GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

TWIN FALLS SCHOOL DISTRICT NUMBER 411

> TWIN FALLS COUNTY STATE OF IDAHO June 30, 2016

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees
Twin Falls School District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Twin Falls School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standard applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standard, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Twin Falls School District, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis (pages 6 through 11), budgetary comparison information (pages 46 through 49), and schedule of employer's share of net pension liability PERSI - base plan, and schedule of employer's contributions PERSI - base plan on pages 50 and 51 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operation, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Twin Falls School District basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal wards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual non major fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 26, 2016, on our consideration of the Twin Falls School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Twin Falls School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Ware & associates

Twin Falls, Idaho October 26, 2016



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENTS AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Trustees
Twin Falls School District

We have audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Twin Falls School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Twin Falls School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 26, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Twin Falls School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Twin Falls School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Twin Falls School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of Twin Falls School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiences, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention of those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Twin Falls School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Twin Falls School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Twin Falls School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Ware a associated

Twin Falls, Idaho October 26, 2016

School District No. 411

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

The discussion and analysis of the Twin Falls School District # 411's (the district) financial performance provides an overall review of financial activities for the fiscal year. The analysis focuses on school district financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District certified \$1,304,546 in emergency levy funds reflecting the continued strong growth and increase in student population. \$4,500,000 was also certified in the second year of the public authorized two-year supplemental levy.
- The Idaho Legislature exempted the first \$100,000 of personal property from taxation in the 2013 legislative session. The law required the State of Idaho replace the lost property tax revenue with State revenue. The District received State property tax replacement dollars in the amount of \$190,788. This amount will continue to be replaced annually.
- The District reported financial information in compliance with GASB 67 and 68 determined by an actuarial valuation of the Public Employee Retirement of Idaho and was based upon the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated on the District's share of contributions relative to the total contribution of all participating PERSI employers.
- The District's financial status, as reflected in total net position, was reduced by \$2.1 million in the 2015-2016 fiscal year.
- Program revenues, in the form of charges for services and operating grants and contributions, accounted for \$19.1 million of the \$75.6 million total revenues. General fund revenues included \$5.8 million of the total property tax revenues of \$16.1 million. \$42.5 million of the total State aid of 46.6 million were within the general fund state aid. General fund revenues account for 65.1% of all revenues.
- Expenses for the district total \$115.7 million, of which \$32.4 million (28%) were directly related to instructional (classroom) costs and \$45.3 million (39.2%) were construction cost for new schools and \$7.3 million (6.3%) were for debt payment.
- The fund balance increases were \$1.4 million in the General Fund, \$1.8 million in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund and \$807 thousand in Non-Major fund balance. Fund balance decrease was \$44.1 million in the Capital Construction Fund.

School District No. 411

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements. Other required supplementary information is also presented.

- The Government-wide Financial Statements provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances. The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information on the district as a whole and provide a district-wide, aggregate, view of the district's finances. District-wide statements contain useful long-term information as well as information for the just-completed fiscal year. Increases or decreases in the net position may indicate whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating. The Statement of Activities shows how the net position of the District has changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken in to account regardless of when the cash is received or paid. Changes in the net assets occur as soon as the underlying event gives rise.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the district. Fund statements generally report operations in more detail than the district-wide statements. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of sources of funding and spending on particular programs and to demonstrate compliance with various regulatory requirements. Fund financial statements focus on individual parts of the District. This statement focuses on its most significant or "major" funds and not on the District as a whole. The District's activities are all classified as governmental activities. Governmental activities include all regular and special education, all educational support activities, administration, transportation and food services. Most of these activities are supported by property taxes and formula aid from the State of Idaho. Some funds are required by state law and by bond covenants.
- The notes to the financial statements provides further explanation of some of the information in the statements and provides additional disclosures so statement users have a complete picture of the district's financial activities and position.
- Required supplementary information further explains and supports the financial statements by including a comparison of the district's budget data for the year.

School District No. 411

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

District-wide Statements

District assets exceeded liabilities by \$26.5 million at June 30, 2015. District assets exceeded liabilities by \$24.4 million at June 30, 2016.

The investments in capital assets (i. e; land, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment) net of related debt (long term lease and general obligation bonds) represents 66.5% of total assets. This percentage will change as resources are expended to complete capital construction projects. These capital assets provide services to students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

The restricted portion of the District's net position reflects general obligation bonds proceeds and facility maintenance proceeds and other resources that are subject to external restrictions. The majority of these assets will be used to construct capital assets (buildings) over the next two years, address the facility maintenance requirements and pay a portion of the district's debt service obligations.

