## GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

#### TWIN FALLS SCHOOL DISTRICT NUMBER 411

TWIN FALLS COUNTY STATE OF IDAHO June 30, 2015

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

#### To the Board of Trustees Twin Falls School District

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Twin Falls School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Twin Falls School District, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis (pages 6 through 11), budgetary comparison information (pages 46 through 49), and schedule of employer's share of net pension liability PERSI - base plan, and schedule of employer's contributions PERSI - base plan on pages 38 through 43 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operation, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Twin Falls School District basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual non major fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 28, 2015, on our consideration of the Twin Falls School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Twin Falls School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Ware & associates

Twin Falls, Idaho October 28, 2015



### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENTS AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Trustees
Twin Falls School District

We have audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Twin Falls School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Twin Falls School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 28, 2015.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Twin Falls School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Twin Falls School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Twin Falls School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of Twin Falls School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiences, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention of those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Twin Falls School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of This Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Twin Falls School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Twin Falls School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Ware & associates

Twin Falls, Idaho October 28, 2015

#### School District No. 411

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

The discussion and analysis of the Twin Falls School District # 411's (the district) financial performance provides an overall review of financial activities for the fiscal year. The analysis focuses on school district financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District certified \$1,099,380 in emergency levy funds reflecting the continued strong growth and increase in student population. \$4,500,000 was also certified in the second year of the public authorized two year supplemental levy.
- The Idaho Legislature exempted the first \$100,000 of personal property from taxation in the 2013 legislative session. The law required the State of Idaho replace the lost property tax revenue with State revenue. The District received State property tax replacement dollars in the amount of \$190,788. This amount will continue to be replace annually.
- In fiscal year 2014-2015 the district implemented financial statements changes required by GASB 67 and 68 regarding pensions. The beginning net position was restated reflecting accounting changes recognized for the 2013-2014 fiscal year related to implementing GASB 67 and 68. The District reported financial information determined by an actuarial valuation of the Public Employee Retirement of Idaho and was based upon the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated on the District's share of contributions relative to the total contribution of all participating PERSI employers.
- The District's financial status, as reflected in total net position, improved by \$7.9 million.
- Program revenues, in the form of charges for services and operating grants and contributions, accounted for \$11.68 million of the \$75 million total revenues. General fund revenues included \$5.6 million of the total property tax revenues of \$15.6 million. \$40.2 million of the total State aid of 43 million were within the general fund state aid. General fund revenues account for 62% of all revenues.
- Expenses for the district total \$77.2 million, of which \$30.6 million (39.6%) were directly related to instructional (classroom).
- The fund balance increases were \$1.6 million in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund, \$466 thousand in Non-Major fund balance. Fund balance decreases were \$57 thousand in the General Fund and \$4.3 million in the Capital Construction Fund.

#### School District No. 411

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

#### **OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements. Other required supplementary information is also presented.

- The Government-wide Financial Statements provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances. The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information on the district as a whole and provide a district-wide, aggregate, view of the district's finances. District-wide statements contain useful long-term information as well as information for the just-completed fiscal year. Increases or decreases in the net position may indicate whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating. The Statement of Activities shows how the net position of the District have changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken in to account regardless of when the cash is received or paid. Changes in the net assets occur as soon as the underlying event gives rise.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the district. Fund statements generally report operations in more detail than the district-wide statements. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of sources of funding and spending on particular programs and to demonstrate compliance with various regulatory requirements. Fund financial statements focus on individual parts of the District. This statement focuses on its most significant or "major" funds and not on the District as a whole. The District's activities are all classified as governmental activities. Governmental activities include all regular and special education, all educational support activities, administration, transportation and food services. Most of these activities are supported by property taxes and formula aid from the State of Idaho. Some funds are required by state law and by bond covenants.
- The notes to the financial statements provides further explanation of some of the information in the statements and provides additional disclosures so statement users have a complete picture of the district's financial activities and position.
- Required supplementary information further explains and supports the financial statements by including a comparison of the district's budget data for the year.

#### **School District No. 411**

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

#### **District-wide Statements**

District assets exceeded liabilities by \$36,038,111 at June 30, 2014 and were restated due to a change in pension obligation amounts to \$18,592,891. District assets exceeded liabilities by \$26,503,092 at June 30, 2015.

The investments in capital assets (i. e; land, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment) net of related debt (Long term lease and general obligation bonds) represents 88% of total net position. This percentage will change as resources are expended to complete capital construction projects. These capital assets provide services to students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

The restricted portion of the District's net position reflects general obligation bonds proceeds and facility maintenance proceeds and other resources that are subject to external restrictions. The majority of these assets will be used to construct capital assets (buildings) over the next two to three years, address the facility maintenance requirements and pay a portion of the debt service obligations.

	Governmental A	ctivitie	<u>s</u>	
	<u>2015</u>	2	014 restated	<u>Change</u>
Current and other assets	\$ 88,807,394	\$	90,450,398	\$ (1,643,004)
Capital assets (net)	66,193,220		62,859,936	3,333,284
•				
Total Assets	155,000,614		153,310,334	1,690,280
Deferred Outflows of				
Resources	4,114,159		3,330,424	783,735
Long-term liabilities				
outstanding	108,931,710		106,828,845	2,102,865
Other liabilities	12,674,539		10,443,379	2,231,160
Total Liabilities	121,606,249		117,272,224	4,334,025
Deferred Inflows of				
Resources	11,005,432		20,775,643	(9,770,211)
Net Position				
Net investment in capital				
assets	23,343,959		27,389,024	(4,045,065)
Restricted	76,806,038		78,527,293	(1,721,255)
Unrestricted	(73,646,905)		(87,323,426)	13,676.521
Total net position	\$ 26,503,092	<b>§</b>	18,592,891	\$ 7,910,201

The following table shows the changes in net position for the fiscal year 2014-2015. The District relies on state funding for 54% and property taxes for 18% of its activities. The District had total revenues of \$79,346,428 and revenues exceeded expenditures by \$7,910,201.

#### **School District No. 411**

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

#### **Changes in Net Position**

	FY 14-15	FY 13-14	Change
Revenues			
Program Revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 3,342,323	\$ 3,553,718	\$ (211,395)
Operating grants &	8,335,200	8,042,299	292,901
contributions	•	,	ŕ
General Revenue:			
Property taxes, levied	5,644,795	6,114,141	(469,346)
general	- , ,	-,,-	(101,010)
Property taxes, levied debt	6,670,803	3,966,059	2,704,744
Property taxes, levied	3,315,603	3,300,000	15,603
maintenance	2,012,002	2,200,000	15,005
State programs	42,748,467	39,936,156	2,812,311
Federal forest	17,125	18,225	(1,100)
Interest & investment	271,977	24,960	247,017
earnings	20, 1,5,7,7	2.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	217,017
Sale of assets	2,363,417	74,527	2,288,890
Other	6,636,718	9,085,205	(2,448,487)
	0,030,710	7,005,205	(2,110,107)
Total Revenues	79,346,428	74,115,290	5,231,138
<del></del>			
Program Expenses			
Instruction	\$ 30,729,386	\$ 29,819,485	\$ 909,901
Support services	25,866,383	23,863,745	2,002,638
Non-instruction	4,284,979	4,680,148	(395,169)
Capital Outlay	32,365	54,488	(22,123)
Interest & other costs on	32,330	0 1,100	(==,1==)
long-term debt	5,852,484	5,004,292	848,192
Depreciation	4,670,630	4,674,235	(3,605)
	1,0,0,0	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(3,003)
Total Expenses			
Total Experience	71,436,227	68,096,393	3,339,834
	11,710,441	00,070,373	2,227,034
Changes in Net Position	\$ 7,910,201	\$ 6,018,897	\$ 1,891,304
- west			

#### School District No. 411

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

#### Governmental Funds:

The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide balances of spendable resources and to provide data on near-term inflows and outflows. The District uses funds to demonstrate compliance with finance-related requirements.

The general fund is the general operating fund for the District. The general fund balance at the end of the 2014-2015 fiscal year was \$2,337,273 which is \$57,286 down from the ending balance in fiscal year 2013-2014 of \$2,394,559. The fund balance continues to be drawn down enabling the district to weather the recession without eliminating positions or programs. The District continues to grow with continued increases in student population prompting the Board of Trustees, under advisement of the budget advisory committee, to seek additional funding through an emergency levy of \$1,099,380. State funding based upon average daily attendance continues to increase primarily due to the increase in students with additional help from the legislature with recovery of funds previously removed from the funding formula. State funding increased \$3,103,856 or \$43,040,012 up from \$39,936,156.

Expenditures for the general fund totaled \$46,687,775. Instructional Services accounts for 57% for the general fund expenditures. General fund salaries and benefits totaled \$38,661,187 million for 83% of the District's general fund expenditures.

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for resources collected to pay for principal and interest on the long-term debt. The District sold Series 2014C bonds in 2013-2014 totaling \$26,320,000 to refund Series 2006 bonds. The Debt Service Fund has \$5,856,155 in restricted fund balance to pay for future principal and interest requirements.

The Capital Construction Fund pays for capital construction for additions within the District. Two elementary, one middle school, an additional wing at Canyon Ridge High School, upgrades and remodeling at the Twin Falls High School and security measures at all schools. Series 2014A and 2014B were sold in fiscal year 2013-2014 totaling \$6,886,500,000 to fund these projects. The Capital Construction Fund balance at the end of the 2015 fiscal year was \$68,872,283.

#### General Fund Budgetary Highlights:

The District adopts on original budget in June for the subsequent year. There were no significant differences between the original budget and the final amended budget.

The Budget to Actual shows the Debt Service Fund overspent their appropriation during the fiscal year.

