# SCIENCE IN SOCIETY BRIDGING THE GAP

#### DR. LUCY JONES

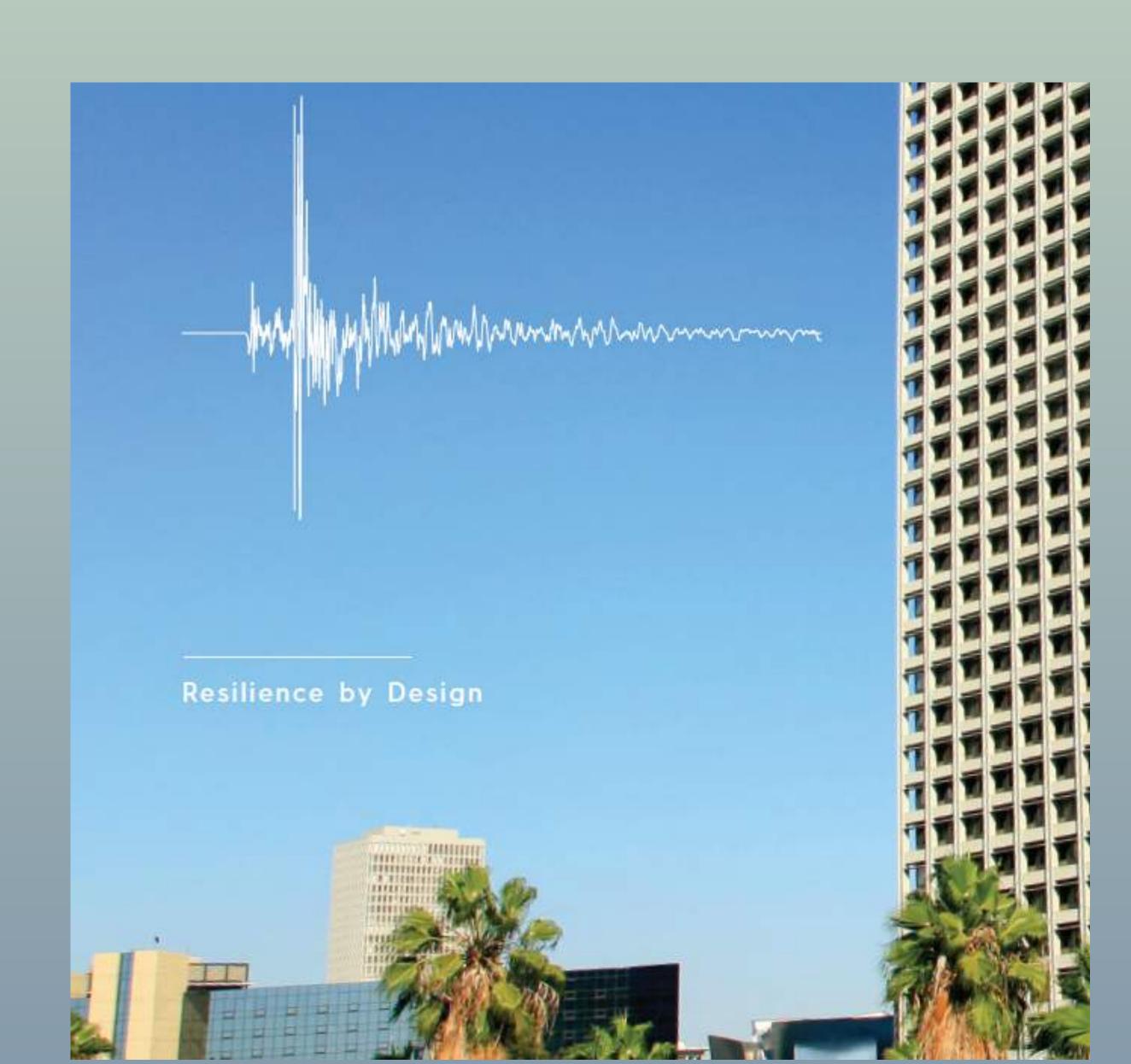
FOUNDER, DR. LUCY JONES CENTER FOR SCIENCE & SOCIETY
VISITING RESEARCH ASSOCIATE, CALIFORNIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY
SCIENTIST EMERITA, US GEOLOGICAL SURVEY



