## GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

TWIN FALLS SCHOOL DISTRICT NUMBER 411

TWIN FALLS COUNTY STATE OF IDAHO June 30, 2011

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#### To the Board of Trustees Twin Falls School District

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Twin Falls School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the District's financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's Board of Education and management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of government activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Twin Falls School District as of June 30, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Governmental Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 14, 2011, on our consideration of Twin Falls School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not provide an opinion on the internal controls over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Governmental Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The Twin Falls School District has not presented the management's discussion and analysis that the Governmental Accounting Standards Board has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the financial statements.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that budgetary comparison information on pages 32 through 35 be presented to supplement the financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. The budgetary comparison schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Twin Falls School District financial statements as a whole. The introductory section and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is also not a required part of the financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain other procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section and statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Ware & associates)

Twin Falls, Idaho November 14, 2011



### REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Trustees Twin Falls School District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Twin Falls School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the Twin Falls School District's financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 14, 2011. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Twin Falls School District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Twin Falls School District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Twin Falls School District's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of Twin Falls School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Twin Falls School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board, management, others within the organization, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Ware & associates

Twin Falls, Idaho November 14, 2011

#### Twin Falls, Idaho

#### STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

#### June 30, 2011

	Governmental Activities		
ASSETS			
Cash and investments	\$	9,123,453	
Property taxes receivables		472,309	
State, federal and other receivables (net)		9,260,280	
Inventories		52,204	
Prepaid expenses		323,881	
Capital assets - Land		2,732,301	
Depreciable capital assets (net of depreciation)		70,292,018	
Total assets		92,256,446	
LIABILITIES			
Accounts, salaries and other payables		5,595,699	
Deferred revenue		2,491,666	
Current Long-term liabilities			
Bonds due within one year		2,475,000	
Accrued interest		691,308	
Other liabilities due within one year		2,520,382	
Long-term liabilities			
Bonds due in more than one year		39,325,000	
Other liabilities due in more than one year		6,362,344	
Total liabilities		59,461,399	
NET ASSETS			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for:		24,757,337	
Debt service		4,796,539	
Capital improvement and maintenance		1,308,278	
Unrestricted		1,932,893	
Total net assets	\$	32,795,047	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this basic financial statement.

#### Twin Falls, Idaho

#### **STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES**

#### For the year ended June 30, 2011

				Program	Reven	ues		
		Expenses		arges for ervices	G	Operating Grants and Contributions	R	et (expense) levenue and Changes in Net Assets
FUNCTION/PROGRAMS								
Governments activities	_		•	4 = 40 0 40	•	0.050.000	, ,	00.000.004)
Instruction	\$	27,059,823	\$	1,540,640	\$	3,252,962	(\$	22,266,221)
Support services		19,081,725		1,133,769		1,659,610	,	16,288,346)
Non-instruction		3,616,609		785,390		2,754,126	(	77,093)
Capital outlay		44,618		7,188		8,668	(	28,762)
Long-term debt interest		2,314,251		54,376		0	(	2,259,875)
Depreciation unallocated		4,760,400		0		0	( _	4,760,400)
Total governmental	_			0 504 000	•	7.075.000	,	4F COO CO7)
activities	<u>\$</u>	56,877,426	<u>\$</u>	3,521,363	\$	7,675,366	(	45,680,697)
	Ta P P P Gra S F Inte	neral Revenues exes roperty taxes, or roperty taxes, to roperty taxes, le roperty taxes, le roperty taxes, le roperty taxes, le rest and contribe rest and invest eneral fund ond interest and	emerç ort le eviec eviec oution proç nds	evy I for debt serv I for plant fac ns not restrict gram t earnings	ilities	pecific progra	ms	809,172 171,879 3,639,573 3,300,000 36,844,805 16,363 14,669 5,668
		apital construc						141
		ther funds	••••					5,126
		cial items						,,,,,,
	-	surance proce	eds					14,916
		Total general r		ues and spec	ial item	s		44,822,312
	Cha	anges in net as					(	858,385)
	Net	assets - begin	ning				_	33,653,432
	Net	assets - endin	g				<u>\$</u>	32,795,047

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this basic financial statement.

Twin Falls School District No. 411

Twin Falls, Idaho

## GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET

				June 30, 2011						
		General	ल	Bond Interest and Redemption	Const	Capital Construction		Non Major Funds	o	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and investments	<b>⇔</b>	3,071,548	<del>\$</del>	3,765,645	<del>6</del>	8,193	<del>⇔</del>	2,278,067	<del>↔</del>	9,123,453
Receivable Property taxes		0 4 495 120		472,309		00		0 4 083 097		472,309 9.530.903
Prepaid		127,685		0		0		663		128,348
Total assets and other debits	s	7,694,353	S	5,190,640	S	8,193	S	6,361,827	<del>s</del>	19,255,013
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY										
Accounts payable	€>	337,833	s	200	<del>ss</del>	0	₩	383,104	s	721,437
Salaries and benefits payable		4,306,165		0		0		838,721		5,144,886
Deferred revenue		750,312		393,601		0		1,741,354		2,885,267
Total liabilities		5,394,310		394,101		0		2,963,179		8,751,590
Fund equity - fund balances Restricted										
State Dept. Of Education requirement Committed		0		4,796,539		8,193		3,398,648		8,203,380
Budgeted		1,934,928		0		0		0		1,934,928
Unassigned		365,115		0		0		0		365,115
Total fund balance		2,300,043		4,796,539		8,193		3,398,648		10,503,423
Total liabilities and fund balance	S	7,694,353	<del>6</del>	5,190,640	₩.	8,193	s	6,361,827	G	19,255,013

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this basic financial statement.

#### Twin Falls, Idaho

#### RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

June 30, 2011

Total fund balances for governmental funds		\$ 10,503,423
Total net assets reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different from the amount reported above as total governmental funds fund balance because:	•	
	7,689,686 (,665,367)	73,024,319
GASB 45 obligations (	e ,266,982) 415,744) <u>691,308</u> )	51,374,034)
Elimination of deferred tax allowances		393,601
Recognition of inventories and prepaids Inventories Insurance	52,204 195,534	247,738
		\$ 32,795,047

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this basic financial statement.

