



Property address: 1/126 Halswell Junction Road

LIM number: H07467093 Page 1 **Christchurch City Council**

53 Hereford Street, PO Box 73015 Christchurch 8154, New Zealand Tel 64 3 941 8999 Fax 64 3 941 8984



Application details

Date issued	15 March 2025
Date received	4 March 2025

Property details

Property address	1/126 Halswell Junction Road, Oaklands, Christchurch
Valuation roll number	23444 41600 A
Valuation information	Capital Value: \$710,000
	Land Value: \$170,000
	Improvements Value: \$540,000
	Please note: these values are intended for Rating purposes
Legal description	Flat 1 DP 75904 on Lot 5 DP 68654 having share in 651 m2
Existing owner	Pita Qaqa Biunacagilaba Rokosuka Kate Isabel Rokosuka
	1/126 Halswell Junction Road Christchurch 8025

Council references	S		
Rate account ID	73064601		
LIM number	H07467093		
Property ID	1025847		

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Document information

This Land Information Memorandum (LIM) has been prepared for the purpose of section 44A of the Local Government Official Information and Meetings Act 1987 (LGOIMA). It is a summary of the information that we hold on the property. Each heading or "clause" in this LIM corresponds to a part of section 44A.

Sections 1 to 10 contain all of the information known to the Christchurch City Council that must be included under section 44A(2) LGOIMA. Any other information concerning the land as the Council considers, at its discretion, to be relevant is included at section 11 of this LIM (section 44A(3) LGOIMA). If there are no comments or information provided in these sections this means that the Council does not hold information on the property that corresponds to that part of section 44A.

The information included in this LIM is based on a search of Council records only and there may be other information relating to the land which is unknown to the Council. Please note that other agencies may also hold information relevant to the property, or administer legislation relevant to the use of the land, for example, the Regional Council (Ecan), Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga, and Land Information New Zealand.

Council records may not show illegal or unauthorised building or works on the property. The applicant is solely responsible for ensuring that the land is suitable for a particular purpose.

A LIM is only valid at the date of issue as information is based only upon information the Council held at the time of that LIM request being made.

Property file service

This Land Information Memorandum does not contain all information held on a property file. Customers may request property files by phoning the Council's Customer Call Centre on (03) 941 8999, or visiting any of the Council Service Centres. For further information please visit <u>www.ccc.govt.nz</u>.

To enable the Council to measure the accuracy of this LIM document based on our current records, we would appreciate your response should you find any information contained therein which may be considered to be incorrect or omitted. Please telephone the Customer Call Centre on (03) 941 8999.

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A search of records held by the Council has revealed the following information:

1. Special features and characteristics of the land

Section 44A(2)(a) LGOIMA. This is information known to the Council but not apparent from the district scheme under the Town and Country Planning Act 1977 or a district plan under the Resource Management Act 1991. It identifies each (if any) special feature or characteristic of the land concerned, including but not limited to potential erosion, avulsion, falling debris, subsidence, slippage, alluvion, or inundation, or likely presence of hazardous contaminants.

For enquiries, please phone (03) 941 8999 or visit <u>www.ccc.govt.nz</u>.

• Borelog/Engineer Report Image Available

Borelog/Engineer Report Image Available

• Liquefaction Assessment

Christchurch City Council holds indicative information on liquefaction hazard for Christchurch. Information on liquefaction, including an interactive web tool, can be found on the Council website at ccc.govt.nz/liquefaction. Depending on the liquefaction potential of the area that the property is in, the Council may require site-specific investigations before granting future subdivision or building consent for the property.

• Consultant Report Available

Land Information New Zealand (LINZ) engaged Tonkin and Taylor to provide a Geotechnical Report on Ground Movements that occurred as a result of the Canterbury Earthquake Sequence. The report indicates this property may have been effected by a degree of earthquake induced subsidence. The report obtained by LINZ can be accessed on their website at https://www.linz.govt.nz and search Information for Canterbury Surveyors.

• Consultant Report Available

The Tonkin & Taylor Darfield Earthquake 4 September 2010 Geotechnical Land Damage Assessment & Reinstatement Stage 1 Report indicates areas of observed surface manifestations of liquefaction resulting from the earthquake. This property is within one of the identified areas. The report can be viewed at www.eqc.govt.nz/our-publications/darfield-earthquake-geotechnical-land-damage-assessment-reinstatement-stage-1/

Related Information

• The latest soil investigation report for this property is attached for your information

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2. Private and public stormwater and sewerage drains

Section 44A(2)(b) LGOIMA. This is information about private and public stormwater and sewerage drains as shown in the Council's records.

For stormwater and sewerage enquiries, please phone (03) 941 8999 or visit <u>www.ccc.govt.nz</u>.

Related Information

- Attached are all drainage plans that Council hold for details of private and public drainage. Not all plans provided are verified by Council, and therefore Council cannot be liable for inaccuracies. Site investigation will be required by owners to determine exact layouts.
- This property is shown to be served by Christchurch City Council Sewer.
- The council plan shows no public stormwater lateral to this site.

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3. Drinking Water Supply

Section 44A(2)(ba) and (bb) LGOIMA. This is information notified to the Council about whether the land is supplied with drinking water, whether the supplier is the owner of the land or a networked supplier, any conditions that are applicable, and any information the Council has about the supply.

Please note the council does not guarantee a particular water quality to its customers. If you require information on current water quality at this property please contact the Three Waters & Waste Unit.

For water supply queries, please phone (03) 941 8999 or visit <u>www.ccc.govt.nz</u>.

Water supply

Christchurch City Council is the networked supplier of water to this property. This property is connected to the Christchurch City Council Water Supply. The conditions of supply are set out in the Christchurch City Council Water Supply and Wastewater Bylaw (2022), refer to <u>www.ccc.govt.nz</u>.

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4. Rates

Section 44A(2)(c) LGOIMA. This is information on any rates owing in relation to the land. For rates enquiries, please phone (03) 941 8999 or visit <u>www.ccc.govt.nz</u>.

(a) Annual rates

Annual rates to 30/06/2025:	\$4,072.23	
	Instalment Amount	Date Due
Instalment 1	\$1,017.99	31/08/2024
Instalment 2	\$1,017.99	30/11/2024
Instalment 3	\$1,017.99	28/02/2025
Instalment 4	\$1,018.26	31/05/2025

Rates owing as at 15/03/2025:

(b) Excess Water Rates

For excess water charge enquiries, please phone (03) 941 8999 or visit www.ccc.govt.nz/contact-us.

-\$68.56

(c) Final water meter reading required at settlement?

Property settlements must ensure all water usage and outstanding debts are accurately accounted for.

To advise of a property settlement, please complete the request for settlement information form at <u>www.ccc.govt.nz/services/rates-and-valuations/solicitors-request</u>. A settlement statement of accounts will be provided on the expected settlement date advised.

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5. Consents, certificates, notices, orders, or requisitions affecting the land and buildings

Section 44A(2)(d) LGOIMA. This is information concerning any consent, certificate, notice, order, or requisition, affecting the land or any building on the land, previously issued by the Council. The information in this section may also cover building consent and/or code compliance information issued by building certifiers under the Building Act 1991 and building consent authorities that are not the Council under the Building Act 2004.

You can check the property file to identify whether any consent or certificate was issued by a building certifier under the Building Act 1991.

Section 44A(2)(da) LGOIMA. The information required to be provided to a territorial authority under section 362T(2) of the Building Act 2004. There is currently no information required to be provided by a building contractor to a territorial authority under section 362T(2) of the Building Act 2004. The Building (Residential Consumer Rights and Remedies) Regulations 2014 only prescribed the information that must be given to the clients of a building contractor.

For building enquiries, please phone (03) 941 8999, email EPADutyBCO@ccc.govt.nz or visit www.ccc.govt.nz.

(a) Consents

- BCN/1996/6685 Applied: 21/08/1996 Status: Completed 1/126 Halswell Junction Road Oaklands Accepted for processing 21/08/1996 Building consent granted 07/04/1997 Building consent issued 21/04/1997 Code Compliance Certificate Granted 26/08/1997 Code Compliance Certificate Issued 26/08/1997 2 DWELLING UNITS WITH ATTACHED GARAGES- Historical Reference CON96007392
- BCN/2014/6881 Applied: 28/07/2014 Status: Completed 2/126 Halswell Junction Road Oaklands Accepted for processing 28/07/2014 PIM Granted 14/08/2014 PIM Issued 15/08/2014 Dwelling with Attached Garage
- BCN/2014/8652 Applied: 10/09/2014 Status: Completed 2/126 Halswell Junction Road Oaklands Accepted for processing 12/09/2014
 PIM Granted 22/09/2014
 Building consent granted 26/09/2014
 Building consent issued 29/09/2014
 Code Compliance Certificate Issued 23/06/2015
 Dwelling with attached Garage
- BCN/2014/8652/A Amendment Applied: 02/10/2014 Status: Completed 2/126 Halswell Junction Road Oaklands Accepted for processing 03/10/2014 Building consent granted 08/10/2014 Building consent issued 08/10/2014 Amendment 1 Changing steps to ramp.
- BCN/2019/6015 Applied: 09/09/2019 Status: Completed 1/126 Halswell Junction Road Oaklands Exemption from building consent approved 13/09/2019 Re-level

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 BCN/2020/7996 Applied: 24/03/2020 Status: Completed 1/126 Halswell Junction Road Oaklands Certificate of acceptance approved 20/04/2020 Building Act Certificate of Acceptance considered for installation of new ensuite shower room. - Historic Reference BAA37002026

(b) Certificates

Note: Code Compliance Certificates were only issued by the Christchurch City Council since January 1993.

(c) Notices

(d) Orders

(e) Requisitions

Related Information

- Attached is a copy of the form 9 for a certificate of acceptance (BAA) that has been issued for building work at this
 property. There will be items that have been accepted by Council and some that may have been excluded
 acceptance.
- Please find an electrical certificate/s attached relating to works that have been carried out on the current building/dwelling at this address.

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6. Certificates issued by a building certifier

Section 44A(2)(e) LGOIMA. This is information notified to the Council concerning any certificate issued by a building certifier pursuant to the Building Act 1991 or the Building Act 2004.

For building enquiries, please phone (03) 941 8999, email EPADutyBCO@ccc.govt.nz or visit www.ccc.govt.nz.

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7. Weathertightness

Section 44A(2)(ea) LGOIMA. This is information notified to the Council under section 124 of the Weathertight Homes Resolution Services Act 2006.

For weathertight homes enquiries, please phone (03) 941 8999 or visit <u>www.ccc.govt.nz</u>.

If there is no information below this means Council is unaware of any formal Weathertight Homes Resolution Services claim lodged against this property.

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8. Land use and conditions

Section 44A(2)(f) LGOIMA. This is information relating to the use to which the land may be put and conditions attached to that use. The planning information provided below is not exhaustive and reference to the Christchurch District Plan and any notified proposed changes to that plan is recommended: <u>https://ccc.govt.nz/the-council/plans-strategies-policies-and-bylaws/plans/christchurch-district-plan/</u>.

There maybe some provisions of the Christchurch City Plan or Banks Peninsula District Plan that affect this property that are still operative.

For planning queries, please phone (03) 941 8999, email <u>DutyPlanner@ccc.govt.nz</u> or visit <u>www.ccc.govt.nz</u>.

• Regional plan or bylaw

There may be objectives, policies or rules in a regional plan or a regional bylaw that regulate land use and activities on this site. Please direct enquiries to Canterbury Regional Council (Environment Canterbury).

(a)(i)Christchurch City Plan & Banks Peninsula District Plan

(ii)Christchurch District Plan

Liquefaction Management Area (LMA)

Property or part of property within the Liquefaction Management Area (LMA) Overlay, which is operative.

• District Plan Zone

Property or part of property within the Medium density residential zone, which has been publicly notified.

District Plan Zone

Property or part of property within the Residential Suburban Zone, which is operative.

(b) Resource consents

If there are any land use resource consents issued for this property the Council recommends that you check those resource consents on the property file. There may be conditions attached to those resource consents for the property that are still required to be complied with.

- RMA/1994/3826 Subdivision Consent Fee Simple SUBDIVISION - Historical Reference RMA9741 Status: Processing complete Applied 01/07/1994
- RMA/1995/3671 Subdivision Consent Cross Lease SUBDIVISION - Historical Reference RMA12293 Status: Processing complete Applied 23/06/1995

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- RMA/1995/1960 Certificate of compliance 1/126 Halswell Junction Road Oaklands Certificate of Compliance for two unit development on proposed Lot (5). - Historical Reference RES952213 Status: Processing complete Applied 21/06/1995 21/06/1995 Certificate issued 21/06/1995
- RMA/1996/3075 Subdivision Consent 1/126 Halswell Junction Road Oaklands Cross Lease SUBDIVISION - Historical Reference RMA10909 Status: Processing complete Applied 30/05/1996

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9. Other land and building classifications

Section 44A(2)(g) LGOIMA. This is information notified to the Council by any statutory organisation having the power to classify land or buildings for any purpose.

For land and building enquiries, please phone (03) 941 8999 or visit www.ccc.govt.nz.

Please refer to Section 1 for details

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10. Network utility information

Section 44A(2)(h) LGOIMA. This is information notified to the Council by any network utility operator pursuant to the Building Act 1991 or the Building Act 2004.

For network enquiries, please phone (03) 941 8999 or visit <u>www.ccc.govt.nz</u>.

• None recorded for this property

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11. Other information

Section 44A(3) LGOIMA. This is information concerning the land that the Council has the discretion to include if it considers it to be relevant.

For any enquiries, please phone (03) 941 8999 or visit <u>www.ccc.govt.nz</u>.

(a) Kerbside waste collection

- Your organics are collected Weekly on Thursday. Please leave your organics at the Kerbside by 6:00 a.m.
- Your recycling is collected Fortnightly on the Week 1 collection cycle on a Thursday. Please leave your recycling at the Kerbside by 6:00 a.m. Your nearest recycling depot is the Parkhouse Road EcoDrop.
- Your refuse is collected Fortnightly on the Week 1 collection cycle on a Thursday. Please leave your rubbish at the Kerbside by 6:00 a.m. Your nearest rubbish depot is the Parkhouse Road EcoDrop.

(b) Other

• Floor Levels Information

Christchurch City Council holds a variety of information relevant to building/property development across the city. This includes minimum finished floor levels that need to be set to meet the surface water requirements in clause E1.3.2 of the building code (where this applies), and the requirements of the Christchurch District Plan (where a property is in the Flood Management Area). Where this information has been processed for your site, it can be viewed at https://ccc.govt.nz/floorlevelmap/, otherwise site specific advice can be obtained by emailing floorlevelmap/, otherwise site specific advice can be obtained by emailing floorlevels@ccc.govt.nz

Guest Accommodation

Guest accommodation (including whole unit listings on Airbnb; BookaBach; etc.) generally requires a resource consent in this zone when the owner is not residing on the site. For more information, please refer to: https://ccc.govt.nz/providing-guest-accommodation/.

Community Board

Property located in Halswell-Hornby-Riccarton Community Board.

Tsunami Evacuation Zone

This property is not in a tsunami evacuation zone. It is not necessary to evacuate in a long or strong earthquake or during an official Civil Defence tsunami warning. Residents may wish to offer to open their home to family or friends who need to evacuate from a tsunami zone, and should plan with potential guests to do so in advance.More information can be found at https://ccc.govt.nz/services/civil-defence/hazards/tsunami-evacuation-zones-and-routes/

Electoral Ward

Property located in Halswell Electoral Ward

• Listed Land Use Register

Hazardous activities and industries involve the use, storage or disposal of hazardous substances. These substances can sometimes contaminate the soil. Environment Canterbury identifies land that is used or has been used for hazardous activities and industries. This information is held on a publically available database called the Listed Land Use Register (LLUR). The Christchurch City Council may not hold information that is held on the LLUR Therefore, it is recommended that you check Environment Canterbury's online database at www.llur.ecan.govt.nz

Spatial Query Report

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A copy of the spatial query report is attached at the end of this LIM. The spatial query report lists land use resource consents that have been granted within 100 metres of this property.

Related Information

• The Council has received a third party work completion report/information relating to the building exemption application on this property. It has been placed on the property file. The Council does not accept any liability for the contents, or representations, made within the report/information. The report/information is not included in the Land Information Memorandum (LIM) because the Council has not verify the information/report supplied. If a copy of the property file is required you can request this through our online form by visiting ccc.govt.nz & search property file or visit a Council Service Centre.

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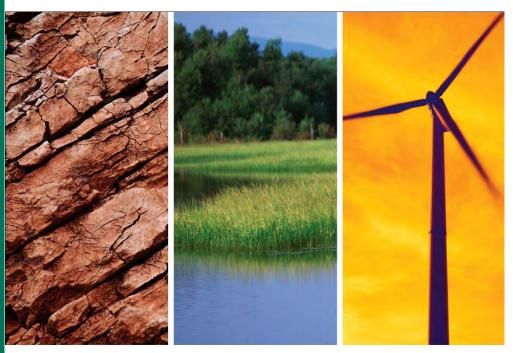


December 2012

Christchurch City Council Approved Consent Document BCN/2014/8652 **Steve Hull** 293 Pages 25/09/2014

GEOTECHNICAL ASSESSMENT REPORT Halswell Group of Houses

Submitted to: Arrow International Limited



1078102455-001-R-Rev0-1660 **Report Number. Distribution:** Simon Brackstone - Arrow International Limited



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GEOTECHNICAL ASSESSMENT REPORT - HALSWELL GROUP OF HOUSES

RECORD OF ISSUE

Company	Client Contact	Version	Date Issued	Method of Delivery
Arrow International Ltd	Simon Brackstone	Rev A – Draft	14 November 2012	Aconex Email
Arrow International Ltd	Simon Brackstone	Rev 0	7 December 2012	Aconex Email





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APPENDIX E Laboratory Testing Results





1.0 INTRODUCTION

Arrow International Limited (Arrow) has engaged Golder Associates (NZ) Limited (Golder) to undertake a geotechnical assessment for a group of houses located along the northern side of Halswell Junction Road. (bounded by Oldham Crescent to the west and extending to 118 Halswell Junction Road to the east), Halswell, Christchurch. Arrow, on behalf of Southern Response Earthquake Services Limited (Southern Response), is undertaking a combined assessment of the group of twenty-one houses which comprise Numbers 118, 118a, 120, 122, 122a, 124, 124a, 1/126, 2/126, 128, 130, 130a, 132, 132a, 134, 136, 138, 140 and 142 Halswell Junction Road, and Nos. 2 and 10 Oldham Crescent.

The site comprises the land on which the group of twenty-one houses which have been damaged stand as a result of the 2010-2011 Canterbury earthquakes. It is understood, from correspondence with Arrow, that there are grades of status regarding these houses, as follows:

- 1) EQC/EQR repair, out of scope (five houses - Numbers 118a, 122a, 1/126, 136 Halswell Junction Road and 2 Oldham Crescent);
- Foundation repair is required (four houses Numbers 120, 122, 138 and 142 Halswell Junction Road); 2)
- Demolition and rebuild is required (ten houses Numbers 118, 124, 2/126, 128, 130, 130a, 132, 132a, 3) 140 Halswell Junction Road and 10 Oldham Crescent); and
- 4) No action at the time of writing (two houses – Numbers 124a and 134 Halswell Junction Road).

A total of eight insurance companies provide the insurance cover for the group of houses and five Project Management Organisations (PMOs) have interest in the properties.

The combined geotechnical investigation and assessment was requested in order to identify geotechnical considerations for rebuild and repair options for the structures included within the combined site. For clarity, in this report the term "site" refers to the land occupied by the twenty-one houses as identified in Appendix B1

The scope of work for the geotechnical investigation is as follows:

- Review existing geotechnical data in the vicinity of the site (including data from EQC, Environment Canterbury and any existing reports).
- Review available information on the previous performances of the properties in response to previous earthquake events.
- Review local topographical and geological data.
- Carry out a geotechnical investigation comprising 23 Cone Penetration Tests (CPTs), seven boreholes, with Standard Penetration Tests (SPTs), and laboratory testing on selected recovered soil samples.
- Assess liquefaction susceptibility and associated settlement and/or lateral spreading at the site.
- Provide preliminary geotechnical engineering comments on foundation options for each property.

The geotechnical investigation and assessment for the site has been carried out in accordance with the Department of Building and Housing (DBH) "Revised Guidance on Repairing and Rebuilding Houses affected by the Canterbury Earthquake Sequence" published in November 2011 (DBH 2011) and the "Interim guidance for repairing and rebuilding foundations in Technical Category 3" published in April 2012 (DBH 2012).

The primary purpose of the geotechnical investigation is to assess the further risk of liquefaction induced settlement to the repaired or rebuilt houses from a future earthquake and to define foundation options consistent with the current guidance (DBH 2012). A detailed assessment of all geotechnical aspects of the property beyond liquefaction hazard was not included in this scope of work.

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The scope of work does not include any detailed design, geo-environmental investigation or assessment of the potential for, nor implications of, soil and/or groundwater contamination at the properties. This report does not address the reinstatement of land levels. At the time of preparation of this report no specific information was available to Golder on the proposed building layout and loadings, or on the presence and depths of existing buried services. It is recommended that Golder review and provide additional geotechnical input and recommendations as part of detailed design.

Our work on this assignment is carried out for the exclusive use of Arrow and Southern Response. Your attention is drawn to the document, "Report Limitations", as attached. The statements presented in that document are intended to advise you of what your realistic expectations of this report should be, and to present you with recommendations on how to minimise the risks to which this report relates which are associated with this project. The document is not intended to exclude or otherwise limit the obligations necessarily imposed by law on Golder Associates (NZ) Ltd, but rather to ensure that all parties who may rely on this report are aware of the responsibilities each assumes in so doing.

Other Considerations in Selecting Foundation Types and Finished Floor Levels for TC3

Section C1.5 and C5.1.3 of DBH 2012 identify the following non geotechnical investigation issues that may affect the repair or rebuilding of house foundations on a specific site. These are:

- EQC assessment of liability for land damage reinstatement (Section C1.5).
- Future building platform heights which are limited for the time being to 250 mm above the surrounding land.
- Compliance with Insurance Contract Provisions which, unless specifically provided to us by the Project Manager, have not been taken account of during the foundation assessment.

The above issues all lie outside the scope of work carried out as part of this geotechnical assessment.

2.0 SITE DESCRIPTION

2.1 Site Location and Topography

The site is located approximately 8.3 km to the southwest of the Christchurch city centre and approximately 1 km to the northwest of Halswell town centre. This site is bounded to the southwest by Halswell Junction Road, to the northwest by Oldham Crescent and residential properties, to the northeast by residential properties and Nottingham Stream, and to the southeast by residential properties also located along Halswell Junction Road.

The site has a total area of approximately 1.58 hectares, and generally has a slight slope (less than 1°) down towards Nottingham Stream, towards the northeast. Nottingham Stream, which runs along the boundaries of Numbers 118, 122, 122a, 128 Halswell Junction Road and Number 10 Oldham Crescent, has an estimated free-face height of approximately 1.0 m and a width of between 1.0 m and 2.0 m.

A site plan is presented as Figure B1 in Appendix B.

2.2 Technical Category

The site is located within an area classified by DBH as Technical Category 3 (TC3), "an area which is likely to suffer moderate to significant land damage from liquefaction during future earthquakes".



2.3 Land Damage Mapping

The area was mapped by the Earthquake Commission (EQC) as having undergone *no lateral spreading but minor to moderate quantities of ejected material* as a result of the 4 September 2010 earthquake and *no observed ground cracking or ejected liquefied material* as a result of the 13 June 2011 earthquakes. Aerial photographs on the Canterbury Geotechnical Database indicate liquefaction ejecta within the site as a result of the 22 February 2011 earthquake.

Observations of one ground crack, running parallel to Nottingham Stream and approximately 50 to 200 mm wide, have been mapped through the site by the EQC. Other minor unclassified cracks have been shown to trend from a southeast through to northwest direction and are shown on the site plan, Figure B1 in Appendix B.

The site is not mapped to be in the *Major* global lateral movement category in accordance with Table C2.2 DBH 2012. Numbers 118, 122, 122A, 124, 124A 2/126, 128 Halswell Junction Road, 10 Oldham Crescent and part of 118a, 120, 130, 130a Halswell Junction Road are located within 50 m of Nottingham Stream and could be placed in the *Major* category for global lateral movement in the absence of any evidence to the contrary, according to Table C2.3 of DBH 2012.

2.4 Flood hazard mapping

Flood risk and interim floor levels (minimum floor level for new building) are not available for this site at the time of writing (<u>http://maps.cera.govt.nz/advanced-viewer/?Viewer=Ccc-Floor-Levels</u> on 13 November 2012) from the Christchurch City Council Flooding Database. The flood risk will need to be understood for this site to evaluate the appropriate foundation options.



3.0 EXISTING BUILDINGS

Many of the details regarding the construction of the dwelling, foundation/structural damage and building status, had not been provided to Golder at the time of writing. The available information is summarised in Table 1 below.

A site visit to each property was undertaken by Golder on 24 January 2012 and 17 September 2012. A summary of this information is presented in Table 1 below and illustrated on Figure B1 in Appendix B.



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Table 1: Summary of damage to existing dwellings.

Address	Building Description	Foundation Type	Foundation/Structural Damage Reported by Others	Detailed Repair/Rebuild Analysis (DRA) Provided ¹	Local Land Damage ² Observed by Golder Associates	Status
2 Oldham Crescent			N/A - under EQC cap, does not require assistance from private insurers.	N/A	N/A	EQC/EQR repair – out of scope
10 Oldham Crescent	Single storey, stone block walls, metal tile roof		No information provided	No	Cracking in the driveway.	Demokish and Dahaild
118 Halswell Junction Road		C2	15 to 25 mm cracking of foundation slab	Yes	Cracked driveway, localised tilting of concrete slabs. Liquefaction ejecta present	Demolish and Rebuild
118a Halswell Junction Road	Stone block exterior, concrete tile roof		No information provided	No	Cracking across driveway	EQC/EQR repair – out of scope
120 Halswell Junction Road	Concrete Exterior, flat roof, Art Deco style	B2	Cracks noted in the foundation.	No	Cracking in paved areas up to 20 mm wide	Repair
122 Halswell Junction Road	Brick veneer, timber frame, metal roof tiles.		Broken services noted outside the house. Localised undermining of foundation noted.	No	Cracking up to 40 mm wide in paved areas. Lateral movement up to 50 mm wide indicated by the gap between the house foundation and surrounding ground. Slumping of asphalt driveway.	керан
122a Halswell Junction Road		C2	No information provided	No	Cracking to the asphalt driveway.	EQC/EQR repair – out of scope – works by Mainzeal
124 Halswell Junction Road				No	Cracking up to 40 mm wide in driveway concrete.	Rebuild
124a Halswell Junction Road			Owner abse	ent, property omitted	l from assessment	
1/126 Halswell Junction Road			Cracking of foundation slab noted during walkover.	No	Cracking up to 30 mm wide across driveway.	EQC/EQR repair – out of scope – works by Mainzeal
2/126 Halswell Junction Road			Cracking of foundation slab	Yes	Liquefaction ejecta on the land surrounding the house	
128 Halswell Junction Road	Brick veneer, timber frame, metal roof tiles	C2	Major subsidence and liquefaction ejecta, house tilt settlement of over 170 mm	Yes	Owners stated that significant liquefaction ejecta present at the time of the earthquakes, cracking in asphalt driveway	Demolish and rebuild
130 Halswell Junction Road				No	Areas with liquefaction ejecta noted.	
130a Halswell Junction Road	<u> </u>		No information provided	No	Fence posts have tilted, cracking in the concrete driveway.	

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Address	Building Description	Foundation Type	Foundation/Structural Damage Reported by Others	Detailed Repair/Rebuild Analysis (DRA) Provided ¹	Local Land Damage ² Observed by Golder Associates	Status
132 Halswell Junction Road	Brick veneer,		No information provided	No	Cracking up to 30 mm wide in the driveway.	
132a Halswell Junction Road	timber frame, C2 metal roof tiles		Significant cracking of the concrete floor slab, racking to walls	Yes	Extensive liquefaction ejecta.	Demolish and Rebuild
134 Halswell Junction Road	()wher is not interested in deptechnical report					
136 Halswell Junction Road			No information provided	No	Extensive cracking up to 20 mm wide to the concrete driveway.	EQC/EQR repair – out of scope – works by Hawkins
138 Halswell Junction Road	Single storey, B2 stone block veneer, timber		Cracking of the foundation, differential settlement of concrete piles, step- cracking in brickwork, conservatory concrete slab cracked	Yes	Cracking and movement of concrete driveway slabs.	Repair
140 Halswell Junction Road	framed	C2	Cracking in concrete floor slab (up to 25 mm wide), movement of the floor slab/walls	Yes	Liquefaction ejecta around the property	Demolish and Rebuild
142 Halswell Junction Road	Concrete block veneer, timber frame, metal roof tiles.	B2	Cracking to external foundation ¹	Yes	Liquefaction ejecta in the rear section, under the house and along the driveway.	Repair

Notes:

¹ Detailed repair / rebuild analysis (DRA) information only available for the houses insured by Southern Response. Information provided by Arrow.

² Indications of land damage were identified during site walkover undertaken by Golder Associates.

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4.0 GEOLOGICAL SETTING

4.1 Geological Deposits

Christchurch is known to be underlain by a series of interbedded coarse and fine grained sedimentary deposits. The gravel and sand have been laid down by rivers, coastal processes and wind-blown deposits. Fine grained sediments have been deposited in near-offshore marine environments, estuaries, lakes, wet lands and on flood plains. Organic deposits including peat, wood and shells are distributed throughout the deposits underlying the Christchurch area. In the vicinity of the investigation area, the surface geological unit belongs to the Yaldhurst Member of the Springston Formation, which comprises dominantly alluvial sand and silt overbank deposits, alluvial gravel, and sand and silt of historic river flood channels.

The interbedded deposits make for a relatively complex hydrogeological system of unconfined and confined aquifers in the gravel and sand. Some aquifers are confined by relatively impermeable fine grained deposits. The geotechnical properties of the interbedded deposits vary laterally and significant variability of behaviour can occur at the scales of metres and tens of metres.

