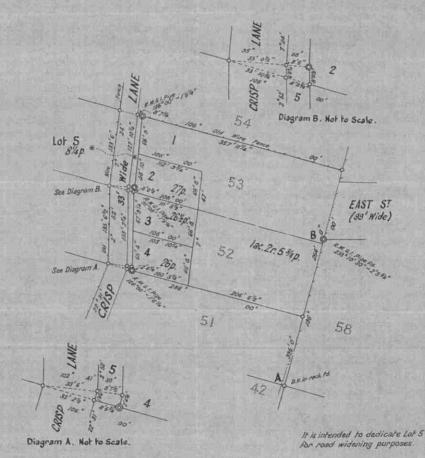
of subdivision of part of Lots 52 & 53 of the Crisp Estate

PARISH OF COOMA

COUNTY OF BERESFORD

Scale 80 feet to an inch

4 ROAD IN IDENING M. P 5 (05) 13644



Approved by Council & Covered by Council Clerk's Certificate

No. 1 of 17 is Council Clerk. TOWN CLERK

Datum line of Azimuth A-B.

DP 163	644	
FEET	INCHES	METRES
1	7 5/8 6 1/4	0.194
1 2	11 1/4 4 1/4	0.591
2 6	5 3/4 4 3/4	0.756
8	0 1/2	2.451
8	6 3/4	2,591
8	7 1/4 7 1/2	2,623
33	8 3/4	2.661
33	0 1/2 2 1/2	10.071
33	6 10 3/4	10.211
58 65	10	17.932
66	8	20.320
66	9 1/4	20.657
100	3 1/4	30.563
111	8 1/2 9 3/4	34.049
133	10 1/4	38.970 40.691
133	7 1/4 6 1/2	40.72
206	6 1/2	62.954 80.467
357 396	11 1/4	109.099
AC	RD P	SQ M
	- 8 1/4 - 26	208.7 657.6
	- 26 1/2 - 27	670.3
1	2 5 3/4	682.9
BELL		
The second second second		

Enquiries Our Ref 1300 345 345

Our Ref Certificate Number 1331/21 | P/N 209600

Your Ref 21/080



Walker Gibbs & King PO Box 8 COOMA NSW 2630

Planning Certificate - Section 10.7

Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979

Section 10.7(2) Details

In accordance with the requirements of section 10.7(2) of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* (as amended), the following prescribed matters relate to the land at the date of this certificate.

Certificate Information

Certificate Number

1331/21

Certificate Date

06/04/2021

Your Reference

21/080

Property Description

Address

76 Hawkins Street COOMA NSW 2630

Land Title

Lot: 3 DP: 163644

Assessment Number

40225815

This certificate provides information on how a property (such as land and buildings) may be used and the limits on its development. The certificate contains information Council is aware of through its records and environmental plans, along with data supplied by the State Government.

Snowy Monaro Regional Council does not accept any liability for anything contained in this certificate which has been supplied by third-party sources and does not warrant the accuracy of the contents.

All users of this certificate must acknowledge that Snowy Monaro Regional Council does not owe them any duty of care and they indemnify Snowy Monaro Regional Council from all claims demands suits actions and proceedings for damages and consequential loss howsoever arising from their use of this certificate and its contents where third-party information is relied upon.

Column 1 Section 10.7(2) (Schedule 4 EP&A Regulation 2000)

Identification of the matter referred to in Column 1 and the extent to which it applies to the land

1 Names of relevant planning instruments and DCPs

(1)The name of each environmental planning instrument that applies to the carrying out of development on the land.

Cooma-Monaro Local Environmental Plan 2013 See Note 6 for list of State Environmental Planning **Policies**

(2)The name of each proposed environmental planning instrument that will apply to the carrying out of development on the land and that is or has been the subject of community consultation or on public exhibition under the Act (unless the Secretary has notified the council that the making of the proposed instrument has been deferred indefinitely or has not been approved).

Nil

(3) The name of each development control plan that Cooma-Monaro Shire Development Control Plan 2014 applies to the carrying out of development on (Amendment 1) the land.

In this clause, proposed environmental planning instrument includes a planning proposal for a LEP or a draft environmental planning instrument.

Zoning and land use under relevant LEPs

For each environmental planning instrument or proposed instrument referred to in clause 1 (other than a SEPP or proposed SEPP) that includes the land in any zone (however described):

the identity of the zone, whether by reference to R2 Low Density Residential a name (such as "Residential Zone" or "Heritage Area") or by reference to a number (such as "Zone No 2 (a)"),

the purposes for which the instrument provides (b) that development may be carried out within the zone without the need for development consent,

See Note 7 - Land Use Table

(c) the purposes for which the instrument provides that development may not be carried out within the zone except with development consent.