#### RESILIENCE BY DESIGN

Los Angeles seismic safety plan

2014

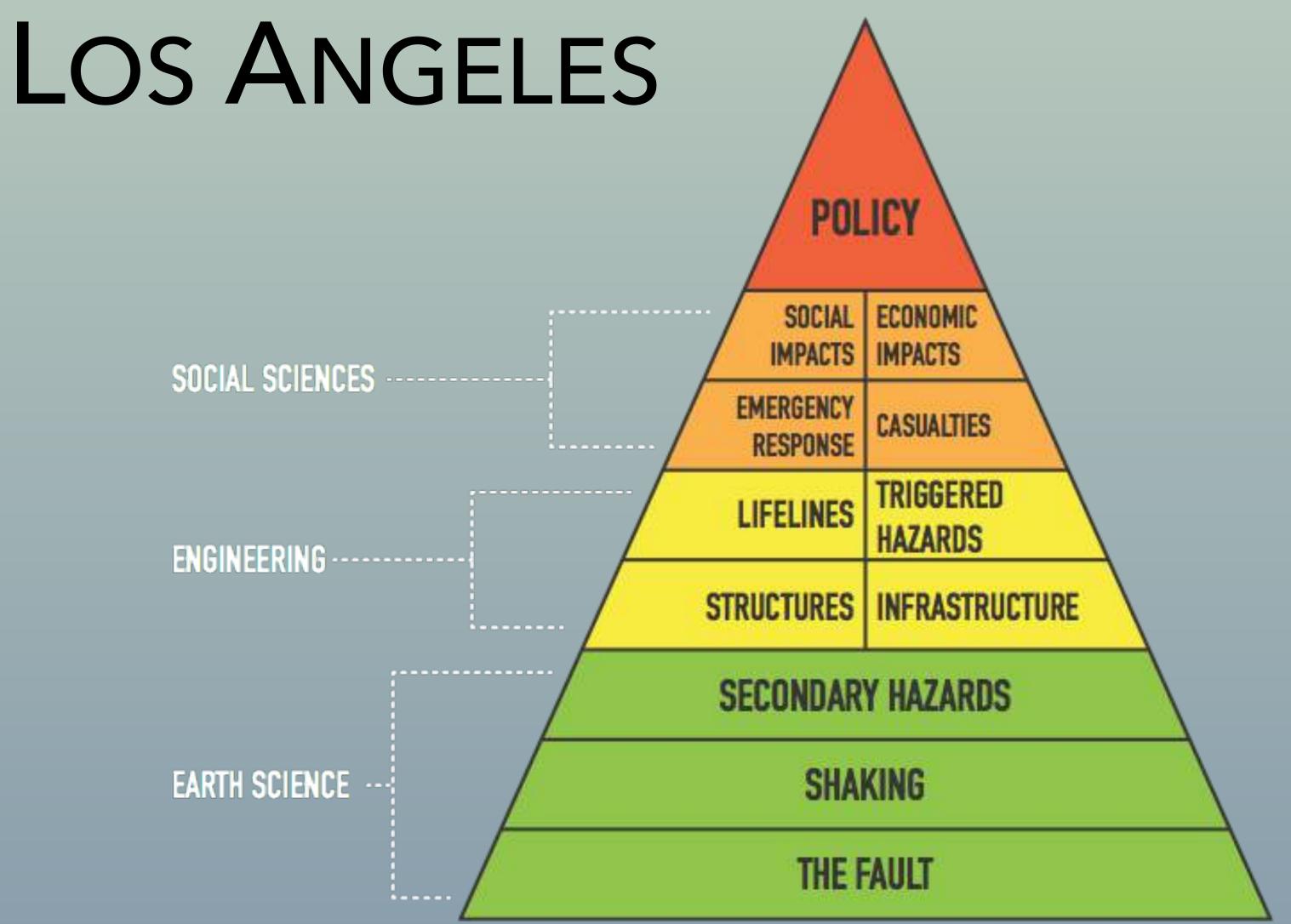


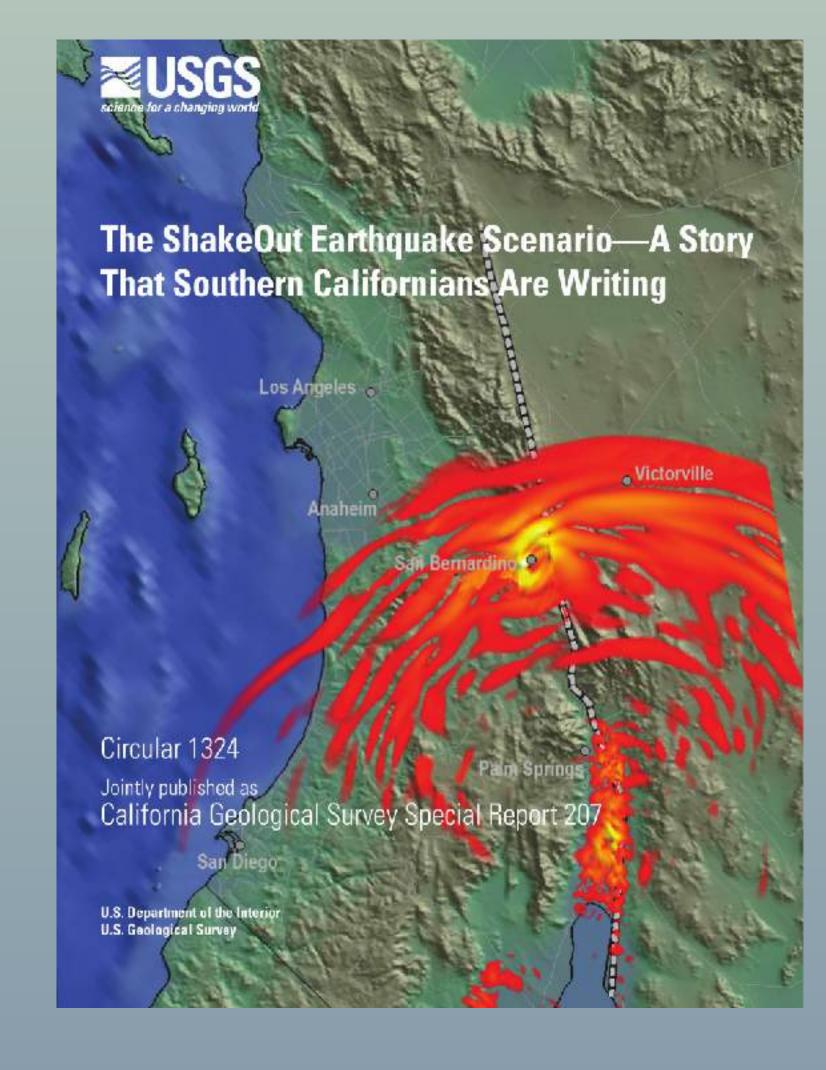
#### USGS-LOS ANGELES AGREEMENT

- Agreement for 2014
- Mayor's Science Advisor for Seismic Safety
- Address vulnerabilities in:
  - Old buildings
  - Water system
  - Telecommunications



THE SHAKEOUT SCENARIO:





#### WE ARE SOSAFE!



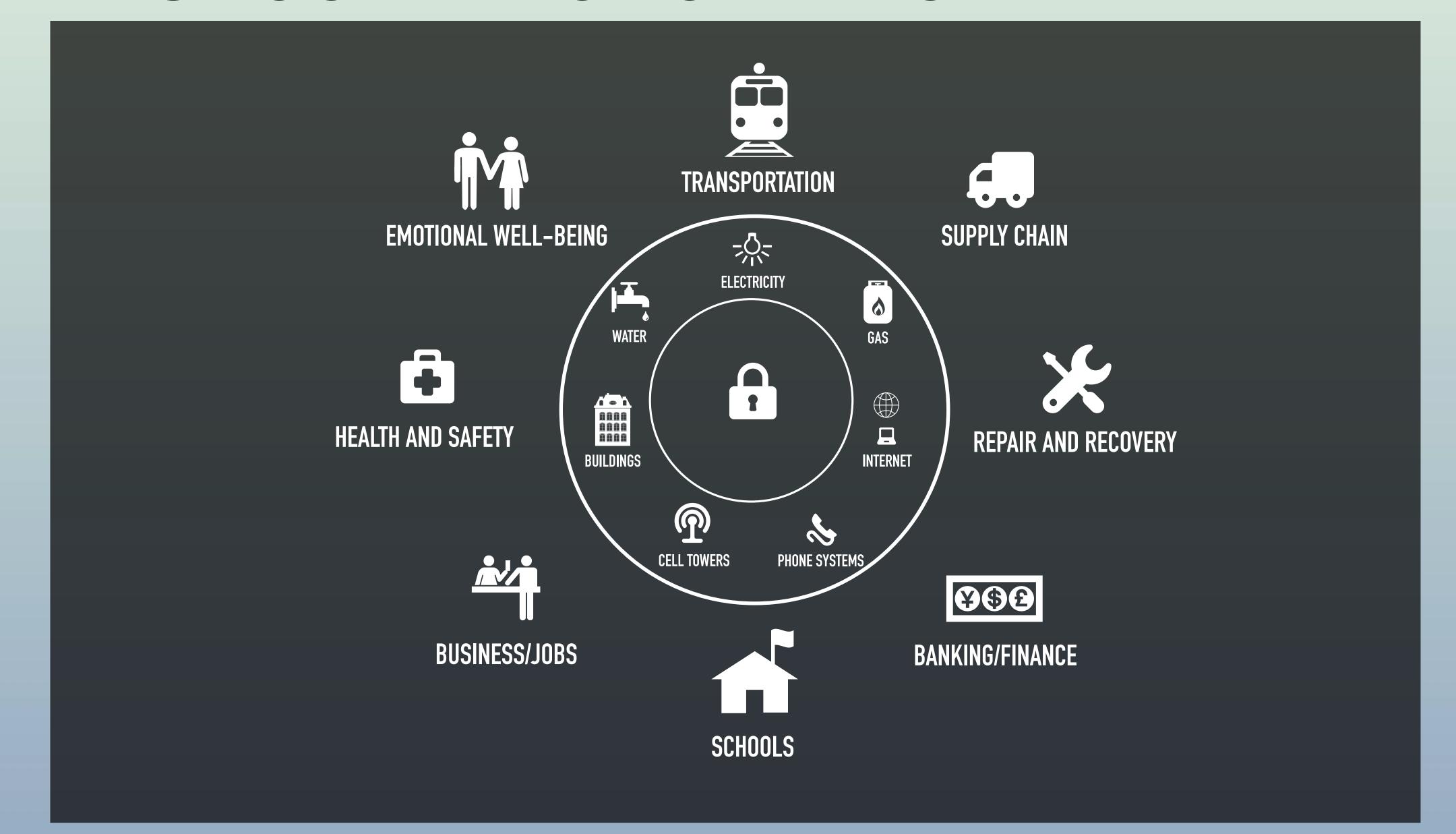
#### BASED ON SHAKEOUT SCENARIO

- Widespread Strong Ground Shaking
   +Shaking of Long Duration + Landslides =
- 300,000 buildings significantly damaged 1 in 16
  - 255,000 displaced households 1 in 30
  - 53,000 injuries
  - 1,800 deaths
- Up to 6 months without water
  - Fires double the losses
- Business disruption doubles the losses
  - \$213 billion damages

