## 10/17/2017

## Tasklist:

- Prepare reducing agent stock solutions
- Prepare AuNP for 100mM stock solutions
- Measure UV/Vis of these solutions
- Prepare reducing agent stock solutions
  - -Step 1: Complete the below calculations to determine how much of each substance need to be weighed

## Calculations

-Fructose and Galactose Reducing Agent Stock Solutions 100mM = moles / 10mL moles = 0.001 moles (0.001 moles)(180.156g/mol) = **0.180156 grams** 

-Chitosan Reducing Agent Stock Solution 50mM = moles / 10mL moles = 0.0005 moles (0.0005 moles)(168g/mol) = **0.084 grams** 

-Sucrose Reducing Agent Stock Solution 100mM = moles / 10mL moles = 0.001 moles (0.001 moles)(342.296g/mol) = **0.034296 grams** 

-Cellulose Nanocrystals Reducing Agent Stock Solution 100mM = moles / 10mL moles = 0.001 moles (0.001 moles)(162g/mol) = **0.162 grams** 

-Na<sub>3</sub>Ct Reducing Agent Stock Solution 100mM = moles / 10mL moles = 0.001 moles (0.001 moles)(294.1g/mol) = **0.2941 grams** 

-H<sub>2</sub>Asc Reducing Agent Stock Solution 100mM = moles / 10mL moles = 0.001 moles (0.001 moles)(176.1g/mol) = **0.1761 grams** 

-Step 2: For fructose, galactose, sucrose, Na<sub>3</sub>Ct, H<sub>2</sub>Asc, and cellulose nanocrystal. Each was added into its own falcon tube and add DI water until the sample had a final volume

- of 10mL. The chitosan was prepared the same; however, upon reaching 10mL for a final volume, 0.017mL HCl was also added to the sample.
- -Step 3: Place 1mg of NaBH<sub>4</sub> into 20mL ice cold DI water. This sample was not capped.

## ➤ AuNP for 100mM stock solutions preparation

- -Step 1: Using each of the above reducing agent stock solutions, AuNP solutions were prepared according to the below equation. Note, each stock solution and subsequent solution from the equation was placed in its own test tube. This was completed for all stock solutions except for cellulose and NaBH<sub>4</sub>. The cellulose was prepared according to step 2. The NaBH<sub>4</sub> was prepared according to step 3.
- 0.1mL 10mM HAuCl<sub>4</sub> + 0.1mL 100mM reducing agent stock solution + 3.8mL H<sub>2</sub>
- -Step 2: The cellulose stock solution was added to the HAuCl<sub>4</sub> according to this formula.
- 0.1mL 10mM HAuCl<sub>4</sub> + 3.9mL cellulose solution
- -Step 3: The NaBH<sub>4</sub> stock solution was added to the HAuCl<sub>4</sub> according to this formula.
- 0.2mL HAuCl<sub>4</sub> + 3.8mL NaBH<sub>4</sub>
- -Step 4: All of these prepared solutions were then placed into a water bath using a 600mL beaker at 80 degrees C for about 30 minutes.
- -Step 5: UV/Vis was performed on these samples. The graphs produced are in figure 1.

UV/Vis for CHITOSAN-HAUCL4 UV/Vis for CELLULOSE-HAuCl4 0.9 0.8 0.6 Abs. Abs. 0.3 0.2 0.2 100 200 100 200 500 600 Wavelength (a) (b) UV/Vis for GALACTOSE-AuNP UV/Vis for FRUCTOSE-AuNP 0.9 0.8 0.8 0.5 0.5 0.4 0.6 0.3 0.2 0.2 0.1 200 400 500 Wavelength Wavelength (c) (d) UV/Vis for NA3Ct-AuNP UV/Vis for H2AsCt-AuNP 0.8 0.7 0.7 Abs. 0.5 0.4

Figure 1: UV/Vis for the AuNP and Reducing Agent Stock Solutions

0.3

0.2

(e)

200 300 400 500

Wavelength

Figure 1 shows the UV/Vis graphs for the AuNP and reducing agent stock solutions. (a) shows the UV/Vis for the solution containing cellulose. There are no apparent peaks in this sample. (b) shows the UV/Vis for the solution containing chitosan. There are no apparent peaks in this sample. The absorption drops into the negative towards the end of the graph indicating error. (c) shows the UV/Vis for the solution containing fructose. There is a peak around 250nm. (d) shows the UV/Vis for the solution containing galactose. There is a peak around 250nm. (e) shows the UV/Vis for the sample containing H<sub>2</sub>AsCt. There is a very slight peak at 600nm. (f) shows the UV/Vis for the sample containing Na<sub>3</sub>Ct. There is a very steep peak around 550nm.

(f)

700

0.3

0.2

200

400 500

Wavelength