See Note 7 - Land Use Table

- (d) the purposes for which the instrument provides that development is prohibited within the zone.
 - See Note 7 Land Use Table
- (e) whether any development standards applying to the land fix minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling-house on the land and, if so, the minimum land dimensions so fixed,

Not Applicable

- (f) whether the land includes or comprises critical habitat,
- whether the land is in a conservation area (g) (however described),

Not in Heritage Conservation Area

whether an item of environmental heritage No Heritage Item (h) (however described) is situated on the land.

Zoning and land use under State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006

To the extent that the land is within any zone (however described) under:

- Part 3 of the State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006 (the 2006 SEPP), or
- (b) a Precinct Plan (within the meaning of the 2006 N/A

SEPP), or

(c) a proposed Precinct Plan that is or has been the N/A subject of community consultation or on public exhibition under the Act,

the particulars referred to in clause 2 (a)-(h) in relation to that land (with a reference to "the instrument" in any of those paragraphs being read as a reference to Part 3 of the 2006 SEPP, or the Precinct Plan or proposed Precinct Plan, as the case requires).

Complying Development

The extent to which the land is land on which The following Codes are not applicable to this land: (1)complying development may be carried out under each of the codes for complying development because of the provisions of clauses 1.17A(1)(c) to (e), (2), (3) and (4), 1.18 (1) (c3) and 1.19 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.

Rural Housing Code

Container Recycling Facilities Code

Commercial and Industrial (New Buildings and Additions) Code

Commercial and Industrial Alterations Code

The following Codes are applicable to the land and complying development may be carried out on the whole of the land under these Codes:

Housing Code

Housing Alterations Code

General Development Code

Subdivisions Code

Demolition Code

Fire Safety Code

Inland Code

Low Rise Medium Density House Code

The following Codes are applicable to the land but due to the provisions of clauses 1.17A(1)(c) to (e), (2), (3) and (4), 1.18(1)(c3) and 1.19 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes)2008 complying development may only be carried out on part of the land under these Codes:

NIL

The following Codes are applicable to the land but due to the provisions of clauses 1.17A(1)(c) to (e), (2), (3) and (4), 1.18(1)(c3) and 1.19 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes)2008 complying development may not be carried out on the whole of the land under these Codes:

Nil

(2)The extent to which complying development may not be carried out on that land because of the provisions of clauses $1.17A(1) \in to \in$, (2), (3) and (4), 1.18 (1)(c3) and 1.19 of that Policy and

For the Codes listed above that may only be carried out on part of the land or may not be carried out on any part of the land the reasons why complying development may not be carried out are as follows:

the reasons why it may not be carried out under those clauses.

N/A

If complying development is permitted on **only part of the land** due to the above restrictions, the extent to which these restrictions apply to the land can be found on the NSW Planning Portal website maps at www.planningportal.nsw.gov.au. These map(s) are based on the legislated maps/s for *Cooma-Monaro Local Environmental Plan 2013, Snowy Rover Local Environment Plan 2013 and Bombala Local Environment Plan 2012* and represent the best information Council has on the extent to which the above restrictions affect this land.

(3) If the council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which complying development may or may not be carried out on the land, a statement that a restriction applies to the land, but it may not apply to all of the land, and that council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which complying development may or may not be carried out on the land.

Not Applicable

See Note 3 at the end of this Certificate for further information.

- 4 Repealed
- 4A Repealed
- 4B Annual charges under Local Government Act 1993 for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works

In relation to a coastal council—whether the owner (or any previous owner) of the land has consented in writing to the land being subject to annual charges under section 496B of the *Local Government Act 1993* for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works (within the meaning of section 553B of that Act).

Note. "Existing coastal protection works" are works to reduce the impact of coastal hazards on land (such as seawalls, revetments, groynes and beach nourishment) that existed before the commencement of section 553B of the *Local Government Act 1993*.

5 Mine subsidence

Whether or not the land is proclaimed to be a mine N subsidence district within the meaning of the *Coal Mine Subsidence Compensation Act 2017*.

6 Road widening and road realignment

Whether or not the land is affected by any road widening or road realignment under:

(a) Division 2 of Part 3 of the Roads Act 1993, or

No

(b) any environmental planning instrument, or

No

(c) any resolution of the council.

