Leveling the IPEC Competencies: A Blueprint for Planning Interprofessional Education

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WARNING: Hard Hats Required

Change is hard.

Curriculum revision is even harder.

And now we ask for collaboration across professions—different curricula, different schedules, different accrediting bodies



Problem and Significance

- Dynamic changes in the healthcare system and increasingly complex patient care needs = FOCUS ON QUALITY
- Redesign of health professions education
- Competency-based education within health care professions education
- Designing appropriate, leveled education for different learners using a developmental approach

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BACKGROUND



Laying Our Foundation

- IPEC Competencies
- Competency-based Education
- Leveling



IPEC Competencies

- 39 competencies across
- Four Competency Domains
 - Values and Ethics
 - Roles and Responsibilities
 - Interprofessional Communication
 - Teams and Teamwork

Interprofessional Education Collaborative Expert Panel. (2011). *Core competencies for interprofessional collaborative practice: Report of an expert panel*. Washington, D.C.: Interprofessional Education Collaborative.



Competency-Based Education



Pictorial display of competence, competency, and competencies. Knowledge, skill, and attitude competencies combine to provide a health care professional competency in a given situation or defined setting. Competence, then, is an overarching concept that includes the ability to fully function in a role or profession, regardless of the situation or setting.



Knowledge

Attitude

Skill/Behavior

Reflection, Learning, and Formative Assessment

Learning Continuum

Skill/Behavior

Attitude

Adapted from "University of Toronto Core Competencies Framework," by University of Toronto, Centre for Interprofessional Education, 2009, retrieved from http://www.ipe.utoronto.ca/std/docs/CoreCompetenciesDiagram2012.pdf. Copyright 2012 by the University of Toronto Centre for Interprofessional Education.

Entry-Level

Knowledge

Attitude

Skill/Behavior

Communication

Values and

Ethics

Designing Learning Opportunities

- Matching diverse students at different levels of education (Poirier & Wilhelm, 2013)
- Placing learners in appropriate learning endeavors that they find relevant to practice (Greidanus, King, LoVerso, & Ansell, 2013; Oandason & Reeves, 2005)
- Repeated IPE exposure, with an emphasis on developmental progression, is valuable in preparing learners for effective teamwork and communication (Doll et al., 2013; Engum & Jeffries, 2012; Greidanus et al., 2013; Ruebling et al., 2009)

Leveling





Leveling

 The placement of learning content and/or competencies at the appropriate stage of learning for all students, i.e. "leveled learning experiences, focused on engaging students in the right activity for the right purpose at the right time" (Barton, Armstrong, Preheim, Gelmon, & Andrus, 2009, p. 314)

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RESEARCH



Purpose

- To gain consensus of interprofessional education experts on the leveling of IPE competencies for health care learners
- To provide a blueprint, utilizing a developmental approach, for planned, leveled IPE learning experiences



Methods

Modified Delphi Method

- Structured surveys to achieve consensus
- Purposive sample of experts
- Decisions
 - Sample selection and size
 - Level of consensus
 - Response rate



Round and Round We Go...



For each of the competencies listed below in the Values and Ethics Competency Domain, please indicate which level of learner is most appropriate.

Where in the curriculum should this competency be emphasized for learners?

- At the beginning phase of their program?
- At the intermediate phase of their program?
- At the advanced phase of their program?

Competency	Appropriate Level of Learning		
	Beginning	Intermediate	
VE1. Place the interests of patients and populations at			
the center of interprofessional health care delivery.			
VE2. Respect the dignity and privacy of patients while			
maintaining confidentiality in the delivery of team-			
based care.			
VE3. Embrace the cultural diversity and individual			
differences that characterize patients, populations, and			
the health care team.			
VE4. Respect the unique cultures, values,			
roles/responsibilities, and expertise of other health			
professions.			
VE5. Work in cooperation with those who receive care,			
those who provide care, and others who contribute to			
or support the delivery of prevention and health			
services.			
VE6. Develop a trusting relationship with patients,			
families, and other team members.			
VE7. Demonstrate high standards of ethical conduct			
and quality of care in one's contributions to team-based			
care.			
VE8. Manage ethical dilemmas specific to			
interprofessional patient/population centered care			
situations.			
VE9. Act with honesty and integrity in relationships			
with patients, families, and other team members.			
VE10. Maintain competence in one's own profession			
appropriate to scope of practice.			



Methods

- Spring/Summer 2014
- Expert participants were recruited from:
 - Interprofessional Education Collaborative (IPEC) Expert Panel
 - MedEdPORTAL®-IPEC Advisory Committee
 - National Advisory Council for the National Center for Interprofessional Practice and Education

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3 Rounds Completed

Results

- 39 total competencies
- Round 1
 - 16 competencies achieved consensus
- Round 2
 - ADDITIONAL 18 competencies achieved consensus
- Round 3
 - 4 of the REMAINING 5 competencies achieved consensus



Beginning Level

Beginning Level Interprofessional Education Competencies

Competency	% Agreement	Round in Which Consensus was Reached
VE1. Place the interests of patients and		
populations at the center of interprofessional	78.6	1
health care delivery.		
VE2. Respect the dignity and privacy of patients		
while maintaining confidentiality in the delivery of	85.7	1
team-based care.		
VE3. Embrace the cultural diversity and individual		
differences that characterize patients, populations,	85.7	2
and the health care team.		
VE4. Respect the unique cultures, values,		
roles/responsibilities, and expertise of other health	71.4	1
professions.		
VE7. Demonstrate high standards of ethical		
conduct and quality of care in one's contributions	85.7	2
to team-based care.		
VE9. Act with honesty and integrity in		
relationships with patients, families, and other	100.0	1
team members.		
RR1. Communicate one's roles and		
responsibilities clearly to patients, families, and	85.7	2
other professionals.		
RR2. Recognize one's limitations in skills,	100.0	2
knowledge, and abilities.	100.0	4
CC4. Listen actively, and encourage ideas and	73.3	1
opinions of other team members.	(3.5	1
CC6. Use respectful language appropriate for a		
given difficult situation, crucial conversation, or	85.77	2
interprofessional conflict.		
TT1. Describe the process of team development	80.0	1
and the roles and practices of effective teams.	80.0	1
TT8. Reflect on individual and team performance		
for individual, as well as team, performance	85.7	2
improvement.		

