
2017-2018 PIAA

CONSTITUTION

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BY-LAWS

CONSTITUTION AND BY-LAWS

CONSTITUTION

Equal Opportunity Statement.....	1
Adherence to and Enforcement of PIAA Constitution.....	1

ARTICLE

I	Name.....	1
II	Purposes	1
III	Membership	1
IV	Dues and Enrollment Report.....	2
V	Organization and Authority	2
VI	Board of Directors and Officers.....	3
VII	Powers and Duties of Board of Directors and Officers	4
VIII	Regional Panels	5
IX	District Committees	5
X	Local Management and Control.....	7
XI	Liability and Indemnification.....	7
XII	Amendments	8
XIII	Administration	8

BY-LAWS

Adherence to and Enforcement of PIAA By-Laws	10
PIAA Philosophy	10
Athletic Courtesy	10
Sportsmanship and Unsportsmanlike Conduct.....	10

ARTICLE

I	Age.....	11
II	Amateur Status and Awards	12
III	Attendance	13
IV	Consent of Parent or Guardian	16
V	Health.....	16
VI	Transfers, Residence, and Recruiting.....	16
VII	Foreign Exchange Students, International Students, and Foreign Students.....	21
VIII	Period of Participation	22
IX	Representation.....	24
X	Curriculum	25
XI	Assumed Name.....	26
XII	Athletic Relations	26
XIII	Penalties	27
XIV	Coaches	30
XV	Officials.....	31
XVI	Season and Out-of-Season Rules and Regulations	34
	Table of Labor Day Occurrences	37
	Table I – Schedule of Fall Sports	38
	Table II – Schedule of Winter Sports	39
	Table III – Schedule of Spring Sports	40
XVII	Certification of Contestants	41
XVIII	Official Rules for Sports	41
XIX	Junior High/Middle Schools	41
XX	Amendments	43
	Glossary	44

The following regulations, statutory provisions, and professional baseball agreement are not part of the Constitution and By-Laws.

Pennsylvania Statute Regarding Bullying and Hazing.....	45
Pennsylvania State Board of Education Regulations	45
Pennsylvania Law Provisions Affecting Athletic Eligibility of Students Using Anabolic Steroids.....	45
Agreement Between Professional Baseball and the National Federation of State High School Associations (NFHS)	46

CONSTITUTION

EQUAL OPPORTUNITY STATEMENT

The Pennsylvania Interscholastic Athletic Association, Inc. (PIAA) believes that all boys and girls should have equal opportunity to participate in all levels of interscholastic athletics regardless of race, color, sex, creed, religion or ethnic background.

ADHERENCE TO AND ENFORCEMENT OF PIAA CONSTITUTION

The initial responsibility for adherence to and enforcement of the PIAA Constitution by a PIAA member school, its students and its personnel rests with the Principal of that school. Notwithstanding this initial responsibility for compliance. (1) the Principal of any PIAA member school, by written request or complaint to the Chairman of the appropriate District Committee or PIAA Office, may allege or bring to the attention of PIAA a violation of, or a failure to meet, applicable provisions of the PIAA Constitution by any person and/or member school, and (2) a District Committee or the Board of Directors may, on its own motion, enforce the PIAA Constitution in the absence of submission of the matter to it by the Principal of a PIAA member school.

This portion of the Handbook contains the PIAA Constitution, as in effect July 1, 2017. Any subsequent amendments for 2017-2018 will appear on the PIAA Web site at www.piaa.org.

ARTICLE I NAME

The name of this Association is the Pennsylvania Interscholastic Athletic Association, Inc. (herein sometimes referred to as PIAA).

ARTICLE II PURPOSES

Section 1. Charitable Purposes.

The purposes of PIAA are:

A. Health.

To organize, develop and direct an interscholastic athletic program which promotes, protects, and conserves the health and physical welfare of all participants.

B. Education.

To formulate and maintain policies that safeguards the educational values of interscholastic athletics and cultivate the high ideals of good sportsmanship.

C. Competition.

To promote uniformity of standards in all interscholastic athletic competition.

In carrying out its purposes, PIAA does not contemplate pecuniary gain or profit, incidental or otherwise. PIAA is incorporated exclusively for, and the nature of the activities to be conducted and the purposes to be promoted by PIAA exclusively is for, charitable and educational purposes within the purview of Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 ("Code"). In fulfilling said purposes, PIAA may engage in any lawful activity which may be conducted on a not-for-profit basis by a Section 501(c)(3) organization.

Section 2. No Inurement.

No part of the net earnings of PIAA shall inure to the benefit of or be distributable to its directors, officers, or other private persons, except that PIAA is authorized and empowered to pay reasonable compensation for services actually rendered and to make payments and distributions in furtherance of the purposes and objects set forth herein. No substantial part of the activities of PIAA shall be the carrying on of propaganda or otherwise attempting to influence legislation and PIAA may not participate or intervene in (including the publishing or distribution of statements) any political campaign on behalf of any candidate for public office. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Constitution, PIAA shall not conduct or carry on any activities not permitted to be conducted or carried on by an organization exempt under Section 501(c)(3) of the Code, or corresponding provisions of any subsequent federal tax laws, or by an organization, contributions to which are deductible under Section

170(c)(2) of the Code or corresponding provisions of any subsequent federal tax laws.

ARTICLE III MEMBERSHIP

Section 1. Members.

All public high schools, intermediate schools, junior high schools, and middle school which are accredited by the Pennsylvania Department of Education (PDE), and all Charter Schools and Private Schools within Pennsylvania, meeting PIAA's membership requirements, are eligible for membership in PIAA.

PIAA member schools must sponsor at least one Team. The membership of a member school which ceases to sponsor at least one Team shall terminate automatically at the conclusion of the then-current membership year, unless the school is a party to a valid contract under the Cooperative Sponsorship of a Sport Program, in which case its membership shall terminate with termination of that agreement.

INTERPRETATIONS

Section 1. December 29, 1964.

PIAA will admit to membership intermediate high schools, subject to the dues schedule of senior high schools, unless they are defined by PDE as junior high schools. Eligibility of students in such schools will be determined by the District Committee based on local situations.

Section 1. May 23, 1952.

PIAA recognizes as separate high schools those schools recognized as separate high schools by PDE.

Section 2. Application for Membership.

Application for membership in PIAA shall be made by submitting a PIAA Application for School Membership to the District Committee of the PIAA District in which the school is geographically located. Each PIAA Application for School Membership must be signed by the Principal and must be accompanied by the annual dues and a resolution of approval executed by the School Board or the Board having jurisdiction over the applicant school. The resolution must state that, in all matters pertaining to interscholastic athletic activities, the school shall be governed by the Constitution, By-Laws, Policies and Procedures, and Rules and Regulations of PIAA. Applications for membership in PIAA shall be approved by the applicable District Committee and by the PIAA Board of Directors if the criteria set forth in Sections 1 and 2 of this ARTICLE are met.

Section 3. When Membership Becomes Effective.

Membership in PIAA becomes effective the next following July 1st after the school's application is approved by the PIAA Board of Directors.

Section 4. Withdrawal of Membership.

Requests for withdrawal of membership in PIAA must be made in writing, by the Principal of the school, to the Executive Director of PIAA, and must be accompanied by a resolution of withdrawal executed by the School Board or the Board having jurisdiction over the PIAA member school, stating the reason for withdrawal.

ARTICLE IV

DUES AND ENROLLMENT REPORT

Section 1. Annual Dues and Enrollment Report.

The annual dues of PIAA member senior high schools are based on the total enrollment of boys and girls in grades 9-11 in the senior high school and shall include all Home-Schooled Students; all students attending an Alternative School, Magnet School, or a Technology School, who are eligible at the senior high school that the students would otherwise attend by virtue of their residences; and all students enrolled in a Charter School or a Cyber Charter School who are eligible at the senior high school that the students would otherwise attend by virtue of their residences; as of the date as of which the school reports its enrollment to the Pennsylvania Department of Education (PDE) of each odd-numbered year. The enrollment report must be filed with the PIAA Office not later than the date the Public School Enrollment Report is due to the Pennsylvania Department of Education. The Principal and Superintendent of any PIAA member school failing to file the requested enrollment report by the aforementioned deadline shall be sent a notice of such failure and a copy of this provision. If the enrollment report is not received within ten (10) days after the notice was sent, the school shall be assessed a fine of \$1,000. For each ten (10) days thereafter that the enrollment report is not received, the school shall be assessed an additional fine of \$1,000. No individual student-athlete nor Team from the school is eligible to participate in District and/or Inter-District Championship Contests in any sport until such report is received and such fine is paid.

Member senior high schools shall be divided each even-numbered year into four classes based on enrollment, each containing as nearly as possible an equal number of schools.

Member junior high/middle schools are all in one class.

The dues of PIAA member schools shall be established by the Board of Directors.

INTERPRETATIONS

Section 1. March 23, 2007

Where a student is enrolled at a Charter School, and where the public school district in which the student resides has no senior high school, the school at which the student is in full time attendance shall include the student in its calculation of enrollment.

Section 1. May 27, 2004.

PIAA member schools should not include in their calculation of enrollment those students enrolled at a member Charter School that sponsors at least one interscholastic sport under the jurisdiction of PIAA. Students enrolled at such member Charter School shall be included in the enrollment calculation of only that school. This lack of inclusion in the PIAA member school's enrollment does not affect the eligibility of Charter School students to participate at the school that those students would otherwise attend by virtue of their residence, in those interscholastic sports not sponsored by the Charter School.

Section 1. May 25, 1951.

In six-year high schools, a membership fee must be paid by both the senior and junior high/middle schools if the school has a Team which competes in both senior and junior high/middle school sports.

Section 2. When Dues are Payable.

All dues are payable at the beginning of each school year. If dues are not paid on or before September 30 of the current school year, a school will be regarded to be delinquent and a penalty of 25 percent of the amount due will be added to the amount of dues. Dues with the 25 percent late payment penalty are to be paid on or before October 31 of the current school year. After October 31 of the current school year, the membership of the delinquent school in PIAA shall lapse until such time as the dues and penalties imposed have been fully satisfied.

Section 3. Reinstatement of Delinquent Schools.

A school which has been delinquent for up to two years may be reinstated to membership upon payment of the back dues and penalties. A school which has been delinquent for more than two years is required to submit a new application in order to be admitted to membership.

ARTICLE V

ORGANIZATION AND AUTHORITY

Section 1. Pennsylvania Interscholastic Athletic Association, Inc. (PIAA) Districts.

For the purposes of organization, legislation, and administration, PIAA is divided into Districts. One or more Districts, at the discretion of the Board of Directors, may incorporate and operate under and pursuant to the Pennsylvania Nonprofit Corporation Law of 1988, as amended (or successor provisions thereof). The PIAA Districts shall include the following counties, respectively:

District 1 - Bucks, Chester, Delaware, and Montgomery

District 2 - Lackawanna, Luzerne, Pike, Susquehanna, Wayne, and Wyoming.

District 3 - Adams, Berks, Cumberland, Dauphin, Franklin, Juniata, Lancaster, Lebanon, Perry, and York.

District 4 - Bradford, Columbia, Lycoming, Montour, Northumberland, Snyder, Sullivan, Tioga, and Union.

District 5 - Bedford, Fulton, and Somerset.

District 6 - Blair, Cambria, Centre, Clearfield, Clinton, Huntingdon, Indiana, and Mifflin.

District 7 - Allegheny (except the City of Pittsburgh), Armstrong, Beaver, Butler, Fayette, Greene, Lawrence, Washington, and Westmoreland.

District 8 - City of Pittsburgh.

District 9 - Cameron, Clarion, Elk, Jefferson, McKean, and Potter.

District 10 - Crawford, Erie, Forest, Mercer, Venango, and Warren.

District 11 - Carbon, Lehigh, Monroe, Northampton, and Schuylkill.

District 12 - Philadelphia

Section 2. Transfer of Schools From One PIAA District to Another.

Upon (1) the request of the School Board or the Board having jurisdiction over the school, and (2) and approval by a three-fourths majority vote of the Board of Directors, a school may be transferred from the jurisdiction of one PIAA District to that of an adjacent PIAA District. The procedure for requesting such transfer is as follows:

1. The request of the school shall first be submitted to the District Committee of the District having jurisdiction over the school.

2. Following issuance of a recommendation by the District Committee having jurisdiction over the school, the request shall be submitted to the District Committee of the District to which the school desires to transfer.

3. Following issuance of a recommendation by the District Committee of the District to which the school desires to transfer, the request shall be submitted to the Board of Directors.

A negative recommendation by a District Committee of the request for transfer will not stop the foregoing procedure, if the school desires that it continue.

The Board of Directors, in considering a request to transfer Districts, has complete discretion in whether to grant or deny such request. The Board may consider the recommendations of the respective District Committees and the reasons for said recommendations, the likely impact on other schools and scheduling, Postseason bracketing, costs, and other PIAA-related factors that might mitigate for or against the transfer. The Board of Directors assumes that the school making the request has already considered and assessed the financial and other impacts that the transfer would have on that school.

Additionally, Private Schools in any second-class city in Pennsylvania may automatically and without any further action from the District or Board of Directors, transfer to a PIAA District adjacent to the one in which they are geographically located.

ARTICLE VI

BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

Section 1. Board of Directors.

The administrative and executive body of PIAA is known as the Board of Directors. To be eligible to be a member of the Board of Directors, persons must represent a defined constituency with established guidelines for two-way communication with their constituents. The Board of Directors acts as the certifying agent.

Section 2. Membership of the Board of Directors.

A. Each District is entitled to one representative for the first fifty member senior high schools or fraction thereof. For each fifty additional member senior high schools or major fraction thereof, an additional representative is allowed. These representatives must be members of their respective District Committees and must be employed as a Principal, Athletic Director, and/or faculty member of a PIAA member school or as a school administrator of a public school district which has at least one member in PIAA.

INTERPRETATION

Section 2A. March 24, 2011

Should a District Committee representative to the Board of Directors, after July 1 of any year, cease to be employed as a Principal, Athletic Director, and/or faculty member of a PIAA member school or as a school administrator of a school district which has at least one PIAA member, that person may, at the discretion of that member's District Committee, be replaced or continue to serve on the Board of Directors until the immediately following June 30.

B. There shall be one member at large elected by and from the junior high/middle schools' representatives of the District Committees. The elected member shall serve for two years, beginning each odd-numbered year.

C. A representative of the Pennsylvania School Boards Association (PSBA) shall serve as a member of the Board of Directors.

D. A second representative of the Pennsylvania School Boards Association (PSBA), who is an elected member of a School Board at the time of appointment, shall serve as a member of the Board of Directors.

E. A representative of the Pennsylvania Association of School Administrators (PASA), who is employed as a school administrator at the time of appointment, shall serve as a member of the Board of Directors.

F. A representative of the Pennsylvania Association of Secondary School Principals (PASSP), who is employed as a

Principal at the time of appointment, shall serve as a member of the Board of Directors.

G. A representative of the Pennsylvania State Athletic Directors' Association (PSADA), who is employed as an Athletic Director at the time of appointment, shall serve as a member of the Board of Directors. The representative shall serve for two years, beginning each even-numbered year.

H. A representative of the Pennsylvania Coaches' Association (PCA), who is employed as a Coach at the time of appointment, shall serve as a member of the Board of Directors. The representative shall serve for two years, beginning each odd-numbered year.

I. One female registered sports official, who is on active status and in good standing with PIAA, elected annually from among their own by the female officials' representatives to the respective District Committees ("the Officials' Council"); and one male registered sports official, who is on active status and in good standing with PIAA, elected annually from among their own by the male officials' representatives to the respective District Committees ("the Officials' Council") shall serve as members of the Board of Directors.

J. The chairperson of the Girls' Athletic Steering Committee, elected every other year, shall serve as a member of the Board of Directors. The chairperson shall serve for two years, beginning each odd-numbered year.

K. The chairperson of the Private Schools' Steering Committee, elected every other year, shall serve as a member of the Board of Directors. The chairperson shall serve for two years, beginning each even-numbered year.

L. A representative of the Pennsylvania Department of Education (PDE), appointed by the Secretary of the Department of Education, shall serve as a member of the Board of Directors.

M. One female representative and one male representative, selected by and from the Parents' Advisory Committee, shall serve as members of the Board of Directors. The representatives shall serve for two years, beginning each even-numbered year.

N. Each constituency entitled to select a member of the Board of Directors may select one or more alternates for each such member. In the absence of a member from a meeting of the Board of Directors, one of the alternates may attend such meeting and exercise at the meeting all powers of the absent member.

Section 3. Term of Office.

The members of the Board of Directors shall serve for a period of one year beginning July 1st next following their election, except the junior high/middle schools' representative, the representative of the Pennsylvania State Athletic Directors' Association (PSADA), the representative of the Pennsylvania Coaches' Association (PCA), the chairpersons of the Girls' Athletics and Private Schools' Steering Committees, the representatives of the Parents' Advisory Committee, and the representatives of the Officials' Council, who shall serve for a period of two years.

Any director may be removed by a vote of two-thirds of the directors at any meeting of the Board of Directors whenever, in the judgment of the directors, the best interest of PIAA would be served thereby.

Section 4. Officers.

The officers of PIAA are a President, a Vice President, and a Treasurer. Any officer may be removed for any or no cause by a vote of two-thirds of the directors.

Section 5. Time of Meeting.

The Board of Directors shall meet annually for organization purposes after May 1st and prior to July 1st, and at such other times thereafter as the president or a majority of the members of the Board of Directors may request.

**ARTICLE VII
POWERS AND DUTIES OF
BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS**

Section 1. Powers and Duties of Board of Directors.

The Board of Directors shall have the following powers and duties:

A. To have general control over all interscholastic athletic relations and Contests in which a PIAA member school participates.

B. To elect its own officers, who shall be the officers of PIAA, and to establish its own rules of procedure.

C. To employ an Executive Director, who shall serve for a term and under conditions established by the Board of Directors, and to define the duties of the Executive Director.

D. To administer the finances of PIAA.

E. To interpret the provisions of the Constitution, By-Laws, Policies and Procedures, and Rules and Regulations of PIAA and such other by-laws, policies, procedures, rules, and regulations as it may, from time to time, adopt.

F. To determine the method of and the qualifications for the registration of officials; to determine their powers and duties; and to make and apply necessary policies, procedures, rules, and regulations for such officials.

G. To investigate, request, receive and/or otherwise obtain information (written and/or oral), hear and decide matters in dispute between PIAA member schools located in different jurisdictions. In assuming this responsibility, the Board of Directors shall not be required to assume the position of investigator. The Board of Directors will not consider matters submitted more than one year after the dispute arose.

H. To investigate, request, receive and/or otherwise obtain information (written and/or oral), hear and decide appeals from decisions of Regional Panels or District Committees. In assuming this responsibility, the Board of Directors shall not be required to assume the position of investigator. The Board of Directors will not consider appeals submitted more than thirty days after the decision of a Regional Panel or District Committee.

I. To fix and enforce penalties for any violation of the Constitution, By-Laws, Policies and Procedures, and Rules and Regulations of PIAA and such other by-laws, policies, procedures, rules, and regulations as it may, from time to time, adopt.

J. In acting pursuant to the provisions of subsections E, F, G, H, and I of this Section, the Board of Directors shall act at its next regularly scheduled meeting, unless the Executive Director determines, or the Regional Panel or District Committee certifies, that immediate disposition of the matter would be in the best interests of PIAA. In such event, the President of PIAA shall promptly convene a Board of Appeal to hear and determine such matter as expeditiously as possible. The membership of such Board of Appeal shall consist of at least five members of the Board of Directors designated by the President for each such matter. The presiding officer shall be the PIAA President or another officer of PIAA (Vice President or Treasurer) appointed by the President. If no officer of PIAA is available to preside, the President shall appoint another member of the Board of Appeal to preside. No officer or member of the Board of Directors is eligible to serve upon such Board of Appeal in any matter involving such officer's or member's school, public school district, Regional Panel, or District. Such Board of Appeal's decision shall be final and binding upon all parties to the matter.

K. To have general control of Inter-District Championship Contests.

L. To authorize the return of membership dues and to exclude from membership or to suspend from membership in PIAA any school whose Principal does not enforce the

Constitution and By-Laws, Policies and Procedures and Rules and Regulations of PIAA or who is not responsible for all interscholastic athletic activities carried on by the Principal's school.

M. To exercise such other powers as are in keeping with the growth and needs of PIAA and which are consistent with the provisions of the Constitution, By-Laws, Policies and Procedures, and Rules and Regulations of PIAA.

N. A majority of its members shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business of the Board of Directors.

O. To acquire by purchase, gift, devise, or otherwise, real estate and interests therein for the general use and purposes of PIAA.

P. Any action required or permitted to be taken at any meeting of the Board of Directors or any committee thereof may be taken without a meeting if, prior to such action, a written consent thereto is signed by all members of the Board of Directors or of the committee, as the case may be, and such written consent is filed with the minutes of proceedings of the Board of Directors or the committee.

INTERPRETATION

May 21, 2014. Where any action requires a vote of a specified percentage (majority; $\frac{2}{3}$, $\frac{3}{4}$, etc.) of the entire Board of Directors, all members of the Board may vote on the matter, irrespective of individual conflicts of interest. Conflicts of interest should, however, be disclosed to the Board prior to the vote.

Section 2. Powers and Duties of the President, Vice President, Treasurer, and Executive Director.

Officers must be members of the Board of Directors. They shall serve a term of one-year and may be re-elected so long as they remain members of the Board of Directors. The officers of PIAA are President, Vice President, and Treasurer. They shall perform the duties ordinarily incident to their offices.

A. President.

In addition to his or her duties hereinafter described, the President shall serve as the Chair of the Board, and shall have general supervision over the carrying out of the policies adopted or approved by the Board. He or she shall:

1. Preside at all meetings of the Board and Executive Committee;
2. Perform such other duties as may be designated to him or her by the Board or the Executive Committee;
3. Have the power to appoint any committee as may from time to time be deemed necessary or advisable in the opinion of the Board; and
4. Be an ex-officio member of all committees.

B. Vice-President.

In the absence of the President or in the event of an inability or refusal to act, the Vice President shall have all the powers of, and be subject to, all restrictions incident to the office of President.

C. Treasurer.

The Treasurer shall receive the budget presented to the PIAA Board of Directors by the Executive Director of PIAA and shall make a financial report at each regular meeting of the Board of Directors.

D. Executive Director.

The Board may select an Executive Director, who is responsible for the active management of the day-to-day operational, administrative, personnel, and programmatic affairs of PIAA. The Executive Director shall see that all orders and resolutions of the Board of Directors are carried into effect. The Executive Director shall have sufficiently broad authority to enable him or her to carry out his or her responsibilities and he or she shall act as the duly authorized representative of PIAA upon authorization by the Board of Directors. In addition, the Executive Director is the custodian of the properties and records

of PIAA; shall keep a record of all monies received by and due PIAA; shall prepare the annual budget for the consideration of the Board of Directors; shall remit to the Treasurer all PIAA monies; shall make reports to the PIAA Board of Directors as it may direct; and shall perform all other acts and duties in connection with the growth and needs of PIAA as the Board of Directors may direct.

INTERPRETATIONS

ARTICLE VII, and ARTICLE VIII. October 26, 1957.

The Board of Directors and District Committees will not consider any protests in Contests which are based on play situations or officials' decisions involving interpretation or judgment of plays.

In no case will the results of a Contest be reversed nor will a Contest be ordered or permitted to be replayed.

Questions regarding interpretation of rules or judgment of officials should be submitted in writing to the Executive Director.

Section 2. December 29, 1936; as amended July 27, 2007.

The Executive Director, or the Executive Director's designee, is given complete charge of all Inter-District Championship Contests.

Section 2. May 27, 1938.

The Executive Director is given authority to decide all cases of Transfer or questions concerning non-resident students in the interim between Board of Directors meetings.

Section 2-D. July 23, 1987; as amended May 11, 2002; and May 20, 2009.

Authority of Executive Director Summarily to Impose Temporary Penalties.

When, in the opinion of the Executive Director, there has been a violation of the Constitution, By-Laws, Policies and Procedures, and/or Rules and Regulations of PIAA, and the Executive Director determines that, as a result of such violation, it is in the interest of the protection of persons or property, or otherwise in the interest of PIAA or a member thereof, that action be taken before a District Committee, Regional Panel, or the Board of Directors, within their respective jurisdictions, can reasonably meet to address the matter, the Executive Director may impose any penalty provided for such violation. The penalty so imposed shall remain in force until the earlier to occur of the next meeting of the District Committee or Regional Panel or the passage of 14 days in matters within the jurisdiction of the District Committee or Regional Panel, or until the next meeting of the Board of Directors in matters within its jurisdiction.

ARTICLE VIII REGIONAL PANELS

Contiguous PIAA Districts, having within their geographic boundaries one or more schools that are under the jurisdiction of another PIAA District ("Cross-District Schools"), may agree to form Regional Panels for the purpose of resolving certain matters pertaining to those Cross-District Schools. These Regional Panels shall be created and administered as set forth below.

Section 1. Creation.

Regional Panels between contiguous PIAA Districts may be created only by written agreement between the Districts. No District is required to enter into an agreement with any other District(s). Regional Panel agreements shall specifically set forth the scope of the powers of the Panel, but, in no event shall said powers exceed those authorized in this ARTICLE.

Section 2. Composition.

Regional Panels shall consist of at least three members from each of the Districts entering into the agreement. Each District must have the same number of members on the Regional Panel. The selection of the members shall be decided by the members of the respective District Committees.

Section 3. Officers.

The officers of each Regional Panel shall be a Chairman, a Vice Chairman, and a Secretary. Officers shall be elected by the Panel and shall serve for a period of time as determined appropriate and necessary under the circumstances that necessitated the creation of the Panel. Officers shall be selected by the members of the Regional Panel. If there is no agreement on selection of the Chairman, the Executive Director shall designate one member of the Regional Panel to serve as Chairman.

Section 4. Finances.

The Regional Panels shall not have a treasury. The participating District Committees shall share equally in the expenses, if any, of the Panel, and the participating Districts shall reimburse their Committee members for expenses incurred in their participation on the Panel.

Section 5. Powers and Duties of a Regional Panel.

Subject to further limitation by the agreement between the participating Districts, Regional Panels have the following powers and duties:

A. To elect its own officers.

B. To investigate, receive, request and require data from PIAA member schools, and to hear and decide (1) disputes between two or more PIAA member schools located in the participating Districts; (2) matters arising under ARTICLE VI of the PIAA By-Laws involving Transfers or athletic recruiting, including students transferring from or to a Cross-District School; (3) alleged breaches of contracts; and (4) alleged violations by Cross-District Schools of the Constitution, By-Laws, Policies and Procedures, and Rules and Regulations of PIAA. The Regional Panel will not consider matters arising solely within one of the participating Districts nor will it consider matters submitted more than one year after the dispute arose.

C. To fix and enforce penalties, in the different Districts within the Region, for violation of the Constitution, and By-Laws, Policies and Procedures, and Rules and Regulations of PIAA, within the limits prescribed by the By-Laws. The Regional Panel will not consider matters arising solely within one of the participating Districts

D. No member of the Regional Panel is eligible to vote in a dispute involving such member's school or public school district, excepting that members of a Panel from PIAA Districts VIII and XII are permitted to vote in disputes involving schools from their Districts, provided that the matter does not involve the member's school.

E. Referrals of matters to the Regional Panels shall be made by one or both of the participating Districts and shall be submitted to the Chairman of the Regional Panel, in writing.

F. The Regional Panel may not consider matters arising solely within one of the Districts.

G. A quorum for the transaction of business of the Regional Panel is met if at least two members from each participating District are present.

ARTICLE IX DISTRICT COMMITTEES

Section 1. Composition.

A. The makeup of each District Committee shall be decided by the members of that particular District; provided that at least one member of the District Committee must be a representative of the junior high/middle schools of the District, one a representative of the School Boards of the District, one a representative of the PIAA-registered officials in the District, one a representative of the Athletic Directors of the District, and one a representative of the girls' athletic programs in the District.

B. Method of Selection.

1. The PIAA member schools of a District shall elect each year from their own District, at their annual meeting, members, at their discretion, to serve for one year except the junior high/middle schools' representative, who shall serve for a period of two years, starting the following July 1st, all of whom must be employed as a Principal, Athletic Director, and/or faculty member of a PIAA member school or as a school administrator of a public school district which has at least one member in PIAA.

INTERPRETATION

Section 1B-1. March 24, 2011

Should a member of a District Committee, after July 1 of a year in which that person is elected to the District Committee, cease to be employed as a Principal, Athletic Director, and/or faculty member of a PIAA member school or as a school administrator of a school district which has at least one PIAA member, that person may, at the discretion of that member's District Committee, be replaced or continue to serve on the District Committee until the immediately following June 30.

2. The School Board member, whose high school is a member of PIAA, shall be appointed for a term of two years by the Board of Directors of the Pennsylvania School Boards Association (PSBA) from each of the PIAA geographic District areas.

3. The officials' representative shall be elected for a term of two years by the PIAA-registered officials of the District. When there is only one nominee for an officials' representative position in a District, an election will not be conducted, and the nominee will be elected to the position. Representatives of odd-numbered Districts will be elected in the odd-numbered years and representatives of even-numbered Districts will be elected in the even-numbered years.

C. Time of Selection.

All elections and appointments shall be made prior to July 1st.

D. Vacancies.

When a vacancy occurs in the membership of the District Committee, the unexpired term shall be filled by the remaining members of the Committee, except that in the case of the School Boards representative, the Board of Directors of the Pennsylvania School Boards Association (PSBA) shall appoint an interim representative to fill the unexpired term; and in the case of the officials' representative(s), the Executive Director shall conduct a special election among the affected PIAA-registered officials of the District to fill the unexpired term(s).

E. The members of each District Committee elected for the following year shall meet for organization purposes only, prior to July 1st.

F. If a District fails to elect a District Committee prior to July 1st, the President of PIAA shall appoint a chairman for the District who shall serve during the ensuing year. The President shall conduct an election for the remaining members of the District Committee within one month following their appointment.

Section 2. Officers.

The officers of each District Committee shall be a Chairman, a Vice Chairman, a Secretary, and a Treasurer, or a Secretary-Treasurer combined.

Section 3. Powers and Duties of a District Committee.

A District Committee has the following powers and duties subject to exercise by the Board of Directors of its powers as provided in ARTICLE VII above:

A. To have general control within the District over all interscholastic athletic relations and Contests in which a PIAA

member school participates, subject to the provisions of the rules and regulations of the Board of Directors.

B. To elect its own officers and establish its own rules of procedure.

C. To administer the finances of the District Committee.

D. To render, within the District, an opinion on the provisions of the Constitution, By-Laws, Policies and Procedures, and Rules and Regulations of PIAA.