No

7 Council and other public authority policies on hazard risk restrictions

Whether or not the land is affected by a policy:

- (a) adopted by the council, or
- (b) adopted by any other public authority and notified to the council for the express purpose of its adoption by that authority being referred to in planning certificates issued by the council,

No (see Note below)

Council has been advised by the NSW Department of Planning that in accordance with section 4.14 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* Council is required to be satisfied that a development complies with *'Planning for Bushfire Protection 2019'* where that development is within land identified as bushfire prone.

that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of land slip, bushfire, tidal inundation, subsidence, acid sulphate soils or any other risk (other than flooding),

Note: Council has recently been provided with mapping information from the *Department of Industry – Resources and Energy* in conjunction with the NSW Governments *Heads of Asbestos Coordination Authorities* (HACA) in relation to the presence of 'Naturally Occurring Asbestos' (NOA) within the Shire. The HACA has also published information on what can be done to avoid contact with NOA. This information can be viewed at http://www.resourcesandenergy.nsw.gov.au/miners-and-explorers/safety-and-health/topics/NOA where there is a link to mapping and other information. The HACA has also published information on what can be done to avoid contact with NOA. Council has adopted an Asbestos Policy which includes provisions applicable to NOA. Council was not aware of the presence of NOA in the Shire when this Policy was adopted, and has no knowledge of any confirmed NOA sites. However following receipt of the mapping information Council is currently in the process of developing risk controls, guidance materials and an asbestos management plan in accordance with the adopted Asbestos Policy. The confirmed presence of naturally occurring asbestos on a site may result in restrictions being imposed upon future development of the site in accordance with the provisions of the Asbestos Policy.

7A Flood related development controls information

(1) Whether or not development on that land or part of the land for the purposes of dwelling houses, dual occupancies, multi dwelling housing or residential flat buildings (not including development for the purposes of group homes or seniors housing) is subject to flood related development controls.

Whether or not development on that land or No - refer to Planning Instrument for other part of the land for the purposes of dwelling considerations which may apply due to the proximity of houses, dual occupancies, multi dwelling housing this land to a watercourse.

(2) Whether or not development on that land or part of the land for any other purpose is subject to flood related development controls.

No - refer to Planning Instrument for other considerations which may apply due to the proximity of this land to a watercourse.

(3) Words and expressions in this clause have the same meanings as in the standard instrument set out in the Standard Instrument (Local Environmental Plans) Order 2006.

8 Land reserved for acquisition

Whether or not any environmental planning instrument or proposed environmental planning instrument referred to in clause 1 makes provision in relation to the acquisition of the land by a public authority, as referred to in section 3.15 of the Act.

Council has not been advised that any environmental planning instrument or proposed environmental planning instrument applying to the land provides for the acquisition of the land by a public authority as referred to in section 3.15 of the Act

9 Contributions plans

The name of each contributions plan applying to the land.

Cooma-Monaro Shire Council Section 7.11 Contributions Plan: (Management and Administration)

9A Biodiversity certified land

If the land is biodiversity certified land under Part 8 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*, a statement to that effect.

Note: Biodiversity certified land includes land certified under Par 7AA of the *Threatened Species Conservation Act* 1995 that is taken to be certified under Part 8 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act* 2016.

10 Biodiversity stewardship sites

If the land is a biodiversity stewardship site under a No

Land Title: Lot: 3 DP: 163644

biodiversity stewardship agreement under Part 5 of the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016, a statement to that effect (but only if the council has been notified of the existence of the agreement by the Chief Executive of the Office of Environment and Heritage).

Note: Biodiversity stewardship agreements include biobanking agreements under Part 7A of the Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995 that are taken to be biodiversity stewardship agreements under Part 5 of the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016.

10A Native vegetation clearing set asides

If the land contains a set aside area under section 60ZC of the Local Land Services Act 2013, a statement to that effect (but only if the council has been notified of the existence of the set aside area by Local Land Services or it is registered in the public register under that section).

No

11 Bush fire prone land

If any of the land is bush fire prone land (as defined in the Act), a statement that all or, as the case may be, some of the land is bush fire prone land.

If none of the land is bush fire prone land, a statement to that effect.

All of the land is bushfire prone.

Information relied on to answer the above question has been provided to Council by the NSW Rural Fire Service, for more information regarding the above information please contact the NSW Rural Fire Service. (www.rfs.nsw.gov.au)

Please see Public Notice Bush Fire Prone Lands Mapping Update at the end of this certificate.

12 Property vegetation plans

If the land is land to which a property vegetation plan under Part 4 of the Native Vegetation Act 2003 (and that continues in force) applies, a statement to that effect (but only if the council has been notified of the existence of the plan by the person or body that approved the plan under that Act).

No PVP applicable

13 Orders under Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006

Whether an order has been made under the Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006 to carry out work in relation to a tree on the land (but only if the council has been notified of the order).

14 **Directions under Part 3A**

If there is a direction by the Minister in force under section 75P (2) (c1) of the Act that a provision of an environmental planning instrument prohibiting or restricting the carrying out of a project or a stage of a project on the land under Part 4 of the Act does not have effect, a statement to that effect identifying the provision that does not have effect.

No

Site compatibility certificates and conditions for seniors housing

If the land is land to which State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004 applies:

(a) a statement of whether there is a current site No compatibility certificate (seniors housing), of which the council is aware, in respect of proposed development on the land and, if there

is a certificate, the statement is to include:

- (i) the period for which the certificate is current, N/A and
- (ii) that a copy may be obtained from the head N/A office of the Department, and
- (b) a statement setting out any terms of a kind N/A referred to in clause 18(2) of that Policy that have been imposed as a condition of consent to a development application granted after 11 October 2007 in respect of the land.