Intermediate

Intermediate Level Interprofessional Education Competencies

Competency	% Agreement	Round in Which Consensus was Reached
VE5. Work in cooperation with those who receive care, those who provide care, and others who contribute to or support the delivery of prevention and health services.	85.7	2
RR4. Explain the roles and responsibilities of other care providers and how the team works together to provide care.	71.4	1
RR6. Communicate with team members to clarify each member's responsibility in executing components of a treatment plan or public health intervention.	71.4	1
CC1. Choose effective communication tools and techniques, including information systems and communication technologies, to facilitate discussions and interactions that enhance team function.	71.4	2
CC2. Organize and communicate information with patients, families, and healthcare team members in a form that is understandable, avoiding discipline- specific terminology when possible.	73.3	1
CC3. Express one's knowledge and opinions to team members involved in patient care with confidence, clarity, and respect, working to ensure common understanding of information and treatment and care decisions.	66.7	1
CC5. Give timely, sensitive, instructive feedback to others about their performance on the team, responding respectfully as a team member to feedback from others.	78.6	3
CC7. Recognize how one's own uniqueness, including experience level, expertise, culture, power, and hierarchy within the healthcare team, contributes to effective communication, conflict resolution, and positive interprofessional working relationships.	85.7	2
CC9. Communicate consistently the value of high functioning teams in patient- centered and community-focused care	66.7	1

Competency	% Agreement	Round in Which Consensus was Reached
TT3. Engage other health professionals— appropriate to the specific care situation—in shared patient-centered problem-solving.	66.7	1
TT4. Integrate the knowledge and experience of other professions— appropriate to the specific care situation—to inform care decisions, while respecting patient and community values and priorities/ preferences for care.	66.7	1
TT10. Use available evidence to inform effective teamwork and team-based practices.	80.0	1
TT11. Perform effectively on teams and in different team roles in a variety of settings.	78.6	2

Advanced

Advanced Level Interprofessional Education Competencies

Competency	% Agreement	Round in Which Consensus was Reached	
VE8. Manage ethical dilemmas specific to			
interprofessional patient/population centered care	71.4	3	
situations.			
VE10. Maintain competence in one's own	71.4	2	
profession appropriate to scope of practice.	/1.4	4	
RR3. Engage diverse healthcare professionals who			
complement one's own professional expertise, as	71.4	,	
well as associated resources, to develop strategies	/1.4	1	
to meet specific patient care need.			
RR5. Use the full scope of knowledge, skills, and			
abilities of available health professionals and	85.7	2	
healthcare workers to provide care that is safe,	63.7		
timely, efficient, effective, and equitable.			
RR7. Create purposeful interdependent			
relationships with other professions to improve	85.7	2	
care and advance learning.			
RR8. Engage in continuous professional and			
interprofessional development to enhance team	92.9	2	
performance.			
RR9. Use unique and complementary abilities of	71.4	2	
all members of the team to optimize patient care.	/1.4	4	
TT2. Develop consensus on the ethical principles	85.7	5.7 3	
to guide all aspects of patient care and team work.	63.7	,	
TT5. Apply leadership practices that support	100.0	2	
collaborative practice and team effectiveness.	100.0	4	
TT6. Engage self and others to constructively			
manage disagreements about values, roles, goals,	92.9	3	
and actions that arise among healthcare	94.9	2	
professionals and with patients and families.			
TT7. Share accountability with other professions,			
patients, and communities for outcomes relevant to	71.4	2	
prevention and health care.			
TT9. Use process improvement strategies to			
increase the effectiveness of interprofessional	78.6	2	
teamwork and team-based care.			
TT12. Serve as a leader and catalyst to transform	86.7	1	
interprofessional based team care.	00.7	•	

Conclusions

- (almost) All competencies were "leveled"
- Twelve of the IPE competencies were selected for beginning level learners
 - each of the four competency domains is represented in the beginning level of learning
- For the intermediate level of learning, 13 IPE competencies were identified
 - represent each of the four competency domains
- The advanced level of learning contains 13 IPE competencies
 - represents the Values and Ethics, Roles and Responsibilities, and Teams and Teamwork competency domains

Next Steps

- Dissemination of findings
- Future research:
 - What does a beginning, intermediate, or advanced learner look like? Is it different for each profession?
 - How do we integrate these IPE competencies with individual professional competencies?
 Specialty competencies?
 - How is competency determined?



Let's Break Ground





Application Exercises

 1st year graduate nursing students (APRN) + 1st year undergraduate nursing students + 1st year medical students + 1st year physical therapy students in a classroom activity related to **TeamSTEPPs** standardized communication strategies

Application Exercises

 2nd year graduate nursemidwifery students + OB clerkship medical students + 2nd year graduate nurse anesthesia students + OB residents in a shoulder dystocia simulation in the Clinical Skills Lab

Application Exercises

• 3rd year graduate nursing students (APRN) + Family Medicine residents + clerkship medical students in an interprofessional teaching clinic that provides comprehensive perinatal care and newborn care for low-income families in an urban setting



Questions

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