Amend printed bill, strike everything below the enacting clause and substitute:

"SECTION 1. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 40-2-126, amend (3) introductory portion and (3)(a); add (5); and recreate and reenact, with amendments, (4) as follows:

40-2-126. Transmission facilities - biennial review - energy resource zones - definition - plans - approval - cost recovery. (3) The commission shall, consistent with its authority, approve a utility's application for a certificate of public convenience and necessity for the cost-effective construction or expansion of transmission facilities pursuant to paragraph (b) of subsection (2) subsection (2)(b) of this section if the commission finds that:

(a) The construction or expansion:

(I) Is required to:

(A) Ensure the reliable delivery of electricity to Colorado consumers, or to either alone or in combination with the consumers of other states served by an organized wholesale market as defined in section 40-5-108(1)(a); or

(B) Enable the utility to meet the renewable energy standards set forth in section 40-2-124 or achieve emission reductions under section 25-7-102 or 40-2-125.5;

(II) Can reasonably accommodate future expansion, through the addition of more lines or greater capacity, as may be required to support the utility's participation in an organized wholesale market as defined in section 40-5-108(1)(a); and

(4) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in response to any application for a certificate of public convenience and necessity for the construction or expansion of transmission facilities that is submitted to the commission pursuant to subsection (2)(d) of this section, the commission shall issue a final order within one hundred eighty days after the application is deemed complete and public notice of the application is given; except that the applicant may waive this one-hundred-eighty-day deadline. Absent such waiver, if the commission does not issue a final order within that period, the application is deemed approved.

(5) In any construction or expansion approved pursuant to this section, the utility shall use its own employees or qualified contractors, or both, but shall not use a contractor
UNLESS THE CONTRACTOR'S EMPLOYEES HAVE ACCESS TO AN APPRENTICESHIP PROGRAM REGISTERED WITH THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF LABOR'S OFFICE OF APPRENTICESHIP OR BY A STATE APPRENTICESHIP COUNCIL RECOGNIZED BY THAT OFFICE; EXCEPT THAT THIS APPRENTICESHIP REQUIREMENT DOES NOT APPLY TO:

(a) THE DESIGN, PLANNING, OR ENGINEERING OF THE TRANSMISSION FACILITIES;
(b) MANAGEMENT FUNCTIONS TO OPERATE THE TRANSMISSION FACILITIES; OR
(c) ANY WORK PERFORMED IN RESPONSE TO A WARRANTY CLAIM.

SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 40-5-108 as follows:

40-5-108. Electric utility participation in organized wholesale markets required - conditions - authority of commission - definitions.
(1) AS USED IN THIS SECTION, UNLESS THE CONTEXT OTHERWISE REQUIRES:
(a)(I) "ORGANIZED WHOLESALE MARKET" OR "OWM" MEANS AN ENTITY ESTABLISHED FOR THE PURPOSE OF COORDINATING AND EFFICIENTLY MANAGING THE DISPATCH AND TRANSMISSION OF ELECTRICITY AMONG PUBLIC UTILITIES ON A MULTISTATE OR REGIONAL BASIS AND THAT:
(A) IS APPROVED BY THE FEDERAL ENERGY REGULATORY COMMISSION;
(B) EFFECTS SEPARATE CONTROL OF TRANSMISSION FACILITIES FROM CONTROL OF GENERATION FACILITIES;
(C) IMPLEMENTS, TO THE EXTENT REASONABLY POSSIBLE, POLICIES AND PROCEDURES DESIGNED TO MINIMIZE PANCAKED TRANSMISSION RATES WITHIN COLORADO;
(D) IMPROVES, TO THE EXTENT REASONABLY POSSIBLE, SERVICE RELIABILITY WITHIN COLORADO;
(E) ACHIEVES, TO THE EXTENT REASONABLY POSSIBLE, THE OBJECTIVES OF AN OPEN AND COMPETITIVE ELECTRIC GENERATION MARKETPLACE, ELIMINATION OF BARRIERS TO MARKET ENTRY, AND PRECLUSION OF CONTROL OF BOTTLENECK ELECTRIC TRANSMISSION FACILITIES IN THE PROVISION OF RETAIL ELECTRIC SERVICE;
(F) IS OF SUFFICIENT SCOPE OR OTHERWISE OPERATES TO SUBSTANTIALLY INCREASE ECONOMICAL SUPPLY OPTIONS FOR CUSTOMERS;
(G) HAS A STRUCTURE OF GOVERNANCE OR CONTROL THAT IS INDEPENDENT OF THE OWNERSHIP AND OPERATION OF THE TRANSMISSION FACILITIES, AND NO MEMBER OF ITS BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAS AN AFFILIATION WITH A USER OR WITH AN AFFILIATE OF A USER DURING THE MEMBER'S TENURE ON THE BOARD SO AS TO UNDULY AFFECT THE OWM'S PERFORMANCE. AS USED IN THIS SUBSECTION (1)(a)(I)(G), "USER" MEANS ANY ENTITY OR AFFILIATE OF THAT ENTITY THAT BUYS OR SELLS ELECTRIC...
ENERGY IN THE OWM'S REGION OR IN A NEIGHBORING REGION.

