LTPBR WORKSHOP









BIRCH CREEK STORY ROAD MAP

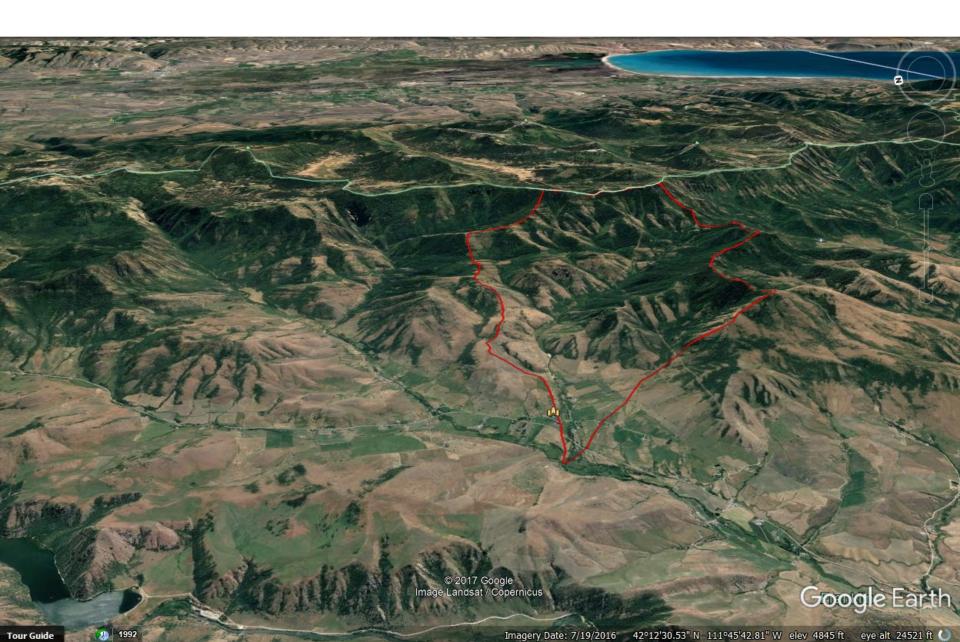
- 1. Jay & the Birch Creek Watershed History
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The Birch Creek Watershed



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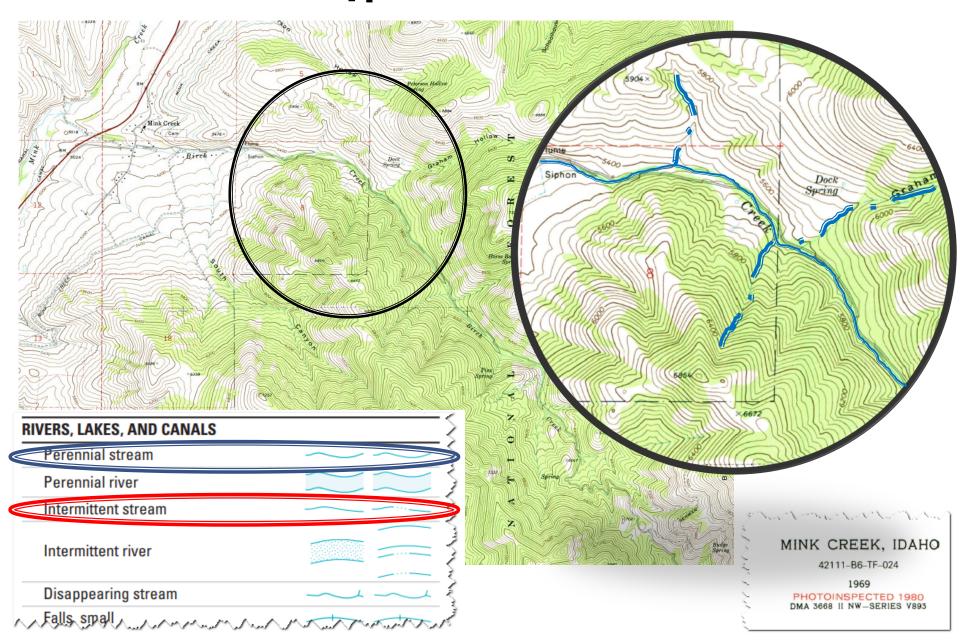
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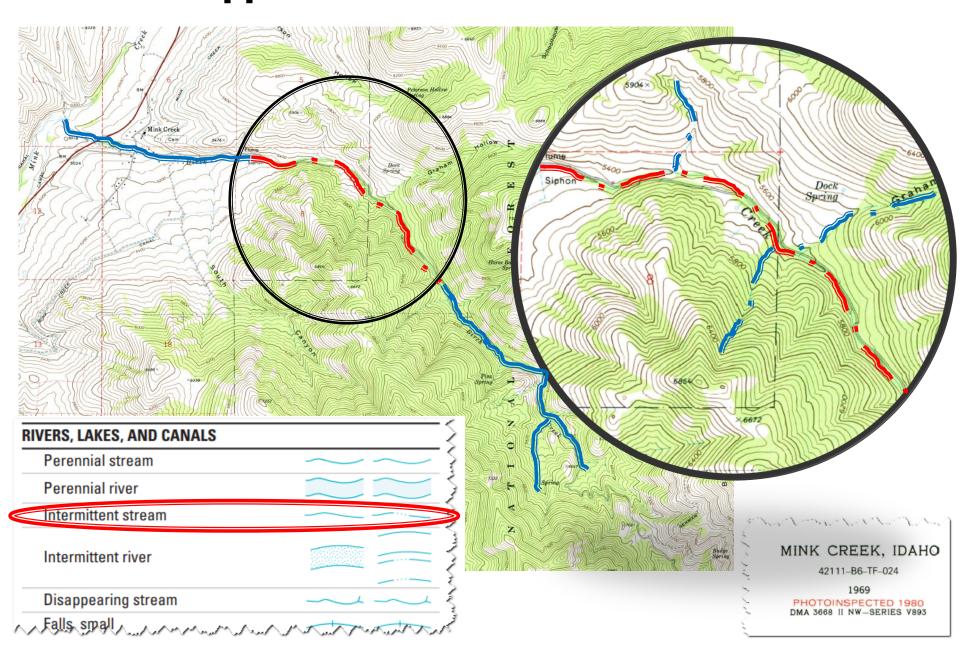


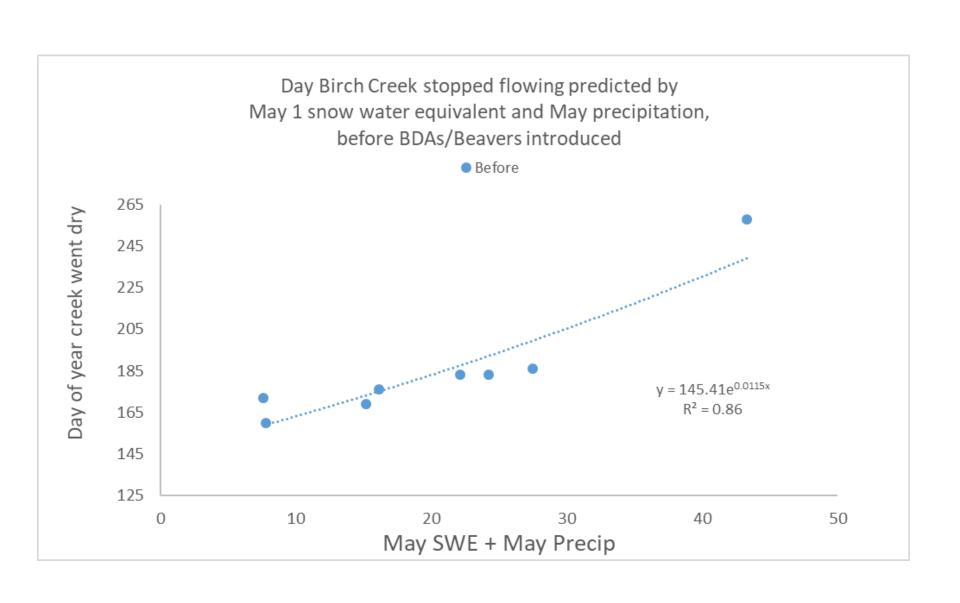


What's in a line type? Water!



What's happened since about 1985?





June 18, 2007 – Diurnal Differences

8:30 AM Stream flow is getting low







8:19 PM Flow has ceased by late afternoon or early evening.

7:39 AM June 19, 2007 – Next Morning

Water is flowing again



7:38 PM June 19, 2007 – That Evening

Flow has stopped again



7:41 **AM** June 19, 2007

Lotsa water in the morning......



