Amend reengrossed bill, page 5, after line 5 insert:

"(2) The general assembly also hereby:
   (a) Finds that prompt action is essential for Colorado to meet its climate goals, given, among other things, the slow turnover of equipment, vehicles, appliances, and other technologies that burn or release fossil fuels. The general assembly further recognizes that climate change is a cumulative emissions problem. This is because long-lived climate pollutants can persist for centuries in the atmosphere, thus committing us to warming for generations to come. As we continue to emit greenhouse gases into the atmosphere over the next decade, and even over the next few years, we will continue to exacerbate the climate damages we are already seeing and increase the risk of catastrophic disruption. Therefore, early action to reduce the pollutants that contribute to climate change, thereby reducing overall atmospheric greenhouse gas concentrations, is essential. Colorado needs to secure reductions in pollution over time in amounts that align with the estimated carbon dioxide budgets identified by the United Nations' intergovernmental panel on climate change consistent with limiting the average global warming, in comparison to accepted historical average temperatures, to one and one-half degrees Celsius.
   (b) Determines that:
      (I) Due to historical systems and practices that intentionally targeted Black, Latino, Asian American, and Indigenous people, communities of color, and low-income communities, there continues to be a racial and socioeconomic inequity in regard to the impacts of climate change and pollution. As documented in multiple peer-reviewed scientific studies, communities with predominantly Black, Latino, Asian American, or Indigenous populations suffer from higher rates of air pollution and damage due to changing and more severe weather and have been systematically excluded from governance and decision making. It is therefore the responsibility of the state to include and engage these communities more fully in policymaking at every level and to ensure that environmental policy works toward restorative justice and benefitting these communities. The general assembly recognizes that the key to addressing these historic wrongs is to rapidly reduce pollution in disproportionately impacted communities, including from electric power, industrial, and manufacturing sources.
      (II) The public should have a meaningful opportunity to participate in rule-making proceedings before the air quality control commission. This requires that members of the public be provided with
timely access to information needed to understand proposed rules and to develop alternative proposals;

(III) The commission is encouraged to use language that is understandable to citizens who do not have specialized knowledge of the matters before the commission; and

(c) Declares that:

(I) Nothing in this act:

(A) Alters the greenhouse gas emission reduction goals previously established in section 25-7-102 (2)(g), C.R.S., in either amount or timing;

or

(B) Detracts from the commission's existing authority to require more than the minimum greenhouse gas emission reduction goals and deadlines previously established in section 25-7-102 (2)(g), C.R.S.; and

(II) This act adds to, but does not otherwise alter, the air quality control commission's authority and obligation to publish and promulgate rules pursuant to sections 25-7-105, 25-7-102 (2)(g), and 25-7-140."

Page 8, line 22, strike "TWENTY-THREE" and substitute "TWENTY-SEVEN".

Page 9, line 17, strike "TWELVE" and substitute "SIXTEEN".

Page 9, line 22, strike "TWO" and substitute "THREE".

Page 15, after line 3 insert:

"SECTION 6. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25-7-114.1, amend (1), (2), and (3) introductory portion as follows:

25-7-114.1. Air pollutant emission notices - rules. (1) (a) No person shall permit emission of air pollutants from, or construction or alteration of, any facility, process, or activity except residential structures from which air pollutants are, or are to be, emitted unless and until an air pollutant emission notice has been filed with the division with respect to such emission. THE COMMISSION MAY REQUIRE THAT AIR POLLUTANT EMISSION NOTICES FOR GREENHOUSE GAS, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 25-7-140 (6), REPORT THE PREVIOUS CALENDAR YEAR'S EMISSIONS OF GREENHOUSE GAS IN THE FORM OF CARBON DIOXIDE EQUIVALENT. An air pollutant emission notice shall be valid for a period of NO MORE THAN five years.

(b) WITH REGARD TO THE CHANGES MADE IN 2021 BY HOUSE BILL 21-1266:

(I) NOTHING:

(A) ALTERS THE GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSION REDUCTION GOALS PREVIOUSLY ESTABLISHED IN SECTION 25-7-102 (2)(g), IN EITHER AMOUNT
OR TIMING; OR

(B) DETRACTS FROM THE AIR QUALITY CONTROL COMMISSION’S EXISTING AUTHORITY TO REQUIRE MORE THAN THE MINIMUM GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSION REDUCTION GOALS AND DEADLINES PREVIOUSLY ESTABLISHED IN SECTION 25-7-102 (2)(g); AND

(II) THE CHANGES ADD TO, BUT DO NOT OTHERWISE ALTER, THE AIR QUALITY CONTROL COMMISSION’S AUTHORITY AND OBLIGATION TO PROMULGATE AND PUBLISH RULES PURSUANT TO SECTIONS 25-7-102 (2)(g), 25-7-105, AND 25-7-140.

(2) All sources existing on or before December 31, 1992, shall file an updated air pollutant emission notice with the division on or before December 31, 1992. In addition, a revised emission notice shall be filed whenever a significant change in emissions, in processes, or in the facility is anticipated or has occurred OR AS THE COMMISSION OTHERWISE DETERMINES TO BE NECESSARY. The revised air pollutant emission notice shall be valid for NO MORE THAN five years or until the underlying permit expires. The commission shall exempt those sources or categories of sources which it determines to be of minor significance from the requirement that an air pollutant emission notice be filed.

(3) The commission shall promulgate a list of air pollutants which are required to be reported in an air pollutant emission notice. No later than DECEMBER 31, 2022, THE COMMISSION SHALL INCLUDE GREENHOUSE GAS, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 25-7-140 (6), IN THE LIST OF AIR POLLUTANTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN AN AIR POLLUTANT EMISSION NOTICE AND SHALL IDENTIFY THE CATEGORIES OF SOURCES FOR WHICH AND THE THRESHOLDS BELOW WHICH GREENHOUSE GAS DOES NOT NEED TO BE REPORTED IN AN AIR POLLUTANT EMISSION NOTICE. AN AIR POLLUTANT EMISSION NOTICE FOR GREENHOUSE GASES NEED NOT BE REQUIRED FOR A FACILITY OR ENTITY THAT IS OTHERWISE EXEMPT FROM REPORTING GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS TO THE DIVISION PURSUANT TO A RULE ADOPTED BY THE COMMISSION. Prior to the commission's promulgation of such a list of air pollutants to be reported in an air pollutant emission notice, sources shall report any emissions of the following which are in excess of de minimis quantities:

SECTION 7. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25-7-114.4, add (5) as follows:

25-7-114.4. Permit applications - contents - rules - definitions. (5) Provisions for permits for sources that affect disproportionately impacted communities. (a) Rules. (I) No later than June 1, 2023, the commission shall adopt rules to implement the requirements of this subsection (5). (II) The commission may set thresholds of affected pollutants below which the requirements of this section do not
APPLY.

(III) IN ADOPTING RULES TO IMPLEMENT THIS SUBSECTION (5), THE COMMISSION SHALL IDENTIFY DISPROPORTIONATELY IMPACTED COMMUNITIES.

(IV) THE COMMISSION SHALL PERIODICALLY, BUT NOT LESS OFTEN THAN EVERY THREE YEARS, REVISIT ITS IDENTIFICATION OF DISPROPORTIONATELY IMPACTED COMMUNITIES AND DETERMINATIONS OF AFFECTED POLLUTANTS.

(b) Applicability and requirements. (I) THE REQUIREMENTS OF THIS SUBSECTION (5)(b) APPLY TO PERMITS FOR SOURCES OF AFFECTED POLLUTANTS IN DISPROPORTIONATELY IMPACTED COMMUNITIES.

(II) (A) THE COMMISSION’S RULES MUST PROVIDE FOR ENHANCED MODELING AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS FOR NEW AND MODIFIED SOURCES OF AFFECTED POLLUTANTS IN DISPROPORTIONATELY IMPACTED COMMUNITIES THAT ARE IDENTIFIED OR APPROVED AT THE TIME OF PERMIT APPLICATION. IN ADOPTING THE RULES, THE COMMISSION SHALL ALSO CONSIDER REQUIRING ENHANCED MONITORING FOR EXISTING SOURCES OF AFFECTED POLLUTANTS.

(B) THE COMMISSION’S RULES MUST IDENTIFY THE TYPES OF MONITORING TECHNOLOGY THAT CAN BE USED BY THE SOURCES OF AFFECTED POLLUTANTS AND MUST ALLOW FOR THE USE OF ALTERNATIVE METHODS OF MONITORING AS APPROVED BY THE DIVISION.