4.2 Faults

A number of seismically active faults in the South Island affect the earthquake hazard in the Christchurch area. These include the faults responsible for the recent sequence of earthquakes.

Faults directly associated with the tectonic plate boundary between the Pacific and Australian Plates which runs through the South Island have a major role in Christchurch's seismic hazard. For example, the Alpine Fault transects the South Island from southwest to northeast and, at its closest, is located about 130 km west of Christchurch. It is considered that the Alpine Fault has the potential to produce earthquakes of the greatest magnitude and duration likely to affect the Christchurch area. There are numerous other less active faults in the Canterbury Region that also pose a risk to Christchurch.

4.3 Seismic Hazard

The seismic hazard in New Zealand has been described based on a probabilistic seismic hazard model developed by GNS Science. The output of this model is the basis for the current structural seismic design code (NZS1170.5:2004). The probabilistic model describes the seismic hazard in terms of various ground shaking parameters over a range of annual exceedance probabilities.

The damaging earthquakes that affected Christchurch during 2010 and 2011 lead to re-evaluation of the seismic hazard in Christchurch and revised earthquake loadings have been issued at a recent meeting by the Department of Building and Housing (DBH). We have adopted these loadings for our assessment. Horizontal peak ground acceleration (PGA) values for liquefaction assessment in Canterbury have been established as follows:

- Serviceability limit state (SLS): 0.13 g
- Ultimate limit state (ULS): 0.35 g

The design magnitude earthquake is M7.5.





4.3.1 Local peak ground accelerations experienced during 2010-2011 Canterbury earthquakes

The peak ground acceleration for the significant recent earthquakes, recorded at the nearest strong motion seismic recording station located at Halswell School (HALS) approximately 1.5 km to the southeast of the site, is summarised in Table 2. Additionally, nearby seismic recording stations are located at Hillmorton High School (HHSS) located approximately 3.8 km to the northeast of the site and Christchurch Cashmere High School (CMHS) located approximately 5.5 km northeast of the site.

Forthmucke Magnitude and Date	Peak	Peak Ground Acceleration (g)*				
Earthquake Magnitude and Date	HALS (1.5 km)	HHSS (3.8 km)	CMHS (5.5 km)			
M7.1, 4 September 2010	-	-	0.26			
M6.3, 22 February 2011	-	-	0.80			
M5.6, 13 June 2011	-	-	0.16			
M6.3, 13 June 2011	-	-	0.19			
M6.0, 23 December 2011	0.18	0.14	0.19			

Table 2: PGA values	recorded at the nearest	strong motion recorder.
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* Peak ground accelerations were obtained from <u>ftp://ftp.geonet.org.nz/strong/processed/Proc/</u>

Median and standard deviation band PGA data, obtained from the Canterbury Geotechnical Database, indicate the following PGAs may have been experienced at the site.

Table 3: Median and Standard Deviation PGA data.

Earthquake Magnitude and Date	Peak Ground Acceleration (g)*					
	Median	Standard Deviation Band				
M7.1, 4 September 2010	0.29 – 0.30	0.375 – 0.40				
M6.3, 22 February 2011	0.33 – 0.34	0.425 – 0.45				
M6.3, 13 June 2011	0.13	0.45 – 0.475				

Notes:

* Conditional data obtained from the Canterbury Geotechnical Database





5.0 PREVIOUS INVESTIGATIONS

A review of publically available geotechnical information on the Canterbury Geotechnical Database has identified the presence of two Environment Canterbury well logs (M36_0892 and M36_0897) and one Cone Penetration Test (CPT_1183) within approximately 40 m of the site. A review of this data has indicated that the ground conditions beneath the site are likely to comprise:

- Alluvial materials (comprising sand, silt and clayey silt) to approximately 8.0 m below ground level (bgl)
- Gravel to a depth of approximately 17.0 m bgl
- Clay/silt layer, approximately 2.0 to 3.0 m thick to approximately 19.0 m bgl
- Gravel (Riccarton Gravel)

The CPT report and borehole log are provided in Appendix C.

6.0 CURRENT GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATIONS

The current geotechnical investigation was carried out between July 2012 and September 2012. The fieldwork comprised the following:

- Twenty-three CPTs (designated CPT-01 to CPT-23)
- Seven drilled boreholes (designated BH1 to BH7)

Figure B1 in Appendix B shows the test locations of the current investigation along with previous investigation locations.

6.1 Set-out and Access

Test locations were nominated by Golder and were positioned in areas accessible for a tracked mounted drill rig and clear of underground services. Elevations included in the table are shown on the borehole and CPT reports have been surveyed by Harrison Grierson.

6.2 Cone Penetration Tests

Cone Penetration Tests (CPTs) with pore pressure measurement were performed using a track mounted rig. Real time readings were observed and recorded at the surface with a dedicated laptop computer. The CPT set-up and testing was carried out by Golder.

The CPTs were evenly located over the site to provide representative subsurface profiling. Equilibrium tests were performed during the CPT at selected depth intervals. The CPTs were terminated when the required push rate could not be maintained due to either hard/dense ground characteristics or obstructions. Tests were pushed to a maximum depth of 8.9 m bgl (RL+16.2 m on the Christchurch Drainage Datum known as CDD).



6.3 Borehole Drilling

A track mounted drill rig (Hans England) was used to drill boreholes, which were positioned adjacent to selected CPT locations to assist in correlating field observations. Borehole drilling was carried out under the supervision of a geotechnical engineer/engineering geologist from Golder.

Boreholes were commenced using auger methods and then casing installed and the boreholes extended using wash boring techniques. The boreholes were drilled to a maximum depth of about 15 m bgl (RL+10.1 m CDD) and Standard Penetration Tests (SPTs) were undertaken at regular depth intervals. The SPT hammer energy ratio (C_E) has been measured as 0.92.

7.0 FIELDWORK FINDINGS

7.1 Subsurface Conditions

Detailed descriptions of subsurface conditions encountered at the site are described in Report of Piezo-Cone Probes, and Soil Borehole Logs in Appendices D.

The results indicate that the ground conditions beneath the site comprise highly variable alluvial deposits, which range in composition, density and consistency. Graphical representations of subsurface conditions encountered at the test locations are presented as sectional profiles on Figures B5 to B8 in Appendix B. The locations of the cross sections are presented on Figure B2 in Appendix B.

Generally, interpretation of the geotechnical data indicates the subsurface soils beneath the site comprise the following approximate stratigraphic sequence:

- Layer 1: A surficial layer of firm (inferred) sandy SILT and loose silty SAND and generally less than 1 m thickness (from approximately RL+25 m CDD to approximately RL+24 m CDD).
- Layer 2: Interbedded very loose to loose, saturated, dilative SAND and silty SAND. It is this unit that is particularly susceptible to liquefaction and ranges in thickness from 4 m to 6 m (from approximately RL+24.0 m CDD to approximately RL+18.0 m CDD). Figure B3 in Appendix B illustrates the extent of this layer as the dominant sub-surface soil type.
- Layer 3: Soft to firm, low plasticity SILT and sandy SILT occasionally interbedded with very loose silty SAND. This layer is saturated, contractive and generally exhibits poor drainage behaviour upon loading. This sandy silt/silty sand material is potentially liquefiable during cyclical loading.

There is a silt bed (with minor or negligible sand content) within Layer 3 which is generally resistant to liquefaction. The thickness of this bed is variable across the site but is generally less than about 1 m in thickness.

The whole layer is approximately 3 m in thickness (including the silt bed) and underlies the dilative sands of Layer 2. It appears as the dominant soil type across the eastern side of the site (Numbers 118, 118a, 120, 122, 122a, and 124 Halswell Junction Road), and about a 15 m corridor along the southern boundary (refer to blue shaded area on Figure B3 in Appendix B) i.e., replacing Layer 2. The base of this layer is generally at approximately RL+17.0 m CDD.

Layer 4: Dense to very dense sandy GRAVEL was encountered below the silt material to the full depth of the investigation of approximately 15 m bgl (RL+9.0 m CDD). Generally this layer is saturated, free-draining and resistant to liquefaction. It is noted that there are localised medium dense zones which may be susceptible to liquefaction under strong shaking events.

The general trends of the CPTs and SPT results are presented in Figure 1 below.

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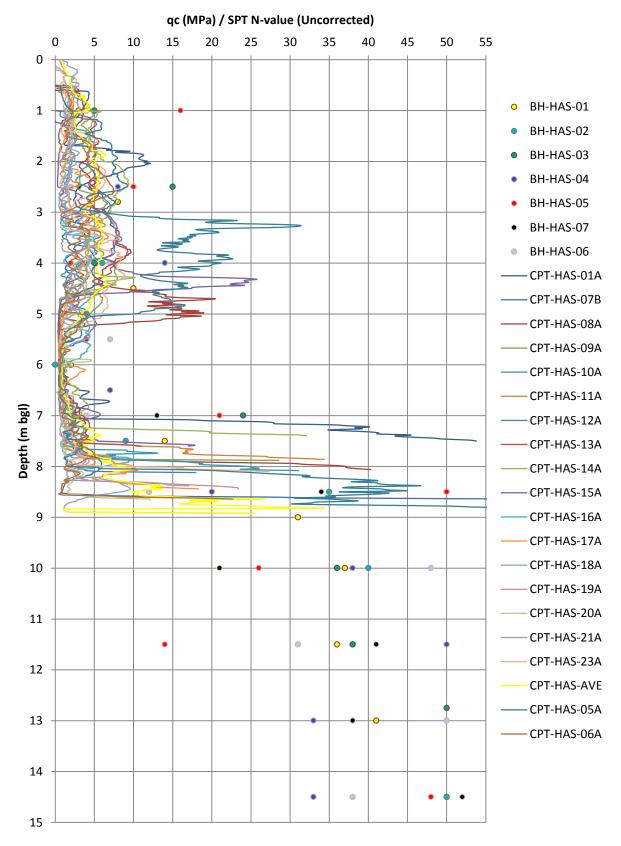


Figure 1: CPT/SPT depth profiles.

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7.2 Groundwater

The hydrostatic pore pressure was measured in equilibrium tests during each CPT. Water level observations were also measured within the boreholes. The depth to groundwater at each of the test locations is summarised in Table 4.

Test ID	Test RL (m CDD)	Date Measured	Groundwater			
I est ID	, , ,		Depth bgl (m)	RL (m CDD)		
CPT-01	24.2	30/07/2012	1.4	22.8		
CPT-02	24.3	30/07/2012	1.4	22.9		
CPT-03	24.2	30/07/2012	N/A	N/A		
CPT-04	24.0	30/07/2012	1.4	22.6		
CPT-05	24.9	31/07/2012	2.0	22.9		
CPT-06	25.0	31/07/2012	2.1	22.9		
CPT-07	25.2	31/07/2012	2.2	22.0		
CPT-08	24.6	01/08/2012	1.7	22.9		
CPT-09	24.6	01/08/2012	1.7	22.9		
CPT-10	24.6	01/08/2012	1.6	23.0		
CPT-11	24.4	01/08/2012	1.5	22.9		
CPT-12	25.1	06/08/2012	2.0	23.1		
CPT-13	24.4	06/08/2012	1.5	22.9		
CPT-14	24.0	06/08/2012	06/08/2012 1.2			
CPT-15	24.2	06/08/2012	06/08/2012 1.4			
CPT-16	25.3	07/08/2012	2.1	23.2		
CPT-17	24.5	07/08/2012	1.3	23.2		
CPT-18	25.3	07/08/2012	2.5	23.8		
CPT-19	25.1	07/08/2012	1.8 23			
CPT-20	25.1	08/08/2012	1.9	23.2		
CPT-21	25.0	08/08/2012	1.9	23.1		
CPT-22	24.9	08/08/2012	2.0	22.9		
CPT-23	24.9	08/08/2012	2.0	22.9		
BH1	24.6	24/08/2012	1.4	23.2		
BH2	25.0	28/08/2012	1.8	23.2		
BH3	24.1	31/08/2012	0.6	23.5		
BH4	25.0	04/09/2012	1.7	23.3		
BH5	24.0	08/09/2012	0.9	23.1		
BH6	25.2	14/09/2012	1.3	23.9		
BH7	24.4	12/09/2012	1.4	23.0		

Groundwater was encountered between RL+22.6 m CDD and RL+23.9 m CDD, with an average depth of 1.6 m bgl. The groundwater levels are expected to fluctuate seasonally with varying precipitation and runoff, tending to rise during periods of prolonged precipitation, and decline during the drier summer months.

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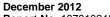


7.3 Laboratory Testing

Laboratory testing of selected samples recovered from the boreholes was carried out to assess moisture content, particle size distribution, and plasticity. The samples were sent to Civil Engineering Laboratory Services Ltd. The laboratory test results are summarised in Table 5.

Test	Test Depth	est Depth Description (m)	Field Moisture	Plasticity (%)			Grading (%)		
Location			Content (%)	Liquid Limit	Plastic Limit	Plasticity Index	Fines	Sand	Gravel
BH 01	2.80 – 3.25	(SW) SAND with some silt	26.1	-	-	-	14	86	0
	4.50 – 4.95	(SW) SAND with minor silt and trace of gravel	25.0	-	-	-	7	88	5
	6.00 – 6.45	(SW) SAND with trace of silt	-	-	-	-	2	98	0
	9.00 – 9.45	(GP) sandy GRAVEL with minor silt	-	-	-	-	6	28	66
DU 00	2.50 – 2.95	(ML) SILT with minor sand	29.6	N/A	NP	NP	91	9	0
BH 02	6.00 – 6.95	(ML) SILT	36.8	39	28	11	-	-	-
	1.00 – 1.45	(SM) silty SAND with trace of gravel	20.9	-	-	-	21	77	2
BH 03	4.00 - 4.45	(SM) silty SAND	25.3	-	-	-	29	71	0
	5.50 – 5.95	(ML) SILT	20.4	26	22	4	-	-	-
BH 04	2.50 – 2.95	(SW) SAND with trace of silt	26.4				4	96	0
	5.50 – 5.95	(ML) SILT	35.2	39	30	9	-	-	-
	6.00 – 6.95	(ML) SILT	24.7	26	21	5	-	-	-
BH 05	2.50 – 2.95	(SP) SAND with some silt	-	-	-	-	12	87	1
	4.00 - 4.45	(ML) SILT	37.0	30	26	4	-	-	-

 Table 5: Summary of laboratory test results.



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Test Location	Test Depth (m)	Description	Field Moisture	Plasticity (%)			Grading (%)		
			Content (%)	Liquid Limit	Plastic Limit	Plasticity Index	Fines	Sand	Gravel
BH 06	4.00 - 4.45	(SP) SAND with some silt	23.9	24	NP	NP	-	-	-
	8.50 – 8.95	(SP) gravelly SAND with some silt	-	-	-	-	18	57	25
BH 07	4.00 - 4.45	(SP) SAND with some silt	33.3	27	NP	NP	-	-	-
	5.50 – 5.95	(ML) sandy SILT	27.8	23	19	4	69	30	1
	7.00 – 7.45	(ML) sandy SILT	26.1	35	24	11	-	-	-

Notes:

NP – Non Plastic

Detailed laboratory test reports are provided in Appendix E.





8.0 GEOTECHNICAL LIQUEFACTION ASSESSMENT

8.1 Liquefaction

Liquefaction typically occurs in saturated, generally non-cohesive and low plasticity soils as a result of strong ground shaking in severe earthquakes. The susceptibility of a site to soil liquefaction is a function of particle size distribution, groundwater level and soil density. Soil liquefaction effects can impact on ground surface settlement, bearing capacity and slope stability.

The alluvial deposits beneath the site have been found to be highly variable in nature and composition, such that a number of layers and lenses of materials have been identified as being susceptible to liquefaction.

A liquefaction assessment has been undertaken. The details and results are presented in the following section.

8.2 Liquefaction Potential

The liquefaction assessment was carried out using the procedures given in *"Soil Liquefaction during Earthquakes"* (Idriss and Boulanger 2008) along with the modifications for fines content and settlements recommended in Section C3.5.1 DBH 2012. The assessment considers the response of the site to the SLS and ULS ground motions including susceptibility to liquefaction and the consequences of liquefaction such as post-liquefaction settlement and lateral displacement. Recognising that the calculation of liquefaction triggering and settlement is inexact, the DBH 2012 recommends considering estimated values as an "index" that may then be used to categorise the site. This index is the estimated settlement that could occur in the upper 10 m of the soil profile following an SLS level earthquake.

The following PGA values published in DBH 2012 have been adopted in the liquefaction analysis:

- Serviceability limit state (SLS): 0.13 g
- Ultimate limit state (ULS): 0.35 g

The earthquake design magnitude adopted in the analysis was M7.5.

The groundwater measurements indicate the water level at the site is approximately between RL +22.6 m CDD and RL+23.9 m CDD, with an average depth of 1.6 m bgl. As mentioned earlier, the groundwater levels are expected to fluctuate seasonally with varying precipitation and runoff, tending to rise during periods of prolonged precipitation such as usually occurs in winter, and decline during the drier summer months. Based on this information, a groundwater level of 1.0 m bgl has been assumed for the assessment reported herein.

It should be noted that the liquefaction assessment has been carried out using a combination of CPTs and boreholes. The CPTs encountered effective refusal in dense and very dense gravel at a maximum depth of 8.9 m bgl (RL+16.2 m CDD). Due to the high resolution (continuous trace) obtained from the CPTs; the liquefaction assessment has been based on the findings of the CPTs in the upper soil profile (to approximately 8.0 m bgl). The SPT borehole results were used to characterise the liquefaction potential of the materials between approximately 8.0 m bgl and 15.0 m bgl (within the medium dense to very dense sandy gravel).



8.3 Susceptibility to Liquefaction

8.3.1 SLS earthquake

The liquefaction assessment results indicate that, below the water table, the following soil deposits are susceptible to liquefaction under the SLS earthquake:

- Very loose to loose SAND and silty SAND from about RL+24.0 m CDD to RL+18.0 m CDD (i.e., 1.0 m bgl to approximately 7.0 m bgl)
- Soft to firm sandy SILT and very loose silty SAND extending to about RL+17.0 m CDD

8.3.2 ULS earthquake

The liquefaction assessment results indicate that, below the water table, the following soil deposits are susceptible to liquefaction under the ULS earthquake:

- Very loose to loose SAND and silty SAND from about RL+24.0 m CDD to RL+18.0 m CDD (i.e., 1.0 m bgl to approximately 7.0 m bgl)
- Soft to firm sandy SILT and very loose silty SAND extending to about RL+17.0 m CDD
- Discrete medium dense zones of sandy GRAVEL extending to about RL+13.0 m CDD (i.e., to approximately 11.5 m bgl)

8.3.3 Additional layers susceptible to liquefaction

It is not known whether soils below the tested depths are susceptible to liquefaction. Should the groundwater level rise above that indicated in Section 8.2, the thickness of potentially liquefiable soil may increase.

8.4 Post-Liquefaction Settlement

8.4.1 SLS index value and category for upper 10 m

In accordance with DBH 2012, the post-liquefaction global settlement at the site, in response to the SLS earthquake, in the upper 10 m of the soil profile, is to be assessed for the purpose of providing index values. The liquefaction assessment has provided index values which range from approximately 15 mm to 160 mm. These values are consistent with the *Minor to Moderate* and *Potentially Significant* categories in accordance with Table C2.5 of DBH 2012. Figure B4 illustrates the distribution of the vertical land settlement categories.



8.4.2 SLS and ULS settlement for tested depth

The post-liquefaction induced global settlement over the tested depth is estimated to be:

- For the area in the *Minor to Moderate* category, indicated on Figure B4:
 - 80 mm for the SLS earthquake event
 - 140 mm for the ULS earthquake event
- For the area in the *Potentially Significant* category, indicated on Figure B4:
 - 160 mm for the SLS earthquake event
 - 235 mm for the ULS earthquake event

8.4.3 Differential settlement

It is difficult to assess the magnitude of any future differential settlement. Therefore, it is conservatively assumed that the differential settlement over the length of the house may approach the total settlement values.

8.4.4 Additional settlement

Additional post-liquefaction settlement could occur in soils below the tested depths if these deposits are susceptible to liquefaction. The post-liquefaction settlement estimates do not account for ground surface deformation resulting from loss of soil (in the form of liquefaction ejecta) nor from vertical ground deformation associated with lateral displacement, tectonic deformation, or long-term consolidation settlement of fine-grained sediments and peats.

8.5 Settlement Discussion

It is noted that the vertical ground movement (vertical LiDAR) survey information available on the Canterbury Geotechnical Database indicates approximately +0.1 m (heave) to -0.2 m (settlement) movement has occurred in the vicinity of the site as a result of the 2010-2011 Canterbury earthquakes. This correlates well with calculated settlements and it is expected that some settlement has occurred globally.

8.6 Liquefaction-Induced Lateral Spread

8.6.1 Assessment

In accordance with DBH 2012, Section C2.2 the lateral spread susceptibility at the site in response to the ULS earthquake is to be assessed. According to Idriss and Boulanger (2008), the following factors should be taken into consideration in the assessment of a site's susceptibility to lateral spread:

- Presence of a free face. Lateral spreading is unlikely to be of significant concern where the depth to the uppermost liquefiable layer (below the free face) is greater than twice the height of the free face.
- Distance from a free face. Lateral displacements within a laterally spreading mass will generally decrease with distance from a free face.
- Continuity of the liquefiable layer beneath and beyond the site.



The nearest free face, the Nottingham Stream, is located along the northern boundary of the site and has an estimated height of 1.0 m. The uppermost liquefiable layer of soil at the site was assessed at a depth of 1.0 m bgl to 8.0 m bgl. It is assumed that the geology between the site and the free face is consistent for our assessment. Evidence of lateral spread was observed at the site as indicated by the mapping of ground cracks undertaken by Golder and presented in Figure B1 in Appendix B.

Ground surface deformation associated with lateral spread at a particular site can be considered in terms of global lateral displacement and lateral stretch. Global lateral displacement is the amount of uniform translation of the ground surface at a site while lateral stretch is the amount of extension, or the differential translation of the ground surface across a site.

It is noted that horizontal ground movement (horizontal LiDAR) survey information available on the Canterbury Geotechnical Database indicates approximately 0.3 m of lateral movement in the south-eastern direction has occurred at the site. This is generally not in the direction towards Nottingham Stream which is the direction of the movement observed in our site visit. It is possible that the horizontal LiDAR information is not accurate for this site as the site is located near the edge of the survey model.

8.6.2 Global lateral displacement

Our assessment suggests that the global lateral displacement for the site is likely to be in the *Major* category. This is based on observations made at the time of our site visits and proximity to the Nottingham Stream.

8.6.3 Lateral stretch

It is difficult to assess the amount of global lateral spread that may be present as lateral stretch. The lateral stretch for the site is likely to be in the *Major* category with the exception of 2 Oldham Crescent, which can be assumed to be in the *Minor to Moderate* category in accordance with Table C2.4 of DBH 2012 and based on the observed damage at the site due to the 2010-2011Canterbury earthquakes.

9.0 PRELIMINARY GEOTECHNICAL RECOMMENDATIONS FOR DEVELOPMENT

At the time of writing it was understood that of the buildings on site, some were to be repaired and some were to be rebuilt as indicated in Table 1. Based on the repair/rebuild status of each of the buildings, which has been provided by the PMOs, it is understood that there are a total of four repairs, ten rebuilds, five under cap, which require no assistance from its private insurer and two which requires no geotechnical assistance (assumed to have cashed out). Based on the information contained within Table 1, we provide the following approaches to repairing or rebuilding structures on the site.





9.1 Repair Options for Foundations

The feasibility of any repairs would be a function of the current condition of the foundations, which are unknown at present. Treatment options would depend on access for machinery and materials on to the site and into the dwelling. Information on differential settlement (detailed floor level survey) and functionality of services is required to assess the type of repairs to be carried out. Tables 2.2 and 2.3 of the DBH 2011 give guidance on whether foundation damage requiring specific engineering input is present. Further input is required from a structural engineer to make an assessment of the buildings, in accordance with Table 2.3 of the DBH 2012, to determine the level of repairs necessary for the structures.

If foundation re-levelling is required, the following three methods may be adopted at the site:

- Underpinning Jacking up the foundation using piles to lift up the foundation walls and then using grout to fill the resultant voids between the foundation wall and the underling soils after re-levelling is complete. The dense sandy gravel at about 8 m bgl is considered a suitable underpinning bearing stratum.
- High strength resins High strength resin is injected into the ground below the foundation wall at discrete points. As the resin is injected the underlying soils are densified by the expanding resin, which also lifts the house. Any gaps between the foundation perimeter wall and the soil are filled by the resin.
- Low mobility grout (LMG) This method involves drilling and inserting grout injection points to allow the low mobility grout to raise the structure immediately below the perimeter wall foundation. The grout bulbs require soils with sufficient bearing strength at a depth of 4.0 m bgl to create enough reaction to lift the house.

It is noted that the site is susceptible to liquefaction settlement and lateral movement during future earthquake events. It is possible that on-going repair works (re-levelling, etc.) will be required to manage future settlements.

Furthermore, consideration should be given as to whether the foundations are to be repaired to preearthquake condition or to be brought to the new standard of foundation construction in TC3. It is recommended that Golder reviews and provides additional geotechnical input and recommendations when these decisions have been made.

9.2 Rebuild of foundations

In our opinion, the lots on which the dwellings are to be rebuilt (refer to Table 1), are generally suitable for rebuilding conditional on implementation of a design that considers the presence of sandy or silty soils that are vulnerable to liquefaction and associated settlement and/or lateral spread displacement and loss of bearing strength during strong seismic shaking. It is considered likely that such design will require pre-rebuilding site treatment such as ground improvement coupled with rigid foundation solutions and/or piled foundations to accommodate the seismic site response. The approaches to site redevelopment considered herein include:

- Option 1: Carry out shallow ground improvement site preparation works coupled with relatively rigid structural design of the foundation system with the expectation of the need for re-levelling and maintenance to mitigate potential future seismically-induced ground deformations;
- Option 2: Carry out deep ground improvement site preparation works coupled with relatively rigid structural design of the foundation system to reduce the requirements for re-levelling and maintenance (relative to Option 1) resulting from potential future seismically-induced ground deformations;
- **Option 3**: Support the structures on surface structures designed to accommodate seismically induced loadings, resultant vertical and differential settlements, and lateral spreading deformation.



9.2.1 Shallow Ground Improvement coupled with Rigid Slab-on-Grade

Consideration could be given to carrying out ground improvement in the upper liquefiable deposits to create a "bridging layer" in the order of 2 to 3 m thickness coupled with a relatively rigid foundation system (such as a suitably reinforced stiffened raft) capable of tolerating the anticipated residual post-liquefaction settlement/displacement of the site in its post-ground improved condition. Such a foundation could then be re-levelled by jacking and grouting should future seismically-induced ground deformation occur.

The selection of a suitable method of shallow ground improvement would need to consider site constraints such as:

- The presence of the upper capping layer of silt, which can limit the effectiveness of some methods of ground improvement relying on impact for densification (such as rapid impact compaction or impact rollers) and which may require a specific design for treatment by cement mixing.
- The presence of a relatively shallow groundwater table, which can cause difficulties with ground improvement methods requiring open-cut excavations (such as remove and replace) particularly given potential restrictions on discharge of groundwater and potential impact on adjacent infrastructure resulting from drawing down the groundwater table.
- Space constraints and the effects of vibrations on nearby structures.

Given the above constraints, consideration may be given to ground improvement (refer to Section C5.3 of DBH 2012) using any of the following:

- Creating a bridging layer constructed using shallow excavation and replacement or re-compaction of the in-situ soils. Based on our geotechnical assessment, we anticipate that ground improvement Type 1c (rapid impact compaction, refer to Page 96 of DBH 2012) is likely to be an option for areas shaded in orange (predominantly clean sand) on Figure B3 provided the potential effects of vibrations on neighbouring properties and services are carefully considered. Site layout constraints may apply. In areas shaded blue on the same figure, ground improvement Type 2b (in-situ mixing, refer to Page 99 of DBH 2012) to a depth of about 5 m bgl is likely to be an option; however, a specific mix design for sandy silt will be required. These ground improvements are to be coupled with a rigid re-levellable TC2 Options 2, 3 or 4 of the DBH 2011.
- Constructing a bridging layer with short Rammed Aggregate Piers, which involves driving aggregate columns at close centre spacing to densify the ground. Alternatively, driven compaction piles (such as timber piles driven to shallow depths at close centre-to-centre spacing) may merit consideration.

The design intent of ground improvement is to return the site to meet the requirements of TC2 expected future land performance (i.e., SLS settlements of less than 50 mm and ULS settlements of less than 100 mm). Shallow ground improvement (to approximately 5 m bgl) will satisfy this design intent for all houses requiring rebuilding, except for 10 Oldham Crescent. The settlements results indicate ULS settlements greater than 100 mm in the sandy gravel material below 8 m bgl (below approximately RL+16.5 m CDD). Deep ground improvement will be required at 10 Oldham Crescent in order to satisfy the DBH design requirements. Details are presented below.

9.2.2 Deep Ground Improvement coupled with Rigid Slab-on-Grade

Consideration could be given to carrying out ground improvement at the building area to a depth which is sufficient to reduce the estimated liquefaction induced vertical settlements under the SLS event to less than 50 mm and under the ULS event to less than 100 mm (i.e., to meet TC2 type foundation performance criteria). As with Option 1, this method would be coupled with a relatively rigid foundation system although, due to the reduction in anticipated residual post-liquefaction settlement/displacement of the site following ground improvement, the raft could be less stiff and/or there may be a lesser requirement for maintenance following future seismic events.





