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Contract for the sale and purchase of land 2019 edition

TERM vendor's agent	Redden Family Real Estate 3 Gilgai Court, Dubbo, NSW 2830		NSW DAN: Phone: 0409 Ref: Mich Redden	9 844 036 nael Redden and Tracey
co-agent				
vendor	Enid Claire Burgess			
vendor's solicitor	Orana Conveyancing 6, 173 Darling Street, Dubbo NSW 2830 PO Box 612, Dubbo NSW 2830		om.au Fax: 02 6	882 1133 y@oranaconveyancing.c 882 1199 DL:229105
date for completion land (address, plan details and title reference)	42nd day after the contract date 189 Dandaloo Street, Narromine, New South Wales 2821 Registered Plan: Lot 5 Section 32 Plan DP 758759 Folio Identifier 5/32/758759			
	☑ VACANT POSSES	SSION ☐ subject to ex	isting tenancies	
improvements	 ☑ HOUSE ☑ garage ☑ carport ☐ home unit ☐ carspace ☐ storage space ☐ none ☑ other: Garden Shed 			
attached copies	 ☐ documents in the List of Documents as marked or as numbered: ☐ other documents: 			
	permitted by legislation	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	this box in a sale	of residential property.
inclusions	☐ blinds	⊠ dishwasher	□ light fittings	⊠ stove
	⊠ built-in wardrobes		⊠ range hood	□ pool equipment
			□ solar panels	
	⊠ curtains		Air-Conditioning	
exclusions				
purchaser				
purchaser's solicitor				
price				
deposit			(10% of the price	, unless otherwise stated)
balance				•
contract date		(if	not stated, the date	e this contract was made)
buyer's agent				
vendor		GST AMOUNT (option	al) ———	witness
		The price includes	′	
		GST of: \$		
		σοι σι. φ		
purchaser JOINT	TENANTS □ tenants i	Ln common □ in unequa	al shares	witness

Choices

Vendor agrees to accept a <i>deposit-bond</i> (clause 3)	\square NO	⊠ yes	
Nominated Electronic Lodgment Network (ELN) (clause 3	0) PEXA		
Electronic transaction (clause 30)	□ no	⊠ YES	<u> </u>
	proposed		ther details, such as the n the space below, or ntract date):
Tax information (the parties promise this			s aware)
Land tax is adjustable	⊠ NO	□ yes	□ vee to an extent
GST: Taxable supply Margin scheme will be used in making the taxable supply	⊠ NO ⊠ NO	□ yes in full □ yes	☐ yes to an extent
This sale is not a taxable supply because (one or more of the		•	
$\hfill\Box$ not made in the course or furtherance of an enterpris	se that the vend	dor carries on (section	on 9-5(b))
☐ by a vendor who is neither registered nor required to	•	•	5(d))
☐ GST-free because the sale is the supply of a going o☐ GST-free because the sale is subdivided farm land o			udar Subdivision 38 O
☐ GS1-free because the sale is subdivided farm fand o	-		
		, ,	,
Purchaser must make an GSTRW payment	□ NO		ndor must provide
(GST residential withholding payment) If	the further de	further de etails below are not	etalls) t fully completed at the
CC	ontract date, th		ide all these details in a
GSTRW payment (GST residential with Frequently the supplier will be the vendor. However, so entity is liable for GST, for example, if the supplier is a in a GST joint venture.	ometimes furth	ner information will b	e required as to which
Supplier's name:			
Supplier's ABN:			
Supplier's GST branch number (if applicable):			
Supplier's business address:			
Supplier's email address:			
Supplier's phone number:			
Supplier's proportion of GSTRW payment:			
If more than one supplier, provide the above deta	ils for each s	upplier.	
Amount purchaser must pay – price multiplied by the GSTRV	<i>V rate</i> (residen	tial withholding rate)	:
Amount must be paid: $\ \square$ AT COMPLETION $\ \square$ at another ti	me (specify):		
Is any of the consideration not expressed as an amount in me	oney? □ NO	□ yes	
If "yes", the GST inclusive market value of the non-mo	netary conside	eration: \$	
Other details (including those required by regulation or the A	TO forms):		

List of Documents

General		Strata or community title (clause 23 of the contract)		
⊠ 1	property certificate for the land	\square 32 property certificate for strata common property		
⊠ 2	plan of the land	☐ 33 plan creating strata common property		
□ 3	unregistered plan of the land	☐ 34 strata by-laws		
□ 4	plan of land to be subdivided	☐ 35 strata development contract or statement		
□ 5	document that is to be lodged with a relevant plan	☐ 36 strata management statement		
⊠ 6	section 10.7(2) planning certificate under	☐ 37 strata renewal proposal		
	Environmental Planning and Assessment Act	☐ 38 strata renewal plan		
	1979	☐ 39 leasehold strata - lease of lot and common		
□ 7	additional information included in that certificate	property		
	under section 10.7(5)	☐ 40 property certificate for neighbourhood property		
⊠ 8	sewerage infrastructure location diagram	☐ 41 plan creating neighbourhood property		
_ ^	(service location diagram)	☐ 42 neighbourhood development contract		
□ 9	sewer lines location diagram (sewerage service	☐ 43 neighbourhood management statement		
□ 10	diagram)	☐ 44 property certificate for precinct property		
□ 10	document that created or may have created an easement, profit à prendre, restriction on use or	☐ 45 plan creating precinct property		
	positive covenant disclosed in this contract	☐ 46 precinct development contract		
□ 11	planning agreement	☐ 47 precinct management statement		
	section 88G certificate (positive covenant)	☐ 48 property certificate for community property		
	survey report	☐ 49 plan creating community property		
	building information certificate or building	□ 50 community development contract		
	certificate given under <i>legislation</i>	□ 51 community management statement		
□ 15	lease (with every relevant memorandum or	☐ 52 document disclosing a change of by-laws		
	variation)	 53 document disclosing a change in a development or management contract or statement 		
	other document relevant to tenancies	☐ 54 document disclosing a change in boundaries		
	licence benefiting the land	□ 55 information certificate under Strata Schemes		
	old system document	Management Act 2015		
	Crown purchase statement of account	☐ 56 information certificate under Community Land		
	building management statement	Management Act 1989		
	form of requisitions	☐ 57 disclosure statement - off the plan contract		
	clearance certificate	☐ 58 other document relevant to the off the plan contract		
	land tax certificate	Other		
Home	Building Act 1989	□ 59		
□ 24	insurance certificate			
□ 25	brochure or warning			
□ 26	evidence of alternative indemnity cover			
Swim	ming Pools Act 1992			
□ 27	certificate of compliance			
□ 28	evidence of registration			
□ 29	relevant occupation certificate			
□ 30	certificate of non-compliance			
□ 31	detailed reasons of non-compliance			

HOLDER OF STRATA OR COMMUNITY TITLE RECORDS – Name, address, email address and telephone number

SPECIAL CONDITIONS

These are the special conditions to the contract for the sale of land

BETWEEN Enid Claire Burgess of , (Vendor)

AND of (Purchaser)

1. Special Conditions to Prevail

In the event of any inconsistency between these Special Conditions and the printed form of Contract, these Special Conditions shall prevail to the extent of the inconsistency.

2. Notice to Complete

- (a) In the event of either party failing to complete this contract within the time specified herein, then the other shall be entitled at any time thereafter to serve a Notice to Complete, requiring the other to complete within 14 days from the date of service of the notice, and this time period is considered reasonable by both parties. For the purpose of this contract, such notice to complete shall be deemed both at law and in equity sufficient to make time of the essence of this contract.
- (b) In the event that a Notice to Complete is issued by the Vendor the Purchaser will pay on completion an amount of \$275.00 (including GST) being the Vendors legal costs in respect of the issue of such notice, the payment of which is an essential term of this contract and will be allowed by the Purchaser in favour of the Vendor as an additional adjustment on completion.

3. Death or incapacity

Notwithstanding any rule of law or equity to the contrary, should either party, or if more than one any one of them, prior to completion die or become mentally ill, as defined in the Mental Health Act, or become bankrupt, or if a company go into liquidation, then either party may rescind this contract by notice in writing forwarded to the other party and thereupon this contract shall be at an end and the provisions of clause 19 hereof shall apply.

4. Purchaser acknowledgements

Without excluding, modifying or restricting the Purchasers rights pursuant to section 52(2)(b) of the Conveyancing Act 1919 (NSW) and the Conveyancing (Sale of Land) Regulation 2017 (NSW):

- (a) The property is sold in its current condition and state of repair (including structural repair) as at the contract date and the Purchaser accepts it with all faults and latent and patent defects, and all infestations and dilapidations; and
- (b) By entering into the contract, the Purchaser acknowledges that they are purchasing the property as a result of their own inspections and inquiries and represents and warrants to the Vendor that they have satisfied themselves in relation to:
 - (i) the condition and state of repair of the property;
 - (ii) the position of any improvements on the property and whether or not those improvements comply with the Local Government Act 1993 (NSW) and the Environmental Assessment Act 1979 (NSW);
 - (iii) the area and legal boundaries of the property;
 - (iv) access to the property;
 - (v) the nature, location, availability or non-availability of the services or defects in the services:
 - (vi) whether or not the property is subject to or has the benefits of any rights or easements in respect of the services;
 - (vii) any underground or surface stormwater drain passing through or over the property or any manhole vent on the property; and
- (c) The Purchaser acknowledges and agrees that:
 - (i) The Vendor does not hold a survey report in respect to area and boundaries of the property;
 - (ii) The Vendor does not hold a building certificate in respect to the improvements on the property; and

The Purchaser cannot make a requisition or a claim for compensation or attempt to delay completion or attempt to rescind or attempt to terminate the contract for any matters covered by this clause.

5. Late completion

(a) In the event that completion does not take place on the nominated day for completion due to any reason other than the default of the Vendor then the purchaser shall pay to the Vendor interest on the balance of purchase price at the rate of 10% per annum calculated daily from the date nominated for completion until and including the actual day of completion. (b) In addition, in the event that completion does take place at the agreed nominated day for completion due to any reason other than the default of the Vendor then the Purchaser will pay on completion an additional amount of \$165.00 (including GST) being reasonable costs incurred by the Vendor as a consequence of the cancelled or re-arranged settlement, the payment of which is an essential term of this contract and will be allowed by the Purchaser in favour of the Vendor as an additional adjustment on completion.

6. Agent

The purchaser warrants that they were not introduced to the vendor or the property by or through the medium of any real estate agent or any employee of any real estate agent or any person having any connection with a real estate agent who may be entitled to claim commission as a result of this sale other than the vendors agent, if any, referred to in this contract, and the purchaser agrees that they will at all times indemnify and keep indemnified the vendor from and against any claim whatsoever for commission, which may be made by any real estate agent or other person arising out of or in connection with the purchasers breach of this warranty, and it is hereby agreed and declared that this clause shall not merge in the transfer upon completion, or be extinguished by completion of this contract, and shall continue in full force, and effect, notwithstanding completion.

7. Whole Agreement

- (a) To the extent permitted by law, in relation to the subject matter, this contract:
 - (i) Embodies the entire understanding of the parties and constitutes the entire terms agreed by the parties; and
 - (ii) Supercedes any prior written or other agreement of the parties.
- (b) Without limiting 7(a), the Vendor does not warrant or represent that any information or statements contained or referred to in any brochure, advertisement or other document made available by or on behalf of the Vendor in connection with this sale or this contract is accurate or complete.
- (c) The Purchaser acknowledges and agrees:
 - (i) This contract constitutes the whole agreement of the parties as to its subject matter;
 - (ii) This contract supersedes all prior representations, agreements, understandings, negotiations, writings, or discussions as to its subject matter; and
 - (iii) The purchaser has not relied on any representations made to it or by or on behalf of the Vendor or its agents in relation to the property and/or the use of the property.
- (d) The Purchaser represents and warrants that the Purchaser:
 - (i) Has not relied on any brochure, advertisement or other document referred to in 7(b);

- (ii) Has made its own inquiries in relation to the property;
- (iii) Does not rely on any representation, letter, documents or arrangement (whether oral or in writing) or other conduct as adding to or amending this contract:
- (iv) Is satisfied as to all information relevant to the risks, contingences and other circumstances affecting the purchase of the property; and
- (v) Is satisfied as to the need for and the existence or validity of any development or other approval for the property.

8. Smoke alarms

The property has smoke alarms installed.

9. Deposit bond

- a) The word bond means the deposit bond issued to the vendor at the request of the purchaser by the bond provider.
- b) Subject to the following clauses the delivery of the bond on exchange to the person nominated in this contract to hold the deposit or the vendor's solicitor will be deemed to be payment of the deposit in accordance with this contract.
- c) The purchaser must pay the amount stipulated in the bond to the vendor in cash or by unendorsed bank cheque on completion or at such other time as may be provided for the deposit to be accounted to the vendor.
- d) If the vendor serves on the purchaser a written notice claiming to forfeit the deposit then to the extent that the amount has not already been paid by the bond provider under the bond, the purchaser must immediately pay the deposit or so much of the deposit as has not been paid to the person nominated in this contract to hold the deposit.