#### School District No. 411

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget:

The District continued to experience an increase in overall enrollment, thus increasing the amount of revenue generated from an emergency levy and from the State Department of Education. The District is also experiencing growth in taxable market value, thus resulting in additional tax revenue. The District is in the final year on its two year supplemental levy.

The District is updating its Strategic Plan and continues to work to write curriculum and train staff on the new Idaho Common Core State Standards. The new standards took effect in the 13-14 school year and all curriculum is being aligned for these new standards.

#### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Robert L. Seaman at the Twin Falls School District Administration Office, 201 Main Avenue West, Twin Falls ID 83301, by phone at (208) 732-7517, or by e-mail at seamanro@tfsd.org.

#### Twin Falls, Idaho

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

#### June 30, 2015

	Governmental Activities	
ASSETS		
Cash and investments	\$ 76,135,804	
Property taxes receivables	585,198	
State, federal and other receivables (net)	10,950,571	
Inventories	322,122	
Prepaid expenses	813,699	
Capital assets - Land	2,660,946	
Depreciable capital assets (net of depreciation)	63,532,274	
Total assets	155,000,614	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
PERSI deferred outflow - contributions	4,114,159	
LIABILITIES		
Accounts, salaries and other payables	6,554,822	
Amounts held for others	107,983	
Current Long-term liabilities	·	
Bonds due within one year	2,155,000	
Accrued interest	1,947,117	
Other liabilities due within one year Long-term liabilities	679,284	
Bonds due in more than one year	99,350,000	
Other liabilities due in more than one year	4,917,596	
PERSI net pension liability	4,664,114	
Total liabilities	121,375,916	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
PERSI - employer pension assumption	11,005,432	
Unavailable revenue - federal funds	1,230,333	
Total deferred inflows of resources	12,235,765	
NET POSITION		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for:	23,343,959	
Child nutrition	122,253	
Debt service	6,046,676	
Capital construction	68,872,283	
Capital improvement and maintenance	1,764,826	
Unrestricted - PERSI net position	( 11,555,387)	)
Unrestricted	( 62,091,518)	
Total net position	\$ 26,503,092	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this basic financial statement.

#### Twin Falls, Idaho

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

#### For the year ended June 30, 2015

		Program	Revenues	
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Net (expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
FUNCTION/PROGRAMS Governments activities				
Instruction Support services Non-instruction Capital outlay Long-term debt interest Depreciation unallocated Total governmental	\$ 30,729,386 25,866,383 4,284,979 32,365 5,852,484 4,670,630	\$ 1,374,438 1,163,341 764,157 10,570 29,817	\$ 2,457,495 2,080,052 3,506,108 0 291,545	(\$ 26,897,453) ( 22,622,990) ( 14,714) ( 21,795) ( 5,531,122) ( 4,670,630)
activities	\$ 71,436,227	\$ 3,342,323	\$ 8,335,200	( 59,758,704)
	Property taxes, of Prederal forest later for the Prederal for Prederal fund Bond interest and Capital construction (Normal Miscellaneous Debt Premium PERSI - net pens	supplemental levy emergency levy ort levy other levy evied for debt servevied for plant facilieu of taxes outions not restrict program ands ement earnings of redemption major)	ilities ed to specific progran	4,527,701 1,099,380 17,469 245 6,670,803 3,315,603 190,788 18 42,557,679 17,125 3,759 957 264,949 2,312 746,886 5,889,832 65,305,488
	Excess/ (deficit) of Special items	f revenues over ex	penditures before	5,546,784
	Special items - net	gain on sale of pr	operty	2,363,417
	Changes in net po	sition		7,910,201
	Net position - begi	nning (restated)		18,592,891
	Net position - endi	ng		\$ 26,503,092

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this basic financial statement.

Twin Falls School District No. 411

Twin Falls, Idaho

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET

June 30, 2015

		General	ធ	Bond Interest and Redemption		Capital Construction	2	Non Major and Agency Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
ASSETS  Cash and investments	↔	3,659,366	<del>(</del> 5	3,254,268	₩	68,697,504	↔	524,666	₩	76,135,804	
Receivable Property taxes		226,072		227,680		0		131,446		585,198	
Other receivables Prenaid		3,753,867 279.137		2,566,127 0		282,689		4,347,888 290.790		10,950,571 569.927	
Total assets and other debits	\$	7,918,442	S	6,048,075	s	68,980,193	S	5,294,790	S	88,241,500	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND EQUITY Liabilities											
Accounts payable	69	204,062	↔	1,400	₩	107,911	₩	309,040	<b>69</b>	622,413	
Salaries and benefits payable Returnable revenue		5,160,830 0		00		00		771,579		5,932,408	
Total liabilities		5,364,892		1,400		107,911		1,188,602		6,662,804	
Inflows of resources Unavailable revenue											
Property taxes		216,275		190,520		00		102,534		509,330	
redeta fullus Total inflows of resources		216,275		190,520		0		1,332,867		1,739,663	
Fund equity - fund balances Non-spendable		0		0		0		0		0	
Restricted		0		5,856,155		68,872,282		2,773,321		77,501,758	
Committed		1,962,375		0		0		0		1,962,375	
Assigned		0		0		0		0		0	
Unassigned		374,900		0		0		0		374,900	
Total fund balance	-	2,337,275		5,856,155		68,872,282		2,773,321		79,839,033	
and fund balance	ઝ	7,918,442	<del>v</del>	6,048,075	S	68,980,193	S	5,294,790	49	88,241,500	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this basic financial statement.

#### Twin Falls, Idaho

#### RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2015

Total fund balances for governmental funds		\$	79,839,033
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the state net position are different from the amount reported above as tot governmental funds fund balance because:			
Capital assets used in government activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund statemed Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position:			
Governmental capital asset	\$ 119,382,090		
Governmental accumulated depreciation (	53,188,870)		
			66,193,220
Long-term liabilities, including bonds and notes payable, are rein the current period and therefore are not reported in the furstatements. Long-term liabilities reported in the statement of position that are not reported in the funds balance sheet are General obligation debt  GASB 45 obligations  Accrued interest on general obligation debt  Net pension liability  ()	nd of net		113,713,112)
Elimination of deferred tax allowances			509,330
Recognition of inventories and prepaids			
Inventories	322,121		
Insurance	243,773		
			565,894
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions of \$4,114,159 = \$665,475 deferred outflows resources plus \$3,448,684 deferred outflow of 2015 employer contributions			
related to pensions.			4,114,159
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		(	11,005,432)
Total net position		\$	26,503,092

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this basic financial statement.

Twin Falls School District No. 411

Twin Falls, Idaho

# **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

For the year ended June 30, 2015

		ב	nie year end	roi die year eilded Julie 30, zo 13	<u> </u>					T. 40 T
			Bonc	Bond Interest		Capital		Non Major	Ğ	Governmental
	-	General	and Re	and Redemption	ၓ	Construction		Funds		Funds
REVENUES Local revenue										
Property taxes	€9	5,644,795	₩	6,674,732	s	0	<del>⇔</del>	3,315,603	<del>\$</del>	15,635,130
Other local		842,546		30,773		275,519		2,644,261		3,793,099
Total local revenue		6,487,341		6,705,505		275,519		5,959,864		19,428,229
State revenue		40,235,378		291,545		0		2,513,089		43,040,012
Federal revenue		47,373		0		0		7,834,607		7,881,980
Other revenue		1,741		746,886		3,897,006		2,892		4,648,525
Total revenues		46,771,833		7,743,936		4,172,525		16,310,452		74,998,746
EXPENDITURES				,		•		1		1
Instructional		26,838,981		0		0		3,756,202		30,595,183
Support services		19,737,778		1,400		187		6,156,763		25,896,128
Non-instruction		90,012		0		0		4,205,636		4,295,648
Capital outlay		21,004		0		8,425,791		1,012,984		9,459,779
Debt service		0		6,094,559		0		853,808		6,948,367
Total expenditures		46,687,775		6,095,959		8,425,978		15,985,393		77,195,105
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES		84,058		1,647,977 (		4,253,453)		325,059 (		2,196,359)
Other financing sources (uses) Net transfer in (out)		141,342)		0		0		141,342		0
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	α _	57,284)		1,647,977 (		4,253,453)		466,401 (		2,196,359)
Fund balance, beginning of year		2,394,559		4,208,178		73,125,735		2,306,920		82,035,392
Fund balance, end of year	<del>so</del>	2,337,275	\$	5,856,155	<del>\$</del>	68,872,282	9	2,773,321	s	79,839,033

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this basic financial statement.

