

# NoRedInk and Alaska Standards Map

Grades 7–8

noredink



## Standards Addressed in Quick Writes

### W.7–8.10

Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.

## Standards Addressed in Guided Drafts

### W.7–8.4

Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

### W.7–8.10

Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.

## Persuasive

### W.7–8.1

Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence

**W.7.1.A** Introduce claim(s), acknowledge alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically.

**W.8.1.A** Introduce claim(s), acknowledge and distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically.

**W.7–8.1.B** Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant evidence, using accurate, credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text.

**W.7.1.C** Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among claim(s), reasons, and evidence.

**W.8.1.C** Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.

**W.7–8.1.D** Establish and maintain a formal style.

**W.7–8.1.E** Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.

### W.7–8.9

Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.

### L.7.3.A

Choose language that expresses ideas precisely and concisely, recognizing and eliminating wordiness and redundancy.

## Argumentative

### W.8.1

Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence.

**W.8.1.A** Introduce claim(s), acknowledge and distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically.

**W.8.1.B** Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant evidence, using accurate, credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text.

**W.8.1.C** Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.

**W.8.1.D** Establish and maintain a formal style.

**W.8.1.E** Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.

### W.8.8

Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, using search terms effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.

### W.8.9

Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.

### L.7.3.A

Choose language that expresses ideas precisely and concisely, recognizing and eliminating wordiness and redundancy.

## Literary Analysis

### W.8.9

Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.

### L.7.3.A

Choose language that expresses ideas precisely and concisely, recognizing and eliminating wordiness and redundancy.

## Expository/Informational

### W.7–8.2

Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content.

**W.7.2.A** Introduce a topic clearly, previewing what is to follow; organize ideas, concepts, and information, using strategies such as definition, classification, comparison/contrast, and cause/effect; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., charts, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.

**W.8.2.A** Introduce a topic clearly, previewing what is to follow; organize ideas, concepts, and information into broader categories; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., charts, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.

**W.7–8.2.B** Develop the topic with relevant, well-chosen facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples.

**W.7–8.2.C** Use appropriate and varied transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.

**W.7–8.2.E** Establish and maintain a formal style.

**W.7–8.2.F** Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented.

### W.7–8.8

Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, using search terms effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.

### W.7–8.9

Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.

### L.7.3.A

Choose language that expresses ideas precisely and concisely, recognizing and eliminating wordiness and redundancy.

## Narrative

### W.7–8.3

Use narrative writing to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, relevant descriptive details, and well-structured event sequences.

**W.7–8.3.A** Engage and orient the reader by establishing a context and point of view and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally and logically.

**W.7.3.B** Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, and description, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.

**W.8.3.B** Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, description, and reflection, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.

**W.7.3.C** Use a variety of transition words, phrases, and clauses to convey sequence and signal shifts from one time frame or setting to another.

**W.8.3.C** Use a variety of transition words, phrases, and clauses to convey sequence, signal shifts from one time frame or setting to another, and show the relationships among experiences and events.

**W.7–8.3.D** Use precise words and phrases, relevant descriptive details, and sensory language to capture the action and convey experiences and events.

**W.7–8.3.E** Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on the narrated experiences or events.

# Standards Addressed in Self Reviews

## W.7–8.5

With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on how well purpose and audience have been addressed.

## W.7–8.9

Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.

## Persuasive

### W.7–8.1

Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence

**W.8.1.A** Introduce claim(s), acknowledge and distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically.

**W.7.1.A** Introduce claim(s), acknowledge alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically.

**W.7–8.1.B** Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant evidence, using accurate, credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text.

**W.8.1.C** Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.

**W.7.1.C** Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among claim(s), reasons, and evidence.

**W.7–8.1.D** Establish and maintain a formal style.

**W.7–8.1.E** Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.

### L.7.3.A

Choose language that expresses ideas precisely and concisely, recognizing and eliminating wordiness and redundancy.

## Argumentative

### W.8.1

Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence.

**W.8.1.A** Introduce claim(s), acknowledge and distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically.

**W.8.1.B** Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant evidence, using accurate, credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text.

**W.8.1.E** Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.

### W.8.8

Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, using search terms effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.

### L.7.3.A

Choose language that expresses ideas precisely and concisely, recognizing and eliminating wordiness and redundancy.

## Literary Analysis

### L.7.3.A

Choose language that expresses ideas precisely and concisely, recognizing and eliminating wordiness and redundancy.

## Expository/Informational

### W.7–8.2

Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content.

**W.8.2.A** Introduce a topic clearly, previewing what is to follow; organize ideas, concepts, and information into broader categories; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., charts, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.

**W.7.2.A** Introduce a topic clearly, previewing what is to follow; organize ideas, concepts, and information, using strategies such as definition, classification, comparison/contrast, and cause/effect; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., charts, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.