10. Exchange on less than 10% deposit

Notwithstanding any other provision of this contract, if the deposit paid by the Purchaser on or before the contract date in accordance with the provisions of clause 2 (Initial Deposit) is less than ten percent (10%) of the price, then the amount of the deposit that may be kept or recovered by the Vendor under clause 9 shall be deemed to be ten percent (10%) of the price.

The difference, if any, between the Initial Deposit and ten percent (10%) deposit of the price (Balance Deposit) will be payable by the Purchaser to the Vendor on the earlier to occur of:

- (a) The date of completion;
- (b) Default by the purchaser entitling the vendor to keep or recover the deposit.

If the Purchaser fails to pay the balance deposit to the Vendor pursuant to this clause, the Vendor is entitled to sue the Purchaser for the Balance Deposit as a liquidated debt in addition to any other remedies available to the Vendor.

11. Electronic Signatures

- (a) The Parties agree to accept the signatures by either party which are done way by facsimile, photocopy or any other form of Electronic Signature for the purposes of exchange of Contracts;
- (b) The Parties agree that they shall not make any requisition, objection, claim or delay completion due to the manner of execution of this Contract as referred to in special condition 9(a);
- (c) For the purposes of the Electronic Transactions Act 1999 (Cth) and the Electronic Transactions Act 2000 (NSW) each Party consents to receiving and receiving the Contract electronically.
- (d) The parties agree that the original signatures will be provided to the other party in due course prior to completion.

12. Requisitions on Title

The purchaser acknowledges that the Requisitions on Title which follow are deemed to be the requisitions raised by the purchaser pursuant to clause 5.1. No other requisitions shall be made by the purchaser unless permitted by clauses 5.2 or 5.3.

13. Land tax Certificate

The vendor will upon exchange of contracts provide the purchasers or their legal representative with a current Section 47 Certificate.

14. Electronic Settlement

- (a) The parties agree to settle this sale electronically in accordance and compliance with the Electronic Conveyancing National Law.
- (b) The provisions of this contract continue to apply as modified by the electronic settlement procedures unless for any reason a party notifies the other in writing that settlement can no longer be conducted electronically at which time the matter will proceed as a paper settlement. In this event any disbursements incurred will be shared equally by the parties and adjusted at settlement but each party shall pay their own costs.

- (c) Within 7 days of exchange the vendor will open and populate the electronic workspace, including the date and time of settlement and invite the purchaser and any discharging mortgagee to join, failing which the purchaser may do so.
- (d) Settlement takes place when the financial settlements takes place.
- (e) Anything that cannot be delivered electronically must be given to the relevant party immediately following settlement.
- (f) If time is of the essence of the transaction and settlement fails to proceed due to a system failure then neither party will be in default. If electronic settlement cannot be reestablished the next working day, the parties must settle in the usual non-electronic manner as soon as possible but no later than three (3) working days after the initial electronic failure unless otherwise agreed.

Any notice served on a party in the electronic workspace must also be served in accordance with the condition of this Contract relating to service of notices.

15. Covid-19 Virus

For the benefit of both parties, should either party:

- (a) Contract the Covid-19 virus;
- (b) be placed in isolation in the property;
- (c) directed to self-isolate in the property; or
- (d) need to care for an immediate member of their household or family in the property who is directly affected by matters (a)-(c) above, then the parties agree that the following provisions shall apply:
 - (i) The other party cannot issue a Notice to Complete on that party until such time that the person or persons have been medically cleared by a general practitioner or other specialist and permitted to leave the property.
 - (ii) The party seeking the benefit of this clause must provide suitable documentation to provide evidence of the need for isolation immediately upon diagnosis.
 - (iii) Completion shall take place within seven (7) days from the date from which the party is permitted to leave the property.
 - (iv) If the vendor is the party seeking the benefit of this clause, he shall do all things reasonably possible to vacate the property a minimum of 24 hours prior to completion.
 - (v) It is an essential term of this contract that if the vendor is seeking the benefit of this clause, he shall thoroughly disinfect the property prior to completion. For the purpose of clarity, thoroughly disinfect includes, but is not limited to, vacuuming carpets, cleaning air conditioning filters and using disinfectant

products to clean door handles, light switches, hard surfaces, remote controls, windows, appliances and mop floors.

(e) Neither party shall be liable to the other party for any loss caused by any failure to settle by the completion date due to legal or financial representatives being placed in a position where advice or provision of services is unavailable or delayed due to the covid-19 pandemic. The parties will agree on a new settlement date to effect settlement as soon as practicable, time being of the essence.

16. Power of Attorney

The Purchaser acknowledges that they are aware that Catherine Mary Connors will sign the Contract on behalf of the Vendor in accordance with Power of Attorney dated 28 August 2012. A copy of the registered Power of Attorney will be provided prior to settlement.

RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY REQUISITIONS ON TITLE

BETWEEN Enid Claire Burgess (Vendor)

AND (Purchaser)

PROPERTY: 189 Dandaloo Street, Narromine

Possession & Tenancies

- 1. Vacant possession of the property must be given on completion unless the Contract provides otherwise.
- 2. Is anyone in adverse possession of the property or any part of it?
- 3. (a) What are the nature and provisions of any tenancy or occupancy?
 - (b) If they are in writing, all relevant documentation should be produced, found in order and handed over on completion with notices of attornment.
 - (c) Please specify any existing breaches.
 - (d) All rent should be paid up to or beyond the date of completion.
 - (e) Please provide details of any bond together with the Rental Bond Board's reference number.
 - (f) If any bond money is held by the Rental Bond Board, the appropriate transfer documentation duly signed should be handed over on completion.
- 4. Is the property affected by a protected tenancy? (A tenancy affected by Parts 2, 3, 4 or 5 of the *Landlord* and *Tenant* (Amendment) Act 1948.)
- 5. If the tenancy is subject to the *Residential Tenancies Act 1987*:
 - (a) has either the vendor or any predecessor or the tenant applied to the Residential Tenancies Tribunal for an order?
 - (b) have any orders been made by the Residential Tenancies Tribunal? If so, please provide details.

Title

- 6. Subject to the Contract, on completion the vendor should be registered as proprietor in fee simple of the property free from all encumbrances.
- 7. On or before completion, any mortgage or caveat must be discharged or withdrawn (as the case may be) or an executed discharge or withdrawal handed over on completion.
- 8. Are there any proceedings pending or concluded that could result in the recording of any writ on the title to the property or in the General Register of Deeds? If so, full details should be provided at least 14 days prior to completion.
- 9. When and where may the title documents be inspected?
- 10. Are the inclusions or fixtures subject to any charge or hiring agreement? If so, details must be given and any indebtedness discharged prior to completion or title transferred unencumbered to the vendor prior to completion.

Adjustments

- 11. All outgoings referred to in clause 14.1 of the Contract must be paid up to and including the date of completion.
- 12. Is the vendor liable to pay land tax or is the property otherwise charged or liable to be charged with land tax? If so:
 - (a) to what year has a return been made?
 - (b) what is the taxable value of the property for land tax purposes for the current year?

Survey & Building

- 13. Subject to the Contract, survey should be satisfactory and show that the whole of the property is available and that there are no encroachments by or upon the property and that all improvements comply with local government/planning legislation.
- 14. Is the vendor in possession of a survey report? If so, please produce a copy for inspection prior to completion. The original should be handed over on completion.
- 15. (a) Have the provisions of the *Local Government Act*, the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act* and their regulations been complied with?
 - (b) Is there any matter that could justify the making of an upgrading or demolition order in respect of any building or structure?
 - (c) Has the vendor a Building Certificate which relates to all current buildings or structures? If so, it should be handed over on completion. Please provide a copy in advance.
 - (d) Has the vendor a Final Occupation Certificate issued under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 for all current buildings or structures? If so, it should be handed over on completion. Please provide a copy in advance.

- (e) In respect of any residential building work carried out in the last 7 years:
 - (i) please identify the building work carried out;
 - (ii) when was the building work completed?
 - (iii) please state the builder's name and licence number;
 - (iv) please provide details of insurance under the *Home Building Act 1989*.
- 16. Has the vendor (or any predecessor) entered into any agreement with or granted any indemnity to the Council or any other authority concerning any development on the property?
- 17. If a swimming pool is included in the property:
 - (a) when did construction of the swimming pool commence?
 - (b) is the swimming pool surrounded by a barrier which complies with the requirements of the *Swimming Pools Act 1992?*
 - (c) if the swimming pool has been approved under the *Local Government Act 1993*, please provide details.
 - (d) are there any outstanding notices or orders?
- 18. (a) To whom do the boundary fences belong?
 - (b) Are there any party walls?
 - (c) If the answer to (b) is yes, specify what rights exist in relation to each party wall and produce any agreement. The benefit of any such agreement should be assigned to the purchaser on completion.
 - (d) Is the vendor aware of any dispute regarding boundary or dividing fences or party walls?
 - (e) Has the vendor received any notice, claim or proceedings under the *Dividing Fences Act 1991* or the *Encroachment of Buildings Act 1922*?

Affectations

- 19. Is the vendor aware of any rights, licences, easements, covenants or restrictions as to use other than those disclosed in the Contract?
- 20. Is the vendor aware of:
 - (a) any road, drain, sewer or storm water channel which intersects or runs through the land?
 - (b) any dedication to or use by the public of any right of way or other easement over any part of the land?
 - (c) any latent defects in the property?
- 21. Has the vendor any notice or knowledge that the property is affected by the following:
 - (a) any resumption or acquisition or proposed resumption or acquisition?
 - (b) any notice requiring work to be done or money to be spent on the property or any footpath or road adjoining? If so, such notice must be complied with prior to completion.
 - (c) any work done or intended to be done on the property or the adjacent street which may create a charge on the property or the cost of which might be or become recoverable from the purchaser?
 - (d) any sum due to any local or public authority? If so, it must be paid prior to completion.
 - (e) any realignment or proposed realignment of any road adjoining the property?
 - (f) any contamination?
- 22. (a) Does the property have the benefit of water, sewerage, drainage, electricity, gas and telephone services?
 - (b) If so, do any of the connections for such services pass through any adjoining land?
 - (c) Do any service connections for any other property pass through the property?
- 23. Has any claim been made by any person to close, obstruct or limit access to or from the property or to an easement over any part of the property?

Capacity

24. If the Contract discloses that the vendor is a trustee, evidence should be produced to establish the trustee's power of sale.

Requisitions & Transfer

- 25. If the transfer or any other document to be handed over on completion is executed pursuant to a power of attorney, then at least 7 days prior to completion a copy of the registered power of attorney should be produced and found in order.
- 26. If the vendor has or is entitled to have possession of the title deeds the Certificate Authentication Code must be provided 7 days prior to settlement.
- 27. Has the vendor installed roof insulation in the property under the Government Insulation Program? If
 - (a) When was the work completed?
 - (b) Which company carried out the work?
 - (c) Has a safety inspection been carried out? If so, please provide the appropriate certificate.
- 28. Searches, surveys, enquiries and inspection of title deeds must prove satisfactory.

- 29. The purchaser reserves the right to make further requisitions prior to completion.
- 30. Unless we are advised by you to the contrary prior to completion, it will be assumed that your replies to these requisitions remain unchanged as at completion date.

PPSR

31. Where the vendor is an individual or are individuals, please supply date of birth for the purpose of undertaking PPSR Searches.

Solar Panels

- 32. (a) Are solar panels on the property?
 - (b) Are they subject to any charge or hiring agreement? If so, details must be given and any indebtedness discharged before completion or title transferred unencumbered to the vendor prior to completion.
 - (c) Are they in working order?





Provided by CITEC Confirm

NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: 5/32/758759

LAND

- - -

LOT 5 OF SECTION 32 IN DEPOSITED PLAN 758759
AT NARROMINE
LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA NARROMINE
PARISH OF WENTWORTH COUNTY OF NARROMINE
(FORMERLY KNOWN AS ALLOTMENT 5 OF SECTION 32)
TITLE DIAGRAM CROWN PLAN 1.2294

FIRST SCHEDULE

ENID CLAIRE BURGESS

SECOND SCHEDULE (1 NOTIFICATION)

1 LAND EXCLUDES MINERALS AND IS SUBJECT TO RESERVATIONS AND CONDITIONS IN FAVOUR OF THE CROWN - SEE CROWN GRANT(S)

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***

PRINTED ON 3/6/2022

205316:229105 Burgess

Provided on 03/06/2022 01:38 PM by CITEC Confirm

* Any entries preceded by an asterisk do not appear on the current edition of the Certificate of Title. Warning: the information appearing under notations has not been formally recorded in the Register.

