

Today's Webinar

Review Permit Required Confined Space Entry Requirements

Review of General Procedure for Entering Permit Required Confined Spaces

Requirements Specific to Grain Storage Structures: Bins, Silos, and Tanks

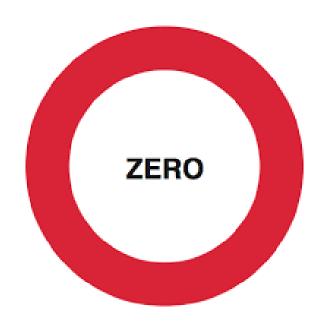
Zero Entry Mentality

Due to the nature of the hazards in permit required confined spaces it's important to develop a zero-entry mentality a zero entry approach when engulfment hazards exist.

Evaluate means/methods that would eliminate entry into a permit required confined space.

Be consistent.

Entry into any type of confined space is not "routine."





Participant Questions

Are we compliant?

Are we doing enough?

Can we do better?

OSHA 29 CFR 1910.146

Standard outlines all requirements for permit required confined space entry.

"29 CFR 1910.272 Grain Handling Standard" takes precedence over the permit required confined space standard for **the hazards it addresses**" per 2005 LOI."

Many companies choose to consolidate confined spaces and grain storage structures into one program or have separate programs.



Confined Space Definition

Is large enough and so configured that an employee can bodily enter and perform assigned work

Has limited or restricted means for entry or exit (for example, tanks, vessels, silos, storage bins, hoppers, vaults, and pits are spaces that may have limited means of entry.)

Is not designed for continuous employee occupancy

Permit-Required Confined Space

A Permit-Required Confined Space has one or more of the following characteristics:

- Contains or has the potential to contain a hazardous atmosphere
- Contains material with the potential for engulfing an entrant
- Has an internal configuration such that an entrant can become trapped or asphyxiated
- Contains any other serious safety or health hazard (pose an immediate danger to life or health or impairment of an employee's ability to escape from the space)



Written Program



Develop and Inventory of confined spaces at the location

Evaluate whether they are permit required

OSHA Confined Spaces Advisor – osha.gov

Best Practice: Develop procedures for entry/checklist approach based on procedure

Labeling/Signs

"The employer shall inform exposed employees, by posting danger signs or by any other equally effective means, of the existence and location of the danger posed by the permit spaces."

- DANGER -- PERMIT-REQUIRED CONFINED SPACE, DO NOT ENTER
- Similar language
- Best Practice: Signs at all spaces when feasible





Permit Required Confined Space Entry

HAZARDS

Hazardous Atmosphere

"Hazardous atmosphere" means an atmosphere that may expose employees to the risk of death, incapacitation, impairment of ability to self-rescue (that is, escape unaided from a permit space), injury, or acute illness from one or more of the following causes:



Hazardous Atmosphere

Flammable gas, vapor, or mist in excess of 10 percent of its lower flammable limit (LFL);

Airborne combustible dust at a concentration that meets or exceeds its LFL;

NOTE: This concentration may be approximated as a condition in which the dust obscures vision at a distance of 5 feet (1.52 m) or less.

Hazardous Atmosphere

Atmospheric oxygen concentration below 19.5 percent or above 23.5 percent.

Atmospheric concentration of any substance for which a dose or a permissible exposure limit is published in Subpart G, Occupational Health and Environmental Control, or

Subpart Z, Toxic and Hazardous Substances, which could result in employee exposure in excess of its dose or permissible exposure limit.





Eight-hour TWA Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL) - the level of exposure established as the highest level of exposure an employee may be exposed to without incurring the risk of adverse health effects.



"Immediately dangerous to life or health (IDLH)" -any condition that poses an immediate or delayed threat to life or that would cause irreversible adverse health effects or that would interfere with an individual's ability to escape unaided from a permit space.

Hazardous Atmosphere

Hazardous Atmosphere

Atmospheric Concentrations of Substances for which a PEL is published:

- Carbon Monoxide (CO)
 - = < 50 ppm (OSHA)
 - = < 35 ppm (NIOSH REL)
- Phosphine (PH3)
 - = < 0.3 ppm (OSHA/NIOSH)
- Hydrogen Sulfide (H2S)
 - = < 20 ppm (OSHA)
 - = < 10 ppm (NIOSH REL)
- Ammonia (NH3)
 - = < 50 ppm (OSHA)
 - = < 25 PPM (NIOSH REL)

NIOSH is the United States federal agency responsible for conducting research and making recommendations for the prevention of work-related injury and illness.



Oxygen Enrichment/Deficiency

> 23.5% : oxygen enriched – explosive

12-16%: Increased breathing, elevated heart rate, impaired coordination

10-14%: Faulty judgment, poor muscle coordination

6-10%: Nausea, vomiting, unconscious, unable to move

< 6%: Difficulty breathing, death

Carbon Monoxide (CO)

Odorless

Colorless

Lighter than air

• Vapor density = 0.98

OSHA PEL – 50 ppm, NIOSH 35ppm REL

IDLH – 1200 ppm



Hydrogen Sulfide (H2S)



Smells like rotten eggs, sewer gas.

Symptoms of exposure - nausea, headaches, delirium, disturbed equilibrium, tremors, convulsions, and skin and eye irritation. Inhalation of high concentrations of **hydrogen sulfide** can produce extremely rapid unconsciousness and death

Heavier than air

- Vapor density = 1.19
- PEL
 - General Industry 20 ppm
 - Construction Industry 10 ppm
 - Shipyard Industry 10 ppm
- IDLH 100 ppm

Phosphine

Formed when Aluminum Phosphide reacts with moisture in air

Heavier than air

PEL - 0.3 PPM

IDLH – 50 PPM

Symptoms – ringing in the ears, pressure in the chest, tightness in chest, malaise, etc.