#### Twin Falls, Idaho

#### RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

#### For the year ended June 30, 2015

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		(\$	2,196,359)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Revenues for property taxes are reduced for deferred revenue in the governmental funds. These funds are shown as receivables but are no considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. That portion of taxes receivable not collected within 60 days after fiscal year end has been deferred in the governmental funds, but is reported as revenue in the statement of activities.  The amount of deferred property taxes in the current year is:  The amount of deferred property taxes in the prior year is:  Net increase (decrease) in revenues for property taxes	\$ 509,330 (513,259)	, (	3,929)
The cost of benefits are reported in the governmental funds as expenditures as due. In the Statement of Activities amounts are measured by the amounts earned during the year.  GASB 45 amounts earned more than amounts used in the current year  GASB 45 amounts earned more than amounts used in the prior year	( 1,438,587) 1,165,551	(	273,036)
The change in inventories are reported in the governmental funds as expenditures, however these costs are considered an asset on the statement of net position.  The inventory amounts in the current year is: The inventory amounts in the prior year is: Net increase (decrease) in inventories	322,122 ( <u>268,308</u> )	ı	53,814
The cost of insurance is reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when paid. These amounts represent insurance coverage for the entire fiscal year. The prepayment of insurance is considered an asset on the statement of net position.  The amount of prepaid insurance in the current fiscal year is: The amount of prepaid insurance in the prior fiscal year is: Current fiscal year prepaid insurance is greater (less) than prior fiscal year	243,773 (233,062)	1	10,711

#### Twin Falls, Idaho

#### RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2015

The acquisition of capital assets are reported in the governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are shown in the statement of net position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expenses in the statement of activities.  Capital outlay report in governmental fund statements Depreciation expense reported in statement of activities Capital outlay reclassified due to capitalization limits Amount by which capital outlays are greater (less) than	\$ (	9,459,779 4,670,630) 40,535)		
depreciation in the current period			\$	4,748,614
In the statement of activities, the net gain (loss) on the sale/disposal of capital assets is reported, whereas in the government funds, only the proceeds from the sale of capital assets are recorded as financial resources. Thus, the changes in net assets differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold or disposed of.			(	1,533,529)
Repayment of principal on long-term debt is reported in the government funds as an expenditure, but is reported as a reduction in long-term de in the statement of net position and does not affect the statement of ac	ebt	es.	`	, , ,
The amount of long-term debt principal payments in the current ye				2,535,839
Governmental funds expenses include pension contributions, while on to statement of activities the contributions are considered a deferred out Pension contributions current year.  Pension contributions prior year  Net increase (decrease) in expenditures for pension contributions	flow. (	3,448,684 3,330,424)		118,260
In governmental funds benefits earned net of employee contributions is not recognized as revenues				5,889,832
Interest payments on outstanding debt are reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds when paid. Interest is reported as it accrues it the statement of activities.				
The amount of interest accrued in the prior period is: The amount of interest accrued during the current period is: Current fiscal year accrual is greater (less) than prior fiscal year	(	507,101 <u>1,947,117</u> )	(	1,440,016)
Change in net position of governmental activities			\$	7,910,201

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this basic financial statement.

#### Twin Falls, Idaho

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Twin Falls School District No. 411 have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described as follows:

#### 1. Reporting Entity

Each Idaho school district is a body corporate (Idaho Code 33-301). The authority to govern, which resides in the Board of Trustees, has been extended to the District by the state (Idaho Code 33-501). In its corporate capacity, Twin Falls School District No. 411 may sue and be sued and may acquire, hold and convey real and personal property necessary to its existence. The District has the authority to issue negotiable bonds and incur other debt as provided by law. As provided by Idaho Law, the board of trustees of each school district has the power to levy taxes for school purposes. Also, each school district is a political subdivision of the State of Idaho. The Board has broad financial responsibilities including approval of the annual budget, and the establishment of a system of accounting and budgetary controls.

The financial reporting entity consists of a primary government and its component units. The District is a primary government because it is a special-purpose government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state or local governments. Furthermore, there are no component units combined with the District for financial statement presentation purposes, and the District is not included in any other governmental reporting entity. Consequently, the District's financial statements include the funds of those organizational entities for which its elected governing board is financially accountable. The District's major operations include education, pupil transportation, construction and maintenance of District facilities, and food services.

#### 2. Government - Wide and Fund Financial Statement

The government - wide financial statements (i.e. the statements of net position and the statement of activities) present financial information about the District as a whole. The reported information includes all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. These statements are to distinguish between the *governmental* and *business type* activities of the District. *Governmental activities* normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, and are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The district does not have any business type activities.

#### Twin Falls, Idaho

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenue. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes, state aid, and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for government and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual government funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### 3. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statements Presentation

Government - Wide Financial Statements - The government - wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as is the fiduciary fund financial statement. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the grantor or provider have been met. As a general rule the effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government - wide financial statements.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service resources are provided during the current year for payment of general long-term debt principal and interest due early in the following year and, therefore, the expenditures and related liabilities have been recognized. Compensated absences are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, state aid, and investment income associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. Food services and miscellaneous revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. Grants and similar awards are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the grantor or provider have been met. Deferred revenues also arise when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to meeting all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider.

#### Twin Falls, Idaho

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### 3. <u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statements Presentation</u> - continued

Delinquent property taxes and property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as the fiscal year, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue on the government fund financial statements.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

<u>Capital Construction Fund</u> - The Capital Construction accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Bond Interest and Redemption Fund</u> - The Bond Interest and Redemption Fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in the government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Government Accounting Standards Bureau.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

#### 4. Investments

Investment are deposited in the Idaho State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). State Statute authorizes the District to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, The State of Idaho, or county, city or other taxing district of the State of Idaho, commercial paper, corporate bonds and repurchase agreements. Investments are stated at fair value which approximates market value. The State Treasurer LGIP funds are invested in FDIC and SLIC insured accounts. Interest earned from investments is allocated to major funds based on their average balances for the month interest is earned. Funds to which interest is always allocated include the General Fund, the Debt Service Fund and the Capital Projects funds.

#### Twin Falls, Idaho

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### 5. Investment Income

Investment income is composed of interest and net changes in the fair market value of applicable investments. Investment income is reported as earnings on investment in the fund financial statements.

#### 6. Receivables and Payables

Receivables as stated in the balance sheet are considered collectible by the Board of Trustees; accordingly, an allowance for uncollectible accounts is not considered necessary nor is on applied to receivables.

Idaho counties are responsible for collecting property taxes, assessing penalties and if necessary, sale of the property. In addition, the county maintains all the records and is responsible for remitting property tax amounts to the various taxing entities within the county boundaries.

All real property is assigned a parcel number in accordance with state law, with each parcel being subject to physical reappraisal every five years. The amount of tax levied is developed by multiplying the assessed value by the tax rate applicable to the area in which the property is located. Taxes on real property are a lien on the property and attach on July 1, of the year for which the taxes are levied.

Taxes on property for Twin Falls County are due on the 20<sup>th</sup> of December; however, they may be paid in two installments with the second installment due June 20. Twelve percent APR interest is charged and two percent penalties are assessed if a taxpayer fails to pay an installment within ten days of the installment due date. After a three year waiting period, a tax deed is issued conveying the property to the county with a lien for back taxes and accumulated charges. Redemption may be made by the owner and such persons as described by statute by paying all back taxes and accumulated penalties, interest and costs before sale.

Taxes on personal property are collected currently. Personal property declarations are mailed out annually and the tax is computed using percentages of taxable values established by the Department of Taxation. The major classifications of personal property are commercial, mobile homes, marine, aircraft and agricultural.

The District's property tax is levied each September on the market value as of December 1<sup>st</sup> of the prior calendar year. Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/due from" other funds.

#### Twin Falls, Idaho

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### 7. Prepaid Supplies and Inventories

Prepaid supplies are valued at cost on a first-in, first-out basis. The District maintains a limited inventory of high volume items that are best purchased in large lots and are expensed when used. These are carried in current assets in fund financial statements and are always consumed within one year.

#### 8. Capital Assets

Capital assets which include land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture, equipment and construction in progress, are reported in the government - wide financial statements.

Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of \$25,000 and an estimated useful life of more than one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at the estimated fair market value at the date of the donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight line method over the estimated useful life using the following as a guideline:

Land and improvements20-25 yearsBuildings and improvements20-50 yearsVehicles, furniture and equipment5- 15 years

#### Twin Falls, Idaho

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### 9. Compensated Absences

<u>Acumulated Employee Benefit Amounts</u> - Employee benefit amounts are recognition of corresponding liabilities are as follows:

- A. <u>Personal Leave</u> Certified and classified employees receive up to three personal leave days. Two unused leave days may be accrued each year, but the total accrued may not be more than five days.
- B. <u>Vacation Pay</u> Full year (12 months) administrators receive twenty days paid vacation. All other full year (12 month) employees are entitled to ten days (15 days after seven years continuous service). After an accumulation of two years vacation additional vacation days cannot be accumulated without approval from the Superintendent of Schools. Vacation pay is expensed in the current year.
- C. <u>Sick Pay</u> Each employee is entitled to one sick leave day for each month of service rendered up to one hundred thirty days accumulation. No compensation is paid employees who leave the district by reason of death, termination or retirement.
- D. <u>Pensions</u> The District participates in the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI). PERSI is a multiple employer retirement plan with cost-sharing arrangements shared equally. All risks and costs, including benefit costs, are shared proportionately by the participating entities.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho Base Plan (Base Plan) and additions to/deductions from Base Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they reported by the Base Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### 10. Long-Term Obligations

In the government - wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities on the statement of net assets. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

<u>Capital Leases Payable</u> - The long-term liability payments for the District's Phase I and Phase II are recorded in the Governmental Funds as expenditures.

#### Twin Falls, Idaho

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### 10. Long-Term Obligations - continued

General Obligation Bonds Payable - The long-term liability payments for the District's general obligation bonds are recorded in the Governmental Funds as expenditures.

#### 11. Adopted Change in Accounting Standards

GASB has issued Statement 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, which enhances the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing governmental fund type definitions.

#### 12. Equity Classifications

- a. District-Wide Financial Statements The District reports net assets in three categories invested in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted.
- b. Fund Financial Statements The District has adopted GASB Statement No. 54 "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions" (GASB 54) which redefines how fund balances of the governmental funds are presented in the financial statements. There are five classifications of fund balance as presented below:
- Non-spendable These funds are not available for expenditures based on legal or contractual requirements. In this category, one would see inventory, long-term receivables, unless proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned and legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (corpus or a permanent fund).
- <u>Restricted</u> These funds are governed by externally enforceable restrictions. In this category, one would see restricted purpose grant funds, debt service or capital projects.
- <u>Committed</u> Fund balances in this category are limited by the government's highest level of decision making. Any changes of designation must be done in the same manner that it was implemented and should occur prior to end of fiscal year, though the exact amount may be determined subsequently.
- <u>Assigned</u> These funds are intended to be used for specific purposes, intent is expressed by: governing body or an official delegated by the governing body.
- <u>Unassigned</u> This classification is the default for all funds that do not fit into the other categories. This, however should not be a negative number for the general fund. If it is, the assigned fund balance must be adjusted.