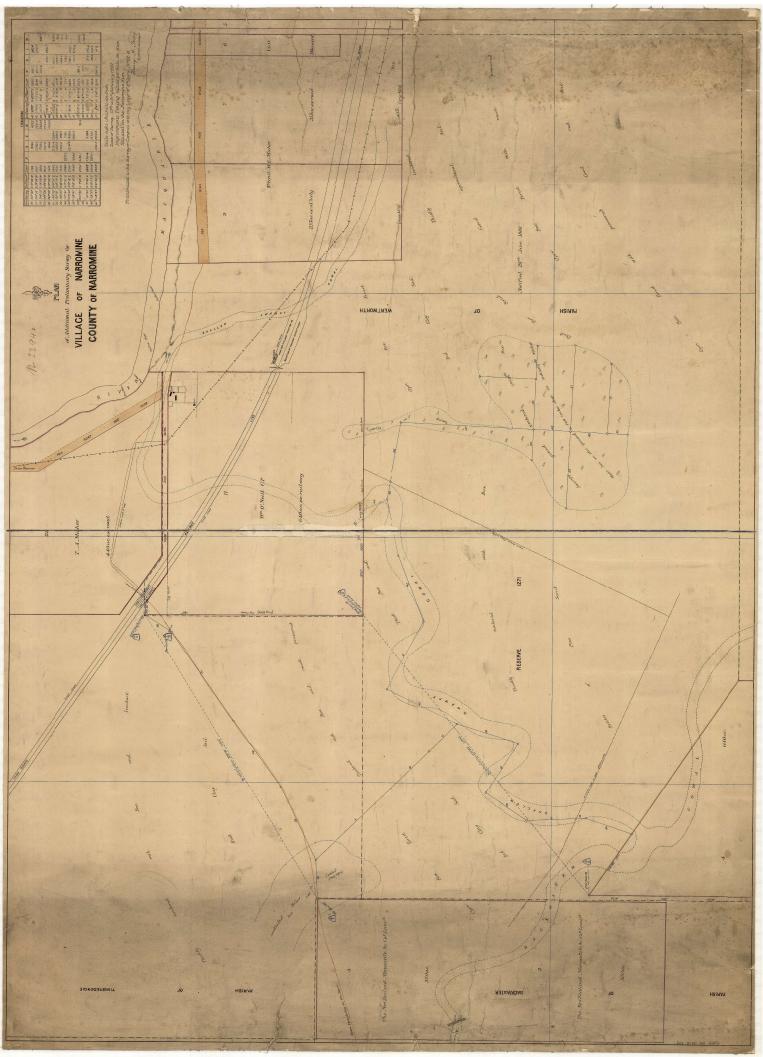
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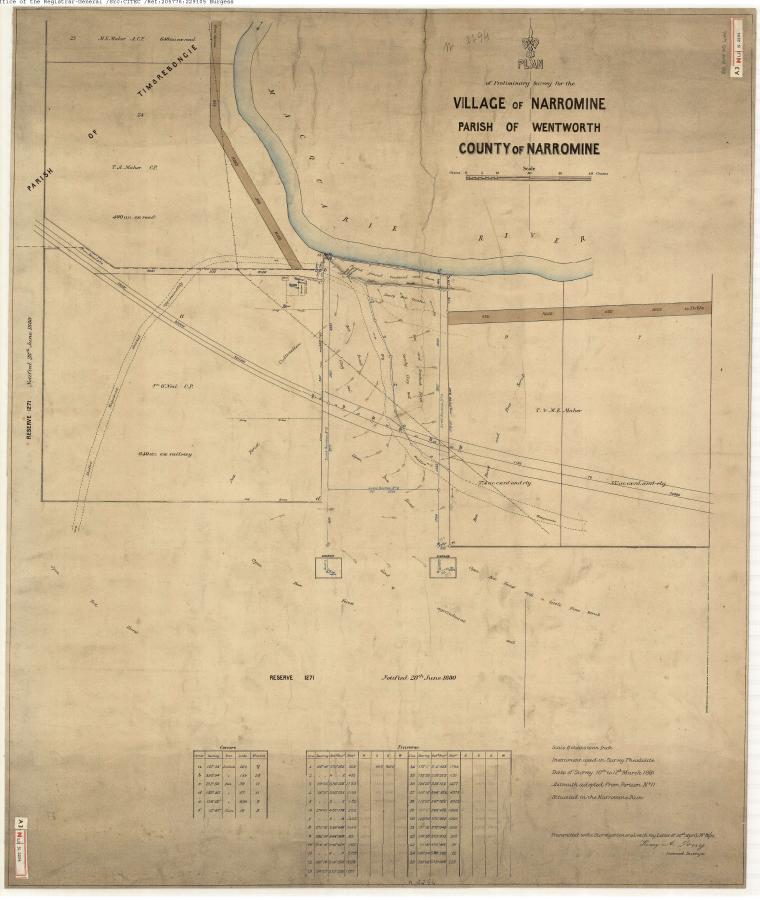
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PLANNING CERTIFICATE

PURSUANT TO SECTION 10.7

ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING AND ASSESSMENT ACT 1979

Certificate Number: 1647

Applicant Name: Orana Conveyancing

Postal Address: PO Box 612

DUBBO NSW 2830

Reference: 229105 BURGESS

DESCRIPTION OF LAND

Address: 189 Dandaloo Street NARROMINE NSW 2821

Property Description: Lot: 5 Sec: 32 DP: 758759

Property No: 3962

Assessment Number: 11132881

Owner: Mrs E C Burgess

PART A: INFORMATION PROVIDED UNDER SECTION 10.7 OF THE ACT

- Names of relevant Planning Instruments and DCPs
- (1) The name of each environmental planning instrument that applies to the carrying out of development on the land.

Refer to Attachment "A"

Narromine Local Environmental Plan 2011

(2) The name of each proposed environmental planning instrument that will apply to the carrying out of development on the land and that is or has been the subject of community consultation or on public exhibition under the Act (unless the Secretary has notified the council that the making of the proposed instrument has been deferred indefinitely or has not been approved).

None

(3) The name of each development control plan that applies to the carrying out of development on the land.

Narromine Development Control Plan 2011

(4) In this clause, proposed environmental planning instrument includes a planning proposal for a LEP or a draft environmental planning instrument.

Refer to question two (2) above

2. Zoning and land use under relevant LEPs

For each environmental planning instrument or proposed instrument referred to in clause 1 (other than a SEPP or proposed SEPP) that includes the land in any zone (however described):

the identity of the zone, whether by reference to a name (such as "Residential Zone" or "Heritage Area") or by reference to a number (such as "Zone No 2(a)").

R1 - General Residential

(b) the purposes for which the instrument provides that development may be carried out within the zone without the need for development consent.

Refer to Attachment "B"

(c) the purposes for which the instrument provides that development may not be carried out within the zone except with development consent.

Refer to Attachment "B"

(d) the purposes for which the instrument provides that development is prohibited within the zone.

Refer to Attachment "B"

(e) whether any development standards applying to the land fix minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling-house on the land and, if so, the minimum land dimensions so fixed.

Refer to Attachment "B"

(f) whether the land includes or comprises critical habitat.

No

(g) whether the land is in a conservation area (however described).

No

(h) whether an item of environmental heritage (however described) is situated on the land.

No

2A. Zoning and land use under State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Region Growth Centres) 2006

To the extent that the land is within any zone (however described) under:

- (a) Part 3 of the State Environmental Planning Policy (Sydney Regional Growth Centres) 2006 (the 2006 SEPP), or
- (b) a Precinct Plan (within the meaning of the 2006 SEPP), or
- (c) a proposed Precinct Plan that is or has been the subject of community consultation or on public exhibition under the Act,

The particulars referred to in clause 2 (a)-(h) in relation to that land (with a reference to "the instrument" in any of those paragraphs being read as a reference to Part 3 of the 2006 SEPP, or the Precinct Plan or proposed Precinct Plan, as the case requires).

Not applicable

- 3. Complying Development
- (1) The extent to which the land is land on which complying development may be carried out each of the codes for complying development because of the provisions of clauses 1.17A(1)(c)to(e), (2), (3) and (4), 1.18(1)(c3) and 1.19 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.

Complying development **may not** take place on **the lot** under section 1.17A(1)(d)(iii), 1.17A(1)(e) and 1.19(1)(e)

(2) The extent to which complying development may not be carried on that land because of the provisions of clauses 1.17A(1)(c)to(e), (2), (3) and (4), 1.18(1)(c3) and 1.19 of that Policy and the reasons why it may not be carried out under those clauses.

All of the lot has been identified as containing Environmentally Sensitive Land

(3) If the Council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which complying development may or may not be carried out on the land, a statement that a restriction applies to the land, but it may not apply to all of the land, and that council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which complying development may or may not be carried out on the land.

Not applicable

4B. Annual charges under Local Government Act 1993 for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works

In relation to a coastal council – whether the owner (or any previous owner) of the land has consented in writing to the land being subject to annual charges under section 496B of the *Local Government Act 1993* for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works (within the meaning of section 553B of that Act).

NOTE: "Existing coastal protection works" are works to reduce the impact of coastal hazards on land (such as seawalls, revetments, groynes and beach nourishment) that existed before the commencement of section 553B of the Local Government Act 1993.

Not applicable

5. Mine Subsidence

Whether or not the land is proclaimed to be a mine subsidence district within the meaning of the Coal Mine Subsidence Compensation Act 2017.

The land is not affected

6. Road widening and road realignment

Whether or not the land is affected by any road widening or road realignment under:

- (a) Division 2 of Part 3 of the Roads Act 1993, or
- (b) any environmental planning instrument, or
- (c) any resolution of the council.

No

7. Council and other public authority policies on hazard risk restrictions

Whether or not the land is affected by a policy:

(a) adopted by the council.

Council's adopted Contaminated Lands Policy does not place any specific restriction on the land to which this certificate relates at this time.

(b) adopted by any other public authority and notified to the council for the express purpose of its adoption by that authority being referred to in planning certificates issued by the council, that restrict the development of the land because of the likelihood of land slip, bushfire, tidal inundation, subsidence, acid sulphate soils or any other risk (other than flooding).

The subject land is not affected by a policy adopted by another public authority being referred to in planning certificates issued by the Council that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of land slip, bushfire, tidal inundation, subsidence, acid sulphate soils or any other risk

- 7A. Flood related development controls information
- (1) If the land or part of the land is within the flood planning area and subject to flood related development controls.

Yes. Council considers the land in question to be within the Flood Planning Area and therefore subject to flood related development controls. Information relating to this flood risk may be obtained from Council. Restrictions on development in relation to flooding apply to this land as set out in Council's Flood Policy which is available for inspection at Council offices or website. Refer to Narromine Town Floodplain Risk Management Study and Plan Update (2021).

(2) If the land or part of the land is between the flood planning area and the probable maximum flood and subject to flood related development controls.

No

(3) In this clause:

Flood planning area has the same meaning as in the Floodplain Development Manual.

Floodplain Development Manual means the Floodplain Development Manual (ISBN 0734754760) published by the NSW Government in April 2005.

Probable maximum flood has the same meaning as in the Floodplain Development Manual.

8. Land reserved for acquisition

Whether or not any environmental planning instrument or proposed environmental planning instrument referred to in clause 1 makes provision in relation to the acquisition of the land by a public authority, as referred to in section 3.15 of the Act.

No

9. Contributions Plans

The name of each contributions plan applying to the land.

"Narromine Shire Council Section 7.12 Contributions Plan 2019"

9A. Biodiversity Certified Land

If the land is biodiversity certified land under Part 8 of the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016, a statement to that effect.

NOTE: Biodiversity certified land includes land certified under Part 7AA of the <u>Threatened Species Conservation</u> Act 1995 that is taken to be certified under Part 8 of the <u>Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016</u>.

The land is not identified as Biodiversity Certified Land

10. Biodiversity Stewardship Sites

If the land is a biodiversity stewardship site under a biodiversity stewardship agreement under Part 5 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*, a statement to that effect (but only if the council has been notified of the existence of the agreement by the Chief Executive of the Office of Environment and Heritage).

NOTE: Biodiversity stewardship agreements include biobanking agreements under Part 7A of the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995* that are taken to e biodiversity stewardship agreements under Part 5 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*.

Council has not been notified of a biobanking stewardship applying to this land

10A. Native Vegetation Clearing Set Asides

If the land contains a set aside area under section 60ZC of the Local Land Services Act 2013, a statement to that effect (but only if the council has been notified of the existence of the set aside area by Local Land Services or it is registered in the public register under that section).

Council has not been notified of a set aside area applying to this land

11. Bush fire prone land

If any of the land is bush fire prone land (as defined in the Act), a statement that all or, as the case may be, some of the land is bush fire prone land.

If none of the land is bush fire prone land, a statement to that effect.

None of the land is mapped bushfire prone land.

12. Property vegetation plans

If the land is land to which a property vegetation plan approved under Part 4 of the Native Vegetation Act 2003 (and that continues in force) applies, a statement to that effect (but only if the council has been notified of the existence of the plan by the person or body that approved the plan under that Act).

Council has not been notified of the existence of a Property Vegetation Plan under the Native Vegetation Act 2003 affecting this land.

13. Orders under Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006

Whether an order has been made under the Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006 to carry out work in relation to a tree on the land (but only if the council has been notified of the order).