Governmental Activities					
		<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>	<u>Change</u>
Current and other assets	\$	53,963,933	\$	92,921,553	\$ (38,957,620)
Capital assets (net)		107,028,736		66,193,219	40,835,517
Total Assets		160,992,669		159,114,772	1,877,897
Deferred Outflows of					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Resources		5,792,834		1,230,333	4,562,501
Long-term liabilities	•				
outstanding		115,935,381		108,931,710	7,003,671
Other liabilities		17,249,525		22,449,637	(5,200,112)
Total Liabilities		133,184,906	,	131,381,347	1,803,559
Net Position					
Net investment in					
capital assets		4,119,727		23,343,959	(19,144,232)
Restricted		34,841,600		76,806,038	(41,964,438)
Unrestricted		(14,679,191)		(73,646,905)	58,967.714
Total net position	\$	24,362,136	\$	26,503,092	\$ (2,140,956)

School District No. 411

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

The following table shows the changes in net position for the fiscal year 2015-2016. The District relies on state funding for 61.6% and property taxes for 21.3% of its activities. The District had total revenues of \$75,647,087 and expenditures exceeded revenues by \$40,023,068.

Changes in Net Position

	FY 15-16	FY 14-15	<u>Change</u>
Revenues			
Program Revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 3,632,589	\$ 3,342,323	\$ 290,266
Operating grants &	15,453,488	8,335,200	7,118,288
contributions			
General Revenue:			
Property taxes, levied general	5,772,944	5,644,795	128,149
Property taxes, levied debt	7,033,658	6,670,803	362,855
Property taxes, levied	3,327,103	3,315,603	11,500
maintenance	, ,		
State programs	38,962,428	42,748,467	(3,786,039)
Federal forest	16,971	17,125	(154)
Interest & investment	200,101	271,977	(71,876)
earnings			
Sale of assets	0	2,363,417	(2,363,417)
Other	1,245,941	6,636,718	(5,390,777)
Total Revenues	75,645,223	79,346,428	(3,701,205)
Program Expenses			
Instruction	\$ 38,781,673	\$ 30,729,384	\$ 8,052,289
Support services	26,209,115	25,866,383	342,732
Non-instruction	4,454,636	4,284,979	169,657
Capital Outlay	347,988	32,365	315,623
Interest & other costs on	,	•	•
long-term debt	3,859,707	5,852,485	1,992,778
Depreciation	4,133,059	4,670,631	(537,572)
Total Expenses	77,786,179	71,436,227	6,349,952
Changes in Net Position	\$ (2,140,956)	\$ 7,910,201	\$ 10,051,157
-			

School District No. 411

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

Governmental Funds:

The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide balances of spendable resources and to provide data on near-term inflows and outflows. The District uses funds to demonstrate compliance with finance-related requirements.

The general fund is the general operating fund for the District. The general fund balance at the end of the 2015-2016 fiscal year was \$3,784,996 which is a \$1,447,722 increase from the ending balance in fiscal year 2014-2015 of \$2,337,273. The fund balance continues to be drawn down enabling the district to weather the recession without eliminating positions or programs. The District continues to grow with continued increases in student population prompting the Board of Trustees, under advisement of the budget advisory committee, to seek additional funding through an emergency levy of \$1,304,546. State funding based upon average daily attendance continues to increase primarily due to the increase in students with additional help from the legislature with recovery of funds previously removed from the funding formula.

Expenditures for the general fund totaled \$47,891,780. Instructional Services accounts for 59.1% for the general fund expenditures. General fund salaries and benefits totaled \$40.8 million for 85.1% of the District's general fund expenditures.

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for resources collected to pay for principal and interest on the long-term debt. The Debt Service Fund has \$7,649,063 in restricted fund balance to pay for future principal and interest requirements.

The Capital Construction Fund pays for capital construction for additions within the District. Two elementary, one middle school, an additional wing at Canyon Ridge High School, upgrades and remodeling at the Twin Falls High School and security measures at all schools. The Capital Construction Fund balance at the end of the 2016 fiscal year was \$24,801,729.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights:

The District adopts an original budget in June for the subsequent year. There were no significant differences between the original budget and the final amended budget.

The Budget to Actual shows no programs overspending during the fiscal year.