Consideration may be given to deep ground improvement (refer to Section C5.3 of DBH 2012) using any of the following:

- Ground improvement Type 3 (deep soil mixing, refer to Page 100 of DBH 2012). Soil mix columns are constructed using a jet grouting rig and a grout batching plant. The grout jet nozzles produce columns of grout strengthened soil. A minimum of 16% to 20% of the site beneath the new dwelling must be treated. The appropriate diameter and spacing would have to be determined by the specialist contractor, although it is common to create 1 m diameter columns on a 2.0 m grid. Obstructions (e.g., gravel layers, wood) may cause difficult conditions for in-place mixing. Site layout constraints may apply. The treated area must extend a minimum of 1.5 m beyond the building footprint.
- Ground improvement Type 4 (stone columns; refer to Page 101 of DBH 2012). Stone columns are built using a drill rig fitted with a vibrating or auger probe and follower tube. The follower tube is used to tremie graded aggregate to the tip of the probe during extraction. The probe is also used during extraction for aggregate compaction. Stone columns should target a replacement ratio of 18% to 20%. Typically 0.8 m diameter columns are constructed on a 1.75 m grid. The treated area should extend a minimum of 2.0 m beyond the building footprint.
- Ground improvement Type 5 (low mobility grout (LMG), refer to Page 105 of DBH 2012). LMG columns are constructed by forming a series of stacked bulbs of pumped grout using a driven casing and a grouting rig. Typically the columns are 0.8 m in diameter on a 2.0 m grid, to give treatment of 12% to 15% of the ground beneath the new dwelling. The treated area must extend a minimum of 1.5m beyond the building footprint. Obstructions (e.g., gravel layers, wood) may cause difficult conditions for in-place mixing. Site layout constraints may apply.
- Rammed Aggregate Piers (RAP) A RAP is constructed by forming a hole in the soil. The resultant void is filled with 50 mm to 100 mm crushed rock which is rammed and vibrated to the bottom with a rammer tool that forces the rock out laterally into the surrounding soil during construction. Once the bottom bulb is constructed, layers of well-graded crushed rock are successively placed and rammed to ground level (averaging a 300 mm compacted lift thickness). This ramming creates a very dense, stiff, rock pier that also densifies the surrounding soil. The RAP construction technique also increases the strength of the soil around it. This technique is readily available in Christchurch. The treated area must extend a minimum of 2.0 m beyond the building footprint.

It is noted that the all properties requiring rebuilding are suitable for deep ground improvement, which would be expected to improve land performance during future earthquakes and result in lower levels of settlement. It is noted that deep ground improvement is required for 2 Oldham Crescent to satisfy the DBH design requirements.





9.2.3 Surface Structures in accordance with the DBH guidelines

Consideration could be given to supporting the dwellings on surface structures with shallow foundations in accordance with the DBH 2012 TC3 guidelines, Section C5.4.

Figure B4 in Appendix B indicates the zone (shaded in green) where predicted SLS liquefaction induced settlement is less than 100 mm in the upper 10 m of the soil profile (i.e., *Minor to Moderate* category for vertical land settlement). Rebuilding within the green shaded zone may adopt a Type 2A surface structure. Areas in the orange shaded zone will require a Type 2B surface structure as the estimated liquefaction induced settlement under a SLS event is greater than 100 mm but less than 200 mm.

Table 6 summarises the foundation requirements:

Table 6: Suitability of surface structure types.

Type 2A Surface Structures	Type 2B Surface Structures
124, 2/126, 128, 130, 130a, 132a Halswell Junction	118, 132, 140 Halswell Junction Road
Road	and 10 Oldham Crescent

Notes:

At the time of writing information on the construction style of the new buildings and/or insurance contract provisions was not available to us and has, therefore, not been considered.

9.2.4 End-Bearing Pile Supported Foundation Solution

Section C5.2 of the DBH 2012 TC3 guidelines indicates that deep piles are not considered to be suitable for major lateral spreading situations. The liquefaction assessment has indicated that the site has been categorised *as Major* for global lateral movement and all the properties, excluding 2 Oldham Crescent, have been categorised *Major* for lateral stretch. Therefore, pile foundations are not considered to be an appropriate foundation solution.

10.0 CLOSURE

At the time of preparation of the geotechnical assessment and recommendations presented above, no specific information was available to Golder on the proposed building loadings, or on the presence and depths of existing buried utilities. Further, details regarding the existing foundations for the buildings that are to be repaired were not available. It is recommended that Golder reviews and provides additional geotechnical input and recommendations as part of detailed design.

We trust that this report meets your current requirements. Should you have any queries, or require further clarification, please contact Golder.





11.0 REFERENCES

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APPENDIX B

Site Plans and Inferred Stratigraphic Sections





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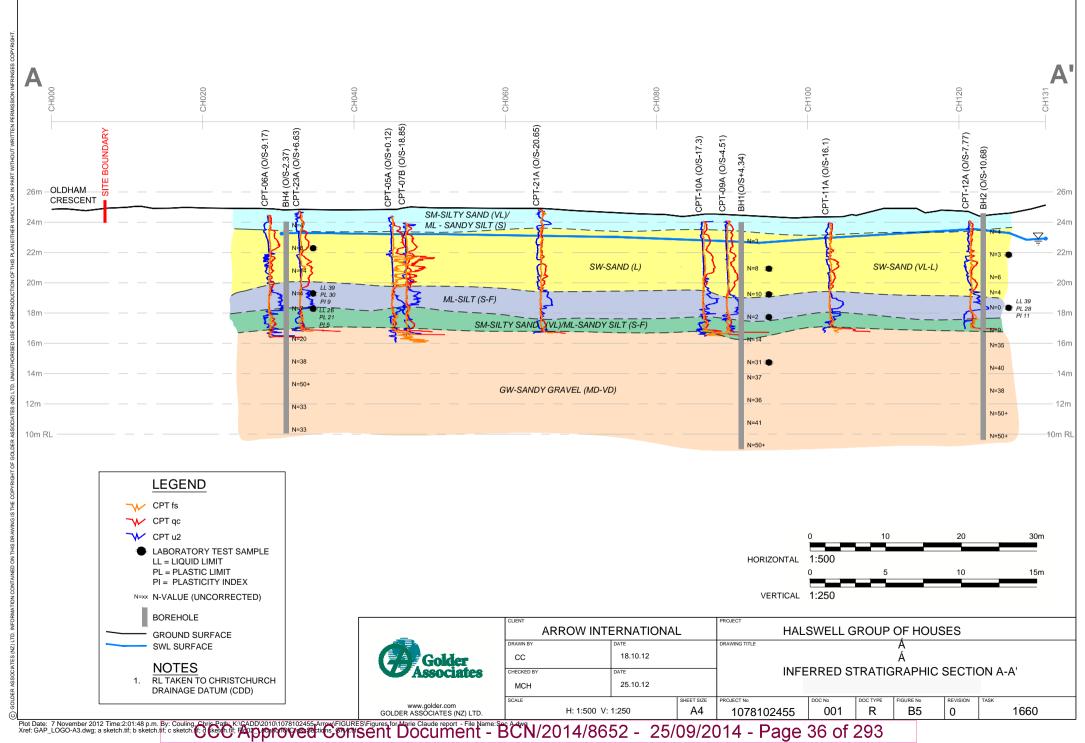
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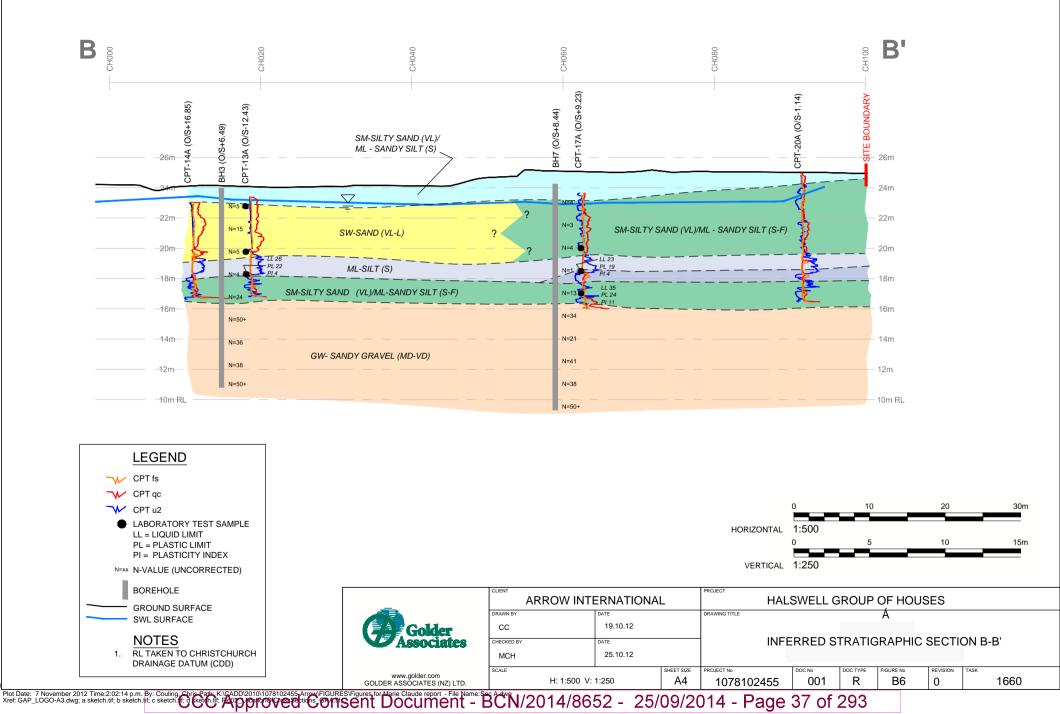


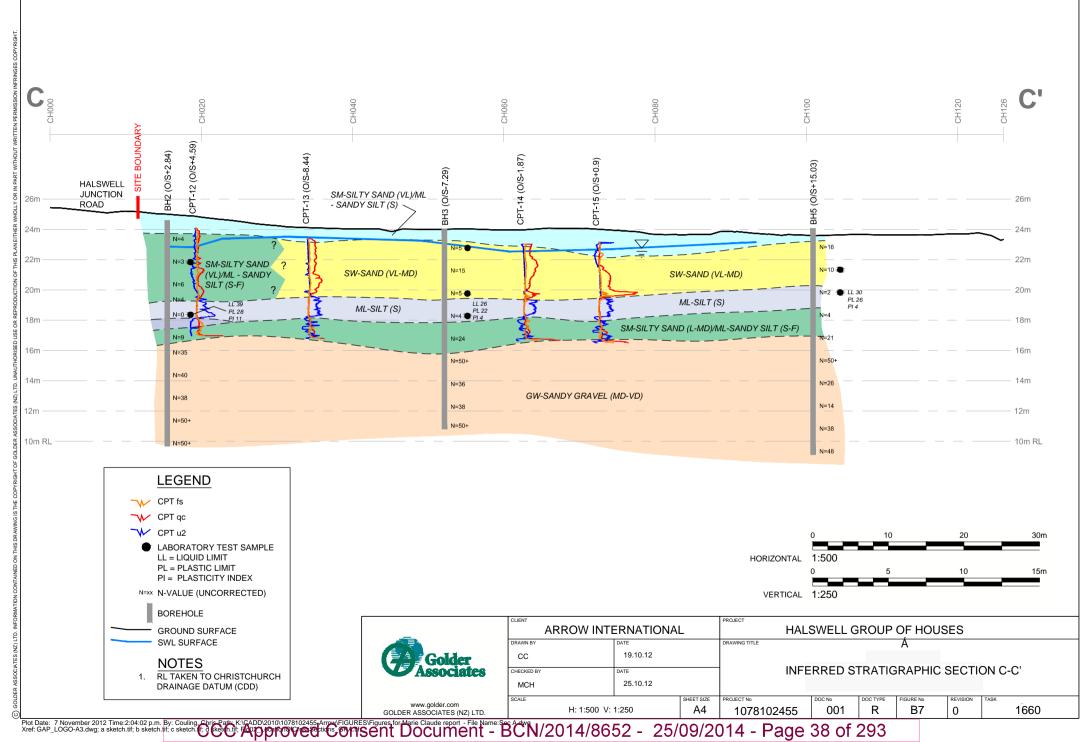
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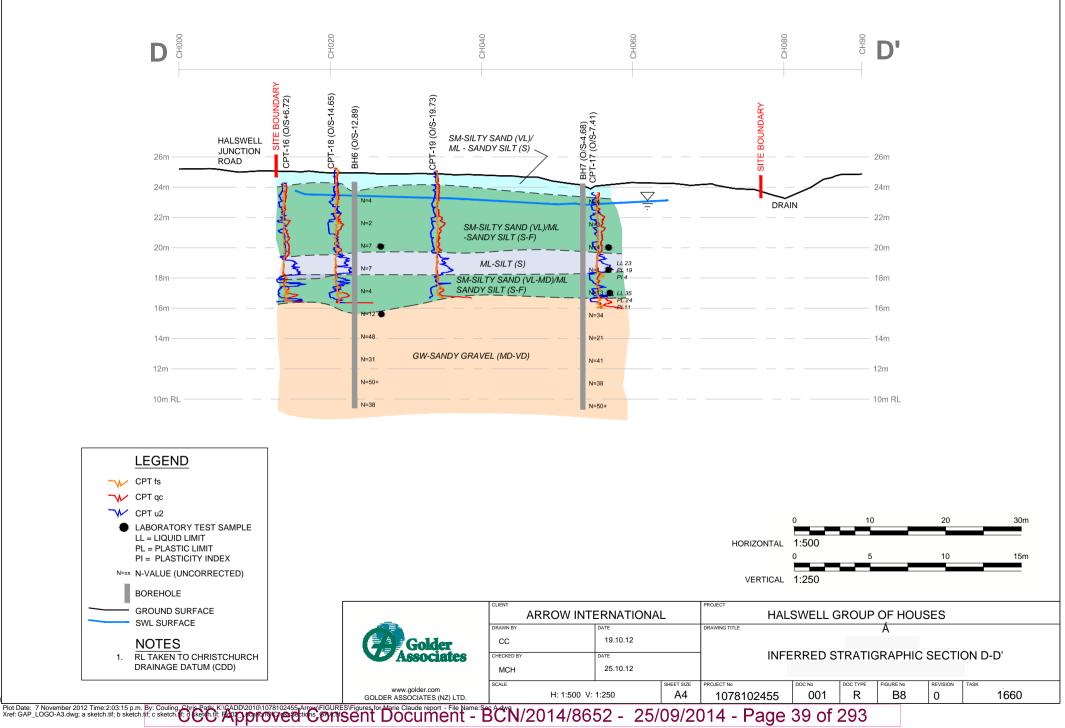
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APPENDIX C

Previous Geotechnical Investigations

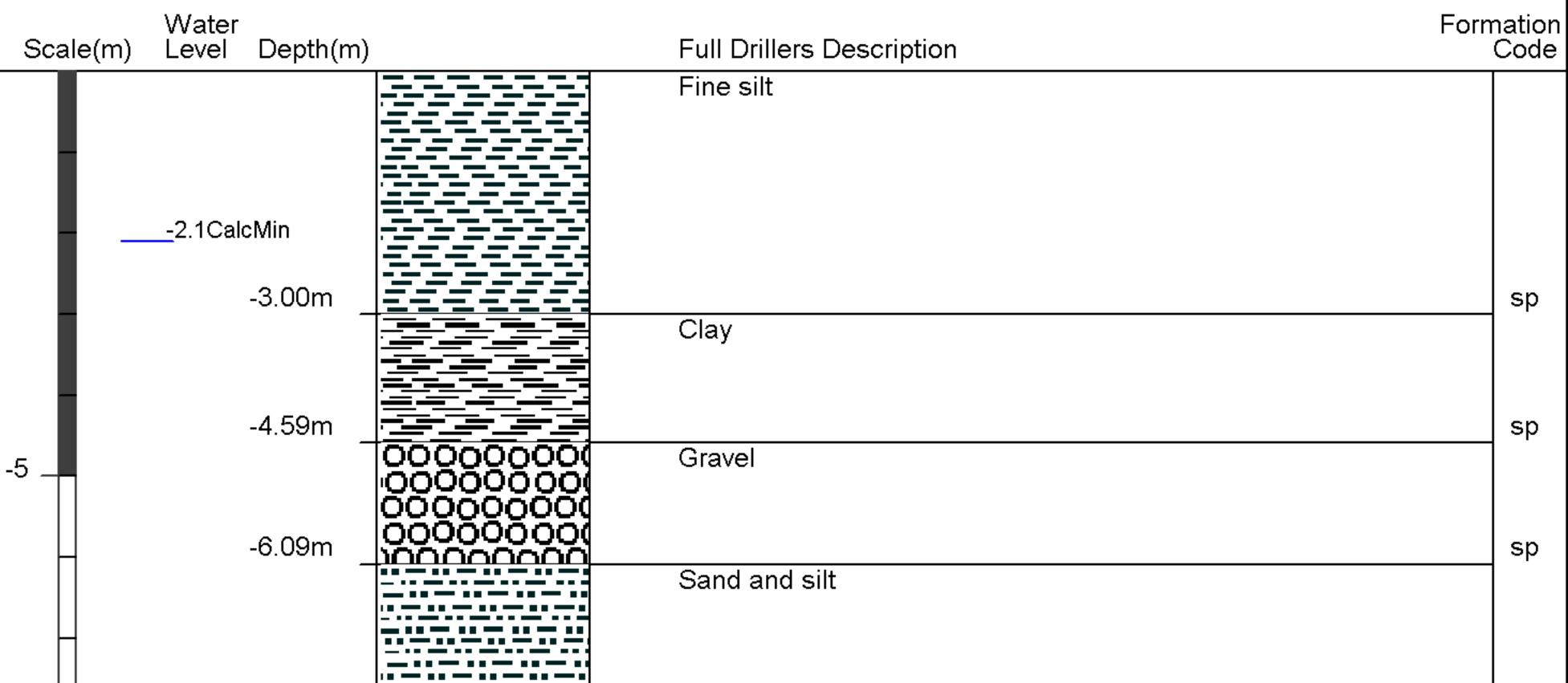


Borelog for well M36/0892

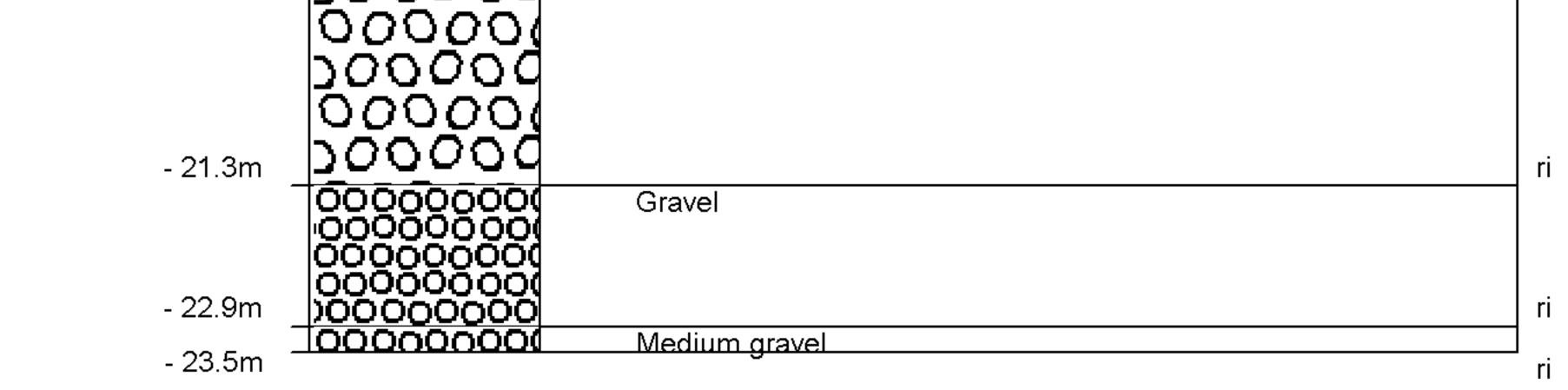
-20_

Gridref: M36:744-363 Accuracy : 4 (1=high, 5=low) Ground Level Altitude : 15.7 +MSD Driller : not known Drill Method : Unknown Drill Depth : -23.2m Drill Date :





-10	- 10.7m		sp
-15	- 15.2m	Sand	ςη
	- 18.3m - 10.2m - 10.2	Coarse gravel	sp ri
		Fine to coarse gravel	



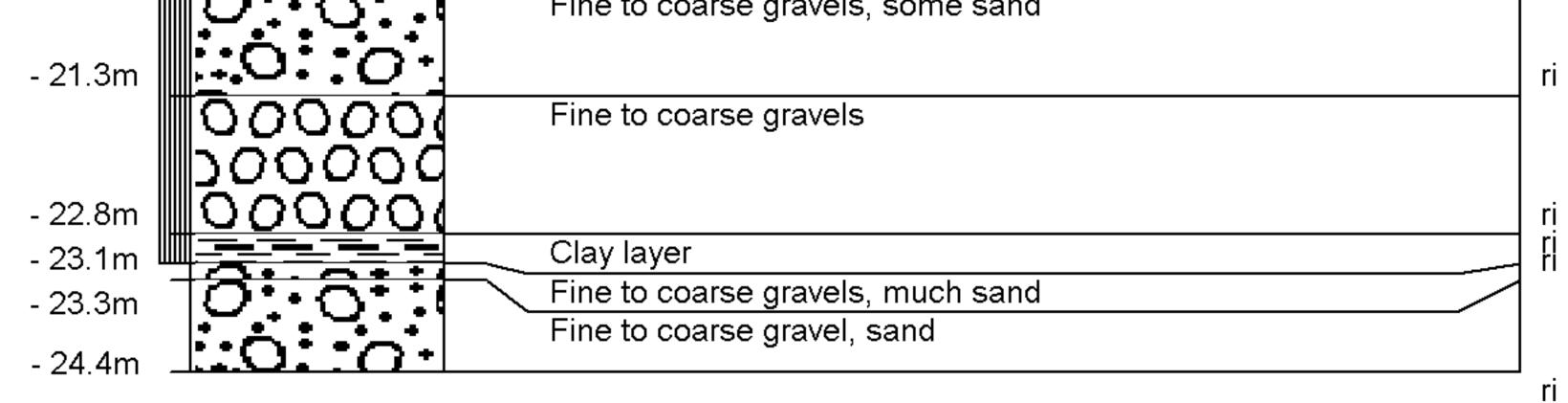
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Borelog for well M36/0897

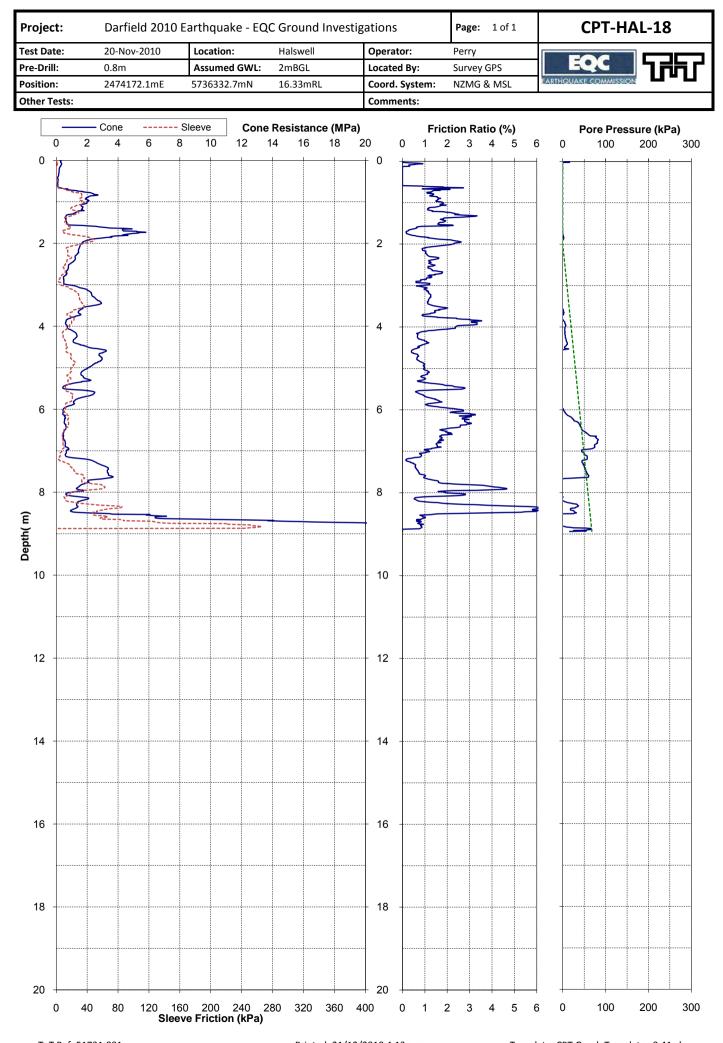
Gridref: M36:744-362 Accuracy : 4 (1=high, 5=low) Ground Level Altitude : 15.8 +MSD Driller : not known Drill Method : Cable Tool Drill Depth : -24.29m Drill Date : 1/03/1961



Scale(m)	Water Level Depth(m)	Full Drillers Description	Formation Code
			Earth and silt	
	-1.50m 2.0CalcMin	$\sim \sim \sim \sim$	Silt and fine sand, ground wl 1.8m	sp
	-3.00m		Clayey silt	sp
	-4.50m			sp
-5			Clayey silt and traces of vegetable matter	
	-7.59m		Fine pea gravel interbedded above some sand	sp
-10	-9.10m		Fine pea gravel to very coarse Brown gravel, some silt and sand	sp
	- 10.6m	0.00	Fine pea gravel to very coarse Brown gravel, less silt and sand	sp
	- 12.1m	.0.0.	Less sand, some silt	sp
	- 14.0m			sp
-15	- 16.7m		Fine to coarse Brown gravels, much sand, some silt	sp
	- 10.7m - 19.2m		Clay layer	
	- 19.2m	00000000	Pea gravel and sand	<u>s</u> p
-20	- 20.1m		Fine to medium gravels Fine to coarse gravels, some sand	ri



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APPENDIX D

Current Geotechnical Investigations



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		with trace gravel b	elow 4.5	m	19.			L		4.50		\mathbf{H}	SPT N = 10 Depth: 4.50m	Gravel	
										5.00			Type: Raymond Spoon 2, 3 / 2, 2, 3, 3	Split	
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		becoming very loo	se withou	ut gravel below 6.0m	17.98					6.00		1	SPT N = 2 Depth: 6.00m		
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		Sandy fine to coars grey. Dense; moist	se GRAV	/EL with some silt;		GW		D		14.00			11, 11 / 10, 8, 9	, 14 Gravel	
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-		Δ	10	2005 Vane tests completed in accordance with NZGS guideline Page 1 of 1											

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and a	1		Project Name									ProjectID: 1078	1024	55_´	660
	Golder		Client	: Ar	row	ntern	ation	al	Proje	CT		Reference:	BH	2	
J	Associat	es	Location	: Ha	alswe	ell Gro	o quc	f Hou	ises			North (m): 517 East (m): 156			
Soil E	Borehole L	og	Description	: 7	Bore	holes	and	SPT	data.			Elevation (m): 25. Hole Depth (m): 14. Orientation (°): -	0		
	1		Grid: NZTM			1		tum: (CDD	1	1	Inclination (°): 90			
Formation Graphic Log		Descrip	tion	RL	nsc	Moisture Condition	Consistency / Density	Water Observations	Depth	TCR (%) ଝାଜ୍ମ ଅନ୍ତ୍ରି	SPT N-value (Uncorrected) 우 있 응 육	Samples & In-situ Testing	1	Bac 8 nstal	
	HARD FILL Fine to medium SA grey brown. Dry; p		brown becoming light led.	23.6 2	SP				0.50			SPT N = 4	Gravel		••••
	Silty fine to mediur to loose; moist;we		light brown. Very loose	22.4	SM	м	VL-L	V	1.50]	Depth: 1.00m Type: Raymond Split Spoon 1, 1 / 1, 1, 1, 1	Bentonite	1.00	
	Sandy SILT; grey. sand, fine to mediu		wet; low plasticity;						2.50 3.00 3.50]	SPT N = 3 Depth: 2.50m Type: Raymond Split Spoon 1, 0 / 0, 1, 1, 1	Be	3.00	* •
				18.6	ML		VS		4.00			SPT N = 6 Depth: 4.00m Type: Raymond Split Spoon 2, 2 / 1, 2, 1, 2 SPT N = 4 Depth: 5.00m Type: Raymond Split Spoon 1, 0 / 0, 1, 1, 2 SPT N = 0			
37 37	SILT with trace sar plasticity; Sand, fin			17.1					6.00 6.50 7.00 7.50			Depth: 6.00m Type: Raymond Split Spoon 0, 0 / 0, 0, 0, 0 SPT N = 9	Gravel		
		se GRAV	EL; grey. Dense; wet;	16 16.4	GW		F MD-D		8.00			Depth: 7.50m — Type: Raymond Split Spoon 1, 0 / 2, 2, 2, 3 SPT N = 35			
	Fine to medium SA graded.	AND; grey ium GRAV raded; sul	/EL; greyish brown. bangular to	14.6	500	W			9.00 9.50 10.00			Depth: 8.50m Type: Raymond Split Spoon 5, 6 / 8, 6, 9, 12 SPT N = 40			
2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2	light brownish grey	. Dense;	/EL with minor silt; wet; well graded; sand, fine to medium.				D		10.50 11.00 11.00			Depth: 10.00m Type: Raymond Split Spoon 6, 7 / 8, 8, 12, 12 SPT N = 38	Bentonite	10.00	
				11.6	GW				12.00 12.50 13.00			Depth: 11.50m Type: Raymond Split Spoon 11, 8 / 10, 9, 9, 10 SPT N = 50+		11.50	
	becoming very der	nse below	13.0 m	10.1			VD		13.50 14.00 14.50			Depth: 13.00m Type: Raymond Split Spoon 9, 9 / 10, 13, 18, 14 SPT N = 50+	Gravel		
**** ****	Sandy fine to medi Very dense; wet; w	vell grade	/EL; brownish grey. d; subangular to	9.65								Depth: 14.50m Type: Raymond Split Spoon			• • •
	subrounded; sand,				H: 14.95	m						11, 12 / 14, 15, 11, 14			
Drill Metho	-	Logge	nr MK		narks Iding v	vater le	evel at	1.8 m	bgl at (07:30 oi	n 28/08/1	2			
Start Date	ngland / RT 08/2012	Check	ed By KRB	Boreh	ole logg	ed in acc	cordance	with NZ	:GS guide	eline "Field	description	n of soil and rock"	Depth 14.9)5m	
	08/2012	1		2005		mpleted			-		-		Page		