Additional Hazards:

Electricity

Falls

Extreme Temperatures

Chemical Exposure

Mechanical Hazards

- Augers
- Mixers

Engulfment

Temperature (°F)	Light Work Minutes Work/Rest	Moderate Work Minutes Work/Rest	Heavy Work Minutes Work/Rest		
90	Normal	Normal	Normal		
91	Normal	Normal	Normal		
92	Normal	Normal	Normal		
93	Normal	Normal	Normal		
94	Normal	Normal	Normal		
95	Normal	Normal	45/15		
96	Normal	Normal	45/15		
97	Normal	Normal	40/20		
98	Normal	Normal	35/25		
99	Normal	Normal	35/25		
100	Normal	45/15	30/30		
101	Normal	40/20	30/30		
102	Normal	35/25	25/35		
103	Normal	30/30	20/40		
104	Normal	30/30	20/40		
105	Normal	25/35	15/45		
106	45/15	20/40	Caution		
107	40/20	15/45	Caution		
108	35/25	Caution	Caution		
109	30/30	Caution	Caution		
110	15/45	Caution	Caution		
111	Caution	Caution	Caution		
112	Caution	Caution	Caution		

Extreme Heat

What Constitutes Entry?

The act by which a person intentionally passes through an opening into a permit required confined space.



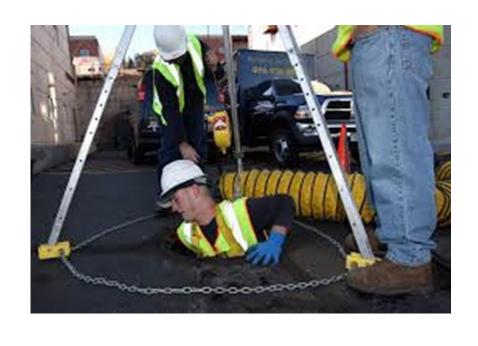
Any part of the body passing through the opening is considered entry.

Entry Team Responsibilities

ENTRANT, ATTENDANT, ENTRY SUPERVISOR

Entrant

THE EMPLOYEE WHO WILL PHYSICALLY ENTERS THE CONFINED SPACE TO PERFORM THE WORK



Entrant Responsibilities

Take an active role in evaluating the space

Know the hazards that may be faced

Use all required equipment

Follow all safety rules and procedures that apply to the job

Alert attendant when a dangerous situation is recognized

Immediately exit the space when attendant issues an evacuation order

Remove all tools from the space prior to completion of the entry

Attendant

The employee who remains outside the confined space.



Attendant Responsibilities

Know the hazards faced

Remain in the immediate area of the space

Control access

Maintain communication with entrants

Order evacuation when:

- Behavioral effects of hazard exposure.
- Situation outside space could endanger entrants.
- If attendant cannot for any reason perform duties.

Perform non-entry rescue if needed

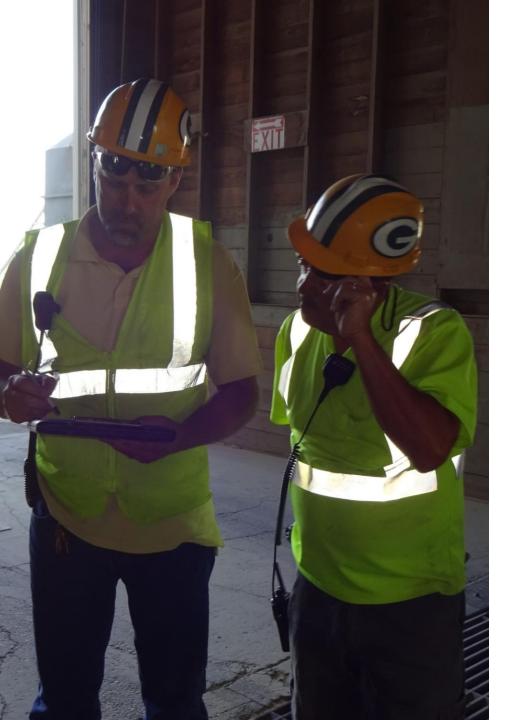
Attendant Responsibilities (Continued)

Summon emergency assistance as needed. Must have a means of communication:

- Radio
- Cell phone
- Phone in close proximity

Assess hazards in and around the space, and take action when they pose risk to the entrant(s)

Keep records of confined space work (atmospheric monitoring results, personnel entry/exit, etc.)



Entry Supervisor

The employee responsible for coordinating entry

When possible should be the role of a foreman, supervisor, operations manager or experienced employee