(H) OPERATES UNDER POLICIES THAT PROMOTE POSITIVE PERFORMANCE DESIGNED TO SATISFY THE ELECTRICITY REQUIREMENTS OF CUSTOMERS;

(I) HAS AN INCLUSIVE AND OPEN STAKEHOLDER PROCESS THAT DOES NOT PLACE UNREASONABLE BURDENS ON, OR PRECLUDE MEANINGFUL PARTICIPATION BY, ANY STAKEHOLDER GROUP;

(J) PROMOTES AND ASSISTS NEW ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT IN COLORADO; AND

(K) CONSISTENT WITH AND IN SUPPORT OF FERC POLICIES, INCLUDING FERC ORDER NO. 1000, "TRANSMISSION PLANNING AND COST ALLOCATION", AND LOCAL PLANNING BY COLORADO PUBLIC UTILITIES, IS CAPABLE OF: PLANNING FOR IMPROVED EFFICIENCY OF USE, FUTURE EXPANSION, AND CONSIDERATION OF ALL OPTIONS FOR MEETING TRANSMISSION NEEDS; PROVIDING EFFECTIVE COST ALLOCATIONS THAT REFLECT BENEFITS OF TRANSMISSION INVESTMENTS; MAINTAINING REAL-TIME RELIABILITY OF THE ELECTRIC TRANSMISSION SYSTEM; ENSURING COMPARABLE AND NONDISCRIMINATORY TRANSMISSION ACCESS AND NECESSARY SERVICES; MINIMIZING SYSTEM CONGESTION; AND FURTHER ADDRESSING REAL OR POTENTIAL TRANSMISSION CONSTRAINTS.

(II) "ORGANIZED WHOLESALE MARKET" INCLUDES A REGIONAL TRANSMISSION ORGANIZATION, ALSO KNOWN AS AN RTO, AND AN INDEPENDENT SYSTEM OPERATOR, ALSO KNOWN AS AN ISO.

(b) "TRANSMISSION UTILITY" MEANS A PUBLIC UTILITY THAT:

(I) IS A WHOLESALE ELECTRICITY SUPPLIER; AND

(II) OWNS AND OPERATES ELECTRIC TRANSMISSION LINES CAPABLE OF TRANSMITTING ELECTRIC ENERGY AT A VOLTAGE OF ONE HUNDRED KILOVOLTS OR MORE.

(2) (a) (I) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (2)(a)(II) OF THIS SECTION, AND EXCEPT FOR MUNICIPALLY OWNED UTILITIES AND POWER AUTHORITIES, ALL COLORADO PUBLIC UTILITIES THAT OWN TRANSMISSION FACILITIES AND GENERATION AND TRANSMISSION COOPERATIVES WITH NETWORKED FACILITIES SHALL JOIN AN ORGANIZED WHOLESALE MARKET ON OR BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2030.

(II) UPON APPLICATION BY A TRANSMISSION UTILITY, THE COMMISSION MAY WAIVE OR DELAY THE REQUIREMENT STATED IN SUBSECTION (2)(a)(I) OF THIS SECTION IF:

(A) THE TRANSMISSION UTILITY HAS MADE ALL REASONABLE EFFORTS TO COMPLY WITH THE REQUIREMENT BUT IS UNABLE TO FIND A VIABLE AND AVAILABLE OWM THAT IT CAN JOIN BY JANUARY 1, 2030; OR

(B) THE COMMISSION HAS DETERMINED, BASED ON THE STUDY CONDUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ARTICLE 2.3 OF THIS TITLE 40, THAT REQUIRING THE TRANSMISSION UTILITY TO JOIN AN OWM IS NOT IN THE PUBLIC INTEREST.

(b) THE COMMISSION IS DIRECTED TO PARTICIPATE ON BEHALF OF
THE STATE OF COLORADO, AS IT DEEMS APPROPRIATE, IN PROCEEDINGS BEFORE THE FERC INVOLVING THE MANAGEMENT OF PHYSICAL CONNECTIONS, SHARING OF DATA, AND INTERPRETATION AND IMPLEMENTATION OF TARIFF AND BUSINESS PRACTICES BETWEEN OWMs WHOSE BOUNDARIES MEET WITHIN COLORADO.

(3) THE COMMISSION SHALL CONSIDER ALLOWING, AND MAY ALLOW, A TRANSMISSION UTILITY THAT JOINS AN OWM TO RECOVER OWM SUBSCRIPTION FEES AND OTHER PRUDENTLY INCURRED COSTS OF PARTICIPATION IN THE OWM THROUGH RATES OR THROUGH A NEW OR EXISTING TRANSMISSION RIDER.

SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 40-15-601, amend (6); and add (6.5) as follows:

40-15-601. Definitions. As used in this part 6, unless the context otherwise requires:

(6) "Electric utility" means:
(a) A cooperative electric association, as defined in section 40-9.5-102;
(b) AN INVESTOR-OWNED ELECTRIC UTILITY;
(c) A GENERATION AND TRANSMISSION COOPERATIVE ELECTRIC ASSOCIATION; OR
(d) THE FEDERAL WESTERN AREA POWER ADMINISTRATION WITHIN THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY.

(6.5) "GENERATION AND TRANSMISSION COOPERATIVE ELECTRIC ASSOCIATION" HAS THE SAME MEANING AS "WHOLESALE ELECTRIC COOPERATIVE" AS SET FORTH IN SECTION 40-2-136 (3)(c).

SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add article 42 to title 40 as follows:

ARTICLE 42

Colorado Electric Transmission Authority Act

40-42-101. Short title. The short title of this article 42 is the "COLORADO ELECTRIC TRANSMISSION AUTHORITY ACT".

40-42-102. Definitions. As used in this article 42, unless the context otherwise requires:

(1) "ACQUIRE" MEANS TO OBTAIN ELIGIBLE FACILITIES BY LEASE, CONSTRUCTION, RECONSTRUCTION, PURCHASE, OR, AS AUTHORIZED BY SECTION 40-42-104 (1)(q) AND SUBJECT TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF ARTICLES 1 TO 7 OF TITLE 38, THE EXERCISE OF THE POWER OF EMINENT DOMAIN.

(2) "AUTHORITY" MEANS THE COLORADO ELECTRIC TRANSMISSION AUTHORITY CREATED IN SECTION 40-42-103.

(3) "BOARD" MEANS THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE AUTHORITY.

(4) "BONDS" MEANS ELECTRIC TRANSMISSION BONDS ISSUED AS AUTHORIZED BY THIS ARTICLE 42 AND INCLUDES NOTES, WARRANTS, BONDS, TEMPORARY BONDS, AND ANTICIPATION NOTES ISSUED BY THE
AUTHORITY.
(5) "COMMISSION" MEANS THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION CREATED IN SECTION 40-2-101.
(6) "ELECTRIC TRANSMISSION AUTHORITY OPERATIONAL FUND" OR "OPERATIONAL FUND" MEANS THE FUND CREATED IN SECTION 40-42-106.
(7) "ELECTRIC TRANSMISSION BONDING FUND" OR "BONDING FUND" MEANS THE FUND CREATED IN SECTION 40-42-105 (3).
(8) "ELECTRIC UTILITY" MEANS AN ENTITY OPERATING FOR THE PURPOSE OF SUPPLYING OR TRANSMITTING ELECTRICITY TO THE PUBLIC FOR DOMESTIC, MECHANICAL, OR PUBLIC USES AND INCLUDES AN INVESTOR-OWNED ELECTRIC UTILITY SUBJECT TO REGULATION UNDER ARTICLES 1 TO 7 OF THIS TITLE 40, A MUNICIPALLY OWNED UTILITY, A TRANSMISSION UTILITY, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 40-5-108 (1)(b), A COOPERATIVE ELECTRIC ASSOCIATION, A NONPROFIT ELECTRIC CORPORATION OR ASSOCIATION, AND EVERY OTHER SUPPLIER OF ELECTRIC ENERGY, WHETHER SUPPLYING ELECTRIC ENERGY FOR THE USE OF THE PUBLIC OR FOR THE USE OF ITS OWN MEMBERS.
(9) "ELIGIBLE FACILITIES" MEANS FACILITIES THAT ARE FINANCED OR ACQUIRED BY THE AUTHORITY.
(10) "FACILITIES" MEANS ELECTRIC TRANSMISSION AND INTERCONNECTED STORAGE FACILITIES AND ALL RELATED STRUCTURES, PROPERTIES, AND SUPPORTING INFRASTRUCTURE, INCLUDING ANY INTERESTS THEREIN.
(11) "FERC" MEANS THE FEDERAL ENERGY REGULATORY COMMISSION.
(12) "FINANCE" OR "FINANCING" MEANS THE LENDING OF BOND PROCEEDS BY THE AUTHORITY TO A PUBLIC UTILITY OR OTHER PRIVATE PERSON FOR THE PURPOSE OF PLANNING, ACQUIRING, OPERATING, AND MAINTAINING ELIGIBLE FACILITIES IN WHOLE OR IN PART BY THE PUBLIC UTILITY OR OTHER PRIVATE PERSON.
(13) "PROJECT" MEANS AN UNDERTAKING BY THE AUTHORITY TO FINANCE OR TO PLAN, ACQUIRE, MAINTAIN, AND OPERATE ELIGIBLE FACILITIES LOCATED PARTLY OR ENTIRELY WITHIN COLORADO.
(14) "STORAGE" MEANS THE CONSTRUCTION, EXPANSION, OR USE OF AN ENERGY STORAGE SYSTEM, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 40-2-202 (2).

40-42-103. Authority - creation - board - open meetings and open records. (1) The Colorado electric transmission authority is hereby created as an independent public body politic and corporate. The authority is a public instrumentality, and its exercise of the powers as authorized by this article 42 is the performance of an essential public function. The authority is a political subdivision of the state, is not an agency of state government, and is not subject to administrative direction by any department, commission, board, or agency of the state.
(2) (a) The powers of the authority are vested in a board
OF DIRECTORS, WHICH CONSISTS OF THE FOLLOWING NINE MEMBERS:

(I) Two members appointed by the governor with the consent of the senate;

(II) The director of the Colorado Energy Office created in section 24-38.5-101 or the director's designee;

(III) Three members appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives; and

(IV) Three members appointed by the president of the senate.

(b) The appointed members of the board must have the following qualifications:

(I) Of the members appointed by the governor, one must have expertise in financial matters involving the financing of major electric transmission projects and the other must represent the interests of electric utility customers residing west of the continental divide;

(II) Of the members appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives, one must have utility experience;

(III) Of the members appointed by the president of the senate, one must represent the interests of wildlife conservation and land use;

(IV) Of the members appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives and the president of the senate:

(A) One must represent the interests of organized labor;

(B) One must represent the interests of residential customers of electric utilities;

(C) One must represent the interests of commercial or industrial customers of electric utilities; and

(D) One must have knowledge of renewable energy development.