16 Site compatibility certificates for infrastructure, schools or TAFE establishments

A statement of whether there is a valid site No compatibility certificate (infrastructure), or site compatibility certificate (schools or TAFE establishments) of which the council is aware, in respect of proposed development on the land and, if there is a certificate, the statement is to include:

- (a) the period for which the certificate is valid, and N/A
- (b) that a copy may be obtained from the head N/A office of the Department.

17 Site compatibility certificates and conditions for affordable rental housing

- (1) A statement of whether there is a current site No compatibility certificate (affordable rental housing), of which the council is aware, in respect of proposed development on the land and, if there is a certificate, the statement is to include:
 - (a) the period for which the certificate is N/A current, and
 - (b) that a copy may be obtained from the N/A head office of the Department.
- (2) A statement setting out any terms of a kind N referred to in clause 17(1) or 38(1) of State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009 that have been imposed as a condition of consent to a development application in respect of the land.

18 Paper subdivision information

- (1) The name of any development plan adopted by a No relevant authority that applies to the land or that is proposed to be subject to a consent ballot.
- (2) The date of any subdivision order that applies to No
- (3) Words and expressions used in this clause have No the same meaning as they have in Part 16C of this Regulation.

19 Site verification certificates

A statement of whether there is a current site verification certificate, of which the council is aware, in respect of the land and, if there is a certificate, the statement is to include:

(a) the matter certified by the certificate, and N/A

Land Title: Lot: 3 DP: 163644

Note. A site verification certificate sets out the Secretary's opinion as to whether the land concerned is or is not biophysical strategic agricultural land or critical industry cluster land-see Division 3 of Part 4AA of State Environmental Planning Policy (Mining, Petroleum Production and Extractive Industries) 2007

- (b) the date on which the certificate ceases to be N/A current (if any), and
- (c) that a copy may be obtained from the head N/A office of the Department.

20 Loose-fill asbestos insulation

If the land includes any residential premises (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*) that are listed on the register that is required to be maintained under that Division, a statement to that effect.

Council is not aware of any residential dwelling erected on this land which has been identified in the Loose-Fill Asbestos Insulation Register as containing loose fill asbestos ceiling insulation. Contact NSW Fair Trading if further information is required.

21 Affected building notices and building product rectification orders

(1) A statement of whether there is any affected building notice of which the council is aware that is in force in respect of the land.

No affected building notice.

- (2) A statement of:
- (a) whether there is any building product rectification order of which the council is aware that is in force in respect of the land and has not been fully complied with, and

No building product rectification order.

(b) whether any notice of intention to make a building product rectification order of which the council is aware has been given in respect of the land and is outstanding.

No notice of intention to make a building rectification order.

(3) In this clause:

affected building notice has the same meaning as in Part 4 of the Building Products (Safety) Act 2017. building product rectification order has the same meaning as in the Building Products (Safety) Act 2017.

Note: The following matters are prescribed by section 59(2) of the *Contaminated Land Management Act 1997* as additional matters to be specified in a planning certificate:

- (a) that the land to which the certificate relates is significantly contaminated land within the meaning of that Act—if the land (or part of the land) is significantly contaminated land at the date when the certificate is issued,
- (b) that the land to which the certificate relates is subject to a management order within the meaning of that Act—if it is subject to such an order at the date when the certificate is issued,
- (c) that the land to which the certificate relates is the subject of an approved voluntary management proposal within the meaning of that Act—if it is the subject of such an approved proposal at the date when the certificate is issued,
- (d) that the land to which the certificate relates is subject to an ongoing maintenance order within the meaning of that Act-if it is subject to such an order at the date when the certificate is issued,
- (e) that the land to which the certificate relates is the subject of a site audit statement within the meaning of that Act—if a copy of such a statement has been provided at any time to the local authority issuing the certificate.

Contaminated Land

As of the date of this certificate, Council has no records to indicate that the site is potentially contaminated.

It is recommended that you ensure that the land has not in the past been used for certain purposes which could Snowy Monaro Regional Council 10.7 Planning Certificate 1331/21 Page 8 of 13 have involved the use of contaminates. A list of potentially contaminating uses is outlined in Attachment "A" to the end of this planning certificate.

Refer to Cooma Monaro Development Control Plan 2014 / Snowy River Development Control Plan 2013 / Bombala Development Control Plan 2012 – Planning Guidelines prepared by the Environment Protection Authority and the Department of Urban Affairs and Planning (1998). The guidelines are underpinned by State Environmental Planning Policy No 55 – Remediation of Land (SEPP 55), and the Contaminated Lands Management Act 1987.