	18.		Contin	reu apa	ce Entry				
8pace to be Entered:					Date (scued:				
Permit Start Time:				Work to be Performed:					
Name(c) of Entrants:				Name of Attendant(c):					
Atmospheric M	onitor (Manuf	acturer	/Model):						
Pre-Entry Atmospheric Testing (Initial Check):					Atmospheric Testing (After Ventilation):				
Test	Acceptable Level		Results		Tect		Acceptable Level		Results
Dxygen:	19.5% to 23.5%		3		Oxygen:		19.5% to 23.5%		
Combustibles:	Less than 1	0%	8		Combust	tibles	Less than 10%		
00	< 35 ppm				CO		< 35	opm	
H2 8	< 10 ppm		F		H28	<1		0 ppm -	
PHS	< 0.3 ppm		i i		PH3		< 0.3	nom	
86	* 0.0 ppill				F-60-0		-0.5	ppril.	
Periodic Atmos	pheric Testing	(If An	plicable):						
Test	Result	Tim		Result		Time		Result	Time
Oxygen:		38						8	30
Combustibles CO:									10
28 or PH3:	3	10				8		5	- 00
Oxygen deficie Fiammable gas Hazardous air Extreme tempe	ent ses vapors, or co contaminants (ph tratures	mbustil	ble dust	etc.)	() Resp () Eye () Prote () Light	protection scrive clot ing (Class	otection - - type: hing - typ iii Group	e: G)	apply)
Hazard Identifica) Oxygen deficie) Flammable gas) Hazardous alr) Chremical expo) Enguirment / e) Mechanical expo) Electrical expo	ent ses vapors, or co contaminants (ph iratures issure intrapment / bridgi posure (machine	mbustii iosphin ing mat	ble dust e (PH3, CO2, erfal	etc.)	() Resp () Eye () Prote () Light () Cont () Lock () Hoty () Fire (protection protection active clot ing (Cless inuous for out Locks vork permi extinguish	otection - - type: hing - typ s il Group ced air ve /Tags t er	type: e: G) intilation fan	
) Oxygen deficie) Flammeble gas) Hazardous alir) Extreme tempe) Chemical expo) Engulfmeici expo) Mechanical expo) Noise	ent ses vapors, or co contaminants (ph iratures issure intrapment / bridgi posure (machine	mbustii iosphin ing mat	ble dust e (PH3, CO2, erfal	etc.)	() Resp () Eye () Prote () Light () Cont () Lock () Hoty () Retri	protection protection active clot ing (Cless inuous for out Locks vork permi extinguish	otection type: hing - type iii Group ced air ve '/Tags it er oment (trip	type: e: G) shtilation fan ood, winch, lifeli	
) Oxygen deficie) Fiammeble gas) Hazardous alir) Extreme tempe) Chemical expo) Engulfment / ei) Mechanical expo) Electrical expo) Noise	ent ses vapors, or co contaminants (ph iratures issure intrapment / bridgi posure (machine	mbustii iosphin ing mat	ble dust e (PH3, CO2, erfal	etc.)	() Resp () Eye () Prote () Light () Cont () Lock () Hoty () Rest () Rest () Radi	protection colors of the color ing (Classi inuous for out Locks work permi extinguish eval equip o for come	otection type: hing - type ii ii Group ced air ve /Tags it er oment (trip munication	type: e: g) intilation fan wod, winch, lifeli	ine etc.)
Oxygen deficie Filammable gas Hazardous alir Extreme tempe Chemical expo Enguirment / Mechanical expo Noise Fall hazards Te-Entry Prepai	ent ses vapois, or co contaminants (ph instures issure intrapment / bridgi possure (machine issure ration (check s	mbustii iosphin ing mab ny/equip	ple dust e (PH3, CO2, erfel pment)	etc.)	() Resp () Eye () Prote () Light () Cont () Lock () Hoty () Rest () Rest () Radi	protection colors of the color ing (Classi inuous for out Locks work permi extinguish eval equip o for come	otection type: hing - type ii ii Group ced air ve /Tags it er oment (trip munication	type: e: G) shtilation fan ood, winch, lifeli	ine etc.)
Oxygen deficie Filammable gas Hazardous alir. Extreme tempe Chemical expo Enguithment / e Mechanical expo Noise Fall hazards Pre-entry Prepai Pre-entry briefi	ent ses vapors, or co- contaminants (phi- sistures issure intragment / bridgi- posure (machine issure intragment / bridgi- posure (machine issure intragment / bridgi- posure (machine issure intragment / bridgi- posure intragme	mbustii iosphin ing mab ny/equip	ple dust e (PH3, CO2, erfel pment)	etc.)	() Resp () Eye () Prote () Light () Cont () Lock () Hoty () Rest () Rest () Radi	protection colors of the color ing (Classi inuous for out Locks work permi extinguish eval equip o for come	otection type: hing - type ii ii Group ced air ve /Tags it er oment (trip munication	type: e: g) intilation fan wod, winch, lifeli	ine etc.)
Oxygen deficie Flammable gas Flammable gas Hazardous alir Extreme tempe Chemical expo Benguitment / e Mechanical expo Noise Fall hazards Fall hazards Fall hazards All entry Prepai All entry equip All entry equip	ent ses vapors, or co- contaminents (ph- institutes issue institutes issue institutes (machine institute (machine institute in	mbustii iosphin ing mab ny/equip	ple dust e (PH3, CO2, erfel pment)	etc.)	() Resp () Eye () Prote () Light () Cont () Lock () Hoty () Rest () Rest () Radi	protection colors of the color ing (Classi inuous for out Locks work permi extinguish eval equip o for come	otection type: hing - type ii ii Group ced air ve /Tags it er oment (trip munication	type: e: g) intilation fan wod, winch, lifeli	ine etc.)
Oxygen deficie Filammonie gas Hezardous elir Extreme tempe Omerical expe Inquiriment i e Mechanical exp Noise Fell hezards Pre-Entry Prepai All entry equip	ent ses vapors, or co- contaminents (phi enatures issue integement / bridgi posure (machine issue integement / bridgi posure (machine issue integement inspected of to entry team pace secured.	mbustii osphin ing mab ny/equip applica m	pie dust e (PH3, CO2, erfal pment)	ebc.)	() Resp () Eye () Prote () Light () Cont () Lock () Hoty () Rest () Rest () Radi	protection colors of the color ing (Classi inuous for out Locks work permi extinguish eval equip o for come	otection type: hing - type ii ii Group ced air ve /Tags it er oment (trip munication	type: e: g) intilation fan wod, winch, lifeli	ine etc.)
Oxygen deficie Filammanie gas Hezardous elir Extreme tempe Chemical expo Angulfment / e Mechanical expo Noise Fall hezards re-Entry Prepai All entry deficie All entry equip	ent ses vapors, or co- contaminents (ph- institues issue institues issue institues issue institues issue institues institues institues institues in institues institues in ins	mibus til rosphin ing mat ry/equip applica m	pie dust e (PH3, CO2, ental prment)	ebc.)	() Resp () Eye () Prote () Light () Cont () Lock () Hoty () Rest () Rest () Radi	protection colors of the color ing (Classi inuous for out Locks work permi extinguish eval equip o for come	otection type: hing - type ii ii Group ced air ve /Tags it er oment (trip munication	type: e: g) intilation fan wod, winch, lifeli	ine etc.)