(c) Fees. Sources of affected pollutants subject to the requirements of this subsection (5) shall pay a processing fee in conformity with section 25-7-114.7 (2)(a)(III) to cover the division’s and commission’s direct and indirect costs of implementing the requirements of this section. These fees shall be credited to the stationary sources control fund in accordance with section 25-7-114.7 (2)(b)(I).

(d) Definitions. As used in this subsection (5), unless the context otherwise requires:

(I) "AFFECTED POLLUTANTS" MEANS THOSE AIR POLLUTANTS AS DETERMINED BY THE COMMISSION WITH THE POTENTIAL TO CAUSE OR CONTRIBUTE TO SIGNIFICANT HEALTH OR ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS. THE TERM INCLUDES:

(A) VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS;

(B) OXIDES OF NITROGEN;

(C) HAZARDOUS AIR POLLUTANTS AS IDENTIFIED BY THE COMMISSION, INCLUDING BENZENE, TOLUENE, ETHYLBENZENE AND XYLENE; AND

(D) PARTICULATE MATTER THAT IS TWO AND ONE-HALF MICRONS OR SMALLER.

(II) "COST-BURDENED" MEANS A HOUSEHOLD THAT SPENDS MORE
THAN THIRTY PERCENT OF ITS INCOME ON HOUSING.

(III) "DISPROPORTIONATELY IMPACTED COMMUNITY" MEANS A COMMUNITY THAT:

(A) IS IN A CENSUS BLOCK GROUP, AS DETERMINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE MOST RECENT UNITED STATES CENSUS, WHERE THE PROPORTION OF HOUSEHOLDS THAT ARE LOW INCOME IS GREATER THAN FORTY PERCENT, THE PROPORTION OF HOUSEHOLDS THAT IDENTIFY AS MINORITY IS GREATER THAN FORTY PERCENT, OR THE PROPORTION OF HOUSEHOLDS THAT ARE HOUSING COST-BURDENED IS GREATER THAN FORTY PERCENT; OR

(B) IS ANY OTHER COMMUNITY AS IDENTIFIED OR APPROVED BY A STATE AGENCY, IF THE COMMUNITY:

HAS A HISTORY OF ENVIRONMENTAL RACISM PERPETUATED THROUGH REDLINING, ANTI-IMMIGRANT, ANTI-BLACK, ANTI-LATINO, ANTI-ASIAN AMERICAN, OR ANTI-INDIGENOUS LAWS; OR IS ONE IN WHICH MULTIPLE FACTORS, INCLUDING SOCIOECONOMIC STRESSORS, DISPROPORTIONATE ENVIRONMENTAL BURDENS, VULNERABILITY TO ENVIRONMENTAL DEGRADATION, AND LACK OF PUBLIC PARTICIPATION, MAY ACT CUMULATIVELY TO AFFECT HEALTH AND THE ENVIRONMENT AND CONTRIBUTE TO PERSISTENT DISPARITIES.

(IV) "LOW INCOME" MEANS THE MEDIAN HOUSEHOLD INCOME IS LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO TWO HUNDRED PERCENT OF THE FEDERAL POVERTY GUIDELINE.

(V) "SOURCE OF AFFECTED POLLUTANTS" MEANS A STATIONARY SOURCE THAT EMITS ANY AFFECTED POLLUTANT IN AN AMOUNT SUCH THAT A CONSTRUCTION PERMIT IS REQUIRED UNDER COMMISSION RULES.

SECTION 8. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25-7-114.5, amend (12.5)(a)(I) introductory portion, (12.5)(a)(I)(C), (12.5)(a)(I)(D), and (12.5)(b); and add (12.5)(a)(I)(E) as follows:

25-7-114.5. Application review - public participation.

(12.5) (a) (I) Except for sources involved in agricultural, horticultural, or floricultural production such as farming, seasonal crop drying, animal feeding, or pesticide application, upon determination by the division that the criteria set forth in paragraph (b) of this subsection (12.5) SUBSECTION (12.5)(b) OF THIS SECTION applies to a source that is not required to obtain a renewable operating permit, the division may reopen such construction permit for the purpose of imposing any or all of the following additional terms and conditions:

(C) Operating and maintenance requirements; and

(D) Emission control requirements pursuant to section 25-7-109.3; AND

(E) ADDITIONAL MONITORING REQUIREMENTS FOR SOURCES AFFECTING DISPROPORTIONATELY IMPACTED COMMUNITIES.

(b) With the exception of those sources involved in agricultural,
horticultural, or floricultural production such as farming, seasonal crop drying, animal feeding, and pesticide application, a source's construction permit may be reopened for cause for the purposes of paragraph (a) of this subsection (12.5) only upon a determination by the division that the location of the source is significant in terms of its proximity to residential or business areas or a disproportionately impacted community, and one or more of the following criteria apply to the permitted source:

(I) The control equipment utilized by the source requires an unusually high degree of maintenance or operational sensitivity when compared to control equipment in general; or

(II) The design characteristics of the source require an unusually high degree of maintenance or operational sensitivity when compared to the design characteristics of all sources in general; or

(III) The application of the control equipment utilized is unique or untested; or

(IV) The operational variability of the source may impact the effectiveness of the controls; or

(V) The emissions from the source will threaten public health, as determined pursuant to section 25-7-109.3; or

(VI) The emissions from the source will affect a disproportionately impacted community as defined in section 25-7-114.4 (5)(d)(III).

SECTION 9. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25-7-114.7, amend (1)(a)(II), (2)(a)(I) introductory portion, (2)(b)(III) introductory portion, and (2)(b)(III)(G); and add (2)(a)(VII), (2)(b)(III)(I), (2)(b)(III)(J), and (2)(h) as follows:

25-7-114.7. Emission fees - fund - rules - definition - repeal.

(1) As used in this section, unless the context otherwise requires:

(a) Indirect and direct costs include, but are not limited to:

(II) Implementing and enforcing the terms and conditions of any such permit or rule, not including court costs or other legal costs associated with any enforcement action;

(2) (a) (I) Except as specified in subsection (2)(a)(VII) of this section, the commission shall designate by rule those classes of sources of air pollution that are exempt from the requirement to pay an annual emission fee. Every owner or operator of an air pollution source not otherwise exempt in accordance with such commission rules shall pay an annual fee as follows:

(VII) The commission shall establish, by rule, a fee per ton of greenhouse gas, in the form of carbon dioxide equivalent, that was reported in the most recent air pollutant emission notice on file with the division in an amount that is sufficient to
COVER THE INDIRECT AND DIRECT COSTS REQUIRED TO DEVELOP AND
ADMINISTER THE PROGRAMS ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 7
THAT PERTAIN TO EMISSIONS OF GREENHOUSE GAS. THE COMMISSION MAY
SET THRESHOLDS OF REPORTED GREENHOUSE GAS BELOW WHICH NO SUCH
FEE SHALL BE ASSESSED. NO MORE FREQUENTLY THAN ANNUALLY, THE
COMMISSION MAY ADJUST THE FEE FOR GREENHOUSE GAS BY RULE TO
COVER THE INDIRECT AND DIRECT COSTS REQUIRED TO DEVELOP AND
ADMINISTER THE PROGRAMS ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 7
THAT PERTAIN TO EMISSIONS OF GREENHOUSE GAS.

(b) (III) The division shall expend the portion of the fee revenue
collected pursuant to subsections (2)(a)(I)(A), (2)(a)(I)(B), and (2)(a)(III),
and (2)(a)(VII) of this section and section 25-7-114.1 (6)(a) attributable
to the increases authorized in 2020 by Senate Bill 20-204 and in 2021 by
HOUSE BILL 21-1266 for the following purposes:

(G) Expanding the division's capacity to quickly respond to and
better understand public health issues that are related to exposure to air
toxics, such as benzene and other volatile organic compounds; and

(I) ENABLING OUTREACH TO AND ENGAGEMENT OF
DISPROPORTIONATELY IMPACTED COMMUNITIES; AND

(J) PAYING FOR THE ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE OMBUDSPERSON
CREATED IN SECTION 25-1-132.