Twin Falls, Idaho

# **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

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	General	Bond Interest and Redemption	Capital Construction	Non Major Funds	Governmental Funds
REVENUES Local revenue Property taxes	\$ 981,051	3,622,542	<b>6</b>	3,300,000	\$ 7,903,593
Other local	1,180,288		271	2,547,662	3,788,765
Total local revenue	2,161,339	3,683,086	271	5,847,662	11,692,358
County revenue	99	0	0	0	99
State revenue	34,938,566	135,668	0	1,770,571	36,844,805
Federal revenue	623,351	0	0	6,826,514	7,449,865
Other revenue	1,298	0	0	2,013,618	2,014,916
Total revenues	37,724,620	3,818,754	271	16,458,365	58,002,010
EXPENDITURES					
Instructional	22,896,633	0	0	3,857,255	26,753,888
Support services	14,966,330	200	0	4,064,655	19,031,485
Non-instruction	90,010	0	0	3,517,308	3,607,318
Capital outlay	35,879	0	78,803	62,460	177,142
Debt service	0	4,262,750	0	4,882,979	9,145,729
Total expenditures	37,988,852	4,263,250	78,803	16,384,657	58,715,562
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES	( 264,232)	(444,496)	( 78,532)	73,708	( 713,552)
Other financing sources (uses) Net transfer in (out)	138,973	0	214,250)	75,277	0
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER					
FINANCING USES	( 125,259)	(444,496)	( 292,782)	148,985	( 713,552)
Fund balance, beginning of year	2,425,302	5,241,035	300,975	3,249,663	11,216,975
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 2,300,043	\$ 4,796,539	\$ 8,193	\$ 3,398,648	\$ 10,503,423
	The accompanying notes	The accompanying notes are an integral next of this basic financial statement	hasic financial statem	<b>•</b>	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this basic financial statement.

#### Twin Falls, Idaho

#### RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

		(\$	713,552)
s (	393,601 376,570)		17,031
		(	145,798)
(	52,204 274,070)	(	221,866)
(	193,336) 195,534		2,198
	ot	\$ 393,601 ( 376,570) 52,204 ( 274,070)	\$ 393,601 ( 376,570)

#### Twin Falls, Idaho

#### RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - CONTINUED

The acquisition of capital assets are reported in the governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are shown in the statement of net assets and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expenses in the statement of activities.  Capital outlay report in governmental fund statements Depreciation expense reported in statement of activities Capital outlay reclassified due to capitalization limits	\$ ( (	177,142 4,760,400) 44,618)			
Amount by which capital outlays are greater (less) than depreciation in the current period			(	( 4,627,87	'6)
Repayment of principal on long-term debt is reported in the government funds as an expenditure, but is reported as a reduction in long-term de in the statement of net assets and does not affect the statement of act The amount of long-term debt principal payments in the current years.	ebt tivities			2,752,75	58
Short tem borrowing activity:					
Short term borrowing	(	2,000,000)	•		
Payment on short-term debt		4,000,000			
Net increase (decrease) in short term borrowing				2,000,00	)0
Interest payments on outstanding debt are reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds when paid. Interest is reported as it accrues in the statement of activities.					
The amount of interest accrued in the prior period is:		770,028			
The amount of interest accrued during the current period is:	_	691,308			
Current fiscal year accrual is greater (less) than prior fiscal year			_	78,72	<u>20</u>
Change in net assets			( §	\$ 858,38	<u>35</u> )

#### Twin Falls, Idaho

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2011

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Twin Falls School District No. 411 have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described as follows:

#### 1. Reporting Entity

Each Idaho school district is a body corporate (Idaho Code 33-301). The authority to govern, which resides in the Board of Trustees, has been extended to the District by the state (Idaho Code 33-501). In its corporate capacity, Twin Falls School District No. 411 may sue and be sued and may acquire, hold and convey real and personal property necessary to its existence. The District has the authority to issue negotiable bonds and incur other debt as provided by law. As provided by Idaho Law, the board of trustees of each school district has the power to levy taxes for school purposes. Also, each school district is a political subdivision of the State of Idaho. The Board has broad financial responsibilities including approval of the annual budget, and the establishment of a system of accounting and budgetary controls.

The financial reporting entity consists of a primary government and its component units. The District is a primary government because it is a special-purpose government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state or local governments. Furthermore, there are no component units combined with the District for financial statement presentation purposes, and the District is not included in any other governmental reporting entity. Consequently, the District's financial statements include the funds of those organizational entities for which its elected governing board is financial accountable. The District's major operations include education, pupil transportation, construction and maintenance of District facilities, and food services.

#### 2. Government - Wide and Fund Financial Statement

The government - wide financial statements (i.e. the statements of net assets and the statement of activities) present financial information about the District as a whole. The reported information includes all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. These statements are to distinguish between the governmental and business type activities of the District. Governmental activities normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, and are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The district does not have any business type activities.

#### Twin Falls, idaho

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2011

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenue. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes, state aid, and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for government and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual government funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### 3. Measurement Focus, Basic of Accounting, and Financial Statements Presentation

Government - Wide Financial Statements - The government - wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as is the fiduciary fund financial statement. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the grantor or provider have been met. As a general rule the effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government - wide financial statements.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement* focus and the *modified accrual basis of accounting.* Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service resources are provided during the current year for payment of general long-term debt principal and interest due early in the following year and, therefore, the expenditures and related liabilities have been recognized. Compensated absences are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, state aid, and investment income associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. Food services and miscellaneous revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally the are not measurable until received in cash. Grants and similar awards are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the grantor or provider have been met. Deferred revenues also arise when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to meeting all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider.

Delinquent property taxes and property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as the fiscal year, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue on the government fund financial statements.

#### Twin Falls, Idaho

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2011

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

<u>Capital Construction Fund</u> - The Capital Construction accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Bond Interest and Redemption Fund</u> - The Bond Interest and Redemption Fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in the government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Government Accounting Standards Bureau.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

#### 4. Investments

Investment are deposited in the Idaho State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). State Statute authorizes the District to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, The State of Idaho, or county, city or other taxing district of the State of Idaho, commercial paper, corporate bonds and repurchase agreements. Investments are stated at fair value which approximates market value. The State Treasurer LGIP funds are invested in FDIC and SLIC insured accounts. Interest earned from investments is allocated to major funds based on their average balances for the month interest is earned. Funds to which interest is always allocated include the General Fund, the Debt Service Fund and the Capital Projects funds.