Council has not been notified of any order

14. Directions under Part 3A

If there is a direction by the Minister in force under section 25P(2)(c1) of the Act that a provision of an environmental planning instrument prohibiting or restricting the carrying out of a project or a stage of a project on the land under Part 4 of the Act does not have effect, a statement to that effect identifying the provision that does not have effect.

Council has not been notified of any direction by the Minister

Site compatibility certificates and conditions for seniors housing

If the land is land to which State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004 applies:

- a statement of whether there is a current site compatibility certificate (seniors (a) housing), of which the council is aware, in respect of proposed development on the land and, if there is a certificate, the statement is to include:
- the period for which the certificate is current, and
- (i) (ii) that a copy may be obtained from the head office of the Department of Planning and Environment.

Council has not been notified that there is a site compatibility certificate

a statement setting out any terms of a kind referred to in clause 18(2) of that (b) Policy that have been imposed as a condition of consent to a development application granted after 11 October 2007 in respect of the land.

Not applicable

16. Site Compatibility Certificates for Infrastructure, Schools or TAFE Establishments

A statement of whether there is a valid site compatibility certificate (infrastructure), or site compatibility certificate (schools or TAFE establishments), of which the council is aware, in respect of proposed development on the land and, if there is a certificate, the statement is to include:

- the period for which the certificate is valid, and
- (b) that a copy may be obtained from the head office of the Department

Council has not been notified that there is a site compatibility certificate

- 17. Site compatibility and conditions for affordable rental housing
- A statement of whether there is a current site compatibility certificate (affordable rental housing), of which the council is aware, in respect of (1) proposed development on the land and, if there is a certificate, the statement is to include:
- the period for which the certificate is current, and (a)
- that a copy may be obtained from the head office of the (b) Department of Planning and Environment.

Council has not been notified that there is a site compatibility certificate

(2) A statement setting out any terms of a kind referred to in clause 17(1) or 38(1) of State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009 that have been imposed as a condition of consent to a development application in respect of the land.

No conditions of consent to a Development Application in respect of the land set out any terms of a kind referred to in clause 17(1) or 38(1) of the State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009.

- 18. Paper Subdivision Information
- (1) The name of any development plan adopted by a relevant authority that applies to the land or that is proposed to be subject to a consent ballot.

None Applicable

(2) The date of any subdivision order that applies to the land.

Not Applicable

- (3) Words and expressions used in this clause have the same meaning as they have in part 16C of this Regulation.
- 19. Site Verification Certificates

A statement of whether there is a current site verification certificate, of which the council is aware, in respect of the land and, if there is a certificate, the statement is to include:

- (a) the matter certified by the certificate, and
- NOTE: A site verification certificate sets out the Secretary's opinion as to whether the land concerned is or is not biophysical strategic agricultural land or critical industry cluster land see Division 3 of Part 4AA of State Environmental Planning Policy (Mining, Petroleum Production and Extractive Industries) 2007.

Council is not aware of any site verification certificate that applies to the land

(b) the date on which the certificate ceases to be current (if any),

Not Applicable

(c) that a copy may be obtained from the head office of the Department of Planning and Environment.

Not Applicable

20. Loose-fill Asbestos Insulation

If the land includes any residential premises (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*) that are listed on the register that is required to be maintained under that Division, a statement to that effect.

Not Applicable

- 21. Affected Building Notice and Building Product Rectification Orders
- (1) A statement of whether there is any affected building notice of which the council is aware that is in force in respect of the land.
- (2) A statement of:

- (a) whether there is any building product rectification order of which the council is aware that is in force in respect of the land and has not been fully complied with: and
- (b) whether any notice of intention to make a building product rectification order of which the council is aware has been given in respect of the land and is outstanding
- (3) In this clause:

Affected building notice has the same meaning as in Part 4 of the Building Products (Safety) Act 2017.

Building product rectification order has the same meaning as in the Building Products (Safety) Act 2017

Council is not aware of any affected building notice or building product rectification orders

Matters prescribed by section 59(2)of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997

The land to which the certificates relates is not presently subject to regulation under the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997

NOTE: On 1 December 2022, Business and Industrial zones will be replaced by the new Employment zones under the Standard Instrument (Local Environmental Plans) Order 2006. The Department of Planning and Environment is currently exhibiting details of how each Local Environmental Plan that includes a current Business or Industrial zone will be amended to use the new Employment zones. The Explanation of Intended Effect (EIE) and a searchable web tool that displays the current and proposed zone for land covered in this public exhibition is available on the Planning Portal.

Any request for further information in connection with the above should be marked for the attention of Council's Planning Department: **Phone: (02) 6889 9999**

Emma Yule

Manager Planning

Date of Issue: 14/06/2022

Receipt No: 174579

Fees: \$53.00

Attachment "A"

SEPP No/	SEPP Name	Description
Focus Area		
Transport and Infrastructure	Transport and Infrastructure SEPP	 This SEPP contains planning provisions: for infrastructure in NSW, such as hospitals, roads, railways, emergency services, water supply and electricity delivery. for child-care centres, schools, TAFEs and Universities. planning controls and reserves land for the protection of three corridors (North South Rail Line, South West Rail Link extension and Western Sydney Freight Line). the land use planning and assessment framework for appropriate development at Port Kembla, Port Botany and Port of Newcastle.
Building Sustainability Index	SEPP Building Sustainability Index (BASIX) 2004	Aims to encourage sustainable, energy efficient development
Biodiversity	SEPP (Biodiversity	This SEPP contains:
and Conservation	and Conservation) 2021	 planning rules and controls for the clearing of native vegetation in NSW on land zoned for urban and environmental purposes that is not linked to a development application. the land use planning and assessment framework for koala habitat. provisions which establish a consistent and coordinated approach to environmental planning and assessment along the River Murray. provisions seeking to protect and preserve bushland within public open space zones and reservations. provisions which aim to prohibit canal estate development. provisions to support the water quality objectives for the Sydney drinking water catchment. provisions to protect the environment of the Hawkesbury- Nepean River system. provisions to manage and improve environmental outcomes for Sydney Harbour and its tributaries. provisions to manage and promote integrated catchment management policies along the Georges River and its tributaries. provisions which seek to protect, conserve and manage the World Heritage listed Willandra Lakes property.
Resilience and Hazards	SEPP (Resilience and Hazards) 2021	 This SEPP contains planning provisions: for land use planning within the coastal zone, in a manner consistent with the objects of the Coastal Management Act 2016. to manage hazardous and offensive development. which provides a state-wide planning framework for the remediation of contaminated land and to minimise the risk of harm.

Planning Systems	SEPP (Planning Systems) 2021	 The Planning systems SEPP: identifies State or regionally significant development, State significant Infrastructure, and critical State significant infrastructure. provides for consideration of development delivery plans by local Aboriginal land councils in planning assessment. allows the Planning Secretary to elect to be the concurrence authority for certain development that requires concurrence under nominated State environmental planning policies.
Industry and Employment	SEPP (Industry and Employment) 2021	This SEPP contains planning provisions:applying to employment land in western Sydney.for advertising and signage in NSW.
Resources and Energy	SEPP (Resources and Energy) 2021	 This SEPP contains planning provisions: for the assessment and development of mining, petroleum production and extractive material resource proposals in NSW. which aim to facilitate the development of extractive resources in proximity to the population of the Sydney Metropolitan Area by identifying land which contains extractive material of regional significance.
SEPP	Exempt & Complying Development 2008	To provide exempt and complying development codes that have State-wide application.
Primary Production	SEPP (Primary Production) 2021	This SEPP contains planning provisions: to manage primary production and rural development including supporting sustainable agriculture. for the protection of prime agricultural land of state and regional significance as well as regionally significant mining and extractive resources.
SEPP	Housing 2021	The principles of this Policy are as follows— (a) enabling the development of diverse housing types, including purpose-built rental housing, (b) encouraging the development of housing that will meet the needs of more vulnerable members of the community, including very low to moderate income households, seniors and people with a disability, (c) ensuring new housing development provides residents with a reasonable level of amenity, (d) promoting the planning and delivery of housing in locations where it will make good use of existing and planned infrastructure and services, (e) minimising adverse climate and environmental impacts of new housing development, (f) reinforcing the importance of designing housing in a way that reflects and enhances its locality, (g) supporting short-term rental accommodation as a home-sharing activity and contributor to local economies, while managing the social and environmental impacts from this use, (h) mitigating the loss of existing affordable rental housing.

Attachment "B"

Land Use Table

(1) Zone

R1 - General Residential

(2) Permissible without Consent

Environmental protection works; Home-based child care; Home occupations; Roads; Water reticulation systems

(3) Permissible with Consent

Attached dwellings; Boarding houses; Building identification signs; Business identification signs; Child care centres; Community facilities; Dwelling houses; Food and drink premises; Group homes; Home industries; Hostels; Kiosks; Multi dwelling housing; Neighbourhood shops; Places of public worship; Residential flat buildings; Respite day care centres; Semi-detached dwellings; Seniors housing; Shop top housing; Any other development not specified in (2) or (4).

(4) Prohibited

Agriculture; Air transport facilities; Airstrips; Amusement centres; Animal boarding or training establishments; Biosolids treatment facilities; Boat building and repair facilities; Car parks; Charter and tourism boating facilities; Commercial premises; Correctional centres; Crematoria; Depots; Extractive industries; Farm buildings; Farm stay accommodation; Forestry; Freight transport facilities; Heavy industrial storage establishments; Helipads; Highway service centres; Industrial retail outlets; Industrial training facilities; Industries; Marinas; Mortuaries; Open cut mining; Public administration buildings; Recreation facilities (major); Research stations; Restricted premises; Rural industries; Rural workers' dwellings; Service stations; Sewage treatment plants; Sex services premises; Signage; Storage premises; Transport depots; Truck depots; Vehicle body repair workshops; Vehicle repair stations; Warehouse or distribution centres; Waste or resource management facilities; Water recycling facilities; Wharf or boating facilities; Wholesale supplies

Development standards applying to the land which fix minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling-house on the land

Development consent may be granted to development on a lot in a zone shown in Column 2 of the Table to this clause for a purpose shown in column 1 of the Table opposite that zone, if the area of the lot is equal to or greater than the area specified for that purpose and shown in Column 3 of the Table.

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3
Dual Occupancy (attached)	Zone R1 General Residential	800 Square metres
Dual Occupancy	Zone R1 General	0000
(detached)	Residential	800 Square metres
Multi Dwelling Housing	Zone R1 General Residential	800 square metres
Residential flat building	Zone R1 General Residential	800 square metres

Note: For definitions of the above uses, see "Dictionary" section of the Narromine Local Environmental Plan 2011.



Assessment No: 11132881

16 June 2022

Orana Conveyancing PO Box 612 DUBBO NSW 2830

Dear Sir/Madam,

RE: DRAINAGE DIAGRAM: 189 Dandaloo St, Narromine

YOUR REFERENCE: 229105 BURGESS

Council wishes to advise that a drainage diagram for the above property is not available.

Please contact Council's Health, Building & Environmental Services Department on 6889 9999 for any questions in relation to this matter.

Yours faithfully

Darren Honnery

Manager Health, Building & Environmental Services

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO VENDORS AND PURCHASERS

Before signing this contract you should ensure that you understand your rights and obligations, some of which are not written in this contract but are implied by law.

WARNING—SMOKE ALARMS

The owners of certain types of buildings and strata lots must have smoke alarms (or in certain cases heat alarms) installed in the building or lot in accordance with regulations under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. It is an offence not to comply. It is also an offence to remove or interfere with a smoke alarm or heat alarm. Penalties apply.

WARNING—LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

Before purchasing land that includes any residential premises (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*) built before 1985, a purchaser is strongly advised to consider the possibility that the premises may contain loose-fill asbestos insulation (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*). In particular, a purchaser should:

- (a) search the Register required to be maintained under Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*, and
- (b) ask the relevant local council whether it holds any records showing that the residential premises contain loose-fill asbestos insulation.

For further information about loose-fill asbestos insulation (including areas in which residential premises have been identified as containing loose-fill asbestos insulation), contact NSW Fair Trading.

COOLING OFF PERIOD (PURCHASER'S RIGHTS)

- 1. This is the statement required by section 66X of the *Conveyancing Act* 1919 and applies to a contract for the sale of residential property.
- 2. EXCEPT in the circumstances listed in paragraph 3, the purchaser may rescind the contract at any time before 5 pm on—
 - (a) the tenth business day after the day on which the contract was made—in the case of an off the plan contract, or
 - (b) the fifth business day after the day on which the contract was made—in any other case.
- 3. There is NO COOLING OFF PERIOD:
 - (a) if, at or before the time the contract is made, the purchaser gives to the vendor (or the vendor's solicitor or agent) a certificate that complies with section 66W of the Act, or
 - (b) if the property is sold by public auction, or
 - (c) if the contract is made on the same day as the property was offered for sale by public auction but passed in, or
 - (d) if the contract is made in consequence of the exercise of an option to purchase the property, other than an option that is void under section 66ZG of the Act.
- 4. A purchaser exercising the right to cool off by rescinding the contract will forfeit to the vendor 0.25% of the purchase price of the property. The vendor is entitled to recover the amount forfeited from any amount paid by the purchaser as a deposit under the contract and the purchaser is entitled to a refund of any balance.