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_	8) oroholo I ar	Location: Description:	Ha	row l alswe	Intern ell Gro	ation	f Hou	uses	CT		Reference: North (m): 517 East (m): 156 Elevation (m): 24.1 Hole Depth (m): 13.2	4330	3	
		Borehole Log										Orientation (°): -			
			Grid: NZTM					tum: (Inclination (°): 90			
	Graphic Log	Descri	ption	RL	nsc	Moisture Condition	Consistency / Density	Water Observations	Depth	TCR (%) % ន ខ ខ្	SPT N-value ^(Uncorrected) 우 있 <u>유</u> 육	Samples & In-situ Testing	I	Back & nstalla	
;+		Sandy SILT; dark brown. N sand, fine.	loist; low plasticity;	23.41	ML				0.50						•••
*		Sandy SILT with some orgonal brown. Moist; low plasticity		33232	IVIL			▼	1.00			SPT N = 5	Gravel		:
		material, rootlets. Sandy SILT; grey. Moist; lo				1			1.50			Depth: 1.00m Type: Raymond Split Spoon	Ũ		• •
		SILT with some sand; grey sand, fine.			SW		L		2.00			1, 2 / 1, 1, 2, 1	nite	1.50	Ĭ.
		Fine SAND with trace silt; g graded.	grey. Loose; moist; well	21.51					2.50			SPT N = 15	Bentonite		
		Medium SAND; grey. Medi graded.	um dense; moist; poorly			1			3.00			Depth: 2.50m Type: Raymond Split		2.50	••
		-			SP		MD			Π		Spoon 3, 3 / 3, 4, 4, 4			• •
				20.01					3.50 4.00			SPT N = 5			•
		Silty fine to medium SAND well graded.	; grey. Loose; moist;	Ň		м		1			h	Depth: 4.00m Type: Raymond Split			: •
		inon gradour			SM		L		4.50			Spoon 1, 1 / 1, 3, 0, 1	Gravel		• ‡ •
				.51					5.00				G		•••
Î		SILT with trace sand and o		18.		-		-	5.50		<u>ן</u>	SPT N = 4 Depth: 5.50m Type: Raymond Split			••
		Soft to firm; moist; low plas	ticity; sand, fine.						6.00			Spoon 0, 0 / 1, 1, 1, 1			• •
							S-F		6.50						•••
				16.71	ML				7.00	4		SPT N = 24 Depth: 7.00m		7.00	•
H		SILT with trace gravel; grey plasticity; gravel, fine to me		-					7.50			Type: Raymond Split Spoon 1, 1 / 3, 6, 8, 7			
		subrounded.		15.61			F		8.00			1, 17 3, 0, 0, 7			
Ц	, , , , , , ,	Sandy fine to coarse GRA		15.				-	8.50	4		SPT N = 50+ Depth: 8.50m	Bentonite		
*	, €*. ** **	grey. Very dense; wet; well subrounded; sand, fine to r	graded; subangular to nedium.						9.00			 Type: Raymond Split Spoon 16, 18 / 15, 20, 17, 8 	Be		
玄	** あ た			-			VD		9.50			10, 10, 13, 20, 17, 0			
4	*** ***1	- haarming damag halaw 10	0	14.01					10.00	4		SPT N = 36 Depth: 10.00m		10.00	•
	**** ****	becoming dense below 10.	0 m						10.50	-		Type: Raymond Split Spoon		10.00	•••
· 在	**				GW	w			11.00			8, 9 / 9, 11, 9, 7			: •
*	°						D		11.50			SPT N = 38 Depth: 11.50m	le		• •
Ŕ	****								12.00			Type: Raymond Split Spoon	Gravel		• •
	÷			.26					12.50			8, 9 / 9, 11, 11, 7			:
	· * * *	becoming very dense below	w 12.75 m	10.8111.26			VD	-	13.00			SPT N = 50+ Depth: 12.75m — Type: Raymond Split			::
é	a ° é	,			H: 13.2 r	1 m			<u> </u>			Speen 13, 19 / 17, 11, 15, 16			•••

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			£.		Project Name									ProjectID:	10781024	155_ 1	660
	P	4	Golder		Client						Proje	Ct		Reference:	BI	H 4	
	Z	7	Associate	es	Location	: Ha	alswe	ell Gro	o quc	f Hou	uses				m): 5174714 m): 1564243		
					Description	• 7	Borel	holes	and	SPT	data			Elevation (I	m): 25.0		
5	Soi	IE	Borehole L	og	Description		2010	10100	unu		uutu.			Hole Depth (I Orientation			
					Grid: NZTM	1				tum:	CDD		1	Inclination			
ation	hic	<u>ہ</u>				.	с	ture	tency sity	er ations	ţ	TCR (%)	SPT N-value	Samples		Bacl	
Formation	Graphic	د	<u> </u>	Descri	ption	RL	nsc	Moisture Condition	Consistency / Density	Water Observations	Depth	. ,	(Uncorrected)	& In-situ Testi	ng	& Install	
		1	Sandy SILT; grey. M fine.	Moist; so	oft; low plasticity; sand,				0	ō		25 50 75 100	49 3 5 9				• • •
		2	line.				ML		s		0.50				Gravel		
		2 2				23.74		м			1.00		1	SPT N = 4 Depth: 1.00m Type: Raymond	Split .	1.00	• •
			Fine SAND; grey. L	.oose; m	noist; poorly graded.					V	1.50		J	Spoon 1, 1 / 1, 1, 1, 1	Split in contraction		
						2.53	SP				2.00					2.00	•••
			Fine to medium SA graded.	ND; gre	y. Loose; wet; well	22.			L		2.50		Π	SPT N = 8 Depth: 2.50m Type: Raymond	Split		
			graded.								3.00			Spoon 2, 2 / 2, 2, 2, 2			
						21.03	SW				3.50			ODT N. 44			
			becoming medium	dense b	elow 4.0 m	- <u>^</u>				-	4.00	SPT N = 14 Depth: 4.00m Type: Raymond	Split _				
						20.03			MD		4.50			Spoon 3, 3 / 3, 3, 4, 4	Split e		• • •
	Ī		Sandy SILT; grey. S fine.	Soft; we	t; low plasticity; sand,	5		-		-	5.00			SPT N = 4			
		2	inie.					w	s		5.50		1	Depth: 5.50m Type: Raymond	Split		•••
		2 22				18.53					6.00			Spoon 0, 0 / 1, 1, 1, 1			
	#	12	SILT with minor sar plasticity; sand, fine		. Firm; wet; low	4	ML			-	6.50		٦	SPT N = 7 Depth: 6.50m Type: Raymond	Split		
			plasticity, sand, fine								7.00			Spoon 1, 2 / 2, 2, 1, 2		7.00	
									F		7.50				<u>e</u>		
						16.53					8.00			SPT N = 20	Bentonite		
		Щ °."	Sandy fine to mediu brown. Medium der		VEL with some silt;			+		-	8.50			Depth: 8.50m Type: Raymond			
	1 1 H	°.€: 	subangular; sand, f plasticity.	ine to m	edium; silt, low	15.73	GW		MD		9.00			Spoon 7, 5 / 5, 5, 5, 5		9.00	•••
			Fine to medium SA grey. Medium dense gravel, fine to mediu	e; satura	ated; well graded;	86	SW				9.50			SPT N = 38			
	, »	*:#	Sandy fine to coars			14.86		-		-	10.00			Depth: 10.00m — Type: Raymond	Split		• • •
		·* 1			ery dense; saturated; subangular; sand, fine						11.00			Spoon 5, 6 / 7, 11, 10,	10		
		81 % *# *									11.50			SPT N = 50+			
	* * 长*	\$.)						s			12.00			Depth: 11.50m — Type: Raymond	Split g		
	*** **	*# •									12.50			Spoon 10, 13 / 13, 13,	Split 700		•••
	*** ***	ē 2					GW		D-VD		13.00			SPT N = 33			
	ن چ چ	· * 1									13.50			Depth: 13.00m — Type: Raymond	Split		
											14.00			Spoon 4, 7 / 7, 6, 10, 10	0		
	*** ***	÷.									14.50			SPT N = 33			
	*** **	*." •				10.08								Depth: 14.50m — Type: Raymond	Split		•••
							H: 14.95	m						Spoon 8, 8 / 8, 9, 8, 8			
L	_					_											
Dril	ler	т	exco	Logg			narks	vator la		17 m	hal at (18.15 0	n 04/09/1	2			
		thc	od / Rig		WIIX	Jai	ang v		, voi al	111	sy at t			-			
Sta			ngland / RT	Chec	ked By												
		03/0	09/2012	Snec	KRB										Hole Depth		
Enc			19/2012			2005					-		d descriptior	n of soil and rock"		.95m	
L		J4/(09/2012		2005 Vane tests completed in accordance with NZGS guideline Page 1 of 1												

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				Project Name									ProjectID: 10	781024	55_1	660
		Co	lder	Client						Proje	ct		Reference:	BH		
	J	Asso	der ociates	Location						ises			North (m):			
													East (m): Elevation (m):			
S	oil	Boreh	ole Log	Description	: 7	Bore	holes	and	SPT	data.			Hole Depth (m): Orientation (°):	14.95		
				Grid: NZTM				Da	tum: (CDD			Inclination (°):			
on	с с			•			re on	incy ty	Water Observations	_	TCR	SPT	Samples		Backf	Fill
Formation	Graphic Log	2	Descr	iption	RL	usc	Moisture Condition	Consistency / Density	Vatel ervat	Depth	(%)	N-value	In-situ Testing		acki &	
Бo	9						ŠS	Con /D	Obse		25 50 75 100	6 8 8 4	in-situ resting		iistaila	lion
		Sandy S sand, fir	SILT; dark brown. I ne to medium.	Moist; low plasticity;	23.6	ML				0.50						
		Fine to r graded.	medium SAND; lig	ht grey. Moist; well	23.23.	SW				E 3			SPT N = 16	<u></u>		• • •
-			y. Moist; well grad	AND with trace cobbles; ed; gravel, medium to	Ň		м		ľ	1.00			Depth: 1.00m Type: Raymond Split	Gravel		· • •
-	**** ****] subroun			/	C14/		МР		1.50			Spoon 2, 4 / 4, 5, 3, 4		•	•:•
	°	 Sandy fi dense; r 	moist; well graded;		1	GW		MD		2.00					2.00	•••
	***	.1	ded; sand, fine to		21.57				1	2.50			SPT N = 10 Depth: 2.50m	Bentonite	2.00	
			medium SAND wit um dense; wet; we	h minor silt; grey. Loose Il graded.	20.87	SW		L-MD		3.00		Ц	Type: Raymond Split Spoon	Ben		
·	ii ni			ft; wet; low plasticity;	50		-		1	3.50			6, 4 / 3, 2, 3, 2		3.00	
		sand, fir	1e.		87					4.00			SPT N = 2			
-		SII T wit	h trace organic m	aterial; grey. Very soft;	19.87			VS					Depth: 4.00m Type: Raymond Split			
-			plasticity.	atenai, grey. very son,				v5		4.50			Spoon 0, 0 / 1, 0, 0, 1			
-					57	ML				5.00						
-	╏┼╏╏	hooomir	ng soft below 5.5 n		18.				4	5.50			SPT N = 4 Depth: 5.50m			
		Decomin	Ig soit below 5.5 II	I						6.00			Type: Raymond Split Spoon	Gravel		•••
								s		6.50			1, 2 / 1, 1, 1, 1	g		• • •
- - - -					16.92					7.00			SPT N = 21			••
		⊮ Sandy fi	ine to coarse GRA	VEL with some silt;	16		-		-	7.50		H	Depth: 7.00m Type: Raymond Split			· • • †
	***	\$ subroun		nse; moist; well graded; ; sand, fine to medium.						E 3			Spoon 1, 1 / 3, 5, 6, 7			
-		8 8 9			57			MD		8.00						•••
	** ***		ng very dense belo	w 8 5 m	15.57				-	8.50			SPT N = 50+ Depth: 8.50m			
			ig very dense bele	w 0.0 m			W			9.00			Type: Raymond Split Spoon		•	••••
	***	Y I						VD		9.50			12, 10 / 9, 9, 27, 15		9.00	
	÷	2 I			14.07					10.00			SPT N = 26	nite		
	** * **	<i>n</i>	ng medium dense	below 10.0 m	1				1	10.50			Depth: 10.00m — Type: Raymond Split	Bentonite		-
		÷?								11.00			Spoon 12, 7 / 6, 6, 7, 7			
	かお					GW								\vdash	11.00	•••
		1						MD		11.50		H	SPT N = 14 Depth: 11.50m			- * F
	~ <i>\$</i>	*								12.00		H	Type: Raymond Split Spoon 6, 4 / 4, 3, 4, 3			
-		1			2					12.50			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
		<i>.</i>			11.07				4	13.00			SPT N = 38 Depth: 13.00m	Gravel		
·	****	1	ng dense below 13	.u m						13.50			Type: Raymond Split Spoon	อั		• • •
		n								14.00			5, 12 / 12, 11, 8, 7			:••*[
	*** ****	1						D		14.50			SPT N = 48			:••
					9.12					4.30			Depth: 14.50m Type: Raymond Split			
	*** *	~				H: 14.95	1 5 m	1	1	F 3			Spoon 14, 15 / 15, 16, 7, 10	L	<u> </u>	
Drill	er		Logg	ler l	Ren	narks										
	-1	Texco					ater end	counte	red at	0.9 m b	ogl durir	ng drilling	l.			
		hod / Rig														
	lans t Dat	England /		ked By												
		e 5/09/2012		KRB									Но	le Depth		
End	Date				Boreh 2005	ole logo	ged in acc	cordance	e with NZ	GS guide	line "Field	l descriptior	of soil and rock"	14.9		
	30	3/09/2012				tests co	mpleted	in accor	dance wi	th NZGS	guideline			Page	1 of 1	

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C C Stor is no mealure SAND, towning black, Miler, Kong years Test of the set of					Project Name									-	1024	55_1660
Soil Borchole Lou Description: // Borcholes and SPI data. Hole Depth (m; 1/ 4.65) Image: Soil Borchole Lou	(Golder	tes	Locatior	t: Ar h: Ha	row alswe	Intern ell Gro	ation oup o	al f Hou	ises			North (m): 517 East (m): 156	4621 4359	6
Bit Bit Description III Bit Bit <t< th=""><th>S</th><th>oil</th><th>Borehole I</th><th>Log</th><th></th><th>n: 7</th><th>Bore</th><th>holes</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>Hole Depth (m): 14.9 Orientation (°): -</th><th></th><th></th></t<>	S	oil	Borehole I	Log		n: 7	Bore	holes						Hole Depth (m): 14.9 Orientation (°): -		
Bit yets to median AbD: Provide holes. Mart is a 200 Image: Second control holes. Mart is an image: Second control holes. Mart is an image: Second control holes. Mart is an image: Second control hole. Mart is an image: Sec					Grid: NZTM			1						Inclination (°): 90		
Bit yets to median AbD: Provide holes. Mart is a 200 Image: Second control holes. Mart is an image: Second control holes. Mart is an image: Second control holes. Mart is an image: Second control hole. Mart is an image: Sec	Formation	Graphic Log		Descri	ption	RL	nsc	Moisture Condition	Consistenc / Density	Water Observation		(%)	N-value	&	1	
Contributing using allow provides provides and the correspondence of NGS public Provides provides and the correspondence of NGS public Provides provide			poorly graded; sill	t, low plas		23 24.	SM				0.50					
Image: Series of all (pine) Series of all (pine) Image: Series of all (pine)		***			y. Moist; poorly graded.	23.	SP]		1	E 1			SPT N = 4	ravel	•••
Image: Second programment of the second and se	-		Sandy SILT; grey fine to medium.	. Soft; mo	bist; low plasticity; sand,			м			E 1		1	Depth: 1.00m	U	
Bit T with score send blowning regr (versic): Bi			becoming greyish	brown at	t 1.0m				s	T .			1	Spoon		1.50
Image: Solution and Control and Processing Solutions and Experimental Solution processing Solutions and Experimental Solution and Experimental Solution processing Solutions and Experimental Solutions and Ex			4			9					2.00				ite	
Image: Solution and Control and Processing Solutions and Experimental Solution processing Solutions and Experimental Solution and Experimental Solution processing Solutions and Experimental Solutions and Ex		* , i	2			21.8					2.50				tentor	
Bit of the line bit by the line bit by the line by grant, meaning up to be the line b			moist to wet; low	plasticity;	sand, fine.	21.4		M-W	VS]	3.00			Type: Raymond Split	ш	
Sub-regular to subconded. g SF	1	ţ.	moist; low plastici	ty; sand,	fine; gravel, medium,		ML									3.00
Image: Sult Table one stand; grey. First; moult; low Image: Sult Table one stand; stand; fire; Image: Sult Table one			subangular to sub	prounded.		.36			S-F							••
pleaticity: sand, fine. g <td>┥╢</td> <td><u> </u></td> <td>SILT with some s</td> <td>and: arev</td> <td>. Firm; moist; low</td> <td>20.</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>4.00</td> <td></td> <td>h</td> <td>Depth: 4.00m</td> <td></td> <td></td>	┥╢	<u> </u>	SILT with some s	and: arev	. Firm; moist; low	20.				-	4.00		h	Depth: 4.00m		
Image: State with minor fine sand at 5.5 m Image: State with minor sand; Image: State with mino											4.50	┯┦╿	μ	Spoon		
Image: Set in the inner fine sand at 5.5 m Image: Set in the inner sand, grey. Set in the inner sand,									F		5.00			2, 2 / 2, 2, 1, 2		
with minor time and at 25.5 m gr						8.86								SPT N = 7		•]•
Surf, Twite some organic material and minor sand; grey, Solt to time, most; two plasticity; sand, time. M N SF Specific solution; solution; solution; solut		╁┟┟┟	with minor fine sa	nd at 5.5	m	18.1				1	1			Depth: 5.50m		
Site time to organic matching graved and trace organic matching subtracting graved and trace organic matching subtructed to subtructe	İ							1			6.00		μ	Spoon		• ••
Sity fine to medium 3AND with some gravel and trace organic material; prev, Medium dense, most; poorly gradet; gravel; medium, subsounded. B M M B<			groy. Con to min,	molot, ioi	in plasticity, saila, inte.			м			6.50			0, 171, 2, 2, 2		
SM SM SM From Spin Spin Spin Spin Spin Spin Spin Spin									0.5		7.00				lei	
Sity fire to medium SAND with some gravel and trace organic material; grav, Medium dense; molt; poorly graded; gravel, medium, subrounded. MD									S-F		ET		1		Gra	•]•
Sity fine to medium SAND with some gravel and trace organic material; grey, Medium dense; most; grey Medium dense; grey							SM				7.50		P			
Sity fine to medium SAND with some gravel and trace organic material; grey. Medium dense: meist; poorty graded; grey. Genes to very dense, weil; poorty graded; subrounded to subroun						g	0									•••
trace organic material grey. Medium dense: most: poorly graded; gravel, medium, subrounded. MD 		Ш				15.8				1	8.50	4	ЦШ			
poorly grades: grades: MD grades: MD grades: 2.2.2.0.1.1.10 Sandy fine to coarse GRAVEL with some cobbles and minor slit, brownish grey. Dense to very subangular, sand, fine to medium. grades: grads: grades: grades:			trace organic mat	erial; grey	y. Medium dense; moist;						9.00			— Type: Raymond Split		
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Hans England / RT Checked By itart Date KRB ind Date Borehole logged in accordance with NZGS guideline "Field description of soil and rock"				1	MK	Grou	undwa	iter end	counte	red at	1.3 m b	gl durir	ng drilling	l.		
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14/09/2012 Vane tests completed in accordance with NZGS guideline Page 1 of 1 CCC Approved Consent Document - BCN/2014/8652 - 25/09/2014 - Page 50 of 293			4/09/2012			Vane									-	