E. To investigate, hear, and decide matters in dispute between PIAA member schools located within the District. The District will not consider matters submitted more than one year after the dispute arose. No officer or member of the District Committee is eligible to vote in case of a dispute involving such officer's or member's school or public school district.

F. To receive, request, or require data on alleged violations of the Constitution, By-Laws, Policies and Procedures, and Rules and Regulations by or from schools located within the District. In assuming this responsibility, the District Committee shall not be required to assume the position of investigator. Charges of violation of the Constitution, By-Laws, Policies and Procedures, and Rules and Regulations of PIAA by a PIAA member school must be made to the Chairman of the District Committee in writing, and, if requested by the District Committee, such evidence shall be presented in the form of affidavits.

G. To make determinations as to the eligibility of contestants, and to address alleged violations of the Constitution, By-Laws, Policies and Procedures, and Rules and Regulations of PIAA.

H. To fix and enforce penalties, within the District, for violation of the Constitution, and By-Laws, Policies and Procedures, and Rules and Regulations of PIAA, within the limits prescribed by the By-Laws.

I. In acting pursuant to the provisions of subsections D, E, F, G, and H of this Section, the District Committee shall act at a scheduled meeting, unless the Chairman of the District Committee determines that immediate disposition of the matter would be in the best interests of the District or PIAA. In such event, the Chairman of the District Committee shall promptly convene a Hearing Panel to hear and determine such matter as expeditiously as possible. The membership of such Hearing Panel must consist of at least five members of the District Committee designated by the Chairman for each such matter requiring expeditious disposition. No officer or member of the District Committee is eligible to serve upon such Hearing Panel in any matter involving such officer's or member's school or public school district.

J. To have general control of District Championship Contests.

K. To act with the Board of Directors in the transfer of schools from one District to another.

L. A District Committee has such other powers within the District as are in keeping with the growth and needs of PIAA and which are consistent with the provisions of the Constitution, By-Laws, Policies and Procedures, and Rules and Regulations of PIAA.

M. A majority of its members constitutes a quorum for the transaction of business of the District Committee except in cases where a three-fourths or unanimous vote of the entire Committee is required.

INTERPRETATIONS

ARTICLE IX. October 26, 1957. The Board of Directors and District Committees will not consider any protest in Contests which are based on play situations or officials' decisions involving interpretation or judgment of plays.

In no case will the results of a Contest be reversed nor will a Contest be ordered or permitted to be replayed.

Questions regarding interpretation of rules or judgment of officials should be submitted in writing to the Executive Director.

Section 3. January 30, 1998.

A District Committee may authorize its executive staff to schedule hearings before the District Committee and Hearing Panels of the District Committee, to receive, request, or require data on alleged violations of the Constitution, By-Laws, Policies and Procedures, and Rules and Regulations of PIAA by or from schools located within the District, and to prepare and sign letters communicating decisions made by the District Committee and Hearing Panels.

Sections 3-E and 3-I. March 24, 2006.

Officers and members of the PIAA District VIII and PIAA District XII Committees are permitted to vote in disputes between two schools in such officer's or member's public school district, provided that the matter does not involve the officer's or member's school, and to serve on Hearing Panels involving the officer's or member's public school district, provided that the matter does not involve the officer's or member's school.

Sections 3-A and 3-E. May 24, 2017.

A District Committee has authority to address and resolve any actions by a league or conference which are contrary to the purposes and goals of PIAA.

ARTICLE X

LOCAL MANAGEMENT AND CONTROL

Section 1. Responsibility of Principal.

The Principal of each school, in all matters pertaining to the interscholastic athletic relations of the Principal's school, is responsible to PIAA. The Principal may delegate some of these powers but such delegation does not relieve the Principal of responsibility for any infraction, by the Principal's school, of the Constitution, By-Laws, Policies and Procedures, and Rules and Regulations of PIAA.

Section 2. Powers and Duties of Principal.

The Principal has the following powers and duties:

A. To have control over all interscholastic athletic relations in which the Principal's school participates.

B. To sanction all Contests in which the Principal's school participates, and to notify the Executive Director of PIAA, within ten days, if the Principal's school has entered a Contest which the Principal has not sanctioned.

C. To exclude any contestant who, because of violations of policies of the local School Board or Board having jurisdiction over the school, would not represent the Principal's school in a becoming manner, and also to exclude any contestant who has suffered serious illness or injury until that contestant is pronounced physically fit by the school's licensed physician of medicine or osteopathic medicine, or if none is employed, by another licensed physician of medicine or osteopathic medicine.

D. To be responsible for the treatment of all visitors and officials attending Contests conducted by the Principal's school. Penalties may be imposed upon a PIAA member school whose Principal fails to provide reasonable protection for officials and visitors at home Contests. If a Contest is played at a neutral place, the Principals of the participating schools shall be held jointly responsible for this protection. In such a case, penalties may be imposed upon either or both of the schools.

E. To see that all contracts for Contests in which the Principal's school participates are in writing and bear the Principal's signature or, at the Principal's option, that of the Athletic Director.

F. All written contracts with officials must be signed by the Principal or by one Principal representing a conference or league or, at the option of the applicable Principal, the Athletic Director or one Athletic Director representing a conference or league.

G. To authorize a full-time teacher of the Principal's public school district to be the Faculty Manager of the Team

representing the school, unless the Principal acts as the Faculty Manager.

H. The Principal, or the Principal's authorized representative, must accompany the school's Teams to all Contests.

I. To be responsible for certifying in writing the eligibility of all contestants in accordance with the By-Laws of PIAA.

J. The Principal has such other powers concerning interscholastic athletics within the Principal's school as are in keeping with the growth and needs of the school and which are consistent with the provisions of the Constitution, By-Laws, Policies and Procedures, and Rules and Regulations of PIAA.

ARTICLE XI

LIABILITY AND INDEMNIFICATION

Section 1. No Personal Liability.

A director shall not be personally liable as such for monetary damages for any action taken unless (1) the director has breached or failed to perform his or her duties under the provisions of the Pennsylvania Nonprofit Corporation Law of 1988 ("NPCL") and (2) the breach or failure to perform constitutes self-dealing, willful misconduct, or recklessness. The foregoing limitation of liability shall not be deemed exclusive of any provision which the Board of Directors now or hereafter may have to limit such liability. The limitation of liability set forth above shall not apply to any responsibility or liability pursuant to any criminal statute or for the payment of taxes pursuant to local, state, or federal laws.

Section 2. Indemnification.

PIAA shall indemnify any director or officer, and may indemnify any other employee or agent, who was or is a party to, or is threatened to be made a party to, or who is called as a witness in connection with any threatened, pending, or completed action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative, or investigative, including an action by or in the right of PIAA, by reason of the fact that he or she is or was a director, officer, employee, or agent of PIAA or is or was serving at the request of PIAA as a director, officer, employee, or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust, or other enterprise, against expenses, including attorneys' fees, judgments, fines, and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably incurred by him or her in connection with such action, suit, or proceeding unless the act or failure to act giving rise to the claim for indemnification is determined by a court to have constituted willful misconduct or recklessness.

Section 3. Not Exclusive Right.

The indemnification and advancement of expenses provided by, or granted pursuant to, this ARTICLE shall not be deemed exclusive of any other rights to which those seeking indemnification or advancement of expenses may be entitled under any bylaw, agreement, contract, vote of the Board of Directors, or pursuant to the direction, howsoever embodied, of any court of competent jurisdiction or otherwise, both as to action in his or her official capacity and as to action in another capacity while holding such office. It is the policy of PIAA that indemnification of, and advancement of expenses to, directors and officers of PIAA shall be made to the fullest extent permitted by law.

Section 4. Payment of Expenses.

PIAA shall pay expenses incurred by an officer or director, and may pay expenses incurred by any other employee or agent, in defending a civil or criminal action, suit, or proceeding in advance of the final disposition of such action, suit, or proceeding upon receipt of an undertaking by or on behalf of such person to repay such amount if it shall ultimately be determined that he or she is not entitled to be indemnified by PIAA.

Section 5. Applicability to Former Director.

The indemnification and advancement of expenses provided by, or granted pursuant to, this ARTICLE shall, unless otherwise provided when authorized or ratified, continue as to a person who has ceased to be a director, officer, employee, or agent and shall inure to the benefit of the heirs, executors, and administrators of such person.

Section 6. Fund.

PIAA may create a fund of any nature, which may, but need not be, under the control of a director, or otherwise secure or insure in any manner, its indemnification obligations, whether arising under this Constitution or otherwise. This authority includes, without limitation, the authority to (i) deposit funds in trust or in escrow, (ii) establish any form of self-insurance, (iii) secure its indemnity obligation by grant of a security interest, mortgage, or other lien on the assets of PIAA, or (iv) establish a letter of credit, guaranty or surety arrangement for the benefit of such persons in connection with the anticipated indemnification or advancement of expenses contemplated by this ARTICLE. The provisions of this ARTICLE shall not be deemed to preclude the indemnification of, or advancement of expenses to, any person who is not specified in Section 1 of this ARTICLE but whom PIAA has the power or obligation to indemnify, or to advance expenses for, under the provisions of the NCL or otherwise. The authority granted by this Section 6 shall be exercised by the Board of Directors.

Section 7. No Impairment if Repealed.

The repeal of this ARTICLE or any amendment thereof which may impair or otherwise diminish the protection afforded hereby to the persons described herein is effective only with respect to acts or omissions by such persons which occur after the effective date of such repeal or amendment and shall have no effect whatsoever with respect to acts or omissions occurring prior to such effective date.

ARTICLE XII AMENDMENTS

Section 1. Majority Approval Necessary.

Amendments to this Constitution must be approved either by two-thirds of the schools voting or by a majority of the total membership.

Section 2. Proposed Amendments.

Proposed amendments must be approved by a vote of two-thirds of the Board of Directors before being submitted to the PIAA member schools, provided, however, that on the two-thirds petition of a District Committee to the Executive Director, the Board of Directors shall submit such proposals to the PIAA member schools for their approval or rejection.

Section 3. When Amendments Must be Submitted for Approval.

Amendments to be considered during the current year must be presented by February 1st to the Executive Director.

Section 4. Withdrawal of Proposed Amendments.

A proposed amendment, which has been properly submitted by the Board of Directors for approval by the membership, may be withdrawn by a vote of two-thirds of the Board of Directors. A proposed amendment, which has been submitted pursuant to a two-thirds petition of a District Committee, may be withdrawn by a two-thirds vote of that District Committee.

Section 5. When Amendments Must be Voted Upon.

Amendments approved by the Board of Directors or presented on petition as provided in Section 2 of this ARTICLE, must be submitted to the PIAA member schools by May 1st.

Section 6. How Amendments are Voted Upon by Schools.

Amendments approved by the Board of Directors or presented on petition as provided in Section 2 of this ARTICLE, must be submitted to the members of each District for their

consideration and for their vote at a meeting of the PIAA member schools called by the District Chairman.

Section 7. When Votes on Amendments Shall be Tabulated.

Tabulation of the votes of the various Districts shall be made by the District Committee and submitted to the Executive Director by May 1st.

Section 8. Effective Date of Amendments.

Amendments become effective on the date designated in the Resolution of the Board of Directors submitting the amendment to vote of the PIAA member schools, or, in the absence of such designation, on the next following July 1st.

Section 9. Defeated Amendments.

The provision of a defeated amendment may not be submitted for vote by PIAA in the following calendar year.

Section 10. Non-Substantive Amendments.

The Board of Directors shall have authority to make technical, typographical, spelling, and grammatical changes to the Constitution in order to assure editorial continuity with substantive changes approved by the membership, and to delete provisions which have become obsolete.

ARTICLE XIII ADMINISTRATION

Section 1. Definitions.

Definitions of terms set forth in the Glossary attached to the PIAA By-Laws are applicable to the terms so defined which also appear in this Constitution, the PIAA Policies and Procedures, and the PIAA Rules and Regulations. The Board of Directors has the power to amend the Glossary as it deems appropriate.

Section 2. Seal.

The Board of Directors shall provide a corporate seal which shall be in the form of a circle and shall have inscribed thereon the name of PIAA.

Section 3. Fiscal Year.

The fiscal year of PIAA is from July 1 to June 30.

Section 4. Books and Records.

PIAA shall keep correct and complete books and records of account and shall also keep minutes of the proceedings of its Board of Directors and committees having any of the authority of the Board of Directors.

Section 5. Principal Office.

The principal office of PIAA is in Mechanicsburg, Pennsylvania, where the executive offices are located, or such other place within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania as the Board of Directors may decide from time to time. The Board of Directors may establish and maintain branch offices in other locations within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, when in the judgment of said Board such branch offices may be necessary or convenient in carrying out the purposes of PIAA.

Section 6. Meetings.

A. Annual Meeting. The annual meeting of PIAA shall be held on such date as may be determined by the Board of Directors, at the registered office of PIAA, or at such other location, as may be determined by the Board of Directors and as shall be designated in the notice of said meeting, for the purpose of transacting such business as may be properly brought before the meeting.

B. Special Meetings. The President and/or Executive Director may fix any place, either within or without the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, as the place for holding any special meeting of the Board of Directors called by them.

C. Notice. Notice of any meeting of the Board of Directors must be given at least five days previously thereto by written notice delivered personally or sent by first-class mail, facsimile, or electronic mail to each Director at his or her address as shown by the records of PIAA. The attendance of a Director at any meeting constitutes a waiver of notice of such meeting, except where a Director attends the meeting for the express purpose of

objecting to the transaction of any business because the meeting is not lawfully called or convened. Neither the business to be transacted at, nor the business of, any regular or special meeting of the Board need be specified in the notice or waiver of notice of such meeting, except where otherwise provided by law or this Constitution.

D. Expenses of Attendance. Directors as such may not receive any stated compensation for their services, but by resolution of the Board of Directors, a fixed sum for expenses of attendance, if any, may be allowed for attendance in each regular or special meeting of the Board; provided, that nothing herein shall be construed to preclude any Director from serving PIAA in any other capacity and receiving compensation therefore.

E. Teleconferencing. Any one or more Directors may participate in the meeting of the Board or of a committee of the Board by means of conference telephone or similar communications equipment by means of which all persons participating in the meeting can hear each other. Such participation constitutes presence in person at the meeting. Notwithstanding the foregoing, however, use of conference telephone and similar communications equipment may be permitted at the discretion of the Board of Directors, which is deemed to have permitted such use unless and until it should have taken action to prohibit such use.

Section 7. Waiver of Notice.

Whenever any notice whatsoever is required to be given under the provisions of the Pennsylvania Nonprofit Corporation Law of 1988 or under the provisions of the Articles of Incorporation or the Constitution of PIAA, a waiver thereof in writing signed by the person or persons entitled to such notice, whether before or after the time stated therein, is deemed equivalent to the giving of such notice.

Section 8. Term of Existence.

PIAA shall continue in existence in perpetuity, unless dissolved by the Board of Directors of PIAA, or by vote of 2/3 of the PIAA member schools voting or a majority of the total membership, or by the vote of 80% of the members of the Board of Directors. If for any reason, PIAA is dissolved and terminated, all of its assets shall be distributed to such organizations which are then qualified under section 501(c)(3) and section 509(a)(1), (2), or (3), or any successor provision of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as determined by vote of two-thirds (2/3) of the members of the Board of Directors of PIAA in attendance at a duly constituted meeting. Such dissolution shall be subject to the provisions of the Articles of Incorporation of PIAA and, further, any funds distributed shall continue to be subject to the restrictions and requirements imposed by donors to PIAA with respect to its component funds, foundations, and trusts. Any assets not so disposed of shall be disposed of by a court of competent jurisdiction in the county in which the principal office of PIAA is then located, exclusively for the purposes stated in the Articles of Incorporation of PIAA, or to such organization or organizations, as said court shall determine, which are organized and operated exclusively for such purposes.

BY-LAWS

ADHERENCE TO AND ENFORCEMENT OF PIAA BY-LAWS

The initial responsibility for adherence to and enforcement of the PIAA By-Laws by a PIAA member school, its students and personnel rests with the Principal of that school.

Notwithstanding this initial responsibility for compliance, (1) the Principal of any PIAA member school, by written request or complaint to the Chairman of the appropriate District Committee or PIAA Office, may allege or bring to the attention of PIAA a violation of, or a failure to meet, applicable provisions of the PIAA By-Laws, and (2) a District Committee or the Board of Directors may, on its own motion, enforce the PIAA By-Laws in the absence of submission of the matter to it by the Principal of a PIAA member school.

This portion of the Handbook contains the PIAA By-Laws, as in effect July 1, 2017. Any subsequent amendments for 2017-2018 will appear on the PIAA Web site at www.piaa.org.

PIAA PHILOSOPHY

It is unconscionable that a school or any of its employees would subvert the high purposes of interscholastic athletics by condoning any violation of the rules. To involve boys or girls in any practice or procedure which "gets around the rules" is unworthy of a person associated with athletics.

ATHLETIC COURTESY

Section 1. Athletics should foster clean sports. It is the privilege and duty of every person connected with athletics to exemplify these principles in that person's own actions and earnestly advocate them before others.

A. Contest rules are to be regarded as mutual agreements, the spirit or letter of which no honorable person would break. The stealing of advantage in sport is theft.

B. No advantages are to be sought over others except those in which the Contest is understood to show superiority.

C. Unsportsmanlike or unfair means are not to be used, even when opponents use them.

D. Visiting Teams are to be honored guests of the home Team, and should be treated as such.

E. No action is to be taken nor course of conduct pursued which would seem unsportsmanlike or dishonorable if known to one's opponent or the public.

F. Remember that student-spectators represent their school the same as student-athletes.

G. Any spectator who continually evidences poor sportsmanship should be requested not to attend future Contests.

H. Decisions of Contest officials are to be abided by, even when they seem unfair.

I. Contest officials and opponents are to be regarded and treated as honest in intention. In Contests when opponents conduct themselves in an unbecoming manner, and when Contest officials are manifestly dishonest or incompetent, future relationship with them should be avoided.

J. Good points in others should be appreciated and suitable recognition given.

K. The practice of "booing" is regarded as discourteous and unsportsmanlike.

SPORTSMANSHIP AND UNSPORTSMANLIKE CONDUCT

Sportsmanship is a core principle in interscholastic athletics. Actions which are unethical or intended to demean, embarrass, intimidate or injure opposing contestants, teams, spectators and officials are considered unsportsmanlike and will not be tolerated since they are contrary to the purposes of PIAA and convey lessons incompatible with the reason why high school sports exist. While acts of misconduct occurring within the scope of competition are often addressed through sport specific rules, PIAA reserves the right to address any unsportsmanlike conduct and impose supplemental discipline as appropriate under the circumstances. The following conduct, and any conduct of a similar nature may subject actors to any and all remedial measures available to PIAA.

Section 1. Schools and Their Athletic Personnel.

A. A school knowingly or recklessly condones or supports unsportsmanlike conduct by its personnel, student-athletes, Teams, and/or supporters.

B. A school cancels, schedules or reschedules a Contest to gain a competitive advantage.

C. A school knowingly or recklessly recruits students for an athletic purpose.

D. A school fails to establish and enforce a code of conduct for student-athletes.

E. A school fails or refuses to cooperate with PIAA in investigating a possible violation of the PIAA Constitution, By-Laws, Policies and Procedures, and/or Rules and Regulations.

F. A school fails to treat a visiting Team as guests or fails to provide necessary and appropriate security for Contest officials, spectators and visiting Teams at Contests hosted by the school.

G. A school cancels, schedules or reschedules a Contest for the purpose of circumventing application, enforcement, and/or the intent of any provision of the Constitution, By-Laws, Policies and Procedures, and/or Rules and Regulations of PIAA.

H. A school knowingly or recklessly certifies to the eligibility of a student or fails to conduct an appropriate investigation where there is question as to the student-athlete's eligibility.

I. A school knowingly or recklessly engages in conduct intended to increase hostile relations with opposing schools.

Section 2. Student-Athletes.

A. A student-athlete engages in conduct intended to injure an opponent or Contest officials.

B. A student-athlete uses profanity, obscene gestures, and/or obscene language immediately before, during or immediately following a Contest.

C. A student-athlete seeks to provoke opponents, Contest officials, or spectators to engage in improper conduct.

D. A student-athlete uses race, gender, ethnicity, religion or disability to bait, intimidate, or denigrate an opponent.

E. A student athlete who engages in unsportsmanlike behavior/conduct during medal/award ceremony.

Section 3. Coaches.

A. A Coach teaches student-athletes to win through illegitimate means. Striving to win at any cost is distinctly unethical.

B. A Coach fails to give opponents full credit when they win.

C. A Coach fails to control his/her temper immediately prior to, during, or after a Contest.

D. A Coach uses profanity, obscene gestures, and/or obscene language immediately prior to, during, or immediately following a Contest.

E. A Coach criticizes Contest Officials through the media or to student-athletes or spectators, rather than through the appropriate review process.

- F. A Coach promotes unfounded rumors of questionable practices by opponents.
- G. A Coach fails to maintain control of the Team for which the Coach is responsible.
- H. A Coach knowingly seeks to embarrass an opponent or Contest officials.
- I. A Coach uses race, gender, ethnicity, religion or disability to bait, intimidate or denigrate an opponent.
- J. A Coach who engages in unsportsmanlike behavior/conduct during medal/award ceremony.

Section 4. Contest Officials.

- A. A Contest Official fails to have thorough preparation in the current rules and approved officiating techniques of the sport.
- B. A contest Official is not physically fit and mentally alert so as to appropriately officiate a Contest.
- C. A Contest Official fails to have a neat, distinctive, and approved uniform.
- D. A Contest Official fails to report for duty at least 30 minutes before the scheduled start of a Contest.
- E. A Contest Official fails to honor all agreements to officiate a Contest.
- F. A Contest Official fails to control his/her temper in all relations with students, Coaches, member schools, and spectators.
- G. A Contest Official fails, upon request to make clear any interpretations and announcements.
- H. Following a Contest officiated, a Contest Official discusses plays or student-athletes of a Team in that Contest with any of their future opponents.

Section 5. Spectators.

- A. A spectator uses profanity, obscene gestures, and/or obscene language while attending Contests.
- B. A spectator attempts to provoke, intimidate, and/or berate Coaches, Contest Officials, student-athletes, and/or other spectators.
- C. A spectator interferes with, or attempts to interfere with, any Contest.
- D. A spectator uses race, gender, ethnicity, religion or disability to bait, intimidate or denigrate a student, school, Contest Official or other spectators.
- E. Any spectator who engages in any of the behavior identified herein may be removed from a Contest venue and may be prohibited from attending future Contests.

INTERPRETATIONS

October 1, 1983; as amended May 11, 2002; July 28, 2005; and July 24, 2009.

To participate in Inter-School Practices, Scrimmages, and/or Contests, a student must be eligible for interscholastic athletics in all respects.

July 22, 1982; as amended July 24, 2009.

A PIAA member school may permit any of its students who are ineligible to participate in Inter-School Practices, Scrimmages, and/or Contests under any provision(s) of the PIAA By-Laws other than ARTICLES IV and V to Practice with any of its Teams.

October 5, 2016

These By-Laws apply to all PIAA member schools and those students seeking to participate in interscholastic competition at those PIAA member schools. They also apply in determining the eligibility of students at PIAA member schools who previously were enrolled at or attended non-PIAA member schools.

**ARTICLE I
AGE
Preamble**

The purposes of this ARTICLE are (1) to promote the safety of traditional school-age participants in interscholastic athletics; (2) to prevent a Team from gaining a competitive advantage by

permitting more mature (physically, mentally, and emotionally) students to participate in interscholastic athletics; (3) to discourage schools from "red-shirting" students; and (4) to give more of an opportunity for traditional-age students to participate in interscholastic athletics.

Section 1. Maximum Age Rule.

A student shall be ineligible for interscholastic athletic competition upon attaining the age of nineteen years, with the following exception:

If the age of 19 is attained on or after July 1, the student is eligible, age-wise, to compete through that school year.

Section 2. How to Determine Age.

In determining the age of a student, the date of birth as recorded in a State Bureau of Vital Statistics is considered as conclusive if filed in a State Bureau of Vital Statistics within one year after the date of birth. If a birth record from a State Bureau of Vital Statistics is not available, proof of a student's age may be determined by the submission of (1) a birth certificate which was issued within one year after birth; (2) a passport with the date of birth recorded thereon; (3) an affidavit by the parent(s) or guardian(s) filed not later than one year after the student's admission to the first grade of an elementary school; or (4) the earliest date of birth as recorded in the records of the school or schools attended by the student. In the event of the non-existence of any of these documents, the Principal may rely upon the most credible available evidence as to the actual date of birth.

Section 3. Waiver of Maximum Age Rule.

Any waiver granted under this ARTICLE may be given only for a particular sport and for a particular season. While a student may receive up to three waivers in a particular school year (for a fall, winter, and spring sport), no student may receive a waiver for any season or sport in any subsequent school year.

The member school requesting a waiver for a Student With A Disability must present clear and convincing evidence in each of the areas set forth in this Section. It is not the duty of the District Committee to independently produce or collect information.

A District Committee may grant a limited waiver of Section 1 of this ARTICLE to a Student With A Disability following an individualized assessment of the student's condition in relation to the purposes of this ARTICLE and the potential impact of participation by the student on opponents and teammates if the District Committee concludes that:

1. the student currently suffers from a physical, mental, or emotional disability which has been recognized by, and certified to by, a treating physician or psychiatrist;
2. the certified to disability has a direct and significant negative impact on the student's physical athletic ability;
3. the student has a current Individualized Education Plan (IEP) or a Chapter 15 Service Agreement relating to the certified to disability, at the student's school;
4. the grant of a waiver would not be likely to render the student's Team more competitive than it would be without the waiver;
5. the student would likely not, due to the student's physical size, athletic ability, and/or other characteristics, pose an increased risk of harm to opponents; and
6. the student is otherwise eligible under these By-Laws.

In considering a waiver, with regard to factors 4 and 5 above, the District Committee shall be guided by the following:

1. Where there is a question as to the risk posed to opponents or to a possible competitive advantage to the requesting school, such questions should be resolved in favor of the health and safety of opponents and against providing an unfair advantage to the requesting school and such waiver request should be denied.

2. A student who has played regularly on the varsity Team and/or obtained a performance-related athletic "letter" from the student's school in a particular sport for the preceding season presumptively gives the student's Team a competitive advantage if the student were to be permitted to participate in that sport again.

3. The District Committee may reject the request for a waiver if such waiver would prevent another student, who is of traditional school age, from an opportunity to participate in interscholastic athletics.

4. Due to the increased risk of injury to opponents in collision sports such as football, boys' lacrosse, and wrestling; contact sports such as basketball, field hockey, girls' lacrosse, and soccer; and to baseball and softball hitters when facing a pitcher over the age of 19, particular scrutiny should be applied by the District Committee to requests for waiver in these sports.

5. Any waiver granted may be given only for a particular sport and for a particular season. While a student may receive up to three waivers in a particular school year (for a fall, winter, and spring sport), no student may receive a waiver for any season or sport in any subsequent school year.

ARTICLE II

AMATEUR STATUS AND AWARDS

Section 1. Amateur Status Required.

To be eligible to participate in an Inter-School Practice, Scrimmage, and/or Contest, a student must be an amateur in the sport involved. An amateur student is one who engages in athletic competition solely for the educational, physical, mental, social, and pleasure benefits derived thereof and does not receive monetary or similar or equivalent compensation or remuneration for such participation.

Where the official rules for a sport provided for under ARTICLE XVIII of these By-Laws establish requirements for amateur status, such requirements shall govern to the extent inconsistent with this ARTICLE II.

Section 2. Loss of Amateur Status.

A student loses amateur status in an interscholastic sport whenever:

A. The student or the student's parent(s) or guardian(s), receives or agrees to receive, compensation, other Consideration, or an award not permitted under Section 3 hereof, for or related to the student's athletic ability, participation, performance, services, or training in a sport; or

B. The student receives Consideration for becoming a member of an athletic organization or school.

C. The student plays on, or enters into a contract to play on, a professional team or as an individual professional athlete in that sport; or enters into a contract to represent a corporation, organization or similar entity in competition or by appearing in public on behalf of such entity; or

D. The student signs a contract whereby the student agrees to compete in any athletic competition for Consideration. It is not a violation for a high school student to attend, and participate in a professional try-out camp, provided that (1) no compensation or expenses are paid to the student; (2) the try-out lasts no longer than forty-eight hours; and (3) if in the sport of baseball, the student's participation is otherwise in conformity with the National Federation Major-Minor League Agreement.

E. The student sells or pawns the student's athletic achievement awards.

Section 3. Permissible Awards.

A. Member Schools: A student may accept, from the student's school, or a school-affiliated booster club, items of apparel, a blanket, watch, ring, scroll, carry-on or warm-up bag, photograph, medal, plaque, or similar award, with appropriate institutional insignia or comparable identification, upon

completion of a season of participation on a Team and/or for earning the official school letter or award.

B. Sponsors of Athletic Events: A student may accept, from the sponsor or sponsors of an athletic event or group of athletic events, items of apparel, a blanket, watch, ring, scroll, carry-on or warm-up bag, photograph, medal, plaque, or similar award, with appropriate institutional insignia or comparable identification, if the student participated in the athletic event and/or earned an award for an athletic event or events. The fair market value of items provided to any such student may not exceed \$500. Such sponsor or sponsors may also pay the expenses for a student to participate in educational programs, tours, and field trips provided by the sponsor or sponsors in connection with the athletic event or events.

C. Media and Other Public Recognition: A student may accept, from a non-profit service organization approved by the Principal of the student's school, or the news media, items of apparel, a blanket, watch, ring, scroll, carry-on or warm-up bag, photograph, medal, plaque, or similar award, with appropriate institutional insignia or comparable identification in recognition of the student's athletic ability or performance, and present the same at a time appropriate to such recognition. The fair market value of items provided to any such student may not exceed \$500.

D. Banquets: Students may also attend, without charge of admission, athletic banquets sponsored by the institutions listed above in this Section 3.

E. Participation expenses: A student may accept, from a school, and/or the sponsor of an athletic event or group of athletic events, the reasonable and necessary expenses for transportation, lodging, and/or meals incurred by the student and/or the student's Team for participation in an athletic event or events. A school affiliated booster club may pay the reasonable and necessary expenses for their school students to attend a camp or clinic.

F. Participation Fees: Schools charging fees for students to participate in interscholastic athletics may reduce or waive such fees under the following circumstances: (1) the Principal may approve a reduction or waiver of the fee for an individual student who demonstrates financial need; (2) the Principal may accept a donation of all or part of the fee from a school-affiliated booster club for an individual student who demonstrates financial need; and/or (3) the Principal may accept donations from any party which are to be applied pro rata to all students participating in interscholastic athletics or to all students on a particular Team. Under no circumstance can any reduction or waiver be tied into the athletic ability of such students.