Oxygen deficie Fiammanie gaz Fiammanie gaz Hezardous alir Extreme tempe Chemical expo Expuriment re Mechanical ex Mechanical ex Mechanical ex Fall hazards Fall hazards Fentry Prepar Pre-entry bref All entry equip Roles assigne Area around sy All and prepared Tentry Control Space isolated	ent ses vapors, or co- contaminants (phistures saure instruces (phistures saure instruces (phistures saure ing with entry team ment inspected di to entry team beceisecured. (chutes, spouls, or blocked)	mbustii osphini ing mat ry/equip spplica m ded/set ace ren	pile dust e (PH2, CO2, erfal prinent) bible items)		() Resp () Eye () Prote () Light () Cont () Lock () Hoty () Rest () Rest () Radi	protection colors of the color ing (Classi inuous for out Locks work permi extinguish eval equip o for come	otection type: hing - type ii ii Group ced air ve /Tags it er oment (trip munication	type: e: g) intilation fan wod, winch, lifeli	ine etc.)
Oxygen deficie Finammanie gas Finammanie gas Hazardous sir. Extreme tempe Chemical expo Enguifment / e Mechanical exp Mechanical exp Noise Fall hazards Fentry Prepai All entry equip Roles essigne Area around s; All applicable Tank Creamed Space isolated disconnected Energy source Energy source	ent ses vapors, or co- contaminants (pri- contaminants (pri- contaminants) pri- contaminants (pri- contaminants) price (machine issure (machin	mbustii osphini ing mat ry/equip spplica m ded/set ace ren	pile dust e (PH2, CO2, erfal prinent) bible items)		() Resp () Eye () Prote () Light () Cont () Lock () Hoty () Rest () Rest () Radi	protection colors of the color ing (Classi inuous for out Locks work permi extinguish eval equip o for come	otection type: hing - type ii ii Group ced air ve /Tags it er oment (trip munication	type: e: g) intilation fan wod, winch, lifeli	ine etc.)
Oxygen deficie Finamable gas Flammable gas Hezardous alr Extreme tempe Chemical expo Enguliment re Mechanical exp Mechanical exp Noise Fall hazards re-Entry Prepai Pie-entry brief All entry equip Aries assigne Aries assigned Arie	ent ses vapors, or co- contaminents (phi restures some some sis- some management / bridgi posure (machine soure (machine soure management inspected do entry team pose secured, acquirement inspe- ces source or contents of sp (chutes, spouts, or blocked) si-loyated management lock silloyated	mbustii osphini ing mat ry/equip spplica m ded/set ace ren	pile dust e (PH2, CO2, erfal prinent) bible items)		() Resp () Eye () Prote () Light () Cont () Lock () Hoty () Rest () Rest () Radi	protection colors of the color ing (Classi inuous for out Locks work permi extinguish eval equip o for come	otection type: hing - type ii ii Group ced air ve /Tags it er oment (trip munication	type: e: g) intilation fan wod, winch, lifeli	ine etc.)
Cxygen deficie Fiammable gas Hazardous air Extreme tempe Chemical expe Mechanical expe Mechanical expe Mechanical expe Fall hazards Pla-Entry Prepai All entry equip All entry equip All applicable Area eround s All applicable J Tank Creined o Space isolated	ent ses vapors, or co- contaminants (phi instructs) programment / bridgi posure (machine insure insu	mbustii osphini ing mat ry/equip spplica m ded/set ace ren	pile dust e (PH2, CO2, erfal prinent) bible items)		() Resp () Eye () Prote () Light () Cont () Lock () Hoty () Rest () Rest () Radi	protection colors of the color ing (Classi inuous for out Locks work permi extinguish eval equip o for come	otection type: hing - type ii ii Group ced air ve /Tags it er oment (trip munication	type: e: g) intilation fan wod, winch, lifeli	ine etc.)
Oxygen deficie Commonie gas Hezardous ein Extreme tempe Commonie gas Extreme tempe Commonie gas Enguifment re Mechanical exp Decentral exp Notes Feli hazards Pre-entry Prepai Pre-entry Prepai Pre-entry Prepai All entry equip All entry equip All applicable Area eround si All applicable Commonie gas Space isolated disconnected Ges monitor cs Hot work permi Hot work permi Employees bri	ent ses vapors, or co- contaminants (pri- contaminants (pri- contaminants) pri- contaminants (pri- contaminants) pro- ration (check sure super sected do entry team pace secured. egulpment inspected do entry team pace secured. egulpment inspected or contains of sp if (chutes, spouts, or blocked) s'equipment lock allibrated it comprised	mbustii osphini ing mat ry/equip spplica m ded/set ace ren	pile dust e (PH2, CO2, erfal prinent) bible items)		() Resp () Eye () Prote () Light () Cont () Lock () Hoty () Rest () Rest () Radi	protection colors of the color ing (Classi inuous for out Locks work permi extinguish eval equip o for come	otection type: hing - type ii ii Group ced air ve /Tags it er oment (trip munication	type: e: g) intilation fan wod, winch, lifeli	ine etc.)
Oxygen deficie Fiammable gas Hezardous air. Extreme tempe Onemical expo Enguifment / e Mechanical expo Noise Fall hezards Pre-Entry Prepai Pre-entry briefi All entry equip Area eround s; All applicable Tank Oralined Gespecial expo Space isolated disconnected Gespecial expo	ent ses vapors, or co- contaminants (pri- contaminants (pri- contaminants) pri- contaminants (pri- contaminants) pro- ration (check sure super sected do entry team pace secured. egulpment inspected do entry team pace secured. egulpment inspected or contains of sp if (chutes, spouts, or blocked) s'equipment lock allibrated it comprised	mbustii osphini ing mat ry/equip spplica m ded/set ace ren	pile dust e (PH2, CO2, erfal prinent) bible items)		() Resp () Eye () Prote () Light () Cont () Lock () Hoty () Rest () Rest () Radi	protection colors of the color ing (Classi inuous for out Locks work permi extinguish eval equip o for come	otection type: hing - type ii ii Group ced air ve /Tags it er oment (trip munication	type: e: g) intilation fan wod, winch, lifeli	ine etc.)
Cxygen deficie Flammable gas Flammable gas Hezardous air Extreme tempe Chemical expc Engulfment / e Mechanical expc Noise Fre-Entry Prepai Pit-entry brief All entry equip Area around s All entry equip Tank Dreined c Space isolated disconnected Energy source Gas monitore Hot work permi	ent ses vapors, or co- contaminants (pri- retures source source source source insure (machine insure (machine insure (machine insure) (machine insure (machine insure) (machine insure (mbustii osphini ing mat ry/equip spplica m ded/set ace ren	pile dust e (PH2, CO2, erfal prinent) bible items)		() Resp () Eye () Prote () Light () Cont () Lock () Hoty () Rest () Rest () Radi	protection colors of the color ing (Classi inuous for out Locks work permi extinguish eval equip o for come	otection type: hing - type ii ii Group ced air ve /Tags it er oment (trip munication	type: e: g) intilation fan wod, winch, lifeli	ine etc.)