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		.		Project Name									ProjectID:	10781024	55_1	660
		Golder		Client						Proje	Ct		Reference:	Bł	1 7	
	J	Golder	es	Location						ises				m): 5174650 m): 1564370		
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S	oil	Borehole L	og	Description	. /	Dorei	loies	anu	371	uala.			Hole Depth (Orientation			
				Grid: NZTM					tum: (CDD			Inclination			
tion	hic					0	ure tion	Consistency / Density	Water Observations	÷	TCR	SPT	Samples		Back	fill
Formation	Graphic Log		Descri	ption	RL	nsc	Moisture Condition	Den:	Wate	Depth	(%)	N-value (Uncorrected)	& In-situ Testi	ng	& Installa	tion
	~~~	Hard Fill			_		-0	ຮັ	8		<u></u> <u></u> <u></u> <u></u> <u></u> <u></u> <u></u> <u></u> <u></u> <u></u> <u></u> <u></u> <u></u> <u></u>	40 30 5 5 40 30 5 5				• . •
	$\bigotimes$	8			23.47					0.50				Gravel		
ամամ ամամ համամ համամ համամ համամ համամ համամ համամ համամ համամ		plasticity; sand, fine	э.	ft to soft; moist; low				-12-2-		1.00			SPT N = 4 Depth: 1.00m Type: Raymond			
	4 8 8	becoming grey with	brown	mottling below 0.9 m					<b>▼</b>	1.50			Spoon 1, 1 / 1, 1, 1, 1		1.50	•
	19 19 19				17					2.00				Bentonite		
	***	becoming dark grey		becoming fine to	21.					2.50		SPT N = 3 Depth: 2.50m Type: Raymond				
		medium below 2.5	m		M S E 3.00								Spoon 1, 1 / 1, 0, 1, 1		3.00	• * •
	2 8 2 8	some organic mate	rial, root	lets, below 4.0 m	20	ML				4.00		1	SPT N = 4 Depth: 4.00m Type: Raymond	Split	2	
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					2					5.00						
			ionio mo	terial; grey. Very soft;	18.62					5.50			SPT N = 1 Depth: 5.50m Type: Raymond	Split		
		wet; low plasticity.	anic ma	itenal, grey. Very Son,						6.00			Spoon 0, 0 / 0, 0, 0, 1		•	•••
					17.27		M-W	VS		6.50				Gravel		
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	***** *****							MD-D		11.00				Bentonite		
	\$%°`€ '* ¥*					GW	M-W			11.50			SPT N = 41 Depth: 11.50m Type: Raymond			
	** \$* **** ****	*								12.00			Spoon 15, 12 / 13, 10,			
	*** *****									12.50					12.50	• • •
	**** ****	* *								13.00	-		SPT N = 38 Depth: 13.00m Type: Raymond	Split		• • •
	*** *******									13.50			Spoon 4, 10 / 10, 8, 13			
	\$**`€ '* <b>*</b> *	4			77					14.00				Ğ		
	** \$* 	becoming very den	se belov	v 14.5 m	9.32 9.7			VD		14.50	-		SPT N = 50+ Depth: 14.50m Type: Raymond	Split		
FL		I				H: 14.95	I m			F		L	Spoon 8, 13 / 12, 12, 1			. • ]]
Dril	ler		Logge	er	Rem	arks										
D-''		Техсо		MK	Grou	undwa	ter end	counter	red at	1.4 m b	gl durir	ng drilling	J.			
		<b>od / Rig</b> England / RT														
Sta	rt Date		Checl	ked By												
End	10 Date	/09/2012	Borehole logged in accordance with NZGS guideline "Field descrip								descriptio	n of soil and rock"	Hole Depth 14.	95m		
		/09/2012	Borehole logged in accordance with NZGS guideline "Field 2005 Vane tests completed in accordance with NZGS guideline												1 of 1	

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Golder	METHOD OF SOIL DESCRIPTION USED IN BOREHOLE AND TEST PIT REPORTS
FILL	CLAY (CL, CI or CH)
GRAVEL (GP or GW)	불 철 산 철 쇼 쇼
SAND (SP or SW)	COBBLES or BOULDERS
SILT (ML or MH)	

#### CLASSIFICATION AND INFERRED STRATIGRAPHY

Soil and Rock is classified and described in Reports of Boreholes and Test Pits using the descriptions given in NZGS 2005 Field Description of Soil and Rock. The material properties are assessed by visual/tactile methods.

#### PARTICLE SIZE - NZGS 2005

Major Division	Sub Division	Particle Size
BOUL	DERS	>200 mm
COBE	BLES	60 to 200 mm
	Coarse	20 to 60 mm
GRAVEL	Medium	6.0 to 20 mm
	Fine	2.0 to 6.0 mm
	Coarse	0.6 to 2.0 mm
SAND	Medium	0.2 to 0.6 mm
	Fine	0.06 to 0.2 mm
SIL	.T	0.002 to 0.006 mm
CL	AY	< 0.002 mm

#### **MOISTURE CONDITION – NZGS 2005**

#### Symbol Term Description

- D Dry Sands and gravels are free flowing. Clays and silts may be brittle or friable and powdery.
- M Moist Soils are darker than in the dry condition and may feel cool. Sands and gravels tend to cohere.W Wet Soils exude free water. Sands and gravels tend to cohere.
- S Saturated Feels cool, darkened in colour and free water is present on the sample.

#### **CONSISTENCY AND DENSITY - NZGS 2005**

Symbol	Term	Undrained Shear Strength	Symbol	Term	Density Index %	SPT "N" Value (blows/300 mm)	Dynamic Cone (blows/300 mm)
VS	Very Soft	< 12 kPa	VL	Very Loose	< 15	< 4	< 2
S	Soft	12 to 25 kPa	L	Loose	15 to 35	4 to 10	1 to 3
F	Firm	25 to 50 kPa	MD	Medium Dense	35 to 65	10 to 30	3 to 7
St	Stiff	50 to 100 kPa	D	Dense	65 to 85	30 to 50	7 to 17
VSt	Very Stiff	100 to 200 kPa	VD	Very Dense	> 85	> 50	> 17
н	Hard	> 200 kPa					

In the absence of test results, consistency and density may be assessed from correlations with the observed behaviour of the material.

SPT "N-Values" are uncorrected.

No correlation is implied between Standard Penetration Test (SPT) and Dynamic Cone Penetrometer Test values.

GANZL Form No. 10 RL0 June 2012



# EXPLANATION OF NOTES, ABBREVIATIONS & TERMS USED IN BOREHOLE AND TEST PIT REPORTS

#### DRILLING/EXCAVATION METHOD

AS* AD* *V *T HA ADH	Auger Screwing Auger Drilling V-Bit TC-Bit, e.g. ADT Hand Auger Hollow Auger	RD RT RAB RC PT CT	Rotary Blade or Drag Bit Rotary Tricone bit Rotary Air Blast Reverse Circulation Push Tube Cable Tool Rig	HQ	Diamond Core – 47 mm Diamond Core – 52 mm Diamond Core – 63 mm Diamond Core – 63 mm Tractor Mounted Backhoe Tracked Hydraulic Excavator
	Hollow Auger		Cable Tool Rig		Tracked Hydraulic Excavator
DTC	Diatube Coring	NDD	Non-Destructive Digging	EE	Existing Excavation
WB	Washbore or Bailer	SON	Sonic Drilling	HAND	Excavated by Hand Methods

#### WATER

Water level at date shown				
GROUNDWATER NOT OBSERVED	The observation of groundwater, whether present or not, was not possible due to drilling water, surface seepage or cave in of the borehole/test pit.			
GROUNDWATER NOT ENCOUNTERED	The borehole/test pit was dry soon after excavation. However, groundwater could be present in less permeable strata. Inflow may have been observed had the borehole/test pit been left open for a longer period.			

#### SAMPLING AND TESTING

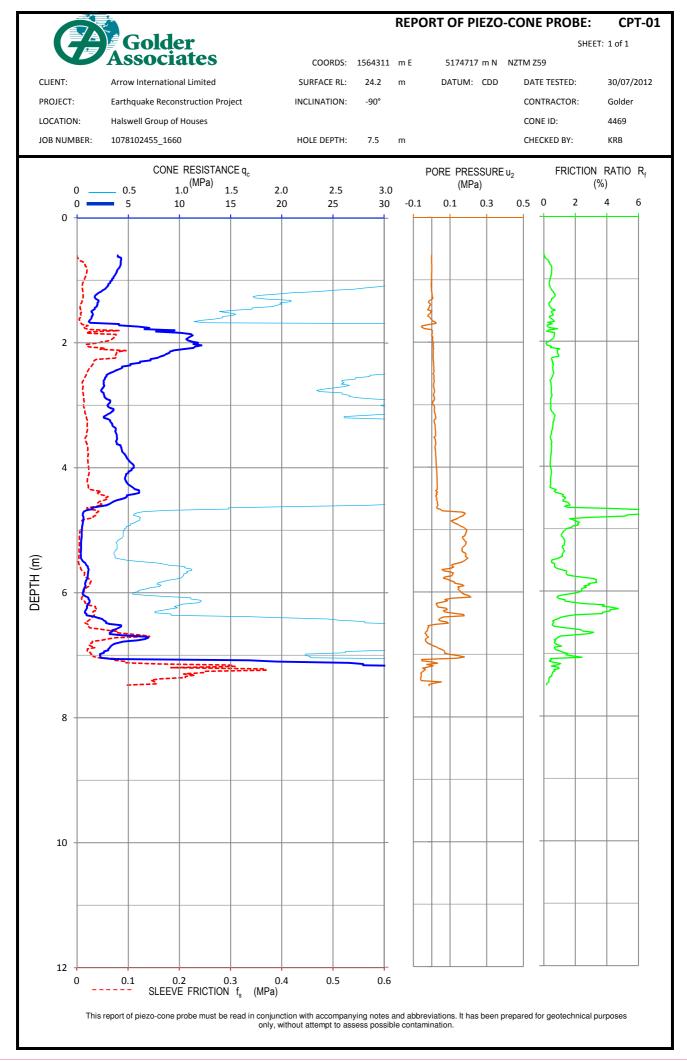
SPT 2,3 / 3,4,4,4 N = 15 30/60 mm RW HW HB	Standard Penetration Test to NZS4402 Test 6.5.1:1998 2,3 / 3,4,4,4 = Blows per 75 mm. N = Blows per 300 mm penetration following 150 mm seating Where practical refusal occurs, the blows and penetration for that interval are reported Penetration occurred under rod weight only Penetration occurred under the hammer and rod weight only Hammer double bouncing on anvil
DS	Disturbed sample
BDS	Bulk disturbed sample
G	Gas sample
W	Water sample
FP	Field permeability test over section noted
FV	Field vane shear test expressed as uncorrected shear strength $s_v = peak$ value, $s_r = residual$ value
PID	Photoionisation Detector reading in ppm
PM	Pressuremeter test over section noted
PP	Pocket penetrometer test expressed as instrument reading in kPa
U50	Thin walled tube sample – number indicates nominal sample diameter in milimetres
WPT	Water pressure tests
DCP	Dynamic cone penetration test
CPT	Static cone penetration test
CPTu	Static cone penetration test with pore pressure (u) measurement

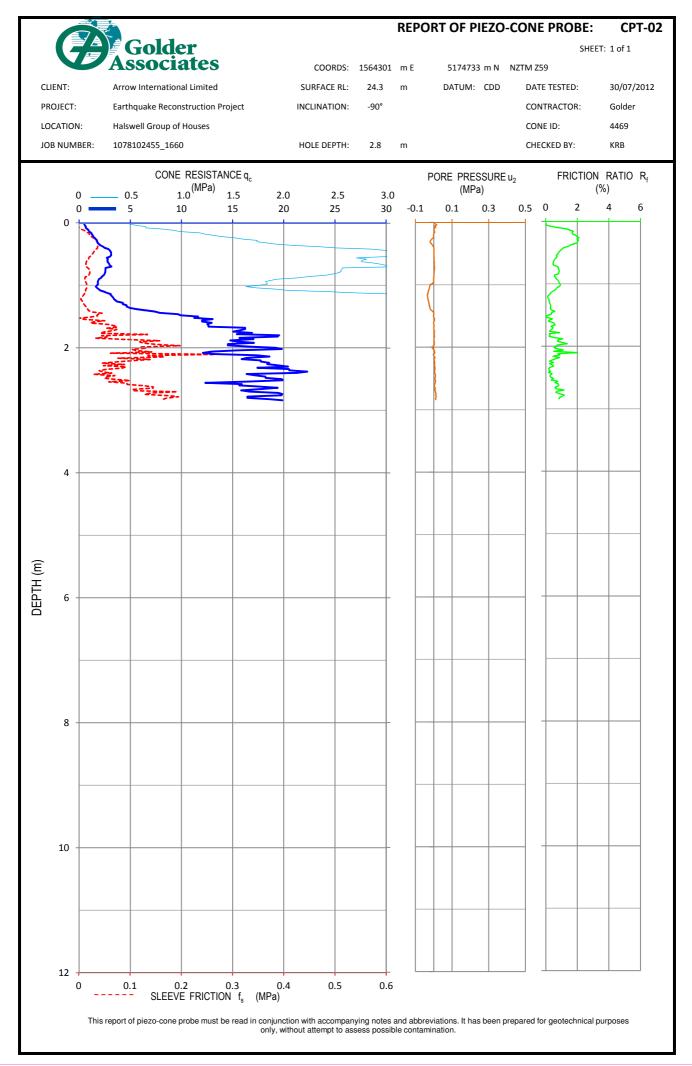
#### CORE RECOVERY

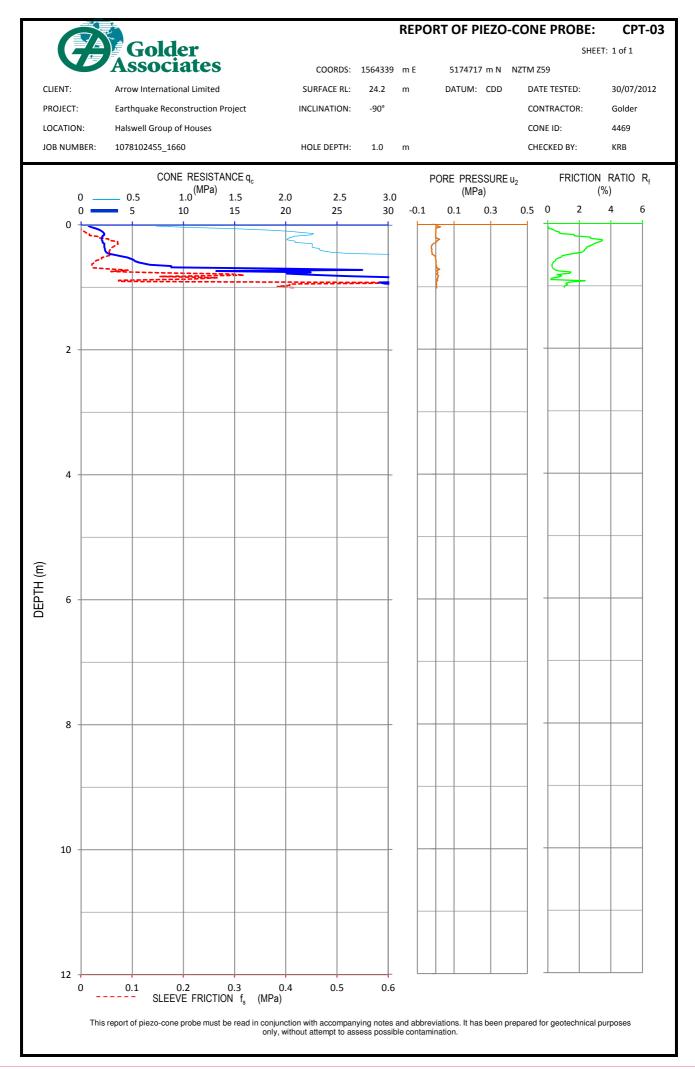
TCR = Total Core Recovery (%)

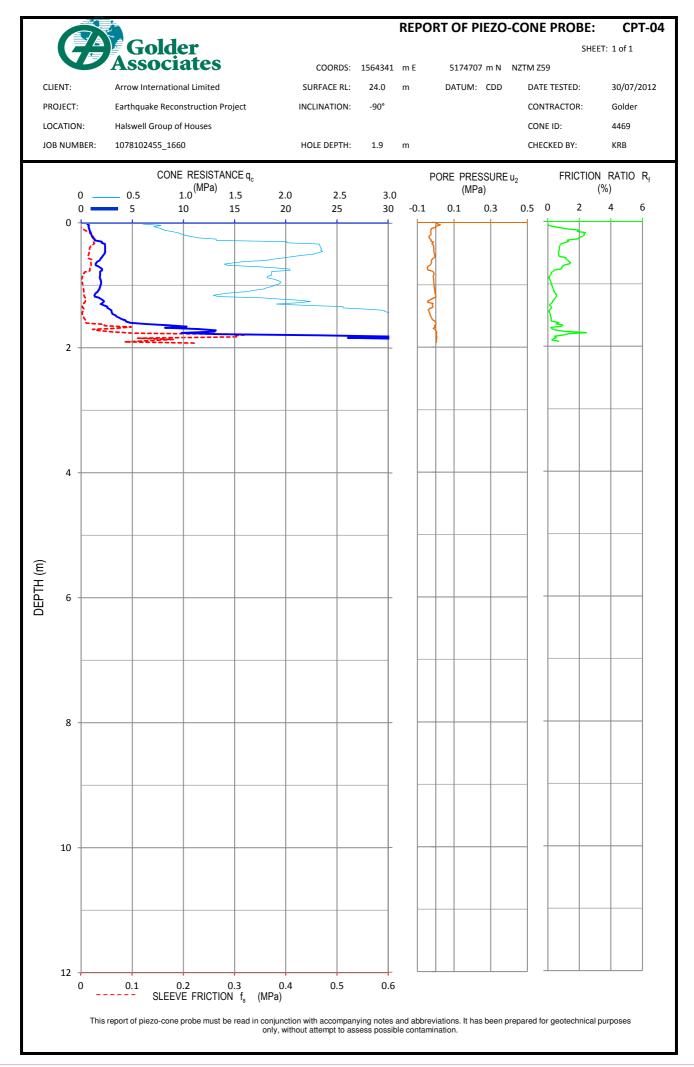
= <u>Length of core recovered</u> x 100 Length of core run

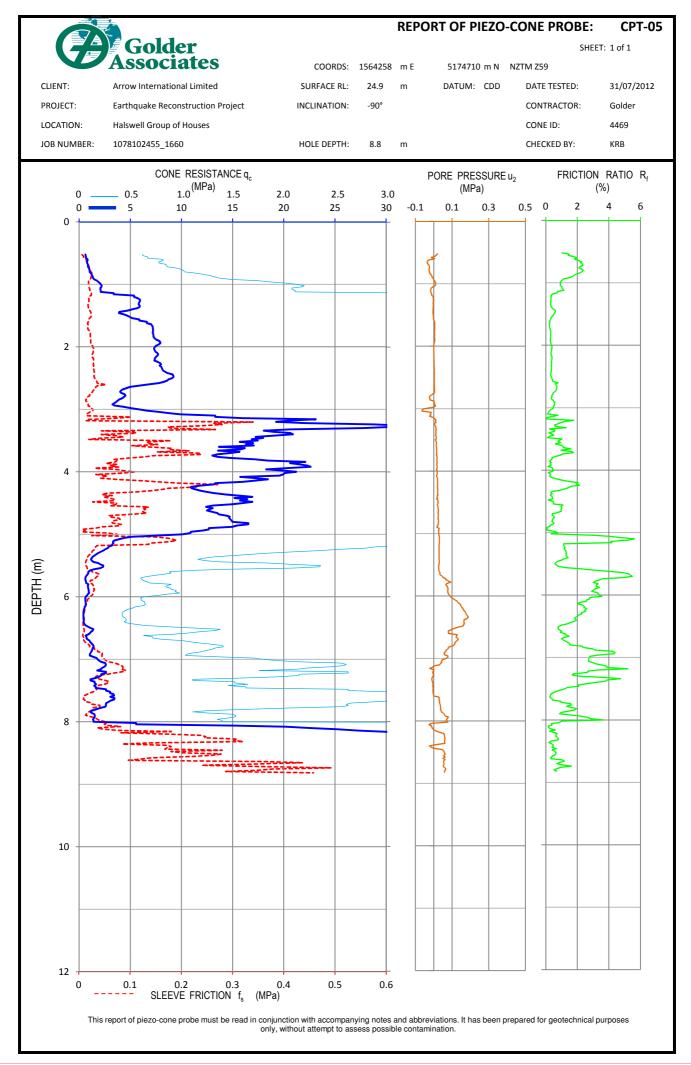
> GANZL Form No. 11 RL0 June 2012



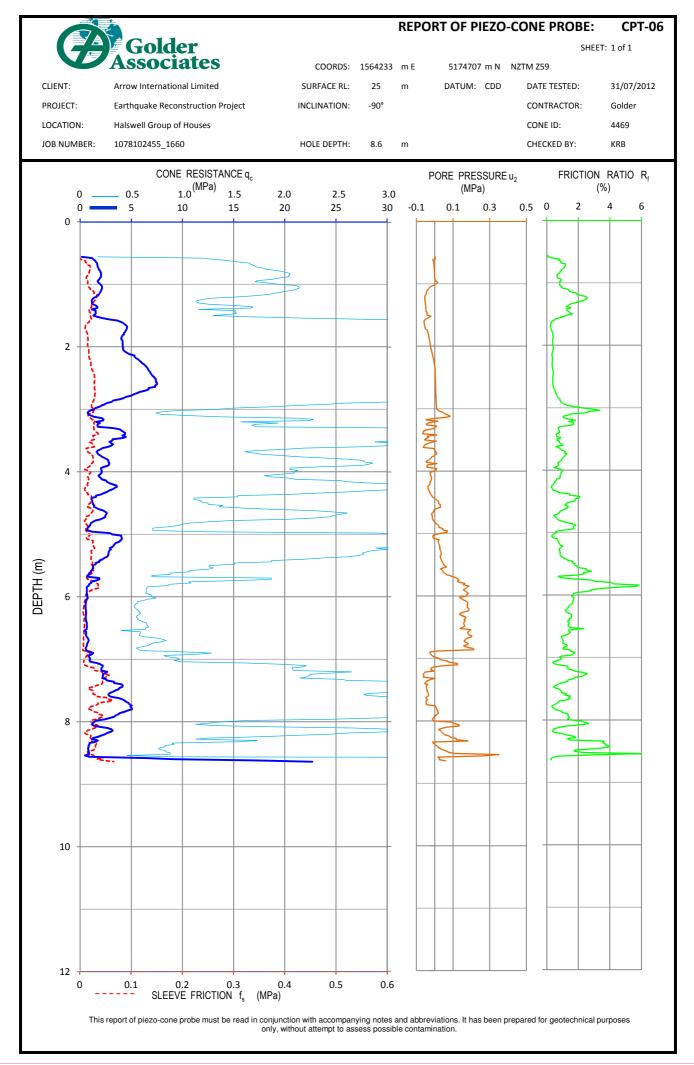


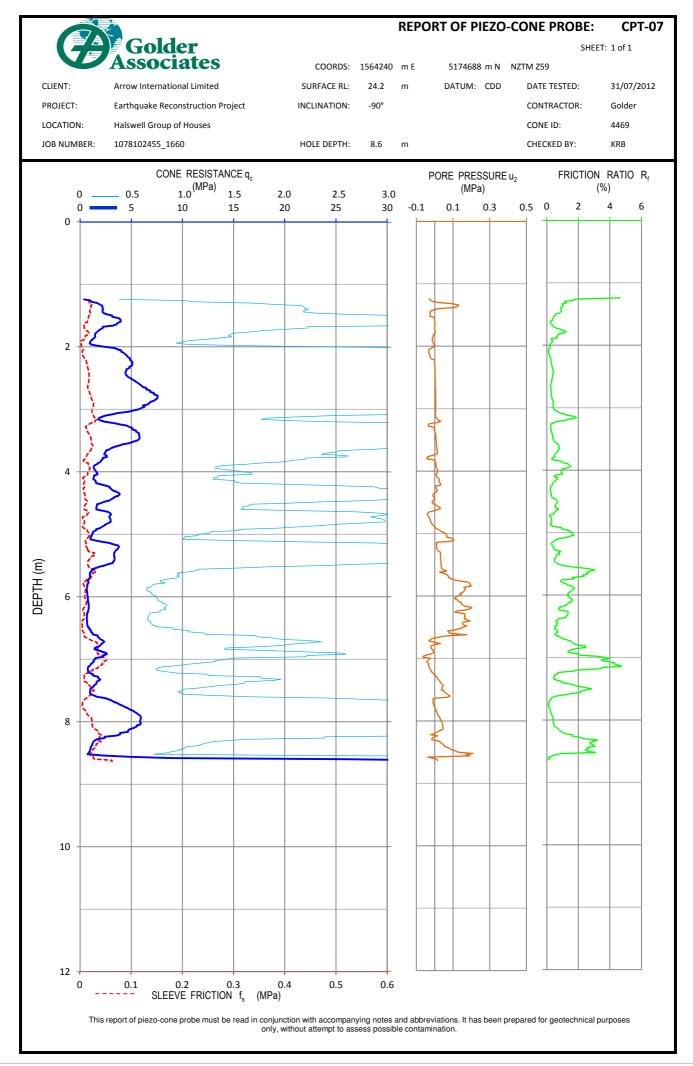


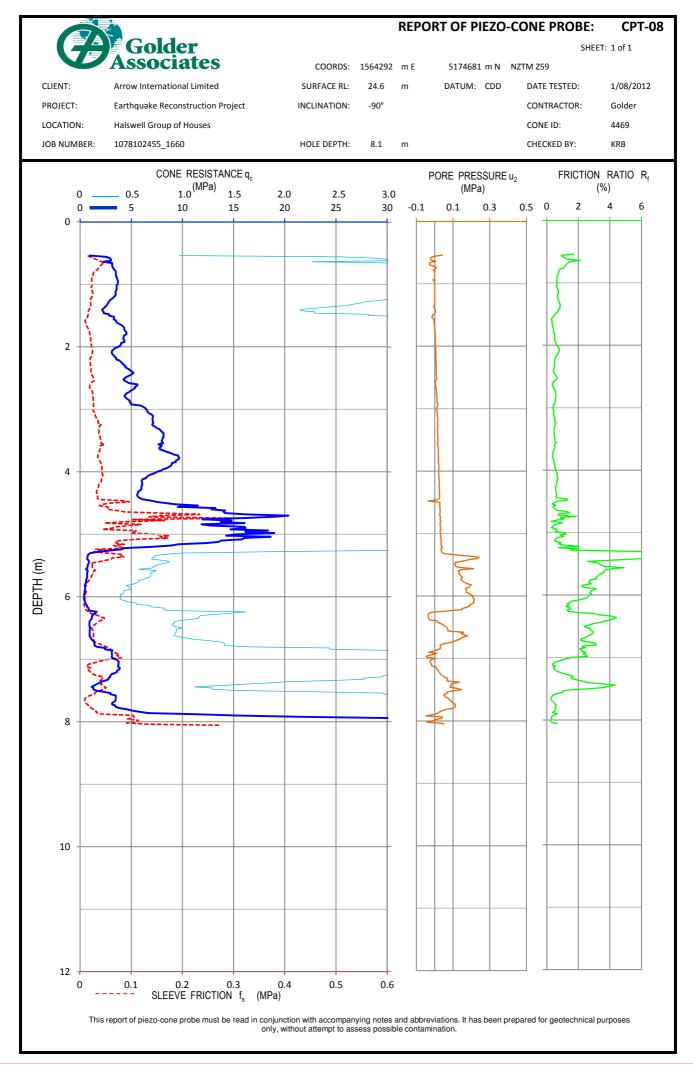


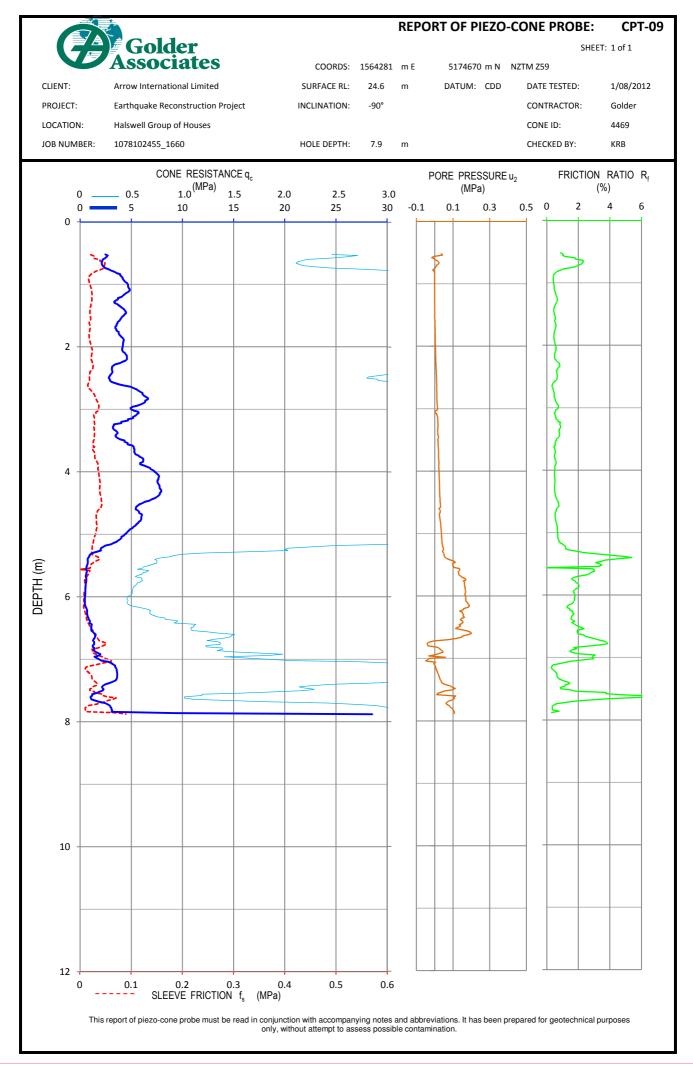


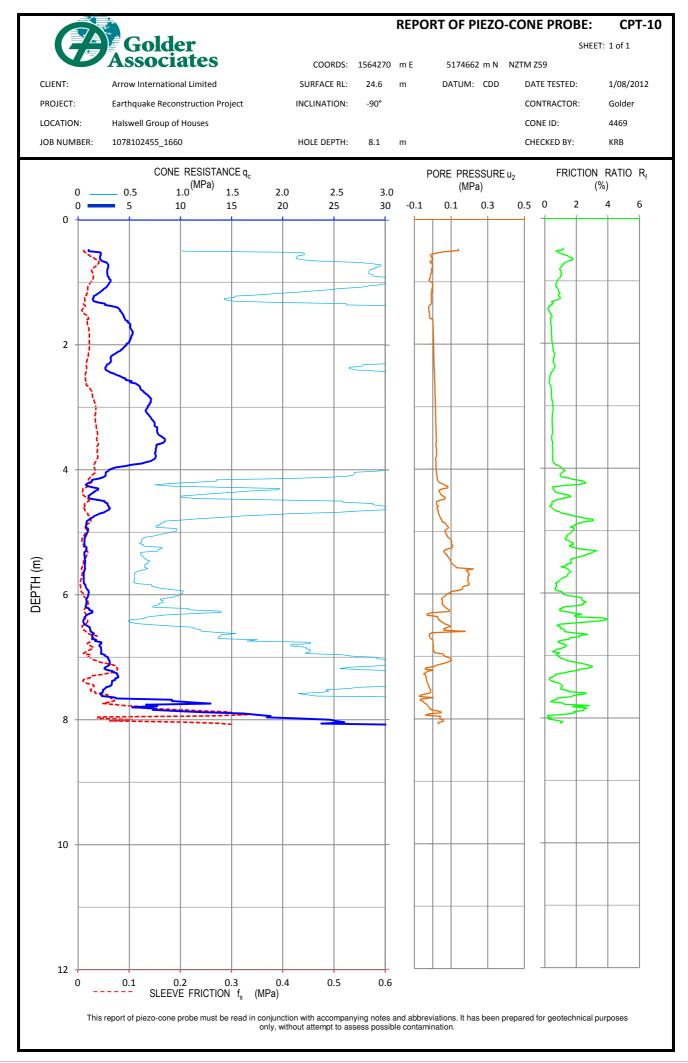
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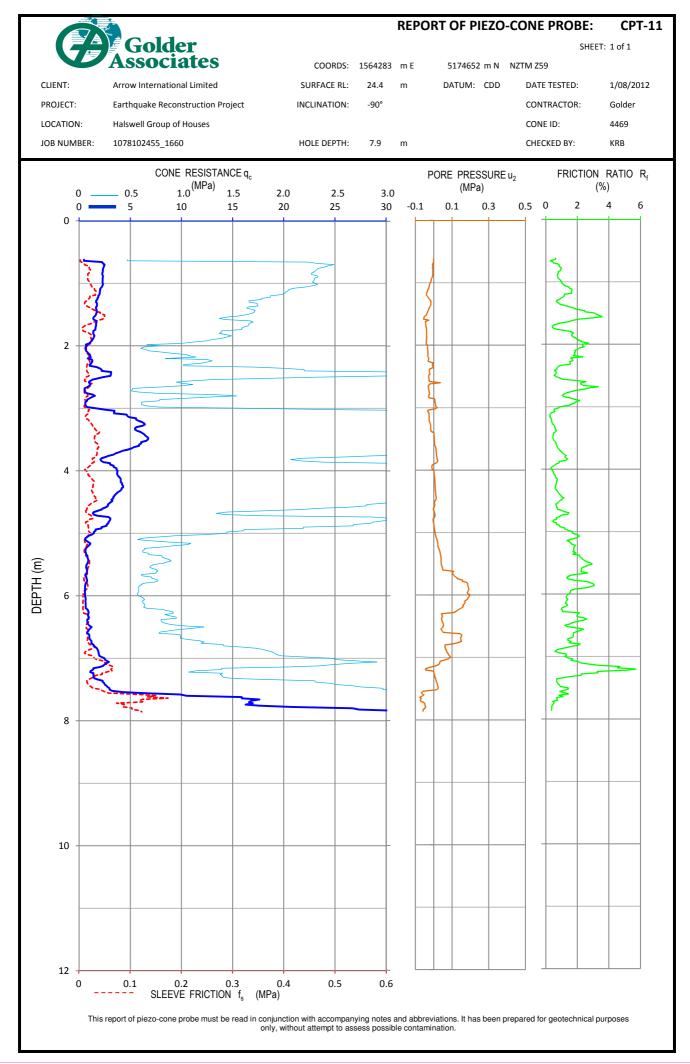


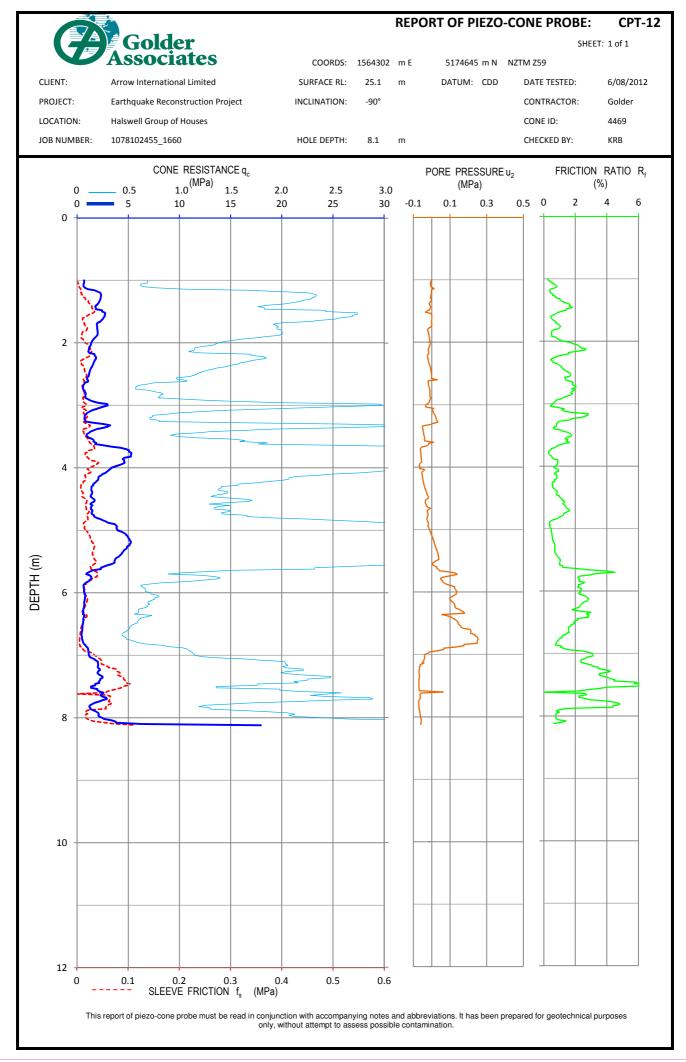


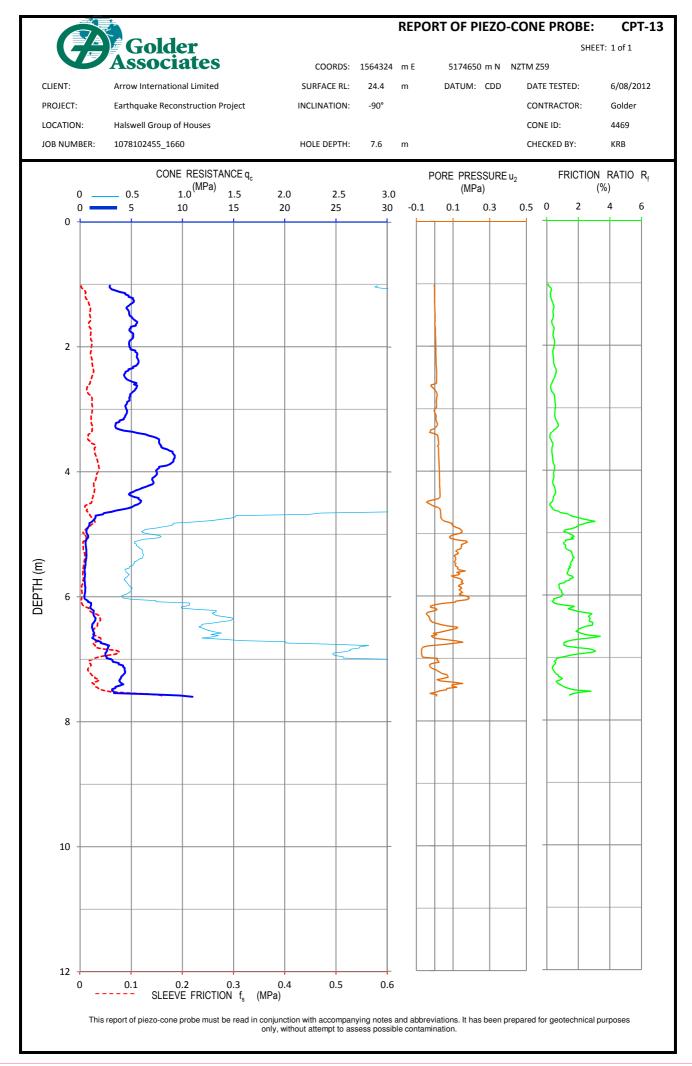


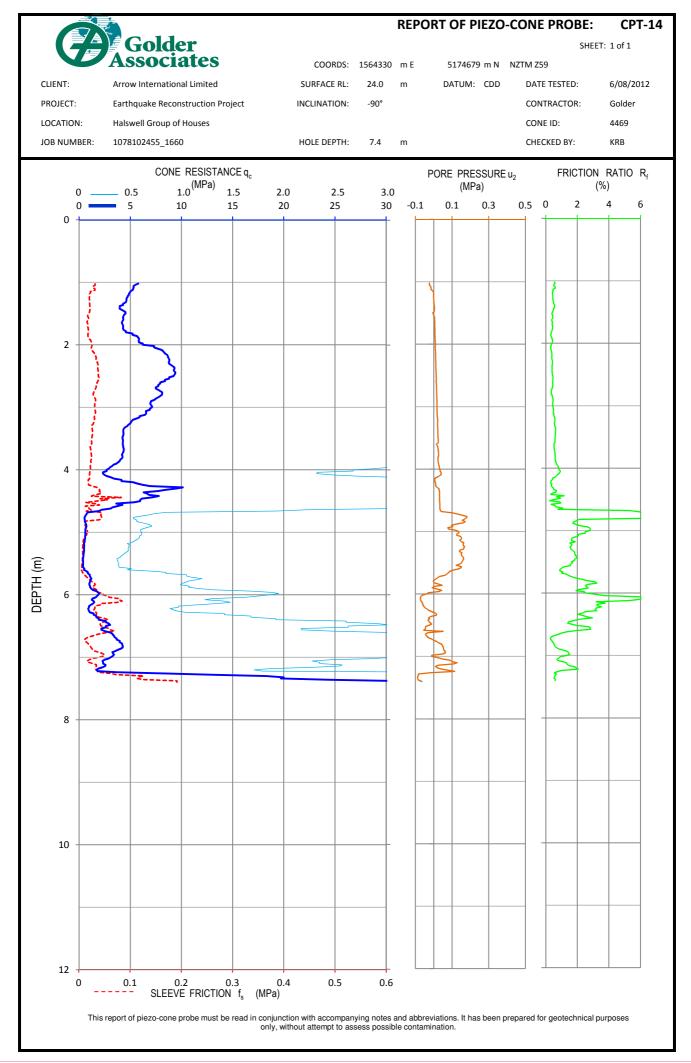


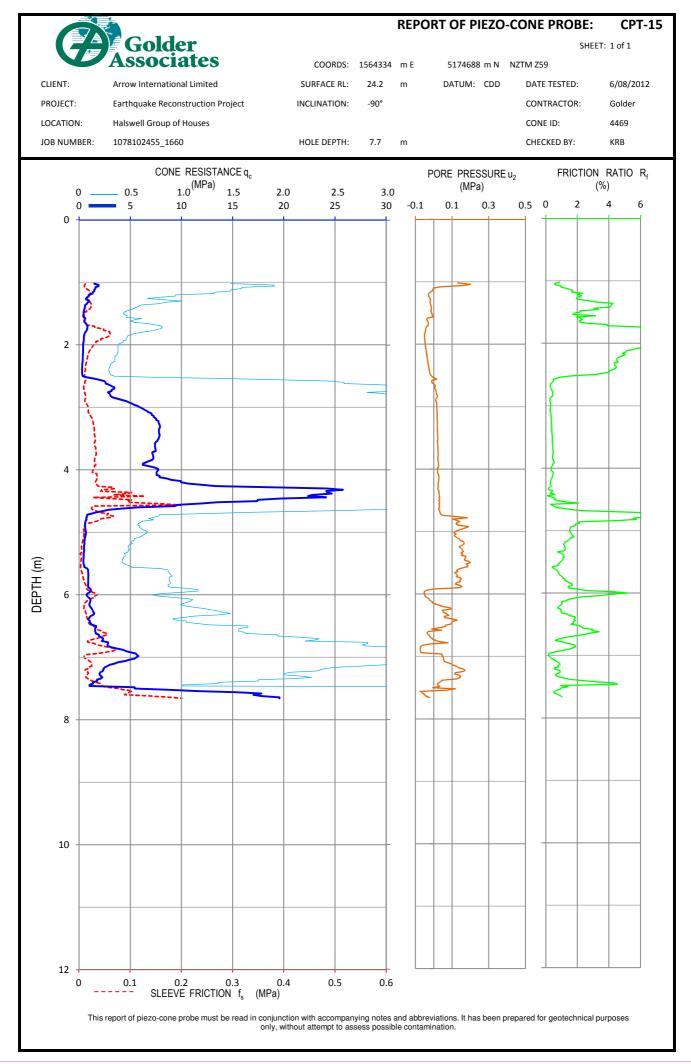


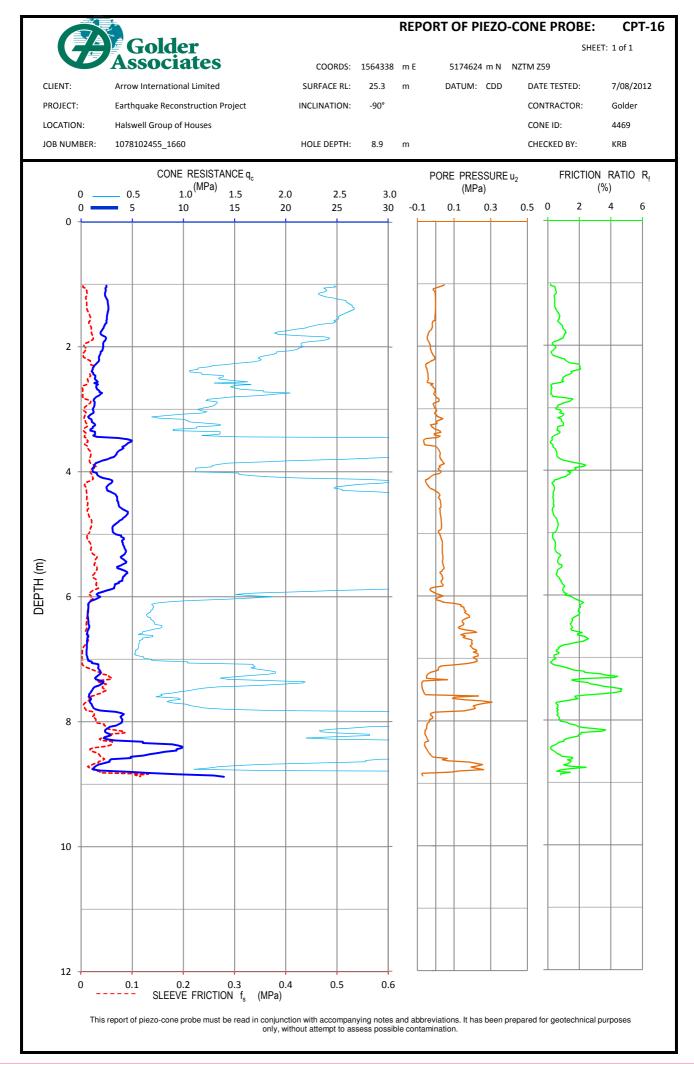


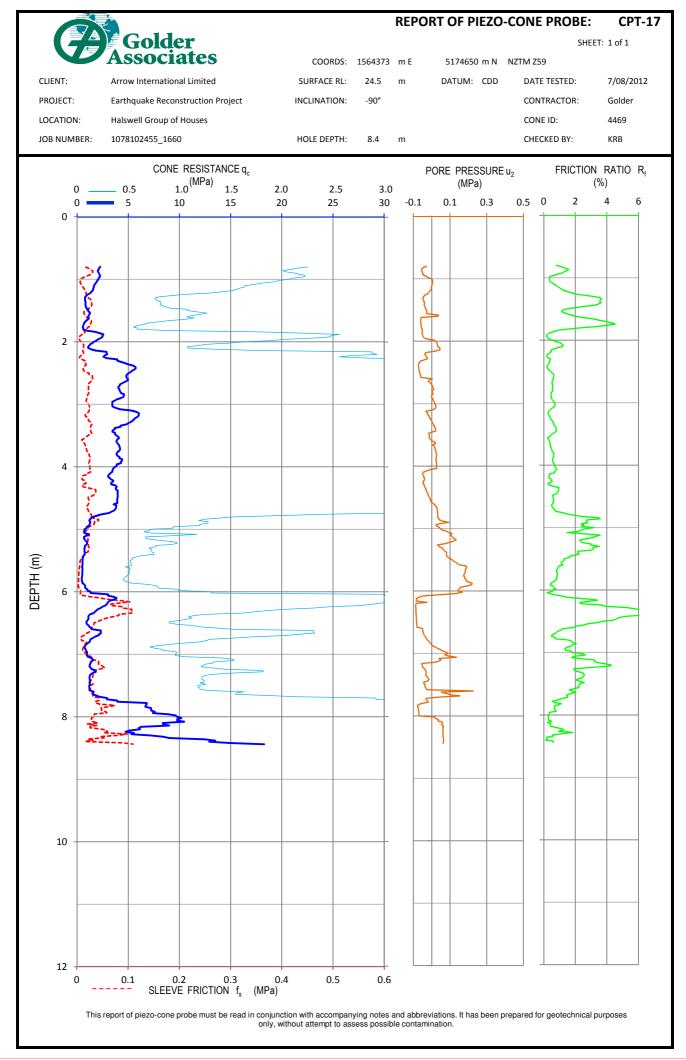


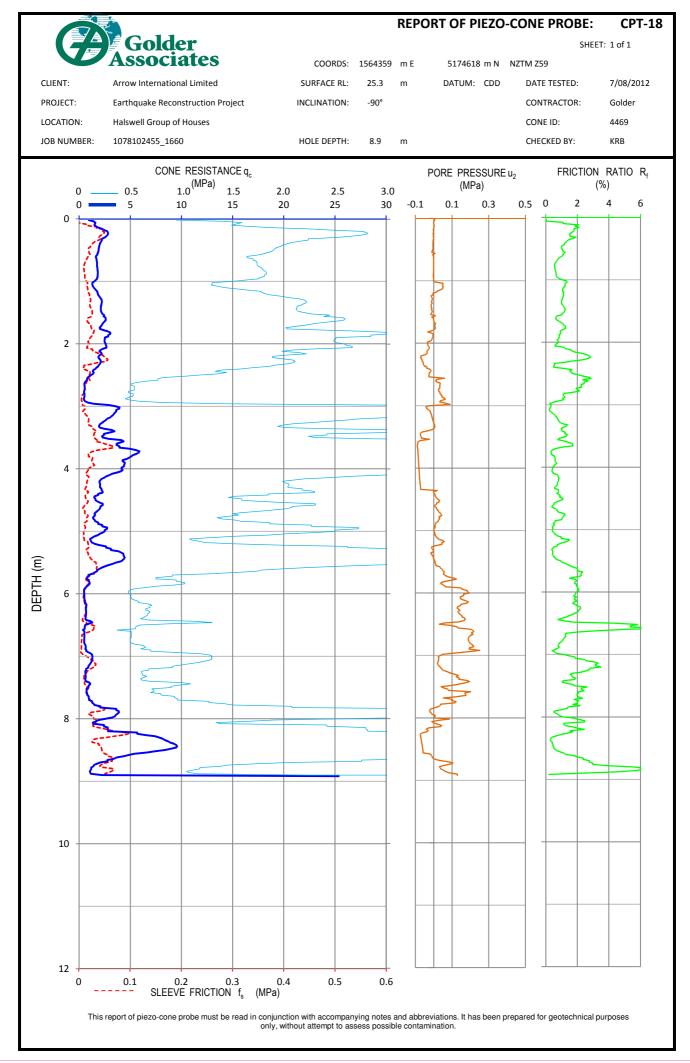


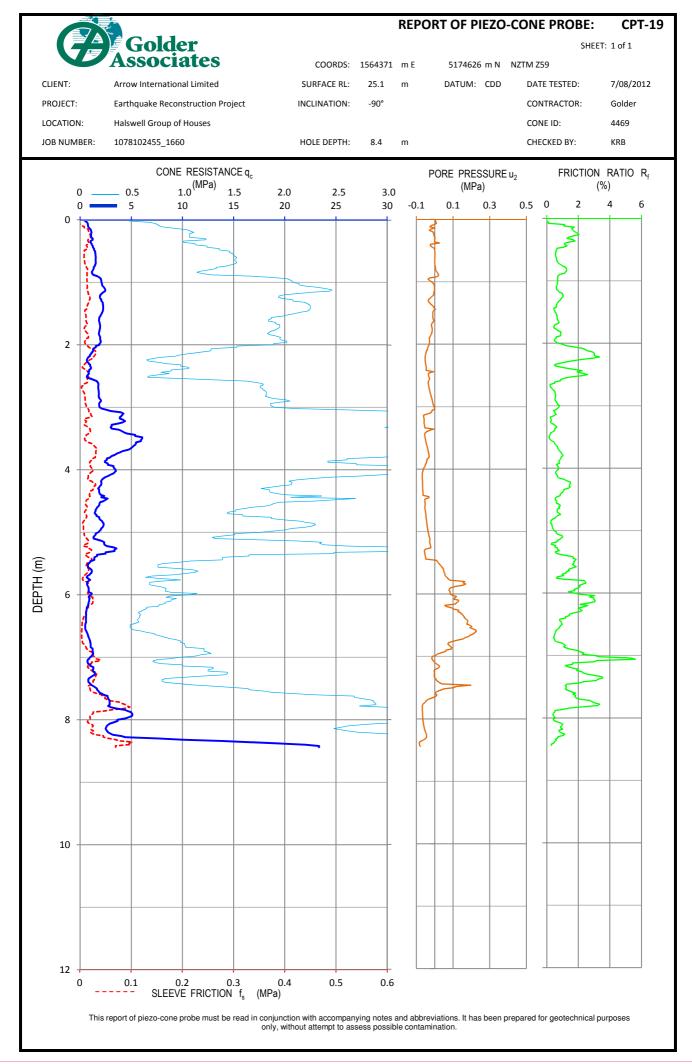


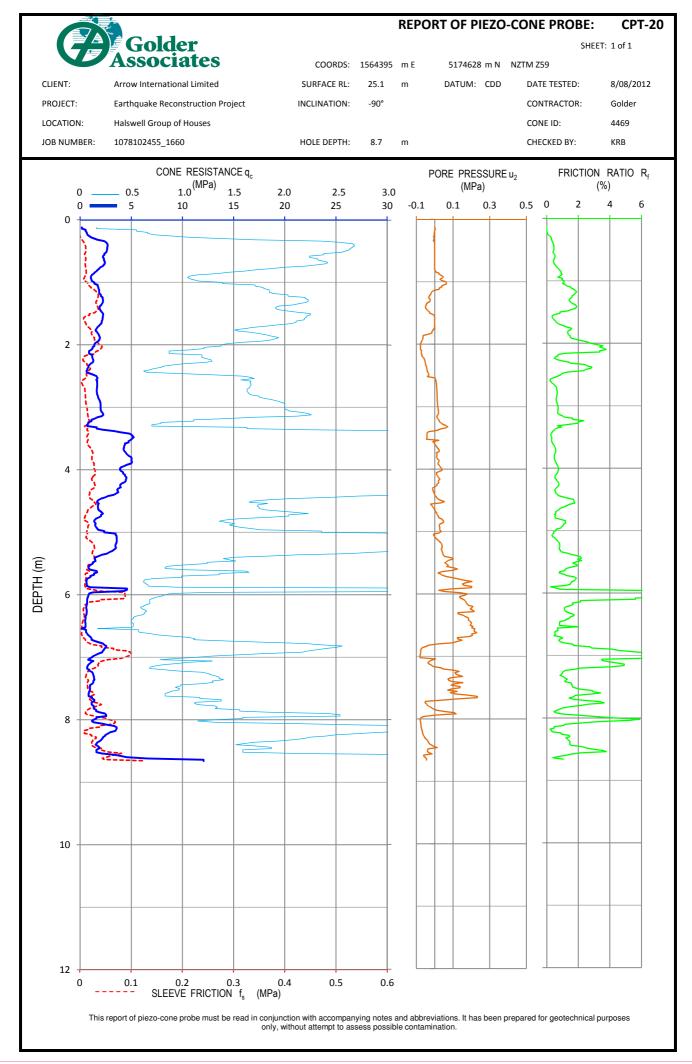




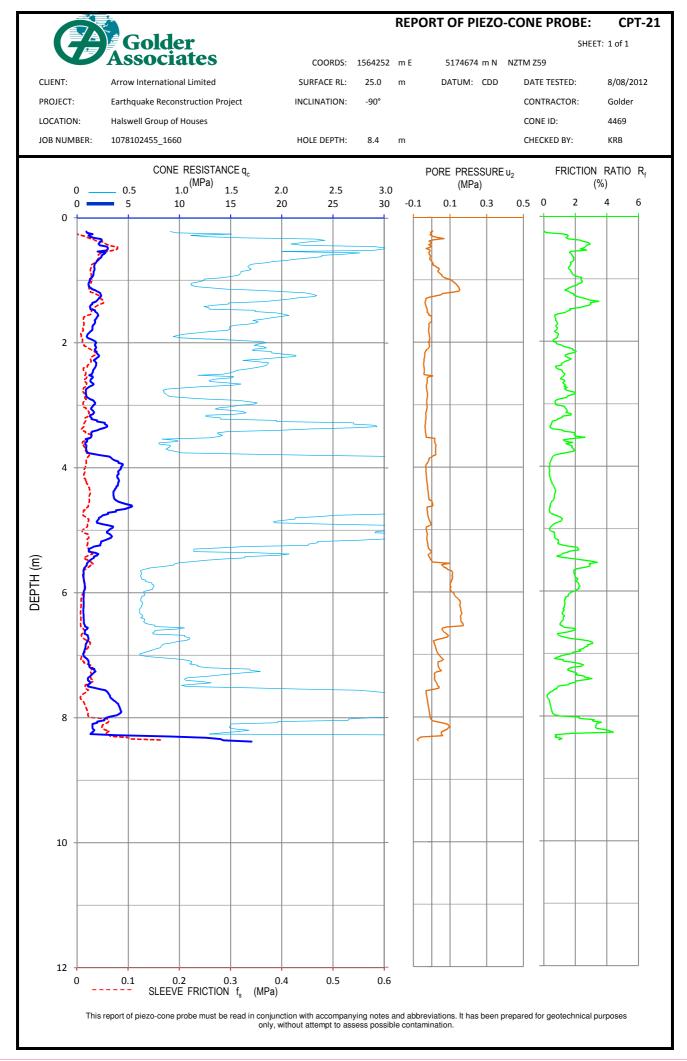


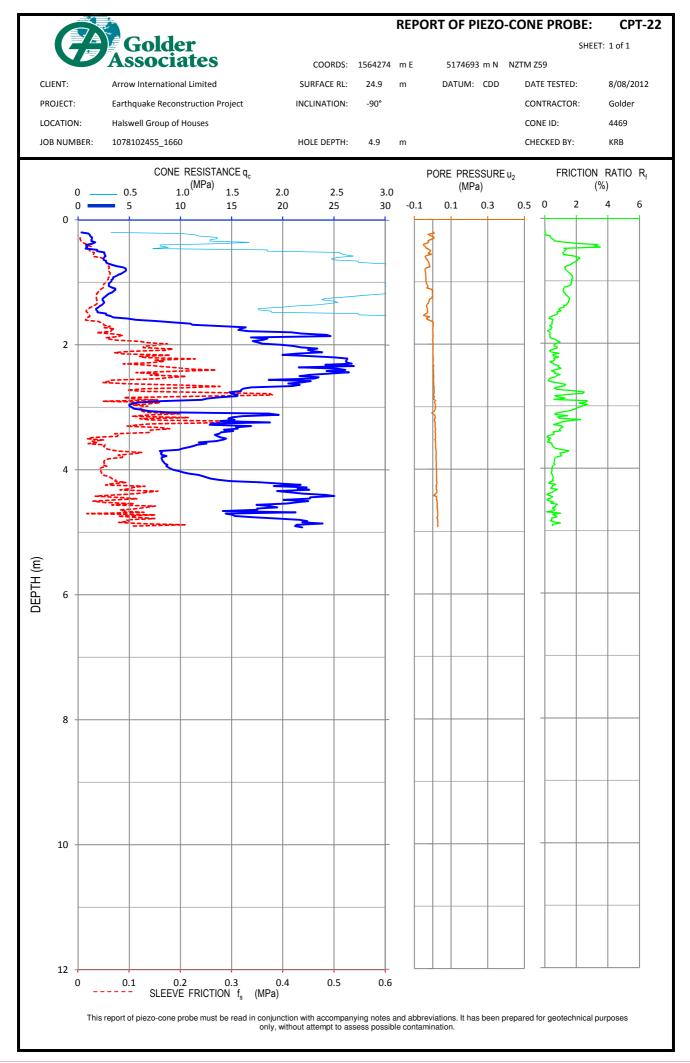


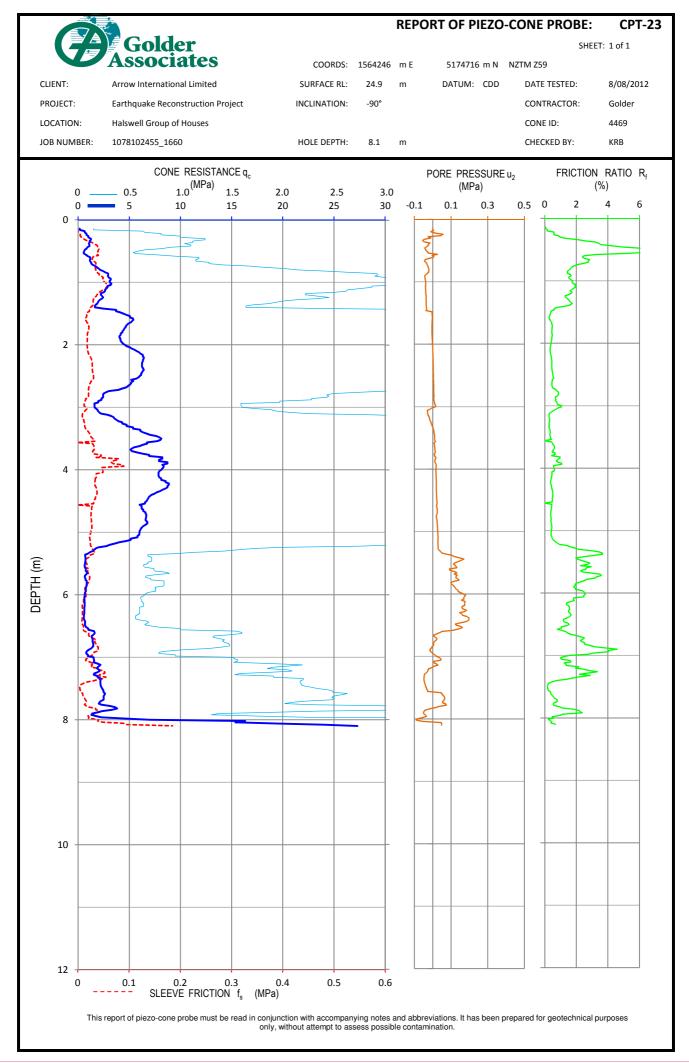




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# EXPLANATION OF TEST METHOD, ABBREVIATIONS & TERMS USED ON FRICTION-CONE & PIEZO-CONE PROBE REPORTS

THRUST FROM

TEST RIG

**SLEEVE FRICTION (f,)** 

CONE RESISTANCE (q_c) PORE PRESSURE

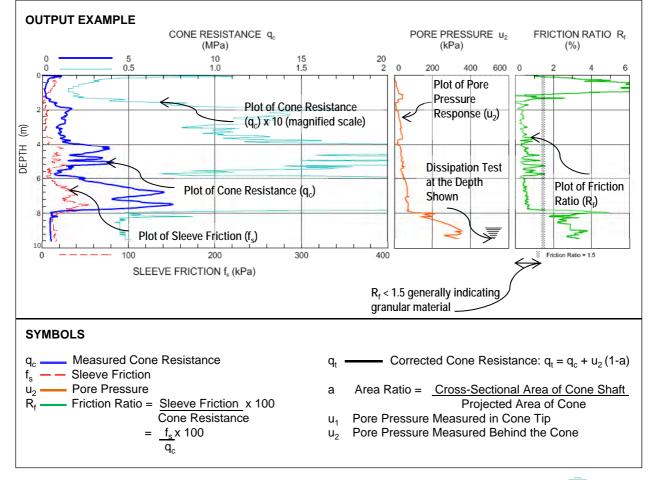
 $(u_{2})$ 

#### FRICTION-CONE PENETRATION TEST (CPT) / PIEZO-CONE PENETRATION TEST (CPTu)

The Friction-Cone Penetration Test (CPT) uses a cone with a following friction sleeve that is fitted with electronic strain and pressure transducers and which is pushed into soil at a constant rate of 1 to 2 cm/s (in accordance with AS1289.6.5.1-1999). The readout from the cone and friction sleeve load cells provide a continuous trace of cone resistance ( $q_c$ ), and sleeve friction ( $f_s$ ). If a filter element is incorporated with the cone to measure the pore pressure response (u) as the cone is pushed into the soil, this is referred to as a Piezo-Cone Penetration Test (CPTu). The data obtained from the cone, friction sleeve load cells and pore pressure transducer is transmitted to a computer for data processing and presentation. Traditionally the data is transferred to the surface via a cable that is run inside hollow stem push rods typically 35.7 mm in outside diameter. However data can also be transmitted to the surface via an acoustic signal along the metal rod string and negating the need for a cable connection. This device is referred to as an acoustic cone or acoustic piezo-cone.

The measured values of  $q_c$ ,  $f_s$  and u can be interpreted to assess soil stratigraphy, strength and deformation characteristics. These characteristics may be interpreted using published methods such as outlined in *Cone Penetration Testing in Geotechnical Practice* (Lunne et al 1997).

Dissipation tests can be undertaken during a CPTu by halting the push at a selected depth and measuring the rate of decay in the pore pressure generated. As the cone is stationary, the pore pressure will dissipate to the *in situ* hydrostatic pore pressure. By recording and plotting this rate of dissipation, a measure of the horizontal permeability and consolidation characteristics of the soil can then be inferred.



GAP Form No. 58 RL0 September 2011











Page 1 of 10 Pages Reference No: 12/1217 Date: 20 September 2012

## **TEST REPORT – HALSWELL ROAD INVESTIGATIONS**

Client Details:	Golder Assoc	iates (	NZ) L	.td, P	.O. B	ox 2281,	, Christ	church	At	tention:		M.F	urniss			
Job Description:	Halswell Rd	/ Halsw	vell Ju	incti	on Rd	l – J/N 1	078102	455-166	50 Sa	mple So	ource:	BH-	HAS-0	1 @ 2.80	m to a	3.25n
Sample Description:	SAND	vith so	me sil	lt					Sa	mpled B	By:	M.F	urniss			
Date & Time Sample	ed: 22-Aug	22-Aug-12 (Trial 134)										Bore	hole			
PARTICLE SIZI (NZS 4402:1986			100 -				1 1 1 1	0.063	0.212	0.60	2.36	9.50 13.2	26.5 37.5	63.0 75.0 106 150	007	
Test Sieve (mm)	% Passing (by mass)		90 -						1							
37.5									1							
26.5			80 -							вн-н	[AS-01	a 2.8	80m to	3.25m		
19.0			70 -					++++-+								
13.2		ass)	60 -													
9.50		% Passing (bv mass)														
4.75		sing (	₀ 50 -													
2.36		% Pas	40 -		-											
2.00			30 -													
1.18				-												
0.60	100		20 -					1								
0.30	96		10 -					-								
0.212	84		0 -													
0.150	60			001	-	0.01		0.1	24.5	1		10		100		100
0.075	19			CLAY	Fine	Medium	Coarse	Fine	Medium SAND	Coarse	Fine	Medium GRAVEL	Coarse	COBBLES	BOULI	DERS
0.063	14					as received passing the				nad hu difi	6					

WATER CONTENT RESULT - NZS 4402:1986, Test 2.1									
Water Content: (As Received)	26.1 %								
Note: The sample received was in a natural state.									

Note:

- IANZ endorsement of this report applies to the samples as received.
- IANZ endorsement of this report does not apply to the sample description.
- This report may not be reproduced except in full.

Tested By: P.R. Gibson

#### Date: 13 to 19-Sep-12

**Transcriptions Checked By:** 

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Page 2 of 10 Pages Reference No: 12/1217 Date: 20 September 2012

#### **TEST REPORT – HALSWELL ROAD INVESTIGATIONS**

Client Details:	Golder Associate	es (N	IZ) I	Ltd, P	.O. B	ox 2281,	Christ	chure	ch	At	tention:			M. Fu	irniss	s				
Job Description:	Halswell Rd / Ha	alswo	ell J	unctio	on Rd	– J/N 10	0781024	455-1	660	Sa	mple So	ource:		BH-H	IAS-(	01	@ 4.50	m to	4.95r	m
Sample Description:	SAND with	h minor silt and trace of / minor gravel Sampled By: M. Furniss																		
Date & Time Sample	ed: 22-Aug-12	(Tri	al 13	34)						Sa	mple M	ethod	:	Boreh	nole					_
PARTICLE SIZE (NZS 4402:1986			100	-			1 1 1 1	0.063	0.150 0.212	0.30	0.60	2.36	c/.+	19.0	26.5 37.5	<u>63.0</u>	75.0 106 150	7007		1
Test Sieve (mm)	% Passing (by mass)		90							-		~~~~c								
37.5																				
26.5	100		80							Γ	вн-н	AS-0	1 @	4.50	)m te	0 4	1.95m	1		
19.0	98		70								HIII		- @		TT	Ħ				-
13.2	96	(sse	60																	
9.50	95	by ma	00																	
4.75	95	% Passing (by mass)	50																	
2.36	95	Pass	40	_	_															-
2.00	95	~	30						1											
1.18	95		30																	
0.60	95		20					+											++++	
0.30	91		10																	
0.212	70							0												
0.150	35		0 0.	.001		0.01		0.1			1		_	10			100		10	י 100
0.075	9			CLAY	Fine	Medium SILT	Coarse	Fin		Medium SAND	Coarse	Fine		edium AVEL	Coarse	_ (	COBBLES	BOUL	DERS	
0.063	7					s received				ohtai	ned hy dif	foronco								

WATER CONTENT RESULT - NZS 4402:1986, Test 2.1								
Water Content: (As Received) 25.0 %								
Note: The sample received was in a natural state.								

Note:

• IANZ endorsement of this report applies to the samples as received.

• IANZ endorsement of this report does not apply to the sample description.

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Tested By: P.R. Gibson

Date: 13 to 19-Sep-12

**Transcriptions Checked By:** 

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Page 3 of 10 Pages Reference No: 12/1217 Date: 20 September 2012

## **TEST REPORT – HALSWELL ROAD INVESTIGATIONS**

Client Details:	Gold	er Associat	es (N	NZ)	Ltd, I	P.0	). B	ox 22	81,	Christ	tchu	rch	A	Atte	ntion	:		N	1. Fu	urniss	5				
Job Description:	Halsv	vell Rd / Ha	alsw	ell J	unct	ion	Rd	– J/ľ	N 10	78102	455	-1660	S	Sam	ple So	ource	e:	В	H-F	IAS-(	)2 (	a) 2.50	m to	<b>)</b> 2.	95m
Sample Description:		SILT with	min	or s	and								S	Sam	pled l	By:		N	1. Fı	urniss	5				
Date & Time Sample	ed:	27-Aug-12	(Tri	ial 1	32)								S	Sam	ple M	letho	d:	B	orel	hole					
PARTICLE SIZ				100							$\begin{array}{c} 0.063 \\ 0.075 \end{array}$	0.150	0.30	0.60	1.18	2.36	4.75	9.50	13.2 19.0	26.5 37.5	63.0	106	007		
Test Sieve (mm)	% P	assing mass)		90							J	-													
37.5	(2,	iiiussy																							
26.5				80								B	H-H	IAS	5-02	a 2	.50	m te	o 2.	95m					
19.0				70	-	-				-	+++		T	TT		ĪT	TT		T	TT					
13.2			nass)	60	-	_		_			-		-										_	-	
9.50			(by r	50							(a) (a) (a)														
4.75			sing	50																					
2.36			% Passing (by mass)	40	-	-								+++							-	-			
2.00			°`	30																					
1.18					-																				
0.60				20	-																				
0.30				10	-																				
0.212	1	100	_	0																					
0.150		99			0.001			0.0	-		_	0.1			1			10		-		100			1000
0.075		92			CLAY		Fine	Med		Coarse		Fine	Mediun SAND		Coarse	Fir	ne	Medi GRAV		Coarse	C	OBBLES	BOU	LDEI	RS
0.063		91								in a nai 63µm			ıs obta	ainea	l bv dif	feren	ce.								

WATER CONTENT & PLASTICITY INDEX RESULTS - NZS 4402:1986, Test 2.1, 2.2, 2.3 & 2.4								