Order of Use of Fund Balance - The District's policy is to apply expenditures against nonspendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year. For all funds, nonspendable fund balances are determined first and then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined.

#### Twin Falls, Idaho

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### 13. Inter-fund Activity

Flows of cash from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as inter-fund transfers. Inter-fund transfers between government funds are eliminated in the statement of activities. Inter-fund financial statements are reported as a subset of other financing sources/uses.

#### 14. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reporting amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### NOTE B - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

<u>Budgetary Information</u> - Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with governmental accounting principles utilizing the modified accrual basis of accounting. Annual appropriated revenue and expenditure budgets are adopted for general, special revenue, debt service and capital funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund total level.

Encumbrances represent commitments to unperformed contracts for goods and services. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditures of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is utilized in the governmental funds. At the end of the year these items are expensed and accrued to the balance sheet as liabilities to report them in the period they were actually committed.

Twin Falls School District Number 411 adheres to school district budget requirements in Title 33, Chapter 8 of the Idaho Code. The provisions of this section include the following procedures to establish the budgetary data which is reflected in these financial statements.

- No later than 28 days prior to the Board's annual meeting a budget shall be prepared and a public hearing held thereon.
- 2. No later than 14 days after the public hearing the budget shall be adopted by a favorable vote of a majority of the members of the Board. The final budget must be forwarded to the State Department of Education.
- 3. Budget revisions exceeding \$15,000 may not be made without prior approval of the School District's Board, following a scheduled and noticed public hearing. The adjustment must be approved by 60% of the Board. Management may amend the budget by transferring account allocations within a fund that do not increase the total budget without seeking approval of the Board of Trustees.

#### Twin Falls, Idaho

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

#### NOTE C - CASH AND EQUIVALENTS

Deposits and investment are carried at fair value. A reconciliation of cash and investments at June 30, 2015, as shown on the financial statements is as follows:

Carrying amounts of deposits Carrying amounts of investments	\$ 1,410,382 <u>74,725,422</u>
Total cash and investments	\$ 76,135,804
Statement of net assets cash and investments	\$ 76,135,804

The District complies with the Idaho Code, Title 67, Chapter 12 in handling its depository and investing transactions. District funds are deposited in qualified depositories as defined by the Code. The Idaho Code authorizes the District to invest.

Investments are deposited in the Idaho State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). State Statute authorizes the District to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, the State of Idaho, or county, city or other taxing district of the State of Idaho, commercial paper, corporate bonds, and repurchase agreements. Investments are stated at fair value which approximates market value. The State Treasurer LGIP funds are invested in FDIC and SLIC insured accounts. The degree of risk of the LGIP depends upon the underlying portfolio.

The code governs the financial reporting requirements of qualified depositories in which public funds may be deposited and prescribe the conditions under which the designation of depository shall remain in effect. The District considers the actions of the State to be helpful oversight for protection of its uninsured bank deposits.

#### 1. Deposits:

At September 30, 2015, the District had the following deposits with financial institutions:

	Carrying	Bank	Amount
	Amount_	Balance	Insured
Twin Falls School District	\$ 1,410,382	\$ 2,807,683	\$ 250,000

Custodial credit risk - Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, a governments' deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a formal deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2015, \$2,557,683 of the District's bank deposits was uninsured and uncollateralized.

#### Twin Falls, Idaho

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

#### NOTE C - CASH AND EQUIVALENTS - CONTINUED

#### 2. Investments:

At June 30, 2015, the District had the following investments summarized by investment type and maturities:

		_	Investment Maturities (in Years)							
Investment Type	Fair Value		ss an 1	1	-5		5-10		lore an 10	
Twin Falls School Dist.: Idaho State Treasurer US Bank - Municipal	\$ 603,636	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	
Investors		74,121,786	•	0	<del></del>	0		0	***************************************	0
	\$ 7	74,725,422	<u>\$</u>	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0

- a. Interest Rate Risk Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by complying with the Idaho code which requires that the remaining term to maturity of investments to not exceed the period of availability of the funds invested.
- b. Credit Risk Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counter party to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The District's policy for reducing its exposure to credit risk is to comply with the Idaho Code and related rules. The District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. At June 30, 2015, the district has the following investments subject to credit risk:

				Credit Quality Ratings						
		Fair	Less Than							
Investment Type	Value		AA/A		A		<u>Unrated</u>			
Twin Falls School District:	•	000 000	<b>.</b>	•	•	•	•			
ldaho State Treasurers US Bank - Municipal	\$	603,636	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0		
Investors	7	74,121,786	***************************************	0		0	***************************************	0		
	\$ 7	4,725,422	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0		

c. Concentration of Credit Risk - Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The District's policy for managing this risk is to comply with the Code and related rules.

#### Twin Falls, Idaho

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

#### NOTE C - CASH AND EQUIVALENTS - CONTINUED

#### 2. Investments - Continued

d. Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counter party, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District's policy for managing this risk is to comply with the Idaho Code and related rules. The District places no other limit on the amount of investments to be held by counter parties. As of June 30, 2015 \$52,357,798 of the government's bank balance of \$77,607,798 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Depository Account	Bank <u>Balance</u>			
Insured	\$	250,000		
Collateralized:		·		
Collateral held by district's agent in the				
district's name		0		
Collateral held by pledging bank's trust				
department in the district's name		0		
Collateral held by pledging bank's trust				
department not in the district's name	;	25,000,000		
Uninsured and uncollateralized		52,357,798		
Total deposits	\$	77,607,798		

#### **NOTE D - RECEIVABLES**

Receivables as of year end for the District's individual major funds and non-major funds in the aggregate are as follows:

	Ge	neral Fund	Bond Interest and Redemption			Capital Construction		Other Non-major Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Property Taxes Other receivable	\$	226,072 3,753,867	\$	227,680 2,566,127	\$	0 282,689	\$	131,446 4,347,888	\$	585,198 10,950,571	
Prepaid	\$	279,137 4,259,076	\$	0 2,793,807	\$	0 282,689	\$	290,790 4,770,124	\$	569,927 12,105,696	

Government funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. At the end of the current fiscal year deferred revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

<u>Unavailable</u>

Total deferred revenue for governmental Funds

\$ 1,739,663

#### Twin Falls, Idaho

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

#### **NOTE E - CAPITAL ASSETS**

The accounts and records of the General Fixed Asset Account Group include only assets with a purchase price greater than \$25,000. The following presents the detail of changes in Capital Assets for the fiscal year:

	2014 Beginning Balance	Additions	Retirements	2015 Ending Balance
Land	\$ 2,732,301	\$ 0	\$ 71,355	\$ 2,660,946
Buildings and improvements	104,497,595	6,244,551	3,195,139	107,547,007
Equipment	3,013,267	109,903	0	3,123,170
Construction in progress	1,135,013	4,915,954	0	6,050,967
Total	<u>111,378,176</u>	11,270,408	3,266,494	119,382,090
Less accumulated depreciation				
Buildings and improvements	45,711,049	4,392,379	0	50,103,428
Equipment	2,807,191	278,251	0	3,085,442
Total accumulated depreciation	48,518,240	4,670,630	0	53,188,870
Capital assets, net	\$ 62,859,936	\$ 6,599,778	\$ 3,266,494	\$ 66,193,220

During the 1997-98 fiscal year Valuations Resource Management made a cost appraisal of the capital assets of the District. The result of that valuation is reflected in these financial statements.

#### NOTE F - PAYABLES, ACCRUALS AND SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS

Payables and accruals include amounts due vendors for items received by the District to June 30, 2015, and amounts due teachers and other yearly employees contracted from September 1, 2014 through August 31, 2015. Fund balances are presented showing encumbrances reflecting outstanding purchase orders and significant contractual arrangements.

#### **NOTE G - DEFERRED REVENUES**

Deferred revenues include amounts not recognized as income during the 2014-2015 school year. These amounts include property taxes, reimbursements from the State of Idaho, unspent Federal program and grant funds and collections on uncompleted summer school courses.

#### Twin Falls, Idaho

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

#### **NOTE H - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES**

The bonds are full general obligations of the School District payable from the proceeds of ad valorem taxes to be levied without limitations as to the rate or amount. The bonds are collateralized by the full faith and credit of the School District.

The District services four (4) General Obligation Bond series in the Debt Service Fund. These General Obligation Bonds are a bank qualified issue with the repayment schedule matched to the maturities of the other issues of the District to level the bond repayment schedule.

The District refinanced the majority of the Series 2006 bonds in 2014 to lower the interest consts. The Un-refunded portion of the 2006 Series bond is included in the following schedule.

	Fiscal Year	Interest Rate	<u>Principal</u>		***************************************	Interest	Total		
Un-refu	nded 2006 Series Bo	onds							
	2016	2.00%	\$	2,090,000	\$	151,538	\$	2,241,538	
	2017	2.00%		2,230,000		54,400		2,284,400	
			\$	4,320,000	\$	205,938	\$	4,525,938	

The repayment schedule for the Refunded 2006 Series bonds is entitled Refunding 2014-C Series Bonds. These General Obligation Bonds were also issued with a repayment schedule matched to the maturities of the other two issues of the District to level the bond repayment schedule. The bond payments are included in the following schedule.