**W.7–8.2.B** Develop the topic with relevant, well-chosen facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples.

**W.7–8.2.F** Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented.

### L.7.3.A

Choose language that expresses ideas precisely and concisely, recognizing and eliminating wordiness and redundancy.

# Standards Addressed in Peer Reviews

## W.7–8.5

With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on how well purpose and audience have been addressed.

## Thesis Statement

### L.7.3.A

Choose language that expresses ideas precisely and concisely, recognizing and eliminating wordiness and redundancy.

### W.7–8.1.A

Introduce claim(s), acknowledge and distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically.

## Introductory Paragraph

### L.7.3.A

Choose language that expresses ideas precisely and concisely, recognizing and eliminating wordiness and redundancy.

### W.7–8.1.A

Introduce claim(s), acknowledge and distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically.

## Topic Sentences

### L.7.3.A

Choose language that expresses ideas precisely and concisely, recognizing and eliminating wordiness and redundancy.

### W.7–8.1.A

Introduce claim(s), acknowledge and distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically.

## Body Paragraph: Claim, Evidence, and Reasoning

### W.7–8.1.B

Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant evidence, using accurate, credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text.

## Body Paragraph: Embedding Evidence

### W.7–8.1.B

Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant evidence, using accurate, credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text.

### W.7–8.8

Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, using search terms effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.

# Standards Addressed in Writing Pathways

## Body Paragraphs: Claims, Evidence, and Reasoning

### W.7–8.1.B

Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant evidence, using accurate, credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text.

### W.7–8.1.C

Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.

### W.7–8.9

Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.

## Body Paragraphs: Embedding Evidence

### W.7–8.1.B

Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant evidence, using accurate, credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text.

### W.7–8.8

Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, using search terms effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.

## Body Paragraphs: Transition Words and Phrases

### W.7–8.1.C

Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.

## Conclusion Paragraphs

### W.7–8.1.E

Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.

## Counterargument Paragraphs

### W.7.1.A

Introduce claim(s), acknowledge alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically.

### W.8.1.A

Introduce claim(s), acknowledge and distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically.

### W.8.1.C

Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.

## Embedding Evidence: Avoiding Plagiarism & Using Citations

### W.7–8.8

Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, using search terms effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.

## Embedding Evidence: Providing Strong Context for Evidence

### W.7–8.1.B

Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant evidence, using accurate, credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text.

### W.7–8.1.C

Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.

## Formal and Informal Language

### W.7–8.1–2.D–E

Establish and maintain a formal style.

### W.7–8.4

Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

## Introductory Paragraphs

### L.7.3.A

Choose language that expresses ideas precisely and concisely, recognizing and eliminating wordiness and redundancy.

### W.7.1.A

Introduce claim(s), acknowledge alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically.

### W.8.1.A

Introduce claim(s), acknowledge and distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically.

## Thesis Statements

### L.7.3.A

Choose language that expresses ideas precisely and concisely, recognizing and eliminating wordiness and redundancy.

### W.7.1.A

Introduce claim(s), acknowledge alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically.

### W.8.1.A

Introduce claim(s), acknowledge and distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically.

## Topic Sentences

### L.7.3.A

Choose language that expresses ideas precisely and concisely, recognizing and eliminating wordiness and redundancy.

### W.7.1.A

Introduce claim(s), acknowledge alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically.

### W.8.1.A

Introduce claim(s), acknowledge and distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically.

## Standards Addressed in Grammar & Conventions Pathways

### Active and Passive Voice

#### L.8.1.B

Form and use verbs in the active and passive voice.

#### L.8.1.D

Recognize and correct inappropriate shifts in verb voice and mood.

### Building Compound and Complex Sentences

#### L.7.1.B

Choose among simple, compound, complex, and compound-complex sentences to signal differing relationships among ideas.



## Commas for Clarity

### L.7.2.A

Use a comma to separate coordinate adjectives (e.g., *It was a fascinating, enjoyable movie* but not *He wore an old[,] green shirt*).

### L.8.2.A

Use punctuation (comma, ellipsis, dash) to indicate a pause or break.

## Misplaced and Dangling Modifiers

### L.7.1.C

Place phrases and clauses within a sentence, recognizing and correcting misplaced and dangling modifiers.

## Phrases and Dependent Clauses

### L.7.1.B

Choose among simple, compound, complex, and compound-complex sentences to signal differing relationships among ideas.

## Punctuation with Conjunctions: Subordinating (SWABIs)

### L.7.1.B

Choose among simple, compound, complex, and compound-complex sentences to signal differing relationships among ideas.

## Restrictive and Nonrestrictive Clauses

### L.8.2.A

Use punctuation (comma, ellipsis, dash) to indicate a pause or break.

## Verbals

### L.8.1.A

Explain the function of verbals (gerunds, participles, infinitives) in general and their function in particular sentences.



NoRedInk also aligns to the Language Progressive Skills of Alaska's English Language Arts Standards.