Water Content: (As Received)29.6 %								
Liquid Limit: (LL) Not Applicable (NA)								
Plastic Limit: (PL)	Non Plastic (NP)							
Plasticity Index: (PI)	Non Plastic (NP)							
Note: The sample received was in a natural state. The plasticity index material tested was whole soil.								

Note:

IANZ endorsement of this report applies to the samples as received.

IANZ endorsement of this report does not apply to the sample description.

• This report may not be reproduced except in full.

Tested By: P.R. Gibson

Date: 13 to 19-Sep-12 emplus

**Transcriptions Checked By:** 

All tests reported herein have been performed in accordance with the laboratory's scope of accreditation



#### Specialist Quality Assurance Service in Aggregate, Concrete and Soils Testing CCC Approved Consent Countent of the Consent of 293



Page 4 of 10 Pages Reference No: 12/1217 Date: 20 September 2012

#### **TEST REPORT – HALSWELL ROAD INVESTIGATIONS**

<b>Client Details:</b>	Gole	der Associates (NZ) Ltd, P.O. Box 2281, Christchurch	Attention:	M. Furniss
Job Description:	Hals	swell Rd / Halswell Junction Rd – J/N 1078102455-1660	Sample Source:	BH-HAS-02 @ 6.00m to 6.45m
Sample Description	:	SILT with minor / some clay	Sampled By:	M. Furniss
Date & Time Sampl	ed:	27-Aug-12 (Trial 132)	Sample Method:	Borehole

WATER CONTENT & PLASTICITY INDEX RESULTS - NZS 4402:1986, Test 2.1, 2.2, 2.3 & 2.4								
Water Content: (As Received)36.8 %								
Liquid Limit: (LL) 39								
Plastic Limit: (PL)	28							
Plasticity Index: (PI)	Plasticity Index: (PI) 11							
Note: The sample received was in a natural state. The plasticity index material tested was whole soil.								

Note:

• IANZ endorsement of this report applies to the samples as received.

• IANZ endorsement of this report does not apply to the sample description.

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Tested By: P.R. Gibson

Date: 13 to 19-Sep-12 emplus







Page 5 of 10 Pages Reference No: 12/1217 Date: 20 September 2012

## **TEST REPORT – HALSWELL ROAD INVESTIGATIONS**

<b>Client Details:</b>	Gold	er Associat	es (N	NZ) I	Ltd, I	<b>P.O</b> .	Boy	x 2281,	Christ	chui	rch	A	Atter	ntion	:		M.F	urnis	s							
Job Description:	Halsv	well Rd / H	alsw	ell J	uncti	on F	Rd –	J/N 1	078102	455-	1660	S	amp	ole So	ource	:	BH-	HAS-(	03 (	ē) 1.00	m to	1.4	5m			
Sample Description	:	Silty SANI	D wi	th tr	ace o	f gra	avel					S	amp	oled l	By:		M.F	urnis	niss							
Date & Time Samp	led:	28-Aug-12	(Tri	ial 12	28)							S	amp	ole M	[etho	d:	Bore	ehole								
PARTICLE SIZ (NZS 4402:198				100						$0.063 \\ 0.075$	0.150	0.30	0.60	1.18	2.36	4.75	9.50 13.2	26.5 37.5	63.0 75.0	106 150	007					
Test Sieve (mm)	% P	2.8.1) Passing mass)		100 90								r	-	-		•										
37.5	(°-)	,																								
26.5				80									BI	н І-Н.	AS-	)3 @	¢ 1.00	)m to	1.4	15m			++			
19.0				70	-	-					-												+-			
13.2	1	100	ass)	60												_							_			
9.50		99	% Passing (by mass)	-							Î				-											
4.75		98	ssing	50							1															
2.36		98	% Pa	40	-						-															
2.00		98	_	30																						
1.18		97		00	1					1																
0.60		97		20						ď													++			
0.30		96		10																			4			
0.212		86		0																						
0.150		57			.001			0.01		0.		26.1		1			10			100			100			
0.075		25			CLAY	Fit	le	Medium SILT	Coarse	F	ine	Mediun SAND		Coarse	Fin		Medium GRAVEL	Coarse	C0	OBBLES	BOUI	DERS	s			
0.063		21							l in a nat le 63µm			1.			x											

WATER CONTENT RESULT - NZS 4402:1986, Test 2.1									
Water Content: (As Received)	20.9 %								
Note: The sample received was in a natural state.									

Note:

• IANZ endorsement of this report applies to the samples as received.

IANZ endorsement of this report does not apply to the sample description.

• This report may not be reproduced except in full.

Tested By: P.R. Gibson

Date: 13 to 19-Sep-12

**Transcriptions Checked By:** 

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Page 6 of 10 Pages Reference No: 12/1217 Date: 20 September 2012

## **TEST REPORT – HALSWELL ROAD INVESTIGATIONS**

Client Details:	Golder Associa							-				tten	tion:				. Fu						
Job Description:	Halswell Rd / I							078102	455	-1660		-	le So		:					@ 4.0	0m	to 4	4.45n
Sample Description:	Silty SAN	ND wi	th tr	ace o	f gra	ave					Sa	ımp	led E	By:		M	. Fu	rnis	S				
Date & Time Sample	ed: 30-Aug-1	2 (Tr	ial 12	28)							Sa	ımp	le M	etho	d:	Bo	oreho	ole					
PARTICLE SIZE (NZS 4402:1986									$0.063 \\ 0.075$	0.150	0.212	0.60	1.18	2.36	4.75	9.50 13.2	19.0	20.5 37.5	63.0	106 150	200		
Test Sieve (mm)	, rest 2.8.1) % Passing (by mass)		100 90							1	P	•											
37.5	(1,)									1													
26.5			80							1		BH	-HA	S-0	3 (a	. 4.0	)0m	to	4.4	45m			
19.0			70	-	-							TH	H				F	T	TT			+	
13.2		ass)	60										_	_								_	
9.50		% Passing (by mass)	-																				
4.75		ssing	50																				
2.36		% Pa	40	-					1														
2.00	100		30	_				_	1														
1.18	99			1					T														
0.60	99		20																				
0.30	99		10																				
0.212	97		0																				
0.150	86			.001	Fir		0.01 Medium	Coarse		0.1 Fine	Medium	_	1 oarse	Fine		10 Mediur		Coarse		100			100
0.075	38			CLAY			SILT				SAND		odise	L-III6		GRAVE		Coarse	0	COBBLES	BC	DULD	ERS
0.063	29							d in a nat he 63µm			as obta	d	h <i>1:6</i>										

WATER CONTENT RESULT - NZS 4402:1986, Test 2.1								
Water Content: (As Received)	25.3 %							
Note: The sample received was in a natural state.								

Note:

• IANZ endorsement of this report applies to the samples as received.

IANZ endorsement of this report does not apply to the sample description.

• This report may not be reproduced except in full.

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Date: 13 to 19-Sep-12

**Transcriptions Checked By:** 

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### **TEST REPORT – HALSWELL ROAD INVESTIGATIONS**

<b>Client Details:</b>	Gol	der Associates (NZ) Ltd, P.O. Box 2281, Christchurch	Attention:	M. Furniss
Job Description:	Hals	swell Rd / Halswell Junction Rd – J/N 1078102455-1660	Sample Source:	BH-HAS-03 @ 5.50m to 5.95m
Sample Description:	:	SILT with minor clay	Sampled By:	M. Furniss
Date & Time Sampl	ed:	30-Aug-12 (Trial 128)	Sample Method:	Borehole

WATER CONTENT & PLASTICITY IN	NDEX RESULTS - NZS 4402:1986, Test 2.1, 2.2, 2.3 & 2.4
Water Content: (As Received)	20.4 %
Liquid Limit: (LL)	26
Plastic Limit: (PL)	22
Plasticity Index: (PI)	4
Note: The sample received was in a natural state. The	e plasticity index material tested was whole soil.

Note:

• IANZ endorsement of this report applies to the samples as received.

• IANZ endorsement of this report does not apply to the sample description.

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Page 8 of 10 Pages Reference No: 12/1217 Date: 20 September 2012

## **TEST REPORT – HALSWELL ROAD INVESTIGATIONS**

Client Details:	Golder Associa	ates (N	NZ) Ltd	, P.O	). Bo	x 2281,	Christ	church	At	tention		M. F	urniss			
Job Description:	Halswell Rd / ]	Halsw	ell Jun	ction	Rd -	- J/N 1(	078102	455-166	0 Sa	mple So	ource:	BH-I	HAS-0	4 @ 2.50	m to	2.95n
Sample Description:	SAND w	ith tra	ice of si	lt					Sa	mpled l	By:	<b>M.</b> F	urniss			
Date & Time Sample	ed: 3-Sep-12	(Tria	l 142)						Sa	mple M	ethod:	Bore	hole			
PARTICLE SIZI (NZS 4402:1986			100					0.063 0.075 0.150	0.212	0.60	2.36	9.50 13.2 19.0	26.5 37.5	63.0 75.0 106 150	007	
Test Sieve (mm)	% Passing (by mass)		100 90						1							
37.5																
26.5			80							BH-F	IAS-04	4 @ 2.5	50m t	o 2.95m	1	
19.0			70 -	-					1						1	
13.2		(sse	60													
9.50		% Passing (by mass)														
4.75		sing (	50													
2.36		∕₀ Pas	40	_												
2.00		•`	30													
1.18				-												
0.60	100		20													
0.30	94		10	_												
0.212	71		0					-								
0.150	25		0.001			0.01		0.1	1	1		10		100		100
0.075	4		CL	AY	Fine	Medium SILT	Coarse	Fine	Medium SAND	Coarse	Fine	Medium GRAVEL	Coarse	COBBLES	BOULI	DERS
0.063	4							ural state. test sieve v	vas obtai	ned bv dif	ference					

WATER CONTENT	Г RESULT - NZS 4402:1986, Test 2.1
Water Content: (As Received)	26.4 %
Note: The sample received was in a natural state.	

Note:

• IANZ endorsement of this report applies to the samples as received.

IANZ endorsement of this report does not apply to the sample description.

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Tested By: P.R. Gibson

Date: 13 to 19-Sep-12

**Transcriptions Checked By:** 

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Page 9 of 10 Pages Reference No: 12/1217 Date: 20 September 2012

### **TEST REPORT – HALSWELL ROAD INVESTIGATIONS**

<b>Client Details:</b>	Gol	der Associates (NZ) Ltd, P.O. Box 2281, Christchurch	Attention:	M. Furniss
Job Description:	Hals	swell Rd / Halswell Junction Rd – J/N 1078102455-1660	Sample Source:	BH-HAS-04 @ 5.50m to 5.95m
Sample Description	:	SILT with minor / some clay	Sampled By:	M. Furniss
Date & Time Sampl	ed:	3-Sep-12 (Trial 142)	Sample Method:	Borehole

WATER CONTENT & PLASTICITY IN	NDEX RESULTS - NZS 4402:1986, Test 2.1, 2.2, 2.3 & 2.4
Water Content: (As Received)	35.2 %
Liquid Limit: (LL)	39
Plastic Limit: (PL)	30
Plasticity Index: (PI)	9
Note: The sample received was in a natural state. The	e plasticity index material tested was whole soil.

Note:

• IANZ endorsement of this report applies to the samples as received.

• IANZ endorsement of this report does not apply to the sample description.

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Tested By: P.R. Gibson

**Transcriptions Checked By:** 

Date: 13 to 19-Sep-12

All tests reported herein have been performed in accordance with the laboratory's scope of accreditation





Page 10 of 10 Pages Reference No: 12/1217 Date: 20 September 2012

### **TEST REPORT – HALSWELL ROAD INVESTIGATIONS**

<b>Client Details:</b>	Gol	der Associates (NZ) Ltd, P.O. Box 2281, Christchurch	Attention:	M. Furniss
Job Description:	Hals	swell Rd / Halswell Junction Rd – J/N 1078102455-1660	Sample Source:	BH-HAS-04 @ 6.50m to 6.95m
Sample Description	:	SILT with minor clay	Sampled By:	M. Furniss
Date & Time Sampl	ed:	3-Sep-12 (Trial 142)	Sample Method:	Borehole

WATER CONTENT & PLASTICITY IN	NDEX RESULTS - NZS 4402:1986, Test 2.1, 2.2, 2.3 & 2.4
Water Content: (As Received)	24.7 %
Liquid Limit: (LL)	26
Plastic Limit: (PL)	21
Plasticity Index: (PI)	5
Note: The sample received was in a natural state. The	e plasticity index material tested was whole soil.

Note:

• IANZ endorsement of this report applies to the samples as received.

IANZ endorsement of this report does not apply to the sample description.

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Tested By: P.R. Gibson

**Transcriptions Checked By:** 

**Approved Signatory** 

A.P. Julius Laboratory Manager

Date: 13 to 19-Sep-12







Page 1 of 9 Pages Reference No: 12/1253 Date: 25 September 2012

## **TEST REPORT – HALSWELL INVESTIGATIONS**

<b>Client Details:</b>	Gol	der Associate	es (N	Z) I	.td,	<b>P.</b> (	). B	ox	2281	, Ch	ris	tch	ur	ch		A	tte	ent	ion	:				A.	Ba	ldv	wir	ı						
Job Description:	Hals	swell Group					110	78	10245	5-16	660	)				S	am	ıpl	e S	our	ce	:		BI	I-F	łA	<b>S-0</b>	1 (	<b>a</b> 6	5.00	m t	to (	5.4	5m
Sample Description	:	SAND with	n tra	ce of	f silt	t										S	am	ıpl	ed	By	:			Uı	ıkr	iow	vn							
Date & Time Samp	led:	Unknown														S	an	ıpl	e N	letl	hoc	l:		Bo	ore	hol	e							
PARTICLE SIZ (NZS 4402:198				100								0.063	c/ <b>n</b> .n	0.150	0.212	222	0.60		1.18	2.36		4.75	i c	9.50	19.0	26.5	37.5	63.0	106	150 200	202			
Test Sieve (mm)	%	Passing y mass)		90											f																			
37.5																																		
26.5				80		+	+									+					⊢∔ R∓			16	_01	 1 @	ן דו ה ו		ա Որ	1 to	 \ 6	⊥⊥ 45	⊥⊔ ím	Ħ
19.0				70	-	+	++							_		_			-			∎-∎ 		10		ւ (é	יע ∏	,.U	<b>U</b>	1 tu	, U.	ריי. דד		┥
13.2			(SS	60																														
9.50			y ma	00																														
4.75			% Passing (by mass)	50		+	++									+														+		+	+	H
2.36			Passi	40		$\perp$	$\parallel$																								$\downarrow$		Ш	Щ
2.00			%																															
1.18				30										1																				Ē.
0.60		100		20		+	++	+						Ļ		+									-					+	+	+	++	H
0.30		94		10										4																				Щ
0.212		63										d	X																					
0.150		18	1	0	.001				0.01				0.1					1						10			11		100					1000
0.075		3	1		CLA	Y	Fine		Medium SILT	С	oarse		Fir	ie		dium		Co	arse		Fine			ediur RAVF		Co	arse	С	OBBI	LES	во	ULD	ERS	
0.063		2							receive issing i						vas e	obta	ine	ed b	y dij	ffere	enco	e.												
					-	_		<u> </u>	2		-									-													_	_

Note:

- IANZ endorsement of this report applies to the samples as received.
- IANZ endorsement of this report does not apply to the sample description.
- This report may not be reproduced except in full.

Tested By: L.T. Smith

Date: 19 to 24-Sep-12

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### **TEST REPORT – HALSWELL INVESTIGATIONS**

<b>Client Details:</b>	Gol	der Associate	es (N	Z) I	.td, I	<b>P.O</b> .	Bo	x 2	281,	Chr	istc	chu	rch		Att	ten	tion	:			A.	Bal	ldwi	n					
Job Description:	Hal	swell Group	of H	ouse	s – J	/N 1	107	810	)2455	5-16	50				Sai	mp	le So	ouro	e:		BH	I-H	AS-	01	<i>a</i> :	9.00	m t	o 9	.45m
Sample Descriptio	n:	Sandy GRA	AVE	L wi	ith m	ino	r si	lt							Sai	mp	led l	By:			Un	kn	own						
Date & Time Sam	pled:	Unknown													Sai	mp	le M	leth	od:		Bo	reh	ole						
PARTICLE SI (NZS 4402:19				100	1						0.00	0.05	0.150	0.212	0,60	8.	1.18	2.36	4 7S	? ;	9.50 13.2	19.0	26.5 37.5	63.0	75.0 106	150			
Test Sieve (mm)		Passing y mass)		90 ·																									
37.5		100																											
26.5		93		80	BI	I-H		5-0	)1 @	9.0	0n	ı to	9.4	5m								Î						$\square$	
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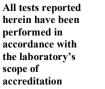
Note:

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Tested By: L.T. Smith

Date: 19 to 24-Sep-12

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Page 3 of 9 Pages Reference No: 12/1253 Date: 25 September 2012

## **TEST REPORT – HALSWELL INVESTIGATIONS**

<b>Client Details:</b>	Gol	der Associate	es (N	(Z) 1	L <b>td, F</b>	<b>P.O.</b>	Box	. 2281,	Chri	stch	urcl	1	A	tte	ntion	ı:			<b>A.</b> ]	Bal	dwi	n					
Job Description:	Hal	swell Group	of H	ous	es – J	/N 1	078	10245	5-166	0			Sa	am	ple S	ouro	e:		BH	-H/	AS-	05	a 2.5	50n	n to	2.	95m
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Note:

• IANZ endorsement of this report applies to the samples as received.

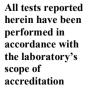
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Tested By: L.T. Smith

Date: 19 to 24-Sep-12

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Page 4 of 9 Pages Reference No: 12/1253 Date: 25 September 2012

# **TEST REPORT – HALSWELL INVESTIGATIONS**

Client Details:	Gol	der Associates (NZ) Ltd, P.O. Box 2281, Christchurch	Attention:	A. Baldwin
Job Description:	Hals	swell Group of Houses – J/N 1078102455-1660	Sample Source:	BH-HAS-05 @ 4.00m to 4.45m
Sample Description:	:	SILT & SAND with minor clay	Sampled By:	Unknown
Date & Time Sampl	ed:	Unknown	Sample Method:	Borehole

WATER CONTENT & PLASTICITY I	NDEX RESULTS - NZS 4402:1986, Test 2.1, 2.2, 2.3 & 2.4
Water Content: (As Received)	37.0 %
Liquid Limit: (LL)	30
Plastic Limit: (PL)	26
Plasticity Index: (PI)	4
Note: The sample received was in a natural state. Th	e plasticity index material tested was the -425µm fraction.

Note:

• IANZ endorsement of this report applies to the samples as received.

• IANZ endorsement of this report does not apply to the sample description.

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Tested By: L.T. Smith

Date: 19 to 24-Sep-12