Buildings



#### NECESSARY SYSTEMS



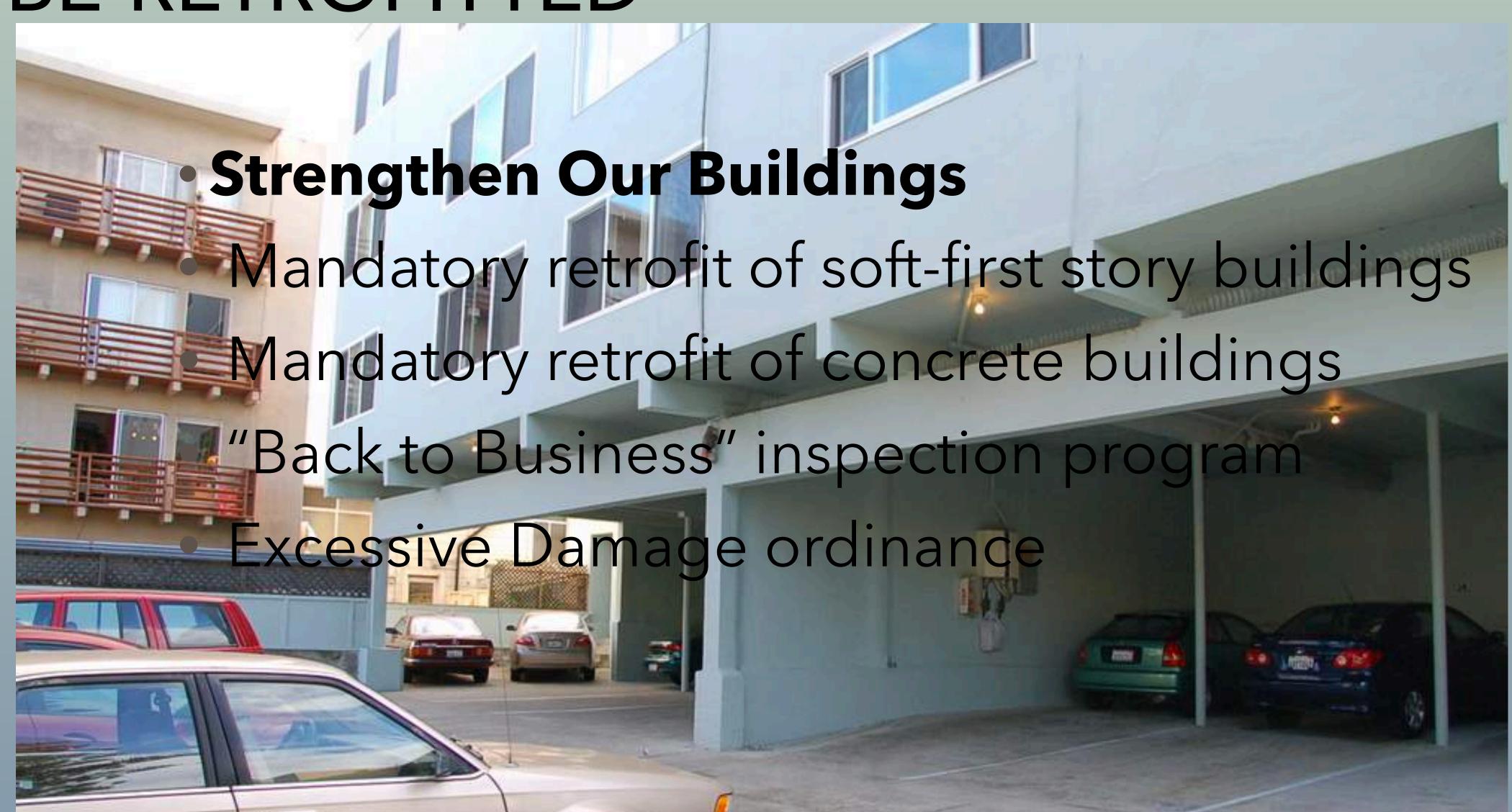
#### BRING IN CITY CONSTITUENTS

- Mayor's Technical Task Force
  - Engineers from DBS, SEAOSC, Concrete Coalition, Tall Building Council
- LADWP Water Task Force
  - DWP design team
- Telecommunications Task Force
  - Four major cellular service providers

#### 130 MEETINGS WITH STAKEHOLDERS



# 20,000 DANGEROUS BUILDINGS WILL BE RETROFITTED



#### ONE STALLED RECOMMENDATION

- Building rating system
  - Voluntary ratings available
  - Lead by example
     from the City

### Behind The Stars: USRC Earthquake Building Rating System



SAFETY: Injuries and blocking of exit paths unlikely

REPAIR COST: Minimal damage (<5% of building replacement)

TIME TO REGAIN BASIC FUNCTION: Immediately to days



SAFETY: Serious injuries unlikely

REPAIR COST: Moderate damage (<10% of building replacement)
TIME TO REGAIN BASIC FUNCTION: Within days to weeks



SAFETY: Loss of life unlikely

REPAIR COST: Significant damage (<20% of building replacement)
TIME TO REGAIN BASIC FUNCTION: Within weeks to months



SAFETY: Loss of life possible in isolated locations

REPAIR COST: Substantial damage (<40% of building replacement)
TIME TO REGAIN BASIC FUNCTION: Within months to a year