7:40 PM June 19, 2007

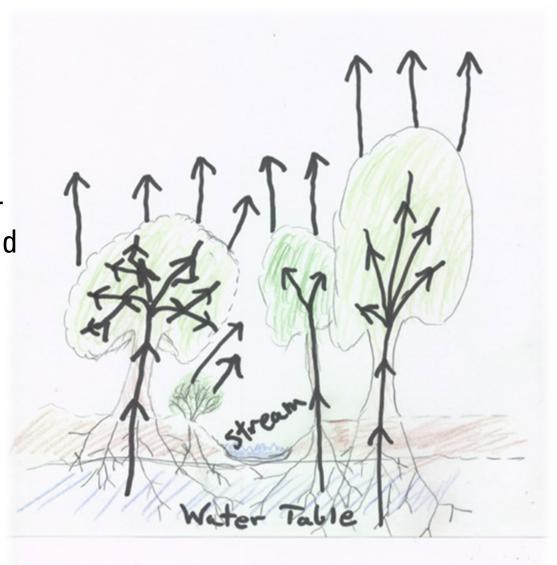
.....and no water running in the early evening.

So......What's goin' on here?



Evapotranspiration

 Water is drawn from the water table via the root systems of the trees and other vegetation into their foliage and then transpired into the atmosphere.



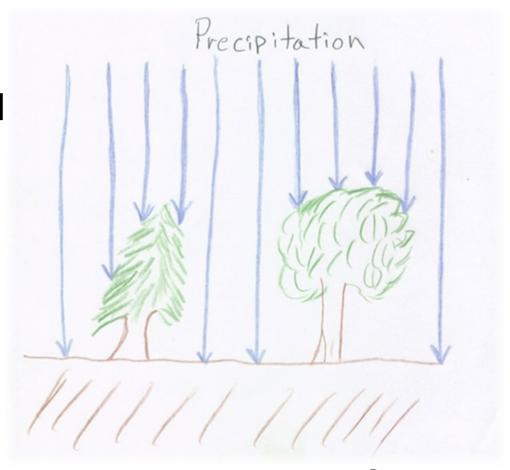
Riparian Areas

• The riparian area on the national forest is dense and populated with phreataphyte type vegetation.



Interception

 Precipitation is blocked from reaching the ground directly and entering the water table. Much is either evaporated or in the case of snow, sublimated back to the atmosphere

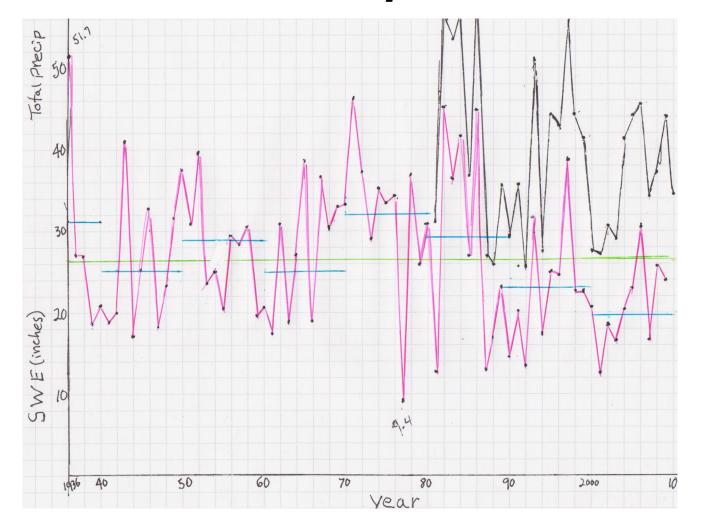


Interception

 Trees can slow or block precipitation from reaching the ground and entering the water table.



Snow & Rain History



2010-2019 SWE Ave 22.75

The pink line is SWE. The **black line is total precip** (data only available for 30 years) Green line is the average SWE for 1936-2009.

Blue lines are the average SWE for each decade.



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Line Intercept @ Dock Flat







Line Intercept Results...

Plant Density Wyethia amplexicaulis

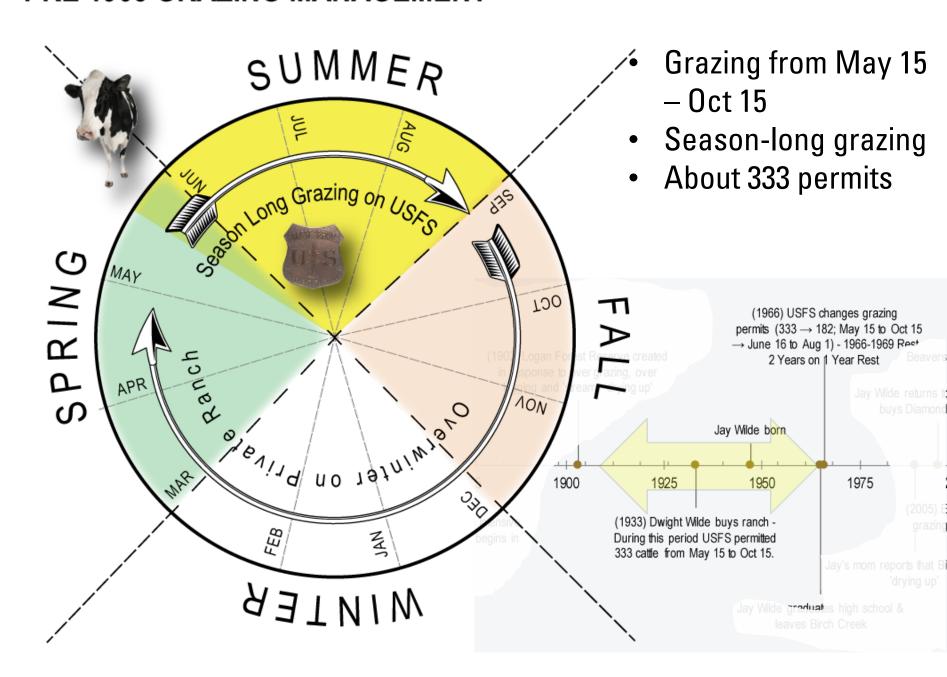
Transect 2 2010 25.4% 2019 5.8%

Transect 3 2010 38.1% 2019 6.75%

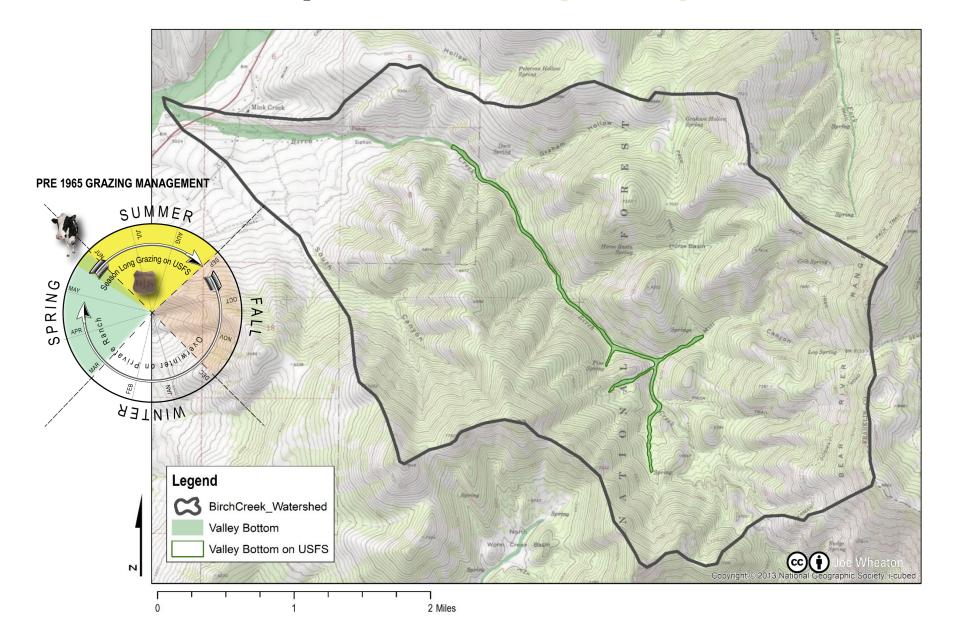
Transect 4 2010 64.4% 2019 24%



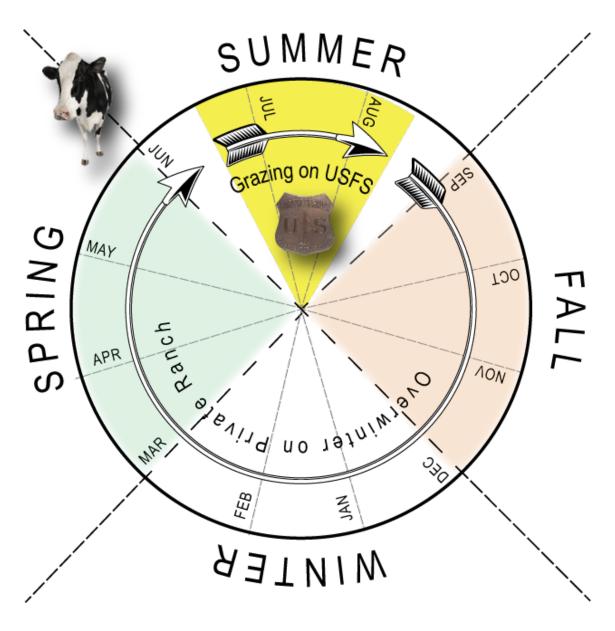
PRE 1965 GRAZING MANAGEMENT



What That Really Meant... Only Valley Bottom Used



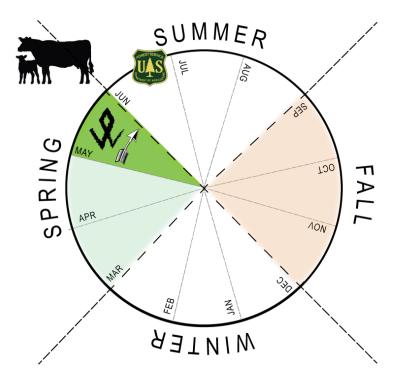
1966 to 2005 GRAZING MANAGEMENT

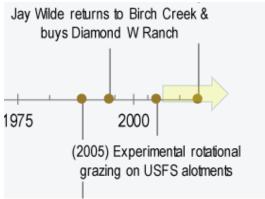


- USFS cuts from 333 to 182 permits
- Grazing from June 16 to Aug 15
- Season-long grazing