In addition, Council has not been made aware of the land being subject to the following:

- land declared to be significantly contaminated land;
- · land subject to a management order;
- land subject of an approved voluntary management proposal;
- land subject to an ongoing maintenance order; or
- subject of a site audit statement

Land Title: Lot: 3 DP: 163644

IMPORTANT NOTES - SECTION 10.7(2) CERTIFICATE

Note 1 Terms of Reference

This Certificate does not make reference to the physical conditions of the property. Consequently no inspections have been made in respect of:

- (a) The presence or otherwise of noxious weeds on the property,
- (b) The condition of any structure/s on the land and associated infrastructure.

No advice is included in this Certificate in respect of outstanding or unauthorised works.

Should applicants require such details, that may be in addition to information provided in a S10.7(2) & (5) Certificate, application should be made, accompanied by the appropriate fee for such inspections.

Note 2 Biosecurity (Weeds)

Weeds are a major environmental threat to the Snowy Monaro Region's agricultural and environmental assets. People considering purchasing land, particularly rural land, in the Council area are urged to contact Council's Biosecurity (Weeds) team for advice regarding landowners' responsibilities for the control of weeds.

Note 3 Complying Development

- Under the *Housing Code* complying development may not be carried out on land which has an area less than 200 square metres and has a width, measured at the building line fronting a primary road, of at least 6m.
- Under the Rural Housing Code complying development for the erection of a new single-storey or two-storey dwelling house may only be carried out on land that (a) has an area of at least 80 hectares, or (b) is subject to a restriction created under section 88B of the Conveyancing Act 1919 that specifies a building envelope for the lot and was required by the council.
- As per clause 1.18 of the Codes SEPP Complying Development is only possible on land where the development would otherwise be permissible with or without consent under the Council's Local Environmental Plan applicable to the land.
- Complying development may not be carried out on land outside the zonings identified in State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008, or on a lot which is not entirely within the zoning in the Codes SEPP specified for that particular Complying Development code. Refer to State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008 for other permissibility criteria.

Note 4 Important Notice for any maps that relate to this certificate

These maps are not a precise survey document. Accurate locations can only be determined by a survey on the ground.

While every care is taken to ensure the accuracy of this data, neither the Snowy Monaro Regional Council nor the Land and Property Management Authority makes any representations or warranties about its accuracy, reliability, completeness or suitability for any particular purpose and disclaims all responsibility and all liability (including without limitation, liability in negligence) for all expenses, losses, damages (including indirect or consequential damage) and costs which you might incur as a result of the data being inaccurate or incomplete in any way and for any reason.

Note 5 Coinciding Legal and Practical Access

Purchasers of rural and non-urban land are advised to ensure that coinciding legal and practical access can be gained to the property from a public road.

Note 6 State Environmental Planning Policies

Below is a list of all State Environmental Planning Policies (including publicised draft policies) that apply to Snowy Monaro Regional Council. Depending on circumstances set down in each policy, the policy may be specifically applicable to the land that is the subject of this certificate. You are advised to check the policy for the necessary details.

State Environmental Planning Policy No 19—Bushland in Urban Areas

State Environmental Planning Policy No 21—Caravan Parks

State Environmental Planning Policy No 33—Hazardous and Offensive Development

State Environmental Planning Policy No 36—Manufactured Home Estates

State Environmental Planning Policy No 55—Remediation of Land

State Environmental Planning Policy No 64—Advertising and Signage

State Environmental Planning Policy No 65—Design Quality of Residential Apartment Development

State Environmental Planning Policy No 70—Affordable Housing (Revised Schemes)

State Environmental Planning Policy (Aboriginal Land) 2019

State Environmental Planning Policy (Activation Precincts) 2020

State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009

State Environmental Planning Policy (Building Sustainability Index: BASIX) 2004

State Environmental Planning Policy (Concurrences and Consents) 2018

State Environmental Planning Policy (Educational Establishments and Child Care Facilities) 2017

State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008

State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004

State Environmental Planning Policy (Infrastructure) 2007

State Environmental Planning Policy (Koala Habitat Protection) 2019

State Environmental Planning Policy (Kosciuszko National Park—Alpine Resorts) 2007

State Environmental Planning Policy (Mining, Petroleum Production and Extractive Industries) 2007

State Environmental Planning Policy (Primary Production and Rural Development) 2019

State Environmental Planning Policy (State and Regional Development) 2011

State Environmental Planning Policy (State Significant Precincts) 2005 State Environmental Planning Policy (Urban Renewal) 2010

State Environmental Planning Policy (Vegetation in Non-Rural Areas) 2017

Any enquiries regarding these State policies should be directed to the Department of Planning.