	Fiscal Year	Interest Rate	<del></del>	Principal Interest		***************************************	Total	
Refunding	g 2014-C series Bo	onds						
	2016	2.00%	\$	65,000	\$	1,147,412	\$	1,212,412
	2017	2.00%		0		1,146,762		1,146,762
	2018	4.00%		2,645,000		1,082,888		3,727,888
	2019	2.00%		2,775,000		963,513		3,738,513
	2020	5.00%		2,885,000		835,887		3,720,887
	2021	3.00%		3,030,000		718,313		3,748,313
	2022	5.00%		3,120,000		615,713		3,735,713
	2023	3.00%		3,235,000		477,687		3,712,687
	2024	3.50%		3,400,000		337,312		3,737,312
	2025	3.75%		3,515,000		211,906		3,726,906
	2026	4.00%		3,650,000		73,000		3,723,000
			\$	28,320,000	\$	7,610,393	\$	35,930,393

#### Twin Falls, Idaho

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

#### **NOTE H - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - CONTINUED**

In March, 2014, voters approved a plant facilities bond issue. General Obligation Bonds, Series 2014-B were issued to provide funds for two additional elementary school buildings, middle school, wing at Canyon Ridge High School, windows, air conditioning, and other improvements at Twin Falls High School. The funds will also provide for additional safety and security for all buildings in the district. The repayment schedule is included in the following schedule.

Fiscal Year	Interest Rate	Principal	Interest	Total
Series 2014-B Bonds				
2016	4.75%	\$ 0	\$ 304,238	\$ 304,238
2017	4.75%	0	304,238	304,328
2018	4.75%	0	304,238	304,328
2019	4.75%	0	304,328	304,328
2020	4.75%	0	304,328	304,328
2021	4.75%	0	304,328	304,328
2022	4.75%	0	304,328	304,328
2023	4.75%	0	304,328	304,328
2024	4.75%	0	304,328	304,328
2025	4.75%	0	304,328	304,328
2026	4.75%	0	304,238	304,238
2027	4.75%	0	304,238	304,328
2028	4.75%	0	304,238	304,328
2029	4.75%	0	304,328	304,328
2030	4.75%	0	304,328	304,328
2031	4.75%	0	304,328	304,328
2032	4.75%	0	304,328	304,328
2033	4.75%	0	304,328	304,328
2034	4.75%	0	304,328	304,328
2035	4.75%	0	304,328	304,328
2036	4.75%	0	304,238	304,238
2037	4.75%	0	304,238	304,328
2038	4.75%	0	304,238	304,328
2039	4.75%	0	304,328	304,328
2040	4.75%	6,405,000	152,119	6,557,119
		<u>\$ 6,405,000</u>	<u>\$ 7,453,831</u>	<u>\$ 13,858,831</u>

#### Twin Falls, Idaho

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

#### **NOTE H - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - CONTINUED**

The following schedule shows the principal and interest payments for the Series 2014 bonds that were included in the plant facilities bond issue. The bonds are titled General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2014-A.

Fiscal Year	Interest Rate	Principal		Interest		Total
Series 2014-A Bonds	i .					
2016	4.000%	\$	0 \$	2,702,582	\$	2,702.582
2017	4.000%		0	2,702,582		2,702.582
2018	4.000%		0	2,702,582		2,702.582
2019	4.000%		0	2,702,582		2,702.582
2020	4.000%		0	2,702,582		2,702.582
2021	4.000%		0	2,702,582		2,702.582
2022	4.000%		0	2,702,582		2,702.582
2023	4.000%		0	2,702,582		2,702.582
2024	4.000%		0	2,702,582		2,702.582
2025	4.000%		0	2,702,582		2,702.582
2026	4.000%		0	2,702,582		2,702.582
2027	4.000%	3,700,0	00	2,628,581		6,328,581
2028	4.000%	3,850,0	00	2,477,582		6,327,582
2029	4.000%	4,005,0	00	2,320,480		6,325,480
2030	4.250%	4,165,0	00	2,151,873		6,316,873
2031	4.250%	4,340,0	00	1,971,142		6,311,142
2032	4.250%	4,525,0	00	1,782,762		6,307,762
2033	4.500%	4,715,0	00	1,580,519		6,295,519
2034	4.500%	4,930,0	00	1,363,506		6,293,506
2035	4.500%	5,150,0	00	1,136,706		6,286,706
2026	4.625%	5,385,0	00	896,303		6,281,303
2037	4.625%	5,630,0	00	641,580		6,271,580
2038	4.750%	5,895,0	00	371,380		6,266,380
2039	3.750%	6,170,0	00	115,687		6,285,687
		62,460,0	00	49,166,503		111,626,503
Total bond obligation		\$ 101,505,0	<u>00</u> \$	64,436,665	\$	165,941,665

### Twin Falls, Idaho

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

### NOTE H - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - CONTINUED

<u>Legal Debt Margin</u> - The District is subject to a statutory limitation by the State of Idaho for bonded indebtedness. At June 30, 2015, the statutory limit for the District was 5% of assessed valuation or \$132,387,169. The general obligation amounts available for debt retirement was \$5,856,155; leaving a legal debt margin of \$28,401,718.

<u>Capital Lease - Phase I</u> - The District entered into a fifteen year capital lease agreement with Honeywell, Inc. The lease is for capital maintenance and energy saving procedures which should result in significant energy saving cost to the district.

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under the capital lease together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2015:

### **AMORTIZATION SCHEDULE**

	Date	 Payment	1	Interest		Principal	<u>Balance</u>		
Loan	6/30/2014						\$	2,257,008	
11	2/1/2016	\$ 498,500	\$	101,565	\$	396,935		1,860,073	
12	2/1/2017	508,000		83,703		424,297		1,435,776	
13	2/1/2018	515,000		64,610		450,390		985,386	
14	2/1/2019	520,000		44,342		475,658		509,728	
15	2/1/2020	 532,665		22,937		509,728		0	
Grand to	tal	\$ 2,574,165	<u>\$</u>	317,157	\$	2,257,008			

### Twin Falls, Idaho

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

### **NOTE H - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - CONTINUED**

<u>Capital Lease - Phase II</u> - The District entered into a fifteen year capital lease agreement with Honeywell, Inc. The lease is for capital maintenance and energy savings procedures which should result in significant energy saving cost to the district.

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under the capital lease together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2015:

### **AMORTIZATION SCHEDULE**

	Date		Payment	Interest		Principal		Balance	
Loan	6/30/2014				-			\$ 1,901,286	
10	2/1/2016	\$	369,809	\$	87,460	\$	282,349	1,618,937	
11	2/1/2017		369,809		74,472		295,337	1,323,600	
12	2/1/2018		369,809		60,886		308,923	1,014,677	
13	2/1/2019		369,809		46,676		323,133	691,544	
14	2/1/2020		369,809		31,811		337,998	353,546	
15	2/1/2021	······································	369,809	***************************************	16,263	***************************************	353,546	0	
Grand tot	al	\$	2,218,854	\$	317,568	\$	1,901,286		

During the year ended June 30, 2015, the following changes occurred in liabilities reported in the statement of net assets:

	Balance July 1, 2014		Additions		Deletions		Balance June 30, 2015	
General obligation								
Bonds - 2014-A	\$	62,460,000	\$	0	\$	0	\$	62,460,000
Bonds - 2014-B	•	6,405,000	•	0	•	Ō	•	6,405,000
Bonds - 2014-C		28,320,000		0		0		28,320,000
Bonds - 2006-		. ,						
Un-refunded		6,220,000		0		1,900,000		4,320,000
PERSI net pension liab.		0		4,664,114		0		4,664,114
GASB 45 - OPEB		1,165,551		273,036		0		1,438,587
Capital lease-Phase I		2,622,974		0		365,966		2,257,008
Capital lease-Phase II		2,171,159		0		269,873		1,901,286
	\$	109,364,684	<u>\$</u>	4,937,150	<u>\$</u>	2,535,839	<u>\$</u>	<u>111,765,995</u>

### Twin Falls, Idaho

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

### NOTE I - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (GASB 45)

The Twin Falls School District has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 45. GASB Statement 45, is an accounting and financial reporting provision requiring government employers to measure and report the liabilities associated with other (other than pension) post employment benefits (or OPEB). Reported OPEBs may include post-retirement medical, pharmacy, dental, vision, life, long-term disability and long-term care benefits that are not associated with a pension plan. Government employers required to comply with GASB 45 include all states, towns, education boards, water districts, mosquito districts, public schools and all other government entities that offer OPEB and report under GASB. Typically an actuary (or actuaries) with both pension and health experience must perform the calculations following generally accepted actuarial methods. GASB 45 was instigated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in July 2004 because of the growing concern over the potential magnitude of government employer obligations for post-employment benefits. The District qualified for Phase 2 implementation. Phase 2 is for employers with annual revenues between \$100 million and \$10 million and should be implemented in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2007.

### **Funding Policy**

The contribution requirement of plan members is established by the District's insurance committee in conjunction with our insurance provider. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements.

### Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation.

The District's annual other post-employment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

The following table shows the components of the District's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the District's net OPEB obligation to Twin Falls Schools Post Retirement Healthcare Plan:

Annual required contribution	\$	590,259
Interest on net OPEB obligation		26,478
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(	21,484)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)		595,253
Contributions made, fiscal 2014-2015	(	322,217)
Increase in net OPEB obligation		273,036
Net OPEB obligation—beginning of year		<u>1,165,551</u>
Net OPEB obligation—end of year	<u>\$</u>	<u>1,438,587</u>

### Twin Falls, Idaho

### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

### NOTE I - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (GASB 45) - CONTINUED

<u>Funded Status and Funding Progress</u>. As of July 1, 2011, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the actuarial accrued liability (AAL) and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) for benefits was \$5,582,887. The District's plan is considered to be unfunded since there are no assets and retiree benefits are paid annually on a cash basis. Because the plan is unfunded, the AAL and UAAL are equal.