G. Donations to Schools: Nothing in this Section should be deemed to prohibit a person or entity from providing to a school any Consideration, provided that such Consideration is not made with the assurance or understanding that all or some of such Consideration is to be then conveyed by the school to any individual student-athletes.

H. College Recruiting: A student may accept from an institution of higher education which the student visits in connection with the student's prospective or possible attendance there as a college student, reasonable expenses necessitated by such visit, and free admission to home athletic events of such institution which occur during such visit.

I. Operation Gold: Consistent with NFHS policy, a student may accept monies under this program, which provides monetary rewards to athletes who place in the Olympic Games and/or World Championships in designated sports.

Section 4. How Amateur Status Can Be Regained.

A student who has lost amateur status may be reinstated by the suspending body after a period of one year from the date of suspension, providing that the student refrains from all activity prohibited by Section 2 hereof during that year.

A student who has lost amateur status pursuant to Section 2A and/or B hereof may be reinstated by the suspending body effective upon the student's return to the provider of the Consideration item or items which caused such loss of amateur status.

INTERPRETATIONS

May 22, 1953, as amended July 28, 2005.

A student-manager of an amateur baseball team, who receives Consideration, is not considered a player unless the student actually participates in a game played by that amateur baseball Team.

May 12, 2001.

The loss of eligibility in a sport under ARTICLE II does not affect those students who have previously exhausted their eligibility in that sport at the time the loss of eligibility provided in ARTICLE II would otherwise occur. This relates almost exclusively to seniors.

ARTICLE III ATTENDANCE

Section 1. Where Enrolled for Attendance.

To be eligible to participate in an Inter-School Practice, Scrimmage, or Contest, a student must be regularly enrolled in a secondary school and in full-time attendance, or be home-schooled.

Except as otherwise provided in this ARTICLE, a student is eligible only at the school at which the student is enrolled.

Section 2. Number of Days of Enrollment Necessary to Count as a Semester.

Fifteen days or more of enrollment in a semester in any secondary school counts as one semester of attendance. Enrollment at summer school does not count as a semester or part of a semester.

INTERPRETATION

Section 2. October 25, 1952, as amended May 25, 2000.

Enrollment at any school, accredited or not, counts as enrollment.

Section 3. How Absence Affects Eligibility.

A student who has been absent from school during a semester for a total of twenty (20) or more school days, is ineligible to participate in an Inter-School Practice, Scrimmage, or Contest until the student has been in attendance for a total of forty-five (45) school days following the student's twentieth (20th) day of absence.

The following absences may be waived by the District Committee:

A. days when the student was required to serve as the primary caregiver to a member of the student's immediate family or a near relative or a death in that student's immediate family or of a near relative, both as defined in Section 1154 of the Public School Code of 1949, as amended;

B. days when the student was absent due to the student's compliance with a court subpoena;

C. days when the student was confined by quarantine;

D. days when the student attended a religious activity/function which the church requires its members to attend;

E. days when the student has an excused absence of five (5) or more school days due to the same confining illness or injury.

If the establishment of any requirement necessary for the District Committee to exercise its discretion to grant a waiver of five (5) or more excused absences results from illegal conduct on the part of the student, other than absences during which the student, without there having been a criminal conviction or an adjudication of delinquency, is admitted to a substance abuse treatment facility, the District Committee may not grant the

waiver. Attendance at summer school does not count toward the forty-five (45) school days required.

Absence from school for an entire semester, or for several semesters, disqualifies a student for the same period as stated in this Section.

INTERPRETATIONS

Section 3. April 14, 1984.

Pregnancy shall be treated as an illness if a physician certifies, in writing, that the student was unable to attend school as a result of pregnancy.

Section 3. March 20, 1970.

When computing total days absent during a semester, days absent during a period of suspension count as part of the twenty day absence total in a given semester.

Section 3. January 22, 2014.

Students serving an in-school suspension are not counted as days of absence.

Section 4. Combination of Students Enrolled in Grades 7-8-9.

Students enrolled in grades 7-8-9, within the same public school district, may be combined to form one or more Teams within the public school district.

Section 5. Alternative School Students, Magnet School Students, and Technology School Students.

Alternative School students, Magnet School students, and Technology School students are eligible at only one school for all interscholastic athletics. A student attending an Alternative School, a Magnet School, or a Technology School on a full-time basis is eligible only at said school if said school offers one or more interscholastic athletic programs. A part-time Alternative School student attending a full-time Alternative School, a part-time Magnet School student attending a full-time Magnet School, and a part-time Technology School student attending a full-time Technology School is eligible only at the school which the student would otherwise attend by virtue of the student's residence. All students attending Alternative Schools, Magnet Schools, or Technology Schools, which do not offer any interscholastic athletic programs, are eligible to participate in interscholastic athletics at the schools that the students would otherwise attend by virtue of their residences.

Section 6. Charter School and Cyber Charter School Students.

Students enrolled in a Charter School or Cyber Charter School are eligible only at said school in those interscholastic sports sponsored by that school. Students enrolled in a Charter School or Cyber Charter School that does not offer a particular interscholastic sport are eligible to participate in that sport at the school which they would otherwise attend, in the public school district of their residences, provided that the students meet all other eligibility requirements, including, but not limited to, school verified evidence of full-time attendance.

INTERPRETATION

Section 6. March 23, 2007

Where a student is enrolled at a Charter School, and where the public school district in which the student resides has no senior high school, the school at which the student is in full time attendance shall be considered the public school district of residence of the student.

Section 7. Multi-Public School District Academic Arrangements.

Where students are enrolled in a public school in the public school district of their residence but, pursuant to an agreement between public school districts, attend some or all classes at a public school in another public school district, the students retain eligibility for interscholastic athletics solely at the public school in which they are enrolled in their home public school district.

Section 8. Privately-Tutored and/or Home-Schooled Students.

Students instructed by a properly qualified private tutor under Section 1327 of the Public School Code of 1949 and/or students participating in a home education program under Section 1327.1 of the Public School Code of 1949 are eligible **only** at the public schools that the students would otherwise attend by virtue of their residences and, for purposes of Cooperative Sponsorship of a Sport agreements, are deemed to be enrolled at the public schools that the students would otherwise attend by virtue of their residences.

Section 9. Students Placed by Court Order or as a Result of Disability.

A student who has been (1) enrolled at a school that has no interscholastic athletic program in the sport(s) in which the student desires to participate, and (2) placed in that school either by court order or because the student is a Student With A Disability whose Individual Education Plan (IEP) has concluded that the student's educational needs could not be accommodated in the public school that the student would otherwise have attended, may be declared eligible by the District Committee for such sport(s) at either (1) a school in the public school district in which the school the student attends is geographically located or (2) at a school in the student's home public school district. The determination of eligibility shall be made by the District Committee upon its receipt of a written statement from the Principal of the school at which the student desires to participate that said school will permit the student to participate on its interscholastic athletic Team(s) in such sport(s), and the determination by the District Committee that the student has not been recruited.

Appointment of a legal guardian for the student, or court approval of an agreement between separating or divorcing parents, does not by itself constitute placement in a school by court order.

When the District Committee has declared a student eligible at a school, the District Committee may not declare that student eligible at any other school at which the student could have been declared eligible unless, in addition to the other requirements of this provision, it receives a written statement from the Principal of the school at which the student has been declared eligible that said school will no longer permit that student to participate or compete for a position on any of its interscholastic athletic Teams.

Section 10. Public School Districts With More Than One School at a Particular Level.

Where the rules or policies of a public school district having more than one school at a particular level do not provide for attendance at that level by place of residence, the student, with the permission of the Principal, shall select the school in that public school district which the student will attend, which is the only school at which the student will be eligible. A subsequent change of selection will be considered a Transfer and, therefore, subject to ARTICLE VI of these By-Laws.

Section 11. Cooperative Sponsorship of a Sport.

A. Philosophy.

The philosophy that guides the PIAA Board of Directors in reviewing and approving applications for Cooperative Sponsorship of a Sport between two or more PIAA member schools is as follows:

1. The Board supports opportunities for greater student participation.
2. The Board encourages projects that combine smaller PIAA member schools for sponsorship of an activity rather than a small PIAA member school combining with a larger PIAA member school when the smaller PIAA member school cannot support the activity alone.

3. The Board will not approve agreements where an intent of the agreement is to improve the quality of a Team (i.e., obtain a better win/loss record).

4. The Board will not approve agreements whereby:

(a) any students enrolled at any of the PIAA member schools entering into the agreement would be prohibited from participation in the sports governed by the agreement because of the location of their residence;

(b) one of the PIAA member schools is a public school and the agreement would bar any Home-Schooled Students who are otherwise eligible at that school from participating on the Team(s) covered by the agreement; and/or

(c) more than one school to the agreement is to host the same sport.

5. The Board will neither consider nor approve agreements with non-PIAA member schools.

6. The public school districts of the participating PIAA member schools must be contiguous and/or overlap.

B. Provisions Applicable to all Agreements.

1. School Enrollments:

(a) For cooperative sponsorship of a boys' sport, the male enrollment, as of the date as of which schools report their enrollments to the Pennsylvania Department of Education (PDE) of each odd-numbered year, in each of the schools but one in grades nine through eleven must be 300 students or less. For cooperative sponsorship of a girls' sport, the female enrollment, as of the date as of which schools report their enrollments to PDE of each odd-numbered year, in each of the schools but one in grades nine through eleven must be 300 students or less.

(b) The combined male enrollment, as of the date as of which schools report their enrollments to PDE of each odd-numbered year, of (1) all male students enrolled in the school with the highest male enrollment of those schools involved in the cooperative sponsorship of a boys' sport and (2) 50% of all male students enrolled in other schools participating in the cooperative sponsorship of the boys' sport, will determine the classification of the Team in that sport. The combined female enrollment, as of the date as of which schools report their enrollments to PDE of each odd-numbered year, of (1) all female students enrolled in the school with the highest female enrollment of those schools involved in the cooperative sponsorship of a girls' sport and (2) 50% of all female students enrolled in other schools participating in the cooperative sponsorship of the girls' sport, will determine the classification of the Team in that sport.

2. Requests to Approve Agreements:

(a) Requests to approve Cooperative Sponsorship of a Sport agreements must be submitted by the requesting PIAA member schools to the applicable PIAA District Committee. Following consideration, the PIAA District Committee shall forward the request, together with its recommendation, to the PIAA Board of Directors for its consideration.

(b) For agreements between public schools within a single public school district, said requests for approval must include the approving resolution of the School Board having jurisdiction over the PIAA member schools. For all other PIAA member schools, said requests for approval must include the proposed agreement between the participating PIAA member

schools. The resolution or agreement, as applicable, must fully delineate the terms and conditions that pertain to the Cooperative Sponsorship of a Sport by the participating PIAA member schools, including at least the following:

- (1) Introduction and purpose of agreement.
- (2) Timeline for implementation.
- (3) Duration of agreement (must be for at least a two-year enrollment classification cycle).
- (4) Administrative responsibility, liability, and insurance.
- (5) Team name and uniforms.
- (6) Financial arrangements.
- (7) Staffing.
- (8) Operating procedures.
- (9) Facilities.
- (10) Transportation.

(c) Requests for approval of Cooperative Sponsorship of a Sport agreements, which **would not** affect the classification size of a Team, may be submitted at any time to the applicable PIAA District Committee.

(d) Requests for approval of Cooperative Sponsorship of a Sport agreements, which **would** affect the classification size of a Team, must be submitted on or before **September 15th** of any odd-numbered year to the applicable PIAA District Committee for its recommendation to the PIAA Board of Directors for that proposed agreement to be considered for approval for the immediately following two-year reclassification cycle.

(e) Requests for approval of Cooperative Sponsorship of a Sport agreements, which **would** affect the classification size of a Team, must be submitted by the applicable PIAA District Committee to the PIAA Board of Directors by **October 1st** of any odd-numbered year to be considered for approval for the immediately following two-year reclassification cycle.

(f) Decisions by the PIAA Board of Directors on all applications for approval of Cooperative Sponsorship of a Sport agreements, which **would** affect the classification size of a Team, will be made no later than its December meeting of any odd-numbered year for the next reclassification cycle.

3. Modification or Termination of Agreements:

(a) Procedure and Timing of Requests.

(1) Requests to modify or terminate a previously approved Cooperative Sponsorship of a Sport agreement must be submitted by the requesting PIAA member school to the applicable PIAA District Committee. Following consideration, the PIAA District Committee shall forward the request, together with its recommendation, to the PIAA Board of Directors for its consideration. The request must include a resolution of the School Board(s) and/or Board(s) having jurisdiction over the PIAA member schools approving such modification or termination.

(2) Such requests for modification or termination, which **would not** affect the classification size of a Team, may be submitted at any time to the applicable PIAA District.

(3) Such requests for modification or termination, which **would** affect the classification size of a Team, must be submitted on or before **September 15th** of any odd-numbered year to the applicable PIAA District Committee for its

recommendation to the PIAA Board of Directors to be considered for the immediately following two-year reclassification cycle.

(4) Such requests for modification or termination, which **would** affect the classification size of a Team, must be submitted by the applicable PIAA District Committee to the PIAA Board of Directors by **October 1st** of any odd-numbered year to be considered for the immediately following two-year reclassification cycle.

(5) Decisions by the PIAA Board of Directors on requests for modification or termination, which **would** affect the classification size of a Team, will be made no later than its December meeting of any odd-numbered year for the next reclassification cycle.

(6) Requests to modify or terminate the agreement must be initiated by all of the schools if the agreement has been in place for four years or less. Thereafter, any school to the agreement may submit a request to modify or terminate the agreement, subject to the applicable provisions set forth in subsection B3.

(b) Grounds for Termination.

(1) Agreements are for at least a two-year enrollment classification cycle.

(2) Agreements may be terminated by the PIAA Board of Directors prior to the expiration of a two-year enrollment classification cycle under the following conditions:

(a) Closing of one of the schools;

(b) If more than one of the schools' enrollment is greater than 300 (effective beginning the 2018-19 school year);

(c) Substantiated complaints from surrounding schools concerning recruiting by one of the participating PIAA member schools;

(d) Substantiated complaints from parents, School Boards, and/or students in one of the participating PIAA member schools; and/or

(e) Other valid reasons as determined by the PIAA Board of Directors.

(3) Agreements may be terminated by the PIAA Board of Directors, after a two-year enrollment classification cycle, upon request by **all parties** to the Agreement and the request is absent good cause for not doing so.

(4) Agreements may be terminated by the PIAA Board of Directors, after two, two-year enrollment classification cycles, upon request by **any participant** in the Agreement and the request is absent good cause for not doing so.

C. Effect of Termination of Cooperative Sponsorship of a Sport Agreement.

Any student whose own school does not sponsor a particular sport and who was a member of a Team during the season that a Cooperative Sponsorship of a Sport Agreement was in place may, upon termination of such agreement, and with the consent of the Principals of the schools to the agreement, continue to participate on such Team as if said agreement remains in effect. Such student, however, is not eligible to participate on the other school's Team if the student's own school then sponsors a Team in that sport.

As it is intended that this provision only permit a phase-out of a Cooperative Sponsorship of a Sport Agreement

without negative impact on those students who actually participated under the agreement when it was in place, and not to allow additional participation, should this provision be deemed by any court to be violative of the rights of any other student by denying that student the opportunity to participate on a Team sponsored by another school, this provision shall be stricken in its entirety and, upon termination of any Cooperative Sponsorship of a Sport Agreement, the students shall thereafter be permitted to participate in interscholastic athletics as if no Cooperative Sponsorship of a Sport Agreement had ever existed.

ARTICLE IV

CONSENT OF PARENT OR GUARDIAN

Section 1. Consent of Parent or Guardian Necessary Before Student Begins Practice.

Except as otherwise provided in this ARTICLE, a student is eligible to participate in Practices, Inter-School Practices, Scrimmages, and/or Contests in each sport only when there is on file with the student's Principal, or the Principal's designee, a certificate of consent, which is signed by the student's parent or guardian. The only valid certificate of consent is the PIAA Parent's/Guardian's Certificate.

Section 2. Emancipated Students.

A student who is determined by the student's school to be emancipated is eligible to participate in Practices, Inter-School Practices, Scrimmages, and/or Contests in each sport only when there is on file with the student's Principal the student's certification that (1) the student is familiar with the requirements of PIAA concerning the eligibility of students of PIAA member schools to participate in Inter-School Practices or Scrimmages and Contests involving PIAA member schools, including but not limited to requirements relating to age, amateur status, school attendance, health, Transfer from one school to another, seasons and out-of-season rules and regulations, semesters of attendance, seasons of sports participation, and academic performance; (2) the student has been informed by the Principal, Athletic Director, or the Coach concerning PIAA's Season and Out-of-Season Rules and Regulations as they apply to the involved sport; (3) the student consents to the release to PIAA of any portion of school record files of the student, beginning with the seventh grade, necessary to enable PIAA to determine whether the student is eligible to participate in interscholastic athletics involving PIAA member schools, specifically including, without limiting the generality of the foregoing, birth and age records, name and residence address of the student, academic work completed, grades received, and attendance data, and (4) the student consents to an emergency medical care provider to administer any emergency medical care deemed advisable to the welfare of the student while the student is practicing for or participating in Inter-School Practices or Scrimmages and Contests.

ARTICLE V

HEALTH

Preamble

Participation in interscholastic athletic competition is intended to develop and strengthen the body and character of the participant. Participation can also be, and often is expected to be, demanding and stressful. Participation in contact sports may further provide heightened exposure of the athlete to communicable diseases, illnesses, and/or injuries. While injuries are an inherent risk of any physical activity, and the avoidance of all illnesses not realistic, PIAA believes that the risk of such injuries and illnesses can be minimized through proper Coaching, training, and supervision. PIAA further believes that all students should have a thorough pre-participation physical evaluation, by an Authorized Medical Examiner, to ensure that there are present no obvious illnesses and/or injuries, which

would place the student or others of enhanced risk or injury through the student's participation in interscholastic athletics. PIAA believes that a review and re-certification of some students is necessary prior to their participation in their next sport season. Finally, the Principal has the authority to exclude any contestant who has suffered serious illness or injury until that contestant is pronounced physically fit by the school's licensed physician of medicine or osteopathic medicine, or if none is engaged or retained, by another licensed physician of medicine or osteopathic medicine.

Section 1. Comprehensive Initial Pre-Participation Physical Evaluation.

No student is eligible to participate in Practices, Inter-School Practices, Scrimmages and/or Contests unless the student has completed a comprehensive initial pre-participation physical evaluation ("CIPPE") performed by an Authorized Medical Examiner, and the Authorized Medical Examiner has completed the PIAA Comprehensive Initial Pre-Participation Physical Evaluation Form ("CIPPE Form").

Section 2. Certification.

By signing the PIAA CIPPE Form, the Authorized Medical Examiner certifies that the student is physically fit to commence Practice and participate in Inter-School Practices, Scrimmages and/or Contests in the sport(s) approved by the student's parent.

In certifying whether a student is physically fit to participate in Practices, Inter-School Practices, Scrimmages and Contests in a particular sport(s), the Authorized Medical Examiner (a) is expected to have or, if not already in possession of it, obtain, a working understanding of the physical requirements of the sport(s) in which the student is to Practice and participate; (b) should review a health history of the student; and (c) should perform a CIPPE appropriate for the sport(s) for which certification is being sought.

Section 3. Re-Certification.

Any student who (1) previously participated in PIAA interscholastic athletic competition pursuant to a CIPPE; and (2) is seeking to participate in Practices, Inter-School Practices, Scrimmages, and/or Contests in subsequent sport(s) in the same school year, must, not earlier than six weeks prior to the first Practice day of the next sports season, complete and turn in to that student's Principal the Re-Certification by Parent/Guardian part of the CIPPE Form. The Principal, or Principal's designee, of that student's school must review the Supplemental Health History of that student and, if any Supplemental Health History questions are either checked yes or circled, shall require that student to submit a completed Section 8, Re-Certification by Licensed Physician of Medicine or Osteopathic Medicine, to the Principal, or Principal's designee of that student's school prior to that student's additional participation in interscholastic athletics.

Section 4. Timing.

The CIPPE may not be authorized earlier than June 1st and is effective, regardless of when performed during a school year, until the next May 31st.

INTERPRETATION

December 29, 1959, as amended May 26 and July 22, 1982; July 22, 1983; July 19, 1996; April 6 and October 5, 2002; July 27, 2006; and July 25, 2008.

The minimum wrestling weight at which a student may wrestle must be certified to by an Authorized Medical Examiner no earlier than six weeks prior to the first Regular Season Contest day in that sport.

The minimum wrestling weight is to be recorded on the CIPPE Minimum Wrestling Weight form, which is placed on file with the student's Principal, or the Principal's designee.

**ARTICLE VI
TRANSFERS, RESIDENCE, AND RECRUITING**

Preamble

The purpose of this ARTICLE is to deter Transfers and/or recruiting which are materially motivated in some way by an athletic purpose.

PIAA and its member schools believe that interscholastic athletics has a valuable role in the overall development of students and is a useful character building tool. PIAA and its member schools believe further that, despite increasing societal pressures to elevate the role of competitive athletics in society and in the educational process, athletics should remain subservient to academics. Students who make decisions as to what school to attend based upon factors relating to athletics defeat this objective. Further, such decisions are detrimental to efforts to maintain competitive integrity and equity, to prevent athletic recruiting, and to instill school loyalty.

PIAA recognizes the difficulty in preventing Transfers which are materially motivated in some way by an athletic purpose. Experience has shown that students can often disguise athletically motivated Transfers and, in almost every situation, show at least some legitimate purposes for such Transfers. PIAA further recognizes that Regional Panels and District Committees, without subpoena powers or investigatory staffs, may not be able to consistently and effectively police athletically motivated Transfers. Further, efforts to measure how much of a factor athletics must play in a decision before it is considered improper is, while possible, also extremely difficult.

In light of the above stated important educational and organizational objectives, and the challenges presented in attempting to prevent athletically motivated Transfers, PIAA has adopted an approach that is intended to strongly discourage and deter students from transferring for athletic purposes. The Board of Directors recognizes that this approach may, on occasion, result in a presumption of ineligibility for students who may not have actually considered athletics as a factor in transferring, and may conversely not catch all students who actually considered athletics as a factor. Consequently, the following ARTICLE includes a provision which provides the Regional Panels and District Committees, within their respective jurisdictions, with the power, under appropriate circumstances, to change eligibility status to meet the objectives of this ARTICLE.

Section 1. Definition of Transfer.

A. General Definition. A Transfer occurs in any situation in which a student seeks eligibility to participate in interscholastic athletics at a school other than the one at which the student was either enrolled or otherwise eligible.

B. Summer Conduct by Student. Following the completion of a school year, a student may enroll at another school but not be deemed to have Transferred unless (1) the student Practices with a Team from another school; (2) the student attends at least one fall semester class at another school; and/or (3) the student, through the student's school has requested a determination of eligibility at another school and the applicable District Committee or Regional Panel has ruled on such request. Once a student Practices with another school's Team or attends a fall semester class at another school, the student will be considered to have Transferred to that school. A District Committee's or Regional Panel's determination of eligibility cannot be avoided by re-enrollment back at the prior school, which would be viewed as a new Transfer.

Section 2. Presumptive Eligibility.

Subject to Section 4C of this ARTICLE, a transferring student is presumed to be eligible if the student meets one of the following provisions:

A. Natural Break Transfer.

Promotion from a junior high/middle school to a senior high school is considered a Transfer between schools. A student, who has made a Natural Break Transfer and who has not previously participated on a different senior high school Team in any sport, is presumptively eligible immediately for interscholastic athletics.

B. Administrative Transfer.

For administrative, non-disciplinary purposes, the student has been transferred by executive action initiated by school administrative personnel to a PIAA member school within the same public school district or, if previously enrolled at a Catholic school, within the same Archdiocese or Diocese. An expulsion does not constitute an administrative Transfer under this subsection.

C. Change of Residence of Parent(s).

The student (1) has moved with and resides with the student's natural or, if legally adopted, the student's adoptive parents, or with either parent and (2) has transferred to a PIAA member school in the public school district in which the student now resides, or to a Private School.

Upon the separation of the student's natural or adoptive parents, the student has accompanied the parent departing from the family residence and resides with the departing parent in the public school district in which that parent establishes residence; and the student has transferred to a PIAA member school in the public school district in which the student now resides, or to a Private School.

A student whose natural or adoptive parents are separated, and who has more than one Transfer **between residences of separated parents** shall have the student's eligibility determined under Section 4 herein.

D. Change of Residence of Legal Guardian(s).

The student (1) has moved with and resides with legal guardian(s), appointed by order of a Court of Common Pleas; (2) has transferred to a PIAA member school in the public school district in which the student now resides, or to a Private School; and (3) the student's eligibility is approved by the Regional Panel or District Committee, within their respective jurisdictions. If the appointment of a legal guardian is pending, the student will be eligible when such eligibility is approved by the Regional Panel or District Committee.

E. Change of Residence of Foster Parent(s).

The student (1) has moved with and resides with foster parents, with the approval of the local child welfare organization; and (2) has transferred to a PIAA member school in the public school district in which the student now resides, or to a Private School.

F. School Closing.

The school where the student has attended is abolished.

G. Boarding School Student.

The student has enrolled at, and resides in housing provided by and on the campus owned by, a Private School. **NOTE:** This relates only to Transfers. Students who are placed by court order or as a result of disability must still meet the applicable requirements of ARTICLE III, ATTENDANCE, Section 1, Where Enrolled for Attendance, and Section 9, Students Placed by Court Order or as a Result of Disability, of the PIAA By-Laws.

H. Transfer From Court Assigned School.

Upon transferring from a school at which a student was placed pursuant to a court order, said student is presumptively eligible at (1) a public school in the district of residence of the student where the student would have otherwise attended but for the judicial assignment and, if different, (2) the school at which the student attended prior to placement pursuant to court order. If the student transfers to any other school, the student is presumptively ineligible in all sports played within one year prior

to transfer. Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 4 of this ARTICLE, said period of ineligibility will be lifted only if the student demonstrates by clear and convincing evidence that the decision to enroll at such school was not motivated by a desire to play for or with a particular student, school, Coach or Team.

Section 3. Ineligible Students.

A student not presumptively eligible under Section 2 of this ARTICLE is presumptively ineligible to participate in each sport in which the student participated within one year immediately preceding the date of the student's Transfer. The student is presumptively eligible in all other sports.

Section 4. Regional Panel or District Committee Review.

A. Certification of Principals.

Notwithstanding Section 3 of this ARTICLE, a Regional Panel or District Committee, within their respective jurisdictions, may grant eligibility where the Principal of the PIAA member school at which the student enrolls submits to the Regional Panel or District Committee a completed and properly executed PIAA Athletic Transfer Waiver Request Form, which includes:

1. A certification from the Principal of the PIAA member school to which the student transferred that (a) that school's Principal has interviewed the transferring student and the Director of Athletics for that Principal's school; (b) none of the twelve illustrations set forth in Section 4E or the thirteen illustrations set forth in Section 8B of this ARTICLE are applicable; (c) the information from the PIAA member school to which the student transferred, as set forth on the PIAA Athletic Transfer Waiver Request form, is true and correct; and (d) upon completion of the investigation, the PIAA member school's Principal believes that the Transfer was not materially motivated in some way by an athletic purpose.

2. A certification from the Principal of the school from which the student transferred that (a) that school's Principal has interviewed the Director of Athletics for that Principal's school and, if possible, the transferring student; (b) none of the twelve illustrations set forth in Section 4E or the thirteen illustrations set forth in Section 8B of this ARTICLE are applicable; (c) the information from the school from which the student transferred, as set forth on the PIAA Athletic Transfer Waiver Request form, is true and correct; and (d) upon completion of the investigation, the school's Principal believes that the Transfer was not materially motivated in some way by an athletic purpose.

B. Waiver of Ineligibility.

1. **General Waiver.** A student who is not otherwise eligible under Section 2 of this ARTICLE may, through the Principal of the school at which the student seeks eligibility, request that the Regional Panel or District Committee, within their respective jurisdictions, waive the period of ineligibility in all sports. Said waiver may not be granted if the Regional Panel or District Committee finds that there exists a reasonable likelihood that the Transfer was materially motivated in some way by an athletic purpose relating to all sports or if such determination would otherwise circumvent the purpose of this ARTICLE of deterring Transfers which are materially motivated in some way by an athletic purpose. If granted, eligibility is effective as of the date of Transfer.

2. **Partial Waiver.** A student who is not otherwise presumptively eligible under Section 2 of this ARTICLE may, through the Principal of the school at which the student seeks eligibility, also request that the Regional Panel or District Committee, within their respective jurisdictions, waive the period of ineligibility in those specific sports where the Transfer was not materially motivated in some way by an athletic purpose. Said waiver may not be granted if the Regional Panel or District

Committee finds that there exists a reasonable likelihood that the Transfer was materially motivated in some way by an athletic purpose relating to those sports or if such determination would otherwise circumvent the purpose of this ARTICLE of deterring Transfers which are materially motivated in some way by an athletic purpose. If granted, eligibility is effective as of the date of Transfer.

C. Review and Rescission of Presumptive Eligibility.

Notwithstanding Sections 2 and 3 of this ARTICLE, a Regional Panel or District Committee, within their respective jurisdictions, may, following a student's Transfer and upon request of the Principal of a PIAA member school, or on its own initiative, after giving notice to the student's school and an opportunity to be heard to the student and the student's school, (1) declare any transferring student ineligible to participate in each sport in which that student participated within a period of one year immediately preceding the date of Transfer, if the Committee finds that there exists a reasonable likelihood that the Transfer was materially motivated in some way by an athletic purpose or would otherwise circumvent the purpose of the ARTICLE of deterring Transfers which are materially motivated in some way by an athletic purpose; and/or (2) if a finding is specifically made that there exists a reasonable likelihood that the Transfer was materially motivated in some way by an athletic purpose relating to specific sports, declare that the student is ineligible to participate in those sports for one year from the date of Transfer, regardless of whether the student actually participated in those sports for the year preceding the date of Transfer.

D. Subsequent Transfer. A student who Transfers again during the one-year period of ineligibility remains ineligible, in the applicable sports, until the conclusion of that year.

E. Transfers which are motivated in some material way by an athletic purpose are those Transfers which would not have occurred but for a desire of the student or the student's family (1) to gain additional playing time; (2) to play for a particular school, Coach, or Team; (3) to avoid either playing for, or athletic sanctions imposed by, a particular school, Coach, or Team; and/or (4) to gain increased media or college exposure.

The following is an illustrative, but not exhaustive, list of situations which may indicate athletic purpose:

1. The student, or a parent or guardian, or an adult with whom the student resides, is dissatisfied with the student's position or the amount of playing time which the student receives.

2. The student, or a parent or guardian, or an adult with whom the student resides, has a problem with a Coach or school athletic administration at either a personal or professional level.

3. The student, or a parent or guardian, or an adult with whom the student resides, seeks relief from conflict with the philosophy or action of an administrator or teacher relating to sports.