#### 5. Investment Income

Investment income is composed of interest and net changes in the fair market value of applicable investments. Investment income is reported as earnings on investment in the fund financial statements.

#### Twin Falls, Idaho

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2011

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### 6. Receivables and Payables

Receivables as stated in the balance sheet are considered collectible by the Board of Trustees; accordingly, an allowance for uncollectible accounts is not considered necessary nor is on applied to receivables.

Idaho counties are responsible for collecting property taxes, assessing penalties and if necessary, sale of the property. In addition, the county maintains all the records and is responsible for remitting property tax amounts to the various taxing entities within the county boundaries.

All real property is assigned a parcel number in accordance with state law, with each parcel being subject to physical reappraisal every five years. The amount of tax levied is developed by multiplying the assessed value by the tax rate applicable to the area in which the property is located. Taxes on real property are a lien on the property and attach on July 1, of the year for which the taxes are levied.

Taxes on property for all three counties are due on the 20<sup>th</sup> of December; however, they may be paid in two installments with the second installment due June 20. Twelve percent APR interest is charged and two percent penalties are assessed if a taxpayer fails to pay an installment within ten days of the installment due date. After a three year waiting period, a tax deed is issued conveying the property to the county with a lien for back taxes and accumulated charges. Redemption may be made by the owner and such persons as described by statute by paying all back taxes and accumulated penalties, interest and costs before sale.

Taxes on personal property are collected currently. Personal property declarations are mailed out annually and the tax is computed using percentages of taxable values established by the Department of Taxation. The major classifications of personal property are commercial, mobile homes, marine, aircraft and agricultural.

The District's property tax is levied each September on the market value as of December 1<sup>st</sup> of the prior calendar year. Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/due from" other funds.

#### 7. Prepaid Supplies and Inventories

Prepaid supplies are valued at cost on a first-in, first-out basis. The District maintains a limited inventory of high volume items that are best purchased in large lots and are expensed when used. These are carried in current assets in fund financial statements and are always consumed within one year.

#### Twin Falls, Idaho

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2011

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### 8. Capital Assets

Capital assets which include land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture, equipment and construction in progress, are reported in the government - wide financial statements.

Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of \$25,000 and an estimated useful life of more than one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at the estimated fair market value at the date of the donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight line method over the estimated useful life using the following as a guideline:

Land and improvements	20-25 years
Buildings and improvements	20-50 years
Vehicles, furniture and equipment	5- 15 years

#### 9. Compensated Absences

<u>Acumulated Employee Benefit Amounts</u> - Employee benefit amounts are recognition of corresponding liabilities are as follows:

- 1. <u>Personal Leave</u> Certified and classified employees receive up to three personal leave days. Two unused leave days may be accrued each year, but the total accrued may not be more than five days.
- 2. Vacation Pay Full year (12 months) administrators receive twenty days paid vacation. All other full year (12 month) employees are entitled to ten days (15 days after seven years continuous service). After an accumulation of two years vacation additional vacation days cannot be accumulated without approval from the Superintendent of Schools. Vacation pay is expensed in the current year.
- 3. <u>Sick Pay</u> Each employee is entitled to one sick leave day for each month of service rendered up to one hundred thirty days accumulation. No compensation is paid employees who leave the district by reason of death, termination or retirement.

Retirement System - The District participates in the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI). PERSI is a multiple employer retirement plan with cost-sharing arrangements shared equally. All risks and costs, including benefit costs, are shared proportionately by the participating entities.

#### Twin Falls, Idaho

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2011

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### 10. Long-Term Obligations

In the government - wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities on the statement of net assets. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

<u>Capital Leases Payable</u> - The long-term liability payments for the District's Phase I and Phase II are recorded in the Governmental Funds as expenditures.

<u>General Obligation Bonds Payable</u> - The long-term liability payments for the District's general oligation bonds are recorded in the Governmental Funds as expenditures.

#### 11. Adopted Change in Accounting Standards

GASB has issued Statement 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, which enhances the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing governmental fund type definitions. GASB Statement 54 is effective for the District's fiscal year ending September 30, 2011, and was adopted by the District.

#### 12. Equity Classifications

- a. District-Wide Financial Statements The District reports net assets in three categories invested in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted.
- b. Fund Financial Statements As of these financial statements, the District has adopted GASB Statement No. 54 "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions" (GASB 54) which redefines how fund balances of the governmental funds are presented in the financial statements. There are five classifications of fund balance as presented below:

Non-spendable - These funds are not available for expenditures based on legal or contractual requirements. In this category, one would see inventory, long-term receivables, unless proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned and legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (corpus or a permanent fund).

Restricted - These funds are governed by externally enforceable restrictions. In this category, one would see restricted purpose grant funds, debt service or capital projects.

#### Twin Falls, Idaho

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2011

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### 12. Equity Classifications - continued

<u>Committed</u> - Fund balances in this category are limited by the government's highest level of decision making. Any changes of designation must be done in the same manner that it was implemented and should occur prior to end of fiscal year, though the exact amount may be determined subsequently.

<u>Assigned</u> - These funds are intended to be used for specific purposes, intent is expressed by: governing body or an official delegated by the governing body.

<u>Unassigned</u> - This classification is the default for all funds that do not fit into the other categories. This, however should not be a negative number for the general fund. If it is, the assigned fund balance must be adjusted.

Beginning fund balances for the District's governmental fund and the governmental activities have been reclassed to reflect the above classifications.

Order of Use of Fund Balance - The District's policy is to apply expenditures against nonspendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year. For all funds, nonspendable fund balances are determined first and then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined.

#### 13. Inter-fund Activity

Flows of cash from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as inter-fund transfers. Inter-fund transfers between government funds are eliminated in the statement of activities. Inter-fund financial statements are reported as a subset of other financing sources/uses.

#### 14. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reporting amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Twin Falls, Idaho

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2011

#### NOTE B - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

<u>Budgetary Information</u> - Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with governmental accounting principles utilizing the modified accrual basis of accounting. Annual appropriated revenue and expenditure budgets are adopted for general, special revenue, debt service and capital funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund total level.