(c) A member of the board shall not represent a person that owns or operates facilities.

(d) Board members shall serve four-year terms; except that, of the appointed members initially appointed to the board, one of the members appointed by the governor and one of the members appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives shall serve initial terms of three years and one of the members appointed by the governor and one of the members appointed by the president of the senate shall serve initial terms of two years. The remainder of the appointed members initially appointed to the board shall serve four-year terms. Thereafter, all appointed members of the board shall serve four-year terms. A vacancy in the membership of the board must be filled in the same manner as the original appointment for the remainder of the expired term only.
AN APPOINTED MEMBER OF THE BOARD IS ELIGIBLE FOR REAPPOINTMENT. AN APPOINTING AUTHORITY MAY REMOVE A MEMBER OF THE BOARD FOR CAUSE.

BOARD MEMBERS SHALL NOT RECEIVE COMPENSATION FOR THEIR SERVICES BUT SHALL BE REIMBURSED FOR THEIR REASONABLE AND NECESSARY TRAVEL AND OTHER EXPENSES INCURRED IN THE PERFORMANCE OF THEIR OFFICIAL DUTIES.

THE MEMBERS OF THE BOARD SHALL ELECT A CHAIR AND A VICE-CHAIR. FOUR MEMBERS OF THE BOARD CONSTITUTE A QUORUM.

THE AUTHORITY IS SUBJECT TO THE OPEN MEETINGS PROVISIONS OF THE "COLORADO SUNSHINE ACT OF 1972", ARTICLE 6 OF TITLE 24, AND TO THE "COLORADO OPEN RECORDS ACT", PART 2 OF ARTICLE 72 OF TITLE 24. HOWEVER, INFORMATION OBTAINED BY THE AUTHORITY THAT IS DESIGNATED BY THE BOARD AS PROPRIETARY TECHNICAL OR BUSINESS INFORMATION IS CONFIDENTIAL AND IS NOT SUBJECT TO INSPECTION PURSUANT TO THE "COLORADO OPEN RECORDS ACT". INFORMATION THAT THE BOARD MAY DESIGNATE AS PROPRIETARY CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION INCLUDES POWER PURCHASE AGREEMENTS, COSTS OF PRODUCTION, COSTS OF TRANSMISSION, TRANSMISSION SERVICE AGREEMENTS, CREDIT REVIEWS, DETAILED POWER MODELS, AND FINANCING STATEMENTS.

40-42-104. General and specific powers and duties of the authority. (1) Except as otherwise limited by this article 42, the authority, acting through the board, has the power to:

(a) Hold and exercise all rights, duties, privileges, immunities, liabilities, and disabilities of a body corporate and a political subdivision of the state;

(b) Sue and be sued;

(c) Have an official seal and alter the seal at the board's pleasure;

(d) Establish reasonable administrative and procedural bylaws for its organization and internal management and for the conduct of its affairs and business;

(e) Maintain an office at any place in Colorado that it may determine;

(f) Acquire, hold, use, and dispose of real and personal property and its income, revenue, funds, and money;

(g) Solicit and receive and expend gifts, grants, and donations;

(h) Make and enter into all contracts, leases, and agreements, including intergovernmental agreements and assignments of payments to host landowners, that are necessary or incidental to the performance of its duties and the exercise of its powers under this article 42, including:

(i) Contracts for the lease and operation by the
AUTHORITY OF ELIGIBLE FACILITIES OWNED BY AN ELECTRIC UTILITY OR OTHER PRIVATE PERSON; AND

(II) CONTRACTS FOR LEASING ELIGIBLE FACILITIES OWNED BY THE AUTHORITY, SUBJECT TO THE REQUIREMENT THAT THE AUTHORITY DEPOSIT ANY REVENUE DERIVED PURSUANT TO THE LEASE INTO THE ELECTRIC TRANSMISSION BONDING FUND;

(i) UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFICALLY PROHIBITED BY THIS ARTICLE 42, DEPOSIT MONEY OF THE AUTHORITY IN ANY BANKING INSTITUTION WITHIN OR OUTSIDE THE STATE;

(j) FIX THE TIME AND PLACE OR PLACES AT WHICH ITS REGULAR AND SPECIAL MEETINGS ARE TO BE HELD;

(k) HIRE A CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER OF THE AUTHORITY AND AUTHORIZE THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER TO HIRE OTHER STAFF AS NECESSARY FOR THE OPERATION OF THE AUTHORITY;

(l) USE THE SERVICES OF EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENTS OF THE STATE UPON MUTUALLY AGREEABLE TERMS AND CONDITIONS;

(m) ENTER INTO PARTNERSHIPS WITH PUBLIC OR PRIVATE ENTITIES;

(n) IDENTIFY AND ESTABLISH CORRIDORS FOR THE TRANSMISSION OF ELECTRICITY WITHIN THE STATE;