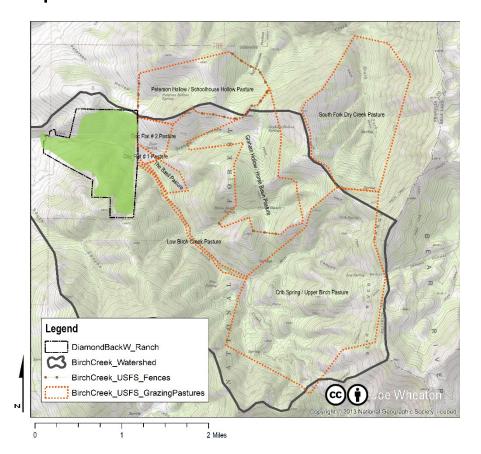
Try Something New

POST 2005 GRAZING MANAGEMENT

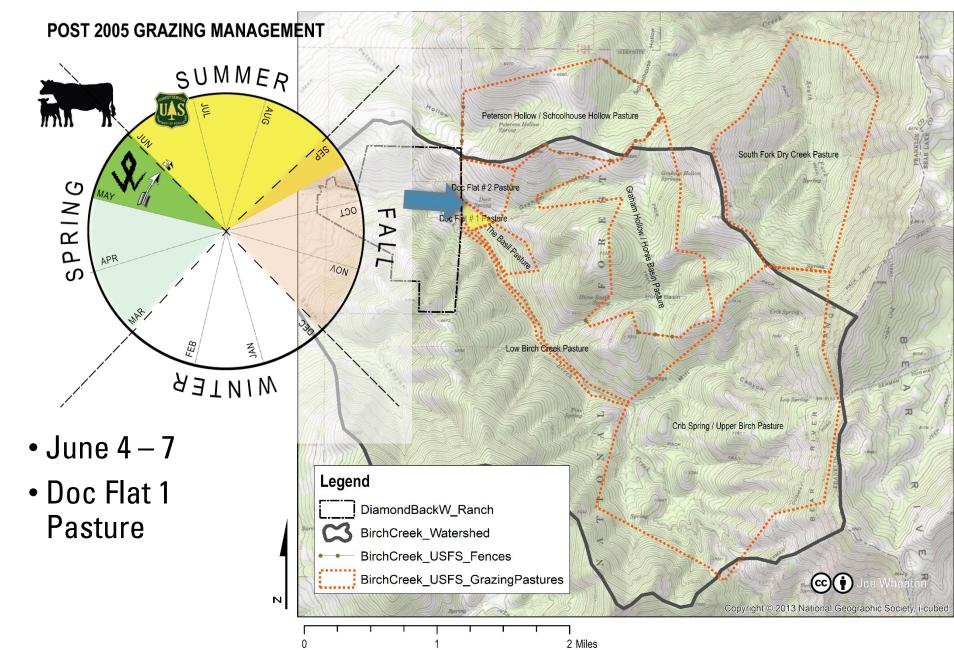




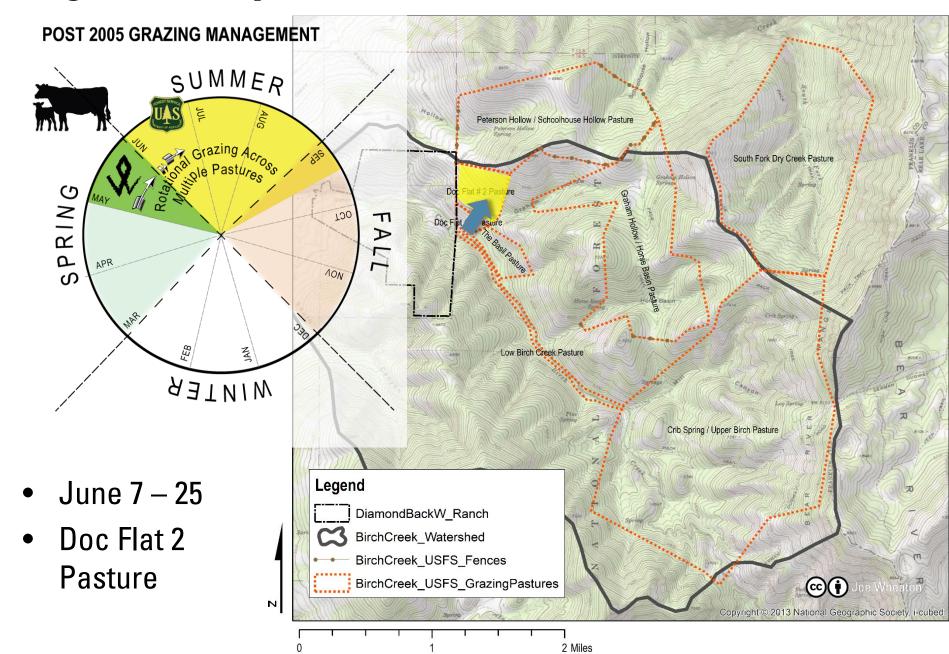
 After taking over as President of Grazing Association for Mink Creek Allotment in 2003, proposed an experiment in 2009 with USFS



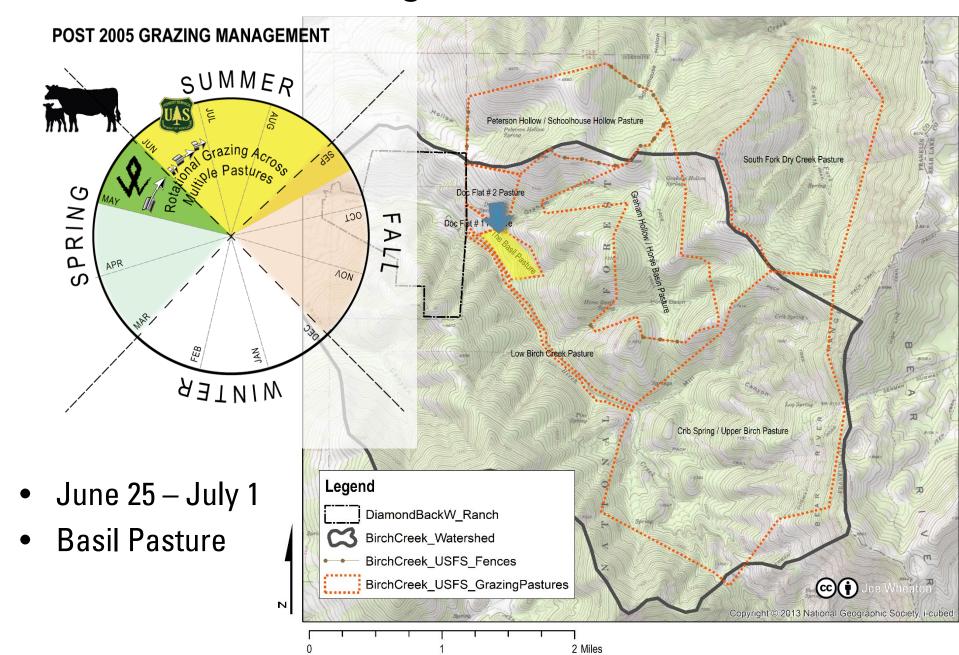
Starting Early June Now...