**Transcriptions Checked By:** 

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Page 5 of 9 Pages Reference No: 12/1253 Date: 25 September 2012

# **TEST REPORT – HALSWELL INVESTIGATIONS**

Client Details:	Gold	der Associates (NZ) Ltd, P.O. Box 2281, Christchurch	Attention:	A. Baldwin
Job Description:	Hals	swell Group of Houses – J/N 1078102455-1660	Sample Source:	BH-HAS-06 @ 4.00m to 4.45m
Sample Description		SAND with some silt	Sampled By:	Unknown
Date & Time Sampl	ed:	Unknown	Sample Method:	Borehole

WATER CONTENT & PLASTICITY INDEX	X RESULTS - NZS 4402:1986, Test 2.1, 2.3, 2.4 & 2.5				
Water Content: (As Received)	23.9 %				
Cone Penetration Limit: (CPL)	24				
Plastic Limit: (PL)	Non Plastic (NP)				
Plasticity Index: (PI)	Non Plastic (NP)				
Note: The sample received was in a natural state. The plasticity index material tested was the -425µm fraction.					

Note:

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Tested By: L.T. Smith

Date: 19 to 24-Sep-12

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Page 6 of 9 Pages Reference No: 12/1253 Date: 25 September 2012

# **TEST REPORT – HALSWELL INVESTIGATIONS**

Client Details:	Gol	der Associate	es (N	Z) L	.td, P.	. <b>O.</b> B	ox	2281,	Ch	rist	chu	rch		At	tent	ion:			A	. Ba	ldw	in						
Job Description:	Hal	swell Group	of H	ouse	s – J/	N 10	78	10245	5-16	660				Sa	mpl	e Sou	irce	:	В	H-H	IAS	-06	a	8.50	)m ⁻	to 8	3.95	5m
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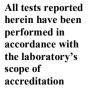
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Tested By: L.T. Smith

Date: 19 to 24-Sep-12

**Transcriptions Checked By:** 

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Page 7 of 9 Pages Reference No: 12/1253 Date: 25 September 2012

# **TEST REPORT – HALSWELL INVESTIGATIONS**

Client Details:	Gol	der Associates (NZ) Ltd, P.O. Box 2281, Christchurch	Attention:	A. Baldwin
Job Description:	Hals	swell Group of Houses – J/N 1078102455-1660	Sample Source:	BH-HAS-07 @ 4.00m to 4.45m
Sample Description	:	SAND with some silt	Sampled By:	Unknown
Date & Time Sampl	ed:	Unknown	Sample Method:	Borehole

WATER CONTENT & PLASTICITY INDEX	RESULTS - NZS 4402:1986, Test 2.1, 2.3, 2.4 & 2.5				
Water Content: (As Received)	33.3 %				
Cone Penetration Limit: (CPL)	27				
Plastic Limit: (PL)	Non Plastic (NP)				
Plasticity Index: (PI)	Non Plastic (NP)				
Note: The sample received was in a natural state. The plasticity index material tested was the -425µm fraction.					

Note:

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Tested By: L.T. Smith

Date: 19 to 24-Sep-12

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Page 8 of 9 Pages Reference No: 12/1253 Date: 25 September 2012

# **TEST REPORT – HALSWELL INVESTIGATIONS**

<b>Client Details:</b>	Gol	der Associate	es (N	NZ)	Ltd,	P.C	). B	ox	2281	l, Cl	nris	stc	hurc	h		At	ten	tio	n:				A	. B	ald	lwi	in		_			
Job Description:	Hal	swell Group	of H	lou	ses –	J/N	10'	781	10245	55-1	66	0			;	Sa	mp	le S	Soi	urc	e:		B	H-	HA	۱S-	-07 @	5.	<b>50</b> 1	m t	o 5.9	)5m
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WATER CONTENT & PLASTICITY INDEX	RESULTS - NZS 4402:1986, Test 2.1, 2.2, 2.3 & 2.4
Water Content: (As Received)	27.8 %
Liquid Limit: (LL)	23
Plastic Limit: (PL)	19
Plasticity Index: (PI)	4
Note: The sample received was in a natural state. The plastic	rity index material tested was the -425µm fraction.

Note:

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IANZ endorsement of this report does not apply to the sample description.

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Tested By: L.T. Smith

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Date: 19 to 24-Sep-12

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**Transcriptions Checked By:** 

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Page 9 of 9 Pages Reference No: 12/1253 Date: 25 September 2012

# **TEST REPORT – HALSWELL INVESTIGATIONS**

Client Details:	Gol	der Associates (NZ) Ltd, P.O. Box 2281, Christchurch	Attention:	A. Baldwin
Job Description:	Hal	swell Group of Houses – J/N 1078102455-1660	Sample Source:	BH-HAS-07 @ 7.00m to 7.45m
Sample Description:	:	Sandy SILT with some clay	Sampled By:	Unknown
Date & Time Sampl	ed:	Unknown	Sample Method:	Borehole

WATER CONTENT & PLASTICITY INDE	X RESULTS - NZS 4402:1986, Test 2.1, 2.2, 2.3 & 2.4
Water Content: (As Received)	26.1 %
Liquid Limit: (LL)	35
Plastic Limit: (PL)	24
Plasticity Index: (PI)	11
Note: The sample received was in a natural state. The plas	sticity index material tested was the -425µm fraction.

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Tested By: L.T. Smith

Date: 19 to 24-Sep-12

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**Transcriptions Checked By:** 

**Approved Signatory** 

A.P. Julius Laboratory Manager





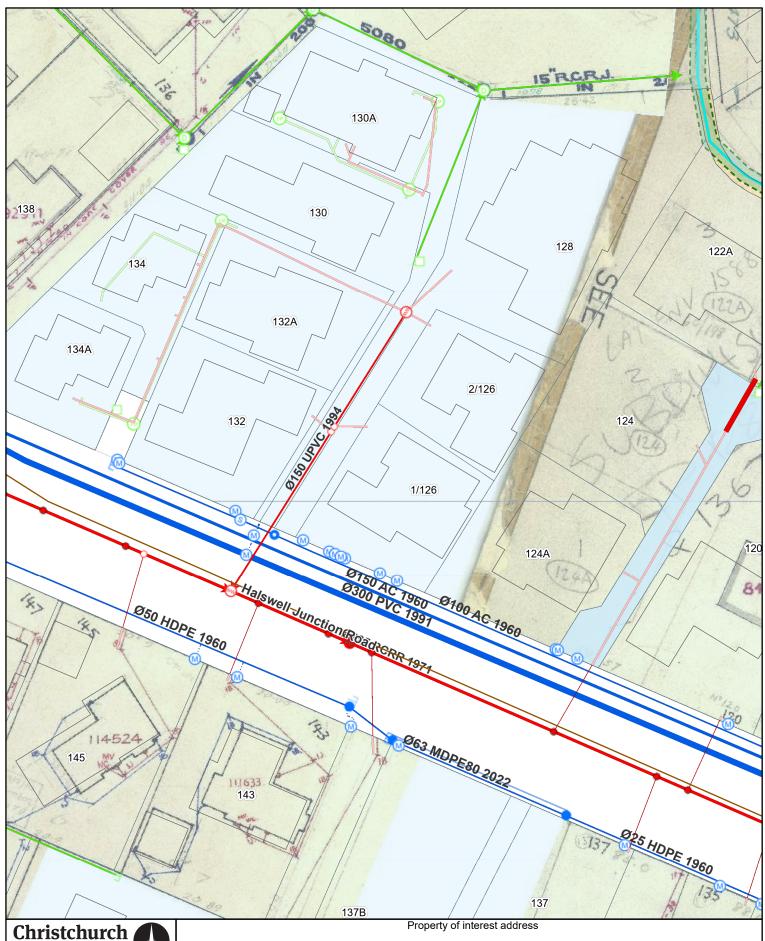
Specialist Quality Assurance Service in Aggregate, Concrete and Soils Testing CCC Approved Consent Documenting IBC N/20144/8652/ices 125/09/20144667. Page 97 of 293 At Golder Associates we strive to be the most respected global company providing consulting, design, and construction services in earth, environment, and related areas of energy. Employee owned since our formation in 1960, our focus, unique culture and operating environment offer opportunities and the freedom to excel, which attracts the leading specialists in our fields. Golder professionals take the time to build an understanding of client needs and of the specific environments in which they operate. We continue to expand our technical capabilities and have experienced steady growth with employees who operate from offices located throughout Africa, Asia, Australasia, Europe, North America, and South America.

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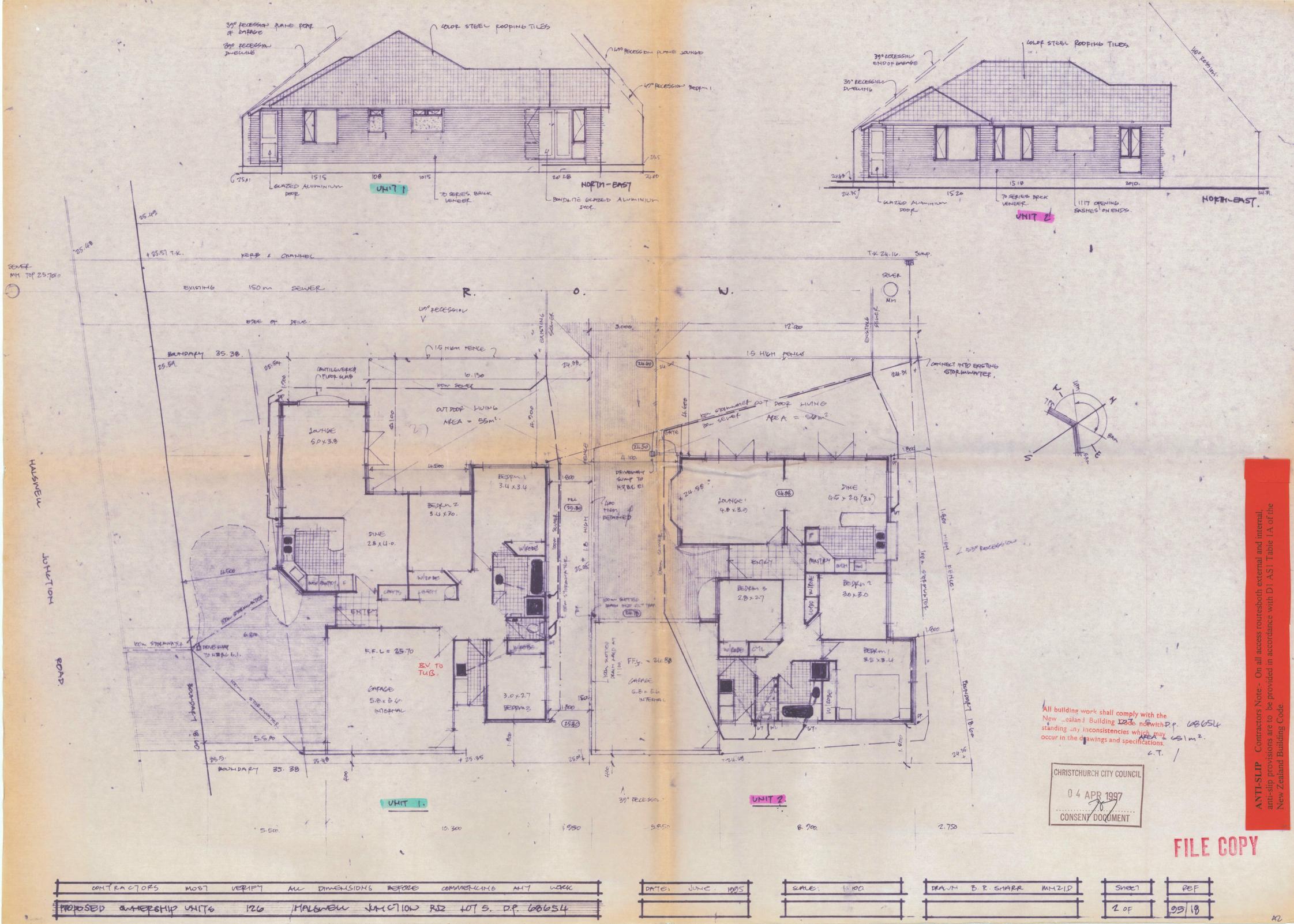
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Proposed  - SwPrivateDrainFieldNote - SwParap - SwFaciltyOtechargePoint - SwWVaIVe  SWVAIVe Type - Check - Duck Bill - Flap - Gate - Gate - Sate	Type Intel Outlet SwInlet Type Dorabe Sump Dorabe Sump Dorabe Sump Dorabe Sump Dorabe Sump Dorabe Sump Dorabe Sump Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport Suport	Double Samp     Impaction Point     Parpaction Point     Parpaction Point     Parpaction Point     Parpaction Point     Sample     Lateral Fitting     SawPipe     NominalDiameter     Dameter is greater than 450mm, up to 700mm     Dameter is greater than 750mm     Dameter is greater than 750mm     Sample Point Point     Sample Point     Sample Point     Sample Point     Sample Point     Sample Point     Sample Point     Sample Point     Sample     Sample Point     Sample     Sample Point     Sample     Sampl	WisPump WSValve NormalPosition,Type Backflow Prevention Butterfly Gate Non Return Pressure Activated	WSFitting Type © Belions Fin Cap © Connector W WSPipe WSPipe NominalDiameter - Diameter is 110mm or smaller = Diameter is updater than 110mm, up to 225mm	- Offer (non-circular pipes) - Weldendum Weldendum Weldendum Weldendum - Molecenvoir - Weldendum - Bannote - Bann	
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# **Certificate of Acceptance**

Section 99, Buildi	ing Act 2004	Form 9 – Building (Forms) Regulations 2004				
Project number	BAA37002026	Date issued	20 April 2020			
The building						
Street address	1/126 Halswell Junction Road	Location within	N/A			
Legal description	Flat 1 DP 75904 on Lot 5 DP 68654 having share in 651 m2	site/block number				
Building name	N/A	Level/unit number	1			
The owner						
Name of owner	Rochelle Ainsworth & Hamish Flanagan	Phone numbers				
Contact person	Rochelle Ainsworth	Landline	N/A			
Mailing address	57 Kennedys Bush Road,	Mobile	0274579666			
	Halswell, Christhchurch	Daytime	N/A			
Street address/	57 Kennedys Bush Road,	After hours	N/A			
registered office	Halswell, Christchurch	Fax	N/A			
Email	hrwholesale@xtra.co.nz	Website	N/A			
First point of contact for communications with the council:						

NameRochelle AinsworthPhoneN/AContact personRochelle AinsworthMobile0274579666Mailing address57 Kennedys Bush Road,<br/>Halswell, ChristhchurchFaxN/AEmailhrwholesale@xtra.co.nz

# Acceptance of compliance

The Christchurch City Council is satisfied, to the best of its knowledge and belief and on reasonable grounds, that, insofar as it can ascertain, the building work described below complies with the <u>building code</u>.

The council was only able to inspect the following parts of the building work and this certificate is qualified as follows:

#### **Description of Work:**

• Install new ensuite shower room

#### The work comprises:

- Remove existing shower room fittings.
- Fit new wall between the ensuite and bathroom.
- Install new plumbing and drainage to ensuite fittings.
- Install new wall linings.

- Form new door from the master bedroom.
- Install shower tray, acrylic wall linings and glazed door.
- Install new WC, cistern and vanity basin.
- Fit tiled splashback above vanity.
- Install wiring and electrical fittings, towel rail and extract fan.
- Install vinyl flooring.
- Miscellaneous works in connection with the above.

#### Building code clauses considered relevant to the work:

- E3 Internal Moisture
- F2 Hazardous Building Materials
- G1 Personal Hygiene
- G4 Ventilation
- G9 Electricity
- G12 Water Supplies
- G13 Foul Water

#### The work is subject to the following exclusion(s):

• Elements that could not be sighted or otherwise verified for compliance with the Building Code are to be excluded from the Certificate of Acceptance.

#### This Certificate is qualified as follows:

#### **Clause E3 - Internal Moisture**

- From the photographs received with the application it can be verified that the wall to shower linings, the sanitary fittings to wall and floor linings have been sealed to reduce the risk of damage to the building elements. Floor and wall finishes are easily cleaned.
- The installation of the mechanical extract fan and heating (see Clause G4 and G9) will reduce the risk of damage to wall linings from the build-up of moisture laden air. Compliance can be accepted.

#### **Clause F2 - Hazardous Building Materials**

• The shower door is glazed. The applicant has confirmed that the door has been stamped with a mark to verify compliance with NZS 2208 – Safety glazing materials in buildings. Compliance can be accepted.

#### Clause G1 - Personal Hygiene

• The photographs and floor plans provided with the application verify that the ensuite shower room provides suitable facilities and spaces to carry out tasks relating to personal hygiene. Compliance can be accepted.

#### **Clause G4 - Ventilation**

• The plans and photographs provide verification that the bathroom has been provided with both natural ventilation and mechanical ventilation. Provided either or both are used, adequate air changes can be achieved. Compliance can be accepted.

#### **Clause G9 - Electricity**

- Alterations were undertaken to the existing electrical supply to the area to liven up the lighting, extract fan, towel rail and outlets within the ensuite.
- The alterations were undertaken by Bradley Pomare of Skilled Electrical and have been verified by the provision of an electrical certificate of compliance. Compliance can be accepted.

#### Clause G12 - Water Supplies

- Hot and cold water supplies are from the existing supplies.
- Alterations were undertaken to connect to the fittings to the existing water supplies by Certifying plumber Joshua Cottle of Cottle Plumbing Limited. Compliance can be accepted.

#### **Clause G13 - Foul Water**

- Additional connections have been made from the new sanitary fittings to the existing drainage outfalls.
- The alterations and additions were undertaken b Certifying plumber Joshua Cottle of Cottle Plumbing Limited. Compliance can be accepted.

# NB Where compliance with stated building code clauses may not been verified, Council also has no evidence to indicate that the building may be dangerous or insanitary as a consequence.

#### This certificate is based on the following information:

- Certificate of Acceptance application form.
- Accompanying documents
- Inspection report, observations and photographs.

Nothing in this certificate limits the requirement that a person must not carry out building work except in accordance with a building consent, nor does it relieve any person from the requirement to obtain a building consent for building work.

# Attachments

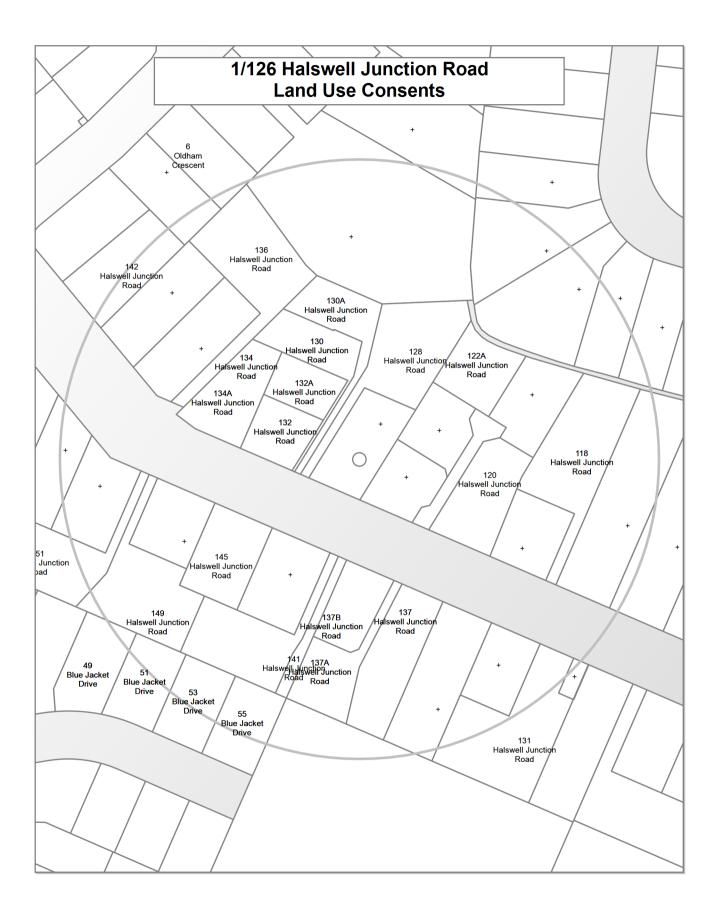
- Approval Letter
- Stamped approved documents.
- Inspection report.

lFarmage

Signature:

Position: Building Control Officer On behalf of the Christchurch City Council: Date: 20 April 2020

SKILLEI ELECTRICA	D 0800 SKILLED 0800 754553 office@skilledelectrical.co.nz www.skilledelectrical.co.nz						
Reference/Certificate ID NO: 2116 This form has been designed to be used by licensed electrical workers to certify that installations or Part installations under Part 1 or Part 2 of AS/NZS 3000 are safe to be connected to the <u>specified</u> system of electrical supply. Location Details: I/I2G HalSWell Junction RP Contact Details: (Name and address) Description of Work: (including date/s of work and type of supply system) Both room: wired and installed ethorist Fan , vanity Sockets Vanity hT, four I Ensuite: wired and installed ethorist Fan , Down LTS, vanity Socket, four I Ensuite: wired and installed ethorist Fan , Down LTS, vanity Socket, four I Ensuite: wired and installed ethorist fan , Down LTS, vanity Socket, four I Ensuite: Wired and Installed ethorist fan , Down LTS, vanity Socket, four I Ensuite: Wired and Installed ethorist fan , Down LTS, vanity Socket, four I Ensuite: Wired and Installed ethorist fan , Down LTS, vanity Socket, four I Ensuite: Wired and Installed ethorist fan , Down LTS, vanity Socket, four I Ensuite: Wired and Installed ethorist fan , Down LTS, vanity Socket, four I Ensuite: Wired and Installed ethorist fan , Down LTS, vanity Socket, four I Ensuite: Wired and Installed ethorist fan , Down LTS, vanity Socket, four I Ensuite: Wired and Installed ethority for left Side rear (admit).							
<ul> <li>Has been installed in accordance with the specified</li> <li>Has an earthing system that is correctly rated (whether contains fittings that are safe to connect to a pown Relies on a supplier Declaration of Conformity1</li> <li>Relies on a manufacturer's instructions1</li> <li>Has been satisfactorily tested in accordance with (Safety) Regulations 2010</li> <li>Is safe to connect</li> <li>Electronic/Other reference:</li> <li>Certifier's signature:</li> </ul>	Polarity (Independent earth): Insulation resistance:						
The prescribed electrical work is: Reference Standards: Additions Alterations New work Low risk General High risk (Specify Part 1 of AS/NZS 3000 Part 2 of As/NZS Additional Standards: 1 Attach or reference. If it is impractical to attach a copy of a p	which this Electrical Safety Certificate applies is connected to a power supply and is safe to use. Certifier's $B_POMARC$ in Registration/Practising $CS9898$ ilicence number: Certifier's $Certifier's$ signature: Certificate $C-11-19$ Connection $C-11-19$ Date: Connections, or of any certified design or supplier						
declaration of conformity, provide a reference to where the do I certify that the completed prescribed electrical worl lawfully and safely, and the information in the certifica Electronic/Other reference: Certifier's signature: CUSTOMER COPY - THIS IS AN IMPORTANT DOCUM	becoments can be found, in a readily accessible format, by electronic means. k, to which this Certificate of Compliance applies, has been done ate is correct in that the installation, or part of the installation: Date: Date: Date: Date: Date: Date: Date: Date: Date: Date: C -/1-19 ENT AND SHOULD BE RETAINED FOR A MINIMUM OF 7 YEARS th the building code for the purposes of Section 19(1)(e) of the Building Act 2004.						