(o) THROUGH PARTICIPATION IN APPROPRIATE REGIONAL TRANSMISSION FORUMS AND OTHER ORGANIZATIONS, INCLUDING ORGANIZED WHOLESALE MARKETS, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 40-5-108 (1)(a), COORDINATE, INVESTIGATE, PLAN, PRIORITIZE, AND NEGOTIATE WITH ENTITIES WITHIN AND OUTSIDE COLORADO FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF INTERSTATE TRANSMISSION CORRIDORS AND ENGAGE IN OTHER TRANSMISSION PLANNING ACTIVITIES THAT WOULD INCREASE GRID RELIABILITY, HELP COLORADO MEET ITS CLEAN ENERGY GOALS, AND AID IN ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT;

(p) SUBJECT TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION, CONDUCT A TRANSPARENT AND COMPETITIVE PROCESS TO SELECT A QUALIFIED TRANSMISSION OPERATOR, AS DEFINED BY THE COMMISSION, TO ASSUME THE RESPONSIBILITY TO CARRY OUT ALL REQUIRED FINANCING, PLANNING, ACQUISITION, MAINTENANCE, AND OPERATION OF ELIGIBLE FACILITIES NECESSARY OR USEFUL FOR THE ACCOMPLISHMENT OF THE PURPOSES OF THIS ARTICLE 42;

(q) SUBJECT TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF ARTICLES 1 TO 7 OF TITLE 38, HAVE AND EXERCISE THE POWER OF EMINENT DOMAIN FOR ACQUIRING PROPERTY OR RIGHTS-OF-WAY WHEN NEEDED FOR PROJECTS IF THE COMMISSION DETERMINES THAT DOING SO DOES NOT INVOLVE A TAKING OF THE PROPERTY OF AN ELECTRIC UTILITY OR MATERIALLY DIMINISH ELECTRIC SERVICE RELIABILITY OF THE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM IN COLORADO; EXCEPT THAT, IF LAND TO BE ACQUIRED THROUGH EMINENT DOMAIN IS SUBJECT TO A PERPETUAL CONSERVATION EASEMENT, THE AUTHORITY SHALL PAY COMPENSATION TO THE OWNER AS THOUGH THE LAND WERE NOT SUBJECT TO A PERPETUAL CONSERVATION EASEMENT.
(r) For any project, provide information and training to employees of the project regarding:

(I) Any unique hazards that may be posed by the project;
(II) Safe work practices; and
(III) Emergency procedures;

(s) Issue bonds as necessary to undertake a project;

(t) Collect payments of reasonable rates, fees, interest, or other charges from persons using eligible facilities to finance eligible facilities and for other services rendered by the authority, subject to the requirement that any revenue derived from payments made to the authority shall be deposited in the electric transmission bonding fund;

(u) Make determinations about the efficient use of existing rights-of-way on projects it proposes to develop as a precondition to pioneering new rights-of-way for such projects; and

(v) Do any and all things necessary or convenient to carry out its purposes and exercise the powers given and granted in this article 42.

(2) Except as provided in this subsection (2), the authority shall not enter into a project if an electric utility or a nonincumbent transmission provider or other entity is constructing or has constructed the facilities or is providing the services contemplated by the authority. Before the authority enters into a project, the following procedural requirements must be met:

(a) The authority shall provide to each electric utility and the commission and publish at least once in a newspaper of general circulation in Colorado, at least once in a newspaper of general circulation in the area where the eligible facilities will be located, and continuously on a publicly accessible web page maintained by the authority an initial notice describing the project that the authority is considering.

(b) Any person with an interest that may be affected by the proposed project has thirty days after the date of the last printed publication of the initial notice to submit a written challenge concerning the proposed project to the authority. If the authority receives a challenge within the thirty days, the authority shall hold a public hearing no sooner than thirty days after receiving the challenge and at least two weeks after posting notice of the hearing in the same newspapers in which and web page on which the initial notice was given. Following the public hearing, the authority shall make a final determination on whether the authority will implement the proposed project and give notice of the determination in the same newspapers and
ON THE SAME WEB PAGE AS THE INITIAL NOTICE GIVEN. ANY PERSON OR
GOVERNMENTAL ENTITY PARTICIPATING IN THE HEARING MAY APPEAL THE
FINAL DETERMINATION BY FILING A NOTICE OF APPEAL WITH THE DISTRICT
COURT FOR THE CITY AND COUNTY OF DENVER WITHIN THIRTY-FIVE DAYS
AFTER THE DATE OF THE FINAL DETERMINATION.

(c) Electric utilities and other persons willing and able
to provide money for, acquire, maintain, and operate the eligible
facilities described in the notice have the following period
within which to notify the authority of intention and ability to
provide money for, acquire, maintain, and operate the eligible
facilities described in the notice:

(I) Within ninety days after the date of the last printed
publication of the initial notice if no challenge is received
pursuant to subsection (2)(b) of this section; or

(II) Within ninety days after the date of the notice of
determination if a challenge is received pursuant to subsection
(2)(b) of this section.

(d) Absent notification by an electric utility or other
person pursuant to subsection (2)(c) of this section, or if a
person, having given notice of intention to provide money for,
acquire, maintain, and operate the eligible facilities
contemplated by the authority, fails to make a good-faith
effort to begin to do so within six months after the date the
person notified the authority of its intention, the authority may
proceed to finance, plan, acquire, maintain, and operate the
eligible facilities originally contemplated. However, a person
that, within the time required, has made necessary applications
to acquire federal, state, local, or private permits, certificates,
or other approvals necessary to acquire the eligible facilities
is deemed to have commenced the acquisition as long as the
person diligently pursues the permits, certificates, or other
approvals.