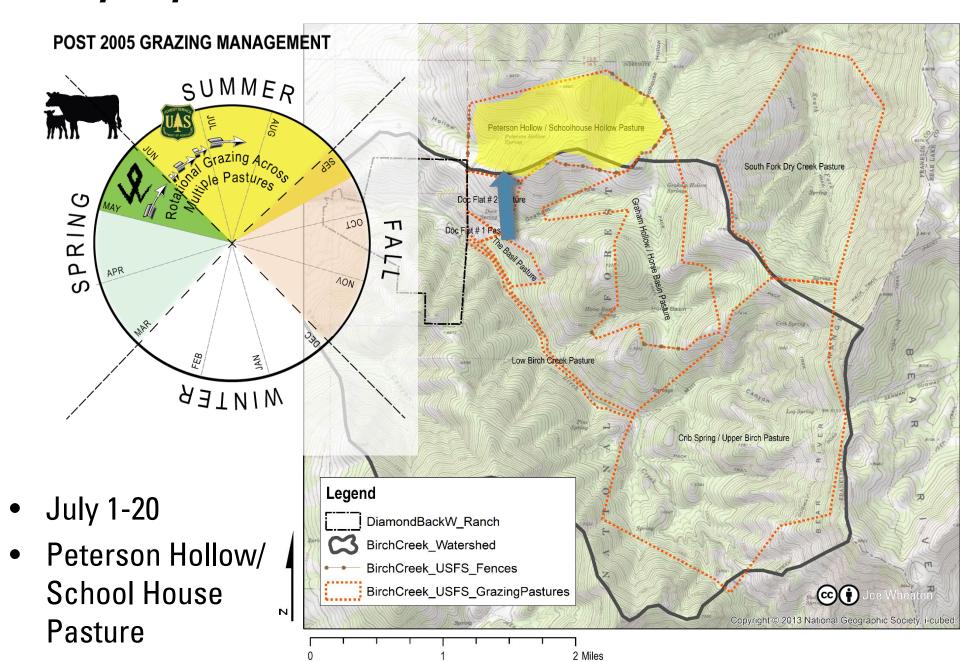
High-intensity, Short Duration



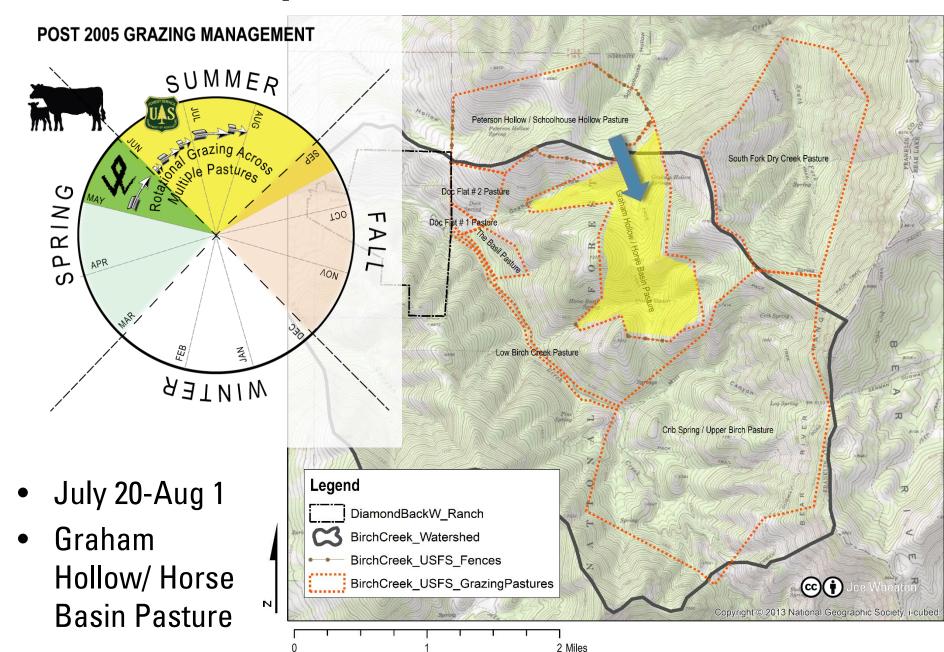
Three Roations During June Alone



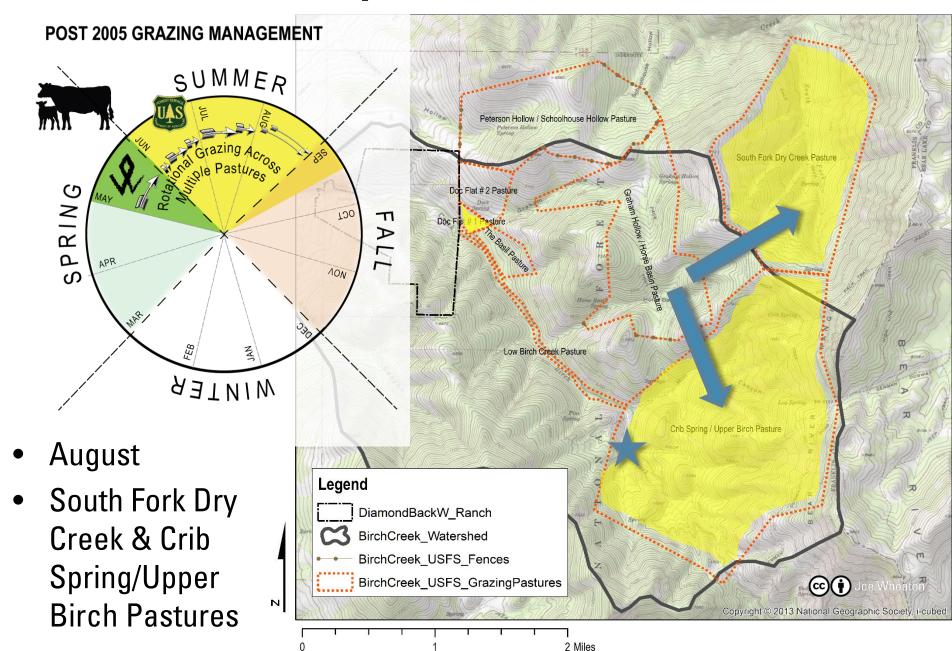
Early July... Moved Just Out of Birch



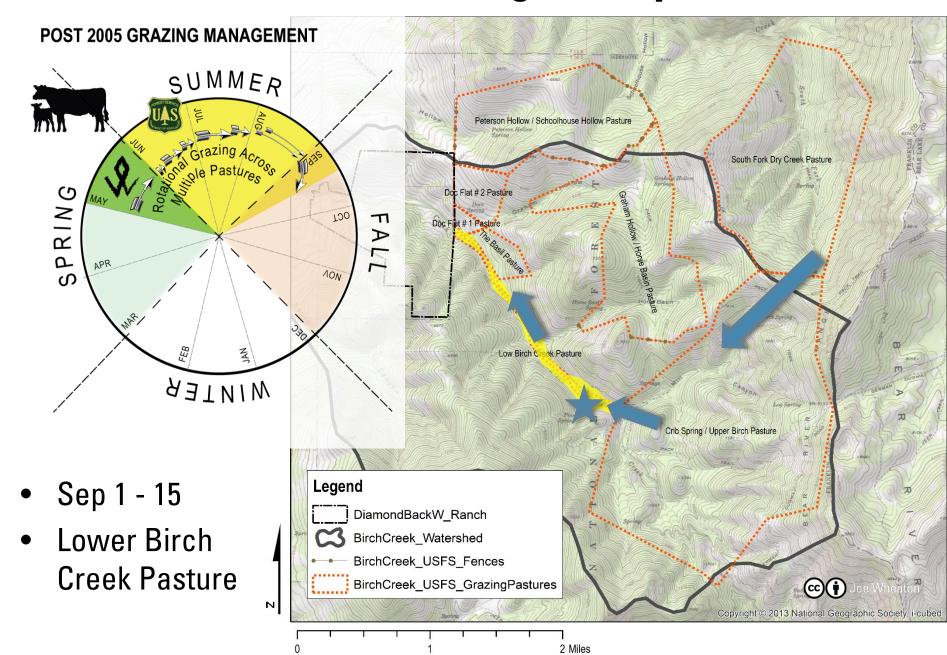
Last Part of July Back In Birch



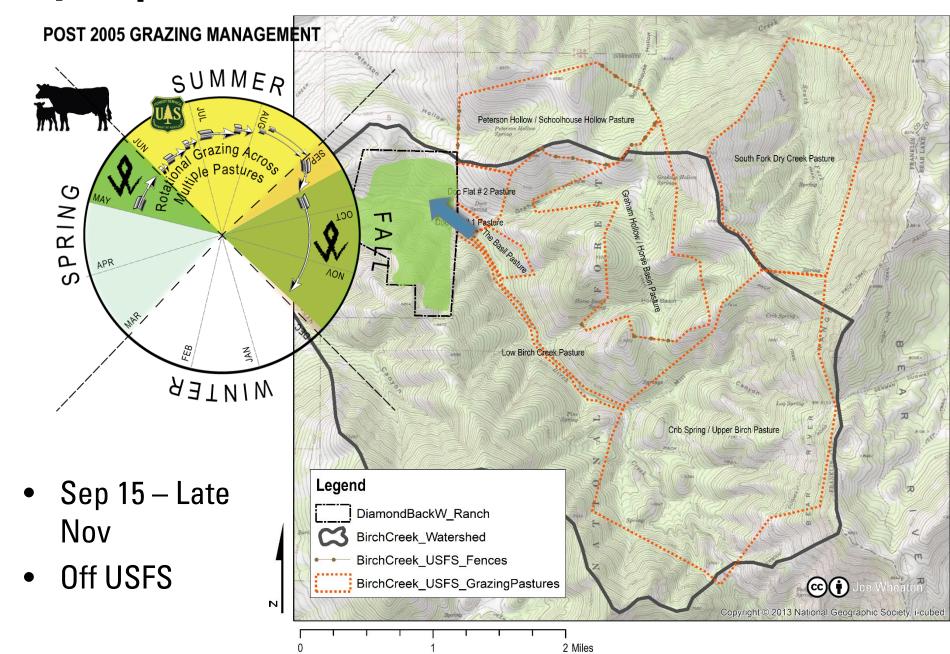
For Driest Month, Split Between 2

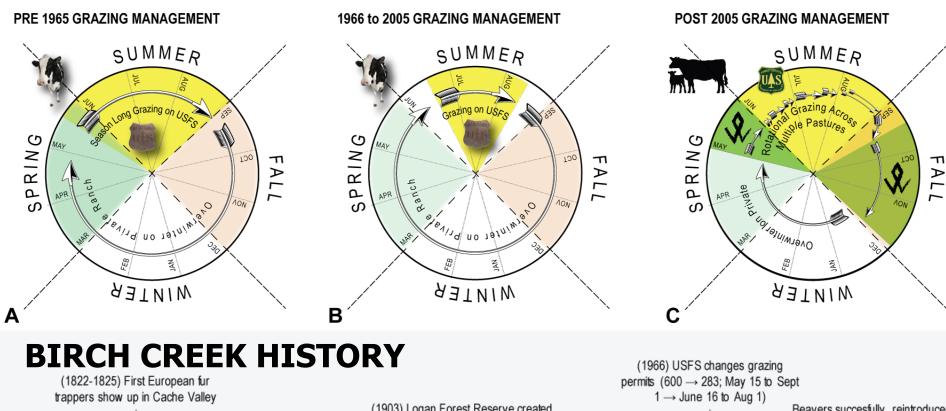


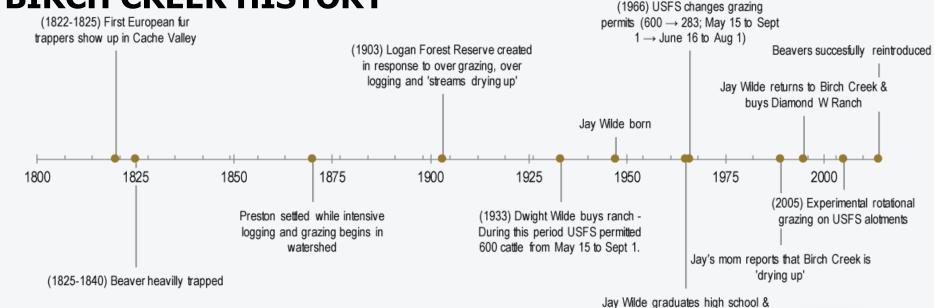
2 Weeks, Move Down Through Valley Bottom



By, Sept 15, Back On Diamond Back W



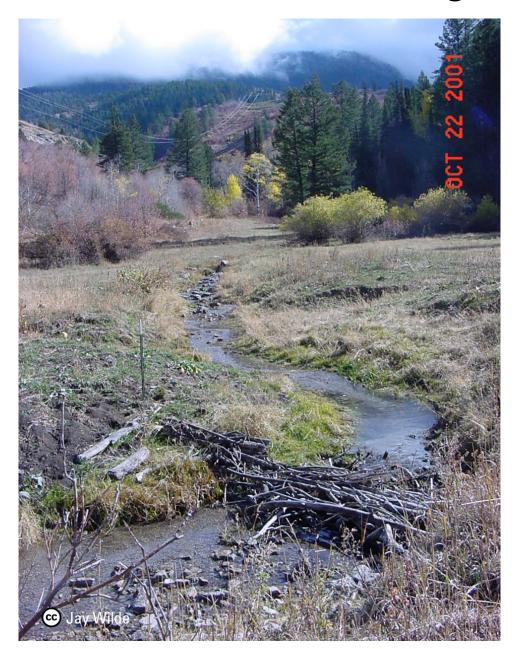




leaves Birch Creek

(cc)(†)

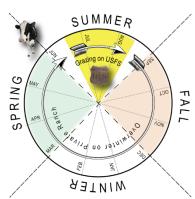
Pre Experimental, Rotational Grazing 2001



Closer to season-long grazing...

