Pretest - Integers and Expressions
$\qquad$
12

Ask your teacher to initial the circle before you begin this pretest.

Read the numbers to your teacher. (1 point each.) [3]

1. -4
$-23$
-30

Write the negative numbers. (1 point each.) [2]
2. negative twenty-two $\qquad$
3. negative six $\qquad$

Write < or > . (1 point each.) [4]

4. a. -3 $\square$ b. 5 $\square$ $-1$
c. -6 $\square$ $-10$
d. -4 $\square$

Simplify these expressions. Work from left to right. (1 point each.) [3]
5. a. $4+3-2$
b. $3 \times 4-4$
c. $10 \div 5 \times 4$

Ask your teacher to look over this pretest and mark one of the boxes on page 5 .

I can have 12 answers correct.
I must have 11 answers correct to pass.
I have $\qquad$ correct.

## Lesson 1



## Math in the Bible

Look up the following Bible references. Read each passage and answer the questions. Then do the math necessary to find the answers.

1. Genesis $9: 28-29$

How long did Noah live after the flood? $\qquad$
How old was Noah when he died? $\qquad$
How old was Noah at the time of the Flood?
$\qquad$
2. Genesis 42:3-4; Genesis $45: 22$

How many brothers did Joseph have? $\qquad$
How many sets of clothing did Joseph give to his brothers in all? $\qquad$
3. How many books are in
the New Testament? $\qquad$
The Apostle Paul wrote all but 14 books of the
New Testament. How many New Testament books did the Apostle Paul write? $\qquad$
4. Joshua $10: 13$

For how long did the sun not go down?

My Work Space

About how many hours is that? $\qquad$
5. Exodus 16:22
a. How much manna were the children of Israel to gather on the sixth day?
$\triangle$ b. How much would you have had to gather for your family?


## Practice Set - Integers and Expressions

Introduced in Math 406, Lesson 9
When you count backward, you can count less than zero. Numbers less than zero are written with a minus sign. They are called negative numbers. -7 is "negative 7."

## Read these to your teacher.

1. -9
-68
$-29$
-46
$-52$

## Introduced in Math 406, Lesson 9

Look at the number line. From -4 to 2 is 6 spaces.


Answer these questions using the number line. If the number line is not long enough, imagine where the number would be.
2. How many spaces is it from -6 to 3 ? $\qquad$
3. How many spaces is it from -5 to -1 ? $\qquad$
4. How many spaces is it from -9 to -3 ? $\qquad$
5. How many spaces is it from 3 to 8 ? $\qquad$

## Lesson 2

Write these numbers.
6. a. negative thirty-two $\qquad$ b. negative forty-five $\qquad$
7. a. negative twenty-nine $\qquad$ b. negative sixty $\qquad$
8. a. negative twenty-one $\qquad$ b. negative ninety-three $\qquad$

Introduced in Math 407, Lesson 12
When comparing two numbers on a number line, the number to the left is always smaller than the number on the right.

Write < or >.
9. a. -4 $\square$ -1
b. 1 $\square$ $-3$
c. -10 $\square$ $-3$
d. -14 $\square$ 14
10.
8
b. -6 $\square$ $-2$
c. 12 $\square$ 45
d. 3 $\square$ $-3$

## Introduced in Math 407, Lesson 13

An expression is one way to show a number. Always work from left to right to simplify an expression.


Simplify these expressions.
11. a. $4+6+4+9$
b. $8-3+4$
c. $4 \times 3 \div 2+4$
12. a. $30 \div 6 \times 3-2$
b. $6+4-8+3$
c. $3+7+8-5$
Pretest - Measures

Measure each line to the fourth-inch. (1 point each.) [3]

1. $\qquad$ in $\qquad$
2. $\qquad$ in $\qquad$
3. $\qquad$ in $\qquad$

Write the numbers. (1 point each.) [35]

Capacity and Weight
4. $1 \mathrm{~L}=$ $\qquad$ mL
5. 1 tbsp $=$ $\qquad$ tsp
6. 1 ton $=$ $\qquad$ lb
7. $1 \mathrm{~g}=$ $\qquad$ mg
8. 1 metric ton $=$ $\qquad$ kg
9. $1 \mathrm{lb}=$ $\qquad$ oz
10. $1 \mathrm{~kg}=$ $\qquad$ g