Entry Supervisor Responsibilities

Know hazards faced with entry

Ensure permit and documentation completed

Ensure atmospheric testing performed

Ensure the space is isolated

Ensure all employees trained

Verify rescue services available

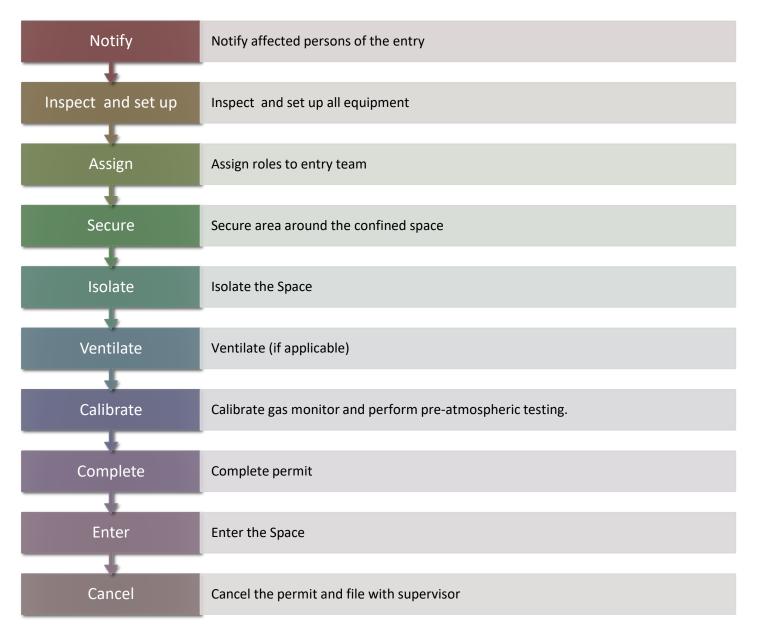
Terminate permit upon completion of entry

File permit – One Year

Permit Required Confined Space Entry

GENERAL PROCEDURE

Permit-Required Confined Space Entry Procedure:



Notify Affected Persons

Notify persons in the immediate area and management of the entry

Review isolation and lockout/tagout procedures to be used

Communicate the time frame for the entry





Inspect/Set-Up All Equipment

Fall protection/retrieval equipment

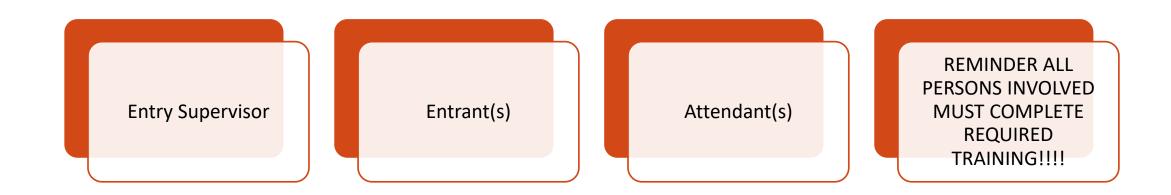
Intrinsically safe lighting/equipment

Class I and II Environments

Calibrate/Bump Test Air monitor

Personal protective equipment

Assign Entry Roles to the Team





Restrict access to the immediate area prior to, during and after entry

Non-essential personnel
Traffic



Remove obstacles that may get in the way of entry or potential rescue operations:

Vehicles

Debris

Un-needed Equipment

Secure the Area Around the Confined Space



Isolate the Space from Hazards

Close and Isolate Systems

- Lock and Tag
- Blank/In-Flow
- Communicate with Control Room

Empty the Space

Remove as much of the contents as possible prior to entry

Lockout/Tagout Equipment

- Augers
- Moving equipment

Ventilate the Space

Continuous ventilation required if:

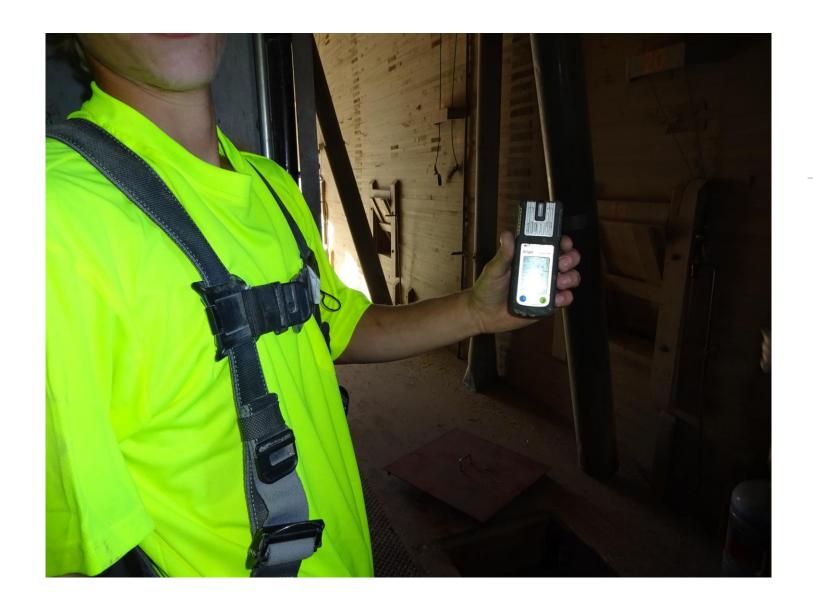
- Initial atmospheric tests are not acceptable
- Natural ventilation is not adequate
- Chemicals are being introduced into the space for cleaning, maintenance or other purposes

Must not enter space until ventilation has eliminated the hazardous atmosphere

Air supply from a clean source

Rated for Proper Electrical Classification





Test the Atmosphere

In this order:

- Check for Oxygen Content:
 - At least 19.5% and less than 23.5%
- Check for Combustibles:
 - Less than 10% of the LEL
- Check for Toxic Gases:
 - Carbon monoxide
 - Hydrogen Sulfide
 - Phosphine (fumigation)
 - Ammonia (liquid fertilizer)



Atmosphere Testing Shall Be Performed:

Prior to every entry when the space is vacant;

After breaks

Before and after ventilation

Continually throughout the entry

Air Monitors

Monitor may have a pump or aspirator, tubing or wand to draw air to the monitor (remote sampling)



Allows user to measure different levels of a space

Best used for spaces of greater depth

The monitor will save the peak and low readings for the gases indicated

Air Monitors

Make sure that monitor has been calibrated according to manufacturer recommendations.

