

## INDVLGENCIA PLENARIA



Anctissimus in roo pater 700minus noster. 0. Leo divina providétia papa decimus omnibus & singulis utriusque sexus xpi sidelibus visitatibus ecclesiam.

Aprimis ueperis dominice precedentis i mediate festum assensionis usquad occasi solis ipsius dominice Et a primis uesperis uigilie. Assessionis dai q sut uesperi diei mercurii ate sessionis usquad occasum solis ipsius sessionis & manus adiutrices porrigentibuspro sabrica ecclesie & conuentus. Sancte marie. Gorgone sal cri ordis. Carmelitare. Cocessi plenaria indulgenciam pene & culpe: Tam pro dessunctis. quam pro uius:

Pro contritis licet non confessis habentibus tamen propositum cositendi In quadrageli?

Com absolutione & p mutatione omium uotoru ut i breui cotinetur

Et com absolucione omnium criminum & excessium.

Et a chalibus etia sedi apostolice reservatis pterqua i cena domini memoratis co depuataci one comfessorum ad libitum Comissariorum et sub delegatoru pro ut i breus cotinetur Com potestate substituedi que omnia latissime in copia breuis apostolici uideri possunt que im manibus. Reverendi. Domini uicarii siue plati. Relicta est:

## **Translation**

## Plenary Indulgence

Pope Leo X, our most holy father and lord in Christ, grants by divine providence to each and everyone one of both sexes of the faithful in Christ who visit the church,

From the evening of the first Sunday immediately proceeding the feast of Ascension up to the sunset of the Sunday itself, and from the first vespers of the vigil of the Ascension, that is the vespers of the Wednesday before the feast of the Ascension, up to the evening of the festivities, for those lending helping hands to the builders of the church and convent of Saint Mary of the sacred Carmelite order in Gorgona . The plenary indulgence removes punishment and guilt: both on behalf of the dead and on behalf of the living:

It is valid for those who are contrite and for those who have not made a confession and yet have the intention of confessing, and also for those absent

For absolution and for the exchange of all vows, if given in writing. And for absolution from all crimes and excesses.

And also for failings and for which the apostolic seat has withheld the observance of the Lord's Supper with the appointment of confessions, at the pleasure of the commissary and the delegation, if given in writing.

With the power of substitution regarding all things most compresensively that can be seen in the copy of the apostolic brief, which are are left in the power of the Lord's reverent vicar or prelate.

Translation by Armin Siedlecki, PhD and Sarah Bogue, PhD

## Description

This papal plenary indulgence, printed ca. 1515-1520, was issued in the name of Pope Leo X (1475-1521) to raise funds for work on the construction of a church and Carmelite convent (Santa Maria) on the island of Gorgona off the Tuscan coast. It was the sale of indulgences that had prompted Martin Luther to post his 95 Theses, which is generally seen as the beginning of the Protestant Reformation. Giacomo Mazzocchi, the printer of this indulgence used the same types in 1520 for the printing of Pope Leo's bull Exsurge Domine, which called on Luther to retract 41 of his 95 theses or face excommunication.

(Richard C. Kessler Reformation Collection, MSS 445)



Small woodcut depicting the Virgin and Child with Saint Anne (Mary's mother), a popular subject in late medieval paintings and sculptures.



The papal arms of Leo X, including the triple-tiered papal crown, the crossed keys of Peter, and Leo's own family crest (Medici).