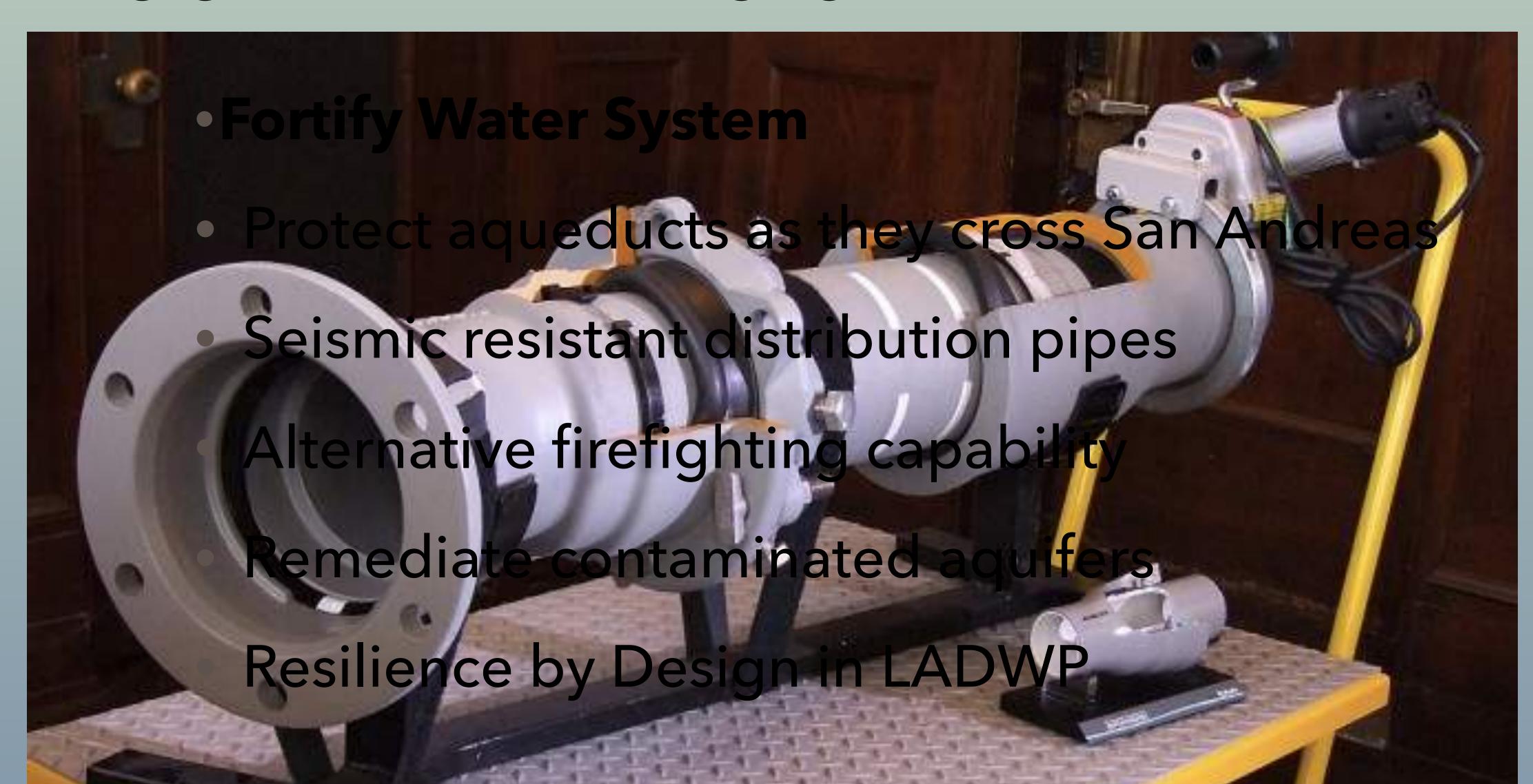


SAFETY: Loss of life likely in the building

REPAIR COST: Severe damage (>40% of building replacement)

TIME TO REGAIN BASIC FUNCTION: More than one year

## COMMITS TO A FUTURE OF SEISMIC RESISTANT WATER SYSTEM



### SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA LIFELINES COUNCIL WILL WORK TOGETHER TO STRENGTHEN LIFELINES



# EVERY CITY COUNCIL ORDINANCE PASSED UNANIMOUSLY



# EVOLUTIONARY CONSTRAINTS ON HUMAN INTELLIGENCE

- Our intelligence evolved to make us safer in a primitive world
- Creating patterns to theorize about the risks

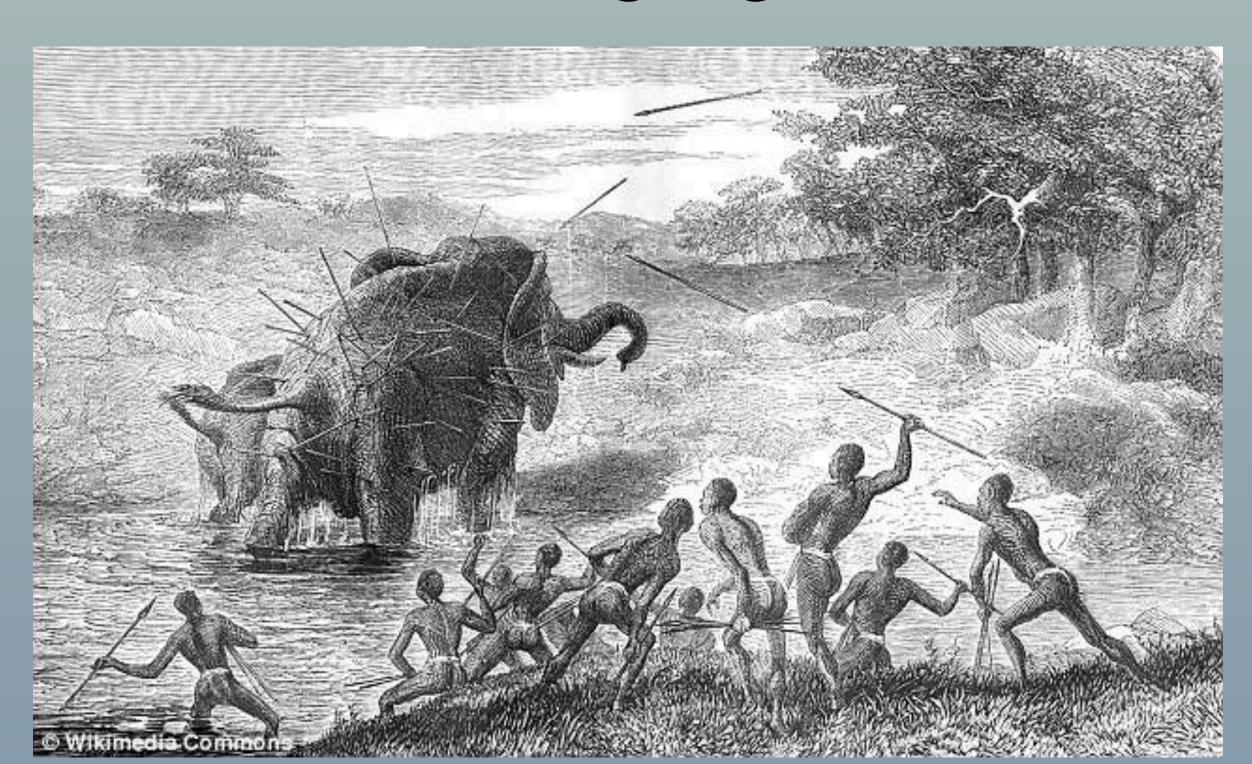


#### FINDING PATTERNS



# HUMANS ARE NOT LOGICAL: CONFIRMATION BIAS

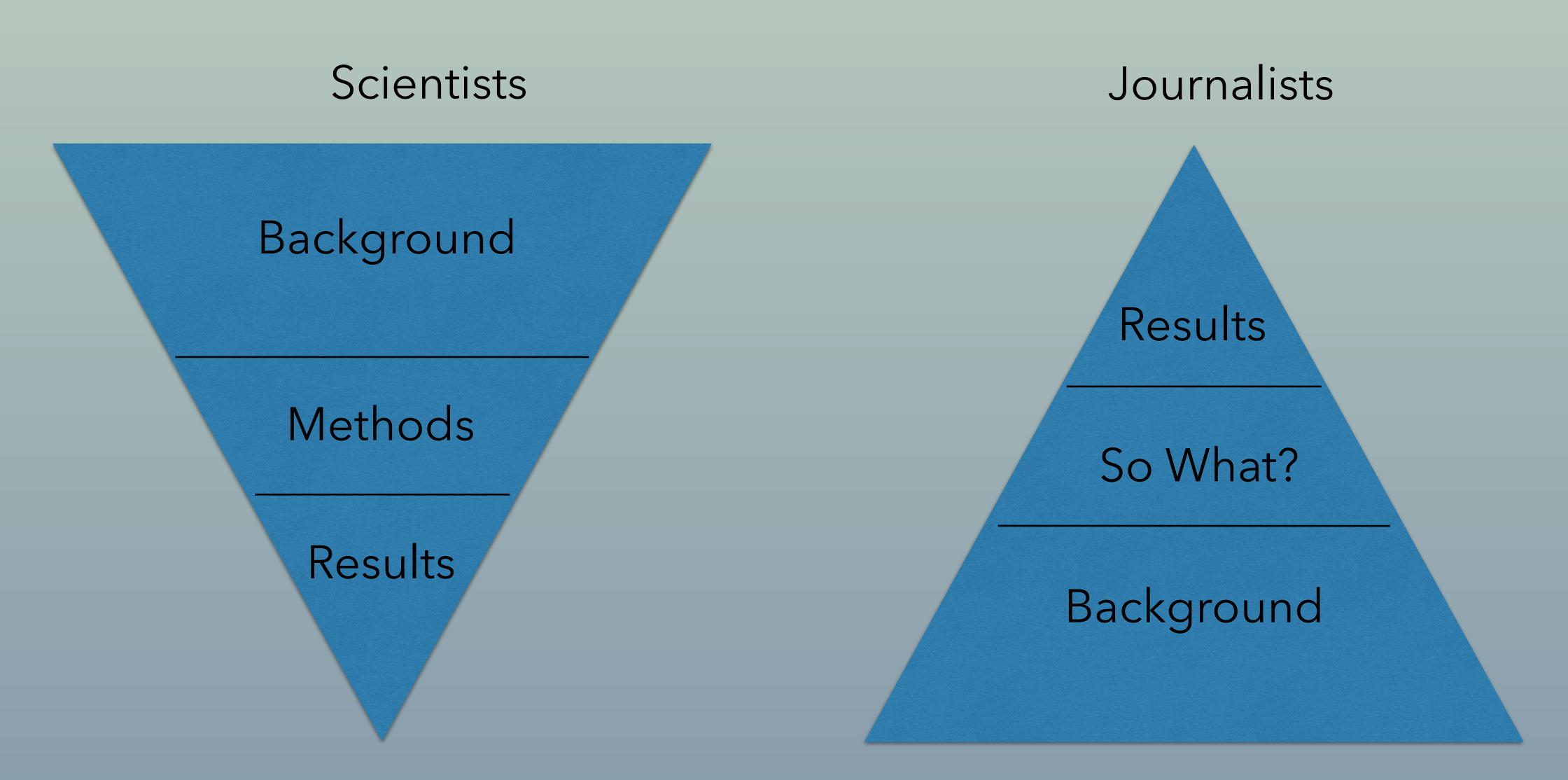
- Reason evolved to facilitate hyper socialization
  - Rewarded winning arguments, not being right
- Confirmation bias
- How we make decisions
  - An internal "yes-man"