(h) WITH REGARD TO THE CHANGES MADE IN 2021 BY HOUSE BILL
21-1266:

(I) NOTHING:

(A) ALTERS THE GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSION REDUCTION GOALS
PREVIOUSLY ESTABLISHED IN SECTION 25-7-102 (2)(g), IN EITHER AMOUNT
OR TIMING; OR

(B) DETRACTS FROM THE AIR QUALITY CONTROL COMMISSION'S
EXISTING AUTHORITY TO REQUIRE MORE THAN THE MINIMUM GREENHOUSE
GAS EMISSION REDUCTION GOALS AND DEADLINES PREVIOUSLY
ESTABLISHED IN SECTION 25-7-102 (2)(g); AND

(II) THE CHANGES ADD TO, BUT DO NOT OTHERWISE ALTER, THE
AIR QUALITY CONTROL COMMISSION'S AUTHORITY AND OBLIGATION TO
PROMULGATE AND PUBLISH RULES PURSUANT TO SECTIONS 25-7-102
(2)(g), 25-7-105, AND 25-7-140.

SECTION 10. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25-7-115, amend
(3)(b) as follows:

25-7-115. Enforcement. (3) (b) If, after any such conference, a
violation or noncompliance is determined to have occurred, the division
shall issue an order requiring the owner or operator or any other
responsible person to comply, unless the owner or operator demonstrates
that such the violation occurred during a period of start-up, shutdown, or
malfunction and timely notice was given to the division of such THE
condition. Such the order may include termination, modification, or revocation and reissuance of the subject permit, and the assessment of civil penalties in accordance with section 25-7-122, Such and, in addition to civil penalties, a requirement to perform one or more projects to mitigate violations related to excess emissions. The order may also require the calculation of a noncompliance penalty under subsection (5) of this section. Unless enforcement of its order has been stayed as provided in paragraph (b) of subsection (4) of this section, the division may seek enforcement, pursuant to section 25-7-121 or 25-7-122, of the applicable regulation rule of the commission, order issued pursuant to section 25-7-121 or 25-7-122 or the applicable regulation rule of the commission, order issued pursuant to section 25-7-118, requirement of the state implementation plan, provision of this article article 7, or terms or conditions of a permit required pursuant to this article in the district court for the district where the affected air pollution source is located. The court shall issue an appropriate order, which may include a schedule for compliance by the owner or operator of the source.

SECTION 11. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 25-1-132 as follows:

25-1-132. Environmental justice - ombudsperson - advisory board - grant program - definitions - repeal. (1) Environmental justice ombudsperson. (a) There is hereby created in the department the position of an environmental justice ombudsperson. The ombudsperson reports to the executive director of the department. The department shall provide administrative support for the ombudsperson. The ombudsperson otherwise functions independently in exercising its powers.

(b) The governor shall appoint the ombudsperson as soon as practicable but no later than February 1, 2022, and as necessary thereafter to fill a vacancy. Prior to an appointment, the governor or the governor's designee shall consult with, and may receive recommendations from, the advisory board, the general assembly, representatives of disproportionately impacted communities, and other relevant stakeholders regarding the selection of the ombudsperson.

(c) The ombudsperson must be qualified by training or experience in environmental justice, and should have been a resident of one or more disproportionately impacted communities or have worked to advance environmental justice within disproportionately impacted communities.

(d) The ombudsperson shall:

(I) Collaborate with the advisory board established in
SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION, FOR THE PURPOSE OF PROMOTING ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE FOR THE PEOPLE OF COLORADO;

(II) SERVE AS AN ADVOCATE FOR DISPROPORTIONATELY IMPACTED COMMUNITIES AND AS A LIAISON BETWEEN DISPROPORTIONATELY IMPACTED COMMUNITIES AND THE DEPARTMENT, INCLUDING WITH RESPECT TO COMMUNICATIONS REGARDING THE GRANT PROGRAM TO FUND ENVIRONMENTAL MITIGATION PROJECTS;

(III) WORK TO IMPROVE THE RELATIONSHIPS AND INTERACTIONS BETWEEN DISPROPORTIONATELY IMPACTED COMMUNITIES AND THE DEPARTMENT;

(IV) INCREASE THE FLOW OF INFORMATION BETWEEN THE DEPARTMENT AND DISPROPORTIONATELY IMPACTED COMMUNITIES CONCERNING THE ENVIRONMENT AND DEPARTMENTAL PROGRAMS USING METHODS OF OUTREACH THAT INCLUDE, AT A MINIMUM:

(A) DISSEMINATING INFORMATION THROUGH LOCAL SCHOOLS, SOCIAL MEDIA, LOCAL SOCIAL AND ACTIVITY CLUBS, LIBRARIES, OR OTHER LOCAL SERVICES; AND

(B) PRIORITIZING IN-PERSON MEETINGS IN COMMUNITIES WITH POPULATIONS THAT ARE PREDOMINANTLY BLACK, INDIGENOUS, LATINO, OR ASIAN AMERICANS THAT HAVE A MEDIAN INCOME BELOW THE STATE'S AVERAGE, OR THAT ARE IN RURAL LOCATIONS;

(V) IDENTIFY WAYS TO ENABLE MEANINGFUL PARTICIPATION BY DISPROPORTIONATELY IMPACTED COMMUNITIES IN THE DECISION-MAKING PROCESSES OF THE DEPARTMENT;

(VI) COORDINATE WITH THE OFFICE OF HEALTH EQUITY, CREATED IN SECTION 25-4-2204;

(VII) MAINTAIN A TELEPHONE NUMBER, WEBSITE, E-MAIL ADDRESS, AND MAILING ADDRESS FOR THE RECEIPT OF COMPLAINTS AND INQUIRIES FOR MATTERS PERTAINING TO ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE;

(VIII) ESTABLISH PROCEDURES TO ADDRESS COMPLAINTS PERTAINING TO ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE TO THE EXTENT PRACTICABLE;

(IX) CONSULT WITH THE DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATION IN REPORTING TO THE AIR QUALITY CONTROL COMMISSION, CREATED IN SECTION 25-7-104, ON EQUITABLE PROGRESS TOWARD THE STATE'S GREENHOUSE GAS REDUCTION GOALS; AND

(X) SERVE IN AN ADVISORY CAPACITY, AS REQUESTED, TO OTHER STATE AGENCIES CONDUCTING OUTREACH TO AND ENGAGEMENT OF DISPROPORTIONATELY IMPACTED COMMUNITIES IN LIGHT OF A PROPOSED AGENCY ACTION.

(2) **Environmental justice advisory board.** (a) THERE IS HEREBY CREATED IN THE DEPARTMENT THE ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE ADVISORY BOARD.

(b) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN THIS SUBSECTION (2), THE
MEMBERS OF THE ADVISORY BOARD ARE APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOR.

THE GOVERNOR SHALL MAKE THE INITIAL APPOINTMENTS AS SOON AS PRACTICABLE, BUT NO LATER THAN FOUR MONTHS AFTER THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS SECTION. AN APPOINTING AUTHORITY MAY REMOVE A MEMBER OF THE ADVISORY BOARD FOR MALFEASANCE IN OFFICE, FAILURE TO REGULARLY ATTEND MEETINGS, OR ANY CAUSE THAT RENDERS THE MEMBER UNABLE OR UNFIT TO DISCHARGE THE MEMBER’S DUTIES.

(c) THE ADVISORY BOARD CONSISTS OF THE FOLLOWING TWELVE MEMBERS WHO, TO THE EXTENT PRACTICABLE, MUST RESIDE IN DIFFERENT GEOGRAPHIC AREAS OF THE STATE, REFLECT THE RACIAL AND ETHNIC DIVERSITY OF THE STATE, AND HAVE EXPERIENCE WITH A RANGE OF ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES, INCLUDING AIR POLLUTION, WATER CONTAMINATION, AND PUBLIC HEALTH IMPACTS:

(I) FOUR VOTING MEMBERS APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOR, WHO MUST BE OR HAVE BEEN RESIDENTS OF A DISPROPORTIONATELY IMPACTED COMMUNITY;

(II) THREE VOTING MEMBERS APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOR, ONE OF WHOM MUST BE FROM A NONGOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATION THAT REPRESENTS STATEWIDE INTERESTS TO ADVANCE RACIAL JUSTICE, ONE OF WHOM MUST BE FROM A NONGOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATION THAT REPRESENTS STATEWIDE INTERESTS TO ADVANCE ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE, AND ONE OF WHOM MUST REPRESENT WORKER INTERESTS IN DISPROPORTIONATELY IMPACTED COMMUNITIES;

(III) THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR OF THE DEPARTMENT, OR THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR’S DESIGNEE, AS A NONVOTING MEMBER; AND

(IV) FOUR VOTING MEMBERS APPOINTED BY THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR OF THE DEPARTMENT.

