Defining the Behaviors of Interprofessional Competency

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Objectives

- Define some behaviors of competent interprofessional team members
- Apply these insights on interprofessional behaviors to crafting curriculum
- Discuss approaches to assessing interprofessional behaviors

Agenda

- Competency-based education and Utah outcomes – Rebecca (10 mins)
- Digging Deeper: Delphi-informed UCSF outcomes and curriculum – Josette (10 mins)
- Group activity: Defining the behaviors of interprofessional competence – Alan (40 mins)
- Developmental objective framework and application: VCU Kelly (15 mins)
- Discussion all (15 mins)

Competency-based Education Model



(Frenk et al., 2010)



(Interprofessional Education Collaborative Expert Panel, 2011)

Defining Program Outcomes: University of Utah

- Process
 - Collected statements from program accreditation documents
 - Reviewed for themes and language
 - Selected the verbiage from the Entrustable
 Professional Activities (AAMC)
 - Polled anonymously about which to include/exclude and rationale
 - Developed consensus at workgroup meeting

Defining Program Outcomes: University of Utah

- Work with other health professionals to establish and maintain a climate of mutual respect, dignity, diversity, ethical integrity, and trust. (V&E)
- Use the knowledge of one's own role and those of other professions to appropriately assess and address the healthcare needs of the patients and populations served. (R&R)
- Communicate with other health professionals in a responsive and responsible manner that supports the maintenance of health and the treatment of disease in individual patients and populations. (C)
- Work effectively with others as a member or leader of a health care team or other professional group. (T&TW)

Graduation Milestones: UCSF

- 1. Work with other health professionals to establish and maintain a climate of mutual respect, dignity, diversity, ethical integrity, and trust
- 2. Use the knowledge of one's own role and the roles of other health professionals to appropriately assess and address the health care needs of the patients and populations served
- 3. Communicate with other health professionals in a responsive and responsible manner that supports a collaborative approach to the maintenance of health and the treatment of disease in individual patients and populations

Modified Delphi Survey

- Goal to develop consensus on content/timing for a new curriculum with focus on systems & IPE content
- Survey items from lit search, curricular review of other institutions, local educational leaders
- Surveyed local educators, practitioners, trainees
- Round 1 early May 2014 23 respondents
- Round 2 late May 2014 35 respondents

Digging Deeper: Modified Delphi Results

- Early:
 - Describe principles of effective team-based healthcare (including role in quality and safety)
 - Identify roles of different team members (including training and scope of practice)
 - How to effectively communicate with other healthcare providers using specific tools and strategies

Digging Deeper: Modified Delphi Results

- Later:
 - How to effectively manage and negotiate challenges and conflict that arise on a team
- No consensus:
 - Describe barriers to effective team functioning
 - Describe the role of patient/family on the healthcare team
 - Describe general principles of leadership and followership
 - How to give feedback to team members

Application of Delphi Results: Core Principles of Interprofessional Practice Year 1



Application of Delhi Results: Core Principles of Interprofessional Practice Year 2



Digging Deeper: Building on Your Expertise

- How do we move from competencies and program outcomes to actual curriculum and assessment?
- What are the intermediate links between the learner and the outcomes?

Digging Deeper: Group Work

- <u>Step 1</u>: With your team, create a list of the behaviors of someone who is competent in interprofessional practice.
 - What should an interprofessional practitioner do?
 - How do you know someone is interprofessionally competent?
- <u>Step 2</u>: With your team, develop some of the behavioral steps to reach interprofessional competence.
 - What does a learner need to be able to demonstrate to move toward interprofessional competence?
 - What are the knowledge, skills, attitudes, and behaviors that lead to competence?

A Developmental Approach

Dreyfus \rightarrow Benner (and beyond)



Digging Deeper: Group Work

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DEBRIEF



Conceptual Framework at VCU





Foundational IP Experience

Interprofessional Case Series

- ~550 students
- Classroom-based
- Pericurricular sessions
 → full 1-credit course

Foundations of Quality and Safety

- ~500 students
- Classroom-based
- Full 1-credit course



Evolution of the Foundational IP Experience



Assessment Approach

Major components

- Peer evaluations
- Faculty grading of team work products
- Knowledge scores

Minor components

- Attendance
- Completion of assignments

Not components

• Faculty evaluations of individuals





Profession-Specific Experiences: Interprofessional Virtual Case

- Homegrown case system for asynchronous collaboration
- ~600 participants annually from medicine, nursing, pharmacy, social work
- Three years of data





Virtual Case Learning Cycle



Case Activity Measures

	Mean (Range) by Student Discipline			
	Medical Students (n = 194)	Nursing Students (n = 146)	Pharmacy Students (n = 60)	Social Work Students (n = 122)
Logins	21 (2-98)	28 (5-197)	25 (2-86)	22 (1-114)
EHR entries	11 (0-44)	14 (2-53)	5 (0-19)	7 (0-43)
Message board posts and replies	8 (0-157)	8.5 (0-131)	9.5 (0-81)	5 (0-108)
Message board posts viewed	24 (0-659)	27 (0-675)	36.5 (0-335)	17.5 (0-460)

Assessment Approach

Major components

- Peer evaluations
- Case activity
- Quality of interactions as rated by faculty



Example in Pharmacy



Group Work

• How could you think differently about competency-based interprofessional education at your own institution?

QUESTIONS AND DISCUSSION

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