DISPUTES

If you get into a dispute with the other party, the Law Society and Real Estate Institute encourage you to use informal procedures such as negotiation, independent expert appraisal, the Law Society Conveyancing Dispute Resolution Scheme or mediation (for example mediation under the Law Society Mediation Program).

AUCTIONS

Regulations made under the Property, Stock and Business Agents Act 2002 prescribe a number of conditions applying to sales by auction.

WARNINGS

1. Various Acts of Parliament and other matters can affect the rights of the parties to this contract. Some important matters are actions, claims, decisions, licences, notices, orders, proposals or rights of way involving:

APA Group NSW Department of Education

Australian Taxation Office NSW Fair Trading

Council Owner of adjoining land

County Council Privacy

Department of Planning, Industry and Public Works Advisory Environment Subsidence Advisory NSW

Department of Primary Industries Telecommunications
Electricity and gas Transport for NSW

Land & Housing Corporation Water, sewerage or drainage authority

Local Land Services

If you think that any of these matters affects the property, tell your solicitor.

- 2. A lease may be affected by the Agricultural Tenancies Act 1990, the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or the Retail Leases Act 1994.
- 3. If any purchase money is owing to the Crown, it will become payable before obtaining consent, or if no consent is needed, when the transfer is registered.
- 4. If a consent to transfer is required under legislation, see clause 27 as to the obligations of the parties.
- 5. The vendor should continue the vendor's insurance until completion. If the vendor wants to give the purchaser possession before completion, the vendor should first ask the insurer to confirm this will not affect the insurance.
- 6. The purchaser will usually have to pay transfer duty (and sometimes surcharge purchaser duty) on this contract. If duty is not paid on time, a purchaser may incur penalties.
- 7. If the purchaser agrees to the release of deposit, the purchaser's right to recover the deposit may stand behind the rights of others (for example the vendor's mortgagee).
- 8. The purchaser should arrange insurance as appropriate.
- 9. Some transactions involving personal property may be affected by the Personal Property Securities Act 2009.
- 10. A purchaser should be satisfied that finance will be available at the time of completing the purchase.
- 11. Where the market value of the property is at or above a legislated amount, the purchaser may have to comply with a foreign resident capital gains withholding payment obligation (even if the vendor is not a foreign resident). If so, this will affect the amount available to the vendor on completion.
- 12. Purchasers of some residential properties may have to withhold part of the purchase price to be credited towards the GST liability of the vendor. If so, this will also affect the amount available to the vendor. More information is available from the ATO.

The vendor sells and the purchaser buys the property for the price under these provisions instead of Schedule 3 Conveyancing Act 1919, subject to any legislation that cannot be excluded.

Definitions (a term in italics is a defined term) 1

In this contract, these terms (in any form) mean -

adjustment date the earlier of the giving of possession to the purchaser or completion;

the Reserve Bank of Australia or an authorised deposit-taking institution which is a bank

bank, a building society or a credit union;

any day except a bank or public holiday throughout NSW or a Saturday or Sunday; business day

a cheque that is not postdated or stale; cheque

a certificate within the meaning of s14-220 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act, that covers clearance certificate

one or more days falling within the period from and including the contract date to

completion;

a deposit bond or guarantee from an issuer, with an expiry date and for an amount deposit-bond

each approved by the vendor;

depositholder vendor's agent (or if no vendor's agent is named in this contract, the vendor's

solicitor, or if no vendor's solicitor is named in this contract, the buyer's agent);

document relevant to the title or the passing of title; document of title

the percentage mentioned in s14-200(3)(a) of Schedule 1 to the TA Act (12.5% as FRCGW percentage

at 1 July 2017);

a remittance which the purchaser must make under s14-200 of Schedule 1 to the FRCGW remittance

TA Act, being the lesser of the FRCGW percentage of the price (inclusive of GST, if

any) and the amount specified in a variation served by a party;

A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999; GST Act

GST rate the rate mentioned in s4 of A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax Imposition

- General) Act 1999 (10% as at 1 July 2000);

a payment which the purchaser must make under s14-250 of Schedule 1 to the TA GSTRW payment

Act (the price multiplied by the GSTRW rate):

the rate determined under ss14-250(6), (8) or (9) of Schedule 1 to the TA Act (as at GSTRW rate

1 July 2018, usually 7% of the price if the margin scheme applies, 1/11th if not);

legislation an Act or a by-law, ordinance, regulation or rule made under an Act;

subject to any other provision of this contract; normally

each of the vendor and the purchaser; party

property the land, the improvements, all fixtures and the inclusions, but not the exclusions; planning agreement

a valid voluntary agreement within the meaning of s7.4 of the Environmental

Planning and Assessment Act 1979 entered into in relation to the property; an objection, question or requisition (but the term does not include a claim);

rescind this contract from the beginning;

rescind serve in writing on the other party: serve

an unendorsed cheque made payable to the person to be paid and settlement cheque

issued by a bank and drawn on itself; or

if authorised in writing by the vendor or the vendor's *solicitor*, some other

cheaue:

in relation to a party, the party's solicitor or licensed conveyancer named in this solicitor

contract or in a notice served by the party;

TA Act Taxation Administration Act 1953; terminate this contract for breach: terminate

variation a variation made under s14-235 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act; within in relation to a period, at any time before or during the period; and

work order a valid direction, notice or order that requires work to be done or money to be spent

on or in relation to the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road (but the term does not include a notice under s22E of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 or clause 22 of

the Swimming Pools Regulation 2018).

Deposit and other payments before completion 2

requisition

- 2.1 The purchaser must pay the deposit to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- Normally, the purchaser must pay the deposit on the making of this contract, and this time is essential. 2.2
- If this contract requires the purchaser to pay any of the deposit by a later time, that time is also essential. 2.3
- The purchaser can pay any of the deposit by giving cash (up to \$2,000) or by unconditionally giving a cheque 2.4 to the depositholder or to the vendor, vendor's agent or vendor's solicitor for sending to the depositholder or by payment by electronic funds transfer to the depositholder.
- 2.5 If any of the deposit is not paid on time or a cheque for any of the deposit is not honoured on presentation, the vendor can terminate. This right to terminate is lost as soon as the deposit is paid in full.
- If the vendor accepts a bond or guarantee for the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 do not apply.

BREACH OF COPYRIGHT MAY RESULT IN LEGAL ACTION

- 2.7 If the vendor accepts a bond or guarantee for part of the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 apply only to the balance.
- 2.8 If any of the deposit or of the balance of the price is paid before completion to the vendor or as the vendor directs, it is a charge on the land in favour of the purchaser until *termination* by the vendor or completion, subject to any existing right.
- 2.9 If each *party* tells the *depositholder* that the deposit is to be invested, the *depositholder* is to invest the deposit (at the risk of the *party* who becomes entitled to it) with a *bank*, in an interest-bearing account in NSW, payable at call, with interest to be reinvested, and pay the interest to the *parties* equally, after deduction of all proper government taxes and financial institution charges and other charges.

3 Deposit-bond

- 3.1 This clause applies only if this contract says the vendor has agreed to accept a *deposit-bond* for the deposit (or part of it).
- 3.2 The purchaser must provide the original *deposit-bond* to the vendor's *solicitor* (or if no solicitor the *depositholder*) at or before the making of this contract and this time is essential.
- 3.3 If the *deposit-bond* has an expiry date and completion does not occur by the date which is 14 days before the expiry date, the purchaser must *serve* a replacement *deposit-bond* at least 7 days before the expiry date. The time for service is essential.
- 3.4 The vendor must approve a replacement deposit-bond if -
 - 3.4.1 it is from the same issuer and for the same amount as the earlier *deposit-bond*; and
 - 3.4.2 it has an expiry date at least three months after its date of issue.
- 3.5 A breach of clauses 3.2 or 3.3 entitles the vendor to terminate. The right to terminate is lost as soon as -
 - 3.5.1 the purchaser *serves* a replacement *deposit-bond*; or
 - 3.5.2 the deposit is paid in full under clause 2.
- 3.6 Clauses 3.3 and 3.4 can operate more than once.
- 3.7 If the purchaser serves a replacement *deposit-bond*, the vendor must serve the earlier *deposit-bond*.
- 3.8 The amount of any *deposit-bond* does not form part of the price for the purposes of clause 16.7.
- 3.9 The vendor must give the purchaser the *deposit-bond*
 - 3.9.1 on completion; or
 - 3.9.2 if this contract is *rescinded*.
- 3.10 If this contract is *terminated* by the vendor
 - 3.10.1 normally, the vendor can immediately demand payment from the issuer of the deposit-bond; or
 - 3.10.2 if the purchaser *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the vendor's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward the *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 3.11 If this contract is *terminated* by the purchaser
 - 3.11.1 *normally*, the vendor must give the purchaser the *deposit-bond*; or
 - 3.11.2 if the vendor *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the purchaser's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward the *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.

4 Transfer

- 4.1 Normally, the purchaser must serve at least 14 days before the date for completion
 - 4.1.1 the form of transfer; and
 - 4.1.2 particulars required to register any mortgage or other dealing to be lodged with the transfer by the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee.
- 4.2 If any information needed for the form of transfer is not disclosed in this contract, the vendor must serve it.
- 4.3 If the purchaser *serves* a form of transfer and the transferee is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for this form of transfer.
- 4.4 The vendor can require the purchaser to include a form of covenant or easement in the transfer only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land benefited.

5 Requisitions

- 5.1 If a form of *requisitions* is attached to this contract, the purchaser is taken to have made those *requisitions*.
- 5.2 If the purchaser is or becomes entitled to make any other *requisition*, the purchaser can make it only by *serving* it
 - 5.2.1 if it arises out of this contract or it is a general question about the *property* or title *within* 21 days after the contract date;
 - 5.2.2 if it arises out of anything *served* by the vendor *within* 21 days after the later of the contract date and that *service*; and
 - 5.2.3 in any other case *within* a reasonable time.

6 Error or misdescription

- 6.1 *Normally*, the purchaser can (but only before completion) claim compensation for an error or misdescription in this contract (as to the *property*, the title or anything else and whether substantial or not).
- 6.2 This clause applies even if the purchaser did not take notice of or rely on anything in this contract containing or giving rise to the error or misdescription.
- 6.3 However, this clause does not apply to the extent the purchaser knows the true position.

7 Claims by purchaser

Normally, the purchaser can make a claim (including a claim under clause 6) before completion only by *serving* it with a statement of the amount claimed, and if the purchaser makes one or more claims before completion –

- 7.1 the vendor can rescind if in the case of claims that are not claims for delay -
 - 7.1.1 the total amount claimed exceeds 5% of the price;
 - 7.1.2 the vendor *serves* notice of intention to *rescind*; and
 - 7.1.3 the purchaser does not *serve* notice waiving the claims *within* 14 days after that *service*; and
- 7.2 if the vendor does not rescind, the parties must complete and if this contract is completed
 - 7.2.1 the lesser of the total amount claimed and 10% of the price must be paid out of the price to and held by the *depositholder* until the claims are finalised or lapse;
 - 7.2.2 the amount held is to be invested in accordance with clause 2.9;
 - 7.2.3 the claims must be finalised by an arbitrator appointed by the *parties* or, if an appointment is not made *within* 1 month of completion, by an arbitrator appointed by the President of the Law Society at the request of a *party* (in the latter case the *parties* are bound by the terms of the Conveyancing Arbitration Rules approved by the Law Society as at the date of the appointment);
 - 7.2.4 the purchaser is not entitled, in respect of the claims, to more than the total amount claimed and the costs of the purchaser;
 - 7.2.5 net interest on the amount held must be paid to the *parties* in the same proportion as the amount held is paid; and
 - 7.2.6 if the *parties* do not appoint an arbitrator and neither *party* requests the President to appoint an arbitrator *within* 3 months after completion, the claims lapse and the amount belongs to the vendor.

8 Vendor's rights and obligations

- 8.1 The vendor can *rescind* if
 - 8.1.1 the vendor is, on reasonable grounds, unable or unwilling to comply with a *requisition*;
 - 8.1.2 the vendor *serves* a notice of intention to *rescind* that specifies the *requisition* and those grounds; and
 - 8.1.3 the purchaser does not serve a notice waiving the requisition within 14 days after that service.
- 8.2 If the vendor does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the purchaser can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination*
 - 8.2.1 the purchaser can recover the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract;
 - 8.2.2 the purchaser can sue the vendor to recover damages for breach of contract; and
 - 8.2.3 if the purchaser has been in possession a party can claim for a reasonable adjustment.

9 Purchaser's default

If the purchaser does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the vendor can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination* the vendor can —

- 9.1 keep or recover the deposit (to a maximum of 10% of the price);
- 9.2 hold any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract as security for anything recoverable under this clause
 - 9.2.1 for 12 months after the *termination*; or
 - 9.2.2 if the vendor commences proceedings under this clause *within* 12 months, until those proceedings are concluded; and
- 9.3 sue the purchaser either -
 - 9.3.1 where the vendor has resold the *property* under a contract made *within* 12 months after the *termination*, to recover
 - the deficiency on resale (with credit for any of the deposit kept or recovered and after allowance for any capital gains tax or goods and services tax payable on anything recovered under this clause); and
 - the reasonable costs and expenses arising out of the purchaser's non-compliance with this contract or the notice and of resale and any attempted resale; or
 - 9.3.2 to recover damages for breach of contract.