(d) (I) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (2)(d)(II) OF THIS SECTION, EACH MEMBER’S TERM OF APPOINTMENT IS FOUR YEARS. VOTING MEMBERS MAY SERVE NO MORE THAN TWO TERMS. THE GOVERNOR SHALL FILL ANY VACANCIES ON THE ADVISORY BOARD, INCLUDING FOR THE REMAINDER OF ANY UNEXPIRED TERM. A MEMBER APPOINTED TO FILL A VACANCY MAY SERVE THE REMAINDER OF THE UNEXPIRED TERM OF THE MEMBER WHOSE VACANCY IS BEING FILLED, AND THIS REMAINDER COUNTS AS ONE TERM FOR THAT APPOINTEE.

(II) IN ORDER TO ENSURE STAGGERED TERMS OF OFFICE, THE INITIAL TERM OF TWO MEMBERS APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOR PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (2)(c)(I) OF THIS SECTION, AS SPECIFIED BY THE GOVERNOR, AND TWO MEMBERS APPOINTED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (2)(c)(IV) OF THIS SECTION AS SPECIFIED BY THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR OF THE DEPARTMENT IS TWO YEARS.

(e) (I) EACH VOTING MEMBER OF THE ADVISORY BOARD APPOINTED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (2)(c) OF THIS SECTION IS ENTITLED TO RECEIVE
A PER DIEM OF TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS FOR ATTENDANCE AT REGULARLY
SCHEDULED MEETINGS OF THE BOARD DURING THE 2021-22 STATE FISCAL
YEAR. FOR EACH STATE FISCAL YEAR THEREAFTER, THE PER DIEM AMOUNT
SHALL BE ANNUALLY ADJUSTED FOR INFLATION BASED ON THE
PERCENTAGE CHANGE IN THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF LABOR'S
BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS CONSUMER PRICE INDEX FOR
DENVER-AURORA-LAKEWOOD FOR ALL ITEMS PAID BY ALL URBAN
CONSUMERS, OR ITS APPLICABLE SUCCESSOR INDEX. VOTING MEMBERS OF
THE BOARD ARE ALSO ENTITLED TO RECEIVE REIMBURSEMENT FOR ACTUAL
AND NECESSARY EXPENSES INCURRED WHILE PERFORMING OFFICIAL
DUTIES.

(II) THE NONVOTING MEMBER OF THE ADVISORY BOARD MAY NOT
RECEIVE A PER DIEM, BUT MAY BE REIMBURSED FOR ACTUAL AND
NECESSARY EXPENSES INCURRED WHILE PERFORMING OFFICIAL DUTIES.

(i) The advisory board shall elect a chair from among its
members every year. The advisory board shall meet at least
once every quarter. The chair may schedule all such additional
meetings as are necessary for the advisory board to complete
its duties.

(g) The advisory board shall:

(I) Serve in an advisory capacity to the ombudsperson in
the performance of the duties of the ombudsperson;

(II) Hold a portion of advisory board meetings for the
ombudsperson to jointly receive stakeholder input into the
activities and priorities of the ombudsperson;

(III) Develop a public complaint process related to the
performance of the ombudsperson;

(IV) Develop recommendations to address any other
matters relating to adverse environmental effects on
disproportionately impacted communities as referred to the
advisory board by the governor or the executive director of the
department;

(V) Develop policies as are necessary for the conduct of
its affairs and its meetings, and post all policies on its website,
including a conflict of interest policy for its members, which
must require the disclosure of any potential financial interest
of any member or relative of any member in a proposed
environmental mitigation project. A board member who has a
personal or financial interest in an environmental mitigation
project under consideration shall recuse the board member
from any vote on that project.

(VI) Advise the department on matters to enable the
department to interact with disproportionately impacted
COMMUNITIES IN THE BEST MANNER POSSIBLE;

(VII) SUPPORT THE IMPLEMENTATION OF A GRANT PROGRAM TO FUND ENVIRONMENTAL MITIGATION PROJECTS FROM THE COMMUNITY IMPACT CASH FUND CREATED IN SECTION 25-7-129 IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS SUBSECTION (2)(g)(VII) BY PERFORMING THE FOLLOWING DUTIES:

A) THE ADVISORY BOARD SHALL DEVELOP GUIDELINES FOR A GRANT PROGRAM TO FUND ENVIRONMENTAL MITIGATION PROJECTS, WITH INPUT FROM THE DEPARTMENT. THE GUIDELINES MUST INCLUDE: PROCEDURES FOR APPLICANTS TO SUBMIT APPLICATIONS TO THE BOARD, AND FOR SELECTION OF ENVIRONMENTAL MITIGATION PROJECTS TO FUND; PROVISIONS TO ENSURE THAT THE APPLICATIONS ARE CONCISE, STRAIGHTFORWARD, OBJECTIVE, INCLUSIVE, AND ACCESSIBLE TO ALL INTERESTED PARTIES; A REQUIREMENT THAT THE APPLICANT DISCLOSE ANY CONFLICT OF INTEREST, SUCH AS A PERSONAL OR FINANCIAL RELATIONSHIP WITH ANY MEMBER OF THE ADVISORY BOARD; AND IDENTIFICATION OF ANY INFORMATION NECESSARY TO BE INCLUDED IN AN APPLICATION TO ENSURE THE ADVISORY BOARD CAN PREPARE THE REPORT REQUIRED BY SUBSECTION (2)(g)(VII)(C) OF THIS SECTION.

B) THE ADVISORY BOARD SHALL REVIEW EACH APPLICATION THAT IT RECEIVES AND MAY AWARD GRANTS, SUBJECT TO APPROPRIATIONS AND AVAILABLE FUNDING, TO APPLICANTS TO FUND ENVIRONMENTAL MITIGATION PROJECTS IN DISPROPORTIONATELY IMPACTED COMMUNITIES.


(h) THIS SUBSECTION (2) IS REPEALED, EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2027. BEFORE THE REPEAL, THE ADVISORY BOARD AND ITS FUNCTIONS ARE SCHEDULED FOR REVIEW IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 2-3-1203.

(3) Records and meetings. The advisory board and the ombudsperson are subject to all the applicable requirements of the "COLORADO Open Records Act", part 2 of article 72 of title 24, and the open meetings law contained in part 4 of article 6 of
TITLE 24.

(4) **Definitions.** As used in this section, unless the context otherwise requires:

(a) "Advisory Board" means the Environmental Justice Advisory Board created in subsection (2) of this section.

(b) "Environmental mitigation project" means any project that avoids, minimizes, measures, or mitigates adverse environmental impacts in a disproportionately impacted community, including, without limitation, health effects, health disparities, and other environmental impacts or that promotes equitable participation in a rule-making proceeding that may affect a disproportionately impacted community.

(c) "Ombudsperson" means the Environmental Justice Ombudsperson appointed pursuant to subsection (1) of this section.

SECTION 12. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 25-7-129 as follows:

25-7-129. Disposition of fines - community impact cash fund - repeal. (1) There is hereby created in the state treasury the "fund". The fund consists of money credited to the fund pursuant to subsection (2) of this section, and any other money that the general assembly may appropriate or transfer to the fund. The state treasurer shall credit all interest and income derived from the deposit and investment of money in the fund to the fund. Any unexpended and unencumbered money remaining in the fund at the end of any fiscal year remains in the fund.

(2) (a) All receipts from penalties or fines collected under the provisions of sections 25-7-115, 25-7-122, and 25-7-123 shall be credited to the general fund of the state in the following manner:

(I) For state fiscal year 2021-22, twenty percent of the receipts from penalties or fines collected during the fiscal year shall be credited to the fund, and eighty percent to the general fund;

(II) For state fiscal year 2022-23, forty percent of the receipts from penalties or fines collected during the fiscal year shall be credited to the fund, and sixty percent to the general fund;

(III) For state fiscal year 2023-24, sixty percent of the receipts from penalties or fines collected during the fiscal year shall be credited to the fund, and forty percent to the general fund;

(IV) For state fiscal year 2024-25, eighty percent of the
RECEIPTS FROM PENALTIES OR FINES COLLECTED DURING THE FISCAL YEAR SHALL BE CREDITED TO THE FUND, AND TWENTY PERCENT TO THE GENERAL FUND; AND

(V) FOR STATE FISCAL YEAR 2025-26 AND ANY STATE FISCAL YEAR THEREAFTER, ONE HUNDRED PERCENT OF THE RECEIPTS FROM PENALTIES OR FINES COLLECTED DURING THE FISCAL YEAR SHALL BE CREDITED TO THE FUND.