Note 7 Land use table under Cooma-Monaro Local Environmental Plan 2013

Zone R2 Low Density Residential

Without Consent

Environmental protection works; Home-based child care; Home occupations

With Consent

Bed and breakfast accommodation; Boarding houses; Car parks; Caravan parks; Child care centres; Community facilities; Dual occupancies; Dwelling houses; Environmental facilities; Exhibition homes; Group homes; Home occupations (sex services); Neighbourhood shops; Places of public worship; Plant nurseries; Recreation areas; Recreation facilities (indoor); Recreation facilities (outdoor); Respite day care centres; Roads; Seniors housing; Signage; Water supply systems

Prohibited

Any other development not specified in item 2 or 3

Land Title: Lot: 3 DP: 163644

<u>ATTACHMENT A' – S10.7(2)</u>

Activities which are likely to have contaminated sites because of their past or present use:

- asbestos works;
- · chemical and petrochemical works;
- docks and railway land, especially large sidings and depots;
- · gasworks, other local carbonisation plants and ancillary by products works;
- · industries making or using wood preservatives;
- installations involving the processing or use of radioactive materials;
- landfills and other waste disposal and storage sites, and transfer sites;
- · land heavily treated with chemicals for agricultural or other purposes, eg aerial spraying;
- metal mines, smelters, foundries, iron and steel works, metal finishing works;
- mine tailings dumps (including mineral sands tailings);
- · munitions production and testing sites;
- · oil refineries, petroleum storage and distributions sites;
- · paper and printing works;
- pesticide storage areas, areas where vehicles used for the transport and storage of pesticides are washed, and areas where tanks are used to store pesticides;
- · plants and heavy engineering installations, eg shipbuilding and shipbreaking;
- · power stations and switching yards etc;
- scrap yards;
- · stock dipping, eg sheep, cattle etc;
- tanneries



Public Notice

Bushfire Prone Lands Mapping Update

The NSW Rural Fire Service (RFS) and Snowy Monaro Regional Council have prepared a draft Bush Fire Prone Land (BFPL) Map using new categories identified by the (RFS) and updated vegetation mapping. This has resulted in the majority of the Local Government Area being mapped as bushfire prone land.

This notice has been prepared to inform you of the changes as they may impact plans for developing your property. Also when the new mapping comes into effect you may notice that your land is now identified as bushfire prone in the Section 10.7 Planning Certificate accompanying the sale of your land.

Please note that the revised map is currently in the drafting stage and will be available to the public in the near future. Council expects the draft map to be approved by the NSW RFS in 2019/20.

The new map is necessary because the NSW Rural Fire Service has changed the current two (2) categories BFPL classification system to a three (3) category BFPL classification system. The three (3) new categories are outlined below.

The three categories are defined as follows:

- Vegetation Category 1 is vegetation which is the highest risk for bush fire. It is
 represented as red on the BFPL Map and will be given a 100m buffer. This vegetation
 category has the highest combustibility and likelihood of forming fully developed fires
 including heavy ember production. Examples of Category 1 vegetation include areas of
 forest, woodlands, heaths (tall and short), forested wetlands and timber plantations.
- <u>Vegetation Category 2</u> is considered to be a lower bushfire risk than Category 1 and Category 3 but higher than the excluded areas. It is represented as light orange on a bush fire prone land map and will be given a 30 metre buffer. This vegetation category has lower combustibility and/or limited potential fire size due to the vegetation area shape and size, land geography and management practices. Examples of category 2 vegetation include rainforests and lower risk vegetation parcels.
- Vegetation Category 3 is considered to be medium bush fire risk vegetation. It is higher in bush fire risk than category 2 (and the excluded areas) but lower than Category 1. It is represented as dark orange on a Bush Fire Prone Land map and will be given a 30 metre buffer. Examples of Category 3 vegetation include Grasslands, freshwater wetlands, semiarid woodlands, alpine complex and arid shrublands.

Any development (including minor works) on properties impacted by the BFPL mapping will require an assessment under *Planning for Bushfire Protection Guidelines* and relevant construction standards.

Snowy Monaro Regional Council offer planning services to the community including a duty planner available on weekdays and pre-lodgement meetings to discuss planning implications for larger or more complex proposals. Information on building in bushfire prone areas can be found on the NSW RFS website – see https://www.rfs.nsw.gov.au/resources/publications/building-in-a-bush-fire-area.



Enquiries:

Sharon Thompson

Cooma Office

Our Ref:

Your Ref 21/080

30 March 2021

Walker Gibbs and King PO Box 8 COOMA NSW 2630

Dear Sir/Madam

Drainage Diagram for 76 Hawkins Street Cooma – Lot 3 DP 163644

Council wishes to advise that a drainage diagram is not available for the above property, however, enclosed is a copy of the plan showing the property and its relation to the sewer main.

Please note that this information may not fully represent the work as constructed, but is the best available from Council's present records.