10 Restrictions on rights of purchaser

- 10.1 The purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of
 - 10.1.1 the ownership or location of any fence as defined in the Dividing Fences Act 1991;
 - 10.1.2 a service for the *property* being a joint service or passing through another property, or any service for another property passing through the *property* ('service' includes air, communication, drainage, electricity, garbage, gas, oil, radio, sewerage, telephone, television or water service);
 - 10.1.3 a wall being or not being a party wall in any sense of that term or the *property* being affected by an easement for support or not having the benefit of an easement for support;
 - 10.1.4 any change in the *property* due to fair wear and tear before completion;
 - 10.1.5 a promise, representation or statement about this contract, the *property* or the title, not set out or referred to in this contract;
 - 10.1.6 a condition, exception, reservation or restriction in a Crown grant;

- 10.1.7 the existence of any authority or licence to explore or prospect for gas, minerals or petroleum;
- 10.1.8 any easement or restriction on use the substance of either of which is disclosed in this contract or any non-compliance with the easement or restriction on use; or
- 10.1.9 anything the substance of which is disclosed in this contract (except a caveat, charge, mortgage, priority notice or writ).
- 10.2 The purchaser cannot *rescind* or *terminate* only because of a defect in title to or quality of the inclusions.
- 10.3 *Normally*, the purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* or require the vendor to change the nature of the title disclosed in this contract (for example, to remove a caution evidencing qualified title, or to lodge a plan of survey as regards limited title).

11 Compliance with work orders

- 11.1 *Normally*, the vendor must by completion comply with a *work order* made on or before the contract date and if this contract is completed the purchaser must comply with any other *work order*.
- 11.2 If the purchaser complies with a *work order*, and this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated*, the vendor must pay the expense of compliance to the purchaser.

12 Certificates and inspections

The vendor must do everything reasonable to enable the purchaser, subject to the rights of any tenant -

- 12.1 to have the *property* inspected to obtain any certificate or report reasonably required;
- 12.2 to apply (if necessary in the name of the vendor) for -
 - 12.2.1 any certificate that can be given in respect of the *property* under *legislation*; or
 - 12.2.2 a copy of any approval, certificate, consent, direction, notice or order in respect of the *property* given under *legislation*, even if given after the contract date; and
- 12.3 to make 1 inspection of the *property* in the 3 days before a time appointed for completion.

13 Goods and services tax (GST)

- Terms used in this clause which are not defined elsewhere in this contract and have a defined meaning in the *GST Act* have the same meaning in this clause.
- 13.2 *Normally*, if a *party* must pay the price or any other amount to the other *party* under this contract, GST is not to be added to the price or amount.
- 13.3 If under this contract a *party* must make an adjustment or payment for an expense of another party or pay an expense payable by or to a third party (for example, under clauses 14 or 20.7)
 - 13.3.1 the party must adjust or pay on completion any GST added to or included in the expense; but
 - the amount of the expense must be reduced to the extent the party receiving the adjustment or payment (or the representative member of a GST group of which that party is a member) is entitled to an input tax credit for the expense; and
 - 13.3.3 if the adjustment or payment under this contract is consideration for a taxable supply, an amount for GST must be added at the *GST rate*.
- 13.4 If this contract says this sale is the supply of a going concern
 - the parties agree the supply of the property is a supply of a going concern;
 - the vendor must, between the contract date and completion, carry on the enterprise conducted on the land in a proper and business-like way;
 - if the purchaser is not registered by the date for completion, the *parties* must complete and the purchaser must pay on completion, in addition to the price, an amount being the price multiplied by the *GST rate* ("the retention sum"). The retention sum is to be held by the *depositholder* and dealt with as follows
 - if within 3 months of completion the purchaser serves a letter from the Australian Taxation
 Office stating the purchaser is registered with a date of effect of registration on or before
 completion, the depositholder is to pay the retention sum to the purchaser; but
 - if the purchaser does not *serve* that letter *within* 3 months of completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the vendor; and
 - 13.4.4 if the vendor, despite clause 13.4.1, *serves* a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the vendor has to pay GST on the supply, the purchaser must pay to the vendor on demand the amount of GST assessed.
- 13.5 *Normally*, the vendor promises the margin scheme will not apply to the supply of the *property*.
- 13.6 If this contract says the margin scheme is to apply in making the taxable supply, the *parties* agree that the margin scheme is to apply to the sale of the *property*.
- 13.7 If this contract says the sale is not a taxable supply
 - 13.7.1 the purchaser promises that the *property* will not be used and represents that the purchaser does not intend the *property* (or any part of the *property*) to be used in a way that could make the sale a taxable supply to any extent; and
 - the purchaser must pay the vendor on completion in addition to the price an amount calculated by multiplying the price by the *GST rate* if this sale is a taxable supply to any extent because of
 - a breach of clause 13.7.1; or
 - something else known to the purchaser but not the vendor.
- 13.8 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply in full and does not say the margin scheme applies to the *property*, the vendor must pay the purchaser on completion an amount of one-eleventh of the price if —

- 13.8.1 this sale is not a taxable supply in full; or
- 13.8.2 the margin scheme applies to the *property* (or any part of the *property*).
- 13.9 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply to an extent -
 - 13.9.1 clause 13.7.1 does not apply to any part of the *property* which is identified as being a taxable supply; and
 - the payments mentioned in clauses 13.7 and 13.8 are to be recalculated by multiplying the relevant payment by the proportion of the price which represents the value of that part of the *property* to which the clause applies (the proportion to be expressed as a number between 0 and 1). Any evidence of value must be obtained at the expense of the vendor.
- 13.10 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must give the recipient of the supply a tax invoice for any taxable supply by the vendor by or under this contract.
- 13.11 The vendor does not have to give the purchaser a tax invoice if the margin scheme applies to a taxable supply.
- 13.12 If the vendor is liable for GST on rents or profits due to issuing an invoice or receiving consideration before completion, any adjustment of those amounts must exclude an amount equal to the vendor's GST liability.
- 13.13 If the purchaser must make a GSTRW payment the purchaser must -
 - 13.13.1 at least 5 days before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of a *GSTRW payment* notification form to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under clause 4.3 has been *served*, by the transferee named in the transfer *served* with that direction;
 - 13.13.2 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *GSTRW payment* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
 - 13.13.3 forward the settlement cheque to the payee immediately after completion; and
 - 13.13.4 *serve* evidence of receipt of payment of the *GSTRW payment* and a copy of the settlement date confirmation form submitted to the Australian Taxation Office.

14 Adjustments

- 14.1 *Normally*, the vendor is entitled to the rents and profits and will be liable for all rates, water, sewerage and drainage service and usage charges, land tax, levies and all other periodic outgoings up to and including the *adjustment date* after which the purchaser will be entitled and liable.
- 14.2 The *parties* must make any necessary adjustment on completion.
- 14.3 If an amount that is adjustable under this contract has been reduced under *legislation*, the *parties* must on completion adjust the reduced amount.
- 14.4 The *parties* must not adjust surcharge land tax (as defined in the Land Tax Act 1956) but must adjust any other land tax for the year current at the *adjustment date*
 - only if land tax has been paid or is payable for the year (whether by the vendor or by a predecessor in title) and this contract says that land tax is adjustable;
 - 14.4.2 by adjusting the amount that would have been payable if at the start of the year
 - the person who owned the land owned no other land;
 - the land was not subject to a special trust or owned by a non-concessional company; and
 - if the land (or part of it) had no separate taxable value, by calculating its separate taxable value on a proportional area basis.
- 14.5 If any other amount that is adjustable under this contract relates partly to the land and partly to other land, the *parties* must adjust it on a proportional area basis.
- 14.6 *Normally*, the vendor can direct the purchaser to produce a *settlement cheque* on completion to pay an amount adjustable under this contract and if so
 - 14.6.1 the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
 - the *cheque* must be forwarded to the payee immediately after completion (by the purchaser if the *cheque* relates only to the *property* or by the vendor in any other case).
- 14.7 If on completion the last bill for a water, sewerage or drainage usage charge is for a period ending before the *adjustment date*, the vendor is liable for an amount calculated by dividing the bill by the number of days in the period then multiplying by the number of unbilled days up to and including the *adjustment date*.
- 14.8 The vendor is liable for any amount recoverable for work started on or before the contract date on the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road.

15 Date for completion

The *parties* must complete by the date for completion and, if they do not, a *party* can *serve* a notice to complete if that *party* is otherwise entitled to do so.

16 Completion

Vendor

- 16.1 On completion the vendor must give the purchaser any document of title that relates only to the property.
- 16.2 If on completion the vendor has possession or control of a *document of title* that relates also to other property, the vendor must produce it as and where necessary.
- 16.3 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must cause the legal title to the *property* (being an estate in fee simple) to pass to the purchaser free of any mortgage or other interest, subject to any necessary registration.
- 16.4 The legal title to the *property* does not pass before completion.

- 16.5 If the vendor gives the purchaser a document (other than the transfer) that needs to be lodged for registration, the vendor must pay the lodgment fee to the purchaser.
- 16.6 If a *party serves* a land tax certificate showing a charge on any of the land, by completion the vendor must do all things and pay all money required so that the charge is no longer effective against the land.

Purchaser

- On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor, by cash (up to \$2,000) or *settlement cheque* 16.7.1 the price less any:
 - deposit paid;
 - FRCGW remittance payable;
 - GSTRW payment; and
 - amount payable by the vendor to the purchaser under this contract; and
 - any other amount payable by the purchaser under this contract.
- 16.8 If the vendor requires more than 5 settlement cheques, the vendor must pay \$10 for each extra cheque.
- 16.9 If any of the deposit is not covered by a bond or guarantee, on completion the purchaser must give the vendor an order signed by the purchaser authorising the *depositholder* to account to the vendor for the deposit.
- 16.10 On completion the deposit belongs to the vendor.

• Place for completion

- 16.11 Normally, the parties must complete at the completion address, which is
 - 16.11.1 if a special completion address is stated in this contract that address; or
 - 16.11.2 if none is stated, but a first mortgagee is disclosed in this contract and the mortgagee would usually discharge the mortgage at a particular place that place; or
 - 16.11.3 in any other case the vendor's solicitor's address stated in this contract.
- 16.12 The vendor by reasonable notice can require completion at another place, if it is in NSW, but the vendor must pay the purchaser's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.
- 16.13 If the purchaser requests completion at a place that is not the completion address, and the vendor agrees, the purchaser must pay the vendor's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.

17 Possession

- 17.1 *Normally*, the vendor must give the purchaser vacant possession of the *property* on completion.
- 17.2 The vendor does not have to give vacant possession if -
 - 17.2.1 this contract says that the sale is subject to existing tenancies; and
 - the contract discloses the provisions of the tenancy (for example, by attaching a copy of the lease and any relevant memorandum or variation).
- 17.3 Normally, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) or rescind if any of the land is affected by a protected tenancy (a tenancy affected by Schedule 2, Part 7 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010).

18 Possession before completion

- 18.1 This clause applies only if the vendor gives the purchaser possession of the *property* before completion.
- 18.2 The purchaser must not before completion -
 - 18.2.1 let or part with possession of any of the *property*;
 - 18.2.2 make any change or structural alteration or addition to the *property*; or
 - 18.2.3 contravene any agreement between the *parties* or any direction, document, *legislation*, notice or order affecting the *property*.
- 18.3 The purchaser must until completion -
 - 18.3.1 keep the *property* in good condition and repair having regard to its condition at the giving of possession; and
 - 18.3.2 allow the vendor or the vendor's authorised representative to enter and inspect it at all reasonable times.
- 18.4 The risk as to damage to the *property* passes to the purchaser immediately after the purchaser enters into possession.
- 18.5 If the purchaser does not comply with this clause, then without affecting any other right of the vendor
 - 18.5.1 the vendor can before completion, without notice, remedy the non-compliance; and
 - 18.5.2 if the vendor pays the expense of doing this, the purchaser must pay it to the vendor with interest at the rate prescribed under s101 Civil Procedure Act 2005.
- 18.6 If this contract is rescinded or terminated the purchaser must immediately vacate the property.
- 18.7 If the parties or their solicitors on their behalf do not agree in writing to a fee or rent, none is payable.

19 Rescission of contract

- 19.1 If this contract expressly gives a party a right to rescind, the party can exercise the right
 - 19.1.1 only by serving a notice before completion; and
 - in spite of any making of a claim or *requisition*, any attempt to satisfy a claim or *requisition*, any arbitration, litigation, mediation or negotiation or any giving or taking of possession.
- 19.2 Normally, if a party exercises a right to rescind expressly given by this contract or any legislation
 - 19.2.1 the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract must be refunded;
 - 19.2.2 a party can claim for a reasonable adjustment if the purchaser has been in possession;
 - 19.2.3 a party can claim for damages, costs or expenses arising out of a breach of this contract; and
 - 19.2.4 a *party* will not otherwise be liable to pay the other *party* any damages, costs or expenses.