Make sure monitor has proper classification:

• i.e. Class II, Division I, Group G



Air Monitors

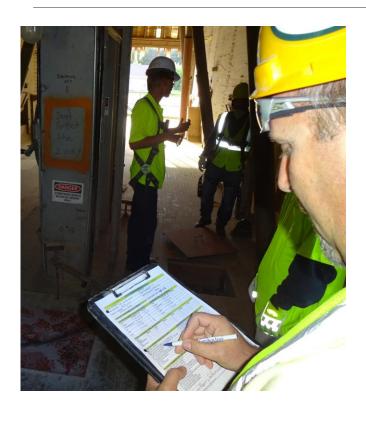
Perform a bump test prior to each use

Bump testing is the process of briefly exposing the installed sensors to an expected concentration of calibration gas that is greater than the low alarm set point.

Ensure that sensors and alarms are working



Complete Entry Permit Form



All members of team should be active participants

Permit must be correctly and completely filled out prior to entry

Permit must be activated by Entry Supervisor's signature

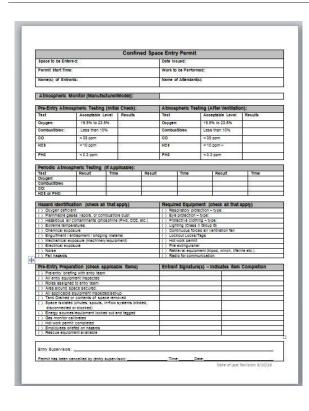
Permit duration may not exceed the time required to complete the assigned work

Entry is not allowed without a valid permit

File for one year

Best Practice: Evaluation/completion of permit at the space. Permit kept at entry area for duration of work.

Entry Permit Requirements



Permit space to be entered

Purpose of Entry

Date and Authorized Duration of Permit

Names of Authorized Entrants

Names of Authorized Attendants

Name of Entry Supervisor

Hazards of the Space to be Entered

Measures Used to Isolate or Control Hazards

Acceptable Entry Conditions

Permit Requirements

Continued

Result of Initial and Periodic Tests

Rescue and Emergency Services that can be Summoned

Measures Used to Isolate or Control Hazards

Equipment Provided – PPE, Testing, Communications, Alarm Systems, Rescue Equipment

Any Additional Information Determined to be Important

Best Practice: Checklist or Procedural Approach to Permit

Enter the Space and Proceed with Work

An attendant shall remain near the entrance for the duration of the work

The attendant shall ensure that the permit is up to date with current entrants

The attendant shall maintain the permit for the duration of the work



Remove all personnel, tools, and debris from the space



Close the space



Cancel the permit

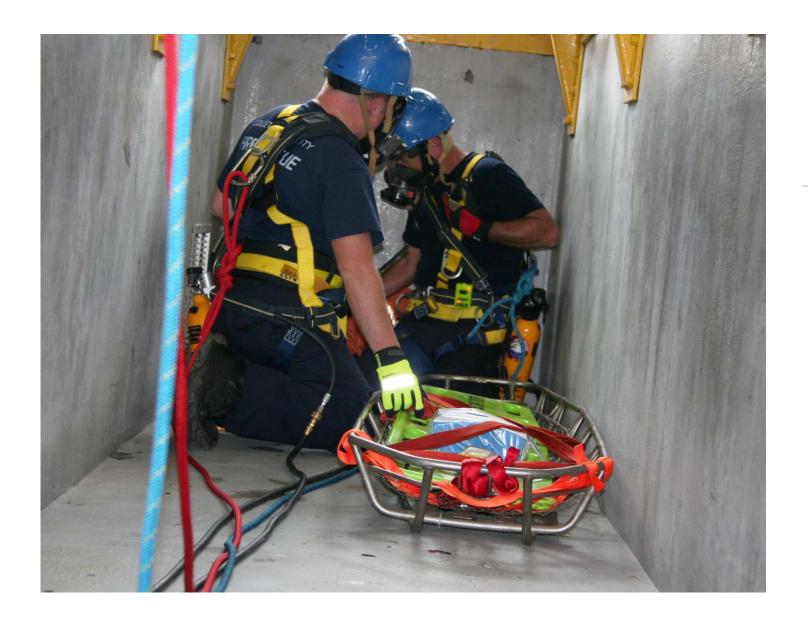


Review the job, any problems, etc.



Communicate issues to Management

When Work is Complete:



Rescue

Self Rescue

Non-Entry

Capabilities:

- Trained services must be available
- Can be internal or external provider

Annual rescue training and preplanning



Employees must acquire the understanding, knowledge and skills necessary for the safe performance of the duties assigned



Training required before assigned to duties or a change in assigned duties



Whenever there is a change in the permit space operations that presents a hazard to which the employee has not been previously trained

Employee Training Requirements

Employee Training

Whenever employer believes that there have been deviations from the permit entry procedures or inadequacies in the employees knowledge



Training shall establish proficiency in duties required



Employer shall certify the training to include:

Employees name

Signature or initials of trainer

Dates of training

Requirements for Entry into Grain Storage Structures

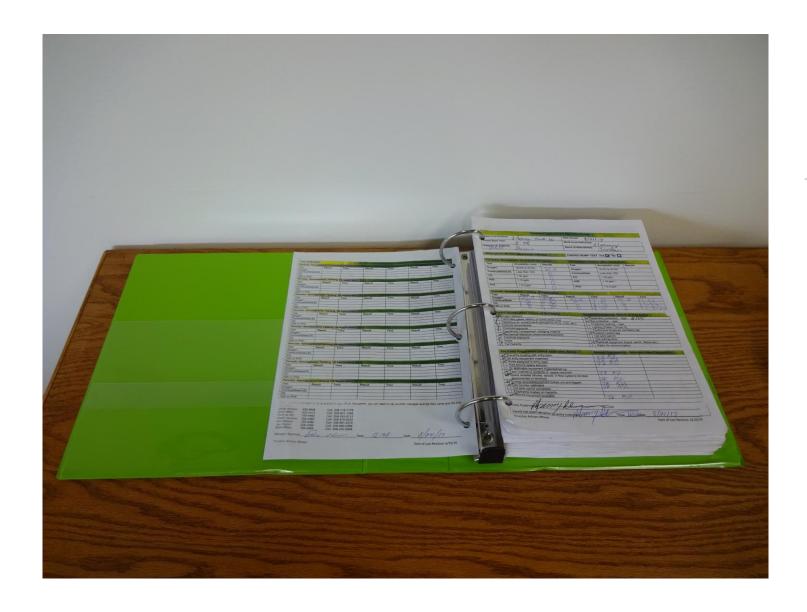
BINS, SILOS, TANKS PER OSHA 1910.272

Grain Storage Structures

1910.272 (g) Requirements:

- Apply to employee entry into bins, silos, tanks, and other grain storage structures.
- Exception "Entry through unrestricted ground level openings into flat storage structures where there are no toxicity, flammability, oxygen deficiency, or other atmospheric hazards is covered under paragraph (h)"
 - Unrestricted employees can enter by stepping, walking, or driving through the openings.