Encumbrances represent commitments to unperformed contracts for goods and services. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditures of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is utilized in the governmental funds. At the end of the year these items are expensed and accrued to the balance sheet as liabilities to report them in the period they were actually committed.

Twin Falls School District Number 411 adheres to school district budget requirements in Title 33, Chapter 8 of the Idaho Code. The provisions of this section include the following procedures to establish the budgetary data which is reflected in these financial statements.

- 1. No later than 28 days prior to the Board's annual meeting a budget shall be prepared and a public hearing held thereon.
- 2. No later than 14 days after the public hearing the budget shall be adopted by a favorable vote of a majority of the members of the Board. The final budget must be forwarded to the State Department of Education.
- 3. Budget revisions exceeding \$15,000 may not be made without prior approval of the School District's Board, following a scheduled and noticed public hearing. The adjustment must be approved by 60% of the Board. Management may amend the budget by transferring account allocations within a fund that do not increase the total budget without seeking approval of the Board of Trustees.

#### Twin Falls, Idaho

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2011

#### **NOTE C - CASH AND EQUIVALENTS**

Deposits and investment are carried at fair value. A reconciliation of cash and investments at June 30, 2011, as shown on the financial statements is as follows:

Carrying amounts of deposits Carrying amounts of investments	\$ 1,034,4 <u>8,088,9</u>	
Total cash and investments	<u>\$ 9,123,4</u>	<u>53</u>
Statement of net assets cash and investments	\$ 9,123,4	53

The District complies with the Idaho Code, Title 67, Chapter 12 in handling its depository and investing transactions. District funds are deposited in qualified depositories as defined by the Code. The Idaho Code authorizes the District to invest.

Investments are deposited in the Idaho State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). State Statute authorizes the District to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, the State of Idaho, or county, city or other taxing district of the State of Idaho, commercial paper, corporate bonds, and repurchase agreements. Investments are stated at fair value which approximates market value. The State Treasurer LGIP funds are invested in FDIC and SLIC insured accounts. The degree of risk of the LGIP depends upon the underlying portfolio.

The code governs the financial reporting requirements of qualified depositories in which public funds may be deposited and prescribe the conditions under which the designation of depository shall remain in effect. The District considers the actions of the State to be helpful oversight for protection of its uninsured bank deposits.

#### 1. Deposits:

At June 30, 2011, the District had the following deposits with financial institutions:

	Carrying	Bank	Amount
	Amount	Balance	<u>Insured</u>
Twin Falls School District	\$ 1,030,735	<b>\$ 1,807,145</b>	\$ 250,000

Custodial credit risk - Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, a governments' deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a formal deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2011, \$1,557,145 of the District's bank deposits was uninsured and uncollateralized.

#### Twin Falls, Idaho

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2011

#### NOTE C - CASH AND EQUIVALENTS - CONTINUED

#### 2. Investments:

At June 30, 2011 the District had the following investments summarized by investment type and maturities:

			Investment Maturities (in Years)									
Investment Type		Fair <u>Value</u>		Less Than 1	1-5		5-10		More Than 10			
Twin Falls School Dist.: Idaho State Treasurer	\$	2,033,986	\$	2,033,986	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0		
US Bank - Municipal Investors	_	6,055,002	_	6,055,002		<u> </u>		0		0		
	<u>\$</u>	8,088,988	\$	8,088,988	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0		

- a. Interest Rate Risk Interest rate risk is the rick that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by complying with the Idaho code which requires that the remaining term to maturity of investments to not exceed the period of availability of the funds invested.
- b. Credit Risk Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counter party to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The District's policy for reducing its exposure to credit risk is to comply with the Idaho Code and related rules. The District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. At June 30, 2011, the district has the following investments subject to credit risk:

			Credit Quality Ratings							
		Fair			Less	Than				
Investment Type		<u>Value</u>	A	A/A		<u> </u>	_	<u>Unrated</u>		
Twin Falls School District:	\$	2,033,986	\$	0	\$	0	\$	2,033,986		
US Bank - Municipal Investors		6,055,002		0		0	_	6,055,002		
	<u>\$</u> _	8,088,988	<u>\$</u>	0	\$	<u>0</u>	<u>\$</u>	8,088,988		

c. Concentration of Credit Risk - Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The District's policy for managing this risk is to comply with the Code and related rules.

#### Twin Falls, Idaho

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2011

#### NOTE C - CASH AND EQUIVALENTS - CONTINUED

#### 2. Investments - Continued

d. Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counter party, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District's policy for managing this risk is to comply with the Idaho Code and related rules. The District places no other limit on the amount of investments to be held by counter parties. As of June 30, 2011 \$9,646,133 of the government's bank balance of \$9,896,133 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Depository Account	Bank <u>Balance</u>					
Insured	\$	250,000				
Collateralized:						
Collateral held by district's agent in the district's name		0				
Collateral held by pledging bank's trust department in the district's name		0				
Collateral held by pledging bank's trust department not in the district's name		0				
Uninsured and uncollateralized		9,646,133				
Total deposits	<u>\$</u>	9,896,133				

#### **NOTE D - RECEIVABLES**

Receivables as of year end for the District's individual major funds and non-major funds in the aggregate are as follows:

	<u>Ger</u>	neral Fund		Bond terest and edemption	Capital Construction		 Other Non-major Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
Property Taxes	\$	0	\$	472,309	\$	0	\$ 0	\$	472,309
Due from other governments: Due from State and Fed Gov't	\$	4,495,120 4,495,120	<u>\$</u>	952,686 1,424,995	\$	0	\$ 4,083,097 4,083,097	\$	9,530,903 10,003,212

Government funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. At the end of the current fiscal year deferred revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

<u>Unavailable</u>
<u>\$ 393,601</u>

#### Twin Falls, Idaho

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2011

#### **NOTE E - CAPITAL ASSETS**

The accounts and records of the General Fixed Asset Account Group include only assets with a purchase price greater than \$25,000. The following presents the detail of changes in Capital Assets for the fiscal year:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retirements	Ending <u>Balance</u>	
Land	\$ 2,732,301	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 2,732,301	
Buildings and improvements	101,835,873	132,524	0	101,968,397	
Equipment	2,988,988	. 0	<u> </u>	2,988,988	
Total	107,557,162	132,524	0	107,689,686	
Less accumulated depreciation					
Buildings and improvements	28,880,197	4,316,312	0	33,196,509	
Equipment	1,024,770	444,088	0	1,468,858	
Total accumulated depreciation	29,904,967	4,760,400	0	34,665,367	
Capital assets, net	<u>\$ 77,652,195</u>	( <u>\$ 4,627,876</u> )	<u>\$</u> 0	<b>\$</b> 73,024,319	

During the 1997-98 fiscal year Valuations Resource Management made a cost appraisal of the capital assets of the District. The result of that valuation is reflected in these financial statements.