20 Miscellaneous

- 20.1 The *parties* acknowledge that anything stated in this contract to be attached was attached to this contract by the vendor before the purchaser signed it and is part of this contract.
- 20.2 Anything attached to this contract is part of this contract.
- 20.3 An area, bearing or dimension in this contract is only approximate.
- 20.4 If a party consists of 2 or more persons, this contract benefits and binds them separately and together.
- 20.5 A *party's solicitor* can receive any amount payable to the *party* under this contract or direct in writing that it is to be paid to another person.
- 20.6 A document under or relating to this contract is
 - signed by a *party* if it is signed by the *party* or the *party*'s *solicitor* (apart from a direction under clause 4.3);
 - 20.6.2 served if it is served by the party or the party's solicitor;
 - 20.6.3 served if it is served on the party's solicitor, even if the party has died or any of them has died;
 - 20.6.4 served if it is served in any manner provided in s170 of the Conveyancing Act 1919;
 - 20.6.5 served if it is sent by email or fax to the party's solicitor, unless in either case it is not received;
 - 20.6.6 served on a person if it (or a copy of it) comes into the possession of the person; and
 - 20.6.7 served at the earliest time it is served, if it is served more than once.
- 20.7 An obligation to pay an expense of another *party* of doing something is an obligation to pay
 - 20.7.1 if the party does the thing personally the reasonable cost of getting someone else to do it; or
 - 20.7.2 if the *party* pays someone else to do the thing the amount paid, to the extent it is reasonable.
- 20.8 Rights under clauses 11, 13, 14, 17, 24, 30 and 31 continue after completion, whether or not other rights continue.
- 20.9 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that the purchaser has any cooling off rights.
- 20.10 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that any attached survey report is accurate or current.
- 20.11 A reference to any *legislation* (including any percentage or rate specified in *legislation*) is also a reference to any corresponding later *legislation*.
- 20.12 Each party must do whatever is necessary after completion to carry out the party's obligations under this contract.
- 20.13 Neither taking possession nor serving a transfer of itself implies acceptance of the property or the title.
- 20.14 The details and information provided in this contract (for example, on pages 1 3) are, to the extent of each party's knowledge, true, and are part of this contract.
- 20.15 Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked.

21 Time limits in these provisions

- 21.1 If the time for something to be done or to happen is not stated in these provisions, it is a reasonable time.
- 21.2 If there are conflicting times for something to be done or to happen, the latest of those times applies.
- 21.3 The time for one thing to be done or to happen does not extend the time for another thing to be done or to happen.
- 21.4 If the time for something to be done or to happen is the 29th, 30th or 31st day of a month, and the day does not exist, the time is instead the last day of the month.
- 21.5 If the time for something to be done or to happen is a day that is not a *business day*, the time is extended to the next *business day*, except in the case of clauses 2 and 3.2.
- 21.6 Normally, the time by which something must be done is fixed but not essential.

22 Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975

- 22.1 The purchaser promises that the Commonwealth Treasurer cannot prohibit and has not prohibited the transfer under the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975.
- 22.2 This promise is essential and a breach of it entitles the vendor to terminate.

23 Strata or community title

• Definitions and modifications

- This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) is a lot in a strata, neighbourhood, precinct or community scheme (or on completion is to be a lot in a scheme of that kind).
- 23.2 In this contract -
 - 23.2.1 'change', in relation to a scheme, means -
 - a registered or registrable change from by-laws set out in this contract;
 - a change from a development or management contract or statement set out in this contract; or
 - a change in the boundaries of common property;
 - 23.2.2 'common property' includes association property for the scheme or any higher scheme;
 - 23.2.3 'contribution' includes an amount payable under a by-law;
 - 23.2.4 'information certificate' includes a certificate under s184 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and s26 Community Land Management Act 1989;
 - 23.2.5 'information notice' includes a strata information notice under s22 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and a notice under s47 Community Land Management Act 1989;

- 23.2.6 'normal expenses', in relation to an owners corporation for a scheme, means normal operating expenses usually payable from the administrative fund of an owners corporation for a scheme of the same kind;
- 23.2.7 'owners corporation' means the owners corporation or the association for the scheme or any higher scheme:
- 23.2.8 'the property' includes any interest in common property for the scheme associated with the lot; and
- 23.2.9 'special expenses', in relation to an owners corporation, means its actual, contingent or expected expenses, except to the extent they are
 - normal expenses;
 - due to fair wear and tear;
 - disclosed in this contract; or
 - covered by moneys held in the capital works fund.
- 23.3 Clauses 11, 14.8 and 18.4 do not apply to an obligation of the owners corporation, or to property insurable by it
- 23.4 Clauses 14.4.2 and 14.5 apply but on a unit entitlement basis instead of an area basis.

Adjustments and liability for expenses

- 23.5 The parties must adjust under clause 14.1
 - 23.5.1 a regular periodic contribution;
 - 23.5.2 a contribution which is not a regular periodic contribution but is disclosed in this contract; and
 - on a unit entitlement basis, any amount paid by the vendor for a normal expense of the owners corporation to the extent the owners corporation has not paid the amount to the vendor.
- 23.6 If a contribution is not a regular periodic contribution and is not disclosed in this contract
 - 23.6.1 the vendor is liable for it if it was determined on or before the contract date, even if it is payable by instalments; and
 - 23.6.2 the purchaser is liable for all contributions determined after the contract date.
- 23.7 The vendor must pay or allow to the purchaser on completion the amount of any unpaid contributions for which the vendor is liable under clause 23.6.1.
- 23.8 Normally, the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of
 - 23.8.1 an existing or future actual, contingent or expected expense of the owners corporation;
 - 23.8.2 a proportional unit entitlement of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot, apart from a claim under clause 6: or
 - 23.8.3 a past or future change in the scheme or a higher scheme.
- 23.9 However, the purchaser can rescind if -
 - 23.9.1 the special expenses of the owners corporation at the later of the contract date and the creation of the owners corporation when calculated on a unit entitlement basis (and, if more than one lot or a higher scheme is involved, added together), less any contribution paid by the vendor, are more than 1% of the price;
 - 23.9.2 in the case of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot in a higher scheme, a proportional unit entitlement for the lot is disclosed in this contract but the lot has a different proportional unit entitlement at the contract date or at any time before completion;
 - 23.9.3 a change before the contract date or before completion in the scheme or a higher scheme materially prejudices the purchaser and is not disclosed in this contract; or
 - 23.9.4 a resolution is passed by the owners corporation before the contract date or before completion to give to the owners in the scheme for their consideration a strata renewal plan that has not lapsed at the contract date and there is not attached to this contract a strata renewal proposal or the strata renewal plan.

Notices, certificates and inspections

- 23.10 The purchaser must give the vendor 2 copies of an information notice addressed to the owners corporation and signed by the purchaser.
- 23.11 The vendor must complete and sign 1 copy of the notice and give it to the purchaser on completion.
- 23.12 Each party can sign and give the notice as agent for the other.
- 23.13 The vendor must *serve* an information certificate issued after the contract date in relation to the lot, the scheme or any higher scheme at least 7 days before the date for completion.
- 23.14 The purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after *service* of the certificate and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision. On completion the purchaser must pay the vendor the prescribed fee for the certificate.
- 23.15 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for the purchaser's own certificate.
- 23.16 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for and make an inspection of any record or other document in the custody or control of the owners corporation or relating to the scheme or any higher scheme.

• Meetings of the owners corporation

- 23.17 If a general meeting of the owners corporation is convened before completion -
 - 23.17.1 if the vendor receives notice of it, the vendor must immediately notify the purchaser of it; and
 - 23.17.2 after the expiry of any cooling off period, the purchaser can require the vendor to appoint the purchaser (or the purchaser's nominee) to exercise any voting rights of the vendor in respect of the lot at the meeting.

24 Tenancies

- 24.1 If a tenant has not made a payment for a period preceding or current at the adjustment date -
 - 24.1.1 for the purposes of clause 14.2, the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
 - 24.1.2 the purchaser assigns the debt to the vendor on completion and will if required give a further assignment at the vendor's expense.
- 24.2 If a tenant has paid in advance of the *adjustment date* any periodic payment in addition to rent, it must be adjusted as if it were rent for the period to which it relates.
- 24.3 If the *property* is to be subject to a tenancy on completion or is subject to a tenancy on completion
 - 24.3.1 the vendor authorises the purchaser to have any accounting records relating to the tenancy inspected and audited and to have any other document relating to the tenancy inspected;
 - 24.3.2 the vendor must *serve* any information about the tenancy reasonably requested by the purchaser before or after completion; and
 - 24.3.3 normally, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) if
 - a disclosure statement required by the Retail Leases Act 1994 was not given when required;
 - such a statement contained information that was materially false or misleading;
 - a provision of the lease is not enforceable because of a non-disclosure in such a statement; or
 - the lease was entered into in contravention of the Retail Leases Act 1994.
- 24.4 If the *property* is subject to a tenancy on completion
 - 24.4.1 the vendor must allow or transfer
 - any remaining bond money or any other security against the tenant's default (to the extent the security is transferable);
 - any money in a fund established under the lease for a purpose and compensation for any money in the fund or interest earnt by the fund that has been applied for any other purpose;
 and
 - any money paid by the tenant for a purpose that has not been applied for that purpose and compensation for any of the money that has been applied for any other purpose;
 - 24.4.2 if the security is not transferable, each *party* must do everything reasonable to cause a replacement security to issue for the benefit of the purchaser and the vendor must hold the original security on trust for the benefit of the purchaser until the replacement security issues;
 - 24.4.3 the vendor must give to the purchaser
 - a proper notice of the transfer (an attornment notice) addressed to the tenant;
 - any certificate given under the Retail Leases Act 1994 in relation to the tenancy;
 - a copy of any disclosure statement given under the Retail Leases Act 1994;
 - a copy of any document served on the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion; and
 - any document served by the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion;
 - 24.4.4 the vendor must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent it is to be complied with by completion; and
 - 24.4.5 the purchaser must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent that the obligation is disclosed in this contract and is to be complied with after completion.

25 Qualified title, limited title and old system title

- 25.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) -
 - 25.1.1 is under qualified, limited or old system title; or
 - 25.1.2 on completion is to be under one of those titles.
- 25.2 The vendor must serve a proper abstract of title within 7 days after the contract date.
- 25.3 If an abstract of title or part of an abstract of title is attached to this contract or has been lent by the vendor to the purchaser before the contract date, the abstract or part is *served* on the contract date.
- 25.4 An abstract of title can be or include a list of documents, events and facts arranged (apart from a will or codicil) in date order, if the list in respect of each document
 - 25.4.1 shows its date, general nature, names of parties and any registration number; and
 - 25.4.2 has attached a legible photocopy of it or of an official or registration copy of it.
- 25.5 An abstract of title -
 - 25.5.1 must start with a good root of title (if the good root of title must be at least 30 years old, this means 30 years old at the contract date);
 - 25.5.2 in the case of a leasehold interest, must include an abstract of the lease and any higher lease;
 - 25.5.3 *normally*, need not include a Crown grant; and
 - 25.5.4 need not include anything evidenced by the Register kept under the Real Property Act 1900.
- 25.6 In the case of land under old system title -
 - 25.6.1 in this contract 'transfer' means conveyance;
 - 25.6.2 the purchaser does not have to *serve* the form of transfer until after the vendor has *served* a proper abstract of title; and
 - 25.6.3 each vendor must give proper covenants for title as regards that vendor's interest.
- 25.7 In the case of land under limited title but not under qualified title –

- 25.7.1 *normally*, the abstract of title need not include any document which does not show the location, area or dimensions of the land (for example, by including a metes and bounds description or a plan of the land):
- 25.7.2 clause 25.7.1 does not apply to a document which is the good root of title; and
- 25.7.3 the vendor does not have to provide an abstract if this contract contains a delimitation plan (whether in registrable form or not).
- 25.8 The vendor must give a proper covenant to produce where relevant.
- 25.9 The vendor does not have to produce or covenant to produce a document that is not in the possession of the vendor or a mortgagee.
- 25.10 If the vendor is unable to produce an original document in the chain of title, the purchaser will accept a photocopy from the Registrar-General of the registration copy of that document.

26 Crown purchase money

- 26.1 This clause applies only if purchase money is payable to the Crown, whether or not due for payment.
- 26.2 The vendor is liable for the money, except to the extent this contract says the purchaser is liable for it.
- 26.3 To the extent the vendor is liable for it, the vendor is liable for any interest until completion.
- 26.4 To the extent the purchaser is liable for it, the parties must adjust any interest under clause 14.1.