The following table shows the District's projected annual OPEB obligation assuming pay-as-yougo funding as determined by our Actuaries:

Fiscal Year Ending	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)		Annual Required Contribution		Actual Contribution		Annual OPEB Expense		End of Year Net OPEB Obligation	
06/30/2015	\$	5,582,887	\$	590,259	\$	322,217	\$	595,253	\$	1,438,587
06/30/2016		5,860,496		619,332		330,956		625,496		1,733,127
06/30/2017		6,159,059		650,103		332,852		657,530		2,057,805
06/30/2018		6,487,312		682,941		339,895		691,759		2,409,669
06/30/2019		6,842,157		717,778		378,674		728,104		2,759,099
06/30/2020		7,193,306		753,538		419,567		765,361		3,104,893

### **NOTE J - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

<u>Compliance</u> - Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, primarily the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures/expenses that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

### **NOTE K - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The District purchases commercial insurance to cover the risk of property loss and legal liability through a local agent. The insurer, provides a full schedule of coverage to meet various risks of loss related to torts, theft of or damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, and natural disasters.

The basic insurance agreements cover claims against municipalities for all government functions, utilities, and services covered in the Plan. These include bodily injury, property damage, wrongful acts, personal injury, and related torts under the State tort claims law and federal civil rights laws.

All public officials, employees, services, and municipal functions are covered unless they are specifically listed as exclusions in the Plan.

### Twin Falls, Idaho

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

### **NOTE L - PENSION PLAN**

### **Plan Description**

The Twin Falls School District contributes to the Base Plan which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI or System) that covers substantially all employees of the State of Idaho, its agencies and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the contributions and investment earnings of the plan. PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at <a href="https://www.persi.idaho.gov">www.persi.idaho.gov</a>.

Responsibility for administration of the Base Plan is assigned to the Board comprised of five members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Idaho Senate. State law requires that two members of the Board be active Base Plan members with at least ten years of service and three members who are Idaho citizens not members of the Base Plan except by reason of having served on the Board.

Employee membership data related to the PERSI Base Plan as of June 30, 2014 was as follows:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	40,776
Terminated employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	11,504
Active plan members	66,223
	118.503

### **Pension Benefits**

The Base Plan provides retirement, disability, death and survivor benefits of eligible members or beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' years of service, age, and highest average salary. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits with five years of credited service (5 months for elected or appointed officials). Members are eligible for retirement benefits upon attainment of the ages specified for their employment classification. The annual service retirement allowance for each month of credited service is 2.0% (2.3% for police/firefighters) of the average monthly salary for the highest consecutive 42 months. Amounts in parenthesis represent police/firefighters.

The benefit payments for the base Plan are calculated using a benefit formula adopted by the Idaho Legislature. The Base Plan is required to provide a 1% minimum cost of living increase per year provided the Consumer Price Index increases 1% or more. The PERSI Board has the authority to provide higher cost of living increases to a maximum of the consumer Price Index movement or 6%, whichever is less; however any amount above the 1% minimum is subject to review by the Idaho Legislature.

### Twin Falls, Idaho

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

### NOTE L - PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

### **Member and Employer Contributions**

Member and employer contributions paid to the Base Plan are set by statute and are established as a percent of covered compensation and earnings from investments. Contribution rates are determined by the PERSI Board within limitations, as defined by state law. The Board may make periodic changes to employer and employee contribution rates (expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll) if current rates are actuarially determined to be inadequate or in excess to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due.

The contribution rates for employees are set by statute at 60% (72%) of the employer rate. As of June 30, 2015 it was 6.79% (8.36%). The employer contribution rate is set by the Retirement Board and was 11.32% (11.66%) of covered compensation. The Twin Falls School District's contributions were \$3,448,684, \$3,330,424 and \$2,874,083 for the three years ended June 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013 respectively.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and</u> Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2014, the Twin Falls School District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of July 1, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Twin Falls School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Twin Falls School District's share of contributions in the Base Plan pension plan relative to the total contributions of all participating PERSI Base Plan employers. At July 1, 2014, the Twin Falls School District's proportion was 1.0859835 percent.

### Twin Falls, Idaho

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

### **NOTE L - PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED**

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions- continued

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the Twin Falls School District recognized pension (revenue) of (2,441,148). At June 30, 2015, the Twin Falls School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

 	Deferred Inflows Of Resources		
\$ 0	\$	992,398	
665,475		0	
0		10,013,033	
		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
don't have		don't have	
 3,448,684		0	
\$ 4.114.159	\$	11,005,431	
Of	665,475 0 don't have	Of Resources O  \$ 0 \$ 665,475  0  don't have 3,448,684	

\$3,448,684 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2015.

The average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the System (active and inactive employees) determined at July 1, 2013 the beginning of the measurement period ended June 30, 2014 is 5.6 years.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense (revenue) as follows:

Year ended		
2015	(\$	2,574,329)
2016	(\$	2,574,329)
2017	(\$	2,574,329)
2018	(\$	2,574,329)
2019	(\$	42,642)

### Twin Falls, Idaho

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

### **NOTE L - PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED**

### **Actuarial Assumptions**

Valuations are based on actuarial assumptions, the benefit formulas, and employee groups. Level percentages of payroll normal costs are determined using the Entry Age Normal Cost Method. Under the Entry Age Normal Cost Method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated as a level percentage of each year's earnings of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The Base Plan amortizes any unfunded actuarial accrued liability based on a level percentage of payroll. The maximum amortization period for the Base Plan permitted under Section 59-1322, *Idaho Code*, is 25 years.

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2014, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.25%

**Salary Increases** 4.5% - 10.25%

Salary inflation 3.75%

Investment rate of return 7.10%, net of investment expenses

Cost-of-living adjustments 1.0%

Mortality rates were based on the RP - 2000 combined table for healthy males or females as appropriate with the following offsets:

- Set back 3 years for teachers
- No offset for male fire and police
- Forward one year for female fire and police
- Set back one year for all general employees and all beneficiaries

An experience study was performed in 2012 for the period July 1, 2007 through June 30, 2011 which reviewed all economic and demographic assumptions other than mortality. Mortality and all economic assumptions were studied in 2014 for the period from July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2013. The Total Pension Liability as of June 30, 2014, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of July 1, 2014.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using the building block approach and a forward-looking model in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. Theses ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

### Twin Falls, Idaho

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

### **NOTE L - PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED**

### **Actuarial Assumptions - continued**

Even though history provides a valuable perspective for setting the investment return assumption, the System relies primarily on an approach which builds upon the latest capital market assumptions. Specifically, the System uses consultants, investment managers and trustees to develop capital market assumptions in analyzing the System's asset allocation. The assumptions and the System's formal policy for asset allocation are shown below. The formal asset allocation policy is somewhat more conservative than the current allocation of System's assets.

The best-estimate range for the long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions are as of January 1, 2014.

Asset Class	Index	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Core Fixed Income	Barclays Aggregate	30.00%	0.80%
Broad US Equities	Wilshire 5000/Russell 3000	55.00%	6.90%
Developed Foreign Equities	MSCI EAFE	15.00%	7.55%
Assumed Inflation - Mean Assumed Inflation - Standard			3.25%
Deviation			2.00%
Portfolio Arithmetic Mean Retu	rn		8.42%
Portfolio Standard Deviation			13.34%
Portfolio Long-Term Expected	Rate of Return		7.50%
Assumed Investment Expenses			0.40%
Long-term Expected Rate of Re	turn, Net of Investment Expenses		7.10%

### Twin Falls, Idaho

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

### NOTE L - PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

### **Actuarial Assumptions - continued**

### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plans' net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The long-term expected rate of return was determined net of pension plan investment expense but without reduction for pension plan administrative expense.

### Sensitivity of the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.10 percent, as well as what the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10 percent) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease (6.10%)	Discount Rate (7.10%)	1% Increase (8.10)
Employer's proportionate share of			
the net pension liability (asset)	<u>\$ 27,762,696</u>	<u>\$ 7,994,538</u>	( <u>\$ 8,438,564</u> )

### Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERSI financial report.

PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

### Twin Falls, Idaho

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

### **NOTE M - EXPENDITURES OVER BUDGET**

There were expenditures that exceeded appropriations in the following fund:

Debt Service Fund ( \$ 900)

### NOTE N - COMPLIANCE WITH IDAHO CODE

The independent audit of the School's records for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, was made for the purposes of forming an opinion on the gereral purpose financial statements taken as a whole. The financial activities and records were reviewed for compliance with applicable Idaho laws and regulations only to the extent needed to form an opinion on the financial statements. Based on the limited procedures performed, not items of noncompliance were noted, except for the budget violation.

### NOTE O - NET POSITION PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

Beginning net position for Twin Falls School District as of June 30, 2015, was restated for the prior period. The adjustment is due to the District implementing GASB 68, which improves accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. The measurement date used by the actuaries was July 1, 2014.