(3) In soliciting and entering into contracts for the
transmission or storage of electricity, the authority and any
person leasing or operating eligible facilities financed or
acquired by the authority shall, if practicable, give priority to
those contracts that will transmit or store electricity to be
sold and consumed in Colorado.

(4) Neither the authority nor any eligible facilities
acquired by the authority are subject to the supervision,
regulation, control, or jurisdiction of the commission; except
that nothing in this section allows an electric utility, without
the approval of the commission, to make any filing with the FERC
requesting inclusion of the cost of using eligible facilities in its
rates. In determining whether to approve any such filing, the
COMMISSION SHALL MAKE A FINDING AS TO WHETHER THE INCLUSION OF
THOSE COSTS WOULD BE CONSISTENT WITH THE GOALS AND PURPOSES SET
FORTH IN THIS ARTICLE 42.

(5) IN EXERCISING ITS POWERS AND DUTIES, THE AUTHORITY SHALL
NOT OWN OR CONTROL FACILITIES UNLESS:

(a) The facilities are leased to or held for lease or sale to
an electric utility or another person approved by the
commission;

(b) The operation, maintenance, and use of the facilities
are vested by lease or other contract in an electric utility or
another person approved by the commission;

(c) The facilities are owned or controlled for a period of
not more than one hundred eighty days after termination of a
lease or contract described in subsection (5)(a) or (5)(b) of this
section or after the authority gains possession of the facilities
following a breach of such a lease or contract or as a result of
bankruptcy proceedings; or

(d) The facilities do not affect in-State retail rates or
electric service reliability.

(6) (a) An electric utility that is subject to rate
regulation by the commission may recover the capital cost of a
project undertaken pursuant to this Article 42 from its retail
customers only if the project has received a certificate of public
convenience and necessity from the commission. An electric
utility that is a municipally owned utility exempt from
regulation by the commission may recover such costs only if the
project has been approved by the governing body of the
municipality. A cooperative electric association exempt from
regulation by the commission may recover such costs only if the
project has been approved by the board of directors of the
cooperative electric association.

(b) Costs associated with a project undertaken pursuant
to this Article 42 are not recoverable from retail utility
customers except to the extent the costs are prudently
incurred and the project is used and useful in serving those
customers.

(7) The authority may sell any of its facilities to a
Colorado public utility.

(8) The authority may petition the FERC for a
clarification of the exclusive or concurrent jurisdiction of the
FERC over any matter considered or action taken by the
authority under this Article 42. The general assembly declares
its intent that the authority and the commission be able to
carry out their powers and duties to the broadest extent
possible, consistent with principles of federalism, to achieve the
GOALS AND EFFECTUATE THE PURPOSES OF THIS ARTICLE 42.

40-42-105. Electric transmission bonds - conditions of issuance
- electric transmission bonding fund creation - auditor examination
- payment from bonding fund - exemption from taxation. (1) The
authority may issue and sell electric transmission bonds,
payable solely from the electric transmission bonding fund, in
compliance with this Article 42 for the purpose of entering into
a project when the authority determines that the project is
needed. This Article 42 is, without reference to any other law,
full authority for the issuance and sale of bonds. Bonds have
all the qualities of investment securities under the "Uniform
Commercial Code", title 4, and shall not be deemed invalid for
any irregularity or defect or be contestable in the hands of
bona fide purchasers or holders of the bonds for value.

(2) (a) Bonds may be executed and delivered by the
authority at such times; may be in such form and denominations
and include such terms and maturities; may be subject to
optional or mandatory redemption prior to maturity with or
without a premium; may be in fully registered form or bearer
form registrable as to principal or interest or both; may bear
such conversion privileges; may be payable in such installments
and at such times not exceeding thirty years; may be payable at
such place or places whether within or without the state; may
bear interest at such rate or rates per annum, which may be
fixed or vary according to index, procedure, or formula or as
determined by the authority or its agents, without regard to
any interest rate limitation appearing in any other law of the
state; may be subject to purchase at the option of the holder or
the authority; may be evidenced in such manner; may be executed
by such officers of the authority, including the use of one or
more facsimile signatures so long as at least one manual
signature appears on the bonds, which may be either of an officer
of the authority or of an agent authenticating the same; may be
in the form of coupon bonds that have attached interest
coupons bearing a manual or facsimile signature of an officer of
the authority; and may contain such provisions not inconsistent
with this Article 42, all as provided in the resolution of the
authority under which the bonds are authorized to be issued or
as provided in a trust indenture between the authority and any
commercial bank or trust company having full trust powers.

(b) (1) Bonds may be sold at public or private sale at such
price or prices, in such manner, and at such times as determined
by the board, and the board may pay all fees, expenses, and
commissions that it deems necessary or advantageous in
connection with the sale of bonds.
(II) The board may delegate to an officer or agent of the board the power to:

(A) Fix the date of sale of bonds;
(B) Receive bids or proposals;
(C) Award and sell bonds;
(D) Fix interest rates; and
(E) Take all other action necessary to sell and deliver bonds.

(III) The authority may refund any outstanding bonds pursuant to Article 56 of Title 11.

(IV) All bonds and any interest coupons applicable to the bonds are declared to be negotiable instruments.