(b) THIS SUBSECTION (2)(b) AND SUBSECTIONS (2)(a)(I), (2)(a)(II), (2)(a)(III), AND (2)(a)(IV) OF THIS SECTION ARE REPEALED, EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2027.

(3) (a) BEGINNING IN FISCAL YEAR 2022-23, THE DEPARTMENT MAY EXPEND MONEY FROM THE FUND TO PROVIDE GRANTS FOR ENVIRONMENTAL MITIGATION PROJECTS PURSUANT TO SECTION 25-1-132 (2)(g)(VII).


(c) MONEY IN THE FUND IS EXEMPT FROM SECTION 24-75-402 (3).

(d) THE DEPARTMENT MAY SEEK, ACCEPT, AND EXPEND GIFTS, GRANTS, OR DONATIONS FROM PRIVATE OR PUBLIC SOURCES FOR THE PURPOSES SET FORTH IN THIS SUBSECTION (3).

(e) MONEY IN THE FUND IS CONTINUOUSLY APPROPRIATED TO THE DEPARTMENT TO ACCOMPLISH THE PURPOSES SET FORTH IN THIS SUBSECTION (3).

SECTION 13. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25-7-105, amend (1) introductory portion, (1)(e)(I), and (1)(e)(VII); and add (1)(d.5), (1)(e)(VIII)(G), (1)(e)(VIII)(H), (1)(e)(VIII)(I), (1)(e)(VIII)(J), (1)(e)(VIII.5), (1)(e)(XI)(B.5), (1)(e)(XII), (1)(e)(XIII), (1)(f), and (1)(g) as follows:

25-7-105. Duties of commission - rules - legislative declaration - definitions. (1) Except as provided in sections 25-7-130 and 25-7-131, the commission shall promulgate such rules and regulations as are consistent with the legislative declaration set forth in section 25-7-102 and necessary for the proper implementation and administration of this article 7, including, but not limited to:

(d.5) ADDITIONAL PERMITTING REQUIREMENTS FOR SOURCES THAT AFFECT DISPROPORTIONATELY IMPACTED COMMUNITIES AS DEFINED IN SECTION 25-7-114.4 (5)(d)(III) IN CONFORMITY WITH SECTION 25-7-114.4 (5).

(e) (I) Statewide greenhouse gas pollution abatement. As the
COMMISSION ADOPTS RULES PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION (1)(e), IT
SHALL PURSUE NEAR-TERM REDUCTIONS IN GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS
AS PART OF THE EFFORT TO REDUCE TOTAL CUMULATIVE EMISSIONS OVER
TIME.

(VII) Notwithstanding section 24-1-136 (11)(a)(I), the division,
at the direction of the commission, shall report to the general assembly
every odd-numbered year after May 30, 2019, regarding: Progress toward
the goals set forth in section 25-7-102 (2)(g); any newly available, final
cost-benefit or regulatory analysis, developed under section 24-4-103
(2.5) or (4.5), for rules adopted to attain the goals; RECOMMENDATIONS
ON FUTURE COMMISSION RULES OR POLICIES TO REDUCE GREENHOUSE GAS
EMISSIONS SUFFICIENT TO ACHIEVE THE GOALS SET FORTH IN SECTION
25-7-102 (2)(g); and any recommendations on future legislative action to
address climate change, such as INCLUDING implementation of climate
adaptation policies or accelerating deployment of cleaner technologies.
The division shall make its proposed report available for public
review prior to presentation to the general assembly. BEGINNING
WITH THE REPORT IN 2023, IF THE REPORT INDICATES THAT EMISSION
REDUCTIONS REQUIRED BY SECTION 25-7-102 (1)(e)(XII) AND (1)(e)(XIII)
ARE NOT BEING MET, THE DIVISION SHALL DEVELOP AND PROPOSE
ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS TO THE COMMISSION, NO LATER THAN SIX
MONTHS FROM THE SUBMISSION OF THE REPORT TO THE GENERAL
ASSEMBLY, WHICH REQUIREMENTS MUST ADDRESS ANY SHORTFALL
BETWEEN THE EMISSION REDUCTIONS ACHIEVED AND THE EMISSION
REDUCTIONS NECESSARY TO MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF SUBSECTIONS
(1)(e)(XII) AND (1)(e)(XIII) OF THIS SECTION. IN EVEN-NUMBERED YEARS
WHEN A REPORT IS NOT MADE PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION (1)(e)(VII),
THE DIVISION SHALL PROVIDE AN UPDATE TO THE COMMISSION ON
PROGRESS TOWARD THE EMISSION REDUCTION REQUIREMENTS IN
SUBSECTIONS (1)(e)(XII) AND (1)(e)(XIII) OF THIS SECTION BASED ON
ANNUAL DATA REPORTED TO THE DIVISION.

(VIII) (G) THE COMMISSION IS ENCOURAGED TO PURSUE
PROGRAMS AND POLICIES THAT ARE CONSISTENT WITH THIS SUBSECTION
(1)(e)(VIII) AND THAT INCENTIVIZE VOLUNTARY ADDITIONAL NEAR-TERM
GREENHOUSE GAS REDUCTIONS FROM ELECTRIC UTILITIES WITH THE AIM
OF REDUCING GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS FROM ELECTRIC UTILITIES BY
AT LEAST FORTY-EIGHT PERCENT BY 2025 AND EIGHTY PERCENT BY 2030,
INCLUDING EMISSIONS ASSOCIATED WITH IMPORTED ELECTRICITY, AS
COMPARED TO A 2005 BASELINE AND ACCELERATING NEAR-TERM
REDUCTIONS IN GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS TO INCREASE CUMULATIVE
REDUCTIONS FROM ELECTRIC UTILITIES. NOTHING IN THIS SUBSECTION
(1)(e)(VIII)(G) LIMITS THE AUTHORITY OF THE PUBLIC UTILITIES
COMMISSION.
(H) In verifying clean energy plans or a wholesale generation and transmission cooperative electric resource plan submitted in accordance with subsection (1)(e)(VIII)(I) of this section, the division shall prevent double counting of emission reductions among utilities and shall consider electricity generated by renewable energy resources as having zero greenhouse gas emissions only if: the electricity is accompanied by any associated renewable energy credit, and the renewable energy credit is retired on behalf of the utility’s customers in the year generated; or the electricity is generated by retail distributed generation, as defined in sections 40-2-124 (1)(a)(VIII) and 40-2-127 (2)(b)(I)(A) and (2)(b)(I)(B) and the retail customer retains the renewable energy credit as part of a voluntary renewable energy program.

(I) Each wholesale generation and transmission electric cooperative shall file with the public utilities commission and the division an electric resource plan that will achieve at least an eighty percent reduction of greenhouse gas emissions associated with the cooperative’s sales of electricity to customers within Colorado by 2030, relative to 2005 levels.