MIM site

1966 to 2005 GRAZING MANAGEMENT





















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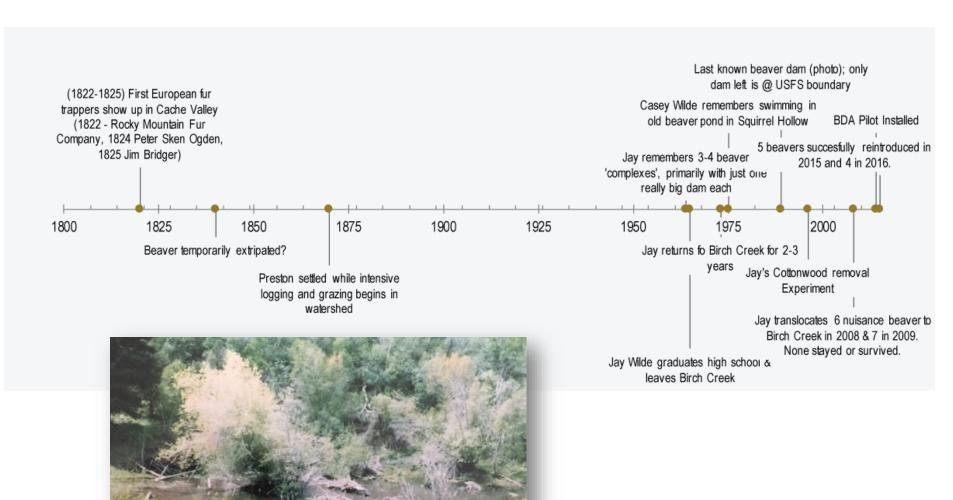
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Birch Ck. Timeline of Beaver...



The Last Dam... & Riparian Recovery 1989



In 2008 & 2009, We Brought Beaver Back





No Go...

- Released all 13 into Mill Hollow (tributary to Birch Creek)
- Some sign of chew, no dam building
- Whether they left, died of predation or other causes is unknown

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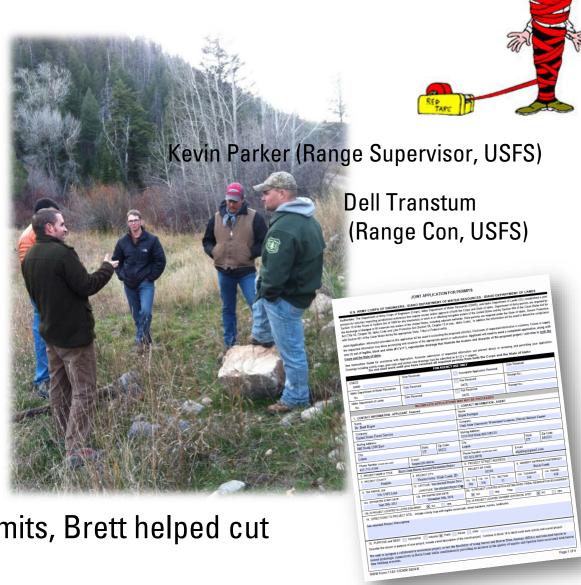




Willing USFS Partners



Brett Roper



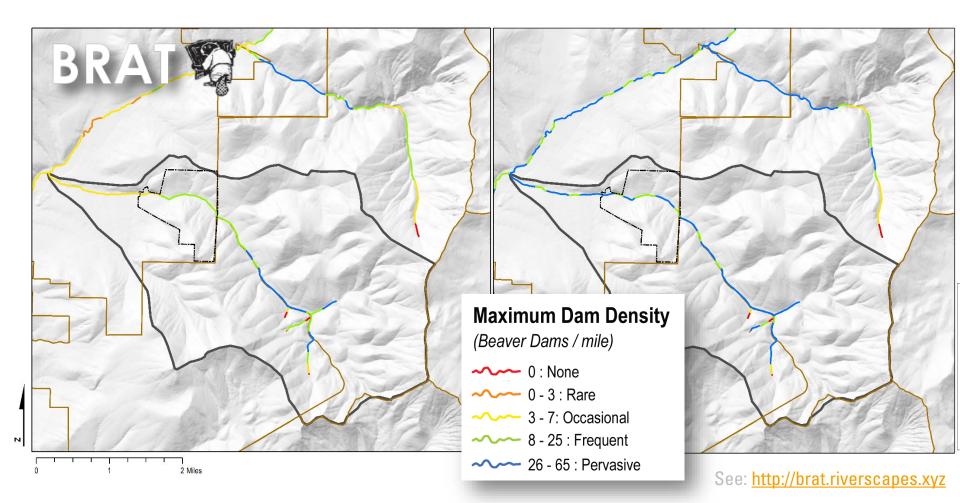
 All actions require permits, Brett helped cut through red tape