# Land Use Resource Consents within 100 metres of 1/126 Halswell Junction Road

Note: This list does not include subdivision Consents and Certificates of Compliance issued under the Resource Management Act.

## **118 Halswell Junction Road**

RMA/1982/250 Consent to site garage 2.5m from boundary (rear) - Historical Reference RES9207214 Processing complete Applied 17/05/1982 Decision issued 21/05/1982 Granted 21/05/1982

#### RMA/1985/407

Consent to site garage where it encroaches into minimum req`d setback of 2.8m from dwelling - Historical Reference RES9207215 Processing complete Applied 17/09/1985 Decision issued 01/01/1999 Declined 01/01/1999

# **120 Halswell Junction Road**

RMA/1999/4480

Application for an extension of time to the date on which Land Use Resource Consent RC971105 shall lapse. - Historical Reference RMA1283

Processing complete

Applied 15/11/1999

Decision issued 15/12/1999

Granted 10/12/1999

# **122A Halswell Junction Road**

#### RMA/1997/1036

Application for a reduction in the setback from an Upstream River under the Proposed Plan, from 15m to 9m, for lots 3 and 4 Wigram/97/236, being part of a sub - Historical Reference RES971105

Processing complete

Applied 01/05/1997

Decision issued 14/08/1997

Granted 14/08/1997

#### RMA/1997/952

A 5 Lot subdivision where 2 lots do not comply with the Paparua Transitional Plan for site areas, and where the access width is less than the required - Historical Reference RES971008

Processing complete

Applied 15/04/1997

Decision issued 28/08/1997

Granted 28/08/1997

# **128 Halswell Junction Road**

RMA/1997/317

Application to erect a dwelling that does not comply with the Proposed District Plan for the following:15m building setback from the Nottingham Stream, a setback of 9.4m is proposed.20m maximum length of wall without a step-in-Plan of 2.4m.th - Historical Reference RES970249

Processing complete

Applied 31/01/1997

Decision issued 21/03/1997

Granted 21/03/1997

# **130 Halswell Junction Road**

RMA/1997/2758

A two Lot subdivision which does not comply with Lot sizes, dimensions or access width requirements under the Paparua Transitional Plan. - Historical Reference RES973185

Processing complete Applied 05/11/1997 Decision issued 06/11/1997

Granted 06/11/1997

RMA/2013/2828 Rebuild a new dwelling on the above application site - Historical Reference RMA92024564 Processing complete Applied 20/12/2013 Decision issued 15/01/2014 Granted 14/01/2014

RMA/2013/857 Dwelling with attached garage - Historical Reference RMA92022487 Processing complete Applied 14/05/2013 Decision issued 28/05/2013 Granted 28/05/2013

# **130A Halswell Junction Road**

#### RMA/1997/2758

A two Lot subdivision which does not comply with Lot sizes, dimensions or access width requirements under the Paparua Transitional Plan. - Historical Reference RES973185

Processing complete Applied 05/11/1997 Decision issued 06/11/1997 Granted 06/11/1997

RMA/2014/1042 Dwelling with Attached Garage - Historical Reference RMA92025682 Processing complete Applied 02/05/2014 Decision issued 06/06/2014 Granted 05/06/2014

# **131 Halswell Junction Road**

RMA/1997/232 Transitional Plan - Paparua - the net site area is required to be 500sq.m, it is 465sq.m. - Historical Reference RES970152 Processing complete Applied 07/01/1997 Decision issued 24/01/1997 Granted 24/01/1997

# **132 Halswell Junction Road**

RMA/1997/2294

Application to establish a two unit development with reduced Site Density; setback and exceeds site coverage. -Historical Reference RES972628

Processing complete

Applied 19/09/1997

Decision issued 22/10/1998

Granted 22/10/1998

#### RMA/1999/3741

A two Lot subdivision which does not comply with Lot size and Shape Factor under the Transitional Paparua Plan or with Lot size under the Pr - Historical Reference RES992842

Processing complete

Applied 05/10/1999

Decision issued 06/10/1999

Granted 06/10/1999

RMA/2014/1637 Dwelling with Attached Garage - Historical Reference RMA92026299 Processing complete Applied 03/07/2014 Decision issued 22/07/2014 Granted 15/07/2014

#### **132A Halswell Junction Road**

#### RMA/1999/3741

A two Lot subdivision which does not comply with Lot size and Shape Factor under the Transitional Paparua Plan or with Lot size under the Pr - Historical Reference RES992842

Processing complete

Applied 05/10/1999

Decision issued 06/10/1999

Granted 06/10/1999

RMA/2013/2528 Replace EQ Dwelling - Historical Reference RMA92024251 Processing complete Applied 26/11/2013 Decision issued 15/01/2014 Granted 14/01/2014

# **134 Halswell Junction Road**

#### RMA/1997/897

Application for a single storey dwelling and attached garage with the southeast wall over 20m Long without a 2.4m step in Plan in terms of the Proposed District Plan. - Historical Reference RES970950

Processing complete

Applied 17/04/1997

Decision issued 19/05/1997

Granted 19/05/1997

RMA/2014/2120 To erect two Elderly Persons Housing Units on the site - Historical Reference RMA92026801 Processing complete Applied 18/08/2014 Decision issued 26/09/2014 Granted 25/09/2014

# 134A Halswell Junction Road

RMA/1997/897

Application for a single storey dwelling and attached garage with the southeast wall over 20m Long without a 2.4m step in Plan in terms of the Proposed District Plan. - Historical Reference RES970950

Processing complete Applied 17/04/1997 Decision issued 19/05/1997 Granted 19/05/1997

RMA/2014/2120 To erect two Elderly Persons Housing Units on the site - Historical Reference RMA92026801 Processing complete Applied 18/08/2014 Decision issued 26/09/2014 Granted 25/09/2014

# **136 Halswell Junction Road**

RMA/2013/1066 Global Consent for Transportable Cottages - Historical Reference RMA92022712 Processing complete Applied 14/06/2013 Decision issued 25/06/2013 Granted 21/06/2013

# **137 Halswell Junction Road**

RMA/2018/1023 Three lot subdivision & Fill & Earthworks. Processing complete Applied 30/04/2018 Conditions changed/cancelled - s127 14/04/2023 s223 Certificate issued 18/04/2023 s224 Certificate issued 09/05/2023 Decision issued 20/07/2018 Granted 20/07/2018

RMA/2018/1127 Wastewater Capacity Certificate Processing complete Applied 09/05/2018 Certificate issued 14/05/2018

# **137A Halswell Junction Road**

RMA/2018/1023 Three lot subdivision & Fill & Earthworks. Processing complete Applied 30/04/2018 Conditions changed/cancelled - s127 14/04/2023 s223 Certificate issued 18/04/2023 s224 Certificate issued 09/05/2023 Decision issued 20/07/2018 Granted 20/07/2018

RMA/2018/1127 Wastewater Capacity Certificate Processing complete Applied 09/05/2018 Certificate issued 14/05/2018

# 137B Halswell Junction Road

RMA/2018/1023 Three lot subdivision & Fill & Earthworks. Processing complete Applied 30/04/2018 Conditions changed/cancelled - s127 14/04/2023 s223 Certificate issued 18/04/2023 s224 Certificate issued 09/05/2023 Decision issued 20/07/2018 Granted 20/07/2018 RMA/2018/1127 Wastewater Capacity Certificate Processing complete Applied 09/05/2018 Certificate issued 14/05/2018

# 141 Halswell Junction Road

RMA/2020/168 Earthworks consent for stockpile 10000m3 of clean material Processing complete Applied 30/01/2020 Decision issued 27/02/2020 Granted 27/02/2020

# 142 Halswell Junction Road

#### RMA/2015/1257

Global consent for soil disturbance associated with the rebuild and repair of earthquake-damaged residential structures on HAIL land - Historical Reference RMA92029513 Processing complete Applied 11/05/2015 Decision issued 12/06/2015 Granted 12/06/2015

# 145 Halswell Junction Road

RMA/1989/289 Consent to protude into min. req`d yard by 1.2m with a corner of proposed extensions - Historical Reference RES9207216 Processing complete Applied 21/06/1989 Decision issued 21/06/1989 Granted 21/06/1989

# 149 Halswell Junction Road

RMA/1982/251 Consent to site garage 2.6m from r.o.w. - Historical Reference RES9207217 Processing complete Applied 07/12/1982 Decision issued 01/01/1999

#### Declined 01/01/1999

RMA/1986/375 Consent to site conservatory 2.2m from garage - Historical Reference RES9207219 Processing complete Applied 11/03/1986 Decision issued 01/01/1999 Granted 01/01/1999

# **151 Halswell Junction Road**

RMA/1995/2153 Application to intrude recession plane on north west boundary and southern boundaries. - Historical Reference RES953013 Processing complete Applied 27/07/1995 Decision issued 11/08/1995 Granted 11/08/1995

# 49 Blue Jacket Drive

RMA/2020/168 Earthworks consent for stockpile 10000m3 of clean material Processing complete Applied 30/01/2020 Decision issued 27/02/2020 Granted 27/02/2020

RMA/2021/1288 To undertake earthworks in relation to stormwater pipe. Withdrawn Applied 07/05/2021

#### RMA/2021/2098

Subdivision - Fee simple - 122 Lots with land use Linked to RMA/2021/2114 - Global land use consent for earthworks within 5m of a street tree. Also see Peter's time on RMA/2021/2114

Processing complete Applied 06/07/2021 Conditions changed/cancelled - s127 10/01/2022 Conditions changed/cancelled - s127 13/04/2022 Conditions changed/cancelled - s127 24/11/2023 s223 Certificate issued stage 1 09/02/2023 s223 Certificate issued stage 2 14/09/2023 s224 Certificate issued stage 1 16/05/2023 s224 Certificate issued stage 2 11/12/2023 Decision issued 01/10/2021 Engineering plan stage 1 accepted 13/04/2023 Granted 29/09/2021 s223 Certificate reissued stage 1 23/02/2023

RMA/2021/2114 Earthworks - Global land use consent for earthworks within 5m of a street treeLinked to SUB RMA/2021/2098 Processing complete Applied 07/07/2021 Decision issued 24/09/2021 Granted 24/09/2021

RMA/2022/3456 Minimum Floor Level Certificate - Floorlevel not required Withdrawn Applied 09/11/2022

#### 51 Blue Jacket Drive

RMA/2020/168 Earthworks consent for stockpile 10000m3 of clean material Processing complete Applied 30/01/2020 Decision issued 27/02/2020 Granted 27/02/2020

RMA/2021/1288 To undertake earthworks in relation to stormwater pipe. Withdrawn Applied 07/05/2021

#### RMA/2021/2098

Subdivision - Fee simple - 122 Lots with land use Linked to RMA/2021/2114 - Global land use consent for earthworks within 5m of a street tree. Also see Peter's time on RMA/2021/2114 Processing complete Applied 06/07/2021 Conditions changed/cancelled - s127 10/01/2022 Conditions changed/cancelled - s127 13/04/2022 Conditions changed/cancelled - s127 24/11/2023 s223 Certificate issued stage 1 09/02/2023 s223 Certificate issued stage 2 14/09/2023 s224 Certificate issued stage 2 14/09/2023 s224 Certificate issued stage 2 11/12/2023 s224 Certificate issued stage 2 11/12/2023 gecision issued 01/10/2021 Engineering plan stage 1 accepted 13/04/2023 Granted 29/09/2021 s223 Certificate reissued stage 1 23/02/2023

# RMA/2021/2114 Earthworks - Global land use consent for earthworks within 5m of a street treeLinked to SUB RMA/2021/2098 Processing complete Applied 07/07/2021 Decision issued 24/09/2021 Granted 24/09/2021

RMA/2022/3456 Minimum Floor Level Certificate - Floorlevel not required Withdrawn

# **53 Blue Jacket Drive**

Applied 09/11/2022

RMA/2020/168 Earthworks consent for stockpile 10000m3 of clean material Processing complete Applied 30/01/2020 Decision issued 27/02/2020 Granted 27/02/2020

#### RMA/2021/1288

To undertake earthworks in relation to stormwater pipe.

Withdrawn

Applied 07/05/2021

RMA/2021/2098 Subdivision - Fee simple - 122 Lots with land use Linked to RMA/2021/2114 - Global land use consent for earthworks within 5m of a street tree. Also see Peter's time on RMA/2021/2114 Processing complete Applied 06/07/2021 Conditions changed/cancelled - s127 10/01/2022 Conditions changed/cancelled - s127 13/04/2022 Conditions changed/cancelled - s127 24/11/2023 s223 Certificate issued stage 1 09/02/2023 s223 Certificate issued stage 2 14/09/2023 s224 Certificate issued stage 1 16/05/2023 s224 Certificate issued stage 2 11/12/2023 Decision issued 01/10/2021 Engineering plan stage 1 accepted 13/04/2023 Granted 29/09/2021 s223 Certificate reissued stage 1 23/02/2023

RMA/2021/2114 Earthworks - Global land use consent for earthworks within 5m of a street treeLinked to SUB RMA/2021/2098 Processing complete Applied 07/07/2021 Decision issued 24/09/2021 Granted 24/09/2021

RMA/2022/3456 Minimum Floor Level Certificate - Floorlevel not required Withdrawn Applied 09/11/2022

#### 55 Blue Jacket Drive

RMA/2020/168 Earthworks consent for stockpile 10000m3 of clean material Processing complete Applied 30/01/2020 Decision issued 27/02/2020 Granted 27/02/2020

RMA/2021/1288 To undertake earthworks in relation to stormwater pipe. Withdrawn Applied 07/05/2021

RMA/2021/2114 Earthworks - Global land use consent for earthworks within 5m of a street treeLinked to SUB RMA/2021/2098 Processing complete Applied 07/07/2021 Decision issued 24/09/2021 Granted 24/09/2021

RMA/2022/3456 Minimum Floor Level Certificate - Floorlevel not required Withdrawn Applied 09/11/2022

RMA/2024/2865 Construct a new dwelling with attached garage Processing complete Applied 08/10/2024 Decision issued 22/10/2024 Granted 21/10/2024

# **6 Oldham Crescent**

RMA/1999/892 Consent to double garage closer to dwelling than 3m being 2.3m - Historical Reference RES9215359 Processing complete Applied 01/01/1999 Decision issued 28/02/1984

#### **Data Quality Statement**

#### Land Use Consents

All resource consents are shown for sites that have been labelled with an address. For sites that have been labelled with a cross (+) no resource consents have been found. Sites that have no label have not been checked for resource consents. This will be particularly noticeable on the margins of the search radius. If there are such sites and you would like them included in the check, please ask for the LIM spatial query to be rerun accordingly. This will be done free of charge although there may be a short delay. Resource consents which are on land occupied by roads, railways or rivers are not, and currently cannot be displayed, either on the map or in the list. Resource consents that relate to land that has since been subdivided, will be shown in the list, but not on the map. They will be under the address of the land as it was at the time the resource consent was applied for. Resource consents that are listed as Non-notified and are current, may in fact be notified resource consents that have not yet been through the notification process. If in doubt. Please phone (03)941 8999.

The term "resource consents" in this context means land use consents. Subdivision consents and certificates of compliance are excluded.

#### **Subdivision Consents**

All subdivision consents are shown for the sites that have been labelled with consent details. For Sites that have been labelled with a cross (+) no records have been found. Sites that have no label have not been checked for subdivision consents. This will be particularly noticeable on the margins of the search radius. If there are such sites and you would like them included in the check, please ask for the LIM spatial query to be rerun accordingly. This will be done free of charge although there may be a short delay.

The term "subdivision consents" in this context means a resource consent application to subdivide land. Non subdivision land use resource consents and certificates of compliance are excluded.

This report will only record those subdivision applications which have not been completed i.e once a subdivision has been given effect to and the new lots/properties have been established the application which created those lots will not be shown

All subdivision consent information is contained on the map and no separate list is supplied