4. The student, or a parent or guardian, or an adult with whom the student resides, seeks to avoid or nullify the effect of actions or anticipated actions by the previous school relating to sports eligibility.

5. Except as provided for under Section 5 of this ARTICLE, there is no Team in the particular sport at the school from which the student has transferred.

6. The student follows the student's Coach or other student-athletes to another school to which the Coach or athletes have transferred or seeks to play for a particular Coach or with a particular athlete due to a prior relationship with the Coach or athlete (such as through club or AAU participation) or because of the reputation of the Coach.

7. The student, or a parent or guardian, or an adult with whom the student resides, desires that the student play

on a less successful, smaller enrollment classification and/or lower profile Team in order to be ranked higher among the students on that Team.

8. The student, or a parent or guardian, or an adult with whom the student resides, desires that the student play on a more successful, larger enrollment classification and/or higher profile Team to gain a higher level of competition and/or more exposure to college scouts.

9. The student moves with one parent, one guardian, or one or more siblings, into a residence in the new public school district, especially where the student and/or the parent, guardian, or sibling returns to the family home in the evening and/or on weekends.

10. The student, or a parent or guardian, or an adult with whom the student resides, seeks out Athletic Personnel and/or student-athletes at the transferee school.

11. The student Transfers in the middle of a marking period and/or immediately before or after a sports season.

12. The student transfers immediately after being cut from a Team in a particular sport.

NOTE: A student who Transfers because of alleged bullying, harassment or other misconduct by (1) Coaches and/or other members of a sports Team and/or (2) if related to the student's participation in interscholastic athletics, by other students, is nevertheless considered to have transferred in some material way for an athletic purpose unless the student demonstrates that (1) the alleged misconduct is corroborated by evidence and/or testimony from persons unrelated to the student and/or the student's family; (2) the student timely sought assistance of appropriate school personnel to address such misconduct; and (3) the District Committee finds that such misconduct produced severe and unusual conditions which would have prevented a reasonable student under similar circumstances from receiving an appropriate education at the school. **All three (3) factors must be present for the District Committee to grant eligibility under this Section.**

Section 5. Transfers Following Expulsion or Anticipated Expulsion.

A student who is expelled from a school, or who withdraws pending likely expulsion, for conduct which, had the student been allowed to remain at the sending school, would likely have resulted in loss of the opportunity to participate in interscholastic athletics at that school is ineligible to participate in interscholastic athletics at the receiving school for a period of one year from the date of transfer or, if the student demonstrates by compelling evidence that the period of ineligibility at the sending school would have been less, for the demonstrated period of ineligibility at the sending school.

Where a school has prohibited a student from participating in interscholastic athletics at the school, the student shall be ineligible to participate in interscholastic athletics at any other PIAA member school for the shorter of (1) one year from the imposition of the school's prohibition, or (2) the period that the student would have been prohibited from participating at his/her school.

Section 6. Termination of Team(s) for Budgetary Reasons.

Notwithstanding any other provision under this ARTICLE, a student enrolled at, or who would have otherwise been promoted to, a PIAA member school which ceases, primarily for budgetary reasons, to sponsor one or more of its Teams (the "Terminating School") may Transfer to, and be eligible to participate in interscholastic athletics at, another PIAA member school (the "Receiving School") under the following conditions:

a. Within one year immediately preceding the date of Transfer, the student must have been a member of the Team which was subsequently terminated primarily for budgetary reasons, by the Terminating School or, if being

promoted, was a member of a Feeder School's Team in that sport;

b. The student, because of the termination of the Team primarily for budgetary reasons, Transfers to a public school or Private School located within the public school district of the student's residence or to such a school located in a contiguous public school district;

c. The student must submit to the District Committee of the student's residence a properly executed PIAA Member School Athletic Transfer Waiver Request Form specifying that the reason for the Transfer is the termination of the Team, primarily for budgetary reasons, by the Terminating School, accompanied by certification by the Terminating School's Principal confirming that (1) the Team was terminated; (2) the Team was terminated primarily for budgetary reasons; and (3) the student participated within one year immediately preceding the date of the student's Transfer on the terminated Team at the Terminating School or on one of its Feeder School Team's in that sport;

d. Upon receipt of the applicable Form and certifications, the District Committee shall provide confirmation to the student and the Receiving School's Principal that the student is eligible at the Receiving School in the sport which had been terminated primarily for budgetary reasons by the Terminating School;

e. A student desiring to play any other sports at the Receiving School must so indicate such intention upon submission of the PIAA Member School Athletic Transfer Waiver Request Form (a supplemental Form may be submitted later if the student does not know at the time of the initial submission whether the student will participate in additional sports at the Receiving School). The applicable District Committee may conduct an inquiry as to whether the student's Transfer was materially motivated in some way by an athletic purpose relating to that sport and, if it so finds, may declare the student ineligible to participate in sports other than the terminated sport for a period of one year immediately following the date of the student's Transfer. The student may, however, re-enroll at the Terminating School and remain eligible to participate in all sports at that school. Upon such re-enrollment, the student is not later entitled to eligibility under this Section should the student again Transfer for the same terminated sport.

f. Should the Terminating School reinstate the terminated sport in a future year, a student who has transferred is permitted to Transfer back to the Terminating School and shall, without further action, be automatically eligible to participate in all sports at the Terminating School.

Nothing in this Section shall be construed to require any PIAA member school to accept a student requesting to Transfer to that school.

This Section is not applicable where the Terminating School has entered into a Cooperative Sponsorship of a Sport Agreement with any other PIAA member school to permit participation by students at the Terminating School in the terminated sport.

Any PIAA member school, or affiliated personnel or persons, which in any way recruits students from a Terminating School is subject to the provisions of ARTICLE VI, TRANSFERS, RESIDENCE, AND RECRUITING, Section 7, Recruiting, of the PIAA By-Laws.

Section 7. Feeder Schools for Private Schools.

Any member Private senior high School may submit to PIAA a list designating its Feeder Schools. Such submission is necessary for the schools to be recognized as Feeder Schools for a particular school. The list of designated Feeder Schools must be signed and submitted by the Principal and must be

certified as correct (a) in the case of Catholic schools under either Archdiocesan or Diocesan jurisdiction, by the Archdiocesan or Diocesan Superintendent of Schools, or (b) in the case of other member Private senior high Schools, by the Superintendent or by the President of the Board having jurisdiction over the member Private senior high School. Upon any change in its list of Feeder Schools, that member Private senior high School must submit to PIAA a list of those changes, signed and certified in the same manner as is required for the original identification of its Feeder Schools. Upon submission, for purposes of the PIAA Constitution and By-Laws, this list shall constitute the schools in the member Private senior high School's "school district."

Where a Catholic junior high/middle School under either Archdiocesan or Diocesan jurisdiction disagrees with its being designated as a Feeder School for a particular member Private senior high School, or where such a school is designated as a Feeder School by multiple member Private senior high Schools, the designation(s) by the Archdiocesan or Diocesan Superintendent of Schools shall control. If any other Private junior high/middle School disagrees with it being designated as a Feeder School for a particular member Private senior high School, the Private junior high/middle School must so designate the member Private senior high School(s) for which it is a Feeder School and such designation shall control.

For the purpose of providing for participation at a member Private senior high School of seventh and eighth grade students enrolled at Feeder Schools of that member Private senior high School, such Feeder Schools may collectively apply for membership as a single Private junior high/middle School. In such instance, PIAA will recognize the Principal of that member Private senior high School as the Principal of the collective member Private junior high/middle School created for this purpose.

Section 8. Recruiting.

One of the purposes of this ARTICLE is to deter recruiting which is materially motivated in some way by an athletic purpose. Recruiting for athletic purposes is directly contrary to fundamental interests of PIAA and its member schools and any school engaged in such conduct should do so with the expectation that it will be treated harshly upon proof of such conduct. Recruiting which is materially motivated in some way by an athletic purpose is contrary to the fundamental objectives of (1) keeping athletics in their proper place and subordinate to academics; (2) protecting student-athletes from "exploitation" by adults and those having interests which might not be consistent with those of the student; and (3) maintaining competitive equity and a level playing field among PIAA member schools.

Recruiting which is materially motivated in some way by an athletic purpose is defined as efforts by a school, or any of its employees, agents, or representatives, to engage in, support, or condone conduct whereby a motivating factor is to seek out one or more athletes to attend a particular school; to promote a school's athletic program or personnel other than as part of the overall program at the school; and/or, to provide preferential treatment or attention to prospective enrollees who are athletes.

A. Upon a Regional Panel's or District Committee's, within their respective jurisdictions, receipt of:

either (1) a signed complaint from the Principal of a PIAA member school, or (2) otherwise credible information that (a) a representative of a school's Athletic Personnel, or any other person affiliated with the school, influenced, persuaded, or attempted to influence or persuade one or more students, or one or more parents or guardians of such student(s), or an adult with whom the student(s) reside, to Transfer to, or otherwise obtain athletic eligibility at, that school for the purpose of participating in athletics at that

school, or (b) the school, its Athletic Personnel and/or individuals affiliated with the school in other ways engaged in recruiting of students for an athletic purpose, the Regional Panel or District Committee must give notice to the school of such complaint or credible information and shall convene a hearing to consider whether any such individuals or the school, by itself or through its Athletic Personnel or other persons affiliated with the school, has engaged in recruiting of students for the purpose of participating in athletics.

B. The following is an illustrative, but not exhaustive, list of situations which may indicate recruiting which is materially motivated in some way by an athletic purpose:

1. Placing an advertisement in a newspaper or other literature directed toward prospective recruits touting the athletic successes of a school's Teams and/or students. **NOTE:** A comprehensive brochure or comparable piece of literature discussing all or most aspects of the school, including, but not focusing on, the athletic program, will not be deemed to constitute recruiting for an athletic purpose.

2. Providing a student-athlete of another school, including a lower level school, other than a Feeder School of that senior high school, with free transportation, tickets, or admissions to a Contest, unless such free transportation, tickets, or admissions are made available to all students, or to all students at the same school, or to all students in the same grade level at the same school. To promote interest in youth sports programs, member senior high schools may also provide free, or reduced-price, admission to Contests for all members of youth sports Teams, provided that public senior high schools make such offer only to Teams based within the geographic boundaries of their public school district and member Private senior high Schools make such offer only to Teams affiliated with that school's sponsoring entities or organization(s) or where at least 50% of the Team members attend a Feeder School for that member Private senior high School.

3. Using AAU or other amateur athletic Coaches to steer students to a particular school.

4. Offering, to an athlete, scholarships or financial aid that is not available to other students at the school.

5. Encouraging the parents or relatives of an athlete attending a school, other than a Feeder School of that senior high school, to influence the student to enroll at that school to play sports there.

6. Promising playing time or a position on a Team to a student.

7. Meeting with athletes of a school, other than a Feeder School of that member senior high school, individually or as a group, to encourage them to enroll at a particular school.

NOTE: This does not prohibit meeting with students who attend a school open house, which is open to all potential enrollees of that school. This also does not prohibit school personnel from visiting non-Feeder Schools of that member senior high school and speaking with entire classes, which may include athletes. The use of Athletic Personnel to engage in visits to non-Feeder Schools of a member senior high school is not prohibited but may be determined, following a hearing, to be recruiting for an athletic purpose if a focus of the appearance was on athletics, athletes, or promotion of the Athletic Personnel's role as a Coach or member or representative of the athletic department.

8. Providing transportation or other inducements to any prospective student-athlete to take a qualifying examination at a school or to meet with school officials, unless such opportunities are provided to all students at a particular school or grade level.

9. Athletic Personnel of a member senior high school directly, or through another person, encouraging a student or the parents of a student attending a school, other than a Feeder School of that member senior high school, to have the student enroll at the school of the Athletic Personnel. **NOTE:** This restriction does not prohibit school personnel from responding to purely student - or student family - initiated inquiries to the personnel about athletic programs at the school.

10. Providing any item with school advertisement (such as shirts, pennants, caps, jackets, etc.) unless such offer is made to all students of a particular school or class.

11. Athletic Personnel of a member senior high school attending a lower level school Contest and, immediately before, during, or after the Contest, speaking to or with the players from one or both Teams. The Athletic Personnel are, however, permitted to speak to or with players from a Feeder School of the Athletic Personnel's school. **NOTE:** This restriction does not prohibit Athletic Personnel from simply attending and observing any Contest nor does it prohibit Athletic Personnel from having contact with students on a Team, if the Athletic Personnel's son(s) and/or daughter(s) is (are) on that Team.

12. Participation by a student in non-school athletics (i.e. AAU, American Legion, club settings, etc.) on a Team that is affiliated with any school other than the school which the student attends, or attended the prior year, followed by a Transfer by that student to the affiliated school. A Team affiliated with a school is one that is organized by and/or coached by any member of the Coaching staff at, or any other person affiliated with, that school; and/or on which the majority of the members of the Team (participants in Practice and/or competition) are students who attend that school.

13. Organizing, leading, or participating in a sports camp or clinic or speaking at a sports banquet or function are not, by themselves, considered to be recruiting for an athletic purpose. However, if the Athletic Personnel involved in the camp, clinic, or speech use the opportunity to promote their own school, such effort may be deemed to constitute recruiting for an athletic purpose.

C. If the Regional Panel or District Committee, within their respective jurisdictions, finds that the school, a representative of the school's Athletic Personnel, or any other person, affiliated with the school, approached a student, or a parent or guardian of that student, or an adult with whom that student resides, and attempted to influence and/or influenced that student to Transfer to that school for the purpose of participating in athletics at that school, or otherwise engaged in recruiting which is materially motivated in some way by an athletic purpose, the offending school will be subject to any of the penalties described in ARTICLE XIII, PENALTIES, of the PIAA By-Laws.

D. Any person determined to have engaged in recruiting which is materially motivated in some way by an athletic purpose shall be disqualified from Coaching any athletic Teams of PIAA members for a period of at least one year.

INTERPRETATIONS

December 13, 2012.

A student who is determined to be eligible by a District Committee or Regional Panel under Section 4 of this ARTICLE retains eligibility unless and until such decision is reversed by the Board of Directors. Any Contests participated in by the student prior to reversal are not subject to forfeiture for use of an ineligible participant.

December 17, 2010.

For purposes of this ARTICLE, participation in a sport is deemed to include seasons of participation by both genders in

that sport. A student participating in girls' soccer, for example, is deemed to have also participated in boys' soccer for that school year. The following sports are subject to this Interpretation: basketball, bowling, cross country, golf, lacrosse, rifle, soccer, swimming and diving, tennis, track and field (indoor and outdoor), volleyball, and water polo.

January 29, 2010.

A student who remains in the student's present school after the student, the student's parent(s), legal guardian(s), or foster parent(s), as applicable, has changed residence to another public school district, retains eligibility at that school until such time as the student seeks eligibility to participate in interscholastic athletics at another school.

October 22, 1960; as amended January 31, 2004.

A student, who upon release from a correctional institution to which the student was assigned by the court, returns to the school of the student's home public school district, is eligible immediately.

December 2, 1983.

A student who Transfers to and attends a school upon the affidavit of a resident of the public school district is subject to ARTICLE VI to the same extent as any other student.

Section 1. April 1, 1950; as amended January 31, 2004.

A student who takes summer school courses is not considered to have transferred.

Section 1. December 28, 1966; as amended July 25, 2008.

A student enrolled on a full-time basis in a high school, who takes college courses on a part-time basis, is not considered to have transferred because of taking the college courses.

ARTICLE VII

FOREIGN EXCHANGE STUDENTS, INTERNATIONAL STUDENTS, AND FOREIGN STUDENTS

Section 1. Foreign Exchange Student.

A Foreign Exchange Student is a student who:

1. is in the United States (US) on a US Department of State-issued J-1 visa;
2. is a participant in a program that has been recognized by the US Department of State, and has been accepted for listing by the Council on Standards for International Educational Travel (CSIET);
3. is assigned to a host family by a method that ensures that no student, or the student's parents, school, or other interested party materially influences that assignment in some way for an athletic purpose;
4. is not selected or placed on any basis relating to the student's athletic abilities or interests;
5. does not reside with any member of the school's paid or voluntary Coaching staff, who Coaches a sport or sports in which the student will participate;
6. meets the requirements of ARTICLE I (the Age Rule), ARTICLE II (the Amateur Rule), and ARTICLE V (the Comprehensive Initial Pre-Participation Physical Evaluation [CIPPE] Rule) of the PIAA By-Laws; and
7. is in full-time attendance at a PIAA member school.

INTERPRETATION

Section 1. October 4, 2003.

A US Department of State-issued Certificate of Eligibility for Exchange Visitor (J-1) Status (DS-2019) is deemed to be the equivalent of a J-1 visa for Canadian nationals.

Section 2. International Student.

An International Student is a student who:

1. is in the United States (US) on a US Immigration and Naturalization Service-issued F-1 visa;
2. enters the US for reasons that are not materially motivated in some way by an athletic purpose;

3. does not reside with any member of the school's paid or voluntary Coaching staff, who Coaches a sport or sports in which the student will participate;

4. meets the requirements of ARTICLE I (the Age Rule), ARTICLE II (the Amateur Rule), and ARTICLE V (the Comprehensive Initial Pre-Participation Physical Evaluation [CIPPE] Rule) of the PIAA By-Laws; and

5. is in full-time attendance at a PIAA member school.

Section 3. Foreign Exchange Student/International Student Eligibility Agreement.

A Foreign Exchange Student or International Student becomes eligible for a period of one year at the PIAA member school which the student attends upon the determination of the PIAA District Committee having jurisdiction over that school that:

1. the student is a Foreign Exchange Student or International Student as defined above; and

2. the student and the host parents, on behalf of the student, have executed and submitted to the District Committee the official "PIAA Foreign Exchange Student/International Student Eligibility Agreement", and required accompanying documents (applicable visa and completed PIAA CIPPE Form), by which the student and the host parents, on behalf of the student, each agrees that the student's eligibility to participate in interscholastic athletics at any PIAA member school ends at the conclusion of the student's one-year of eligibility.

Section 4. Ineligible Students.

Notwithstanding any provision of ARTICLE VI, a student who receives one-year of eligibility under this ARTICLE VII shall thereafter be ineligible to participate in interscholastic athletics at that or any other PIAA member school.

Section 5. American Dependencies and Foreign Students.

A. American Dependencies.

Students from American Samoa, Guam, Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, and other dependencies of the United States, are neither Foreign Exchange Students nor International Students. Said students must meet all PIAA eligibility provisions.

B. Foreign Students.

A resident of a foreign country who Transfers to a PIAA member school but who does not meet the requirements in Section 1 or Section 2 above is considered a Foreign Student. The eligibility of Foreign Students shall be determined upon Transfer to a PIAA member school under ARTICLE VI, Section 4 of these By-Laws and the student must meet all other PIAA eligibility provisions.

ARTICLE VIII

PERIOD OF PARTICIPATION

Preamble

Generally, students are provided the opportunity to participate in interscholastic athletics for a four-year period which begins at the conclusion of their eighth grade year and ends four years later, regardless of whether the student advances academically or actually participates in interscholastic athletics during this period. The purposes of this limitation are as follows: (1) to provide basic equality of potential eligibility among athletes as each student is afforded the same basic number of semesters of potential athletic eligibility without regard to the number of years it takes the student to complete the high school curriculum; (2) to permit a greater number of students the opportunity to start and play interscholastic athletics; and (3) to discourage athletic red-shirting, the practice of holding students back in grades so that they will gain more experience, size, and ability before graduating from high school.

In light of the important purposes of this ARTICLE, and the fact that granting additional eligibility to students will almost always result in denial of playing opportunities for other students,

waivers of the Semester Rule are very sparingly granted and permitted only under the most exceptional of circumstances. Illnesses and injuries sustained which only affect a student's ability to participate in athletics will not be considered. This ARTICLE is not intended to authorize athletic red-shirts simply because a student is unable to participate in a season due to injury or illness, nor are waivers intended to reward illegal or improper conduct. **Students are limited to six seasons of participation beyond the sixth grade or four seasons of competition beyond the eighth grade.**

Section 1. Period of Participation.

A student may not represent the student's school in interscholastic athletics if the student has:

A. Reached the end of the student's fourth consecutive year (8th consecutive semester or the equivalent) beyond the 8th grade year, without regard to the student's period of attendance;

B. Participated in six seasons beyond the sixth grade or four seasons beyond the eighth grade in any sport; or

C. Completed the work of grades nine, ten, eleven and twelve, inclusive.

INTERPRETATION

Section 1C. February 8, 1991.

An individual who has received a G.E.D., who enrolls in school for the purpose of obtaining a high school diploma, and who returns that individual's G.E.D. to the G.E.D. Office, is eligible to participate in interscholastic athletics provided the student is eligible in all other respects.

Section 1. October 5, 2016.

The number of semesters to be counted under Section 1A is not triggered until the student enrolls in and attends 9th grade. The number of seasons to be counted under Section 1B is triggered at the beginning of the student's 7th grade year. In calculating semesters, as well as seasons played, under this Section, enrollment and participation at any school, not just a PIAA member school, are included in making such determinations.

Section 2. When a Student Participates in a Season.

A student is considered as representing the student's school during a particular season in a sport only **if the student has participated in a Contest in that sport.**

Section 3. Student Entering at Mid-Year.

A student who enters school in the second semester and plays two part seasons in the same sport in separate school years, shall be considered as playing the equivalent of one season.

Section 4. What Constitutes a Semester.

The first half of the total number of school days in a school term shall constitute the first semester; the second half shall constitute the second semester. Athletically, the first semester shall continue until such time as the second semester actually begins.

Section 5. Continuing Eligibility.

A student who has used all remaining eligibility may retain eligibility for any portion of that athletic schedule not completed by the end of the semester in which the student was eligible, provided the student is eligible in all other respects.

INTERPRETATION

Section 5. May 21, 1981.

A student who graduates from high school prior to completion of the athletic season of a sport in which the student is participating remains eligible in that sport for any portion of its athletic season not completed by the time of the student's graduation, provided the student is eligible in all other respects.

Section 6. Waiver of Sections 1A and/or 1B.

A waiver of Section 1B may not be considered by the District Committee unless that District Committee has waived Section 1A. Section 1C may not be waived by a District Committee.

A. Illness or Injury: The District Committee may waive Sections 1A and/or 1B in cases of illness and/or injury which caused at least 60 days of absence from school during the school year, which, because of such absences, was subsequently repeated, or 45 days of absence from school during the semester, which, because of such absences, was subsequently repeated. A waiver of Section 1B may be granted if the student participated in no more than 25% of the maximum number of Regular Season Contests in the sport during the school year or semester, which was subsequently repeated. No more than two semesters and/or one season in the sport may be waived by the District Committee.

B. Severe and Unusual Personal Hardship: The District Committee may waive Sections 1A and/or 1B in cases where a student demonstrates that the student repeated a school year or semester for a reason beyond the student's control, which produced severe and unusual environmental, social, and/or emotional conditions which, in turn created a debilitating personal non-athletic hardship which would have prevented a reasonable student under similar circumstances from satisfactorily completing a school year or semester. No more than two semesters and/or one season in the sport may be waived by the District Committee. In considering a request pursuant to this provision, the District Committee shall apply the following:

1. A waiver of Section 1B may not be granted under this provision unless the student participated in no more than 25% of the maximum number of Regular Season Contests in the sport during the school year or semester, which was subsequently repeated.

2. A repeat of a school year or semester to remedy academic credit deficiencies and/or failures is not, by itself, considered grounds for a waiver under this provision. However, severe and unusual debilitating external circumstances beyond the student's control which can be demonstrated to have caused the academic credit deficiencies and/or failures may be considered if the student demonstrates that the student, and the student's family, exercised objectively reasonable efforts during the school year or semester, which was subsequently repeated, to address the academic credit deficiencies and/or failures.

3. A medical, emotional, and/or psychological condition diagnosed based on observations and information obtained subsequent to the repeated school year or semester will not be considered as a basis for a waiver unless the student and/or the student's family, during the school year or semester, which was subsequently repeated, took reasonable steps based on the knowledge possessed by them during that period to seek out appropriate diagnosis and medical treatment for the condition.

4. A waiver may not be granted if there is any evidence of athletic red-shirting, as defined in the Preamble to this ARTICLE.

5. A waiver may not be granted where the repeat of a school year or semester is the result of a voluntary action by a family, even if the decision is for otherwise sound personal or academic reasons, such as to allow the student to mature or improve academically.

6. In situations where a student asserts that the repeat of a school year or semester was the result of a psychological or emotional condition, the District Committee may consider the severity of the condition in relation to the

student population in general to assess whether the condition is severe, unusual, and debilitating.

7. Economic difficulty and/or residence in a single parent home are, by themselves, unfortunate but not of such an unusual nature in today's society as to support a waiver of this provision.

8. Upon a student's Transfer to another school, the recommendation or insistence of the Receiving School that the student repeat the previous school year is not grounds for a waiver if the student would have advanced to the next grade had the student remained at the student's previous school.

C. A waiver may not be granted under this ARTICLE if the repeat of the school year or semester results from illegal conduct on the part of the student, or conduct that resulted in expulsion. Notwithstanding the previous sentence, a District Committee may grant a waiver to a student who repeated a school year or semester due to the student's admission to and confinement in a substance abuse treatment facility, provided that such admission was voluntary and without the student having been so admitted pursuant to a criminal conviction, adjudication, or court order. This exception is intended to encourage recognition and voluntary treatment of serious substance abuse problems.

D. The District Committee may waive Section 1A in cases where a student, as part of a program that has been recognized by the US Department of State and has been accepted for listing by the Council on Standards for International Educational Travel (CSIET), attended a school in a foreign country which did not offer an interscholastic athletic program.

NOTE: So that the District Committee may make a timely and informed decision, it is requested that the Principal notify the District Committee whenever a situation dictates a possible request for additional eligibility.

E. Waiver to Participate at the Junior Varsity Level of Competition. The District Committee may grant a limited waiver of Sections 1A and/or 1B to permit a Student With A Disability to participate at the Junior Varsity level of competition following an individualized assessment of the student's condition in relation to the purposes of this ARTICLE and the potential impact of participation by the student on opponents and teammates if the District Committee concludes that:

1. the student suffers from a physical, mental, or emotional disability which has been recognized by, and certified to by, a treating physician or psychiatrist;

2. the student has a current Individualized Education Plan (IEP) or a Chapter 15 Service Agreement relating to the certified to disability, at the student's school;

3. the student would likely not, due to the student's physical size, athletic ability, and/or other characteristics, pose an increased risk of harm to opponents; and

4. the student is otherwise eligible under these By-Laws.

INTERPRETATION**Section 6. March 21, 2013.**

The Maximum Number of Regular Season Contests, as used in this Section, refers to the specific number set forth for each sport in Tables I, II and III of these By-Laws. Participation by a student at any levels (varsity, junior varsity, etc., or any combination thereof) is included in calculating whether the student participated in at least 25% of the identified Maximum Number of Regular Season Contests.

Section 7. Yearly Season Limitation.

To promote participation by a broader number of students and to encourage participation by a student in a variety of sports, a student may participate only in one (1) season in each sport during each school year.

INTERPRETATIONS**March 20, 1965; as amended July 24, 2009.**

Except as provided in ARTICLE XII, ATHLETIC RELATIONS, Section 1B and ARTICLE XIV, COACHES, Section 2, What Constitutes Coaching, of the PIAA By-Laws, no person who has graduated or withdrawn from high school is eligible to participate in Practices, Inter-School Practices, Scrimmages, and/or Contests.

April 1, 1950; as amended January 31, 2004; and July 25, 2008.

A student who takes summer school courses is not considered to have used a semester of eligibility.

Sections 1A and 6A. April 14, 1984.

Pregnancy shall be treated as an illness if a physician certifies, in writing, that the student was unable to attend school as a result of pregnancy.

Section 5. May 21, 1981.

A student who graduates from high school prior to completion of the athletic season of a sport in which the student is participating remains eligible in that sport for any portion of its athletic season not completed by the time of the student's graduation, provided the student is eligible in all other respects.

NOTE: This modifies the Interpretation of March 20, 1965.

This penalty may be modified by the District Committee upon proof by the student of lack of culpability by the student, that the participation was encouraged, arranged, and/or facilitated by a Coach of the student and that student's school has taken appropriate disciplinary action acceptable to the District Committee against those adults responsible for the participation.

Contests are not considered to be all-star Contests, and participation will not result in a loss of eligibility, if (1) the Contest is not advertised or promoted as an all-star Contest; (2) the Contest is open to all students or to all students in the same grade level or students are selected to participate based upon try-outs or a uniform standard of qualification (such as certified minimum times for a swimming or track event); and (3) students participating in such Contests do not represent their school in the Contests and do not wear any school-affiliated uniform and/or apparel in the Contests.

INTERPRETATION**Section 2. May 12, 2001.**

The loss of eligibility in a sport under ARTICLE IX, Section 2, does not affect those students who have previously exhausted their eligibility in that sport at the time the loss of eligibility provided in ARTICLE IX, Section 2, would otherwise occur. This relates almost exclusively to seniors.

**ARTICLE IX
REPRESENTATION****Preamble**

Interscholastic athletic competition is an extension of the classroom and an educational activity that provides outstanding opportunities within a school setting. Through participation in such education based programs, young people learn values and skills that help prepare them for the future. To that end, the purposes of this ARTICLE are as follows: 1) to promote uniform standards in all interscholastic competition for student-athletes and Teams representing PIAA member schools; (2) to encourage interscholastic participation by student-athletes and Teams throughout the defined season; and (3) to discourage outside participation in a sport to the detriment of interscholastic participation.

Section 1. Eligibility of Students who Participated in a Collegiate Scrimmage or Contest.

No person who has participated in an athletic competition with or against a team sponsored by a college is eligible to participate in an interscholastic Inter-School Practice, Scrimmage, and/or Contest in that sport. Students do not lose eligibility to participate in an interscholastic Inter-School Practice, Scrimmage, and/or Contest in a sport if they, on an individual basis and as a private citizen, enter and participate in an athletic competition which is open to all persons, including collegiate athletes.

Section 2. All-Star Contests.

All-star Contests are those Contests in which students participate as individuals and not as members of their school Teams, and (1) the Contests are advertised or promoted as all-star Contests, and/or (2) the students selected to participate are chosen based upon reputation of the athletes or recommendation and/or referral by other persons. Such all-star Contests are not viewed with favor by PIAA as they promote certain participants to the detriment of others and they tend to arbitrarily and subjectively reward students for performance, both of which are contrary to the objectives of cultivating good sportsmanship and preventing unfair competitive advantages to participants. Therefore, students participating in Contests which are advertised or promoted as all-star Contests and/or in which students are selected based upon reputation of the athletes and/or recommendation or referral by other persons are ineligible to participate in interscholastic athletics in the involved sport(s) for a period of up to one year from the date of such participation.