### "SCIENTIFIC METHOD" - HOW IT OFTEN WORKS

- Notice a coincidence
- Test if it is coincidental
- Create a model consistent with known phenomena to explain result
- Make predictions from that model and test the predictions using statistics
- Present results of tests to colleagues
- Get ripped to shreds by colleagues

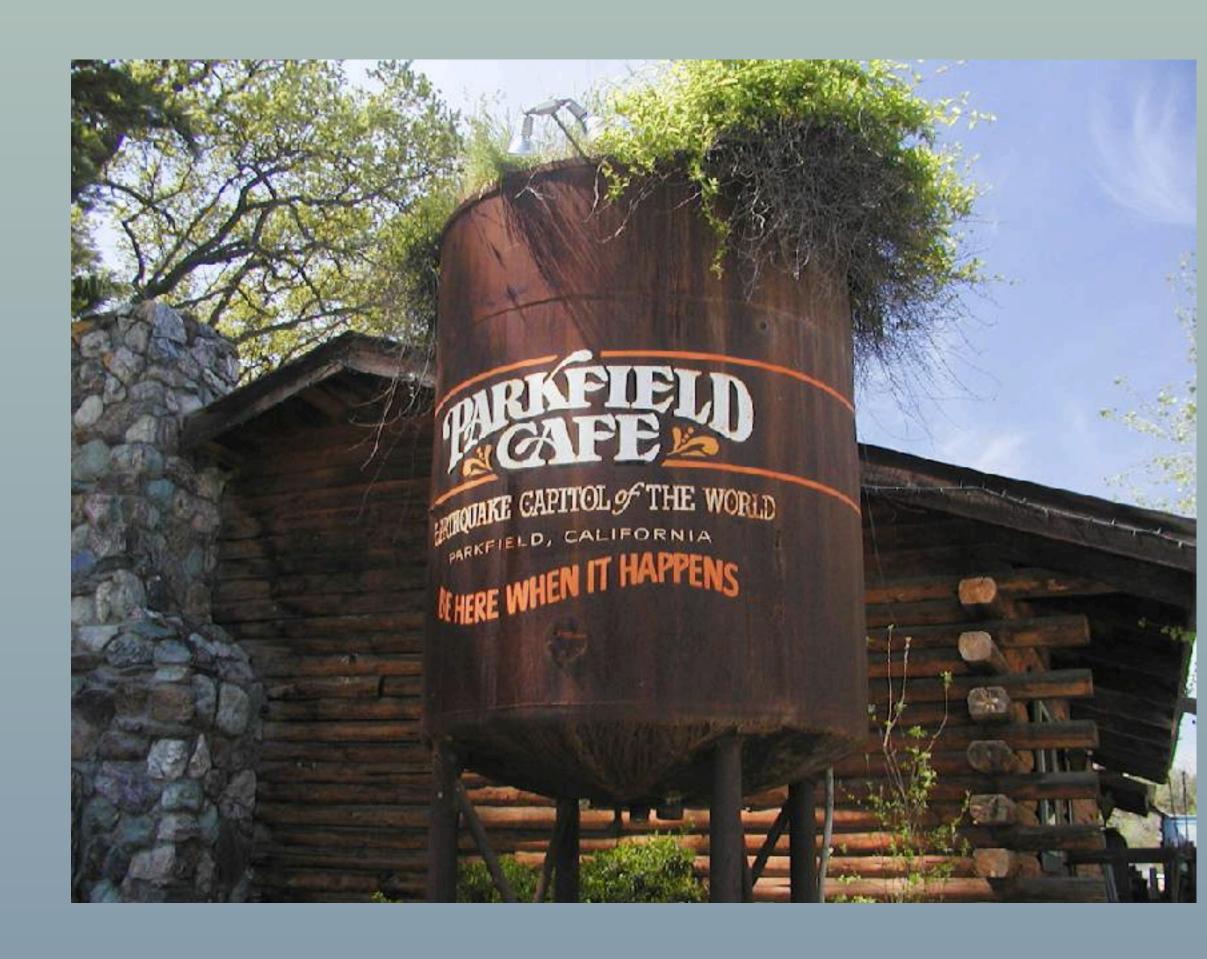
#### HOW WE COMMUNICATE



From Escape from the Ivory Tower, Nancy Baron, p. 30

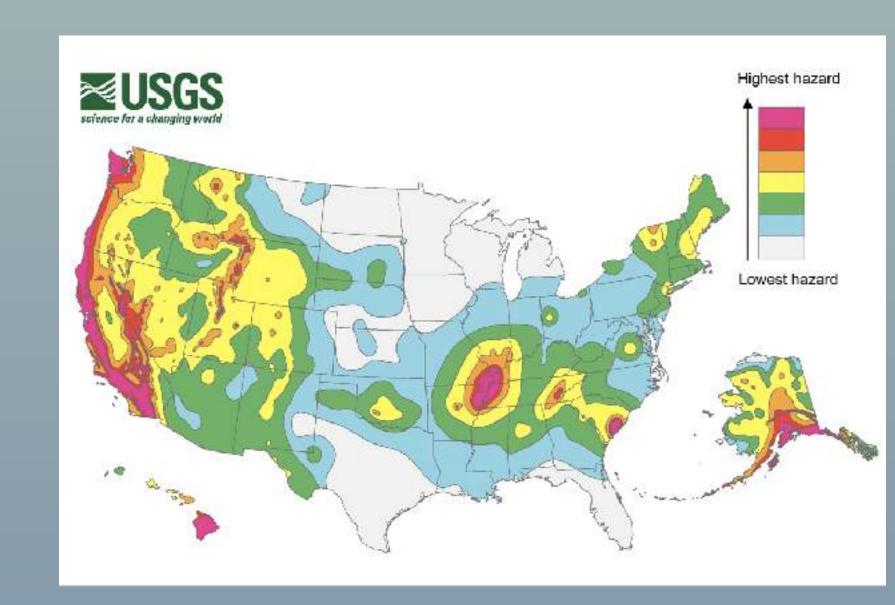
#### PARKFIELD EARTHQUAKE EXPERIMENT

 A shared confirmation bias kept us from recognizing that the statistics were not valid



