

Contents

1. 802 – Participles and Participial Phrases
2. 802 – Diagramming Participles
3. 802 – Gerunds and Gerund Phrases
4. 802 – Diagramming Gerunds
5. 802 – Adjective Clauses
6. 802 – Diagramming Adjective Clauses
7. 802 – Adverb Clauses
8. 802 – Diagramming Adverb Clauses
9. 802 – Infinitives
10. 802 – Diagramming Infinitives
11. 803 – Transitive and Intransitive Verbs
12. 804 – Infinitive Phrases
13. 804 – Diagramming Infinitive Phrases
14. 804 – Perfect Verb Tenses
15. 805 – Noun Clauses
16. 805 – Diagramming Noun Clauses
17. 805 – Adverbial Nouns and Adverbial Noun Phrases
18. 805 – Verbal Phrases
19. 806 – Sentences
20. 806 – Diagramming Compound-Complex Sentences
21. 808 – Infinitives Used as Adjectives
22. 808 – Diagramming Infinitive Phrases
23. 808 – Adverb Clauses Modifying Adjectives and Adverbs
24. 808 – Diagramming Adverb Clauses That Modify Adjectives and Adverbs
25. 809 – Infinitive Review
26. 809 – Gerund Review
27. 809 – Participial Phrase Review
28. 810 – Noun Complement Review; Transitive and Intransitive Verbs
29. 810 – Noun Clauses

Participles and Participial Phrases

A participle is a verbal that functions as an adjective, modifying nouns or pronouns. Participles usually end in -ing, -d, -ed, -t, or -en.

Underline any participial phrases. Circle the participles and draw an arrow from each to the word it modifies.

1. Running as fast as he could, Allen tried desperately to flee from the charging bull.
2. The scrambled eggs and frying bacon aroused our appetites.
3. Burnt to a crisp, the cookies were not fit for human consumption.
4. The flowered wallpaper gave a cheery atmosphere to the invalid's bedroom.
5. Boating on the lake, the girls were severely burned by the blazing sun.
6. We can rest securely, sheltered by God's hand, when the raging storms of life come.
7. The determined young man worked many hours each week to establish a thriving business.
8. The ship, driven by the wind, was nearly ready to sink when the sailors threw repenting Jonah overboard.
9. Finally the dreaded day came when Joseph needed to give his speech.
10. Shaking with tenseness, he walked to the podium and began speaking.
11. Excited about his topic, he found that his anxiety soon left, and he actually enjoyed talking to his classmates.
12. The melted wax dripped onto Susan's tiny fingers, and she began crying hysterically.
13. Jodie used the crumbled bread to make a casserole for her guests.
14. The playing field was a favorite meeting spot for the boys after their work for the day was done.
15. Distressed with her failure, Kim lay on her bed and cried until she fell asleep.

Gerunds and Gerund Phrases

A gerund is a verb form that functions as a noun. A gerund ends in *-ing*.

Circle the gerunds and underline any gerund phrases. Tell how each is used: *subject (s)*, *predicate nominative (pn)*, *direct object (do)*, *object of the preposition (op)*, or *appositive (ap)*.

1. ___ Miss Jen's job is teaching art to the fifth graders.
2. ___ Julie gets tired of sitting in school all day; she is glad for recess.
3. ___ Drinking and driving is illegal because it is unsafe.
4. ___ Ed's symptoms, sneezing and coughing, assured Mother that he had a bad cold.
5. ___ Dorcas loved helping the widows and orphans.
6. ___ A challenge the boys would like is riding a tandem bike.
7. ___ Hunting is what he loves to do in the early morning, just as the sun comes up.
8. ___ This year Tim is trying to break his habit of chewing his fingernails.
9. ___ Betty enjoys typing letters to her pen pals.
10. ___ Sewing is a skill Tammy is learning this summer.
11. ___ Lisa's favorite activity during Christmas vacation, baking Christmas cookies, keeps her busy for nearly a week.
12. ___ Rolin's idea of an adventure is climbing an ice cliff.
13. ___ His handicapped brother enjoys listening to children's story tapes.
14. ___ Please bring me some boxes for packaging the dresses to send to the missionaries.
15. ___ His hobby, salvaging empty soda cans to recycle, made him a unique spectacle along the roadside.

Adjective Clauses

Bracket the adjective clauses. Draw an arrow from each to the word it modifies.

1. John, whose coat Jimmy had borrowed, was left shivering in the cold.
2. The plot of land that Daddy bought last year needs a lot of work to make it usable.
3. Mr. Jenkins, who was my seventh grade teacher, recently traveled to the Holy Land.
4. The man to whom my father was referring was the manager of two businesses.
5. The Kenworth truck, which had transmission problems, quit working in Omaha, Nebraska.
6. The oak tree that sprouted last spring will not produce acorns for twenty more years.
7. The agile young man who climbed the greased pole was rewarded with a mincemeat pie.
8. The song that spoke to my heart one evening in revival meetings was "Just as I Am."
9. Amanda, whose mother died when she was young, needed to shoulder a lot of responsibility.
10. The Grand Canyon, which is over a mile deep, is a tourist attraction in Arizona.
11. Jesus, by whom our salvation comes, offered the supreme sacrifice for our sins.
12. The water that they drank needed to be purified with iodine.
13. D. L. Moody, who was a shoe salesman, became an influential minister of the Gospel.
14. The car that caused the accident was driven by a drunk driver.
15. Dr. Ford, whose practice was expanding, hired several new nurses to help in his office.
16. The salesman who worked for Midwest Feeds came to the farm to advertise his product.
17. The large silver car, which was an unmarked police car, sped past us on the highway.
18. The computer program that would work best for your job is Power Point.