Section 3. Multiple Teams at Same Level of Competition.

If a PIAA member school sponsors more than one Team in a sport at the same level (varsity, junior varsity, or otherwise) of competition, a student is eligible to participate on only one of those Teams in any season. A student may transfer from a Team at one level of competition to a Team at another level of competition but, after the first Regular Season Contest in that sport, may not transfer, either directly or by means of an intermediate transfer between levels of competition, from one Team to another at the same level of competition.

A PIAA member school is not prohibited from temporarily dividing one or more of its Teams into parts, such as (1) to permit participation of members of the Team in a Regular Season Contest or Tournament while the remainder of the Team participates in another Regular Season Contest or Tournament on the same day, or (2) to enter two Teams in the same Regular Season Tournament. Such participation by the temporarily divided Team constitutes two separate Regular Season Contests or Tournaments and counts against the maximum permitted number of Regular Season Contests for that Team.

Section 4. Eligibility of Teams and Multiple Individuals for Championship Contests.

A PIAA member school which does not sponsor during the Regular Season a Team which participates in at least 50% of the maximum permitted number of Regular Season Contests in a sport is ineligible to enter a Team in that sport in the District or Inter-District Championship Contests, to receive a Team score in that sport in District or Inter-District Championship Contests, and to enter in that sport in the District or Inter-District Championship Contests any Athletic Event which requires the participation of more than one individual, including but not limited to relay Teams and doubles tennis Teams.

This provision is waived if (1) the school scheduled at least 50% of the maximum permitted number of Regular Season Contests in a sport; and (2) the Team ultimately participated in at least 33.3% of the maximum permitted number of Regular Season Contests in a sport.

Section 5. Eligibility of Students for Championship Contests.

A student who participates as an individual or as a member of a Team in a sport in an athletic program other than that of the student's school, who is enrolled or otherwise eligible at a school having a Team in that sport, is ineligible to participate in the

District or Inter-District Championship Contests in that sport unless the student has been in uniform and available to participate as a member of the student's school Team in that sport for at least 75% of the Contests occurring within the period of time beginning with that Team's first Regular Season Contest and ending with its last Regular Season Contest. Where the failure to meet the 75% requirement results, in part, from reasons other than participation on the non-school Team, the Principal may waive such absences, provided that the student was otherwise in uniform and available to participate in at least 50% of the total number of the Team's Regular Season Contests.

With regard to Practices for the period of time beginning with the Team's first Contest and ending with its last Contest of the Regular Season, the Principal of each school must determine whether Practice in the athletic program other than that of the student's school meets the Practice requirements of that school. If it does not, the student is ineligible to participate in the District or Inter-District Championship Contests in that sport.

ARTICLE X CURRICULUM Preamble

PIAA is an organization consisting entirely of schools. Academics, therefore, shall always be a priority and demonstration of satisfactory academic performance is an essential and mandatory prerequisite to student eligibility to participate in interscholastic athletics. As set forth in this ARTICLE, students not meeting core academic requirements are not eligible until they can correct those deficiencies.

Section 1.

To be eligible for interscholastic athletic competition, a student must pursue a curriculum defined and approved by the Principal as a full-time curriculum. Where required, this curriculum or its equivalent must be approved by, and conform to, the regulations of the State Board of Education and the Pennsylvania School Code, as well as any local policies established by the local School Board. The student must be passing at least four full-credit subjects, or the equivalent. Eligibility is cumulative from the beginning of a grading period, must be reported on a weekly basis, and must be filed in the Principal's office. Where a student's cumulative work from the beginning of the grading period does not as of any Friday meet the standards provided for in this Section, the student is ineligible from the immediately following Sunday through the Saturday immediately following the next Friday as of which the student's cumulative work from the beginning of the grading period meets the standards provided for in this Section. Where a school is closed on a Friday for any reason, the Principal may, at the Principal's election, determine whether the student as of that day meets the standards provided for in this Section.

Section 2.

To be eligible for interscholastic athletics, a student must have passed at least four full-credit subjects, or the equivalent, during the previous grading period, except as provided in Section 5.

Back work may be made up, providing it is in accordance with the regular rules of the school.

INTERPRETATIONS

Sections 1 and 2. October 6, 2001.

Whenever students spend approximately double the amount of time in class under "block" scheduling in comparison to "traditional" scheduling, a credit that a student is carrying under "block" scheduling would be the equivalent of two credits under "traditional" scheduling in determining athletic academic eligibility, except when eligibility is determined by final credits at the end of the school year.

Section 2. July 22, 1982; as amended December 7, 1985.

A student who has passed subjects which, in the aggregate, total at least four credits has passed the equivalent of four full-credit subjects.

Section 2. July 21, 1983; as amended December 7, 1985; and May 11, 2002.

ARTICLE X, Section 2 sets only the minimum academic standards for interscholastic athletic eligibility. Since the standards are minimum ones (passing "at least" four full-credit subjects), PIAA member schools may adopt higher or more stringent academic standards, but may not have lower academic standards.

Section 3.

In cases where a student's work in any preceding grading period does not meet the standards provided for in Section 2, said student is ineligible to participate in interscholastic athletics for at least fifteen (15) school days of the next grading period where the school has four (4) grading periods per school year, or for at least ten (10) school days of the next grading period where the school has six (6) grading periods per school year, beginning on the first day report cards are issued, except as provided in Section 5.

Section 4. New Students Must Meet Eligibility Requirements On Curriculum.

Students who are enrolled for the first time must comply with the requirements of the curriculum rules. The standing required for the preceding week, the preceding grading period or the preceding year shall be obtained from the records of the last school which the student has attended.

Section 5. Use of Final Credits at End of School Year.

At the end of the school year, the student's final credits in the student's subjects rather than the student's credits for the last grading period shall be used to determine the student's eligibility for the next grading period.

Section 6. Students With Disabilities.

Because PIAA is an educationally-based organization, achievement by all students, including those with disabilities, of the minimum academic standards set forth in this ARTICLE, is a fundamental prerequisite to athletic eligibility and these standards may not be waived except under the most limited of circumstances. Students with disabilities should work with their schools to obtain appropriate accommodations which allow them opportunities to meet the standards. If, despite accommodations provided by the school, a student is still unable to meet the requirements, a District Committee may, after an individualized assessment, grant limited relief by substituting alternative standards appropriate for a unique situation. Such relief may be granted only if the student demonstrates that:

- (1) the student suffers from a physical, mental, or emotional disability which has been recognized by, and certified to by, a treating physician or psychiatrist;
- (2) the certified to disability has had a direct and significant negative impact on the student's academic performance,
- (3) the student has a current Individualized Education Plan (IEP) or a Chapter 15 Service Agreement relating to the certified to disability, at the student's school;
- (4) the student was meeting the requirements of the student's IEP,
- (5) the student made demonstrable and diligent efforts to take advantage of available opportunities to meet the minimum academic requirements of this ARTICLE;
- (6) the student was still unable to meet the minimum academic requirements of this ARTICLE; and
- (7) the form of accommodation requested by the student is reasonable in that it would preserve the purposes, intent and expectations of the standards,

A student attending a Private School must meet each of the criteria in this Section, excepting that the Committee may consider, in lieu of an IEP, a defined plan adopted by the school which identifies and addresses the student's disability needs, and which is, in most respects, comparable to an IEP.

INTERPRETATION

December 7, 1985; as amended May 11, 2002.

Students whose work does not meet the standards provided for in ARTICLE X, who attend summer school and correct their deficiencies, are eligible.

ARTICLE XI ASSUMED NAME

A student who participates in an Inter-School Practice, Scrimmage, or Contest in a sport under a name other than the student's own is ineligible to participate in that sport for up to one year from the date of such participation under an assumed name. This penalty may be modified by the PIAA District Committee upon proof by the student of a lack of culpability by the student, that such participation was encouraged, arranged, and/or facilitated by a Coach of the student, and that the student's school has taken appropriate disciplinary action acceptable to the PIAA Board of Directors against those adults responsible for such participation.

Additionally, any person encouraging, facilitating, and/or assisting a student to participate in an Inter-School Practice, Scrimmage, and/or Contest in a sport under a name other than the student's own is, if the student does indeed so participate under an assumed name and regardless of discipline imposed by the school on said individual, ineligible to Coach any Team in that sport at any PIAA member school for up to one year from the date of such participation by the student under an assumed name.

ARTICLE XII ATHLETIC RELATIONS

Section 1. Teams which PIAA Member Schools may Play.

A. No Inter-School Practice, Scrimmage, or Contest may be played with a Team not sponsored and controlled by a public school or Private School nor any school not belonging to PIAA, unless the non-PIAA member school's eligibility rules for school, Team, and contestants meet the requirements of PIAA.

All Contests must be played pursuant to ARTICLE XVIII, Official Rules for Sports. This requirement does not apply to Contests played outside of Pennsylvania where the opponent school is not a member of PIAA.

B. Regular Season Scrimmages and/or Contests with alumni, where authorized by the school, are permitted in all sports except in Football and Wrestling. Such Scrimmages and/or Contests count against the maximum permitted number of Regular Season Inter-School Practices, Scrimmages, and/or Contests in the applicable sport.

INTERPRETATIONS

Section 1A. May 11, 2002.

Where it is deemed necessary by the respective School Boards, and/or Boards having jurisdiction over the schools, for students and/or Teams from different schools to share facilities at the same time, those students and/or Teams are not considered to be engaging in a Contest, Scrimmage, or Inter-School Practice so long as the students and/or Teams do not interact by competing against or Practicing with each other.

Section 1A. July 27, 2006; as amended October 8, 2010.

PIAA member senior high schools may participate in Inter-School Practices, Scrimmages, and/or Contests against non-PIAA member senior high schools that (1) are in good standing with their respective National Federation of State High School Association (NFHS)-member state high school associations and (2) have on their Teams' rosters junior high or middle school

students enrolled in the 7th and/or 8th grades. However, PIAA member senior high schools are not permitted to use students enrolled in the 7th and/or 8th grades on their Teams in such Inter-School Practices, Scrimmages, and/or Contests, unless otherwise authorized under these By-Laws.

Section 1B. July 24, 2009.

Except as provided in ARTICLE XII, ATHLETIC RELATIONS, Section 1B and ARTICLE XIV, COACHES, Section 2, What Constitutes Coaching, of the PIAA By-Laws, no person who has graduated or withdrawn from high school is eligible to participate in Practices, Inter-School Practices, Scrimmages, and/or Contests.

Section 2. Practices, Inter-School Practices, Scrimmages, and Contests Limited to Six Days Per Calendar Week During Preseason and Regular Season.

No Team, no individual member or members of such Team, and no individual representing any PIAA member school, may Practice or participate in an Inter-School Practice, Scrimmage, Contest, and/or Open Gym on more than six days in any Calendar Week during the Preseason and Regular Season.

Section 3. Requirements of Written Contract.

Except where scheduling is done by or pursuant to the authority of the District Committee, all schools must enter into either paper or electronic contracts for all Contests in which they participate. All contracts must be on the official contract form entitled "Contract for Contests Under PIAA Rules", or an equivalent electronic version thereof. Where the opponent is not a member of PIAA, the school must also enter into a supplement to either a paper or an electronic contract on the official form entitled "Supplement to Contract for Contests Under PIAA Rules Involving Non-PIAA Member Schools", or an equivalent electronic version thereof. Disputes arising from oral agreements will not be considered by PIAA.

Section 4. Contracts of Suspended/Withdrawn School Null and Void.

A. Contracts with Suspended School.

The suspension of a school from PIAA renders its contracts with PIAA member schools null and void for PIAA purposes.

B. Contracts with Withdrawn School.

The legal withdrawal of a school from PIAA, approved by the PIAA Board of Directors, shall render its contracts with PIAA member schools null and void for PIAA purposes.

INTERPRETATION

Section 4B. May 21, 1948.

The membership of a school in PIAA terminates when the school ceases to exist and, as a result, the contracts of the school with other schools then become null and void for PIAA purposes.

Section 5. Failure to Participate in Contest.

PIAA member schools develop their own Regular Season schedules in each sport through their own scheduling, joining local leagues, conferences and/or schedules prepared by a District Committee. Consent to accept such a schedule commits the school to participate in Contests as scheduled. Absent good cause shown, and as more fully discussed below, a voluntary forfeiture of any Contest subjects that school to penalties under ARTICLE XIII of the By-Laws.

Additionally, no PIAA member school is required to enter District or Inter-District Championship Tournaments. Entry and participation in such tournaments is voluntary and entry signifies that the member school accepts the fact that the District Committee (for District Tournaments) and the PIAA Executive Director, or the Executive Director's designee (for Inter-District Tournaments), has the right to schedule and make changes in the date of Contests, location of Contests, management, operation, and schedule of the tournaments. Absent good cause

shown, and as more fully discussed below, a voluntary forfeiture of any Contest or withdrawal from the tournament may subject that school to penalties under ARTICLE XIII of the By-Laws.

A. Failure to Participate In Scheduled or Contracted Contest.

If a Team fails to participate in a Contest which it has agreed or been scheduled to play or otherwise fails to fulfill any of the material terms of a contract for Contest, the breaching school may (except by written mutual consent or due to the suspension of one of the schools) be subject to any of the penalties described in ARTICLE XIII, Sections 2 through 7, of the PIAA By-Laws.

If a Team fails to participate in any Regular Season or Post Season Contest scheduled by a District Committee, the offending school may except by written mutual consent and the permission of the District Committee or its authorized designee, or due to the suspension of one of the schools) be subject to any of the penalties described in ARTICLE XIII, Sections 2 through 7, of the PIAA By-Laws.

If a Team enters a PIAA Inter-District Tournament but fails to participate in any Contest scheduled by PIAA for that tournament, the offending school may (except by written mutual consent and the permission of the PIAA Executive Director or his/her authorized designee, or due to the suspension of one of the schools) be subject to any of the penalties described in ARTICLE XIII, Sections 2 through 7, of the PIAA By-Laws.

B. Temporary Closure of School.

A school which is closed may participate during the period the school is closed, at the discretion of the local School Board or Board having jurisdiction over the school.

Normal Practice sessions are permitted if the local School Board or Board having jurisdiction over the school permits such action. Normal Practice sessions may not exceed that which would be normal if the school were in session.

Contests scheduled during the period of closing may be rescheduled by mutual agreement of the affected schools. In such cases, the rescheduled Contest must be in conformity with the rules and regulations of the local School Board or Board having jurisdiction over the schools and PIAA.

Inability to reschedule the Contest shall result in a forfeiture by the closed school.

NOTE: Please refer also to ARTICLE XVI, SEASON AND OUT-OF-SEASON RULES AND REGULATIONS, October 5, 1994, as amended January 29, 2005 Interpretation; and "Procedures During Strikes" in the Policies and Procedures Section of the PIAA Handbook.

C. Disbandment of Team.

If the failure to play a Contest as scheduled is due to the disbandment of a Team by the Principal, forfeiture of the Contest may or may not be imposed, provided that the Principal immediately notifies the PIAA Board of Directors, the District Committee, and the Principals of such schools as the school's Team is scheduled to play, stating the reason for disbandment.

D. Inclement Weather.

If the failure to play a Regular Season Contest is due to inclement weather, the schools shall attempt in good faith to reschedule the Contest. If unable to do so, neither Team shall be required to forfeit the Contest.

If the failure to play a District or Inter-District Contest is due to inclement weather, the PIAA Policy Relating to Inclement Weather During District and/or Inter-District Championship Tournaments shall apply.

Section 6. Failure to Agree Upon Officials for Contests.

If the schools fail to agree upon the officials fifteen days prior to the date of the Contest, it is the duty of the Principals of the two schools to notify the District Chairman of such failure. The District Chairman shall then appoint the officials for the

Contest, and the fees of the said officials shall be borne by the schools as originally provided in their mutual contract or otherwise. If the Contest is scheduled between schools located in different Districts, the Executive Director of PIAA shall appoint the officials.

**ARTICLE XIII
PENALTIES
Preamble**

As a guiding principle, a penalty imposed by PIAA should be broad and severe if the violation or violations reflect a general disregard for the PIAA Constitution, By-Laws, Policies and Procedures, and/or Rules and Regulations; in those instances where the violation or violations are isolated and of relative insignificance, then the penalty should be more specific and limited. Previous violations of the PIAA Constitution, By-Laws, Policies and Procedures, and/or Rules and Regulations are a contributing factor in determining the degree of penalty.

All PIAA member schools are required to cooperate fully with PIAA District Committees, Regional Panels, and/or the PIAA Board of Directors, within their respective jurisdictions, to further the objectives of PIAA and to investigate incidents relating to disciplinary matters and application of the PIAA Constitution, By-Laws, Policies and Procedures, and/or Rules and Regulations. All PIAA member schools must make available, upon request by the District Committee, Regional Panel, and/or the Board of Directors, documents relating to a particular incident and must further make available for questioning Principals, Athletic Directors, Coaches, student-athletes, and other school and/or Team personnel whose testimony may be desired by the District Committee, Regional Panel, and/or the Board of Directors.

Section 1. Expulsion.

A school that has been expelled from membership in PIAA may not apply for readmission for a period of three (3) school years following expulsion. Thereafter, and upon demonstration to the satisfaction of the PIAA Board of Directors that the reasons for expulsion have been remedied, the expelled school may be readmitted to membership.

A school may be expelled:

A. If the Principal is not responsible for the control of interscholastic athletics in the PIAA member school.

B. If it refuses to abide by the decisions of the District Committee, Regional Panel, or the Board of Directors, within their respective jurisdictions.

Section 2. Suspension.

Suspension may consist of suspension of a school from membership in PIAA, or suspension of one or more of a school's Teams from interscholastic athletic competition with PIAA member schools.

A school or its Team(s) may be suspended:

A. For breach of contracts with other schools.

B. For playing a suspended school.

C. For persistent breach of contracts with Contest officials.

D. For knowingly using an ineligible Coach and/or contestant.

E. For neglecting to provide reasonable safeguards for the protection of Contest officials and visiting Teams.

F. For flagrant violation of the Constitution, By-Laws, Policies and Procedures, and/or Rules and Regulations of PIAA.

G. When the conduct of its administration, faculty, Coaches, Teams, students, or Team followers is unsportsmanlike and results in actions which are detrimental to individual, school, and/or public welfare and/or which are prejudicial to the purpose of PIAA.

H. For refusal or failure to abide by the decisions of the District Committee, Regional Panel, or the Board of Directors, within their respective jurisdictions.

I. For violation of terms of probation imposed by the District Committee, Regional Panel, or the Board of Directors, within their respective jurisdictions.

A suspension may be for a defined period of time or may be indefinite. If the suspension is for an indefinite period of time, the District Committee, Regional Panel, or the Board of Directors, within their respective jurisdictions, may also impose conditions which must be met prior to the lifting of the suspension and the suspended school must apply to the body imposing the suspension to lift the suspension.

Section 3. Forfeiture of Contests.

A. Mandatory Forfeiture.

To remedy any possible harm to opponents from participation by an ineligible student or Coach, and to remove any incentive for such participation, a school is required to forfeit all Contests in which an ineligible student participated and/or an ineligible Coach coached on behalf of the school, regardless of whether the ineligibility was known at the time of participation and/or Coaching or discovered later. The burden of ensuring that a student is eligible to participate and/or a Coach is eligible to Coach rests entirely on the student, Coach, and Principal of the school. For a Coach, participation in a Contest, after which the Coach is disqualified, includes any contact by the Coach with members of the Team, including other Coaches, between a reasonable time after the Coach is disqualified and the conclusion of the Contest.

B. Discretionary Forfeiture.

A school may be required to forfeit a Contest for flagrant misconduct and/or other violations of the Constitution and/or By-Laws of PIAA.

C Effect of Forfeiture on District Championship Title.

If a forfeiture of a District Championship occurs, that title shall be vacant for that year unless the forfeiture is determined prior to the first Inter-District Championship Contest, in which instance the runner-up shall be declared District Champion.

D. Effect of Forfeiture During Postseason.

If a Team required to forfeit a Postseason Contest has won a Contest:

1. during the District Championship Tournament, the Team most recently defeated by the forfeiting Team shall be invited to replace the forfeiting Team in the next round of the District Championship Tournament;
2. following the District Championship Tournament but before the start of the Inter-District Championship Tournament, each Team in the District otherwise finishing below the forfeiting Team will improve its seeding by one;
3. during the Inter-District Championship Tournament, other than the final Inter-District Championship Contest, the Team most recently defeated by the forfeiting Team will be invited to replace the forfeiting Team in the next round of the Inter-District Championship Tournament; or
4. following the final Inter-District Championship Contest, the championship in that sport will remain vacant for that year.

In circumstances (1), (2), and (3) above, should the invited Team decline to participate, the District Chairman or Executive Director of PIAA, as appropriate, has discretion as to whether to invite the next possible qualifying Team or provide for a bye in the schedule.

Section 4. Suspension of Athletic Relations.

Two schools may be required to suspend athletic relations when relationships between the schools have been so contentious and unsportsmanlike as to jeopardize school and public welfare.

Section 5. Forfeiture of Championship Rights.

A school may be required to forfeit championship rights for flagrant misconduct and/or any violation of the Constitution, By-

Laws, Policies and Procedures, and/or Rules and Regulations of PIAA, for participating in a non-approved or a disapproved Tournament in a sport, or in lieu of penalties which could be imposed under Sections 1 and/or 2 of this ARTICLE.

Section 6. Public Censure.

In addition to, or in lieu of, such other discretionary penalties as provided by the By-Laws, a school and/or the individual(s) responsible for the violation(s) may be publicly censured.

Public censure is intended to manifest strong disapproval of the actions which led to the imposition of this penalty, and is effected through its inclusion in the decision letter.

Section 7. Probation.

In addition to, or in lieu of, such other discretionary penalties as provided by these By-Laws, a school may be placed on probation.

Probation is an intermediate penalty which may be imposed:

1. upon a finding of a violation of the Constitution, By-Laws, Policies and Procedures, and/or Rules and Regulations of PIAA,
2. to ensure that steps are taken by schools to minimize the risk of future violations by a school of the Constitution, By-Laws, Policies and Procedures, and/or Rules and Regulations of PIAA, and/or
3. to address deficiencies in administrative oversight of the interscholastic athletic program or particular Team at a school.

If probation is imposed, it must be for a specified period of time of not less than one year.

The District Committee, Regional Panel, and/or the Board of Directors may identify conditions that a school must satisfy during a probationary period. Such conditions shall be designed on a case-by-case basis to focus on the school's administrative weaknesses detected in the case and must include, but not be limited to, written reports from the school pertaining to areas of concern to the District Committee, Regional Panel, and/or Board of Directors. Conditions of probation may focus on a particular Team. If the school placed on probation fails to satisfy one or more conditions of probation, the District Committee, Regional Panel, and/or Board of Directors may reconsider the penalties in the case and may extend the term of probation and/or impose additional applicable penalties on the school and/or a particular Team.

Section 8. Disqualification From Next Contest(s).

A. General Rule.

1. Mandatory Disqualification. Any Coach and/or contestant who, while Coaching or competing for a PIAA member school, is ejected from a Contest by a state high school association recognized and/or registered official in that sport for unsportsmanlike conduct or flagrant misconduct is disqualified from Coaching and/or participating for the remainder of the day and in all Contests on the next Contest day of the same level (varsity, junior varsity, or otherwise) of competition from which the Coach and/or contestant was previously disqualified. For a Coach, participation in the next Contest includes any contact by the Coach with members of the Team, including other Coaches, between the time that the Team arrives at the Contest site and the conclusion of the last Contest of the day. The Principal must direct the Coach not to attend all of the Contest(s).

2. Discretionary Disqualification. Upon the finding by a PIAA-Appointed Tournament Director, Contest Manager, District Committee, Regional Panel, or, if the conduct occurred in an Inter-District Contest, by the Executive Director or Board of Directors, within their respective jurisdictions, that a student-athlete, Coach, and/or Team, while Coaching or competing for a PIAA member school,

engaged in flagrant misconduct or unsportsmanlike conduct/behavior during the medal/award ceremony and while on the premises where a Contest is conducted, said student-athletes, Coaches, and/or Teams may be disqualified from participation in the next scheduled Contest following said determination or any other penalties as determined under ARTICLE XIII.

B. Disqualification From Last Contest of a Season.

Any Coach and/or contestant ejected from the last Contest(s) in that sport in a sport season is disqualified from Coaching and/or participating in the first Contest(s) in that sport in the subsequent sport season, at the same level (varsity, junior varsity, or otherwise) of competition, at any PIAA member school or, if the Coach and/or student changes levels of competition, such as from junior varsity to varsity, the first Contest(s) in that sport.

C. Reporting of Disqualification.

The official must file a report with the PIAA Office on the form prescribed for the sport involved, within twenty-four (24) hours following the completion of the Contest in which the ejection occurred. Failure to file such report does not affect the validity or consequences of the ejection.

D. Reinstatements Following Disqualification.

Decisions of a Contest official to disqualify a Coach and/or students are not subject to reinstatement of eligibility. The only exceptions to this rule are as follows:

1. Misidentification of a person: The person intended by the Contest official to be disqualified was not the one actually disqualified. This exception will not be considered without input from the Contest official.

2. Misapplication of a rule: The Contest official erred in applying a Contest rule such that a Coach and/or contestant was disqualified under a playing rule that is not applicable to that sport or which did not provide for disqualification. The judgment of the official regarding the conduct of the Coach and/or contestant may not be challenged and will not result in a reinstatement.

Reinstatement requests following misidentification of a person and/or misapplication of a rule must be submitted to, and resolved by, the Executive Director. Such reinstatement requests will be considered only if they are brought to the attention of the Executive Director in sufficient time to permit reasonable consideration prior to the next Contest. Such reinstatement requests may be denied for lack of timely submission of adequate evidence. The Executive Director's decision may not be appealed.

Section 9. Violations by Individuals.

A. Rectifying Action by School.

If it is determined that a school's administration, faculty, Coaches, Teams, students, or Team followers engaged in flagrant misconduct and/or conduct which violates one or more provisions of the Constitution, By-Laws, Policies and Procedures, and/or Rules and Regulations of PIAA, and/or misconduct which is contrary to the purposes of PIAA, that school may be directed by its District Committee, Regional Panel, or, if the conduct occurred in an Inter-District Contest, by the Executive Director or Board of Directors, within their respective jurisdictions, to impose appropriate discipline upon such persons or to take other rectifying action for such conduct.

PIAA may require the school to take specified rectifying action and/or to impose specified appropriate discipline upon such persons as a condition for not imposing penalties upon the school for flagrant misconduct and/or violations of the Constitution, By-Laws, Policies and Procedures, and/or Rules and Regulations by the individuals enumerated in this Section.

The failure of a school to impose such directed discipline or to take directed rectifying action may subject that school to the penalties set forth in Sections 1 through 7 of this ARTICLE.

B. Punching, Striking, Biting, or Kicking by Contestant or Coach.

1. A student-athlete who, immediately prior to, during, or immediately after a Contest, recklessly or with ill will or an intent to harm, punches (striking with a closed fist), strikes, bites, or kicks a contestant, Coach, an official, or any other person attending the Contest; may be disqualified in that sport by the Regional Panel or District Committee, within their respective jurisdictions: (1) if the act was reckless, for a period of time up to and including the remainder of that sport's season and, if the incident occurs with 1/3 or less of that sport's Regular Season remaining, for a period of time up to and including one half of the following season in the same sport, or (2) if the action was a punch or was with ill will or an intent to harm, for a period of up to one year from the date of the incident leading to the disqualification or the date of the Regional Panel or District Committee hearing.

If such conduct occurs immediately before, during, or immediately after an Inter-District Championship Contest, the Board of Directors may disqualify the student for the remainder of the Postseason and, (1) if the conduct was reckless, for a period of time up to and including one half of the following season in the same sport; and (2) if the conduct was a punch or was with ill will or an intent to harm, for a period of up to one year from the date of the incident leading to the disqualification or the date of the Board of Directors' hearing.

Where the punching, striking, biting, or kicking results in injury to another competitor, the student engaging in such conduct may further be disqualified until the injured person is able to return to competition. For purposes of this Section, an injury occurs whenever the conduct results in (1) the struck contestant, Coach, or official being unable to further participate in that Contest or one or more subsequent Contests because of the contact; and/or (2) the struck person obtaining post-Contest medical treatment because of the contact.

2. A Coach who, immediately prior to, during, or immediately after a Contest, intentionally strikes, bites, or kicks a contestant, Coach, an official, or any other person in attendance at the Contest, or who punches a contestant, Coach, an official, or any other person in attendance at the Contest, shall be disqualified by the Regional Panel or District Committee, within their respective jurisdictions, (or Board of Directors if the incident occurred at an Inter-District Contest) for a period of not less than one year from the date of either the incident leading to the suspension or the date of the hearing to consider the matter.

Section 10. Fairness to Opponents.

If a student or Coach who is ineligible under the Constitution, By-Laws, Policies and Procedures, and/or Rules and Regulations of PIAA is permitted to participate in or Coach interscholastic competition contrary to such PIAA Constitution, By-Laws, Policies and Procedures, and/or Rules and Regulations, but in accordance with the terms of a court restraining order or injunction against PIAA and/or the student's or Coach's school, and said injunction is reversed, voluntarily vacated or stayed, or it is finally determined by the courts that injunctive relief is not or was not justified, the Regional Panel or District Committee, within their respective jurisdictions, may, upon notice to the affected student(s) or Coach(es) and school and an opportunity for them to be heard, and in the interest of fairness to competing schools, take one or more of the following actions:

(a) Require that Team victories achieved during participation or Coaching by such ineligible student(s) or Coach(es) be abrogated and the Contests forfeited. This action should be taken as a matter of course and should be rejected by the Regional Panel or District Committee only in unusual and exceptional circumstances;

(b) Require that individual records and performances achieved during participation by such ineligible student(s) be vacated or stricken;

(c) Require that Team records and performances achieved during participation by such ineligible student(s) or Coach(es) be vacated or stricken;

(d) Require that individual awards earned during participation by such ineligible student(s) be returned to PIAA, the sponsor, or the competing school sponsoring same;

(e) Require that Team awards earned or achieved during participation by such ineligible student(s) or Coach(es) be returned to PIAA, the sponsor, or the competing school sponsoring same;

(f) Determine that the school is ineligible for one or more PIAA District and/or Inter-District Championships in the sports and in the seasons in which such ineligible student(s) participated or Coach(es) coached;

(g) Determine that the school is ineligible for invitational and Postseason meets and Tournaments in the sports and in the seasons in which such ineligible student(s) participated or Coach(es) coached; and/or

(h) Determine that students' or Coaches' period of ineligibility is extended for a period of time equivalent to that during which the injunction was in place. If this action is available and taken, the other remedies identified in subsections (a) through (g) above may not be applied.

INTERPRETATIONS

October 29, 1945, as amended October 3, 2008.