Best Practice: Extend Permit System to Flat Storage Structures



Permits

"Issue a permit before entering bins, silos, or tanks."

Exception: "Permit is not required if the employer's representative (who would authorize the permit) is present during the entire operation."

Best Practice - implement use of a permit system regardless of who is part of the entry team

Consider permit approval hierarchy, manager, safety leader, etc.

			Confin	ed Sp	ace Entr	y Permi	t		
Space to be Entere d:					Date (scued:				
Permit Start Time:					Work to be Performed:				
Name(s) of Entrants:					Name of Attendant(s):				
	X0840						1255		
Atmospheric M	Ionitor (Manufac	turen	(Model):						
Pre-Entry Atmospheric Testing (Initial Check):					Atmospheric Testing (After Ventilation):				
Test	Acceptable Level		Results		Tect Acceptable Level				Results
Oxygen:	19.5% to 23.5%		0		Oxygen:		19.5	% to 23.5%	
Combustibles:	Less than 10%		WO		Combustibles		Less	than 10%	
00	< 35 ppm		**		CO		< 35	ppm	
H28	< 10 ppm	< 10 ppm			H28		< 10 ppm -		
PH3	< 0.3 ppm		3		PHS	PH3		ppm	
Periodic Atmos	pheric Testing	If An	niicabie):						
Test	Result	Tim		Resul	t	Time		Result	Time
txygen:	Section 1	E ST		2000		E TENER			30000
ombustibles									- 6
0: 28 or PH3:									- 8
() Flammable gases vapors, or combustible dust () Hazardous air contaminants (phosphine (PH3, CO2, etc.) () Extreme temperatures () Chemical exposure () Enguirfrant (entreprise () Enguirfrant (entreprise () Mechanical exposure (machinery/equipment) () Mischanical exposure () Electrical exposure () Flat his exposure () Fait hezards					() Eye protection – type: () Princeture clothing – type: () Lighting (Class II Group G) () Continuous forced air ventilation fan () Lockort Locks/Tegg () Hot work permit () Fire extinguisher () Retrieval equipment (tripod, winch, lifelline etc.) () Radio for communication				
	ration (check ap		ble items)		Entran	t Signatu	10(5) -1	ndicates item	Completion
) Pre-entry brief) All entry equip	ing with entry team	10							
) Roles assigne					1				
) Area around s	pace secured.				13			6	
) All applicable	equipment inspect	ediset	up					- 8	
() Tank Drained or contents of space removed () Space isolated (chutes, spouts, in-flow systems blinded, disconnected or blocked)					- 3			8	
) Energy sources/equipment locked out and tagged) Gas monitor calibrated								- 6	
() Gas monitor calibrated () Hot work permit completed								100	
	efed on hazards				1				
) Rescue equipr									
Entry Supervisors:	5/12								
12/2010/10/10/2010									
	ancelled by (entry)				Tim		Date:		

Permit

"The permit must be kept on file until completion of entry operations."

Best Practice: permits on file for at least one year

Permit

Must certify that the following precautions are taken prior to entry:

- "All mechanical, hydraulic, and pneumatic equipment which presents a danger to employees inside
 grain structures must be de-energized, and shall be disconnected, locked-out and tagged, blocked off,
 or otherwise prevented from operating by other equally effective means."
- Sweep Augers 10 Sweep Auger Safety Principles if accepted by your state
- Best Practice Include requirements for locking out fill, reclaim systems, etc. on permit.

The atmosphere must be tested for the presence of:

- "Combustible gases and vapors when there is reason to believe that they may be present;"
- "Toxic agents when there is reason to believe that they may be present (i.e. phosphine)"
- Oxygen unless there is:
 - "continuous natural air movement or;"
 - "continuous forced air ventilation before and during the entry."

Best Practice – Monitor air prior to and during entry for all and require data to be entered on the permit.



Ventilation

Ventilation shall be provided when;

- "oxygen is less than 19.5%"
- "combustible gas or vapor is in excess of 10% of the lower flammable limit, or"
- "toxic agents are present at levels in excess of the PEL (i.e. phosphine, carbon monoxide, etc.)."

"Ventilation shall be provided until the unsafe condition(s) are eliminated."

"Ventilation shall be continued as long as there is a possibility of recurrence of an unsafe condition while in the bin."

Best Practice – Utilize natural or mechanical ventilation whenever possible as long as it does not introduce hazards into the structure.

"If toxicity or oxygen deficiency cannot be eliminated by ventilation, employees shall wear an appropriate respirator."





"Walking Down Grain or similar practices where an employee walks on grain to make it flow within or out from a grain storage structure is prohibited" or

"Where an employee is on moving grain are prohibited"

A body harness or boatswain's chair attached to a lifeline are required when:

- "An employee enters a grain storage structure from a level at or above the level of grain products."
- "An employee walks or stands on or in stored grain at a depth which poses an engulfment hazard."

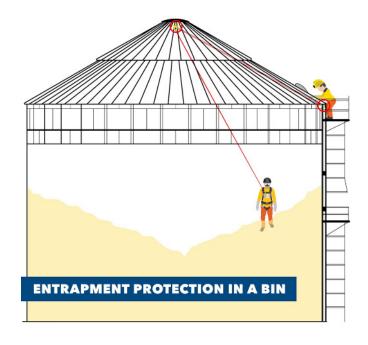
Best Practice: Prohibit employees from entering a structure which requires an employee to walk or stand on grain which poses an engulfment hazard.