27 Consent to transfer

- 27.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) cannot be transferred without consent under *legislation* or a *planning agreement*.
- 27.2 The purchaser must properly complete and then *serve* the purchaser's part of an application for consent to transfer of the land (or part of it) *within* 7 days after the contract date.
- 27.3 The vendor must apply for consent within 7 days after service of the purchaser's part.
- 27.4 If consent is refused, either party can rescind.
- 27.5 If consent is given subject to one or more conditions that will substantially disadvantage a *party*, then that *party* can *rescind within* 7 days after receipt by or *service* upon the *party* of written notice of the conditions.
- 27.6 If consent is not given or refused -
 - 27.6.1 *within* 42 days after the purchaser *serves* the purchaser's part of the application, the purchaser can *rescind*; or
 - 27.6.2 within 30 days after the application is made, either party can rescind.
- 27.7 Each period in clause 27.6 becomes 90 days if the land (or part of it) is -
 - 27.7.1 under a *planning agreement*; or
 - 27.7.2 in the Western Division.
- 27.8 If the land (or part of it) is described as a lot in an unregistered plan, each time in clause 27.6 becomes the later of the time and 35 days after creation of a separate folio for the lot.
- 27.9 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 14 days after *service* of the notice granting consent to transfer.

28 Unregistered plan

- 28.1 This clause applies only if some of the land is described as a lot in an unregistered plan.
- 28.2 The vendor must do everything reasonable to have the plan registered *within* 6 months after the contract date, with or without any minor alteration to the plan or any document to be lodged with the plan validly required or made under *legislation*.
- 28.3 If the plan is not registered within that time and in that manner -
 - 28.3.1 the purchaser can rescind; and
 - 28.3.2 the vendor can *rescind*, but only if the vendor has complied with clause 28.2 and with any *legislation* governing the rescission.
- 28.4 Either *party* can *serve* notice of the registration of the plan and every relevant lot and plan number.
- 28.5 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after *service* of the notice.
- 28.6 Clauses 28.2 and 28.3 apply to another plan that is to be registered before the plan is registered.

29 Conditional contract

- 29.1 This clause applies only if a provision says this contract or completion is conditional on an event.
- 29.2 If the time for the event to happen is not stated, the time is 42 days after the contract date.
- 29.3 If this contract says the provision is for the benefit of a *party*, then it benefits only that *party*.
- 29.4 If anything is necessary to make the event happen, each *party* must do whatever is reasonably necessary to cause the event to happen.
- 29.5 A party can rescind under this clause only if the party has substantially complied with clause 29.4.
- 29.6 If the event involves an approval and the approval is given subject to a condition that will substantially disadvantage a *party* who has the benefit of the provision, the *party* can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party* serves notice of the condition.
- 29.7 If the parties can lawfully complete without the event happening -
 - 29.7.1 if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after the end of that time;
 - 29.7.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party serves* notice of the refusal; and

- 29.7.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after the earliest of
 - either *party serving* notice of the event happening;
 - every party who has the benefit of the provision serving notice waiving the provision; or
 - the end of the time for the event to happen.
- 29.8 If the parties cannot lawfully complete without the event happening
 - 29.8.1 if the event does not happen within the time for it to happen, either party can rescind;
 - 29.8.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, either *party* can *rescind*;
 - 29.8.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after either *party serves* notice of the event happening.
- 29.9 A party cannot rescind under clauses 29.7 or 29.8 after the event happens.

30 Electronic transaction

- 30.1 This Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as an electronic transaction if -
 - 30.1.1 this contract says that it is an *electronic transaction*;
 - 30.1.2 the parties otherwise agree that it is to be conducted as an electronic transaction; or
 - 30.1.3 the conveyancing rules require it to be conducted as an electronic transaction.
- 30.2 However, this Conveyancing Transaction is not to be conducted as an electronic transaction
 - 30.2.1 if the land is not electronically tradeable or the transfer is not eligible to be lodged electronically; or
 - 30.2.2 if, at any time after the *effective date*, but at least 14 days before the date for completion, a *party serves* a notice stating a valid reason why it cannot be conducted as an *electronic transaction*.
- 30.3 If, because of clause 30.2.2, this *Conveyancing Transaction* is not to be conducted as an *electronic transaction*
 - 30.3.1 each party must -
 - bear equally any disbursements or fees; and
 - otherwise bear that party's own costs;

incurred because this *Conveyancing Transaction* was to be conducted as an *electronic transaction*; and

- 30.3.2 if a *party* has paid all of a disbursement or fee which, by reason of this clause, is to be borne equally by the *parties*, that amount must be adjusted under clause 14.2.
- 30.4 If this Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as an electronic transaction -
 - 30.4.1 to the extent that any other provision of this contract is inconsistent with this clause, the provisions of this clause prevail;
 - 30.4.2 normally, words and phrases used in this clause 30 (italicised and in Title Case, such as *Electronic Workspace* and *Lodgment Case*) have the same meaning which they have in the *participation rules*;
 - 30.4.3 the parties must conduct the electronic transaction
 - in accordance with the *participation rules* and the *ECNL*; and
 - using the nominated *ELN*, unless the *parties* otherwise agree;
 - 30.4.4 a *party* must pay the fees and charges payable by that *party* to the *ELNO* and the *Land Registry* as a result of this transaction being an *electronic transaction*;
 - 30.4.5 any communication from one party to another party in the Electronic Workspace made
 - after the effective date; and
 - before the receipt of a notice given under clause 30.2.2;

is taken to have been received by that *party* at the time determined by s13A of the Electronic Transactions Act 2000; and

- 30.4.6 a document which is an *electronic document* is *served* as soon as it is first *Digitally Signed* in the *Electronic Workspace* on behalf of the *party* required to *serve* it.
- 30.5 Normally, the vendor must within 7 days of the effective date
 - 30.5.1 create an *Electronic Workspace*;
 - 30.5.2 populate the Electronic Workspace with title data, the date for completion and, if applicable, mortgagee details; and
 - 30.5.3 invite the purchaser and any *discharging mortgagee* to the *Electronic Workspace*.
- 30.6 If the vendor has not created an *Electronic Workspace* in accordance with clause 30.5, the purchaser may create an *Electronic Workspace*. If the purchaser creates the *Electronic Workspace* the purchaser must
 - 30.6.1 populate the Electronic Workspace with title data;
 - 30.6.2 create and *populate* an *electronic transfer*;
 - 30.6.3 populate the Electronic Workspace with the date for completion and a nominated completion time;
 - 30.6.4 invite the vendor and any incoming mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace.
- 30.7 Normally, within 7 days of receiving an invitation from the vendor to join the *Electronic Workspace*, the purchaser must
 - 30.7.1 join the *Electronic Workspace*;
 - 30.7.2 create and populate an electronic transfer,
 - 30.7.3 invite any incoming mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace; and
 - 30.7.4 populate the Electronic Workspace with a nominated completion time.

- If the purchaser has created the Electronic Workspace the vendor must within 7 days of being invited to the 30.8 Electronic Workspace -
 - 30.8.1 join the *Electronic Workspace*;
 - populate the Electronic Workspace with mortgagee details, if applicable; and 30.8.2
 - 30.8.3 invite any discharging mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace.
- 30.9 To complete the financial settlement schedule in the Electronic Workspace -
 - 30.9.1 the purchaser must provide the vendor with adjustment figures at least 2 business days before the date for completion;
 - 30.9.2 the vendor must confirm the adjustment figures at least 1 business day before the date for completion: and
 - 30.9.3 if the purchaser must make a GSTRW payment or an FRCGW remittance, the purchaser must populate the Electronic Workspace with the payment details for the GSTRW payment or FRCGW remittance payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation at least 2 business days before the date for completion.
- 30.10 Before completion, the parties must ensure that -
 - 30.10.1 all electronic documents which a party must Digitally Sign to complete the electronic transaction are populated and Digitally Signed;
 - all certifications required by the ECNL are properly given; and 30.10.2
 - 30.10.3 they do everything else in the Electronic Workspace which that party must do to enable the electronic transaction to proceed to completion.
- 30.11 If completion takes place in the Electronic Workspace -
 - 30.11.1 payment electronically on completion of the price in accordance with clause 16.7 is taken to be payment by a single settlement cheque;
 - the completion address in clause 16.11 is the Electronic Workspace; and 30.11.2
 - clauses 13.13.2 to 13.13.4, 16.8, 16.12, 16.13 and 31.2.2 to 31.2.4 do not apply. 30.11.3
- If the computer systems of any of the Land Registry, the ELNO or the Reserve Bank of Australia are 30.12 inoperative for any reason at the completion time agreed by the parties, a failure to complete this contract for that reason is not a default under this contract on the part of either party.
- 30.13 If the computer systems of the Land Registry are inoperative for any reason at the completion time agreed by the parties, and the parties choose that financial settlement is to occur despite this, then on financial settlement occurring
 - all electronic documents Digitally Signed by the vendor, the certificate of title and any discharge of 30.13.1 mortgage, withdrawal of caveat or other electronic document forming part of the Lodgment Case for the electronic transaction shall be taken to have been unconditionally and irrevocably delivered to the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee at the time of financial settlement together with the right to deal with the land comprised in the certificate of title; and
 - 30.13.2 the vendor shall be taken to have no legal or equitable interest in the property.
- A party who holds a certificate of title must act in accordance with any Prescribed Requirement in relation to the certificate of title but if there is no Prescribed Requirement, the vendor must serve the certificate of title after completion.
- If the parties do not agree about the delivery before completion of one or more documents or things that 30.15 cannot be delivered through the Electronic Workspace, the party required to deliver the documents or things holds them on completion in escrow for the benefit of; and
 - must immediately after completion deliver the documents or things to, or as directed by; 30.15.2 the party entitled to them.
- In this clause 30, these terms (in any form) mean -30.16

adjustment figures certificate of title

details of the adjustments to be made to the price under clause 14; the paper duplicate of the folio of the register for the land which exists

immediately prior to completion and, if more than one, refers to each such paper duplicate;

the time of day on the date for completion when the electronic transaction is to be completion time

settled:

conveyancing rules discharging mortgagee the rules made under s12E of the Real Property Act 1900;

any discharging mortgagee, chargee, covenant chargee or caveator whose provision of a Digitally Signed discharge of mortgage, discharge of charge or

withdrawal of caveat is required in order for unencumbered title to the property to be transferred to the purchaser:

ECNL the Electronic Conveyancing National Law (NSW);

effective date the date on which the Conveyancing Transaction is agreed to be an electronic

transaction under clause 30.1.2 or, if clauses 30.1.1 or 30.1.3 apply, the contract

a dealing as defined in the Real Property Act 1900 which may be created and electronic document

Digitally Signed in an Electronic Workspace;

a transfer of land under the Real Property Act 1900 for the property to be electronic transfer

prepared and Digitally Signed in the Electronic Workspace established for the

purposes of the parties' Conveyancing Transaction;

electronic transaction a Conveyancing Transaction to be conducted for the parties by their legal

representatives as Subscribers using an ELN and in accordance with the ECNL

and the participation rules;

electronically tradeable a land title that is Electronically Tradeable as that term is defined in the

conveyancing rules;

incoming mortgagee any mortgagee who is to provide finance to the purchaser on the security of the

property and to enable the purchaser to pay the whole or part of the price; the details which a party to the electronic transaction must provide about any

discharging mortgagee of the property as at completion;

participation rules the participation rules as determined by the ECNL; populate to complete data fields in the Electronic Workspace; and

title data the details of the title to the property made available to the Electronic Workspace

by the Land Registry.

31 Foreign Resident Capital Gains Withholding

31.1 This clause applies only if -

mortgagee details

- 31.1.1 the sale is not an excluded transaction within the meaning of s14-215 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act*; and
- 31.1.2 a clearance certificate in respect of every vendor is not attached to this contract.

31.2 The purchaser must -

- 31.2.1 at least 5 days before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of a purchaser payment notification to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under clause 4.3 has been *served*, by the transferee named in the transfer *served* with that direction;
- 31.2.2 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *FRCGW remittance* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
- 31.2.3 forward the settlement cheque to the payee immediately after completion; and
- 31.2.4 serve evidence of receipt of payment of the FRCGW remittance.
- 31.3 The vendor cannot refuse to complete if the purchaser complies with clauses 31.2.1 and 31.2.2.
- 31.4 If the vendor *serves* any *clearance certificate* or *variation*, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after that *service* and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- 31.5 If the vendor *serves* in respect of every vendor either a *clearance certificate* or a *variation* to 0.00 percent, clauses 31.2 and 31.3 do not apply.

32 Residential off the plan contract

- This clause applies if this contract is an off the plan contract within the meaning of Division 10 of Part 4 of the Conveyancing Act 1919 (the Division).
- 32.2 No provision of this contract has the effect of excluding, modifying or restricting the operation of the Division.
- 32.3 If the purchaser makes a claim for compensation under the terms prescribed by clause 6A of the Conveyancing (Sale of Land) Regulation 2017
 - 32.3.1 the purchaser cannot make a claim under this contract about the same subject matter, including a claim under clauses 6 or 7; and
 - 32.3.2 the claim for compensation is not a claim under this contract.
- 32.4 This clause does not apply to a contract made before the commencement of the amendments to the Division under the Conveyancing Legislation Amendment Act 2018.