#### NOTE F - PAYABLES, ACCRUALS AND SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS

Payables and accruals include amounts due vendors for items received by the District to June 30, 2011 and amounts due teachers and other yearly employees contracted from September 1, 2010 through August 31, 2011. Fund balances are presented showing encumbrances reflecting outstanding purchase orders and significant contractual arrangements.

#### **NOTE G - DEFERRED REVENUES**

Deferred revenues include amounts not recognized as income during the 2010-2011 school year. These amounts include property taxes, reimbursements from the State of Idaho, unspent Federal program and grant funds and collections on uncompleted summer school courses.

#### Twin Falls, Idaho

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2011

#### **NOTE H - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES**

The board of trustees adopted a resolution, authorizing the issuance of \$48,675,000 in General Obligation Bonds for the construction of a new high school. The bonds were issued in May, 2006 bearing varying rates of interest. The following is the payment schedule of the General Obligation Bonds series 2010 outstanding.

#### **Twin Falls School District Number 411**

#### \$49,763,536

				NER	AL OBLIGATION	<u>N BO</u>		
Date	Interest Rate	Payment			Interest		<u>Principal</u>	 Balance
06/30/11								\$ 41,800,000
09/15/11	4.00%	\$	3,456,075	\$	981,075	\$	2,475,000	39,325,000
03/15/12		Ť	926,075	•	926,075		0	39,325,000
09/15/12	4.00%		3,636,075		926,075		2,710,000	36,615,000
03/15/13			871,875		871,875		0	36,615,000
09/15/13	4.00%		2,601,875		871,875		1,730,000	34,885,000
03/15/14			837,025		837,025		0	34,885,000
09/15/14	4.00%		2,737,025		837,025		1,900,000	32,985,000
03/15/15			794,025		794,025		0	32,985,000
09/15/15	4.00%		2,884,025		794,025		2,090,000	30,895,000
03/15/16			751,288		751,288		0	30,895,000
09/15/16	4.00%		2,981,287		751,287		2,230,000	28,665,000
03/15/17			696,888		696,888		0	28,665,000
09/15/17	5.00%		3,091,887		696,887		2,395,000	26,270,000
03/15/18			637,013		637,013		0	26,270,000
09/15/18	5.00%		3,207,012		637,012		2,570,000	23,700,000
03/15/19			572,763		572,763		0	23,700,000
09/15/19	5.00%		3,327,762		572,762		2,755,000	20,945,000
03/15/20			503,888		503,888		0	20,945,000
09/15/20	5.00%		3,448,887		503,887		2,945,000	18,000,000
03/15/21			430,263		430,263		0	18,000,000
09/15/21	5.00%		3,580,262		430,262		3,150,000	14,850,000
03/15/22			356,200		356,200		0	14,850,000
09/15/22	5.00%		3,716,200		356,200		3,360,000	11,490,000
03/15/23			272,200		272,200		0	11,490,000
09/15/23	5.00%		3,857,200		272,200		3,585,000	7,905,000
03/15/24			182,575		182,575		0	7,905,000
09/15/24	5.00%		4,007,575		182,575		3,825,000	4,080,000
03/15/25			86,950		86,950		0	4,080,000
09/15/25	5.00%		<u>4,166,950</u>		86,950		4,080,000	0
		<u>\$</u>	<u>58,619,125</u>	<u>\$</u>	16,819,125	<u>\$</u>	41,800,000	

#### Twin Falls, Idaho

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2011

#### NOTE H - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - CONTINUED

<u>Legal Debt Margin</u> - The District is subject to a statutory limitation by the State of Idaho for bonded indebtedness. At June 30, 2011, the statutory limit for the District was 5% of assessed valuation or \$141,980,964. The general obligation amounts available for debt retirement was \$4,796,539; leaving a legal debt margin of \$96,510,520.

<u>Capital Lease - Phase I</u> - The District entered into a fifteen year capital lease agreement with Honeywell, Inc. The lease is for capital maintenance and energy saving procedures which should result in significant energy saving cost to the district.

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under the capital lease together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2011:

#### **AMORTIZATION SCHEDULE**

	Date		Payment		nterest		Principal	<u>Balance</u>		
Loan	6/30/2011					•		\$	3,555,126	
7	2/1/2012	\$	444,500	\$	159,981	\$	284,519		3,270,607	
8	2/1/2013	•	458,000		147,177		310,823		2,959,784	
9	2/1/2014		470,000		133,190		336,810		2,622,974	
10	2/1/2015		484,000		118,034		365,966		2,257,008	
11	2/1/2016		498,500		101,565		396,935		1,860,073	
12	2/1/2017		508,000		83,703		424,297		1,435,776	
13	2/1/2018		515,000	•	64,610		450,390		985,386	
14	2/1/2019		520,000		44,342		475,658		509,728	
15	2/1/2020		532,665		22,937		509,728		0	
Grand tot		\$	4,430,665	\$	875,539	\$	3,555,126			

#### Twin Falls, Idaho

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2011

#### **NOTE H - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - CONTINUED**

<u>Capital Lease - Phase II</u> - The District entered into a fifteen year capital lease agreement with Honeywell, Inc. The lease is for capital maintenance and energy savings procedures which should result in significant energy saving cost to the district.