BRAT In Birch Creek – Good Habitat

Existing conditions vs. Historic Estimate

- Capacity of 90 dams
- 23 dams per mile

- Capacity of 125 dams
- 32 dams per mile



Birch Creek, Idaho

Restoring Perennial Flow

Restoration Goal

Restore perennial flow (or make less intermittent)

Setting

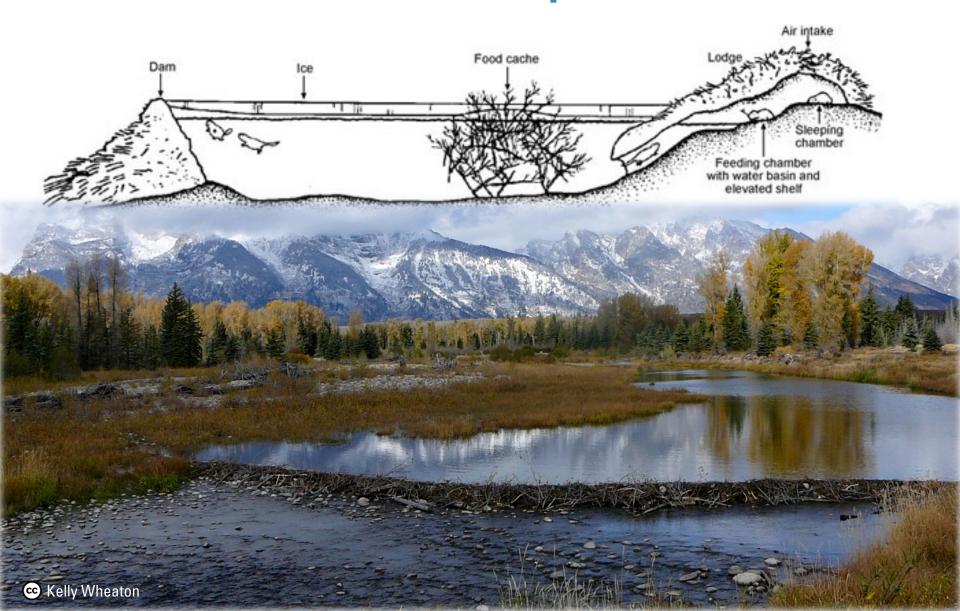
- Abundant forage for beaver
- Shallow water depth high risk of predation
- Previously unsuccessful beaver translocation



Strategy

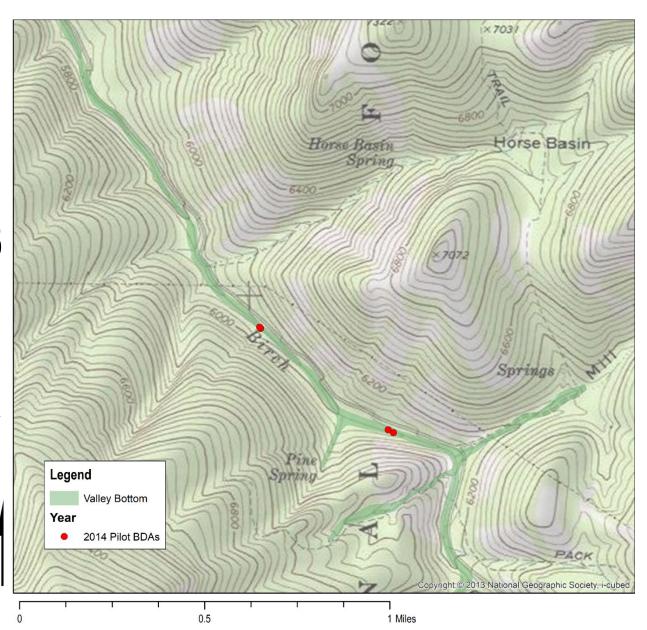
 Build BDAs to provide immediate habitat/refuge for beaver

Basic Hypothesis: Beaver Should do Better if Released into Ponds with Deep Water



Build Pilot to Test Ideas

- November 2014
- Two complexes separated by 0.5 mile
- Each complex had one primary dam and one secondary dam



Pilot Construction

Build BDAs without beaver... see if we can: hold back water, keep it from freezing over winter, and hold up to spring runoff





BDA Construction

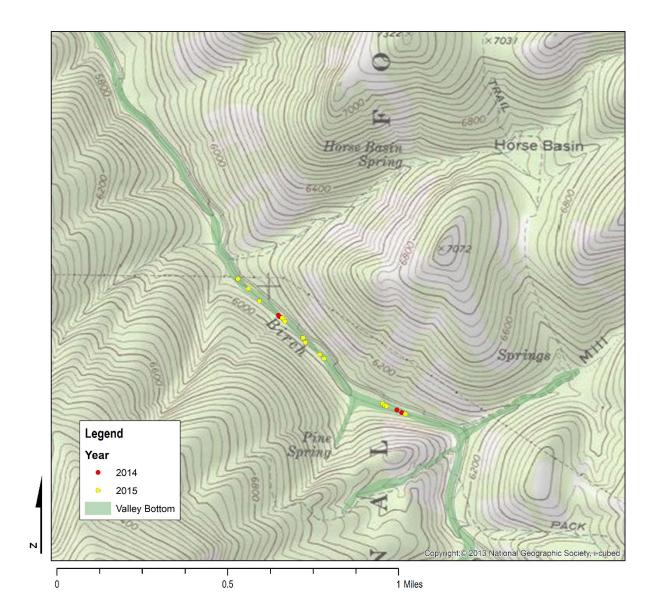
Adapted from figure 6.11 (p. 256) a of Bennett et al. (2019) Chapter 6 of LTPBR Manual

DOI: <u>10.13140/RG.2.2.25043.22567</u>



2015 – Build enough BDAs to give beaver choices (prior to release)

- Sept 2015
- Build 5 more complexes all on mainstem of Birch
- 15 more BDAs built (total now 19)
- Each complex had one primary dam and 1-4 secondary dams
- 3-4 days construction





Beaver Release



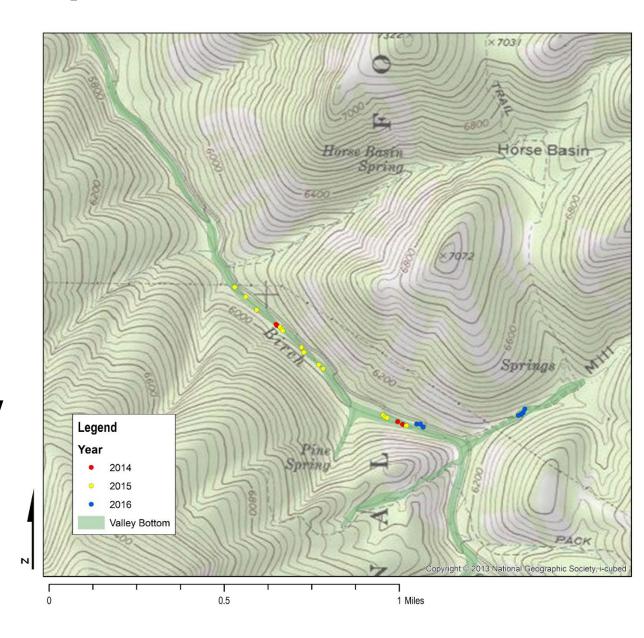
Built Some More as Part of a NRCS Workshop

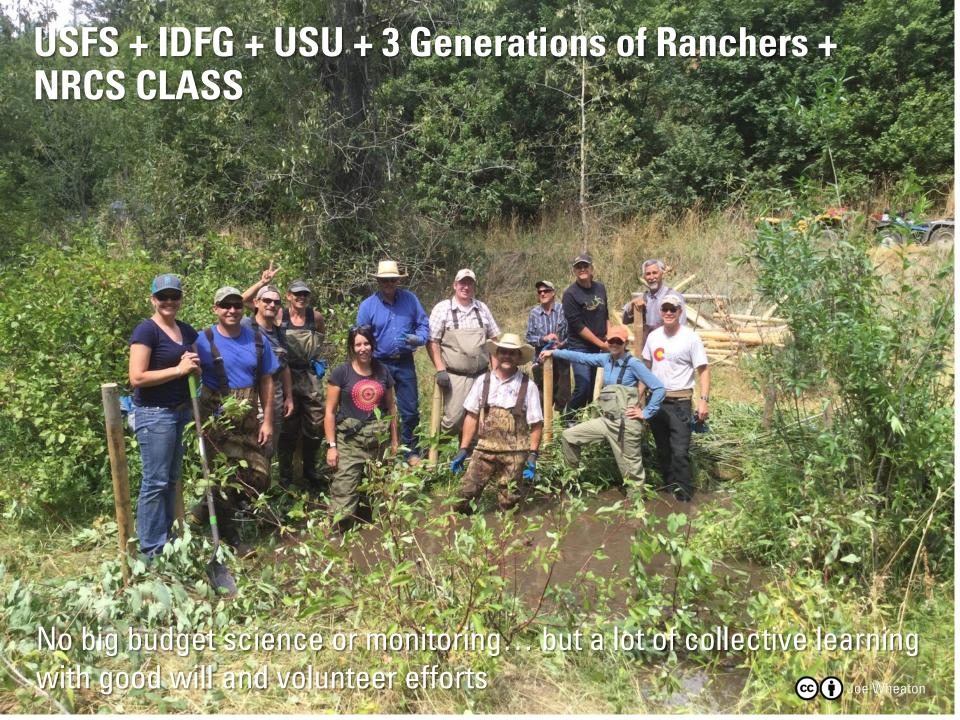


SGI/NRCS 2016 Workshop Participants working building a BDA: http://beaver.joewheaton.org/syllabus/workshop-schedules/2016---sage-grouse-initative-pheasants-forever-and-nrcs