(J) An electric utility that is not a qualifying retail utility as defined in section 40-2-125.5 (2)(c)(I) that is required to submit a clean energy plan or a wholesale generation and transmission cooperative that intends to file a clean energy plan pursuant to this subsection (1)(e) shall provide written notice to the division of intent to file a clean energy plan by August 1, 2021. An investor-owned utility that has not already filed a clean energy plan and that indicates an intent to file a clean energy plan shall file a clean energy plan with the public utilities commission with its next resource plan filing. The division shall verify emission reductions as part of the public utilities commission proceeding that reviews the resource plan. A utility that is not investor-owned or a wholesale generation and transmission cooperative utility that provided written notice of intent to file a voluntary clean energy plan shall provide all information the division deems necessary to evaluate and verify the emission reductions claimed as part of a clean energy plan no later than December 31, 2021. The division shall, in consultation with the public utilities commission, fully evaluate and verify the clean energy plan. The utility must submit the verified clean energy plan to the public utilities commission in accordance with section 40-2-125.5 (5)(g)(I) no later than July 1, 2022.
(VIII.5) (A) This subsection (1)(e)(VIII.5)(A) and subsections (1)(e)(VIII.5)(B), and (1)(e)(VIII.5)(C) of this section apply only to an electric utility that serves at least fifty thousand Colorado retail customers and obtains less than eighty percent of the load necessary to serve Colorado retail customers from an electric utility that has filed a clean energy plan and owns or plans to invest in, in whole or in part, an electric generating unit with a nameplate capacity larger than fifty megawatts that directly emits greenhouse gases into the atmosphere, including generating units that burn oil, gas, or coal. The requirements of subsections (1)(e)(VIII.5)(B) and (1)(e)(VIII.5)(C) of this section become applicable if an electric utility satisfies the criteria specified in this subsection (1)(e)(VIII.5)(A) upon leaving a provider who has filed a clean energy plan. The electric utility shall provide notice of intent to file a clean energy plan to the division within six months after becoming subject to this subsection (1)(e)(VIII.5). The electric utility shall file a clean energy plan pursuant to subsection (1)(e)(VIII) of this section within one year after becoming subject to this subsection (1)(e)(VIII.5).

(B) If an electric utility does not provide written notice of intent to file a clean energy plan with the division or does not submit a clean energy plan after expressing written intent to file a plan, the commission shall, within fifteen months after the electric utility's failure to provide written notice or submit a plan, adopt a rule to reduce greenhouse gas emissions caused by the electric utility's Colorado retail electricity sales of at least forty-eight percent by 2025 and eighty percent by 2030, including emissions associated with imported electricity, as compared to a 2005 baseline. The commission shall design the rules to accelerate near-term reductions in greenhouse gas emissions in order to reduce total cumulative emissions between the date of adoption and 2030.

(C) Clean energy plan filings must include projected emissions for each calendar year through 2030 to inform the statewide greenhouse gas planning process. The division shall evaluate the reported emissions and supplemental information in the electric utility's annual greenhouse gas reporting data submission made pursuant to the commission's rules to determine whether an electric utility is progressing consistent with the annual emissions projected by the plan and remains on track to achieve the reductions of the clean energy plan by 2030. If the division determines that the electric utility is not progressing

(D) NOTWITHSTANDING SUBSECTIONS (1)(e)(VIII.5)(A) TO (1)(e)(VIII.5)(C) OF THIS SECTION, A QUALIFIED RETAIL UTILITY WITH A CLEAN ENERGY PLAN THAT HAS BEEN APPROVED AND VERIFIED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 40-2-125.5 AND SUBSECTION (1)(e)(VIII)(C) OF THIS SECTION AND A WHOLESALE GENERATION AND TRANSMISSION COOPERATIVE WITH AN ELECTRIC RESOURCE PLAN THAT HAS BEEN FILED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SUBSECTION (1)(e)(VIII)(I) OF THIS SECTION AND HAVE BEEN APPROVED ARE NOT SUBJECT TO SUBSECTIONS (1)(e)(VIII.5)(A) TO (1)(e)(VIII.5)(C) OF THIS SECTION. PROGRESS OF EMISSION REDUCTIONS FOR AN ELECTRIC UTILITY THAT IS AN INVESTOR-OWNED RETAIL UTILITY WITH A CLEAN ENERGY PLAN THAT HAS BEEN APPROVED AND VERIFIED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 40-2-125.5 AND SUBSECTION (1)(e)(VIII)(C) OF THIS SECTION OR A WHOLESALE GENERATION AND TRANSMISSION COOPERATIVE WITH AN ELECTRIC RESOURCE PLAN THAT HAS BEEN FILED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SUBSECTION (1)(e)(VIII)(I) OF THIS SECTION AND HAVE BEEN APPROVED SHALL BE ASSESSED THROUGH THE RECURRING RESOURCE PLANNING PROCESS AT THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION.

(XI) As used in this subsection (1)(e):

(B.5) "INDUSTRIAL AND MANUFACTURING SECTOR" MEANS ENERGY COMBUSTION AND ENERGY USE BY INDUSTRY, INCLUDING: COMBUSTION FROM COAL, DIESEL, GASOLINE, HEAT, LIQUIFIED PETROLEUM GAS, NATURAL GAS, REFINERY FEEDSTOCKS, AND RESIDUAL FUEL OIL; AND INDUSTRIAL PROCESSES, INCLUDING CEMENT MANUFACTURE, ELECTRIC TRANSMISSION AND DISTRIBUTION EQUIPMENT, IRON AND STEEL PRODUCTION, LIME MANUFACTURE, LIMESTONE AND DOLOMITE USE, OZONE DEPLETING SUBSTANCES SUBSTITUTES, SEMICONDUCTOR
MANUFACTURE, SODA ASH, AND UREA CONSUMPTION. THE TERM DOES NOT
INCLUDE OIL AND GAS EXPLORATION, PRODUCTION, PROCESSING,
TRANSMISSION, AND STORAGE OPERATIONS OTHER THAN ENERGY
COMBUSTION EMISSIONS THAT ARE INCLUDED IN THE INDUSTRIAL AND
MANUFACTURING SECTOR.

(XII) NO LATER THAN JANUARY 1, 2022, THE COMMISSION SHALL
ADOPT, AND THE DIVISION SHALL BEGIN IMPLEMENTING, COMPREHENSIVE
RULES THAT WILL REDUCE STATEWIDE GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS FROM
OIL AND GAS EXPLORATION, PRODUCTION, PROCESSING, TRANSMISSION,
AND STORAGE OPERATIONS IN THE STATE BELOW THE 2005 BASELINE
ESTABLISHED FOR OIL AND GAS FUGITIVE EMISSIONS PURSUANT TO
SECTION 25-7-140 (2)(a)(II), TAKING INTO ACCOUNT SUBSECTIONS
(1)(e)(II) TO (1)(e)(VI) OF THIS SECTION, BY AT LEAST THIRTY-SIX
PERCENT BY 2025 AND SIXTY PERCENT BY 2030. THE COMMISSION SHALL
DESIGN THE RULES TO PRIORITIZE NEAR-TERM REDUCTIONS IN
GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS. THE RULES MUST INCLUDE:

(A) PROTECTIONS FOR DISPROPORTIONATELY IMPACTED
COMMUNITIES, ACHIEVING REDUCTION OF GREENHOUSE GASES AND
CO-POLLUTANTS; AND

(B) MORE ROBUST MONITORING, LEAK DETECTION, AND REPAIR
REQUIREMENTS, REPORTING, AND RECORD-KEEPING REQUIREMENTS TO
ENSURE THAT THE DIVISION CAN ACCURATELY QUANTIFY GREENHOUSE
GAS EMISSIONS DURING ALL OPERATING CONDITIONS, INCLUDING
EQUIPMENT MALFUNCTIONS; AND

(C) ADDITIONAL DIRECT EMISSION REDUCTION CONTROLS.

(XIII) IN IMPLEMENTING THIS SUBSECTION (1)(e), THE
COMMISSION SHALL ADOPT RULES TO REDUCE STATEWIDE GREENHOUSE
GAS EMISSIONS FROM THE INDUSTRIAL AND MANUFACTURING SECTOR IN
THE STATE BY AT LEAST TWENTY PERCENT BY 2030 BELOW THE 2005
BASELINE ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO SECTION 25-7-140 (2)(a)(II),
TAKING INTO ACCOUNT THE FACTORS SET OUT IN SUBSECTIONS (1)(e)(II)
to (1)(e)(VI) OF THIS SECTION. THE RULES MUST INCLUDE PROTECTIONS
FOR DISPROPORTIONATELY IMPACTED COMMUNITIES AND PRIORITIZE
EMISSION REDUCTIONS THAT WILL REDUCE EMISSIONS OF CO-POLLUTANTS
THAT ADVERSELY AFFECT DISPROPORTIONATELY IMPACTED COMMUNITIES,
BE DESIGNED TO ACCELERATE NEAR-TERM REDUCTIONS, AND SECURE
MEANINGFUL EMISSION REDUCTIONS FROM THIS SECTOR TO BE REALIZED
BEGINNING NO LATER THAN SEPTEMBER 30, 2024. THE RULES MUST:

(A) BE CONSISTENT WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF SUBSECTION
(1)(e)(IX) OF THIS SECTION; AND

(B) REQUIRE A FIVE PERCENT REDUCTION IN THE GREENHOUSE GAS
EMISSIONS ASSOCIATED WITH ENERGY-INTENSIVE, TRADE-EXPOSED
MANUFACTURING SOURCES THAT CURRENTLY EMPLOY BEST AVAILABLE
EMISSION CONTROL TECHNOLOGIES FOR GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS AND
BEST AVAILABLE ENERGY EFFICIENCY PRACTICES, AS DETERMINED BY THE
COMMISSION, PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (1)(e)(IX)(A) OF THIS SECTION.