Linear Measure
11. $1 \mathrm{mi}=$ $\qquad$ ft
12. $1 \mathrm{~cm}=$ $\qquad$ mm
13. 1 km = $\qquad$ m
14. $1 \mathrm{~m}=$ $\qquad$ mm

## Angles

15. A right angle has $\qquad$ ${ }^{\circ}$.

## Calendar and Clock

16. January has $\qquad$ days.
17. February has $\qquad$ days.
18. December has $\qquad$ days.
19. May has $\qquad$ days.
20. July has $\qquad$ days.
21. September has $\qquad$ days.
22. 1 leap $\mathrm{yr}=$ $\qquad$ days
23. $1 \mathrm{yr}=$ $\qquad$ wk
24. 1 min $=$ $\qquad$ sec
25. October has $\qquad$ days.
26. August has $\qquad$ days.
27. March has $\qquad$ days.
28. April has $\qquad$ days.
29. June has $\qquad$ days.
30. November has $\qquad$ days.
31. $1 \mathrm{yr}=$ $\qquad$ days
32. February has $\qquad$ days in a leap year.

## Lessons 2, 3

## Temperature

33. Room temperature is $\qquad$ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$.
34. Body temperature is $\qquad$ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
35. Water boils at $\qquad$ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$.
36. Room temperature is $\qquad$ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
37. Body temperature is $\qquad$ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$.
38. Water boils at $\qquad$ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.


Ask your teacher to look over this pretest and mark one of the boxes below.

I can have 38 answers correct.
I must have 34 answers correct to pass.
I have $\qquad$ correct.


I passed the pretest in Lesson 2.
Now I will do the pretest on pages 10, 11 .
I may also do Extra Activity (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9).
$\square$ I did not pass the pretest in Lesson 2.
I will do all of Lesson 3.

## Practice Set - Measures

Introduced in Math 403, Lesson 15


## Measure the lines to the fourth-inch.

1. $\qquad$ in $\qquad$
2. $\qquad$ in $\qquad$
3. $\qquad$ in $\qquad$
4. $\qquad$ in $\qquad$

You may refer to your reference chart.
Write the numbers. Memorize the facts.

Linear Measure
5. $1 \mathrm{mi}=$ $\qquad$ ft
6. $1 \mathrm{~m}=$ $\qquad$ mm
7. $1 \mathrm{~km}=$ $\qquad$ m
8. $1 \mathrm{~cm}=$ $\qquad$ mm

## Capacity and Weight

9. $1 \mathrm{lb}=$ $\qquad$ OZ
10. $1 \mathrm{tbsp}=$ $\qquad$ tsp
11. 1 metric ton $=$ $\qquad$ kg
12. $1 \mathrm{~g}=$ $\qquad$ mg
13. 1 ton $=$ $\qquad$ lb
14. $1 \mathrm{~L}=$ $\qquad$ mL
15. $1 \mathrm{~kg}=$ $\qquad$ g

## Temperature

16. Water boils at $\qquad$ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$.
17. Body temperature is $\qquad$ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$.
18. Room temperature is $\qquad$ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$.
19. Water boils at $\qquad$ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
20. Room temperature is $\qquad$ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
21. Body temperature is $\qquad$ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

Calendar and Clock
22. June has $\qquad$ days.
23. February has $\qquad$ days.
24. December has $\qquad$ days.
25. May has $\qquad$ days.
26. October has $\qquad$ days.
27. September has $\qquad$ days.
28. $1 \mathrm{yr}=$ $\qquad$ days
29. 1 min $=$ $\qquad$ sec
30. $1 \mathrm{yr}=$ $\qquad$ wk
31. July has $\qquad$ days.
32. August has $\qquad$ days.
33. March has $\qquad$ days.
34. April has $\qquad$ days.
35. January has $\qquad$ days.
36. November has $\qquad$ days.
37. 1 leap $\mathrm{yr}=$ $\qquad$ days
38. February has $\qquad$ days in a leap year.

## Lesson 3



Ask your teacher to initial the circle before you begin this pretest.

Write pictograph, line graph, bar graph, or chart to name each one. (1 point each.) [4]


Key \& $=10^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$

| Day | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| M | 20 |
| T | 30 |
| W | 10 |
| Th | 20 |
| F | 40 |

1. a. $\qquad$

2. a. $\qquad$ b.

$\qquad$