# IS OUR MODEL BETTER THAN A RANDOM DISTRIBUTION?

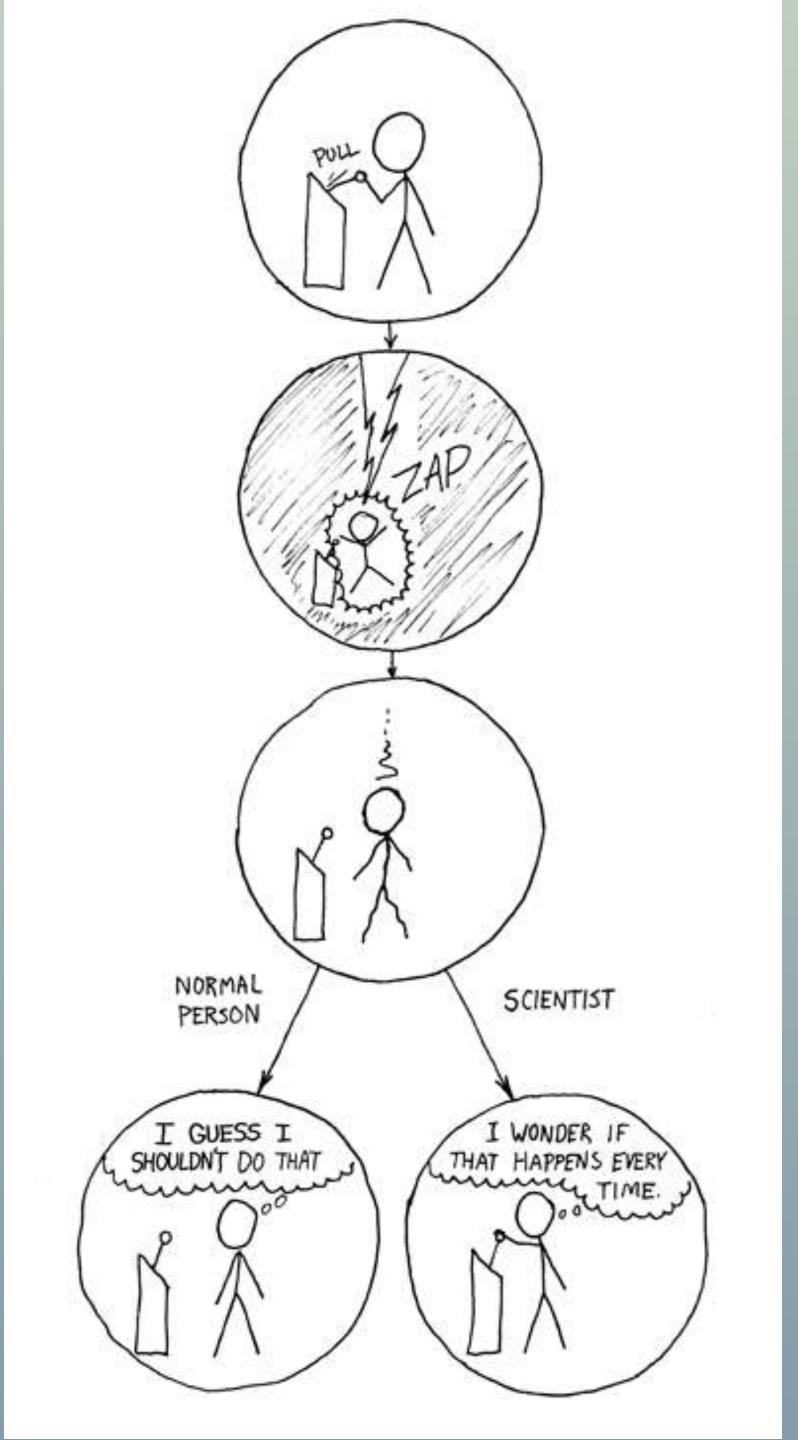
- We believe our model is correct.
- As scientists, we know there is a possibility that we are wrong.
- Statistics can tell us if we have fooled ourselves. If our model does better than assuming it is random



### XKCD: THE DIFFERENCE

We know stories mislead you

The greater the belief in the value of data, the greater the myside bias



### LISBON EARTHQUAKE M8.7 ALL SAINTS DAY, 1755

"God has decided how much the people of Lisbon should suffer and it is not our place to change what God has decreed."



#### 1923 KANTO EARTHQUAKE M7.9



Photograph from T. A. Jaggar

THE BUSINESS SECTION OF TOKYO AFTER THE EARTHQUAKE

This photograph shows in the foreground, by the side of a canal crossing the city, the new shacks occupied by refugees, a go-down, or "safe-house," in the middle distance, and the Mitsukoshi department store (with turret). Most of the buildings that resisted the quake were gutted by fire. Thousands of parked automobiles contributed their gasoline to the flames. The property loss to the nation has been estimated at more than five billion

#### MAKING PATTERNS TO BE SAFE

- Demand for prediction
- Earthquake weather
- Blaming the government
- Blaming the victim