(c) Bonds are exempt from taxation by the state and any county, city and county, municipality, or other political subdivision of the state.

(d) Public entities, as defined in Section 24-75-601 (1), may invest public money in bonds so long as the bonds satisfy the investment requirements established in Part 6 of Article 75 of Title 24.

(e) Neither a member of the board nor an employee of the authority nor any person executing bonds is liable personally on the bonds or subject to any personal liability by reason of the issuance of the bonds.

(3) (a) (I) The electric transmission bonding fund is created in the authority. The bonding fund consists of:

(A) Revenue received by the authority from operating or leasing eligible facilities;
(B) Fees and service charges collected;
(C) Bond proceeds;
(D) Money from payments of principal and interest on loans if the authority has provided financing for eligible facilities; and
(E) All interest and income derived from the deposit and investment of money in the bonding fund.

(II) The authority may create separate accounts within the bonding fund in connection with any issuance of bonds and may deposit in the separate accounts revenue received by the authority from the financing or leasing of eligible facilities. Any separate account shall be held by a trustee acting under a trust indenture relating to the bonds connected to the account. Interest and income derived from the deposit and investment of money in a separate account shall be credited to the account.

(III) Balances in the bonding fund at the end of any state fiscal year remain in the bonding fund, except as otherwise...
Provided in this section.

(b) (I) Money in the bonding fund shall be deposited in a bank designated by the authority in an account or accounts as the authority may establish. Money in accounts shall be withdrawn on the order of persons the authority may authorize. All deposits of money shall be secured in such manner as the authority may determine.

(II) All funds and activities of the authority, including its receipts, disbursements, contracts, leases, funds, investments, and any other records and papers relating to its financial standing, are subject to annual audit, at the authority’s expense, in accordance with section 29-1-603.

(c) Money in the bonding fund is pledged for the payment of principal and interest on bonds issued pursuant to this article 42. Money in any separate account may be pledged solely to payment of the bonds for which the separate account was created. The authority may expend money in the bonding fund or a separate account for the purpose of paying debt service, including redemption premiums, on bonds and expenses incurred in the issuance, payment, and administration of the bonds.

(4) Twice annually the authority shall estimate the amounts needed to make debt service and other payments on bonds during the next twelve months from the bonding fund and from any separate account created in the bonding fund plus the amount that may be needed for any required reserves or other requirements as may be set forth in the trust indenture related to the bonds. The authority shall transfer to the electric transmission authority operational fund any balance in the bonding fund or any separate account created in the bonding fund above the estimated amounts. Payments for administrative costs shall be deposited in the operational fund.

(5) Bonds are payable solely from the bonding fund or from any separate account created within the bonding fund or, with the approval of the bondholders, such other special funds as may be provided by law, and the bonds do not create an obligation or indebtedness of the state within the meaning of any constitutional provision or law. A breach of a contractual obligation incurred pursuant to this article 42 does not impose a pecuniary liability or a charge upon the general credit or taxing power of the state.

(6) The state pledges that the bonding fund, including any separate account within the bonding fund, shall be used only for the purposes specified in this section and is pledged first to repay bonds issued pursuant to this article 42. The state further pledges that any law requiring the deposit of revenue in the
BONDING FUND OR AUTHORIZING EXPENDITURES FROM THE BONDING FUND
SHALL NOT BE AMENDED OR REPEALED OR OTHERWISE MODIFIED SO AS TO
IMPAIR THE BONDS TO WHICH THE BONDING FUND IS DEDICATED AS
PROVIDED IN THIS SECTION.

40-42-106. Electric transmission authority operational fund -
creation. The electric transmission authority operational fund
is created in the authority. The operational fund consists of
money transferred to the operational fund pursuant to section
40-42-105 (4), any other money that the authority may transfer
to the operational fund, and interest and income derived from
the deposit and investment of money in the operational fund. The
authority may expend money from the operational fund for the
purpose of carrying out this article 42, and the authority may
establish procedures to administer the operational fund in
accordance with this article 42 and any other applicable
provision of state law.

40-42-107. Report to general assembly. Commencing in 2022,
the authority shall submit a report of its activities to the
energy and environment committee of the house of
representatives and the transportation and energy committee
of the senate, or any successor committees, not later than
December 1 of each year. The report shall set forth a complete
operating and financial statement covering the operations of
the authority for the previous state fiscal year. Notwithstanding section 24-1-136 (11)(a)(I), the requirement to
submit the report continues indefinitely.

SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 2-3-126 as
follows:

2-3-126. Performance audits of Colorado electric transmission
authority. At the discretion of the legislative audit committee,
the state auditor shall conduct or cause to be conducted a
performance audit of the Colorado electric transmission
authority created in article 42 of title 40. The state auditor
shall prepare a report and recommendations on each audit
conducted and shall present the report and recommendations
to the committee. The state auditor shall pay the costs of any
audit conducted pursuant to this section.

SECTION 6. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 24-65.1-501, add
(2)(d) as follows:

24-65.1-501. Permit for development in area of state interest
or to conduct an activity of state interest required. (2) (d) If the
development or activity involves the construction or expansion
of transmission facilities for which the applicant has sought a
certificate of public convenience and necessity from the public
utilities commission pursuant to section 40-2-126, the local
GOVERNMENT SHALL APPROVE OR DENY ISSUANCE OF THE PERMIT WITHIN ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY DAYS AFTER THE APPLICATION IS DEEMED COMPLETE AND PUBLIC NOTICE OF THE APPLICATION IS GIVEN. IF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT DOES NOT DENY ISSUANCE OF THE PERMIT WITHIN THAT PERIOD, THE APPLICATION IS DEEMED APPROVED.