Beginning net position as previously reported at June 30, 2014 \$ 36,038,110

Prior period adjustment - Implementation of GASB 68:

Net pension liability July 1, 2014 ( 20,775,643)

Deferred outflows - contributions made during fiscal year 2014 ( 3,330,424)

Net position as restated July 1, 2014 \$ 18,592,891

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION)

### Twin Falls, Idaho

### **GENERAL FUND**

### **BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE**

	Budgeted Amounts				Actual			Variance with Final Budget- Positive
		Original	*********	Final	***************************************	Amounts	( .	Negative )
REVENUES								
Property taxes	\$	5,617,714	\$	5,617,714	\$	5,644,795	9	\$ 27,081
Other local	*	403,663	•	810,149	•	842,546		32,397
State revenue		40,058,781		40,289,955		40,235,378	(	54,577)
Federal revenue		82,170		73,348		47,373	ì	25,975)
Other revenue		0		1,396		1,741	`	345
Total revenues		46,162,328		46,792,562	*******	46,771,833	( )	20,729)
EXPENDITURES Instructional								
Salaries		19,474,345		19,433,071		19,302,481		130,590
Benefits		7,162,400		7,283,378		7,138,247		145,131
Purchased services		49,741		89,653		80,655		8,998
Supplies & materials		971,835		390,139		317,598		72,541
Total instructional expenditures		27,658,321		27,196,241		26,838,981		357,260
Support								
Salaries		8,988,461		9,276,441		8,786,602		489,839
Benefits		3,280,103		3,513,333		3,350,634		162,699
Purchased services		4,631,548		5,257,304		4,918,267		339,037
Supplies & materials		2,394,722		2,717,902		2,442,837		275,065
Insurance/judgement		264,475		281,355		239,438		41,917
Total support expenditures		19,559,309		21,046,335	******	19,737,778		1,308,557
Non-Instructional								
Salaries		0		5,074		5,012		62
Benefits		106,755		115,577		78,212		37,365
Purchased services		6,000		5,728	***********	6,788	( .	1,060)
Total non-instructional								
expenditures		112,755		126,379		90,012		36,367
Capital assets								
Supplies & materials		0		100		72		28
Capital		0		62,765		20,932		41,833
Total capital assets		0		62,865		21,004		41,861

### Twin Falls, Idaho

### **GENERAL FUND - continued**

### **BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE**

		Budgeted Amounts				Actual	,	Variance with Final Budget- Positive
	~	Original		Final		Amounts	( .	Negative )
EXPENDITURES - CONTINUED Contingency reserve	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	:	\$ 0
Total expenditures		47,330,385		48,431,820	***************************************	46,687,775		1,744,045
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (		1,168,057) (		1,639,258)		84,058		1,723,316
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in		357,780		154,730		151,946	(	2,784)
Transfers out (		197,908) (		293,288) (		293,288)	ì	0)
Total other financing sources (uses)		159,872 (		138,558)		141,342)	(	2,784)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY)OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER								
FINANCING USES (		1,008,185) (		1,777,816) (		57,284)		1,720,532
Fund balance, beginning of year		1,779,200	***************************************	2,394,559		2,394,559		0
Fund balance, end of year	<u>\$</u>	771,015	<u>\$</u>	616,743	\$	2,337,275		\$ 1,720,532

### Twin Falls, Idaho

### BOND

### **BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE**

		Budgeted Original	Amo	unts Final	*Ak-Vandoren	Actual Amounts	(	Variance with Final Budget- Positive Negative
REVENUES								
Property taxes	\$	6,732,000	\$	6,732,000	\$	6,674,732	(	\$ 57,268)
Other local	•	50,600	•	25,725	•	30,773	`	5,048
State revenue		195,000		291,545		291,545		0
Other revenue		0		0		746,886		746,886
Total revenue		6,977,600		7,049,270		7,743,936		694,666
EXPENDITURES Support								
Purchased services	**********	500		500		1,400	(	900)
Debt Retirement								
Principal		1,900,000		1,900,000		1,900,000		0
Interest		1,631,050		4,194,559		4,194,559		0
Total capital assets		3,531,050	********	6,094,559		6,094,559		0
Total expenditures		3,531,550		6,095,059		6,095,959	(	900)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER EXPENDITURES		3,446,050		954,211		1,647,977		693,766
Fund balance, beginning of year	*********	3,370,000	*********	4,208,178	*******	4,208,178		0
Fund balance, end of year	<u>\$</u>	6,816,050	<u>\$</u>	5,162,389	\$	5,856,155		\$ 693,766

### Twin Falls, Idaho

### **CAPITAL CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS**

### **BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE**

	Budgeted Original	<u>Amounts</u> <u>Final</u>	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget- Positive ( Negative )
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Other local	0	470,000	275,519	*
Other revenue	0	2,930,017	3,897,006	966,989
Total revenue	0	3,400,017	4,172,525	772,508
EXPENDITURES Support				
Purchased services	0	0	187	(187)
Capital assets				
Purchased services	0	5,952,571	4,710,216	1,242,355
Supplies & materials	0	2,375	2,346	29
Capital	0	70,570,806	3,713,229	66,857,577
Total capital assets	0	76,525,752	8,425,791	68,099,961
Total expenditures	0	76,525,752	8,425,978	68,099,774
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER EXPENDITURES	0	( 73,125,735)	( 4,253,453)	68,872,282
Fund balance, beginning of year	0	73,125,735	73,125,735	0
Fund balance, end of year	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$</u> 0	\$ 68,872,282	\$ 68,872,282

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (OPTIONAL)

### Twin Falls, Idaho

### NON MAJOR FUNDS

### **BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE**

		Budgeted	Amo	ounts		Actual		Fir	riance with nal Budget- Positive
		Original		Final	***************************************	Amounts	(		Negative )
REVENUES									
Property taxes	\$	3,300,000	\$	3,300,000	\$	3,315,603		\$	15,603
Other local	•	1,216,725	•	2,756,378	*	2,644,261	1	Ψ	112,117)
State revenue		2,305,269		1,778,039		2,513,089	'		735,050
Federal revenue		9,162,392		9,702,854		7,834,607	1		1,868,247)
Other revenue		0		2,893		2,892	ì		1)
Total revenues		15,984,386		17,540,164		16,310,452	ì		1,229,712)
EXPENDITURES									
Instructional									
Salaries		2,212,461		1,910,537		1,816,479			94,058
Benefits		806,597		728,599		677,542			51,057
Purchased services		134,100		411,109		368,495			42,614
Supplies & materials		397,489		1,932,789		893,686			1,039,103
Total instructional expenditures		3,550,647		4,983,034		3,756,202			1,226,832
Support									
Salaries		3,113,682		964,285		967,472	(		3,187)
Benefits		1,133,704		362,180		366,097	•		3,917)
Purchased services		2,931,590		3,036,289		3,595,550	ì		559,261)
Supplies & materials		889,036		1,939,754		1,114,981	٠		824,773
Capital		0		109,903		109,903			0
Insurance/judgement		3,900		3,900		2,760			1,140
Total support expenditures		8,071,912		6,416,311	·	6,156,763		***************************************	259,548
Non-Instructional									
Salaries		1,167,700		1,074,000		1,072,647			1,353
Benefits		313,931		325,000		330,969	(		5,969)
Purchased services		98,800		126,800		111,918			14,882
Supplies & materials		3,092,700		3,167,583		2,690,102			477,481
Total non-instructional			Y						
expenditures		4,673,131		4,693,383	***************************************	4,205,636			487,747
Capital assets									
Purchased services		10,980		98,391		124,035	(		25,644)
Supplies & materials		139,055		66,275		39,050			27,225
Capital		48,675		774,473		849,899	(		75,426)
Total capital assets	<del></del>	198,710		939,139		1,012,984	(		73,845)

### Twin Falls, Idaho

### **NON MAJOR FUNDS - continued**

### **BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE**

		Budgeted	An	nounts		Antoni	,	Variance with Final Budget-
		Original		Final	<del></del>	Actual Amounts	( .	Positive Negative )
EXPENDITURES - CONTINUED  Debt Retirement								
Principal		\$ 635,900	\$	635,900	\$	635,899		\$ 1
Interest		217,910	*	217,910	•	217,909		· i
Total capital assets		853,810		853,810		853,808		2
Total expenditures		17,348,210		17,885,677		15,985,393		1,900,284
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(	1,363,824) (		345,513)		325,059		670,572
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in		300,000		543,238		543,238		0
Transfers out	(	459,872) (		404,680) (		401,896)	(	2,784)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(	159,872)		138,558		141,342	•	2,784
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY)OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER								
FINANCING USES	(	1,523,696) (		206,955)		466,401		673,356
Fund balance, beginning of year		828,947		2,306,920		2,306,920		0
Fund balance, end of year	(	<u>\$ 694,749</u> )	<u>\$</u>	2,099,965	\$	2,773,321		\$ 673,356

### Twin Falls, Idaho

### **OUTSTANDING GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT**

	Date of Issue	Date of <u>Maturity</u>	Amount lssued	Amount Outstanding 6/30/15
General Obligation Bonds				
Series 2006-Un-refunded Series 2006 Less Refunding Bonds Un-refunded Series 2006	5/23/2006	9/15/2016	\$ 48,675,000	\$ 32,985,000 ( <u>28,665,000</u> ) 4,320,000
Series 2014 A	5/29/2014	9/15/2038	62,460,000	62,460,000
Series 2014 B	9/16/2014	9/15/2039	6,405,000	6,405,000
Series 2014 C, Refunding	5/29/2014	9/15/2025	28,320,000	28,320,000
Total General Obligation Bonds			\$ 145,860,000	<u>\$ 101,505,000</u>

### Twin Falls, Idaho

### **OVERLAPPING DEBT TWIN FALLS COUNTY**

			<u>Overlar</u>	oping Debt
	Taxable Assessed <u>Value</u>	Percent Overlap	Gross Direct Debt	Net Direct Debt
Overlapping District				
None	<u>\$ 0</u>	0.00%	<u>\$ 0</u>	\$ 0

### Twin Falls, Idaho

### **CAPITAL LEASES**

	Date of	Date of	Amount	Amount
	Issue	Maturity	Issued	Outstanding
Long - Term Debt Capital Leases				
Phase I Capital Lease	2/01/2006	2/01/2020	\$ 4,818,829	\$ 2,257,008
Citi-Capital Financing Lease	2/01/2007	2/01/2021	3,896,690	1,901,286
Total Capital Leases			<u>\$ 8,715,519</u>	<b>\$</b> 4,158,294

Twin Falls School District No. 411

Twin Falls, Idaho

## TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUE

### Tax years 2010 - 2015

Urban Renewal (4)	535,850,376	538,477,857	465,805,254	151,851,723	148,251,701	145,894,743
-	€9					
% Annual Change in Market Value	19.48%	3.38%	2.24%	(%60'9	0.38%)	1 1
Taxable Assessed Value	\$ 3,343,435,126	2,798,423,349	2,707,046,925	2,647,743,375 (	2,819,531,892 (	2,830,269,369
Homeowner's Exemption (2)	\$ 798,575,563	757,563,510	704,741,980	708,997,026	800,433,703	835,308,743
% Annual Change in Full Market Value	17.78%	4.23%	1.64%	7.27%)	1.24%)	:
Full Market Value (1)	\$ 4,188,502,258	3,555,986,859	3,411,788,905	3,356,740,401 (	3,619,965,595 (	3,665,578,112
Tax Year	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010