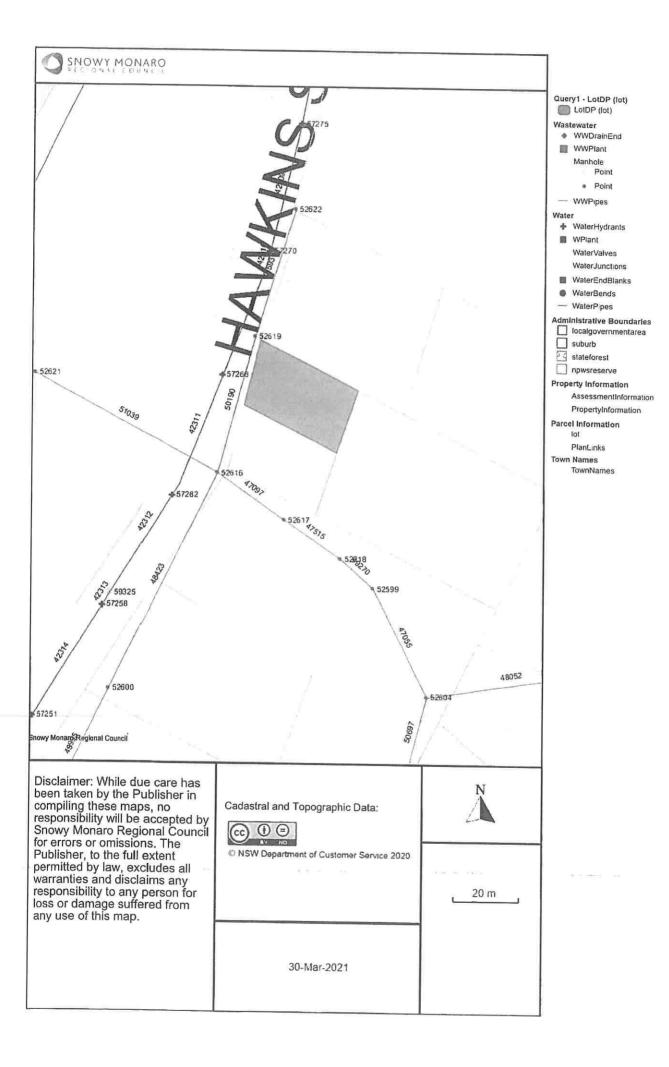
Should you have any queries in regard to this matter, please contact Sharon Thompson in Council's Environment & Sustainability Division.

Yours faithfully

Sharon Thompson

Administration Assistant Building Certification





RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY REQUISITIONS ON TITLE

Vendor: Purchaser: Property: Dated:

Possession and tenancies

- Vacant possession of the Property must be given on completion unless the Contract provides otherwise. 1.
- Is anyone in adverse possession of the Property or any part of it? 2.

- (a) What are the nature and provisions of any tenancy or occupancy?
- If they are in writing, all relevant documentation should be produced, found in order and (b) handed over on completion with notices of attornment.
- Please specify any existing breaches. (c)
- (d) All rent should be paid up to or beyond the date of completion.
- Please provide details of any bond together with the Rental Bond Board's reference number. (e)
- If any bond money is held by the Rental Bond Board, the appropriate transfer documentation (f) duly signed should be handed over on completion.
- Is the Property affected by a protected tenancy (a tenancy affected by Parts 2, 3, 4 or 5 of the Landlord and 4. Tenant (Amendment) Act 1948 (NSW))? If so, please provide details.

If the tenancy is subject to the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 (NSW): 5.

- has either the vendor or any predecessor or the tenant applied to the NSW Civil and (a) Administrative Tribunal for an order?
- have any orders been made by the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal? If so, please (b) provide details.

Title

Subject to the Contract, on completion the vendor should be registered as proprietor in fee simple of the 6. Property free from all encumbrances and notations. 7.

On or before completion, any mortgage, caveat, writ or priority notice must be discharged, withdrawn, cancelled or removed as the case may be or, in the case of a mortgage, caveat or priority notice, an executed discharge or withdrawal or removal handed over on completion.

Are there any proceedings pending or concluded that could result in the recording of any writ on the title 8. to the Property or in the General Register of Deeds? If so, full details should be provided at least 14 days prior to completion.

9. When and where may the title documents be inspected?

Are any chattels or fixtures subject to any hiring or leasing agreement or charge or to any security 10. interest under the Personal Properties Securities Act 2009 (Cth)? If so, details must be given and all indebtedness cleared and title transferred unencumbered to the vendor prior to completion.

Adjustments

- All outgoings referred to in clause 14.1 of the Contract must be paid up to and including the date of 11. completion.
- Is the vendor liable to pay land tax or is the Property otherwise charged or liable to be charged with land 12. tax? If so:
 - (a) to what year has a return been made?
 - what is the taxable value of the Property for land tax purposes for the current year? (b)
- The vendor must serve on the purchaser a current land tax certificate (issued under Section 47 of the 13. Land Tax Management Act 1956 (NSW)) at least 14 days before completion.