### ENGAGING STAKEHOLDERS CREATES OWNERSHIP

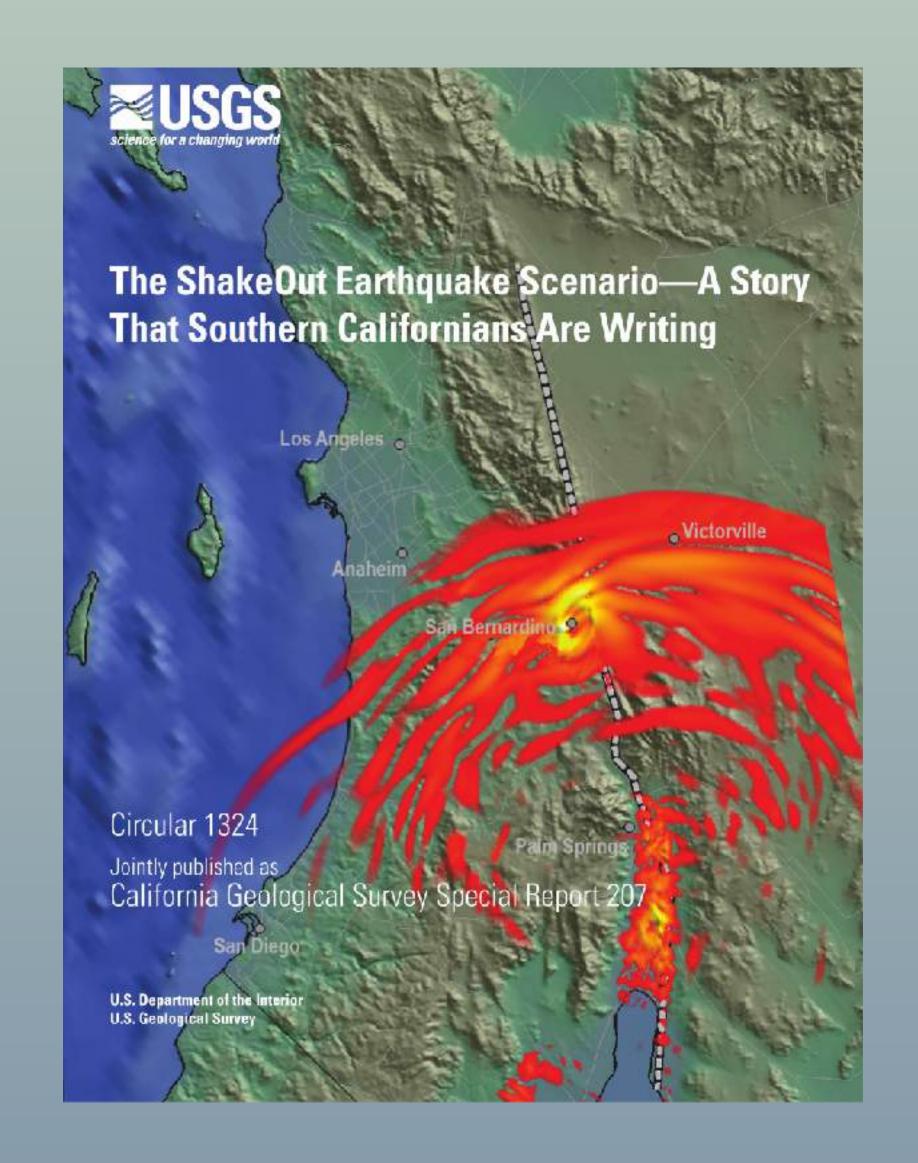


#### KEEP SCIENCE AND POLICY SEPARATE



#### VALUE OF SCENARIO APPROACH

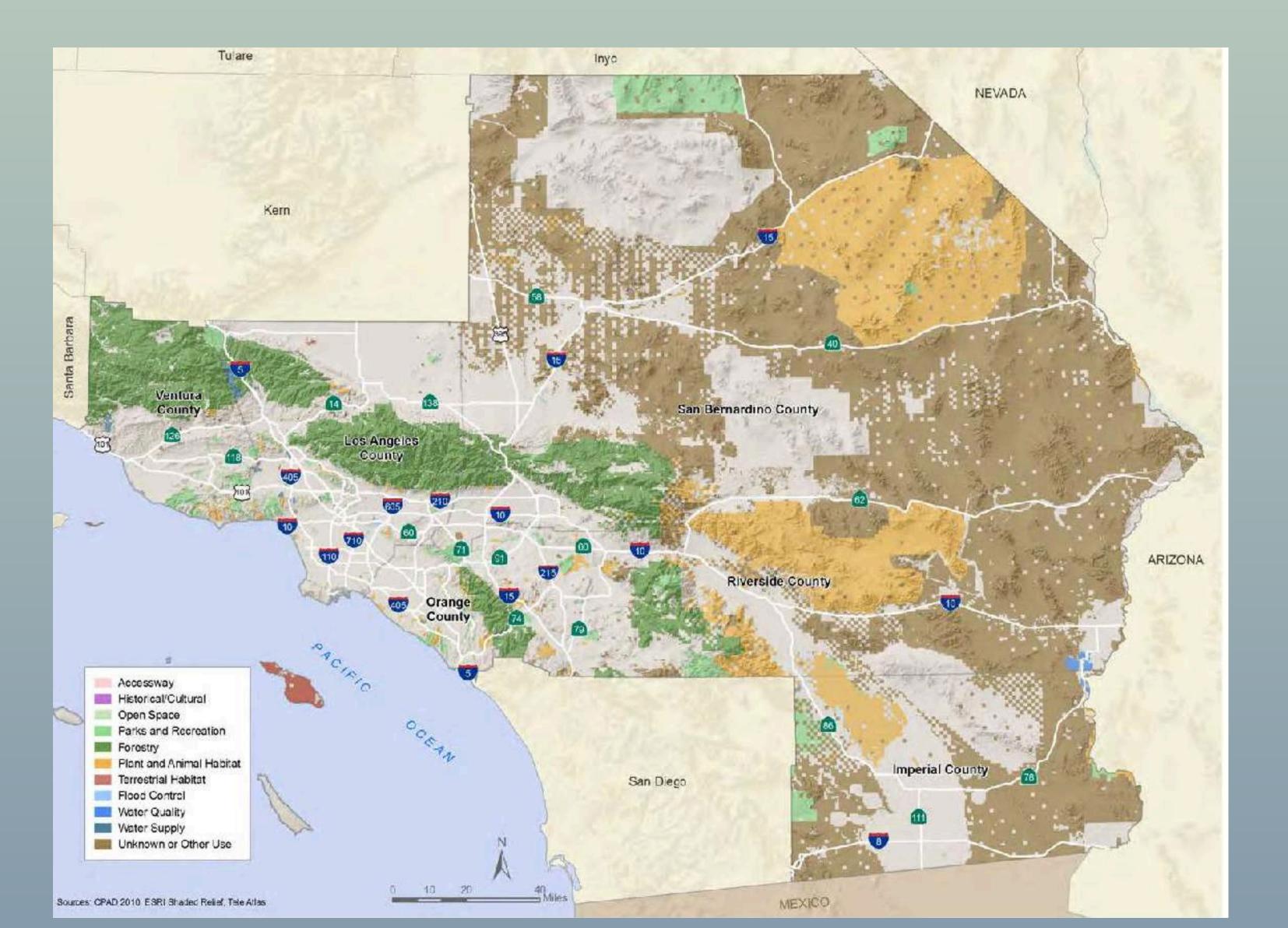
- A scenario tells a story
- A scenario avoids probabilities
- Emphasized consensus
- Emphasized financial outcomes which directed attention away from awfulness of disaster