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under the capital lease together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2011:

#### **AMORTIZATION SCHEDULE**

	Date		Payment		nterest		Principal	Balance		
Loan	6/30/2011							\$	2,911,857	
6	2/1/2012	\$	369,809	\$	133,946	\$	235,863		2,675,994	
7	2/1/2013	•	369,809		123,096		246,713		2,429,281	
8	2/1/2014		369,809		111,747		258,062		2,171,219	
9	2/1/2015		369,809		99,876		269,933		1,901,286	
10	2/1/2016		369,809		87,460		282,349		1,618,937	
11	2/1/2017		369,809		74,472		295,337		1,323,600	
12	2/1/2018		369,809		60,886		308,923		1,014,677	
13	2/1/2029		369,809		46,676		323,133		691,544	
14	2/1/2020		369,809		31,811		337,998		353,546	
15	2/1/2021		369,809		16,263	•	353,546		0	
Grand tot	al	<u>\$</u>	3,698,090	<u>\$</u>	786,233	<u>\$</u>	2,911,857			

During the year ended June 30, 2011, the following changes occurred in liabilities reported in the statement of net assets:

	 Balance July 1, 2010	Additions			Deletions	Balance <u>June 30, 2011</u>		
General obligation Bonds 2006	\$ 44,055,000	\$	0	\$	2,255,000	\$	41,800,000	
US Bank Revenue Anticipation Note GASB 45 - OPEB Capital lease-Phase I Capital lease-Phase II	 4,000,000 269,946 3,827,393 3,137,348		2,000,000 145,798 0 0		4,000,000 0 272,267 225,491	•	2,000,000 415,744 3,555,126 2,911,857	
	\$ 55,289,687	<u>\$</u>	2,145,798	\$	6,752,758	<u>\$</u>	50,682,727	

#### Twin Falls, Idaho

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2011

#### NOTE I – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (GASB 45)

The Twin Falls School District has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 45. GASB Statement 45, is an accounting and financial reporting provision requiring government employers to measure and report the liabilities associated with other (other than pension) post employment benefits (or OPEB). Reported OPEBs may include post-retirement medical, pharmacy, dental, vision, life, long-term disability and long-term care benefits that are not associated with a pension plan. Government employers required to comply with GASB 45 include all states, towns, education boards, water districts, mosquito districts, public schools and all other government entities that offer OPEB and report under GASB. Typically an actuary (or actuaries) with both pension and health experience must perform the calculations following generally accepted actuarial methods. GASB 45 was instigated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in July 2004 because of the growing concern over the potential magnitude of government employer obligations for post-employment benefits. The District qualified for Phase 2 implementation. Phase 2 is for employers with annual revenues between \$100 million and \$10 million and should be implemented in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2007.

#### **Funding Policy**

The contribution requirement of plan members is established by the District's insurance committee in conjunction with our insurance provider. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements.

#### Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation.

The District's annual other post-employment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

The following table shows the components of the District's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the District's net OPEB obligation to Twin Falls Schools Post Retirement Healthcare Plan:

Annual required contribution	\$	488,817
Interest on net OPEB obligation		10,131
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(	9,045)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)		489,903
Contributions made, fiscal 2010-2011	(	327,423)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	-	162,480
Net OPEB obligation—beginning of year		253,264
Net OPEB obligation—end of year	<u>\$</u>	<u>415,744</u>

#### Twin Falls, Idaho

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2011

#### NOTE I - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (GASB 45) - CONTINUED

<u>Funded Status and Funding Progress</u>. As of July 1, 2011, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the actuarial accrued liability (AAL) and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) for benefits was \$4,647,020. The District's plan is considered to be unfunded since there are no assets and retiree benefits are paid annually on a cash basis. Because the plan is unfunded, the AAL and UAAL are equal.

The following table shows the District's projected annual OPEB obligation assuming pay-as-yougo funding as determined by our Actuaries:

The following table shows the District's projected annual OPEB obligation assuming pay-as-you-go funding as determined by our Actuaries:

Fiscal Year Ending	(1) Actuarial Accrued ding <u>Liability (AAL)</u>		(2) Annual Required Contribution		<u>Actual</u>	(3) Contribution	•	(4) nual OPEB Expense	(6) End of Year Net OPEB Obligation	
06/30/2011	\$	4,647,020	\$	488,817	\$	327,423	\$	489,903	\$	415,744
06/30/2012	•	4,815,203	•	510,558	•	308,381		512,340		619,703
06/30/2013		5,025,027		534,604		274,362		537,259		882,600
06/30/2014		5,294,190		561,652		282,483		565,434		1,165,551
06/30/2015		5,582,887		590,259		322,217		595,253		1,438,587
06/30/2016		5.860.496		619,332		330,956		625,496		1,733,127
06/30/2017		6,159,059		650,103		332,852		657,530		2,057,805
06/30/2018		6.487.312		682,941		339,895		691,759		2,409,669
06/30/2019		6,842,157		717,778		378,674		728,104		2,759,099
06/30/2020		7,193,306		753,538		419,567		765,361		3,104,893

- (1) Beginning of fiscal year
- (2) End of fiscal year
- (3) Equals benefits paid
- (4) Equals ARC, adjusted for interest and amortization of Net OPEB Obligation
- (5) Equals (Prior year NOPEBO) + (Annual OPEB Expense) (Actual Contribution)

#### Twin Falls, Idaho

#### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2011

#### **NOTE J - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

<u>Compliance</u> - Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, primarily the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures/expenses that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

#### **NOTE K - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The District purchases commercial insurance to cover the risk of property loss and legal liability through a local agent. The insurer, provides a full schedule of coverage to meet various risks of loss related to torts, theft of or damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, and natural disasters.

The basic insurance agreements cover claims against municipalities for all government functions, utilities, and services covered in the Plan. These include bodily injury, property damage, wrongful acts, personal injury, and related torts under the State tort claims law and federal civil rights laws.

All public officials, employees, services, and municipal functions are covered unless they are specifically listed as exclusions in the Plan.

#### Twin Falls, Idaho

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2011

#### **NOTE L - RETIREMENT PLAN**

Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho - The Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI), a cost sharing multiple-employer public retirement system, was created by the Idaho State Legislature. It is a defined benefit plan requiring that both the member and the employer contribute. The plan provides benefits based on members' years of service, age, and compensation. In addition, benefits are provided for disability, death, and survivors of eligible members or beneficiaries. The authority to establish and amend benefitr provisions is established in <u>Idaho Code</u>. Designed as a mandatory system for eligible state and school district employees, the legislation provided for other political subdivisions to participate by contractual agreement with PERSI. Financial reports for the plan are available from PERSI upon request.