SECTION 7. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 24-77-102, amend the introductory portion; and add (15)(b)(XIX) as follows:

24-77-102. Definitions. As used in this article ARTICLE 77, unless the context otherwise requires:

(15) (b) "Special purpose authority" includes, but is not limited to:

(XIX) THE COLORADO ELECTRIC TRANSMISSION AUTHORITY CREATED IN SECTION 40-42-103 (1).

SECTION 8. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 38-1-202, amend (1)(f) introductory portion, (1)(f)(XXXIX), and (1)(f)(XL); and add (1)(f)(XLI) as follows:

38-1-202. Governmental entities, corporations, and persons authorized to use eminent domain. (1) The following governmental entities, types of governmental entities, and public corporations, in accordance with all procedural and other requirements specified in this article 1 and articles 2 to 7 of this title 38 and to the extent and within any time frame specified in the applicable authorizing statute, may exercise the power of eminent domain:

(f) The following types of single purpose districts, special districts, authorities, boards, commissions, and other governmental entities that serve limited governmental purposes or that may exercise eminent domain for limited purposes: on behalf of a county, city and county, city, or town:

(XXXIX) A regional transportation authority created pursuant to section 43-4-603 C.R.S.; as authorized in section 43-4-604 (1)(a)(IV); C.R.S.; and

(XL) The Colorado aeronautical board created in section 43-10-104 C.R.S.; as authorized in section 43-10-106 (1); C.R.S. AND

(XLI) THE COLORADO ELECTRIC TRANSMISSION AUTHORITY CREATED IN SECTION 40-42-103 (1) AS AUTHORIZED IN SECTION 40-42-104 (1)(q).

SECTION 9. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 38-5-104, amend (1) as follows:

38-5-104. Right-of-way across private lands. (1) Such A telegraph, telephone, electric light, power, gas, or pipeline company, AN ELECTRIC TRANSMISSION AUTHORITY, or such A city or town shall be entitled to the right-of-way over or under the land, property, privileges, rights-of-way, and easements of other persons and corporations and to the right to erect its poles, wires, pipes, regulator stations, substations, systems, and offices upon making just compensation therefor in the manner provided by law. WHEN A RIGHT-OF-WAY IS TAKEN UNDER THIS
SECTION FOR AN INTERSTATE ELECTRIC TRANSMISSION LINE, THE COURT SHALL EVALUATE PUBLIC PURPOSE IN LIGHT OF THE TRANSMISSION SYSTEM AS A WHOLE, INCLUDING PUBLIC USE AND BENEFITS OCCURRING EITHER WITHIN COLORADO OR AT A REGIONAL LEVEL. The rights granted by this section and section 38-5-105 to such electric light, power, gas, or pipeline companies or to such cities and towns shall not extend to the taking of any portion of the right-of-way of a railroad company, except to the extent of acquiring any necessary easement to cross the same or to serve such railroad company with electric light, power, or gas service. The rights granted by this section and section 38-5-105 to telegraph or telephone companies shall not extend to the taking of any portion of the right-of-way of a railroad company, except to the extent of acquiring any easement which does not materially interfere with the existing use by the railroad company, or except to the extent of acquiring any necessary easement to cross the same or to serve such railroad company with telegraph or telephone service.

SECTION 10. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 40-2-114, amend (2) as follows:

40-2-114. Disposition of fees collected - telecommunications utility fund - fixed utility fund. (2) (a) Moneys in the funds created in subsection (1) of this section shall be expended only to defray the full amount determined by the general assembly for:

(I) The administrative expenses of the commission for the supervision and regulation of the public utilities paying the fees; and for

(II) The financing of the office of consumer counsel created in article 6.5 of this title; AND

(III) WITH REGARD ONLY TO EXPENDITURES FROM THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION FIXED UTILITY FUND CREATED IN SUBSECTION (1)(b) OF THIS SECTION, THE ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES, NOT TO EXCEED FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS ANNUALLY, INCURRED BY THE COLORADO ELECTRIC TRANSMISSION AUTHORITY IN CARRYING OUT ITS DUTIES UNDER ARTICLE 42 OF THIS TITLE 40. THE COLORADO ELECTRIC TRANSMISSION AUTHORITY SHALL REMIT TO THE FIXED UTILITY FUND ANY AMOUNTS IT RECEIVES IN EXCESS OF ITS ACTUAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES PLUS A FIFTEEN PERCENT RESERVE MARGIN.

(b) The state treasurer shall retain any unexpended balance remaining in either fund at the end of any fiscal year to defray the administrative expenses of the commission during subsequent fiscal years, and the executive director of the department of revenue shall take any such unexpended balance into account when computing the percentage upon which fees for the ensuing fiscal year will be based.

SECTION 11. Applicability. This act applies to conduct occurring on or after the effective date of this act.

SECTION 12. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds,
determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety.".

Page 1, lines 105 and 106, strike "REGIONAL TRANSMISSION ORGANIZATIONS," and substitute "ORGANIZED WHOLESALE MARKETS,".

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