2016 – BDAs Built by Students

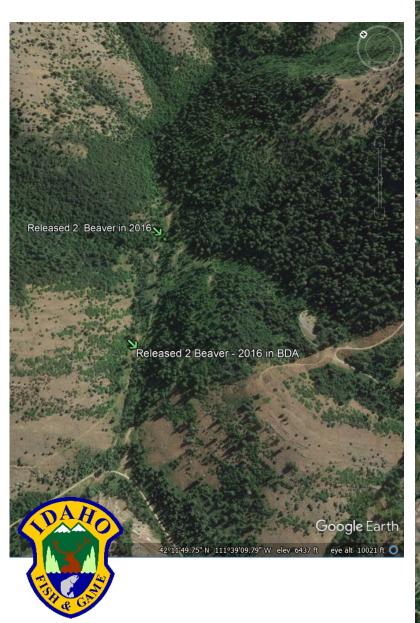
- NRCS Workshop built next phase
- Built 1 more complex on Birch Creek (3 BDAs w/ posts)
- Moved into Mill Hollow, built 4 BDAs (3 originally postless)
- Total by 2016 of 25 BDAs

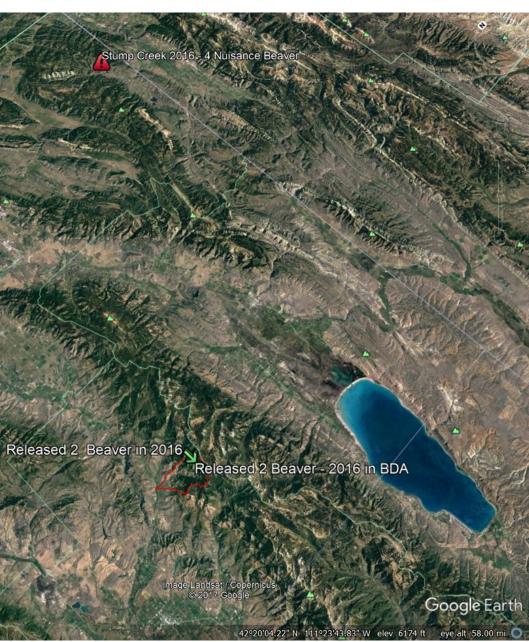




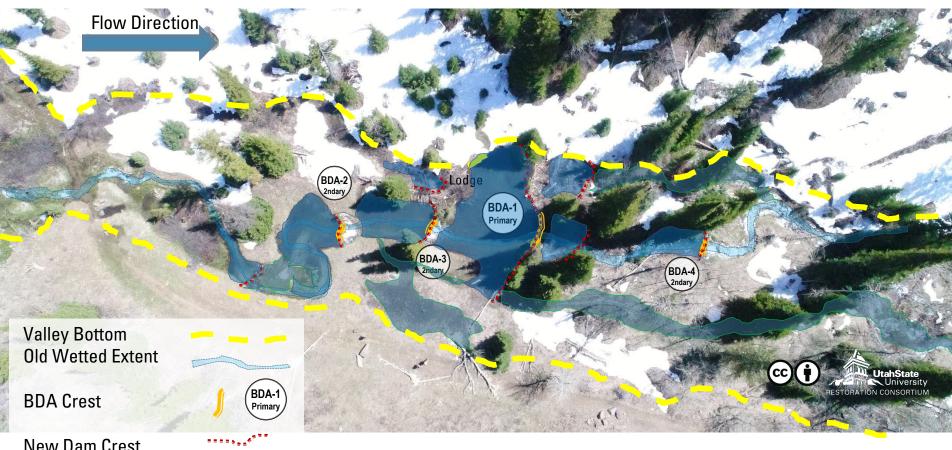


2016 More Beaver Release Into Mill Hollow





A Postless Example...



- New Dam Crest Ponded Area Overflow Area
- Photo from April 2017 (8 months later)

- September 2016 NRCS Class builds 4 postless BDAs
- October 2016 4 more beaver introduced
- By November, they remodeled...

Rough Time Line... Birch Creek

- 1970s Beaver Dams Present... last beaver extirpated from system
- 1990s Jay move's back to family ranch, discovers creek now drying up (& no beaver)
- 2008 & 2009 2 Reintroduction attempts (13 nuisance beaver), none stayed (or survived?)
- Oct-Nov, 2014 Jay shows interest in BDAs, we build pilot (4 BDAs – 2 complexes)
- Sep, 2015 We build 15 more BDAs (6 complexes total)
- Oct, 2015- Reintroduce 5 beaver (4 adults; 1 kit)
- Sep, 2016 NRCS Course & USFS maintain 3 BDAs, & build 3 new BDAs on mainstem, and experiment with 4 postless BDAs on 1st order tributary
- Oct, 2016 4 more beaver introduced

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- 7. Some Preliminary Results
- 8. Wrap-Up





The Beavers Stuck Around

- Beaver utilized 15 of 19 BDAs in 2015
- Maintenance and dam building on 2 of 5 complexes in 2015
- Successful translocation
- Continued beaver activity