After 5 years of credited service, members become fully vested in retirement benefits earned to date. Members are eligible for retirement benefits upon attainment of the ages specified for their employment classification. For each month of credited service, the annual service retirement allowance is 2.0% (2.3% police/firefighter) of the average monthly salary for the highest consecutive 42 months.

The contribution requirement of the Twin Falls School District and its employees are established and may be amended by the PERSI Board of Trustees. For the year ended June 30, 2011, the required contribution rate as a percentage of covered payroll for members was 6.23% for general members and 7.65% for police/firefighters. The employer rate as a percentage of covered payroll was 10.39% for general members and 10.73% for police/firefighter members. The Twin Falls School District contributions required and paid were \$2,757,588, \$2,960,724 and \$2,859,893 for the three years ended June 30, 2011, 2010 and 2009 respectively.

#### NOTE M - EXPENDITURES OVER BUDGET

There were budget expenditures that exceeded appropriations in the following fund:

NONE

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION)

#### Twin Falls, Idaho

#### **GENERAL FUND**

#### **BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE**

	Budgeted Amounts  Original Final			Actual Amounts		(	Variance with Final Budget- Positive Negative )	
REVENUES								
Property taxes	•	3,028 \$		\$	981,051		\$ 0	
Other local	749	9,997	1,154,347		1,180,288		25,941	
County revenue		0	66		66		0	
State revenue	34,587	•	33,945,899		34,938,566		992,667	
Federal revenue	7	5,200	652,862		623,351	(	29,511)	
Other revenue		<u> </u>	1,288		1,298		10	
Total revenues	36,12	<u>5,806</u> _	36,735,513		37,724,620		989,107	
EXPENDITURES								
Instructional								
Salaries	16,008	3,232	16,433,294		16,716,373	(	283,079)	
Benefits		7,180	5,723,385		5,749,070	(	25,685)	
Purchased services	78	3,307	84,296		77,841		6,455	
Supplies & materials	280	5,974	425,695		353,349		72,346	
Total instructional expenditures	21,660	),693	22,666,670		22,896,633	(	229,963)	
Support								
Salaries	7,22	7,998	7,081,376		7,213,368	(	131,992)	
Benefits		1,995	2,656,127		2,652,095	-	4,032	
Purchased services	•	1,179	4,622,458		4,242,705		379,753	
Supplies & materials	•	1,102	921,404		662,035		259,369	
Insurance/judgement		5,500	215,570		196,127		19,443	
Total support expenditures	15,10		15,496,935		14,966,330		530,605	
Non-Instructional								
Salaries		800	13,997		14,107	(	110)	
Benefits	6:	3,550	72,516		75,353	Ċ	2,837)	
Purchased services		270	270		550	į.	280)	
Total non-instructional						·		
expenditures	6	<u>4,620</u>	86,783		90,010	(	3,227)	
Capital assets								
Purchased services		0	8,668		8,668		0	
Capital objects		Ö	27,091		27,211	(	120)	
Total capital asset				•		•		
expenditures		<u> </u>	35,759		35,879	(	120)	

#### Twin Falls, Idaho

#### **GENERAL FUND - continued**

#### **BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE**

	Budgeted /	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget- Positive
	Original	<u>Final</u>	Actual	( Negative )
EXPENDITURES - CONTINUED				
Contingency reserve	<u>\$ 1,644,466</u>	\$ 1,040,110	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 1,040,110</u>
Total expenditures	38,470,553	39,326,257	37,988,852	1,337,405
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (	2,344,747) (	2,590,744)	( 264,232)	2,326,512
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)	94,747 0 94,747	343,495 <u>178,053</u> <u>165,442</u>	310,340 <u>171,367</u> <u>138,973</u>	( 33,155) 6,686 ( 26,469)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY)OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (	2,250,000) (	2,425,302)	( 125,259)	2,300,043
Fund balance, beginning of year	2,250,000	2,425,302	2,425,302	0
Fund balance, end of year	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u> 0	\$ 2,300,043	<b>\$</b> 2,300,043

#### Twin Falls, Idaho

#### BOND

#### **BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE**

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual		Variance with Final Budget- Positive		
	Original		Final		Actual Amounts		( Negative )	
REVENUES								
Local revenues								
Taxes	\$	3,476,157	\$	3,597,811	\$	3,622,542	\$	24,731
Local		42,000		52,000		60,544		8,544
State		0		135, <u>668</u>		<u> 135,668</u>	_	0
Total revenue		3,5 <u>18,157</u>		3,785,479		<u>3,818,754</u>		33,275
EXPENDITURES								
Support		^		1,000		500		500
Purchased services		0		1,000		300	_	500
Other Services								
Debt retirement principal		2,475,000		2,255,000		2,255,000		0
Debt retirement Interest		1,962,150		2,007,750		2,007,750		0
Total other services		4,437,150		4,262,750		4,262,750	_	0
Total expenditures		4,437,150		4,263,750		4,263,250	_	500
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER EXPENDITURES (		918,993) (		478,271) (		444,496)		33,775
Fund balance, beginning of year		5,241,035		5,241,035	_	5,241,035	_	0
Fund balance, end of year	\$	4,322,042	\$	4,762,764	\$	4,796,539	<u>\$</u>	33,775

# Twin Falls, Idaho

# **CAPITAL CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS**

# **BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE**

# For the year ended June 30, 2011

		Budgeted Original		Amounts Final		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget- Positive Negative
REVENUES								
Local revenues								
Local	\$	0	\$	270	\$	271	\$	1
Other local		0		_0		0		0
Total revenue		0		270		271	_	1
EXPENDITURES								
Capital asset								
Purchased services		0		8,008		343		7,665
Supplies & materials		0		489		0		489
Capital objects		0		78,460		78,460	_	0
Total expenditures		0		86,957		78,803	_	8,154
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER EXPENDITURÉS		0 (		86,687) (		78,532)		8,155
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers out		206,000		214,250		214,250		0
Total other financing								
sources (uses)	(	206,000) (		<u>214,250</u> ) (		214,250)		0
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES A OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER								
EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANC SOURCES	(	206,000) (		300,937) (		292,782)		<u>8,155</u>
Fund balance, beginning of year		206,000		300,975		300,975	_	0
Fund balance, end of year	\$	0	<u>\$</u>	38	\$	8,193	<u>\$</u>	8,155

SINGLE AUDIT SECTION



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Board of Trustees
Twin Falls School District

#### Compliance

We have audited Twin Falls School District's compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular a-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Twin Falls School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2011. Twin Falls School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of Twin Falls School District's board of education and management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Twin Falls School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations.* Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Twin Falls School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on Twin Falls School District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Twin Falls School District, complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2011.

#### Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Twin Falls School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Twin Falls School District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine the auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on the internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Twin Falls School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

# Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

We have audited the financial statements of Twin Falls School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, and have issued our report thereon dated November 14, 2011, which contained an unqualified opinion on those financial statements. Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audit of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board, management, others within the organization, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Twin Falls, Idaho November 14, 2011 Ware & associates

#### Twin Falls School District Number 411

### Twin Falls, Idaho

### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

### Year ended June 30, 2011

	FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER	FEDERAL GRANT <u>NUMBER</u>	EXPENDITURES
U.S. Department of Education			
Passed through Superintendent of			
Public Instruction			
Chapter I Basic and Concentration Grants	84.010	S010A100012	\$ 1,465,551
Migrant Ed-Basic State Formula Grant Program	84.011	S011A100012	141,542
Handicapped-State Grants, Part B, IDEA	84.027	H027A100088	945,640
Handicapped - Preschool Grants	84.173	H173A100030	49,889
State activities-education of homeless children	84.196	S196A090013	3,117
Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for			
Under Graduate Programs	84.334	P334S060003	52,094
Reading First State Grants	84.357	S357A080013	38,446
English Language Acquistion Grants	84.365	T365A100012	23,478
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	S367A100011	312,916
Statewide Data Systems	84.372	R372A090025	4,500
ARRA Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies,			
Recovery Act	84.389	S389A090012	218,206
ARRA Education Technology State Grants, Recovery Act	84.386	S386A090012	43,235
ARRA Special Education Grants To States, Recovery Act	84.391	H391A090088	547,661
ARRA Special Education - Preschool Grants, Recovery Act	84.392	H392A090030	19,982
Education Jobs Fund	84.410	S410A10013	566,757
			4,433,014
Passed through State Department of Professional Technical Education			
Vocational Education Basic Grants to States	84.048	V048A090012	<u>113,781</u> 4,546,795
U .S. Department of Agriculture			4,010,100
Passed through Superintendent			
of Public Instruction			
	40 555	004411400047	227,053
Commodities CFDA Title	10.555 10.555	2011IN109947 2011IN109947	1,659,826
National School Lunch Program	10.553	2011IN109947 2011IN109947	414,832
School Breakfast Program	10.553	2010IN109947	41,321
School Breakfast Program Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	2010IN109947	320,217
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	2011IN109947	960
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	2011CI160347	69,774
Flesh Fluit and Vegetable Flogram	10.002	201101100011	2,733,983
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed through Twin Falls County			
	40.000		40.202
School and Road Grants to Counties	10.666		16,363
U.S. Department of Labor			
Passed through Idaho Department of Labor			
Worker Training and Placement	17.275	GJ199011060A16	86,573
			\$ 7,383,714

See accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards

#### Twin Falls, Idaho

# NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Year ended June 30, 2011

#### **NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of Twin Falls School District Number 411 and is presented in the general purpose financial statement on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audit of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

#### **NOTE B - FOOD DISTRIBUTION**

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed at June 30, 2011.

# Twin Falls, Idaho

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Year ended June 30, 2011

# **SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS**

1.	The auditor's report expresses statements of Twin Falls School	an unqualified opinion on the general purpose financial District Number 411.
	<ul> <li>Internal control over financia</li> <li>Material weakness(es) ide</li> <li>Reportable condition(s) id</li> <li>not considered to be mate</li> </ul>	ntified? yes <u>X</u> no entified that are
2.	Noncompliance material to fi noted?	nancial statements yes <u>X</u> no
3.		oliance for the major federal award programs for Twin Falls expresses and unqualified opinion on all major federal
	Internal control over major p  • Material weakness(es) ide  • Reportable condition(s( id not considered to be mate	ntified? yesX_ no entified that are
4.		es an unqualified opinion on compliance for major e financial statements of Twin Falls School District Number
	Any audit findings disclosed to be reported in accordance 510(a) of Circular A-133?	
5.	The programs tested as majo	or programs include: State Department of Education pass
	CFDA <u>Numbers</u>	Name of Federal Program
	10.553 10.555	School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program
	10.559	Summer Food Service Program for Children
	10.582	Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program
	84.010	Chapter I Basic and Concentration Grants
	84.367	Improving Teacher Quality State Grants
	84.391	ARRA Special Education - Preschool Grants, Recovery Act
	84.410	Education Jobs Fund

#### Twin Falls, Idaho

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - CONTINUED

Year ended June 30, 2011

# SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS - CONTINUED

- 6. The threshold for distinguishing Types A and B programs was 300,000.
- 7. The Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

\_\_\_\_ yes <u>X</u> no

#### **SECTION II - FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS**

Findings and Reportable Conditions:
No matters were reported

Condition:

None

Effect:

Not Applicable

Recommendation:

Not Applicable

### SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Findings Questioned Cost: No matters were reported

Condition:

None

Effect:

Not Applicable

Findings:

None

Recommendation:

**Not Applicable** 

**Current Status:** 

**Not Applicable** 

# Twin Falls, Idaho

# SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

Year ended June 30, 2011

### **DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION**

Findings:

None

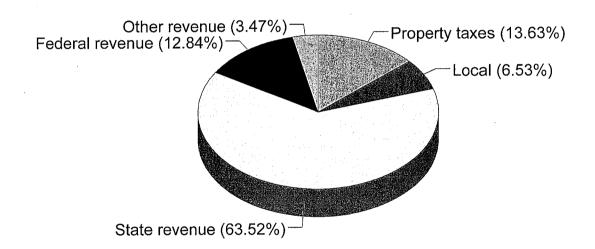
Condition:

Not Applicable

Recommendation: Current Status:

Not Applicable Not Applicable OTHER INFORMATION

Revenues - All Governmental Funds



Expenditures - All Governmental Funds