Lifelines

The lifeline:

- "Must be positioned and of sufficient length to prevent the employee from sinking further than waist deep in grain."
- Exception "Where the employer can demonstrate that the protection required are not feasible or creates a greater hazard the employer can provide an alternative means of protection against sinking further than waist deep in grain."



Lifelines



When the employee is standing or walking on a surface which the employer demonstrates is free of engulfment hazards, the lifeline or alternative means can be disconnected or removed.

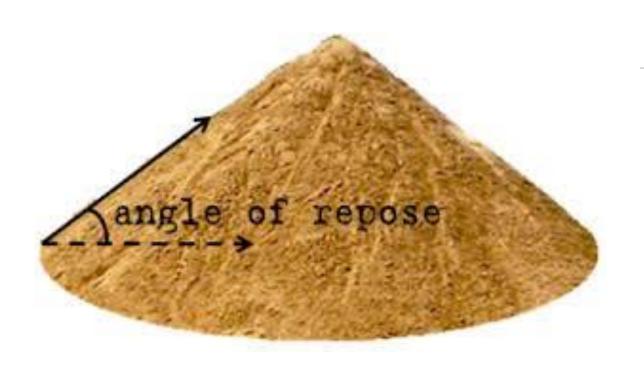
Note: Always follow your Company's requirements.

Angle of Repose

Definition – The steepest angle of descent or dip relative to the horizontal plane to which a material can be piled without slumping.

At this angle the material on the slope face is on the verge of sliding.

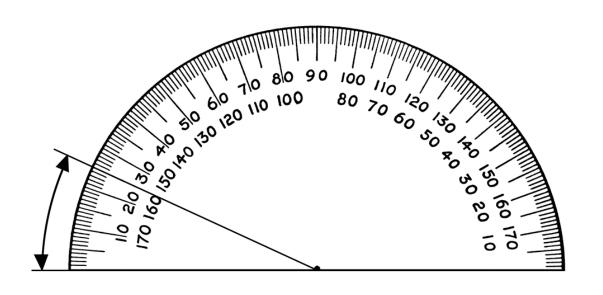
The angle of repose can range from zero to ninety degrees.



Angle of Repose

A material with a low angle of repose forms flatter piles than a material with a high angle of repose.

Steepest angle at which an object can rest on an inclined plan without sliding down.



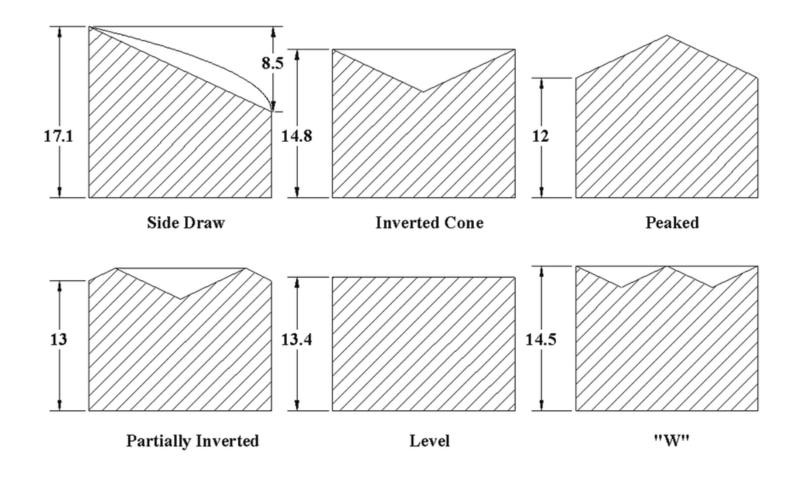
Angle of Repose

Corn – Approximately 21.5 - 23 degrees

Soybeans – Approximately 25 degrees

Wheat - Approximately 25 degrees

Oats – Approximately 28 degrees



Hazards Grain Surface Conditions

"An observer equipped to provide assistance needs to be stationed outside of the bin, silo, or tank."

"Communications shall be maintained between the observer and employee entering the bin, silo, or tank."

- "voice"
- "visual"
- "signal line"





Observer must be trained in:

- "Rescue procedures"
- "Notification methods for obtaining additional assistance"



"Employer shall provide equipment for rescue operations which is specifically suited for the bin, silo, or tank being entered."

"Employees shall not enter bins underneath bridging conditions, or where buildup of grain products on the sides could fall and bury them."



Multi-Faceted Approach

Prevention through Grain Quality

Engineering – Design

Prevention through Administrative Controls (Procedures/Permits/Approvals)

Response - Rescue



Engineering Controls

Administrative Controls

Personal Protective/Rescue Equipment

Further Information

www.grainnet.com/webinars.html

"New Sweep Auger Enforcement Policies" Eric Conn, Epstein Becker Green "OSHA Enforcement and Boot Pits, Where are We" Melissa Bailey, Ogletree Deakins

www.ngfa.org

Boot Pit Guidance Document

Sweep Auger Guidance Document

Safety Tips

Bin Entry Video

www.grainsafety.org

https://extension.entm.purdue.edu/grainsafety/

2019 Summary of All Documented Agricultural Confined Space Related Cases

Additional Materials

Supervisor Talking Points

Quiz – Permit Required Confined Space Entry

A recording of this webinar will be available on grainnet.com



Participant Questions

Are we compliant?

Are we doing enough?

Can we do more?

This presentation was developed to give general safety information on grain bin and confined space entry.
Progressive Safety Services LLC (Progressive Safety) does not make any representation or warranty as to the accuracy or completeness of the information in this presentation. Refrain from doing any act or omission that are reasonably foreseeable that a particular other person (or class of persons) is likely to suffer damage or loss as a result of the act or omission. Progressive Safety is excluded from liability for negligence for both personal injury and damage to property. The information within this presentation is general. It does not constitute and should not be relied on as legal advice. Progressive Safety Services LLC tries to ensure that the content of this presentation is accurate, adequate or complete, it does not represent or warrant or its accuracy, adequacy of completeness.

Disclaimer





Questions?

Joe Mlynek CSP, OHST

joe@safetymadesimple.com

joe.mlynek@progressivesafety.us