Survey and building

- Subject to the Contract, survey should be satisfactory and show that the whole of the Property is available 14. and that there are no encroachments by or upon the Property and that all improvements comply with local government/planning legislation.
- Is the vendor in possession of a survey report? If so, please produce a copy for inspection prior to 15. completion. The original should be handed over on completion. 16.

Have the provisions of the Local Government Act (NSW), the Environmental Planning and (a) Assessment Act 1979 (NSW) and their regulations been complied with?

- Is there any matter that could justify the making of an upgrading or demolition order in respect (b) of any building or structure?
- Has the vendor a Building Certificate which relates to all current buildings or structures? If so, (c) it should be handed over on completion. Please provide a copy in advance.
- Has the vendor a Final Occupation Certificate issued under the Environmental Planning and (d) Assessment Act 1979 (NSW) for all current buildings or structures? If so, it should be handed over on completion. Please provide a copy in advance.
- In respect of any residential building work carried out in the last 7 years: (e)
 - please identify the building work carried out; (i)
 - (ii) when was the building work completed?

please state the builder's name and licence number; (iii)

please provide details of insurance under the Home Building Act 1989 (NSW).

(iv) Has the vendor (or any predecessor) entered into any agreement with or granted any indemnity to the 17. Council or any other authority concerning any development on the Property?

If a swimming pool is included in the sale: 18.

did its installation or construction commence before or after 1 August 1990?

- has the swimming pool been installed or constructed in accordance with approvals under the (b) Local Government Act 1919 (NSW) and Local Government Act 1993 (NSW)?
- does it comply with the provisions of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 (NSW) and regulations (c) relating to access? If not, please provide details or the exemptions claimed;
- have any notices or orders issued or been threatened under the Swimming Pools Act 1992 (d) (NSW) or regulations?

if a certificate of non-compliance has issued, please provide reasons for its issue if not (e) disclosed in the contract;

originals of certificate of compliance or non-compliance and occupation certificate should be (f) handed over on settlement.

19.

To whom do the boundary fences belong? (a)

Are there any party walls? (b)

If the answer to Requisition 19(b) is yes, specify what rights exist in relation to each party wall (c) and produce any agreement. The benefit of any such agreement should be assigned to the purchaser on completion.

Is the vendor aware of any dispute regarding boundary or dividing fences or party walls? (d)

Has the vendor received any notice, claim or proceedings under the Dividing Fences Act 1991 (e) (NSW) or the Encroachment of Buildings Act 1922 (NSW)?

Affectations

Is the vendor aware of any rights, licences, easements, covenants or restrictions as to use other than 20. those disclosed in the Contract?

Is the vendor aware of: 21.

- any road, drain, sewer or storm water channel which intersects or runs through the land? (a)
- any dedication to or use by the public of any right of way or other easement over any part of (b)

any latent defects in the Property? (c)

Has the vendor any notice or knowledge that the Property is affected by the following: 22.

any resumption or acquisition or proposed resumption or acquisition? (a)

- any notice requiring work to be done or money to be spent on the Property or any footpath or (b) road adjoining? If so, such notice must be complied with prior to completion.
- any work done or intended to be done on the Property or the adjacent street which may create (c) a charge on the Property or the cost of which might be or become recoverable from the purchaser?
- any sum due to any local or public authority? If so, it must be paid prior to completion. (d)

any realignment or proposed realignment of any road adjoining the Property? (e)

any contamination including, but not limited to, materials or substances dangerous to health (f) such as asbestos and fibreglass?

23.

- Does the Property have the benefit of water, sewerage, drainage, electricity, gas and (a)
- If so, do any of the connections for such services pass through any adjoining land? (b) Do any service connections for any other Property pass through the Property?

Has any claim been made by any person to close, obstruct or limit access to or from the Property or to an 24. easement over any part of the Property?

Capacity

If the Contract discloses that the vendor is a trustee, evidence should be produced to establish the 25. trustee's power of sale.

Requisitions and transfer

- If not attached to the Contract and the transaction is not an excluded transaction, any clearance 26. certificate under Section 14-220 of Schedule 1 of the Taxation Administration Act 1953 (Cth) should be served on the purchaser at least 7 days prior to completion.
- If the transfer or any other document to be handed over on completion is executed pursuant to a power of 27. attorney, then at least 7 days prior to completion a copy of the registered power of attorney should be produced and found in order.
- If the vendor has or is entitled to have possession of the title deeds the Certificate Authentication Code 28. must be provided 7 days prior to settlement.
- Searches, surveys, enquiries and inspection of title deeds must prove satisfactory. 29.
- The purchaser reserves the right to make further requisitions prior to completion. 30.
- Unless we are advised by you to the contrary prior to completion, it will be assumed that your replies to 31. these requisitions remain unchanged as at the completion date.