A Regional Panel or District Committee, within their respective jurisdictions, has the power to suspend a school where the school fails to provide police protection for spectators, officials and competitors.

Sections 3 and 10. May 21, 1987; as amended January 30, 2009.

In sports in which individual events or matches are conducted, use of an ineligible contestant in any event or match will result in forfeiture of that event or match by that student and of the entire Contest by the Team of which the ineligible contestant is a member. Eligible students from all involved Teams, who won their individual events or matches, will not be required to forfeit their individual victories. Additionally, in all Contests, statistics for individual contestants, other than that of the ineligible contestant(s), will not be affected. All statistics of the forfeiting contestant(s) will be voided.

ARTICLE XIV COACHES

Section 1. Who may Coach.

A. A Coach is a person (including volunteer high school alumni, professional athletes, and citizens of the community) engaged, either for an entire season or any part thereof, by a school to provide Coaching to a Team. PIAA does not impose any requirements or limitations on the retention or hiring of paid or volunteer Coaches in either public or Private Schools.

B. Neither the Public School Code nor the Regulations of the Pennsylvania Department of Education (PDE) currently place restrictions on the hiring or qualification of persons employed as Coaches in public schools. Upon satisfactory compliance with applicable laws relating to completion of required background checks, schools may engage as Coaches any persons who meet their local criteria.

C. To encourage the hiring of individuals who have knowledge of the skills needed to Coach interscholastic sports, all coaches engaged by a PIAA member school, are required to successfully complete the National Federation of State High School Association (NFHS) Core Courses, or American Sport Education Program (ASEP) comparable courses, or course equivalents, effective July 1, 2016. All coaches must complete this requirement with two-years of the effective date. All newly engaged coaches must complete this requirement within two-years of their date of engagement.

Section 2. What Constitutes Coaching.

Coaching is the provision of instruction, training, conditioning, and/or direction to a Team, for the purpose of developing athletic abilities and skills. In furtherance of their responsibilities, and consistent with applicable standards and practices relating to safety in individual sports, Coaches may participate as they deem necessary and appropriate in Practices and may provide sideline Coaching assistance in Inter-School Practices, Scrimmages, and Contests.

INTERPRETATION

Section 2. July 24, 2009.

Except as provided in ARTICLE XII, ATHLETIC RELATIONS, Section 1B and ARTICLE XIV, COACHES, Section 2, What Constitutes Coaching, of the PIAA By-Law, no person who has graduated or withdrawn from high school is eligible to participate in Practices, Inter-School Practices, Scrimmages, and/or Contests.

Section 3. Mandatory Rules Interpretation Meeting.

The head Coach of the Coaching staff of each PIAA member senior high school Team must attend at least one PIAA mandatory rules interpretation meeting each year for each boys' sport and each girls' sport coached by that staff. The Principal of a PIAA member senior high school may appoint a representative of the Coaching staff to attend said annual mandatory rules interpretation meeting if the head Coach of the Coaching staff in the sport has not yet been designated by the school.

A PIAA member senior high school that fails to have the head Coach of its Coaching staff, or an appointed representative of the head Coach of the Coaching staff, attend a minimum of one PIAA mandatory rules interpretation meeting each year for each boys' sport and for each girls' sport offered by the school, and in which a PIAA mandatory rules interpretation meeting is offered, must pay a fine of \$100.00 for non-attendance. Payment of said fine must be made to PIAA within 30 days of notification from PIAA that the head Coach or representative of the head Coach of the Coaching staff, if the head Coach of the Coaching staff in the sport has not been designated by the school, failed to attend the annual mandatory rules interpretation meeting. If the fine is not paid within 30 days of notification, the PIAA member school will automatically be placed on probation in all sports and will automatically forfeit the right to compete in District and Inter-District Championship Contests in all sports until such time as the fine is paid.

PIAA recommends that the head Coach of the Coaching staff of each PIAA member junior high/middle school attend at least one PIAA mandatory rules interpretation meeting each year for each boys' sport and for each girls' sport coached by that staff. If the head Coach of the Coaching staff for a junior/middle school in a particular sport does not attend the annual mandatory rules interpretation meeting, that head Coach is required to meet with the respective senior high school head Coach or appointed representative in that sport for the purpose of obtaining all of the information that was presented at the annual mandatory rules interpretation meeting.

INTERPRETATION**Section 3. December 8, 1984; as amended May 21, 1997.**

The period of probation and forfeiture of the right to compete in District and Inter-District Championship Contests as a result of failure to pay the fine within 30 days of notification will be in force until such time as the fine is paid.

**ARTICLE XV
OFFICIALS****Section 1. Sports Officials Must Be Registered With PIAA.**

All sports officials, in all Contests participated in by a member school of PIAA, shall be persons who are (1) registered, (2) on active status and (3) in good standing with PIAA.

NOTE: Section 1 does not apply to Contests played outside of Pennsylvania.

Section 2. How Persons May Become PIAA Officials.

To become a PIAA-registered official in any sport, the applicant must meet the qualifications and requirements and pass such examination as may be required by the PIAA Board of Directors.

Section 3. Background Certifications. Because PIAA-registered officials are independent contractors to schools whose Contests they officiate, the officials are required to comply with the requirements for background certification as set forth in the Public School Code and the Child Protective Services Law, as follows:

a. **New Applicants.** All applicants to become PIAA-registered sports officials upon successful completion of the respective sports examination must obtain, and submit to PIAA, valid (obtained within the past year) copies of the following:

(1) a report of criminal history record information from the Pennsylvania State Police or a statement from the Pennsylvania State Police that the State Police central repository contains no such information relating to that person;

(2) a certification from the Pennsylvania Department of Human Services as to whether the applicant is named in the Statewide database as the alleged perpetrator in a pending child abuse investigation or as the perpetrator of a founded report or an indicated report; and

(3) a report of Federal criminal history record information. To obtain this report, the applicant must submit a full set of fingerprints to the Pennsylvania State Police for the purpose of a record check. Those fingerprints will be submitted to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for the purpose of verifying the identity of the applicant and obtaining a current record of any criminal arrests and convictions.

Expenses for obtaining and submitting said reports shall be borne by the registered sports official. PIAA is not permitted to accept certifications which were obtained for volunteering purposes under Section 6344.2 (relating to volunteers having contact with children).

b. **Currently Registered Officials.** All current PIAA-registered officials **must have** submitted to PIAA the certifications identified in subsection A of this Section. The failure to submit such certifications shall result in suspension of registration until the certifications are submitted.

c. **Recertifications.** Every sixty months, all PIAA-registered officials must renew and submit to PIAA the certifications identified in this Section.

d. Rejection Of Applicants Based Upon Information Disclosed In Certifications.

PIAA shall reject the application of a person who is named in the Statewide database as a perpetrator of a founded report committed within the five year-period immediately preceding submission of the certification.

PIAA shall reject the application of a person who has been convicted of, or who has pled guilty or no contest to, any of the offenses identified at the time of violation in 24 P.S. § 1-111(e), or an equivalent offense under the current or former laws of the United States or one of its territories or possessions, another state, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico or a foreign nation, or a former law of this Commonwealth, **and any other felony**, unless a period of at least ten years has elapsed from the date of expiration of the sentence for the offense.

The application of any individual who, more than ten years prior to submission of the application, was convicted of, or who pled guilty or no contest to, an offense listed at the time of application in 24 P.S. § 1-111(e), or an equivalent offense under the current or former laws of the United States or one of its territories or possessions, another state, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico or a foreign nation, or a former law of this Commonwealth, shall be reviewed by the PIAA Executive Director. In considering whether to accept said application, the Executive Director shall consider the nature of the offense and whether the applicant poses a danger specifically to school students or is otherwise unsuitable for registration as an official. This factor is most paramount as to an applicant convicted of a sexual offense, especially an offense (especially one which would trigger registration under Megan's Law) involving sexual, physical or verbal abuse against a child. Other factors to be considered by the Executive Director include the following:

- The time period that has elapsed since the offense;
- Whether the offense was an isolated single event or was repeated;
- The presence or absence of a subsequent criminal history;
- Whether the offense bears a relationship to interscholastic athletics;
- Whether the person was involved in interscholastic sports when the crime occurred;
- Whether the conduct occurred on the property of a school or relating to sports; and
- **Whether the PIAA Director of Legal Affairs has certified that he or she believes that the refusal to accept the application would likely be inconsistent with the applicant's constitutional rights.**

PIAA shall reject the application of any person convicted of, or who pled guilty or no contest to, any other misdemeanor of the first degree under Pennsylvania law, or an equivalent offense under the current or former laws of the United States or one of its territories or possessions, another state, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico or a foreign nation, or a former law of this Commonwealth unless a period of five years has elapsed from the date of expiration of the sentence for the offense.

PIAA shall reject the application of any person convicted of, or who pled guilty or no contest to, more than one misdemeanor offense relating to driving under the influence of alcohol or a controlled substance unless a period of three years has elapsed from the date of expiration of the sentence for the most recent offense.

The application of any person may be rejected by the Executive Director if the applicant has (1) been convicted of, or pled guilty or no contest to, forgery, fraud, embezzlement, perjury, and/or another offense which relates to or calls into question the character, integrity, honesty or veracity of the applicant, or (2) engaged in conduct which is inconsistent with the purposes, ideals and principles of PIAA or which relates to or which calls into question their character, integrity, honesty or veracity.

The decision of the Executive Director to reject an application may be appealed by the applicant to the PIAA Board of Directors.

e. Removal Of Currently Registered Officials Based Upon Information Disclosed In Certifications. See Section 7 below.

Section 4. Duty to Report Offenses.

Any registered sports official who has been charged with an alleged felony or misdemeanor shall so notify the Executive Director of such charges by completing the form developed by the Pennsylvania Department of Education, a copy of which is published on the PIAA Web site at www.piaa.org.

Section 5. Requirement of a Written Contract.

All PIAA member schools shall enter into either paper or electronic contracts on the official contract form entitled "Contract for Officials Under PIAA Rules", or an equivalent electronic version thereof, with all registered sports officials retained by the schools or assigned by an assignor. Registered sports officials are independent contractors and therefore, are NOT employees of PIAA, the school, or the assignor. Disputes arising from oral agreements will not be considered by PIAA.

INTERPRETATION

Section 5. October 6, 2011.

Use by PIAA member schools, including member schools and organized groups of member schools utilizing the services of assignors, of online electronic assignment programs shall meet the requirements of entry of contracts under this provision, provided that all critical terms relating to said contracts are communicated to the PIAA-registered sports officials and the sports officials engage in affirmative acts accepting the assignments.

Section 6. Violation or Cancellation of Sports Official's Contract by a PIAA Member School.

If a PIAA member school violates or cancels a contract with an official, the District Committee or the Board of Directors, within their respective jurisdictions, may require a school so violating or so canceling to pay to the offended official the fee or fees for the Contest or Contests which have been provided in the official contract. The failure of a PIAA member school to live up to the terms of the contract is considered a violation of the Constitution and By-Laws of PIAA.

Section 7. Removal of Registered Sports Officials.

A. Mandatory Removal.

(1) Founded Report in the Statewide Database: The Executive Director shall remove from the list of registered sports officials any person who is named in the Statewide database as a perpetrator of a founded report committed within the five year-period immediately preceding submission of the certification required under Section 3 of this Article or who is added to said database in such capacity subsequent to submission of the certification.

(2) Felony violations: The Executive Director shall remove from the list of registered sports officials any person convicted of, or who pled guilty or no contest to, a felony offense under the Controlled Substance, Drug, Device and Cosmetic Act or any of the offenses identified at the time of violation in 24 P.S. § 1-111(e), or an equivalent offense under the current or former laws of the United States or one of its territories or possessions, another state, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico or a foreign nation, or a former law of this Commonwealth, **or any other felony**, unless a period of ten years has elapsed from the date of expiration of the sentence for the offense.

(3) Felony violations occurring more than ten years before removal: Any currently registered official who, more than ten years prior to submission of the application, was convicted of, or who pled guilty or no contest to, an offense listed at the time of

application in 24 P.S. § 1-111(e), or an equivalent offense under the current or former laws of the United States or one of its territories or possessions, another state, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico or a foreign nation, or a former law of this Commonwealth, shall have the circumstances of said conviction(s) reviewed by the PIAA Executive Director. In considering whether to remove the official from the list of registered officials, the Executive Director shall consider the nature of the offense and whether the applicant poses a danger specifically to school students or is otherwise unsuitable for registration as an official. This factor is most paramount as to an applicant convicted of a sexual offense, especially an offense (especially one which would trigger registration under Megan's Law) involving sexual, physical or verbal abuse against a child. Other factors to be considered by the Executive Director include the following:

- The time period that has elapsed since the offense;
- Whether the offense was an isolated single event or was repeated;
- The presence or absence of a subsequent criminal history;
- Whether the offense bears a relationship to interscholastic athletics;
- Whether the person was involved in interscholastic sports when the crime occurred;
- Whether the conduct occurred on the property of a school or relating to sports; and
- **Whether the PIAA Director of Legal Affairs has certified that he or she believes that the removal would likely be inconsistent with the official's constitutional rights.**

(4) First degree misdemeanor violations: The Executive Director shall remove from the list of registered sports officials any person convicted of, or who pled guilty or no contest to, any other misdemeanor of the first degree under Pennsylvania law, or an equivalent offense under the current or former laws of the United States or one of its territories or possessions, another state, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico or a foreign nation, or a former law of this Commonwealth, unless a period of five years has elapsed from the date of expiration of the sentence for the offense.

(5) DUI and Controlled Substance offenses: The Executive Director shall remove from the list of registered sports officials any person convicted of, or who pled guilty or no contest to, more than one misdemeanor offense relating to driving under the influence of alcohol or a controlled substance unless a period of at least three years has elapsed from the date of expiration of the sentence for the most recent offense.

The decision of the Executive Director to remove an official from the list of registered sport officials may be appealed by the official to the PIAA Board of Directors.

(6) Reinstatement: Any sports official removed from the list of registered sports officials under this subsection A may reapply for registration upon expiration of the period identified therein. Reinstatement may be solely within the discretion of the Executive Director and, in any event, shall not be granted unless the removed sports official (1) meets all of the qualifications and requirements then in place and (2) passes such examination(s) as then may be required by the Board of Directors. In granting reinstatement, the Executive Director may place the official on probation for a defined period of time and under conditions deemed appropriate by the Executive Director.

In considering reinstatement of any individual convicted of, or who has pled guilty or no contest to, any felony or misdemeanor, the Executive Director shall consider the nature of the offense and whether the applicant poses a danger specifically to school students or is otherwise unsuitable for

registration as an official. This factor is most paramount as to an applicant convicted of a sexual offense, especially an offense (especially one which would trigger registration under Megan's Law) involving sexual, physical or verbal abuse against a child. Other factors to be considered in making the decision include the following:

- The time period that has elapsed since the offense.
- Whether the offense was an isolated single event or was repeated.
- The presence or absence of a subsequent criminal history.
- Whether the offense bears a relationship to interscholastic athletics.
- Whether the person was involved in interscholastic sports when the crime occurred.
- Whether the conduct occurred on the property of a school or relating to sports.
- **Whether the PIAA Director of Legal Affairs has certified that he or she believes that the refusal to accept the application would likely be inconsistent with the applicant's constitutional rights.**

B. Discretionary Removal.

(1) Removal: The Board of Directors may remove from the list of registered sports officials any person:

1. Whom the Board of Directors has determined to have been biased and/or consistently incompetent or unfair in the official's decisions in Contests, or
2. Whose conduct on or off the competition surface is inconsistent with the purposes, ideals and/or principles of PIAA or which otherwise renders the official unfit to act as a registered sports official, or
3. Who is convicted, **pled guilty or no contest to**, forgery, fraud, embezzlement, perjury, and/or another offense which relates to or calls into question the character, integrity, honesty or veracity of the official, or
4. Who has been removed for misconduct by a national amateur or professional athletic organization or a state high school association that recognizes and/or registers sports officials, or
5. Who, while under suspension herein, engages in conduct defined in Section 8 below that would be additional grounds for suspension.

(2) Reinstatement: Any sports official removed from the list of registered sports officials under this subsection B may reapply for registration after no less than five school years have passed from such removal. Reinstatement is solely within the discretion of the Board of Directors and, in any event, shall not be granted unless the removed sports official (1) meets all of the qualifications and requirements then in place, (2) passes such examination(s) as then may be required by the Board of Directors, and (3), at a hearing before the Board of Directors, demonstrates, by clear and convincing evidence, that the reason(s) for removal have been satisfactorily addressed and that the official currently possesses the character, integrity, moral fitness, and competence to be registered. In granting reinstatement, the Board of Directors may place the official on probation for a defined period of time and under conditions deemed appropriate by the Board of Directors.

Section 8. Suspension.

The Board of Directors authorizes the Executive Director to suspend from the list of registered sports officials, for a period determined to be appropriate by the Executive Director, in the applicable sport(s), any person:

- A.** Who repeatedly violates or cancels contracts with PIAA member schools or repeatedly alters proposed contracts without the consent of the other contracting party, or
 - B.** Who is charged with any felony of the first, second, or third degree or misdemeanor of the first degree, or
 - C.** **Who engages** in conduct which is inconsistent with purposes, ideals and/or principles of PIAA or which is otherwise detrimental to the welfare of PIAA, its members, student-athletes, and/or other registered sports officials, or
 - D.** Who fails to cooperate with PIAA in any investigation, or
 - E.** Whose conduct on or off the competition surface is not conducive to the best interests and/or purposes of PIAA, or
 - F.** Who fails to comply with PIAA regulations pertaining to sports officials, and/or with decisions of the Executive Director or Board of Directors relating to the official, or
 - G.** Who has been suspended for misconduct by a national amateur or professional athletic organization or a state high school association that recognizes and/or registers sports officials, or
 - H.** Who, while on probation herein, engages in conduct defined in Section 9 below that would be additional grounds for probation, or
 - I.** Who has been determined to have been biased and/or palpably unfair in decisions in a Contest, or
 - J.** Who repeatedly fails to file with the PIAA Office, within twenty-four (24) hours following the completion of the Contest, a report of disqualification of a Coach and/or contestant under ARTICLE XIII, PENALTIES, Section 8, Disqualification from Next Contest(s), of the PIAA By-Laws.
- NOTE:** The offenses identified in Section 1-111(e) currently include: (1) criminal homicide; (2) aggravated assault; (3) stalking; (4) kidnapping; (5) unlawful restraint; (6) luring a child into a motor vehicle or structure; (7) rape; (8) statutory sexual assault; (9) involuntary deviate sexual intercourse; (10) sexual assault; (11) institutional sexual assault; (12) aggravated indecent assault; (13) indecent assault; (14) indecent exposure; (15) sexual intercourse with an animal; (16) incest; (17) concealing death of a child; (18) endangering the welfare of children; (19) offenses dealing with infant children; (20) prostitution and related offenses; (21) obscene and other sexual materials and performances; (22) corruption of minors; (23) sexual abuse of children; (24) unlawful contact with a minor; (25) solicitation of minors to traffic drugs; and (26) sexual exploitation of children. The list further includes (1) equivalent or similar crimes under federal law or of another state, United States territory, the District of Columbia, a foreign nation, or under a former law of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and (2) a felony offense under the Controlled Substance, Drug, Device, and Cosmetic Act. This list may be modified, reduced, or expanded by Act of the General Assembly. The list of offenses in effect at the time of violation by the sports official shall be applicable to proceedings to remove or suspend that sports official.
- #### **Section 9. Probation.**
- The Board of Directors authorizes the Executive Director to place on probation and exclude from eligibility for assignments to District or Inter-District Championship Contests, for a period determined to be appropriate by the Executive Director, in the applicable sport(s), any registered sports official:
- A.** Who violates or cancels a contract with a PIAA member school or alters a proposed contract without the consent of the other contracting party, or
 - B.** Who fails to wear the required uniform, or
 - C.** Who fails to cooperate with PIAA in any investigation, or

D. Whose conduct on or off the competition surface is inconsistent with the purposes, ideals and/or principles of PIAA or which otherwise is not conducive to the best interests and/or purposes of PIAA, or

E. Who fails to comply with PIAA regulations pertaining to sports officials and/or with decisions of the Executive Director or Board of Directors relating to the official, or

F. Who has been placed on probation for misconduct by a national amateur or professional athletic organization or a state high school association that recognizes and/or registers sports officials, or

G. Who has been accused of being biased and/or palpably unfair in decisions in a Contest, or

H. Who fails to file with the PIAA Office, within twenty-four (24) hours following the completion of the Contest, a report of disqualification of a Coach and/or contestant under ARTICLE XIII, PENALTIES, Section 8, Disqualification from Next Contest(s), of the PIAA By-Laws.

INTERPRETATION

The use of the official's standard uniform is mandatory.

Section 10. Accelerated Rehabilitative Disposition (ARD)

A suspension imposed on an official pursuant to Section 8B of this ARTICLE will be lifted upon the official providing certification of his/her completion of an Accelerated Rehabilitative Disposition (ARD) program disposing of all the charges.

ARTICLE XVI

SEASON AND OUT-OF-SEASON RULES AND REGULATIONS

Section 1. Guidelines.

Consistent with the concept that interscholastic athletics are a part of the educational system, and consistent with the established goals of health, safety, and sportsmanship, the following guidelines for out-of-season regulations are set forth:

1. The basic responsibility of all administrators and athletic Coaches is to provide students who are participating in interscholastic athletics with a worthwhile, educational experience.

2. All sports have a defined-season, and no sport may operate to the detriment of any other sport.

3. All students should have the opportunity to participate in as many interscholastic athletic experiences as is reasonably possible.

Section 2. Rules and Regulations.

Each sport has a defined-season which includes the first Practice day, the first Inter-School Practice or Scrimmage day, the first Regular Season Contest day, the last Regular Season Contest day, the District Deadline, the dates for PIAA Championships, the maximum number of Regular Season Contests and the maximum number of Regular Season Inter-School Practices or Scrimmages. All PIAA member schools must comply with the defined-season established for each sport.

Within each defined-season, PIAA member schools may sponsor sports Teams which compete against other PIAA member schools or schools that follow all PIAA Policies and Procedures and Rules and Regulations.

A. Out-of-Season Activities.

Outside of the defined-season for sports:

1. PIAA member schools may not sponsor Teams in that sport;

2. PIAA member schools, Coaches and/or students of PIAA member schools may be involved with sports activities such as training programs, recreational activities, Open Gyms, clinics, and camps provided that any participation by Coaches and/or students is as private citizens;

3. Coaches and/or students acting as private citizens, and on a voluntary basis, may participate on Teams that are

not affiliated with PIAA member schools. Coaches and other PIAA member school personnel may not require a student to participate in a sport or a training program for a sport outside of the PIAA-defined sport's season. The participation of students in any sports activity that occurs outside of its defined season must be voluntary; and

4. The school's name, nickname, and interscholastic athletic uniform may not be used by community organizations, groups, or students; however, the Principal, may permit community organizations, groups or students to use the school's interscholastic athletic equipment and the school's interscholastic athletic health/first-aid supplies.

B. Conclusion of Regular Season.

Except as provided below, all activity in a sport, including Practice, must terminate by the last Regular Season Contest day in that sport unless the Team is entered into District or Inter-District Championship Contests. If the Team is entered into those Championship Contests, all activity in the sport must terminate on the day of elimination from such Championship Contests.

With the approval of the District Committee, Regular Season Contests which have been postponed may be rescheduled and played between the last Regular Season Contest day in that sport and the District Deadline in that sport. For purposes of the immediately preceding sentence, the last date of playing such a postponed Regular Season Contest constitutes the last Regular Season Contest day in that sport.

C. Football.

The following sport-specific rules modify the provisions otherwise set forth in this ARTICLE. To the extent any other provision in this ARTICLE is inconsistent with this Section, this Section controls.

1. For purposes of this Section, "Physical Contact" means blocking and/or tackling. "Physical Contact" does not include contact with blocking and/or tackling dummies, shields, and/or sleds; and/or minimum risk "form" blocking or tackling.

2. Students who engage in Physical Contact at football camps and/or during clinics and/or drills, or similar or comparable functions or activities, and/or during Practices, Inter-School Practices, Scrimmages, and/or Contests, outside the PIAA-defined football season are ineligible to participate in interscholastic football for a period of up to one year from the date of such participation. Coaches assisting and/or supervising in Physical Contact by students from PIAA member schools, outside the PIAA-defined football season are ineligible to Coach interscholastic football at any PIAA member school for a period of up to one year from the date of such conduct.

3. Outside the PIAA-defined football season, the Principal may permit students of the Principal's school to use the school's helmets and shoes for NON-PHYSICAL CONTACT skill related instruction supervised by school-approved adults or at instructional camps (shoulder pads are not to be worn). This provision is to promote student safety in football-related activities that do not include Physical Contact.

4. Outside the PIAA-defined football season, in addition to PIAA member school sponsorship of activities defined in Section 2.A(3) of this ARTICLE, PIAA member schools may sponsor non-contact 7v7 programs provided that any participation by Coaches and/or students is voluntary.

5. In recognition of the unique circumstances within those PIAA member schools that are absent of any junior high/middle school interscholastic football program, students enrolled in and attending those member schools in grades 7

and 8 may annually participate in the out-of-season interscholastic football program organized and operated as National Football League (NFL) Junior Player Development. A student's participation shall be limited to a maximum of two weeks per year.

6. Nothing in this Section shall prevent any student from participating, up through the completion of 8th grade, on community based non-school affiliated youth fall football programs through December 31st of that fall football season.

D. Competitive Spirit.

Competitive spirit was adopted by the PIAA Board of Directors, effective July 1, 2012, as an opportunity to expand competitive opportunities for girls. Because of the unique elements of competitive spirit, application of certain PIAA By-Laws is not practical. To the extent inconsistent with the following, then, other PIAA By-Laws are waived:

1. **Season.** Competitive spirit has no defined season.

Competitive spirit squads may not Practice or participate in any Inter-School Practice, Scrimmage, and/or Contest on more than six days in any Calendar Week. Within that limitation, they may participate in Practices, Inter-School Practices, Scrimmages, and/or Contests at any time and at the discretion of the Principal of the competitive spirit squad's member school. There is no maximum number of Inter-School Practices, Scrimmages, and/or Contests in which a competitive spirit squad may participate.

2. **Contest Officials.** Competitive spirit judges do not register with PIAA. They are retained by the Tournament organizers under standards set by the Tournament organizers.

3. **PIAA Championships.** Annual Competitive Spirit Championships shall be held by PIAA at a date and location to be determined by the PIAA Board of Directors. PIAA may license a third party to organize and manage said Championships.

Section 3. Reporting of and Procedure for Alleged Violations.

Alleged violation(s) of PIAA Season or Out-of-Season Rules and Regulations shall be reported and addressed as follows:

1. Any person may report a violation via the PIAA form entitled "Report of Alleged Violation(s) of PIAA Season or Out-of-Season Rules and Regulations". The form must be signed by the complainant. Where the complainant is a PIAA member school, the form must be signed by the Principal or Athletic Director. The form must be submitted to the District Committee of the District having jurisdiction over the school allegedly committing the violation.

2. Upon the receipt of a properly completed and signed form, the Chairman of the District Committee or executive staff of the District shall mail a copy of the form to the Principal of the school allegedly involved. The Principal of the involved school shall have twenty-one (21) calendar days in which to respond, in writing, to the alleged violation(s) and to report the actions, if any, the Principal has taken concerning the alleged violation(s).

3. The District Committee shall consider the report of the Principal and determine whether the report fully addresses the alleged violation(s) and satisfies all PIAA interests and concerns.

4. If the District Committee determines that the report of the Principal fully addresses the alleged violation(s) and satisfies all PIAA interests and concerns, it shall close the matter. If the District Committee determines that the report does not fully address the alleged violation(s) and/or does not satisfy all PIAA interests and concerns, it shall conduct a hearing upon the alleged violation(s).

5. If the District Committee finds that there was a violation(s) of this ARTICLE, the offending school will be subject to any of the penalties described in ARTICLE XIII, PENALTIES, Sections 2 through 7, of the PIAA By-Laws.

Section 4. Mixed Gender Participation.

PIAA strongly supports and encourages participation by both boys and girls in interscholastic athletics. Based upon real and demonstrable physical and competitive differences between similarly aged and trained boys and girls in athletic performances, PIAA recognizes that combining genders for competition purposes would have a chilling effect on female participation in interscholastic athletics. PIAA further recognizes that, historically, girls' participation has been much more limited than boys' participation. To promote participation by the historically underrepresented gender in a fair competitive environment, PIAA, therefore, classifies sports by gender and limits mixed gender participation as follows.

A. If a school has a Boys' Team in a sport, boys at the school are not eligible to play on the school's Girls' Team in that sport. If a school has a Girls' Team in a sport, girls at the school are not eligible to play on the school's Boys' Team in that sport. The Principal may waive this limitation for a girl seeking to play on a Boys' Team if the Principal believes that the girl's skill level is such that participation on the Girls' Team would not provide meaningful competition for the girl.

B. Girls may play on a Boys' Team if the student's school does not sponsor a comparable Girls' Team in that sport. NOTE: softball and baseball are not viewed as being comparable sports. Despite some differences in rules, boys' volleyball and girls' volleyball, as well as boys' lacrosse and girls' lacrosse, are viewed as comparable sports.

C. Boys may play on a Girls' Team if the student's school does not sponsor a Boys' Team in that sport and the Principal determines that;

1. the overall boys' athletic program at the student's school provides fewer opportunities for boys to participate than for girls;

2. the boy would not displace any girl from the Team's roster;

3. the boy would likely not, due to his physical size, athletic ability, and/or other characteristics, pose an increased risk of harm to opponents beyond that which would be posed by an average-sized and skilled participating girl; and

4. the boy would not provide his Team with a significant competitive advantage (as applicable herein, this means that the boy's participation would likely cause the Team to be noticeably more competitive than it would be without the boy's participation on the Team).

In considering whether to permit participation, with regard to factors 3 and 4, above, the Principal shall be guided by the following:

a. Where there is a question as to the risk posed to opponents or to a possible significant competitive advantage to the Principal's Team, such questions should be resolved in favor of the health and safety of opponents and in favor of preventing significant competitive advantage.

b. Due to the increased risk of injury to opponents in direct contact sports (field hockey, lacrosse, soccer and volleyball), particular scrutiny should be applied by the Principal to requests in these sports.

Notwithstanding any other provision in this Section, boys are permitted to participate on a Spirit Team without Principal approval.

D. Rules applicable to Mixed Gender Teams: Because PIAA does not have a Mixed Gender classification, the following provisions govern participation by Mixed Gender Teams:

1. For Postseason purposes, Mixed Gender Teams (other than in the sport of Spirit) shall compete only in the sport classifications designated for boys.

2. For enrollment classification purposes, a Mixed Gender Team shall be classified by using the school's enrollment number for whichever gender constitutes a majority of the Team members.