Twin Falls School District No. 411

Twin Falls, Idaho

## AD VALOREM TAX LEVIES

### Tax years 2010-2014

Total Levy Rate	4.786364	4.396713	3.788780	3.706993	2.728699	2.635393
Bond	2.051146	1.342084	1.201258	1.268059	1.271190	1.275506
Plant	0.988698	1.040074	1.178742	1.111941	1.110881	1.110449
Tort	0.005439	0.071565	0.069301	0.063424	0.060729	0.058173
Emergency	0.392857	0.524708	0.00000	0.00000	0.285899	0.191265
Supplemental M & O	1.348224	1.418282	1.339479	1.263569	0.00000	0.00000
Tax Year	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010

### Twin Falls, Idaho

### TAXES COLLECTED

### Tax years 2009 - 2013

Tax Year	Т	otal Taxes Certified	 Taxes ollected (2)	Percent Collected
2014	\$	15,867,746	\$ 15,598,994	98.31%
2013		13,753,878	13,357,492	97.12%
2012		10,477,396	10,334,688	98.64%
2011		10,856,238	10,791,495	99.40%
2010		8,028,731	8,028,718	100.00%
2009		7,832,012	7,832,005	100.00%

### Twin Falls, Idaho

### **TOP TAXPAYERS**

Taxpayer	Type of Business	As	Taxable ssessed Value	% of District's Tax Assessed
				- 1 d / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /
Agro-Farma Idaho, Inc.	Chobani Yogurt Plant	\$	439,968,755	10.46%
Lamb Weston-				
ID Frozen Foods	Food Processing		69,880,711	1.68%
Amalgamated Sugar	Food Processing		26,333,893	0.63%
Glanbia Foods	Dairy Processing		25,403,035	0.61%
Magic Valley Mall	Retail Development		23,440,415	0.56%
Idaho Power Company	Utility		15,308,458	0.37%
Wal-Mart Stores	Retail		14,068,921	0.34%
Longview Fiber	Paper and Packing		12,280,587	0.29%
Bridgeview Estates	Land Development		11,383,766	0.27%
Rivercrest	·		10,954,949	0.26%
Top 10 Taxpayers			649,023,490	15.59%
All other District Taxpay	ers		3,515,280,909	84.41%
Total District Taxpayers (1	「ax Year 2013)	<u>\$</u>	4,164,304,399	100.0%

Twin Falls School District No. 411

Twin Falls, Idaho

# SCHEDULE OF STATE FUNDING

## Fiscal Years 2010 - 2015

Fiscal Years	2016		2015		2014		2013	2012	l	2011		2010
August October	\$ 19,095,910 Receivable	<del>s</del>	17,530,444	₩	10,023,431 10,035,859	<b>↔</b>	9,444,316 9,439,660	\$ 9,169,491 9,174,183	₩	9,087,476 9,119,553	<b>↔</b>	9,975,371
	Receivable Receivable		7,099,765		6,699,538		6,352,045 4.705.189	6,141,009		6,090,383 3,395,391		6,695,149 4.022.234
$\Xi$	Receivable		5,161,896		4,604,045	1	3,717,920	3,994,850		5,248,341		4,114,709
	\$ 19,095,910	s	37,567,357	S	35,678,884	<del>69</del>	33,659,130	\$32,270,895	<del>()</del>	\$ 32,941,144	s	34,841,285

Twin Falls School District No. 411

Twin Falls, Idaho

### ENROLLMENT

For fiscal years ended June 30, 2008 - June 30, 2016

Average Daily Attendance	8,636 8,808	Average Daily Attendance (4)	8,182	7,908	7,585	7,484	7,211	7,147	7,100
Total	9,090 9,292	Total	8,633	8,273	7,912	7,777	7,644	7,616	7,459
Secondary 9-12	2,617 2,669	Secondary 9-12	2,481	2,456	2,358	2,376	2,278	2,210	2,134
Middle 6-8	1,945 1,984	Middle 7-8	1,905	1,767	1,723	1,601	1,646	1,708	1,684
Elementary K-5	4,528 4,619	Elementary K-6	4,247	4,050	3,831	3,800	3,720	3,698	3,641
30	(3)	ار 30	(3)	<u>(6</u>	ල	<u>ල</u>	ල	3	(3)
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	2016 2015	Fiscal Year Ended June 30	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008

Projected enrollment at 2%.
 Principal and Administrator Enrollment Projection from current enrollment.
 Historical enrollment as of the 4<sup>th</sup> Friday.

**SINGLE AUDIT SECTION** 



### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Board of Trustees Twin Falls School District

### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Twin Falls School District's with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Twin Falls School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015. Twin Falls School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

### Auditor's Repsonsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Twin Falls School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Twin Falls School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination on Twin Falls School District's compliance.

### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Twin Falls School District, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year June 30, 2015.

### Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Twin Falls School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Twin Falls School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Twin Falls School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

### Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

We have audited the financial statements of Twin Falls School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and have issued our report thereon dated October 28, 2015, which contained an unqualified opinion on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectibely comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by OMB Circular A-133, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Ware & associates

Twin Falls, Idaho October 28, 2015

### **Twin Falls School District Number 411**

### Twin Falls, Idaho

### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

### Year ended June 30, 2015

	FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER	FEDERAL GRANT NUMBER	EXPENDITURES
U.S. Department of Education	INGINIDEIX.	11011101111	LAI LIDITORLO
Passed through Superintendent of Public Instruction			
Chapter I Basic and Concentration Grants Migrant Ed-Basic State Formula Grant Program	84.010 84.011	S010A140012 S011A140012	\$ 1,775,007 270,562
Handicapped-State Grants, Part B, IDEA	84.027	H027A140088	1,504,364
Handicapped - Preschool Grants	84.173	H173A140030	68,839
Total Special Education Cluster			1,573,203
State Activities - Education of Homeless Children and Youth Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for	84.196	S196A140013	27,022
Under Graduate Programs	84.334	P334S110016	47,373
English Language Acquistion Grants	84.365	T365A140012	43,003
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	S367A140011	292,451
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Grants	84.287	S287C140012	179,126
Passed through State Department of Professional Technical Education			
Vocational Education Basic Grants to States	84.048	V048A140012	109,500
Total U.S. Department of Education			4,317,247
U .S. Department of Agriculture Passed through Superintendent of Public Instruction			
Commodities CFDA Title	10.555		220.002
National School Lunch Program	10.555	2015IN109947	239,982 2,135,170
School Breakfast Program	10.553	2015IN109947	668,738
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	2014IN109947	325,348
Team Nutrition Grants	10.574	2014IN351130	1,594
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	2014IN810347	6,390
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	2015IL160347	130,480
Total Food Service Cluster			3,507,702
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed through Twin Falls County			
School and Road Grants to Counties	10.666		17,125
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			3,524,827
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed through Idaho Office for Refugees Mountain States Group, Inc.			
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - Discretionary Grants	93.576	10R-1203	41,500
			\$ 7,883,574

### Twin Falls, Idaho

### NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Year ended June 30, 2015

### **NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of Twin Falls School District Number 411 and is presented in the general purpose financial statement on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audit of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

### **NOTE B - FOOD DISTRIBUTION**

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed at June 30, 2015.

### Twin Falls, Idaho

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Year ended June 30, 2015

### **SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS**

1.	The auditor's report expresses a statements of Twin Falls School	n unqualified opinion on the general purpose financial District Number 411.					
	<ul> <li>Internal control over financial</li> <li>Material weakness(es) iden</li> <li>Reportable condition(s) idenot considered to be mater</li> </ul>	tified? yes <u>X</u> no ntified that are					
2.	Noncompliance material to fin noted?	ancial statements yesX no					
3.	The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs for Twin Falls School District Number 411 expresses and unqualified opinion on all major federal programs.						
	<ul> <li>Internal control over major pro</li> <li>Material weakness(es) iden</li> <li>Reportable condition(s( idenot considered to be material)</li> </ul>	tified? yes <u>X</u> no ntified that are					
4.	•	The auditor's report expresses an unqualified opinion on compliance for major programs on general purpose financial statements of Twin Falls School District Number 411.					
	Any audit findings disclosed t to be reported in accordance v 510(a) of Circular A-133?						
5.	The programs tested as major throughs:	programs include: State Department of Education pass					
	CFDA Numbers	Name of Federal Program					
	10.553 10.555 10.559 10.574	School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program Summer Food Service Program for Children Team Nutrition Grants					
	10.579	Child Nutrition Discretionary Grants					
	10.582	Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program					
	84.010	Chapter I Basic and Concentration Grants					

### Twin Falls, Idaho

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - CONTINUED

Year ended June 30, 2015

### SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS - CONTINUED

- 6. The threshold for distinguishing Types A and B programs was 300,000.
- 7. The Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? \_\_\_\_\_ yes \_X\_ no

### **SECTION II - FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS**

Findings and Reportable Conditions:
No matters were reported

Condition: None

Effect: Not Applicable Recommendation: Not Applicable

### SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Findings Questioned Cost: No matters were reported

Condition: None

Effect: Not Applicable

Findings: None

Recommendation: Not Applicable Current Status: Not Applicable

### Twin Falls, Idaho

### **SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS**

Year ended June 30, 2015

### **DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION**

Findings:

None

Condition:

Not Applicable Not Applicable

Recommendation: Current Status:

Not Applicable

### DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Findings:

None

Condition:

Not Applicable

Recommendation:

Not Applicable

**Current Status:** 

Not Applicable