#### RELATIONSHIPS MATTER



#### SPREADING TO 191 OTHER CITIES



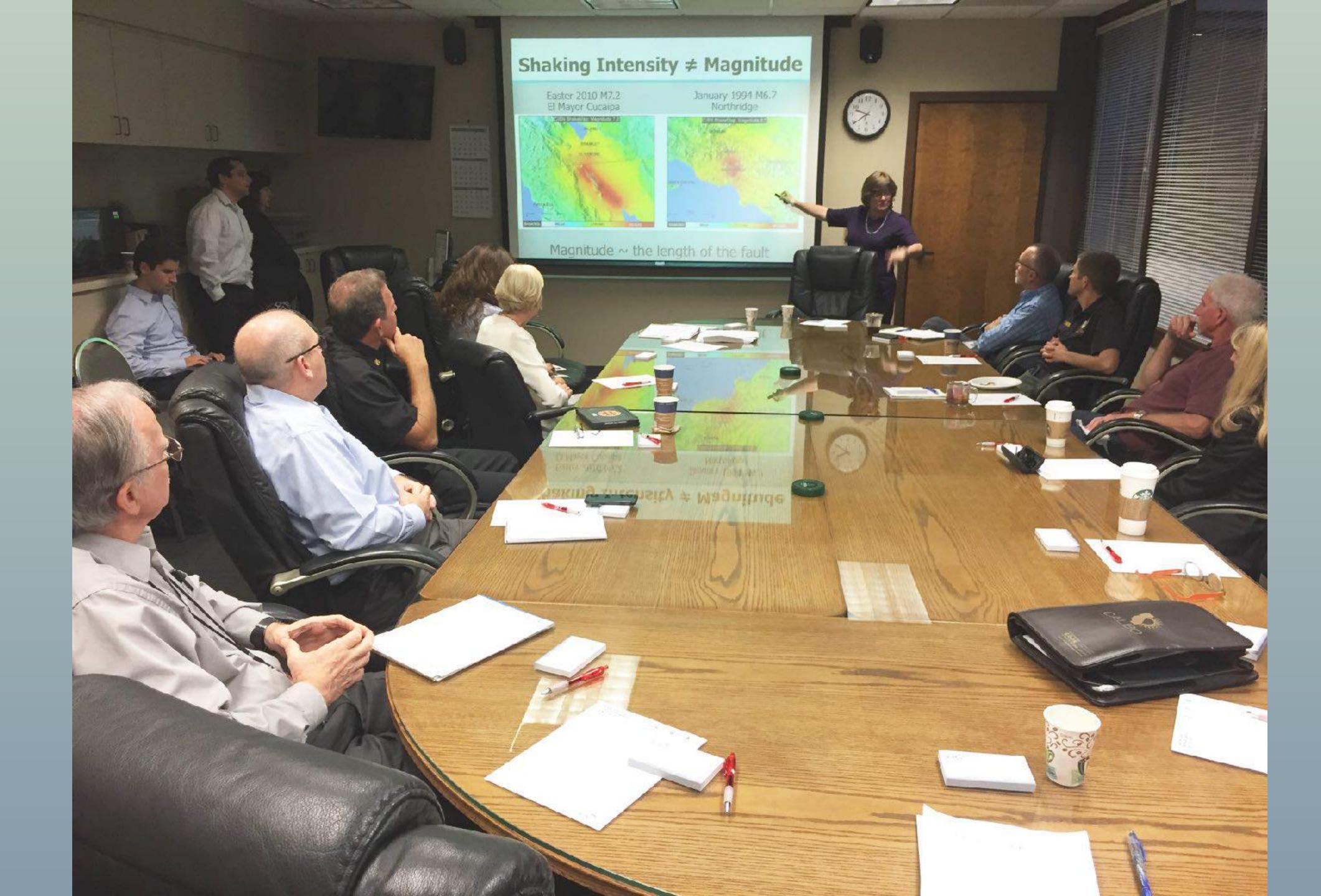


#### MOVING FORWARD













SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA CITIES CONSIDERING SOFT FIRST STORY RETROFITS

2016

Mandatory

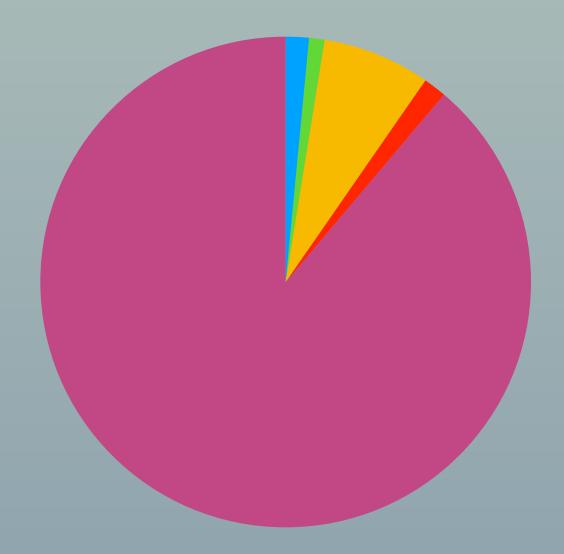
Voluntary

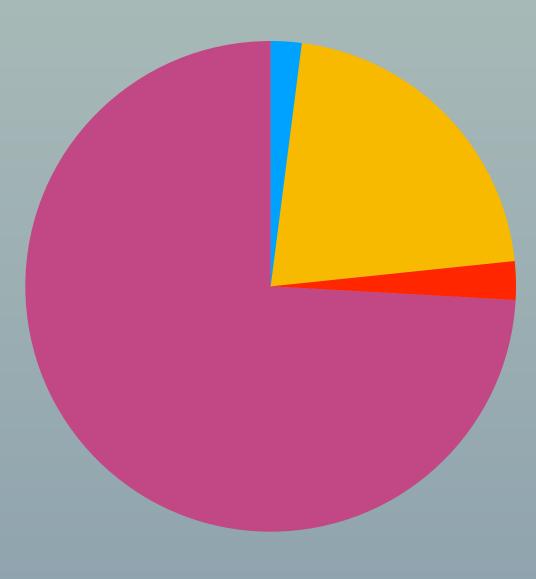
In discussion

In development

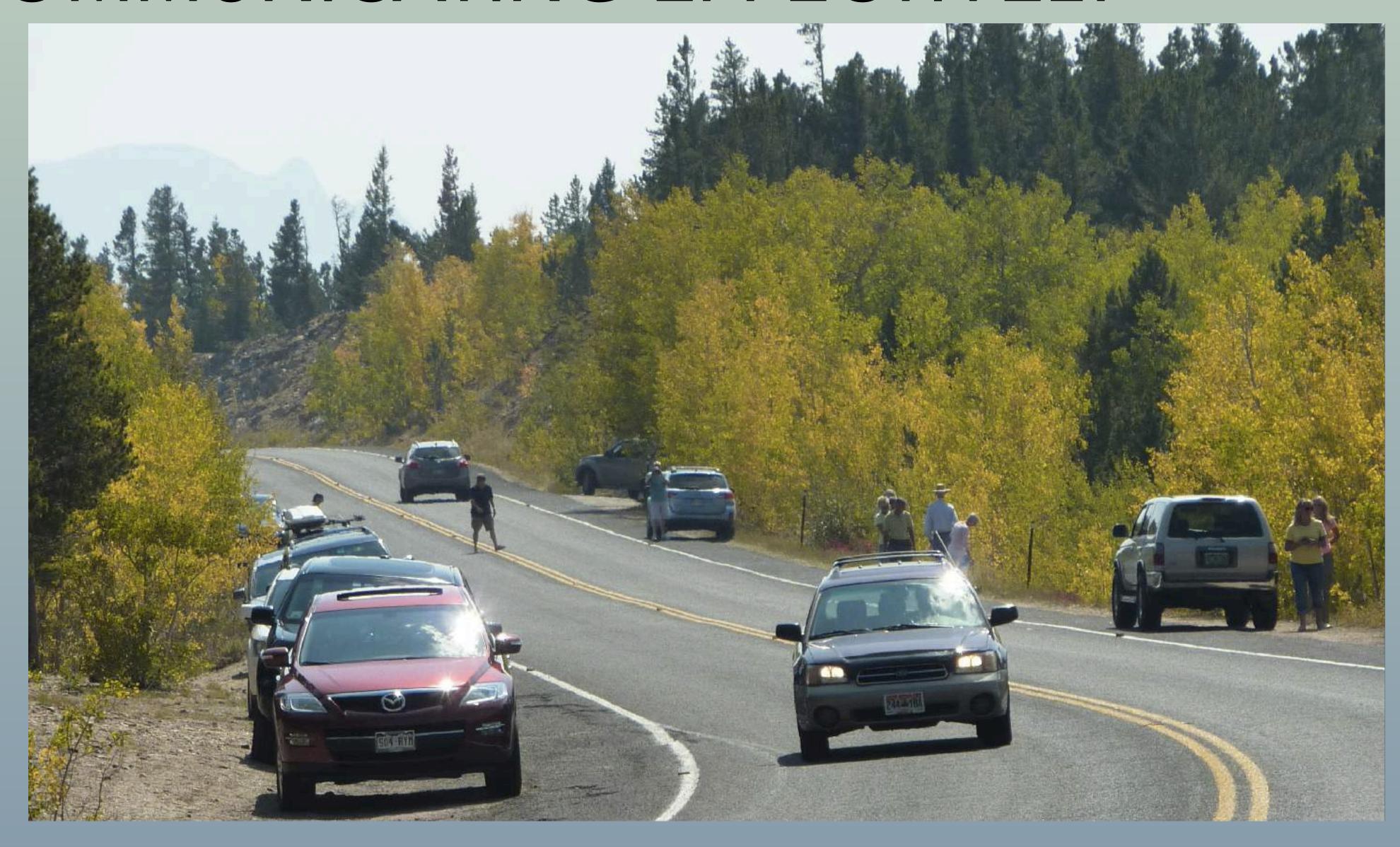
Nothing

2017





### COMMUNICATING EFFECTIVELY



## COMMUNICATING EFFECTIVELY IN EARTH SCIENCE

- Create usable products
- Focus on what we know, not the uncertainties
- Spend time on relationships
- Value the contributions of the scientists who spend the time with users
- Don't make decisions for others
- Recognize people need stories and emotions to make decisions

### OTSUCHI



#### WE ARE ALL IN THIS TOGETHER