3. In the sport of volleyball, a Mixed Gender Team shall play during the boys' Regular Season and Postseason.

E. Where a student's gender is questioned or uncertain, the decision of the Principal as to the student's gender will be accepted by PIAA.

F. Nothing in this Section shall be interpreted to require a school to have a Mixed Gender Team where such participation would be inconsistent with the school's religious beliefs.

G. The refusal of a Team to participate in a Contest against a Mixed Gender Team shall result in forfeiture of the Contest by the Team which refuses to participate. In sports in which individual events or matches are conducted, refusal of a contestant to participate in any event or match will result in forfeiture of that event or match by that student and not by the Team.

TABLE I – Schedule of Fall Sports

The schedule of fall sports listed below is effective for all PIAA member schools. Junior high/middle schools may elect to follow this schedule for each sport, or they may elect to follow an alternate schedule for each sport. If junior high/middle schools elect to follow an alternate schedule, they may not reduce the minimum length of Preseason Practice in each sport and they may not exceed the maximum length of Regular Season in each sport.

Fall Sports	First Practice Day	Minimum Length of Preseason Practice (See NOTE 1)	First Inter-School Practice or Scrimmage Day (See NOTE 2)	Maximum Number of Regular Season Inter-School Practices or Scrimmages	First Regular Season Contest Day	Maximum Length of Regular Season	Maximum Number of Regular Season Contests (See NOTES 3 & 4)	Last Regular Season Contest Day (See NOTE 5)	PIAA District/Region Deadline	PIAA Championships Deadline
Golf	See Table of Labor Day Occurrences	3 days within 1 week	4 th Day of Fall Sports' Season	2	4 th Day of Fall Sports' Season	8 weeks	18	62 nd Day of Fall Sports' Season	62 nd Day of Fall Sports' Season	76 th Day of Fall Sports' Season
Girls' Tennis	See Table of Labor Day Occurrences	5 days within 1 week	6 th Day of Fall Sports' Season	2	8 th Day of Fall Sports' Season	10 weeks	18 (See NOTE 6)	76 th Day of Fall Sports' Season	76 th Day of Fall Sports' Season	83 rd Day of Fall Sports' Season
Cross Country	See Table of Labor Day Occurrences	15 days within 3 weeks	6 th Day of Fall Sports' Season	2	19 th Day of Fall Sports' Season	8 weeks	16	76 th Day of Fall Sports' Season	76 th Day of Fall Sports' Season	83 rd Day of Fall Sports' Season
Girls' Volleyball/Water Polo	See Table of Labor Day Occurrences	15 days within 3 weeks	6 th Day of Fall Sports' Season	2	19 th Day of Fall Sports' Season	9 weeks	22 (See NOTE 7) (See NOTE 4)	83 rd Day of Fall Sports' Season	83 rd Day of Fall Sports' Season	90 th Day of Fall Sports' Season
Field Hockey	See Table of Labor Day Occurrences	15 days within 3 weeks	6 th Day of Fall Sports' Season	2	19 th Day of Fall Sports' Season	9 weeks	18	83 rd Day of Fall Sports' Season	83 rd Day of Fall Sports' Season	97 th Day of Fall Sports' Season
Soccer	See Table of Labor Day Occurrences	15 days within 3 weeks	6 th Day of Fall Sports' Season	2	19 th Day of Fall Sports' Season	9 weeks	18	83 rd Day of Fall Sports' Season	83 rd Day of Fall Sports' Season	97 th Day of Fall Sports' Season
Football	See Table of Labor Day Occurrences	15 days within 3 weeks	6 th Day of Fall Sports' Season	2	19 th Day of Fall Sports' Season	9 weeks	10 (See NOTE 9)	85 th Day of Fall Sports' Season	97 th Day of Fall Sports' Season	125 th Day of Fall Sports' Season

NOTES:

- ARTICLE XII, Section 2 (the "Six Day Rule") continues to apply.
- The first Inter-School Practice or Scrimmage may be held after the fifth (5th) day of Practice.
- With the exception of invitationals and/or Tournaments sponsored by at least one PIAA member school and involving only PIAA member schools, and conference or league championship Tournaments**, all Regular Season invitationals and/or Tournaments in all sports involving individual athletes and/or Teams must be approved by PIAA at least four (4) weeks or twenty (20) business days prior to the first day of competition.
- With District Committee approval**, Contests that are required to be played in order to determine qualifiers to District Championship Contests and/or Contests that are required to be played to determine a conference or league champion do not count toward the maximum number of Regular Season Contests in that sport and must be played by the District Deadline in that sport. **With PIAA Board of Directors' approval**, Contests that are required to be played in order to determine regional qualifying and state championships in the sport of water polo do not count toward the maximum number of Regular Season Contests in that sport and must be played by the last Regular Season Contest day in that sport.
- Individual athletes and/or Teams that have qualified for District Championship Contests **and** have concluded participation in their Regular Season Contests are permitted to engage in an unlimited number of Inter-School Practices or Scrimmages in the sport involved until the individual athletes and/or Teams are eliminated from District or Inter-District Championship Contests.
- A PIAA member school is permitted to participate in a maximum of eighteen (18) Regular Season tennis Contests based on the following method of counting Regular Season tennis Contests:
 - One (1) Contest for each dual match or abbreviated matches involving no more than 4 Teams utilizing either a three standard six-game set or reduced play match.
 - Two (2) Contests for each triangular match or abbreviated matches involving no more than 7 Teams utilizing either a three standard six-game set or reduced play match.
 - Three (3) Contests for each quadrangular match or abbreviated matches involving at least 8 Teams utilizing either a three standard six-game set or reduced play match.
- A PIAA member school is permitted to participate in a maximum of twenty-two (22) Regular Season girls' volleyball and water polo Contests based on the following method of counting Regular Season girls' volleyball and water polo Contests:
 - One (1) Contest for each dual match.
 - Two (2) Contests for each triangular match or for each one-day Tournament.
 - Three (3) Contests for each quadrangular match.
 - Four (4) Contests for each two-day Tournament; and two (2) additional Contests for each additional day of a Tournament.
- A maximum of ten (10) Regular Season football Contests may be played at the same level (varsity, junior varsity, or otherwise) of competition. **With District Committee approval**, member senior high schools may play **one (1) additional Regular Season varsity football Contest**.
- With District Committee approval**, the first play date for football be referred to as week "0". This date is the corresponding date to the usual 2nd scrimmage date or optional 1st play date for football.

INTERPRETATIONS

October 5, 1984, as amended January 29, 2005. If a school receives a forfeit from an opponent, the school receiving the forfeit may schedule another Regular Season Contest in lieu of the forfeited Contest. The school must then use the results of the played Contest, rather than the forfeit, for its record. The forfeiting school must still record a loss by forfeit.

October 5, 1984. The minimum length of Preseason Practice that PIAA requires in each sport applies to the Team, not each individual participant in the sport. Once a Team has completed the minimum length of Preseason Practice required in a sport, whether or not an athlete who has completed less than that amount of Preseason Practice in the sport may participate is a matter left to the discretion of the PIAA member school.

TABLE II – Schedule of Winter Sports

The schedule of winter sports listed below is effective for all PIAA member schools. Junior high/middle schools may elect to follow this schedule for each sport, or they may elect to follow an alternate schedule for each sport. If junior high/middle schools elect to follow an alternate schedule, they may not reduce the minimum length of Preseason Practice in each sport and they may not exceed the maximum length of Regular Season in each sport.

Winter Sports	First Practice Day	Minimum Length of Preseason Practice (See NOTE 1)	First Inter-School Practice or Scrimmage Day (See NOTE 2)	Maximum Number of Regular Season Inter-School Practices or Scrimmages	First Regular Season Contest Day	Maximum Length of Regular Season	Maximum Number of Regular Season Contests (See NOTES 3 & 4)	Last Regular Season Contest Day (See NOTE 5)	PIAA District/Region Deadline	PIAA Championships Deadline
Rifle	See Table of Labor Day Occurrences	10 days within 2 weeks	6 th Day of Winter Sports' Season	2	15 th Day of Winter Sports' Season	11 weeks	16 (See NOTE 7)	90 th Day of Winter Sports' Season	N/A	N/A
Indoor Track	See Table of Labor Day Occurrences	15 days within 3 weeks	6 th Day of Winter Sports' Season	2	19 th Day of Winter Sports' Season	12 weeks	16 (See NOTE 7)	104 th Day of Winter Sports' Season	N/A	N/A
Girls' Gymnastics	See Table of Labor Day Occurrences	15 days within 3 weeks	6 th Day of Winter Sports' Season	2	19 th Day of Winter Sports' Season	12 weeks	16 (See NOTE 7)	104 th Day of Winter Sports' Season	N/A	N/A
Bowling	See Table of Labor Day Occurrences	10 days within 2 weeks	6 th Day of Winter Sports' Season	2	15 th Day of Winter Sports' Season	16 weeks	22 (See NOTE 7)	125 th Day of Winter Sports' Season	N/A	N/A
Competitive Spirit	See Table of Labor Day Occurrences	N/A	6 th Day of Fall Sports' Season	N/A	N/A	32 weeks	N/A	125 th Day of Winter Sports' Season	69 th Day of Winter Sports' Season	76 th Day of Winter Sports' Season
Wrestling	See Table of Labor Day Occurrences	15 days within 3 weeks	6 th Day of Winter Sports' Season	2	19 th Day of Winter Sports' Season	12 weeks	22 (See NOTE 6)	97 th Day of Winter Sports' Season	97 th Day of Winter Sports' Season	111 th Day of Winter Sports' Season
Swimming and Diving	See Table of Labor Day Occurrences	15 days within 3 weeks	6 th Day of Winter Sports' Season	2	19 th Day of Winter Sports' Season	12 weeks	18	97 th Day of Winter Sports' Season	104 th Day of Winter Sports' Season	118 th Day of Winter Sports' Season
Basketball	See Table of Labor Day Occurrences	15 days within 3 weeks	6 th Day of Winter Sports' Season	2	19 th Day of Winter Sports' Season	11 weeks	22	97 th Day of Winter Sports' Season	104 th Day of Winter Sports' Season	125 th Day of Winter Sports' Season

NOTES:

- ARTICLE XII, Section 2 (the "Six Day Rule") continues to apply.
- The first Inter-School Practice or Scrimmage may be held after the fifth (5th) day of Practice.
- With the exception of invitationals and/or Tournaments sponsored by at least one PIAA member school and involving only PIAA member schools, and conference or league championship Tournaments**, all Regular Season invitationals and/or Tournaments in all sports involving individual athletes and/or Teams must be approved by PIAA at least four (4) weeks or twenty (20) business days prior to the first day of competition.
- With District Committee approval**, Contests that are required to be played in order to determine qualifiers to District Championship Contests and/or Contests that are required to be played to determine a conference or league champion do not count toward the maximum number of Regular Season Contests in that sport and must be played by the District Deadline in that sport.
- Individual athletes and/or Teams that have qualified for District Championship Contests **and** have concluded participation in their Regular Season Contests are permitted to engage in an unlimited number of Inter-School Practices or Scrimmages in the sport involved until the individual athletes and/or Teams are eliminated from District or Inter-District Championship Contests.
- A PIAA member school is permitted to participate in a maximum of twenty-two (22) Regular Season wrestling Contests based on the following method of counting Regular Season wrestling Contests:
 - One (1) Contest for each dual meet.
 - Two (2) Contests for each triangular meet or each individually or Team bracketed Tournament involving no more than 8 Teams, pursuant to NFHS Wrestling Rule 10, Conduct of Tournaments, Section 3, Tournament Brackets.
 - Three (3) Contests for each quadrangular meet, each individually or Team bracketed Tournament involving at least 9 Teams, pursuant to NFHS Wrestling Rule 10, Conduct of Tournaments, Section 3, Tournament Brackets, and each one-day Multiple School (Dual) Event or Individual Pool Event. A PIAA member school may participate in no more than two (2) Multiple School (Dual) or Individual Pool Events, excluding triangular or quadrangular meets, during the Regular Season.
 - Multiple day Combination Tournament competition points and/or multiple day Multiple School (Dual) Event competition points are the aggregate of b and/or c herein.
 - All of the foregoing must be compliant with NFHS Wrestling Rule 1, Competition, Section 4, Representation, Article 3, which provides for no wrestler to represent that wrestler's school in more than one weight class in any meet or wrestle in more than five matches (championship or consolation), excluding forfeits in any one day.
 - At the sub-varsity level, a Team may enter up to three (3) contestants per weight class, in an individual tournament, without counting additional competition points.
- With PIAA Board of Directors' approval**, Contests that are required to be played in order to determine regional qualifying and state championships in the sports of rifle, indoor track, girls' gymnastics, and bowling do not count toward the maximum number of Regular Season Contests in those sport and must be played by the last Regular Season Contest day in those sport.

INTERPRETATIONS

December 13, 2012. Individual divers may participate in a Maximum Number of Regular Season Diving Competitions (18). **Note:** Where dual meet swimming competitions are held without contesting diving, divers may participate in other diving events/invitations, so long as their individual participation does not exceed 18 competitions.

October 5, 1984, as amended January 29, 2005. If a school receives a forfeit from an opponent, the school receiving the forfeit may schedule another Regular Season Contest in lieu of the forfeited Contest. The school must then use the results of the played Contest, rather than the forfeit, for its record. The forfeiting school must still record a loss by forfeit.

October 5, 1984. The minimum length of Preseason Practice that PIAA requires in each sport applies to the Team, not each individual participant in the sport. Once a Team has completed the minimum length of Preseason Practice required in a sport, whether or not an athlete who has completed less than that amount of Preseason Practice in the sport may participate is a matter left to the discretion of the PIAA member school.

TABLE III – Schedule of Spring Sports

The schedule of spring sports listed below is effective for all PIAA member schools. Junior high/middle schools may elect to follow this schedule for each sport, or they may elect to follow an alternate schedule for each sport. If junior high/middle schools elect to follow an alternate schedule, they may not reduce the minimum length of Preseason Practice in each sport and they may not exceed the maximum length of Regular Season in each sport.

Spring Sports	First Practice Day	Minimum Length of Preseason Practice (See NOTE 1)	First Inter-School Practice or Scrimmage Day (See NOTE 2)	Maximum Number of Regular Season Inter-School Practices or Scrimmages	First Regular Season Contest Day	Maximum Length of Regular Season	Maximum Number of Regular Season Contests (See NOTES 3 & 4)	Last Regular Season Contest Day (See NOTE 5)	PIAA District/Region Deadline	PIAA Championships Deadline
Boys' Tennis	See Table of Labor Day Occurrences	5 days within 1 week	6 th Day of Spring Sports' Season	2	8 th Day of Spring Sports' Season	10 weeks	18 (See NOTE 6)	76 th Day of Spring Sports' Season	76 th Day of Spring Sports' Season	83 rd Day of Spring Sports' Season
Track and Field	See Table of Labor Day Occurrences	15 days within 3 weeks	6 th Day of Spring Sports' Season	2	19 th Day of Spring Sports' Season	8 weeks	16	76 th Day of Spring Sports' Season	76 th Day of Spring Sports' Season	83 rd Day of Spring Sports' Season
Boys' Volleyball	See Table of Labor Day Occurrences	15 days within 3 weeks	6 th Day of Spring Sports' Season	2	19 th Day of Spring Sports' Season	9 weeks	22 (See NOTE 7)	83 rd Day of Spring Sports' Season	83 rd Day of Spring Sports' Season	90 th Day of Spring Sports' Season
Lacrosse	See Table of Labor Day Occurrences	15 days within 3 weeks	6 th Day of Spring Sports' Season	2	19 th Day of Spring Sports'	9 weeks	18	83 rd Day of Spring Sports' Season	83 rd Day of Spring Sports' Season	97 th Day of Spring Sports' Season
Baseball	See Table of Labor Day Occurrences	15 days within 3 weeks	6 th Day of Spring Sports' Season	2	19 th Day of Spring Sports' Season	10 weeks	20	90 th Day of Spring Sports' Season	90 th Day of Spring Sports' Season	104 th Day of Spring Sports' Season
Softball	See Table of Labor Day Occurrences	15 days within 3 weeks	6 th Day of Spring Sports' Season	2	19 th Day of Spring Sports' Season	10 weeks	20	90 th Day of Spring Sports' Season	90 th Day of Spring Sports' Season	104 th Day of Spring Sports' Season

NOTES:

1. ARTICLE XII, Section 2 (the "Six Day Rule") continues to apply.
2. The first Inter-School Practice or Scrimmage may be held after the fifth (5th) day of Practice.
3. **With the exception of invitationals and/or Tournaments sponsored by at least one PIAA member school and involving only PIAA member schools, and conference or league championship Tournaments**, all Regular Season invitationals and/or Tournaments in all sports involving individual athletes and/or Teams must be approved by PIAA at least four (4) weeks or twenty (20) business days prior to the first day of competition.
4. **With District Committee approval**, Contests that are required to be played in order to determine qualifiers to District Championship Contests and/or Contests that are required to be played to determine a conference or league champion do not count toward the maximum number of Regular Season Contests in that sport and must be played by the District Deadline in that sport.
5. Individual athletes and/or Teams that have qualified for District Championship Contests **and** have concluded participation in their Regular Season Contests are permitted to engage in an unlimited number of Inter-School Practices or Scrimmages in the sport involved until the individual athletes and/or Teams are eliminated from District or Inter-District Championship Contests.
6. A PIAA member school is permitted to participate in a maximum of eighteen (18) Regular Season tennis Contests based on the following method of counting Regular Season tennis Contests:
 - a. One (1) Contest for each dual match or abbreviated matches involving no more than 4 Teams utilizing either a three standard six-game set or reduced play match.
 - b. Two (2) Contests for each triangular match or abbreviated matches involving no more than 7 Teams utilizing either a three standard six-game set or reduced play match.
 - c. Three (3) Contests for each quadrangular match or abbreviated matches involving at least 8 Teams utilizing either a three standard six-game set or reduced play match.
7. A PIAA member school is permitted to participate in a maximum of twenty-two (22) Regular Season boys' volleyball Contests based on the following method of counting Regular Season boys' volleyball Contests:
 - a. One (1) Contest for each dual match.
 - b. Two (2) Contests for each triangular match or for each one-day Tournament.
 - c. Three (3) Contests for each quadrangular match.
 - d. Four (4) Contests for each two-day Tournament; and two (2) additional Contests for each additional day of a Tournament.

INTERPRETATIONS

October 5, 1984, as amended January 29, 2005. If a school receives a forfeit from an opponent, the school receiving the forfeit may schedule another Regular Season Contest in lieu of the forfeited Contest. The school must then use the results of the played Contest, rather than the forfeit, for its record. The forfeiting school must still record a loss by forfeit.

October 5, 1984. The minimum length of Preseason Practice that PIAA requires in each sport applies to the Team, not each individual participant in the sport. Once a Team has completed the minimum length of Preseason Practice required in a sport, whether or not an athlete who has completed less than that amount of Preseason Practice in the sport may participate is a matter left to the discretion of the PIAA member school.

**ARTICLE XVII
CERTIFICATION OF CONTESTANTS**

Section 1. Information to be Furnished.

On or before the first Regular Season Contest in each sport, the Principal shall certify to PIAA as to the eligibility of all contestants in accordance with the Constitution and By-Laws of PIAA. Such statements, including name of pupil, public school district in which the pupil resides, date of birth, age on last birthday, date of enrollment for current school year, number of semesters of attendance beyond the eighth grade including the present semester, number of seasons of competition beyond the sixth grade including the present season, and the certified minimum weight for wrestling. Failure to accurately and electronically submit the Certificate of Eligibility and subsequent modifications within two (2) weeks after the First Regular Season Contest Date will result in the imposition of a fine of \$100 per season. Any modifications to the Certificate of Eligibility shall be timely submitted during the season.

Section 2. Information to be Furnished in Case of Dispute.

When the eligibility of a contestant is questioned, the Principal of the school in question shall furnish to the District Committee or to the Board of Directors all data required to establish the contestant's eligibility. The District Committee or the Board of Directors may require this information to be in the form of affidavits. A school which does not furnish these data shall be denied championship honors and may be excluded from interscholastic Contests with members of PIAA.

**ARTICLE XVIII
OFFICIAL RULES FOR SPORTS**

Official rules for various sports shall be as follows except where such rules conflict with rules now or hereafter adopted by the PIAA Board of Directors. In cases of such conflict, the rules adopted, changed or modified by the Board of Directors shall apply.

Section 1.

Official rules for various sports shall be those published by the National Federation of State High School Associations (NFHS). In those sports where there is no rules publication by NFHS, the rules shall be those adopted, changed or modified by the PIAA Board of Directors.

**ARTICLE XIX
JUNIOR HIGH / MIDDLE SCHOOLS
(Junior High/Middle School**

**7th, 8th, and 9th Grade Competition Wherever Housed)
Preamble**

The entire Constitution and By-Laws, Policies and Procedures and Rules and Regulations of PIAA govern both senior and junior high/middle schools. However, this ARTICLE XIX sets forth additional provisions which apply to junior high/middle schools only.

Interscholastic competition at the junior high/middle school level of competition is intended by PIAA to be directed toward development of general athletic and sport specific skills, as well as exposing students to proper concepts of teamwork, sportsmanship, and the long term benefits to individuals of participation in athletic activities. Accordingly, playoffs and the holding of championship Contests are discouraged.

Section 1. Age.

A. A student of a junior high/middle school wherein interscholastic athletic competition is limited to grades seven and eight is ineligible to compete in an Inter-School Practice, Scrimmage, or Contest upon attaining the age of fifteen years, with the following exceptions:

1. If the age of 15 is attained on or after July 1, the student is eligible, age-wise, to compete through that school year.

2. If the age of 16 is attained on or after July 1, the student is eligible, age-wise, to compete with students in the ninth grade.

B. A student of a junior high/middle school embracing the 7th, 8th and 9th grades is ineligible to compete in an Inter-School Practice, Scrimmage, or Contest upon attaining the age of sixteen years; except, if the age of 16 is attained on or after July 1, the student is eligible, age-wise, to compete through that school year.

Section 2. Eligibility of Seventh, Eighth, and Ninth Grade Students to Participate in Senior High School Interscholastic Athletics.

A. Students in the 7th or 8th grade who have not attained the age of fifteen years before July 1, and students in the 9th grade who have participated in one season in that sport during that school year, may neither Practice nor compete with students in the 10th, 11th or 12th grades.

Students in the 7th or 8th grade who have attained the age of fifteen years before July 1 and students in the 9th grade, who have not participated in one season in that sport during that school year, may, with written approval of the high school Principal and the junior high/middle school Principal, Practice with, participate in a maximum of two Inter-School Practices or Scrimmages, and compete with students in grades 10, 11 and 12. The option to compete at the senior high school level of competition (grades 10-12) or at the junior high/middle school level of competition (grades 7-9) is exercised when the student participates in a Contest. If the student first participates in a junior high/middle school Contest, the student is committed to that level of competition in the sport involved for the entire school year. If the student first participates in a senior high school Contest, the student is committed to that level of competition in that sport for the entire school year. If the student does not participate in a Contest, the option to compete at the junior high/middle school level of competition or senior high school level of competition must be exercised not later than 21 days after the student begins Practice. Once this option is exercised, it may not be changed in that sport for the entire school year.

INTERPRETATION

Section 2A. October 1, 1994; as amended May 22, 1996.

A student as to whom the option to participate at either the senior high school level of competition or the junior high/middle school level of competition has been exercised, who thereafter Transfers to another school, begins at the transferee school as if the option had not been exercised.

B. Limitation.

1. A student enrolled in a junior high/middle school who is permitted by this Section to participate on a senior high school Team may do so only on a senior high school Team of the school in which students who have completed the academic program in that junior high/middle school would enroll at the time the student begins to participate on the senior high school Team.

2. A student enrolled in a senior high school who is permitted by this Section to participate on a junior high/middle school Team may do so only on a junior high/middle school Team of the school in which junior high/middle school students from the student's attendance area would enroll at the time the student begins to participate on the junior high/middle school Team.

Section 3. Period of Participation.

A. No student is eligible for Practice for or participation in interscholastic athletics prior to entry into seventh grade.

B. No junior high/middle school student may Practice for or participate in any sport for more seasons than there are grades included in the school, nor may a student Practice for or participate in any sport for more than three seasons in grades seven through nine, inclusive.

INTERPRETATION

Section 3B. February 4, 1984.

“Grades included in the school” does not include any grades below the seventh grade.

C. A student may Practice for and participate in only one season in each sport during the time the student is enrolled in the ninth grade of a junior high/middle school.

INTERPRETATION

December 28, 1961; as amended January 30, 2009.

Junior high/middle schools may not participate in Practices, Inter-School Practices, Scrimmages, and/or Contests with senior high schools because senior high schools cannot meet junior high/middle schools eligibility requirements.

Section 4. Season and Out-Of-Season Rules and Regulations

The Season and Out-Of-Season Rules and Regulations set forth under ARTICLE XVI of the PIAA By-Laws contain schedules of fall, winter, and spring sports, which apply to all PIAA member schools. Junior high/middle schools may elect to follow the respective schedules of fall, winter, and spring sports; or they may elect to follow an alternate schedule for each sport. If junior high/middle schools elect to follow an alternate schedule, they may not reduce the minimum length of Preseason Practice in any sport and they may not exceed the maximum length of Regular Season in any sport.

Section 5. Certification of Contestants.

A. The eligibility of all contestants representing a junior high/middle school must be certified to by the Principal of the school in accordance with the PIAA By-Laws. Such statements, including the name of student, public school district in which the student resides, date of birth, age on last birthday, date of enrollment for current school year, number of semesters of attendance beyond the eighth grade including the present semester, number of seasons of competition beyond the sixth grade including the present season, and the certified minimum weight for wrestling, must be presented in writing to the Principal of the opponent school or schools on the official form entitled “PIAA Junior High/Middle School Certificate of Eligibility” at least four days prior to every Contest.

B. If disputes arise, the Principal must furnish to the District Committee the following data in regard to each contestant: Date of birth, father’s name, mother’s maiden name, date of enrollment for current school year, semesters of attendance including the present semester, showing the semesters spent in each grade, seasons of competition including the present season, showing the number of seasons of competition in each grade, the average mark in each study from the beginning of the current semester, and such further information as the District Committee might require. A school which does not furnish these data may be excluded from Contests with PIAA members.

Section 6. Contests Rules Standards for Junior High/Middle Schools Interscholastic Athletic Competition.

The following represents the maximum Contests rules standards for junior high/middle schools interscholastic athletic competition:

Grade		Max. No. of Scrimmages	Max. No. of Contests
BASEBALL			
7	7 innings	2	20
8	7 innings		
7-8	7 innings		
7-8-9	7 innings		
9	7 innings		
Conferences, leagues, and/or participating schools, by mutual agreement prior to the start of a Contest, may decide not to play extra innings in the event of a tie score.			
BASKETBALL			
7	4 - Six (6) minute quarters	2	22
8	4 - Six (6) minute quarters		
7-8	4 - Six (6) minute quarters		
7-8-9	4 - Eight (8) minute quarters		
9	4 - Eight (8) minute quarters		
Conferences, leagues, and/or participating schools, by mutual agreement prior to the start of a Contest, may decide not to play extra periods in the event of a tie score.			
CROSS COUNTRY			
7	3200 meters	2	16
8	3200 meters		
7-8	3200 meters		
7-8-9	3200 meters		
9	3200 meters		
FIELD HOCKEY			
7	2 - Thirty (30) minute halves	2	18
8	2 - Thirty (30) minute halves		
7-8	2 - Thirty (30) minute halves		
7-8-9	2 - Thirty (30) minute halves		
9	2 - Thirty (30) minute halves		
Overtime periods are not permitted at the junior high/middle school level of competition.			
FOOTBALL			
7	4 - Eight (8) minute quarters	2	10
8	4 - Eight (8) minute quarters		
7-8	4 - Eight (8) minute quarters		
7-8-9	4 - Ten (10) minute quarters		
9	4 - Ten (10) minute quarters		
Overtime periods are not permitted at the junior high/middle school level of competition.			
GOLF			
7	9 Holes	2	18
8	9 Holes		
7-8	9 Holes		
7-8-9	9 Holes		
9	9 Holes		
Conferences, leagues, and/or participating schools, by mutual agreement prior to the start of a Contest, may decide not to conduct a playoff in the event of a tie score.			
BOYS' LACROSSE			
7	4 - Eight (8) minute quarters	2	18
8	4 - Eight (8) minute quarters		
7-8	4 - Eight (8) minute quarters		
7-8-9	4 - Ten (10) minute quarters		
9	4 - Ten (10) minute quarters		
Conferences, leagues, and/or participating schools, by mutual agreement prior to the start of a Contest, may decide not to play overtime periods in the event of a tie score.			
GIRLS' LACROSSE			
7	2 - Thirty (30) minute halves	2	18
8	2 - Thirty (30) minute halves		
7-8	2 - Thirty (30) minute halves		
7-8-9	2 - Thirty (30) minute halves		
9	2 - Thirty (30) minute halves		
Conferences, leagues, and/or participating schools, by mutual agreement prior to the start of a Contest, may decide not to play overtime periods in the event of a tie score.			

Grade		Max. No. of Scrimmages	Max. No. of Contests
SOCCER			
7	2 - Thirty (30) minute halves	2	18
8	2 - Thirty (30) minute halves		
7-8	2 - Thirty (30) minute halves		
7-8-9	2 - Thirty (30) minute halves		
9	2 - Thirty (30) minute halves		

Overtime periods are not permitted at the junior high/middle school level of competition.

SOFTBALL			
7	7 Innings	2	20
8	7 Innings		
7-8	7 Innings		
7-8-9	7 Innings		
9	7 Innings		

Conferences, leagues, and/or participating schools, by mutual agreement prior to the start of a Contest, may decide not to play extra innings in the event of a tie score.

SWIMMING AND DIVING

None	2	18
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TENNIS

None	2	18
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TRACK AND FIELD

Track Events and Order of Competition (7th, 8th and 9th Grade Girls and Boys)	2	16
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3200 m Relay	400 m Relay
100 m Hurdles	300 m Hurdles
(Girls: 10-33" Hurdles)	(Girls: 8-30" Hurdles)
110 m Hurdles	(Boys: 8-33" Hurdles)
(Boys: 10-36" Hurdles)	800 m Run
100 m Dash	200 m Dash
1600 m Run	3200 m Run
400 m Dash	1600 m Relay

NOTE: The distance, number of and height of hurdles in all hurdle events are maximums and may be modified by conferences or leagues or by mutual agreement of participating schools.