(f) (I) Definitions. The definitions in subsection (1)(e)(XI) of
this section apply to this subsection (1)(f). As used in this
subsection (1)(f), unless the context requires otherwise:
(A) "GHG CREDIT" MEANS A TRADEABLE COMPLIANCE
INSTRUMENT IN A PHYSICAL OR ELECTRONIC FORMAT, THE USE OF WHICH
IS AUTHORIZED PURSUANT TO A REGULATORY PROGRAM ADOPTED BY THE
COMMISSION THAT REPRESENTS THE REDUCTION OF ONE METRIC TON OF
CARBON-DIOXIDE EQUIVALENT OF GREENHOUSE GAS BY A REGULATED
SOURCE.
(B) "REGULATED SOURCE" MEANS A SOURCE OF GREENHOUSE GAS
THAT IS SUBJECT TO A RULE ADOPTED BY THE COMMISSION UNDER
SUBSECTION (1)(e) OF THIS SECTION THAT IMPOSES SPECIFIC AND
QUANTIFIABLE GREENHOUSE GAS REDUCTION OBLIGATIONS UPON THAT
SOURCE OR GROUP OF SOURCES.
(C) "TRADING PROGRAM" MEANS A COMMISSION-ADOPTED
REGULATORY PROGRAM THAT ALLOWS FOR REGULATED SOURCES TO MEET
THEIR GREENHOUSE GAS COMPLIANCE OBLIGATIONS UNDER SUBSECTION
(1)(e) OF THIS SECTION THROUGH THE CREATION, PURCHASE, ACQUISITION,
OR EXCHANGE OF, OR OTHER COMMERCIAL-TYPE TRANSACTION
INVOLVING, A GHG CREDIT WITH OTHER REGULATED SOURCES.

(II) Greenhouse gas accounting system. Except as specified in
subsection (1)(f)(III) of this section, before the commission adopts
a rule or program that provides for the use of a trading
program, the commission shall adopt a rule that directs the
division to create a comprehensive and centralized accounting
system to track emissions from, at a minimum, all regulated
sources in the state covered by or that may otherwise
participate in that trading program, which system must:
(A) Enable the division and the public to track emission
reductions, trades, and other transactions by sources utilizing
GHG credits or otherwise participating in a trading program,
and to track any transactions that take place consistent with
the requirements set forth in this subsection (1)(f), including all
rules promulgated pursuant to this subsection (1)(f);
(B) Enable the division to prevent double-counting of
greenhouse gas emission reductions; and
(C) Identify regulated sources that adversely affect
disproportionately impacted communities through their
emissions of locally harmful air pollutants.

(III) The commission may adopt a trading program among
REGULATED SOURCES AS NECESSARY TO TIMELY IMPLEMENT SUBSECTION (1)(e)(IX) OF THIS SECTION IF THAT PROGRAM:

(A) IS ULTIMATELY INTEGRATED INTO THE COMPREHENSIVE AND CENTRALIZED ACCOUNTING SYSTEM DEVELOPED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (1)(f)(II) OF THIS SECTION;

(B) ENABLES THE DIVISION TO TRACK THE EMISSIONS OF, AND EMISSION REDUCTIONS, TRADES, AND OTHER TRANSACTIONS BY, ALL REGULATED SOURCES PARTICIPATING IN THE TRADING PROGRAM;

(C) ENABLES THE DIVISION TO PREVENT DOUBLE COUNTING OF GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSION REDUCTIONS; AND

(D) IDENTIFIES REGULATED SOURCES THAT ADVERSELY AFFECT DISPROPORTIONATELY IMPACTED COMMUNITIES THROUGH THEIR EMISSIONS OF LOCALLY HARMFUL AIR POLLUTANTS.

(g) WITH REGARD TO THE CHANGES MADE IN 2021 BY HOUSE BILL 21-1266:

(I) NOTHING:

(A) ALTERS THE GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSION REDUCTION GOALS PREVIOUSLY ESTABLISHED IN SECTION 25-7-102 (2)(g), IN EITHER AMOUNT OR TIMING; OR

(B) DETRACTS FROM THE COMMISSION'S EXISTING AUTHORITY TO REQUIRE MORE THAN THE MINIMUM GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSION REDUCTION GOALS AND DEADLINES PREVIOUSLY ESTABLISHED IN SECTION 25-7-102 (2)(g); AND

(II) THE CHANGES ADD TO, BUT DO NOT OTHERWISE ALTER, THE COMMISSION'S AUTHORITY AND OBLIGATION TO PROMULGATE AND PUBLISH RULES PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION AND SECTIONS 25-7-102 (2)(g) AND 25-7-140.

SECTION 14. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25-7-109.3, amend (2) as follows:

25-7-109.3. Colorado hazardous air pollutant control and reduction program - rules. (2) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 25-7-114.4 (5), the commission may only promulgate regulations pertaining to hazardous air pollutants as defined in section 25-7-103 (13) in accordance with this section. In order to minimize additional regulatory and compliance costs to the state's economy, any program created by the commission pursuant to this section shall contain a provision which exempts those sources or categories of sources that it determines to be of minor significance from the requirements of the program. Consistent with the provisions of section 25-7-105.1, the commission shall authorize synthetic minor sources of hazardous air pollutants by the issuance of construction permits or prohibitory or other rules or other regulations. Such permits or rules or regulations shall only be as stringent as necessary to establish synthetic minor.
status. The commission shall expeditiously implement this subsection (2) to assure that all sources may be able to timely qualify as a synthetic minor source, thereby avoiding the costs of the operating permit program.

SECTION 15. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25-7-110.5, amend (4)(e); and add (4)(f) and (4)(g) as follows:

25-7-110.5. Required analysis of proposed air quality rules.

(4) (e) Except as provided in subsection (4)(f) of this section, the economic impact analysis required by this subsection (4) shall not consist of an analysis of any nonmarket costs or external costs asserted to occur notwithstanding compliance by a source with applicable environmental regulations.

(f) For a rule that implements section 25-7-105 (1)(e) that may materially affect greenhouse gas emissions, the economic impact analysis required by this subsection (4) must include an analysis of the social cost of greenhouse gases related to the estimated emission reductions from the proposed rule. The analysis must use the most recent assessment of the social cost for those greenhouse gases for which the federal government has determined the cost, and the consideration of the social cost of greenhouse gases must be consistent with existing law and include use of a discount rate of no more than two and one-half percent; except that the social cost of greenhouse gases that is used may not be lower than that established in 2016, using a two and one-half percent discount rate, by the federal interagency working group on the social cost of carbon or than the final social cost of greenhouse gases, using a two and one-half percent or lower effective discount rate, established by the federal interagency working group on the social cost of greenhouse gases pursuant to federal executive order 13990, dated January 20, 2021, whichever is higher.

(g) With regard to the changes made in 2021 by House Bill 21-1266:

(I) Nothing:

(A) alters the greenhouse gas emission reduction goals previously established in section 25-7-102 (2)(g), in either amount or timing; or

(B) detracts from the air quality control commission's existing authority to require more than the minimum greenhouse gas emission reduction goals and deadlines previously established in section 25-7-102 (2)(g); and

(II) The changes add to, but do not otherwise alter, the air quality control commission's authority and obligation to promulgate and publish rules pursuant to sections 25-7-102
(2)(g), 25-7-105, AND 25-7-140.

SECTION 16. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 25-7-140, amend (2)(a)(I) and (2)(a)(II); and add (2)(a)(IV) as follows:

25-7-140. Greenhouse gas emissions - data collection - legislative declaration - rules - reporting - forecasting - public information - definitions. (2) Rules. (a) The commission shall:

(I) By June 1, 2020, Adopt rules requiring greenhouse gas-emitting entities to monitor and publicly report their emissions as the commission deems appropriate to support Colorado's greenhouse gas emission inventory efforts and to facilitate implementation of rules that will timely achieve Colorado's greenhouse gas emission reduction goals. The commission shall consider what information is already being publicly reported by the federal environmental protection agency and tailor new reporting requirements to fill any gaps in data, as it determines is appropriate, to allow for maintaining and updating state inventories that are sufficiently comprehensive and robust. The rules must include requirements for providers of retail or wholesale electric service in the state of Colorado to track and report emissions from all generation sources within the state and elsewhere that electricity consumption by their customers in this state causes to be emitted. The commission may require emitting entities to report the amount of emissions of each of the seven individual components of greenhouse gases as well as the carbon dioxide equivalent of those emissions.