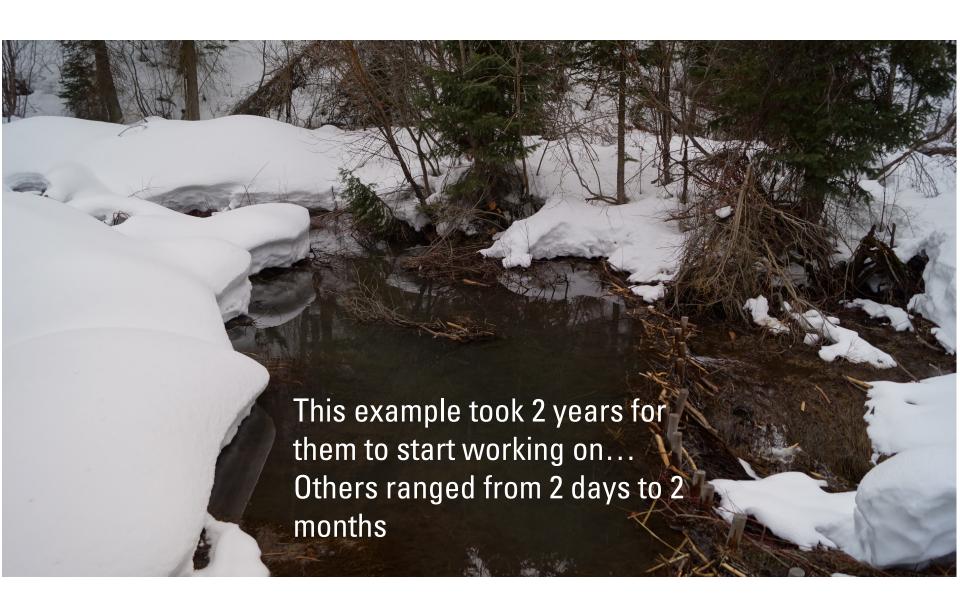






BDA flooded by natural beaver dam built downstream

Beaver Take Over Maintenance Of BDAs... Ideally

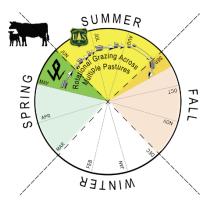


SUMMER

2015



Over a decade of lighter, late season use as cows move down stream

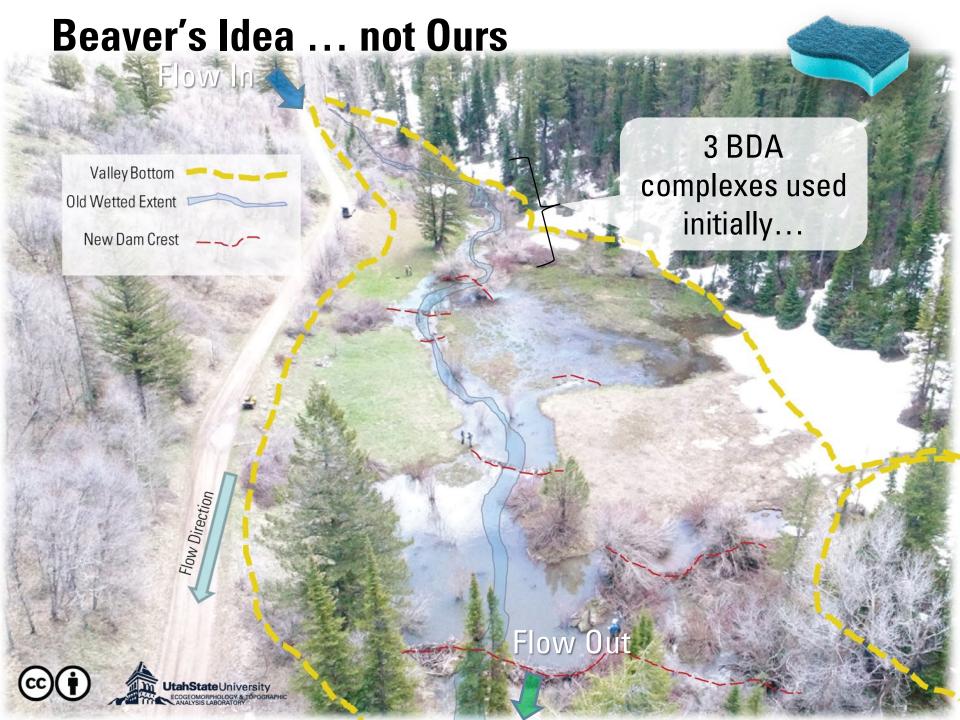




Same grazing, but another twist...

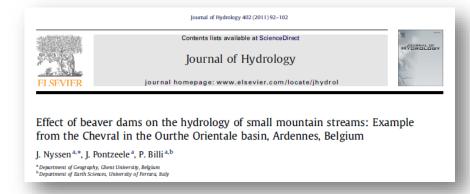
Expanded Beyond BDAs Into Meadow

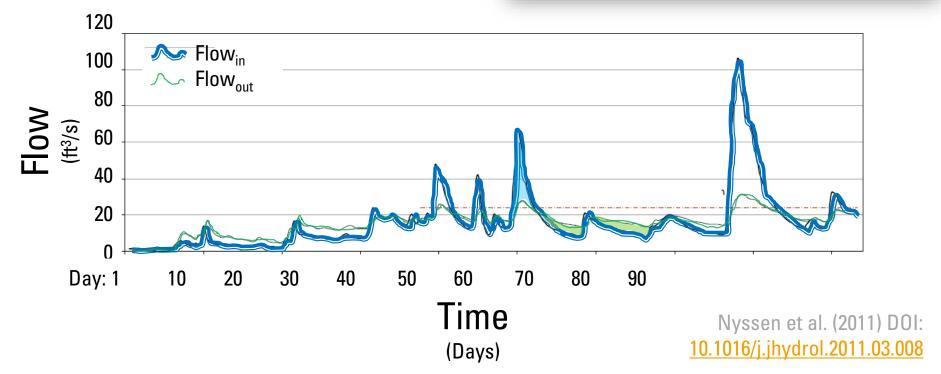




Enough to Restore Perennial Flow?

- Lower peaks @ flood
- Elevated baseflow following

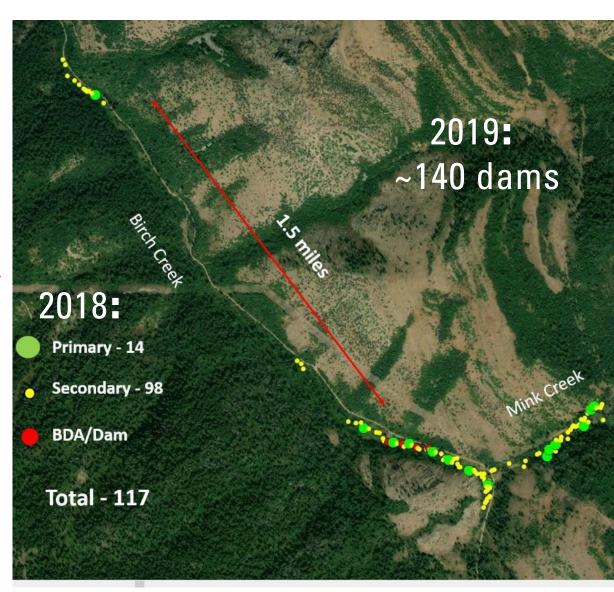






Since 2015...

- 9 beaver have taken up shop, and transformed the place
- Used 22 of 26 of our BDAs
- Built another 90+ dams
- Only one blow out (they repaired) from high flows of 2017
- By 2018... 117
- By 2019... 140+



Evidence Of Kits?

We don't know exactly how many beaver are there now



Summer 2016, Birch Creek

Summer 2016, Mill Hollow

2018 Kits



Some Failures... Some Discoveries

 Can beaver ruin perfectly good hydrology experiments?

'Do beaver make snow

cave lodges?'





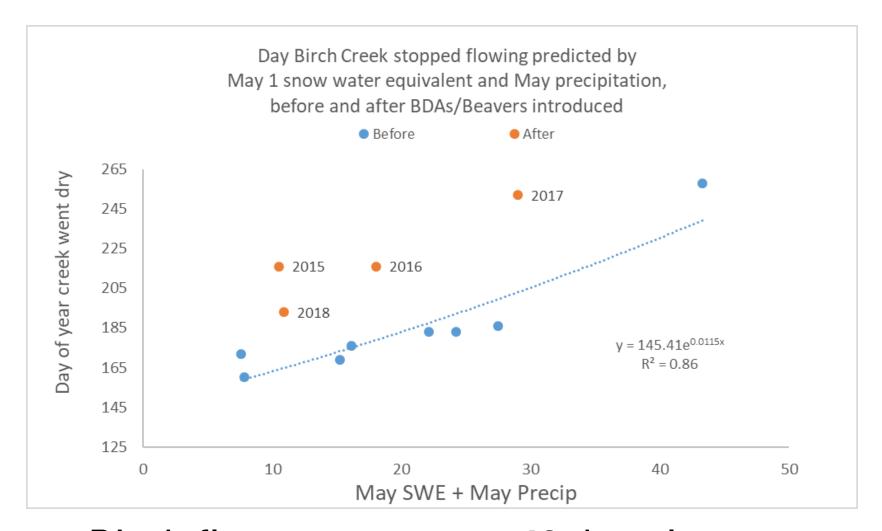
Evidence of Snow Caves?





Evidence of Snow Caves?





Birch flows on average 42 days longer since BDAs/beavers! © Nick Bouwes

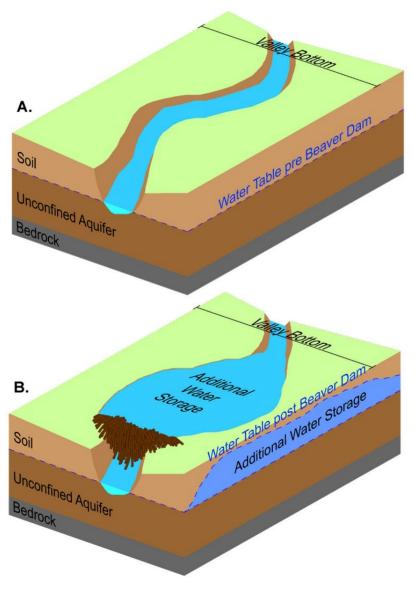
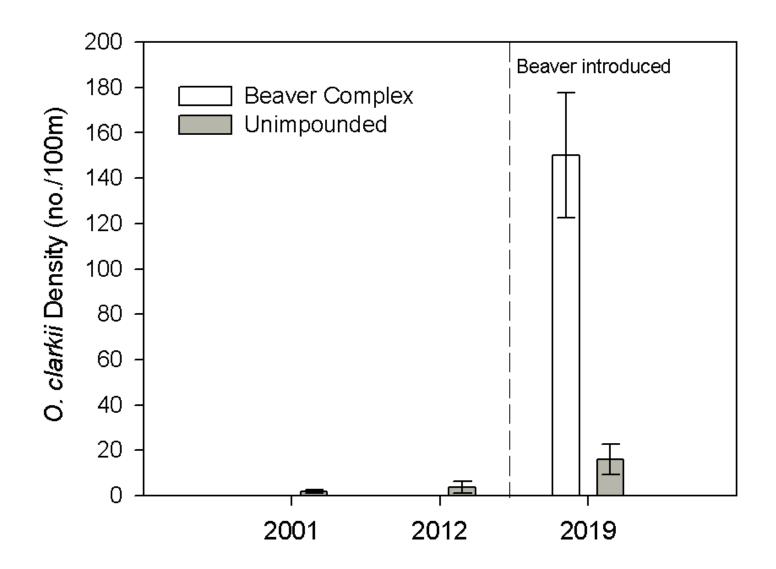


Figure 3: Conceptual illustration of water storage additions pre-beaver dam (A) and post-beaver dam (B) construction to above and below ground water storage







If you come to know and work a patch of land...
You'll find you don't own it.....

IT OWNS YOU

From the book THE PRARIE KEEPERS by Marcey Houle And quoting Cressie Green