Field Events
(7th, 8th and 9th Grade Girls and Boys)

- High Jump
- Pole Vault
- Long Jump
- Triple Jump
- Shot Put
(Girls' shot shall weigh 6 lbs. [2.744 kg].)
(Boys' shot shall weigh 8 lbs., 13 ozs. [4 kg].)
- Discus Throw
(The discus shall weigh 2 lbs., 3.27 ozs. [1 kg] and have the following minimum and maximum dimensions:
Diameter 7 1/8 - 7 1/4 ins. [180-182 mm] with a thickness of 1 1/2 - 1 5/8 ins. [37-39 mm] at the center and 1/2 - 1/4 in. [12-6 mm] from the outer edge which shall be rounded with a radius of 1/4 in. [6 mm]. The discus shall have a core 2 ins. [50 mm].)
- Javelin Throw
(The javelin shall meet all IAAF specifications for girls' competition.)

TRACK AND FIELD (Continued)

Participation Limitations
7th, 8th, and 9th grade students may compete in a maximum of four events, including relays.

Conferences, leagues, and/or participating schools, by mutual agreement prior to the start of a Contest, may delete track and/or field events but may not add and/or modify track events (except hurdle events) and/or field events or modify the order of track events.

Grade		Max. No. of Scrimmages	Max. No. of Contests
VOLLEYBALL			
7	Best 3-out-of-5-game rally scoring format match	2	22
8	Best 3-out-of-5-game rally scoring format match		
7-8	Best 3-out-of-5-game rally scoring format match		
7-8-9	Best 3-out-of-5-game rally scoring format match		
9	Best 3-out-of-5-game rally scoring format match		

Conferences, leagues, and/or participating schools, by mutual agreement prior to the start of a Contest, may modify the match format.

WRESTLING

7-8-9	A student is permitted to wrestle up one weight classification above that for which the student's actual stripped weight qualifies that student to wrestle.	2	22
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Junior High/Middle School weight classifications are:

75 lbs	105 lbs	145 lbs
80 lbs	110 lbs	155 lbs
85 lbs	115 lbs	165 lbs
90 lbs	122 lbs	185 lbs
95 lbs	130 lbs	210 lbs
100 lbs	138 lbs	250 lbs

Length of bouts shall be four and one-half minutes divided into 3 periods of 1 1/2 min. - 1 1/2 min. - 1 1/2 min.

Conferences, leagues, and/or participating schools, by mutual agreement prior to the start of a Contest, may decide not to wrestle an overtime period in the event of a tie bout score.

Section 7. Inter-District Championship Contests.

There shall be no Inter-District Championship Contests for junior high/middle schools nor shall junior high/middle school students compete in Inter-District Championship Contests, except that tenth grade students of a four-year junior high/middle school may participate as representatives of their school in District and Inter-District Championship Contests.

Further, seventh, eighth, and ninth grade students competing at the senior high school level shall, for purposes of this rule, be considered to be in the senior high school.

ARTICLE XX

AMENDMENTS

Section 1. Majority Approval Necessary.

Amendments to these By-Laws must be approved by a two-thirds majority of the PIAA Board of Directors physically present and voting.

Section 2. Non-Substantive Amendments.

The Executive Director is authorized to make technical, typographical, spelling, and grammatical changes to the PIAA By-Laws, Policies and Procedures, and/or Rules and Regulations in order to assure editorial continuity with substantive changes approved by the Board of Directors, and to delete provisions which have become obsolete.

GLOSSARY

ALTERNATIVE SCHOOL: A school formed as a result of a special program jointure, as established by the School Boards of two or more public school districts and approved by the Pennsylvania Department of Education, which enrolls high-risk students or students who previously dropped out.

ASSIGNOR: An individual who (1) is engaged by a District or multiple PIAA member schools to assign officials for Contests for those schools, or (2) is engaged by, but is not employed by, a single PIAA member school to assign officials for Contests for that school.

ATHLETIC DIRECTOR: The individual having direct supervisory responsibility of interscholastic athletics at a school.

ATHLETIC EVENT: PIAA member schools may participate in four types of Athletic Events: (1) Practice; (2) Inter-School Practice; (3) Scrimmage; or (4) Contest. Each of these terms is defined in this GLOSSARY.

ATHLETIC PERSONNEL: A Coach, Athletic Director, or other employee or representative of a school's athletic department, Team(s), or sports program regardless of whether such person is in a paid or voluntary capacity.

AUTHORIZED MEDICAL EXAMINER: A licensed physician of medicine or osteopathic medicine, a physician assistant certified, or either a certified registered nurse practitioner or a school nurse practitioner, who is under the supervision of a licensed physician of medicine or osteopathic medicine.

BOARD OF APPEAL: A panel composed of at least five-members of the Board of Directors convened pursuant to ARTICLE VII of the PIAA Constitution.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS: The Board of Directors of the Pennsylvania Interscholastic Athletic Association, Inc.

BOYS' TEAM: A Team consisting of all boys.

CALENDAR WEEK: Sunday through Saturday

CHARTER SCHOOL: An independent public school, which is organized as a non-profit corporation, established and operated under a charter from the local School Board.

COACH: A person (including volunteer high school alumni, professional athletes, and citizens of the community) engaged, either for an entire season or any part thereof, by a school to provide Coaching to a Team.

COACHING: The provision of instruction, training, conditioning, and/or direction to a Team, for the purpose of developing athletic abilities and skills.

COMBINATION TOURNAMENT: A Multiple School (Dual) Event in each of the NFHS weight classes in which individuals initially move from round to round as an interscholastic wrestling Team (pools) or advance based on Team results culminating in the wrestlers' placement on an individual bracket with advancement from that point based on individual results.

CONSIDERATION: Consideration consists of cash, items which are the equivalent of cash, items which are a representation of value, and items which have intrinsic value other than those permitted under Section 3 of ARTICLE II.

CONTEST: An event in which individual students or Teams represent their schools in an athletic competition against individual students or Teams representing one or more other schools, which does not meet the definition of an Inter-School Practice or a Scrimmage.

CYBER CHARTER SCHOOL: An independent public school, which is organized as a non-profit corporation, established and operated under a charter from the Department of Education, in which the school uses technology to provide a significant portion of its curriculum and to deliver a significant

portion of instruction to its students through the Internet or other electronic means.

DISTRICT: An incorporated or unincorporated entity responsible for the administration of interscholastic athletics within the jurisdiction as provided for in ARTICLE V, Section 1, of the PIAA Constitution.

DISTRICT CHAMPIONSHIP CONTEST: A Contest conducted under the jurisdiction of a District Committee, which is necessary to determine an individual or Team champion in a sport.

DISTRICT COMMITTEE: A (1) Board of Directors of an incorporated District or (2) a Committee whose composition is defined by ARTICLE IX, Section 1, of the PIAA Constitution and whose powers and duties are defined by ARTICLE IX, Section 3, of the PIAA Constitution.

DISTRICT COMMITTEE REPRESENTATIVE: A person elected to the Board of Directors pursuant to ARTICLE VI, Section 2A, of the PIAA Constitution.

EMANCIPATED STUDENT: A student living independently of parents or guardians. Whether a student is to be considered emancipated is a factual question to be determined by the student's school based upon the totality of circumstances.

FEEDER SCHOOL: Elementary, junior high and/or middle schools, which are the primary sources of students for a particular senior high school, to be determined as follows:

A. For a public school district having a single senior high school, those public junior high and/or middle schools located within the geographic boundaries of that public school district.

B. For a public school district having multiple senior high schools, the district's policies governing assignment of students shall determine which public junior high and/or middle schools are Feeder Schools for its constituent senior high schools. Where there is no policy of assignment or there is open enrollment, a public junior high and/or middle school is considered a Feeder School of a particular public senior high school if at least 25% of the students currently attending the public senior high school matriculated from that junior high school and/or middle school.

C. For a Private senior high School, those Private elementary, junior high, and/or middle Schools which are identified by the Private senior high School as its Feeder School(s). No Private School may be a Feeder School for more than one Private senior high School, excepting that a Private junior high and/or middle School may be designated a Feeder School simultaneously for (1) an all male Private senior high School; (2) an all female Private senior high School; and/or (3) a co-educational Private senior high School. A Private School may be a Feeder School for additional all male, all female, and co-educational Private senior high Schools if an average of at least 25% of the alumni of the Feeder School, who enrolled in a Private senior high School over the most recent three year period, enrolled at each of the applicable Private senior high Schools.

GIRLS' TEAM: A Team consisting of all girls.

HEARING PANEL: A panel composed of at least five-members of a District Committee convened pursuant to ARTICLE IX of the PIAA Constitution.

HOME-SCHOOLED STUDENT: A student participating in a home education program under Section 1327.1 of the Public School Code of 1949.

INTER-DISTRICT CHAMPIONSHIP CONTEST: A Contest conducted under the jurisdiction of the PIAA Office, which is necessary to determine an individual or Team champion in a sport.

INTER-SCHOOL PRACTICE: All of the following elements must be present for a school to consider an Athletic Event with other schools as an Inter-School Practice:

1. The involved schools must agree, in advance of the Athletic Event, that the Athletic Event will be an Inter-School Practice rather than a Scrimmage or Contest.
2. No admission fee is charged.
3. The Teams participate only in conditioning exercises and/or limited and closely controlled drills.
4. The Teams are dressed in Practice uniforms only.
5. No score may be displayed or recorded.
6. The results of the Inter-School Practice shall not be counted as a part of the involved Teams' season win and loss records.

Any Athletic Event involving two or more schools must be considered a Scrimmage or Contest unless it meets all of the criteria listed above.

JUNIOR VARSITY: A non-Varsity level of interscholastic competition in a sport sponsored by a senior high school. This level is to be distinguished from Varsity and junior high/middle school competition.

MAGNET SCHOOL: A school designed to provide an academic focus on a particular theme (e.g. science/math, liberal arts, performing arts, gifted/talented, or foreign language).

MIXED GENDER TEAM: A Team consisting of both boys and girls. Participation of both boys and girls on a Team in any Contest during a season causes the Team to be considered as a Mixed Gender Team for that season.

MULTIPLE SCHOOL (DUAL) EVENT: Contests involving three (3) or more Teams of students representing their schools in interscholastic Team wrestling competition.

NATURAL BREAK TRANSFER: A Transfer occurring when the student:

1. has completed the highest grade of a public junior high/middle school and is thereupon promoted by the public school district to a public senior high school in the same public school district;
2. has completed the highest grade of a public or Private junior high/middle School and has enrolled in a Private senior high School;
3. has enrolled in the lowest grade of a public senior high school, after having completed the previous grade at a Private junior high/middle School; and/or
4. has enrolled in the lowest grade of a Private senior high School, after having completed the previous grade at a public junior high/middle school.

OPEN GYM: PIAA member school use of its gymnasium(s) and/or other athletic facilities by all students enrolled in their school district.

PERSONAL PRIVATE INFORMATION: Information about an individual, or an individual's family, not generally known to the community, including but not limited to information relating to a person's academic, health, disciplinary and delinquency history, financial condition, domestic circumstance, family and personal relationships, substance abuse, and/or potentially illegal conduct.

PIAA: The Pennsylvania Interscholastic Athletic Association, Inc.

PIAA OFFICE: The PIAA headquarters, currently located at 550 Gettysburg Road, P.O. Box 2008, Mechanicsburg, PA, 17055-0708.

POSTSEASON: The period of time between the last Regular Season Contest and the PIAA Championships deadline of a sport, inclusive of District and Inter-District Championship Contests.

PRACTICE: An Athletic Event involving one PIAA member school at which no other school is present.

PRESEASON: The period of time between the first Practice day and the first Regular Season Contest day of a sport, inclusive of the first Scrimmage or Inter-School Practice day in that sport.

PRINCIPAL: The individual responsible to PIAA, pursuant to ARTICLE X, LOCAL MANAGEMENT AND CONTROL, Section 1, Responsibility of Principal, of the PIAA Constitution, for all matters pertaining to the interscholastic athletic relations of the Principal's school. In a public school, the Principal is the person holding a certificate issued by the Department of Education as a Principal and who is appointed by the School Board in accordance with Public School Code as Principal of the school. In a Private School, the Principal is the person designated or appointed by the Board having jurisdiction over the school to have comprehensive responsibility for the day-to-day operations of the Private School.

PRIVATE SCHOOL: A nonpublic school.

PRIVATE SCHOOL'S SCHOOL DISTRICT: Each Private School, including each Private senior high School's Feeder Schools, shall have its own "school district." Regardless of the location of its Feeder Schools, the geographic boundaries of the Private senior high School's "school district" are considered the boundaries of the public school district in which it is geographically located. The Private School's school district and the public school district are separate school districts.

PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT: Those students that are enrolled in the junior high and senior high schools of a public school district.

RECEIVING SCHOOL: A school which receives Transfer students from any other school.

RECREATION PROGRAM: Community based activity program open to all residents of a school district.

REGULAR SEASON: The period of time between the first Regular Season Contest day and the last Regular Season Contest day of a sport, exclusive of District and Inter-District Championship Contests.

REGIONAL PANEL: A panel composed of three-members from each of the contiguous Districts, pursuant to ARTICLE VIII of the PIAA Constitution.

SCHOOL BOARD: The Board of Directors for a public school district.

SCRIMMAGE: All of the following elements must be present for a school to consider an Athletic Event with other schools as a Scrimmage:

1. The involved schools must agree, in advance of the Athletic Event, that the Athletic Event will be a Scrimmage rather than an Inter-School Practice or Contest.
2. No admission fee is charged.
3. The head Coaches of the involved Teams may stop the activity at any time to provide instruction or to make substitutions.
4. There are no restrictions concerning the number of times a player/contestant enters or leaves the Scrimmage.
5. No score may be displayed or recorded.
6. The results of the Scrimmage may not be counted as a part of the involved Teams' season win and loss records.

Any Athletic Event involving two or more schools must be considered an Inter-School Practice or Contest unless it meets all of the criteria listed above.

STUDENT WITH A DISABILITY: A student who has a physical or mental condition which substantially limits or prohibits participation in or access to an aspect of the student's school program.

TEAM: A school-sponsored organization which consists of one or more students **and which represents that school in any form of interscholastic athletic competition, including Inter-School Practices, Scrimmages, and/or Contests.**

TECHNOLOGY SCHOOL: A school that provides either, a total educational program and services for both specialized career and technical education and academic education, or an educational program and services for only specialized career and technical education.

TERMINATING SCHOOL: A school which ceases, primarily for budgetary reasons, to sponsor one or more of its Teams.

TOURNAMENT: Competition involving Teams or individual students representing three (3) or more schools in which the Teams or individual students, as representatives of schools, are competing for a championship (first place) and other places.

TRANSFER: Any situation in which a student seeks eligibility to participate in interscholastic athletics at a school other than the one at which the student was either enrolled or otherwise eligible.

VARSITY: The highest level of interscholastic competition in a sport sponsored by a senior high school. This level is to be distinguished from Junior Varsity and junior high/middle school competition.

NOTE: The following regulations, statutory provisions, and professional baseball agreement are not part of the Constitution and By-Laws. They are printed here solely for the convenience of persons using this Handbook.

PENNSYLVANIA STATUTE REGARDING BULLYING AND HAZING

To draw attention to the Pennsylvania Statute regarding bullying and hazing that schools are to adopt a hazing and bullying policy which includes any act committed against a student attempting to become a member of an athletic team, that is humiliating, intimidating, demeaning or endangers the health and welfare of the student. Hazing includes the student's active or passive participation in such acts and occurs regardless of the willingness to participate in these activities.

PENNSYLVANIA STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION REGULATIONS

Athletic Programs

Regulation:

- (d) . . . Students of both sexes shall have equal access in interscholastic and intramural athletic programs to all of the following.
- | | |
|---|--|
| (1) School facilities. | (4) Number of activities at each level of competition. |
| (2) Coaching and instruction. | (5) Equipment, supplies and services. |
| (3) Scheduling of Practice time and Contests. | (6) Funding appropriate to the sport. |
- (e) School districts may sponsor coeducational Teams in interscholastic and intramural sports programs.
- (f) Interscholastic and intramural Teams playing contact sports may be separated by sex, but this subsection may not be used to exclude students of either sex from participating in a sport.

PENNSYLVANIA LAW PROVISIONS AFFECTING ATHLETIC ELIGIBILITY OF STUDENTS USING ANABOLIC STEROIDS

Pennsylvania Act 1989-93 requires the School Board in every Pennsylvania school district to prescribe, adopt, and enforce rules and regulations to prohibit the use of anabolic steroids, except for a valid medical purpose, by any student involved in school-related athletics.

The Act also requires the School Board to prescribe the following minimum penalties for any student found in violation of the rules and regulations adopted by the School Board:

1. For a first violation, suspension from school athletics for the remainder of the season.
2. For a second violation, suspension from school athletics for the remainder of the season and for the following season.
3. For a third violation, permanent suspension from school athletics.

A student who has been suspended for violation of the School Board regulations shall not be eligible to resume participation in school athletics unless there has been a medical determination that no residual evidence of steroids exists.

The penalties which the law requires School Boards to adopt are minimum penalties. More severe penalties may be adopted by individual school districts, and the actual penalties may therefore vary from school district to school district.

AGREEMENT BETWEEN PROFESSIONAL BASEBALL AND THE NATIONAL FEDERATION OF STATE HIGH SCHOOL ASSOCIATIONS (NFHS) MAJOR-MINOR LEAGUE RULE 3 (h)

(H) High School Players.

1. No student of a high school shall be signed to a contract by a Major or Minor League club during the period the student is eligible for participation in high school athletics. In any instance where such eligibility has expired prior to the student's graduation from high school (a) because of the student's age; or (b) because the student has completed the maximum number of semesters of attendance, the student may thereafter be signed to a contract which does not obligate the student to report for service prior to graduation of the class with which the student originally entered high school, i.e., until eight semesters after the student's original entry into the ninth grade.

2. A student who drops out of high school prior to expiration of the student's athletic eligibility and continues to remain out for at least one year may thereafter be signed to a contract for immediate service provided the student's withdrawal from high school was not suggested, procured, or otherwise influenced by the club contracting with the student, or by any official or employee of such club or of any of its affiliates.

3. Nothing herein shall be construed as prohibiting any Major or Minor League club, its officers, agents, or employees from talking to any high school student at any time concerning a career in professional baseball and discussing the merits of the student's contracting, when eligible therefore, with any particular club.

4. "Tryouts" to which students may be invited may be conducted during the school year, provided that (1) no student shall be permitted to participate in any such tryout unless the Principal of the student's high school, if not employed by a Major or Minor League club, shall have approved such participation in writing, and (2) provided further, that any such tryout must be limited to not more than five high school students.

5. Any contract made in violation of this rule shall be declared null and void and the offending club (and any club owned by or affiliated with such club) shall be prohibited from signing such player for a period of three years from the date of declaration of voidance of such contract. In addition, such club shall be fined \$500, by the Commissioner in the case of a Major League club, or by the President of the National Association in the case of a Minor League club, and the official, scout, or employee of the offending club who participated in the violation shall be subject to such penalty as the Commissioner or the President of the National Association, as the case may be, shall impose.

6. This rule shall apply to all high school students in the (50) states of the United States of America, and shall not apply to high school students attending high schools outside the said 50 states of the United States of America.

PIAA APPLICATION FOR SCHOOL MEMBERSHIP

In the Forms Section of the PIAA Handbook is an official PIAA form entitled "PIAA Application for School Membership." Application for membership in PIAA shall be made by submitting this application to the District Committee of the PIAA District in which the school is geographically located. Each PIAA Application for School Membership shall be signed by the Principal and shall be accompanied by the annual dues and a resolution of approval executed by the School Board or the Board having jurisdiction over the applicant school. The resolution shall state that, in all matters pertaining to interscholastic athletic activities, the school shall be governed by the Constitution, By-Laws, Policies and Procedures, and Rules and Regulations of PIAA.

Membership in PIAA becomes effective the next following July 1st after the school's application receives the approval of the PIAA Board of Directors.

SUPPLEMENT TO PIAA APPLICATION FOR SCHOOL MEMBERSHIP INVOLVING PIAA MEMBER PRIVATE SENIOR HIGH SCHOOLS

In the Forms Section of the PIAA Handbook is an official PIAA form entitled "Supplement to PIAA Application for School Membership Involving PIAA Member Private Senior High Schools." An application for a Private junior high/middle School membership incorporating more than one school shall be made in writing to the District Committee of the PIAA District in which the Private senior high School houses its 9th grade students. Each application for such a Private junior high/middle School membership shall be signed by the Principal of the member Private senior high School and (a) in the case of Catholic schools under Archdiocesan or Diocesan jurisdiction, by the Archdiocesan or Diocesan Superintendent of Schools, or (b) in the case of other Private senior high Schools, by the Superintendent or by the President of the Board having jurisdiction over the member Private senior high School.

The Private junior high/middle School membership in PIAA shall become effective the next following July 1st after the Private junior high/middle School's application receives the approval of the PIAA Board of Directors.

PIAA MEMBER SCHOOL REQUEST FOR COOPERATIVE SPONSORSHIP OF A SPORT FORM

In the Forms Section of the PIAA Handbook is an official PIAA form entitled "PIAA Member School Request for Cooperative Sponsorship of a Sport Form." Pursuant to the provisions of ARTICLE III, ATTENDANCE, Section 11, Cooperative Sponsorship of a Sport, of the PIAA By-Laws, this Form, with all applicable attachments, must be submitted by 1) all PIAA member senior high schools participating in the agreement for a request for approval of a Cooperative Sponsorship of a Sport agreement and/or 2) all PIAA member junior high/middle schools, which are NOT located in the same public school district, participating in the agreement for a request for approval of a Cooperative Sponsorship of a Sport agreement; and each participating school must include a check in the amount of \$50, payable to PIAA, to cover processing and handling costs. Where such an agreement **would** affect the classification size of a PIAA member senior high school Team, the Form must be submitted by September 15th of any odd-numbered year to the PIAA District Committee having jurisdiction over the school, to be considered for the immediately following two-year reclassification cycle.

PIAA MEMBER SCHOOL REQUEST FOR DECISION ON ATHLETIC ELIGIBILITY FORM

In the Forms Section of the PIAA Handbook is an official PIAA form entitled "PIAA Member School Request for Decision on Athletic Eligibility Form." In all situations in which a determination of eligibility of a student is needed, the Principal of the school should complete that Form and forward it, together with the student's transcript and attendance records, to the PIAA District Committee having jurisdiction over that school.

PIAA MEMBER SCHOOL ATHLETIC TRANSFER WAIVER REQUEST FORM

In the Forms Section of the PIAA Handbook is an official PIAA form entitled "PIAA Member School Athletic Transfer Waiver Request Form." Pursuant to ARTICLE VI, TRANSFERS, RESIDENCE, AND RECRUITING, Section 4, Regional Panel or District Committee Review, of the PIAA By-Laws, the Principal of a PIAA member school to which a student transferred, who is not otherwise eligible under Section 2, Presumptive Eligibility, subsections A through G, may request a waiver of ARTICLE VI, Section 3, Ineligible Students, from, as applicable under the circumstances, either a Regional Panel or the District Committee having jurisdiction over that Principal's school by (1) completing Sections 1 and 2 of that Form; (2) having the student's parent(s) or guardian(s) complete and sign Section 3 of that Form; (3) thereafter completing and signing either Section 4A or 4B of that Form; (4) routing that Form to the Principal of the school from which the student transferred, for that Principal to complete and sign either Section 5A or 5B; (5) having that Principal return that Form to the Principal of the PIAA member school to which the student transferred; and (6) then submitting that completed and properly executed Form to, as applicable under the circumstances, either a Regional Panel or the District Committee having jurisdiction over the Principal's school to which the student transferred, for either that Regional Panel's or District Committee's consideration.

PIAA COMPREHENSIVE INITIAL PRE-PARTICIPATION PHYSICAL EVALUATION (CIPPE) FORM

In the Forms Section of the PIAA Handbook is an official PIAA form entitled "PIAA Comprehensive Initial Pre-Participation Physical Evaluation (CIPPE) Form." INITIAL EVALUATION: Prior to any student participating in Practices, Inter-School Practices, Scrimmages, and/or Contests, at any PIAA member school in any school year, the student is required to (1) complete a Comprehensive Initial Pre-Participation Physical Evaluation (CIPPE); and (2) have the appropriate person(s) complete the first six Sections of the CIPPE Form. Upon completion of Sections 1 and 2 by the parent/guardian; Sections 3, 4, and 5 by the student and parent/guardian; and Section 6 by an Authorized Medical Examiner (AME), those Sections must be turned in to the Principal, or the Principal's designee, of the student's school for retention by the school. The CIPPE may not be performed earlier than June 1st and shall be effective, regardless of when performed during a school year, until the next May 31st.

SUBSEQUENT SPORT(S) IN THE SAME SCHOOL YEAR: Following completion of a CIPPE, the same student seeking to participate in Practices, Inter-School Practices, Scrimmages, and/or Contests in subsequent sport(s) in the same school year, must complete Section 7 of this form and must turn in that Section to the Principal, or Principal's designee, of his or her school. The Principal, or the Principal's designee, will then determine whether Section 8 need be completed.

PIAA FOREIGN EXCHANGE STUDENT / INTERNATIONAL STUDENT ELIGIBILITY AGREEMENT

In the Forms Section of the PIAA Handbook is an official PIAA form entitled "PIAA Foreign Exchange Student/International Student Eligibility Agreement." ARTICLE VII, FOREIGN EXCHANGE STUDENTS, INTERNATIONAL STUDENTS, AND FOREIGN STUDENTS, of the PIAA By-Laws, provides for the eligibility for interscholastic athletics of a Foreign Exchange Student, who is defined as a student who is (1) in the United States (US) on a US Department of State-issued J-1 visa; (2) a participant in a program that has been recognized by the US Department of State, and has been accepted for listing by the Council on Standards for International Educational Travel (CSIET); (3) assigned to a host family by a method that ensures that no student, or the student's parents, school, or other interested party materially influences that assignment in some way for an athletic purpose; and (4) not selected or placed on any basis relating to the student's athletic abilities or interests.

ARTICLE VII, FOREIGN EXCHANGE STUDENTS, INTERNATIONAL STUDENTS, AND FOREIGN STUDENTS, of the PIAA By-Laws, also provides for the eligibility for interscholastic athletics of an International Student, who is defined as a student who is (1) in the United States (US) on a US Immigration and Naturalization Service-issued F-1 visa; and (2) enters the US for reasons that are not materially motivated in some way by an athletic purpose.

Neither Foreign Exchange Students nor International Students may reside with any member of a school's paid or voluntary coaching staff, who coaches a sport or sports in which the student will participate; and both must (1) meet the requirements of ARTICLE I (the Age Rule), ARTICLE II (the Amateur Rule), and ARTICLE V (the Comprehensive Initial Pre-Participation Physical Evaluation [CIPPE] Rule) of the PIAA By-Laws, and (2) be in full-time attendance at a PIAA member school.

A Foreign Exchange Student or International Student becomes eligible for a period of one year at the PIAA member school which the student attends upon the determination of the PIAA District Committee having jurisdiction over that school that (1) the student is a Foreign Exchange Student or International Student as defined above; and (2) the student and the host parents, on behalf of the student, have executed and submitted to the District Committee the official "PIAA Foreign Exchange Student/International Student Eligibility Agreement", and required accompanying documents (applicable visa and completed PIAA CIPPE Form), by which the student and the host parents, on behalf of the student, each agrees that the student's eligibility to participate in interscholastic athletics at any PIAA member school shall end at the conclusion of the student's one-year of eligibility.

CONTRACT FOR CONTESTS UNDER PIAA RULES

In the Forms Section of the PIAA Handbook is an official PIAA form entitled "Contract for Contests Under PIAA Rules." Except where scheduling is done by or pursuant to the authority of the District Committee, all schools shall enter into either paper or electronic contracts for all Contests in which they participate. All contracts must be on the official contract form entitled "Contract for Contests Under PIAA Rules", or an equivalent electronic version thereof.

SUPPLEMENT TO CONTRACT FOR CONTESTS UNDER PIAA RULES INVOLVING NON-PIAA MEMBER SCHOOLS

In the Forms Section of the PIAA Handbook is an official PIAA form entitled "Supplement to Contract for Contests Under PIAA Rules Involving Non-PIAA Member Schools." Except where scheduling is done by or pursuant to the authority of the District Committee, all schools shall enter into either paper or electronic contracts for all Contests in which they participate. All contracts must be on the official contract form entitled "Contract for Contests Under PIAA Rules", or an equivalent electronic version thereof. Where the opponent is not a member of PIAA, the school shall also enter into a supplement to either a paper or an electronic contract on the official form entitled "Supplement to Contract for Contests Under PIAA Rules Involving Non-PIAA Member Schools", or an equivalent electronic version thereof.

CONTRACT FOR OFFICIALS UNDER PIAA RULES

In the Forms Section of the PIAA Handbook is an official PIAA form entitled "Contract for Officials Under PIAA Rules." All PIAA member schools shall enter into either paper or electronic contracts on the official contract form entitled "Contract for Officials Under PIAA Rules", or an equivalent electronic version thereof, with all registered sports officials retained by the schools or assigned by an assignor.

ASSIGNOR AGREEMENT

In the Forms Section of the PIAA Handbook is an official PIAA form entitled "Assignor Agreement." PIAA member schools and organized groups of member schools, which utilize the services of an assignor, are encouraged to enter into a written agreement with the assignor specifying the relationship with the assignor and the responsibilities of the assignor. The agreement can be modified to meet the specific circumstances as needed.

REPORT OF ALLEGED VIOLATION(S) OF SEASON AND/OR OUT-OF-SEASON RULES AND REGULATIONS FORM

In the Forms Section of the PIAA Handbook is an official PIAA form entitled "Report of Alleged Violation(s) of Season and/or Out-of-Season Rules and Regulations Form." Any person may report a season and/or out-of-season violation on that Form. The Form must be signed by the complainant. Where the complainant is a PIAA member school, the Form must be signed by the Principal or Athletic Director. The form must be submitted to the PIAA District Committee having jurisdiction over the PIAA member school allegedly committing the violation(s).

PIAA APPLICATION FOR APPROVAL OF INVITATIONAL AND/OR TOURNAMENT

In the Forms Section of the PIAA Handbook is an official PIAA form entitled "PIAA Application for Approval of Invitational and/or Tournament".

PIAA APPLICATION FOR SANCTION OF BORDERING STATE(S) ATHLETIC EVENT

In the Forms Section of the PIAA Handbook is an official PIAA form entitled "PIAA Application for Sanction of Bordering State(s) Athletic Event".

2017-2018 PIAA ORDER FORM

In the Forms Section of the PIAA Handbook is an official PIAA form entitled "2017-2018 PIAA Order Form."

NATIONAL FEDERATION OF STATE HIGH SCHOOL ASSOCIATIONS (NFHS) APPLICATION FOR SANCTION OF INTERSTATE AND INTERNATIONAL ATHLETIC EVENTS SANCTIONING PROCEDURES

In the Forms Section of the PIAA Handbook is an official NFHS form entitled "NFHS Application for Sanction of Interstate and International Athletic Events Sanctioning Procedures".