(II) Direct the division to update the statewide inventory of greenhouse gas emissions by sector, up to on an annual basis as determined by the commission, but in no event less frequently than every two years. The division shall update the inventory in a manner that allows reasonable tracking of progress in reducing greenhouse gas emissions over time. The commission shall take reasonable steps to ensure that emission abatement that counts toward meeting the state's greenhouse gas emission reduction goals is durable and rigorously tracked. The inventory must include a forecast of Colorado's greenhouse gas emissions for the milestone year of 2025, as well as 2030, 2035, 2040, and 2045. THE DIVISION SHALL MAKE PUBLICLY AVAILABLE THE DATA UPON WHICH PROJECTIONS ARE BASED, INCLUDING THE SOURCES OF THAT DATA, THE INPUTS FOR ANY MODEL USED, AND A DESCRIPTION OF THE ANALYSIS UNDERLYING THE PROJECTIONS. THE FORECAST MUST INCLUDE AT LEAST ONE SCENARIO THAT DOES NOT INCLUDE EMISSION REDUCTIONS PROJECTED TO OCCUR FROM ANY FEDERAL, STATE, OR LOCAL LAW, RULE, REGULATION, POLICY, OR PROGRAM THAT IS NOT IN PLACE AS OF THE DATE OF PUBLICATION OF THE INVENTORY. The initial inventory required under this subsection (2) must include a recalculation of Colorado's 2005 greenhouse gas emissions to serve as a baseline for measuring progress.
against Colorado's greenhouse gas emission reduction goals.

(IV) WITH REGARD TO THE CHANGES MADE IN 2021 BY HOUSE BILL 21-1266:

(A) NOTHING ALTERS THE GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSION REDUCTION GOALS PREVIOUSLY ESTABLISHED IN SECTION 25-7-102 (2)(g), IN EITHER AMOUNT OR TIMING, OR DETRACTS FROM THE COMMISSION'S EXISTING AUTHORITY TO REQUIRE MORE THAN THE MINIMUM GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSION REDUCTION GOALS AND DEADLINES PREVIOUSLY ESTABLISHED IN SECTION 25-7-102 (2)(g); AND

(B) THE CHANGES ADD TO, BUT DO NOT OTHERWISE ALTER, THE COMMISSION’S AUTHORITY AND OBLIGATION TO PROMULGATE AND PUBLISH RULES PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION AND SECTIONS 25-7-102 (2)(g), AND 25-7-105.

SECTION 17. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 2-3-1203, add (18.5)(a)(II) as follows:

2-3-1203. Sunset review of advisory committees - legislative declaration - definition - repeal. (18.5) (a) The following statutory authorizations for the designated advisory committees will repeal on September 1, 2027:

(II) THE ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE ADVISORY BOARD CREATED IN SECTION 25-1-132 (2).

SECTION 18. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 8-83-503, add (7) as follows:

8-83-503. Just transition office - advisory committee - repeal. (7) The office, in consultation with the advisory committee, shall develop a proposed long-term budget to adequately finance the just transition plan. The office shall submit the proposed budget to the executive director of the department no later than July 1, 2022. The budget must include financing options from state, federal, and other sources. The department shall consider the proposed budget as part of its budget proposal for state fiscal year 2023-24.

SECTION 19. In Colorado Revised Statutes, repeal and reenact, with amendments, 24-38.5-101 as follows:


(a) SUPPORT COLORADO’S TRANSITION TO A MORE EQUITABLE, LOW-CARBON, AND CLEAN ENERGY ECONOMY AND PROMOTE RESOURCES THAT REDUCE AIR POLLUTION AND GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS, INCLUDING POLLUTION AND EMISSIONS FROM ELECTRICITY GENERATION,
BUILDINGS, INDUSTRY, AGRICULTURE, AND TRANSPORTATION;  
(b) PROMOTE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND HIGH QUALITY JOBS  
in COLORADO THROUGH ADVANCING CLEAN ENERGY, TRANSPORTATION  
eLECTRIFICATION, AND OTHER TECHNOLOGIES THAT REDUCE AIR  
POLLUTION AND GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS, INCLUDING HELPING TO  
FINANCE THOSE INVESTMENTS;  
(c) PROMOTE ENERGY EFFICIENCY;  
(d) PROMOTE AN EQUITABLE TRANSITION TOWARD ZERO EMISSION  
BUILDINGS;  
(e) PROMOTE AN EQUITABLE TRANSITION TO TRANSPORTATION  
eLECTRIFICATION, ZERO EMISSION VEHICLES, TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS,  
AND LAND USE PATTERNS THAT REDUCE ENERGY USE AND GREENHOUSE  
GAS EMISSIONS;  
(f) INCREASE ENERGY SECURITY;  
(g) SUPPORT LOWER LONG-TERM CONSUMER COSTS AND SUPPORT  
REDUCED ENERGY COST BURDEN FOR LOWER-INCOME COLORADANS; AND  
(h) PROTECT THE ENVIRONMENT AND PUBLIC HEALTH.  

SECTION 20. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 24-75-402, add  
(5)(tt) as follows:  
24-75-402. Cash funds - limit on uncommitted reserves -  
reduction in the amount of fees - exclusions. (5) Notwithstanding any  
provision of this section to the contrary, the following cash funds are  
excluded from the limitations specified in this section:  
(tt) THE COMMUNITY IMPACT CASH FUND CREATED IN SECTION  
25-7-129 (1).  

as follows:  
40-2-129. New resource acquisitions - factors in determination  
- local employment - "best value" metrics. (4) (a) THE STATE AUDITOR  
SHALL CONDUCT OR CAUSE TO BE CONDUCTED A PERFORMANCE AUDIT OF  
THE COMMISSION'S IMPLEMENTATION OF THE "BEST VALUE" EMPLOYMENT  
METRICS REQUIREMENTS OF THIS SECTION, INCLUDING REVIEW OF:  
(I) THE PROJECTS SUBJECT TO SUBSECTION (1)(a) OF THIS SECTION  
THAT HAVE BEEN APPROVED IN THE PREVIOUS TEN YEARS;  
(II) WHETHER THE WORK DONE USED CONTRACTORS THAT MET  
THE CRITERIA SPECIFIED IN THIS SECTION;  
(III) ANY SHORTFALLS IN ENFORCEMENT CAPACITY OR  
IMPLEMENTATION BY THE COMMISSION;  
(IV) CURRENT ENFORCEMENT PROCEDURES FOR INVESTOR-OWNED  
UTILITIES, INDEPENDENT POWER PRODUCERS, AND WHOLESALE  
GENERATION AND TRANSMISSION ELECTRIC COOPERATIVES; AND  
(V) WHETHER AND HOW DELAYED RULE-MAKING PROCEEDINGS  
HAVE PREVENTED THE "BEST VALUE" EMPLOYMENT METRICS
REQUIREMENTS OF THIS SECTION FROM BEING IMPLEMENTED.

(b) THE GOVERNOR'S OFFICE, THE COMMISSION, AND COMMISSION STAFF SHALL COOPERATE WITH STAKEHOLDERS AND THE STATE AUDITOR IN CONDUCTING THE AUDIT AND MAKING RECOMMENDATIONS FOR REFORMS OF, OR POTENTIAL ALTERNATIVES TO, THE IMPLEMENTATION AND ENFORCEMENT OF "BEST VALUE" EMPLOYMENT METRICS.

(c) UPON COMPLETION OF A PERFORMANCE AUDIT, THE STATE AUDITOR SHALL SUBMIT A WRITTEN REPORT TO THE LEGISLATIVE AUDIT COMMITTEE, TOGETHER WITH ANY FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS."

Renumber succeeding sections accordingly.

Page 15, after line 20 insert:

"SECTION 23. Applicability. This act applies to conduct occurring on or after the effective date of this act.".

Renumber succeeding section accordingly.

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