School District No. 411

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget:

The District continued to experience an increase in overall enrollment, thus increasing the amount of revenue generated from an emergency levy and from the State Department of Education. The District is also experiencing growth in taxable market value, thus resulting in additional tax revenue. The District is in the final year on its two year supplemental levy.

The District is updating its Strategic Plan and continues to work to write curriculum and train staff on the new Idaho Common Core State Standards. The new standards took effect in the 13-14 school year and all curriculum is being aligned for these new standards.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Robert L. Seaman at the Twin Falls School District Administration Office, 201 Main Avenue West, Twin Falls ID 83301, by phone at (208) 732-7517, or by e-mail at seamanro@tfsd.org.

Twin Falls, Idaho

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2016

	GovernmentalActivities
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 42,025,397
Property taxes receivables	558,537
State, federal and other receivables (net)	10,259,391
Inventories	394,751
Prepaid expenses	725,856
Capital assets - Land	2,660,946
Depreciable capital assets (net of depreciation)	104,367,791
Total assets	<u>160,992,669</u>
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
PERSI deferred outflow - contributions	<u>5,792,834</u>
	<u>166,785,503</u>
LIABILITIES	
Accounts, salaries and other payables	12,147,395
Deferred revenue	686,484
Amounts held for others	153,981
Current Long-term liabilities	2 222 222
Bonds due within one year	2,230,000
Accrued interest	1,312,031
Other liabilities due within one year	719,634
Long-term liabilities	97 420 000
Bonds due in more than one year Other liabilities due in more than one year	97,120,000
PERSI net pension liability	4,492,502 14,322,87 <u>9</u>
Total liabilities	133,184,906
Total liabilities	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
PERSI - employer pension assumption	9,238,461
NET POSITION	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	4,199,727
Restricted for:	
Child nutrition	76,900
Debt service	7,649,063
Capital construction	24,801,729
Capital improvement and maintenance	2,313,908
Unrestricted - PERSI net position	(17,768,506)
Unrestricted	3,089,315
Total net position	\$ 24,362,136

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this basic financial statement.

Twin Falls, Idaho

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the year ended June 30, 2016

				Program	Program Revenues			
		Expenses		arges for ervices	(Operating Grants and ontributions	Re C	et (expense) evenue and changes in Net Assets
FUNCTION/PROGRAMS Governments activities Instruction Support services Non-instruction Capital outlay Long-term debt interest Depreciation unallocated Total governmental	\$	38,781,673 26,209,115 4,454,636 347,988 3,859,707 4,133,059	\$	1,191,505 1,127,136 961,664 321,965 30,320 0	\$	3,211,066 8,586,525 3,629,874 26,023 0	\$ (34,379,102 16,495,454 136,902) 0 3,829,388 4,133,059
activities	\$	77,786,179	\$	3,632,590	\$	15,453,488		58,700,101
	Ta: Pi Pi Pi Pi Si Gra Si	neral Revenues roperty taxes, s roperty taxes, s roperty taxes, s roperty taxes, l roperty taxes, l tate revenue in nts and contrib tate foundation ederal forest la rest and invest	supplemerç ort le other eviec lieu oution prog nds	gency levy levy I for debt serv I for plant fac of taxes ns not restric gram	ilities	specific progra	ms	4,500,000 1,253,842 19,102 0 7,033,659 3,327,103 190,788 38,771,640 16,971
	G B C	eneral fund ond interest an apital construc ther funds (No	d rec	lemption				4,845 2,091 189,645 3,518
	Mis	cellaneous ebt Premium Total general r			ial iter	ns	_	1,245,941 56,559,145
	Cha	inges in net po	sitio	n			(2,140,956)
	Net	position - begi	innin	g (restated)			_	26,503,092
	Net	position - end	ing				\$	24,362,136

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this basic financial statement.

Twin Falls School District No. 411

Twin Falls, Idaho

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET

June 30, 2016

		General	ш ш	Bond Interest and Redemption	U	Capital Construction		Non Major and Agency Funds		Governmental Funds
ASSETS										
Cash and investments Receivable	s,	5,820,347	s,	5,062,608	s	29,750,847	s,	1,391,596	s s	42,025,398
Property taxes		206,691		236,038		0		115,808		558,537
Other receivables		3,481,255		2,565,556		21,932		4,194,659		10,263,402
Prepaid		317,800		0		0		150,165		467,965
Total assets and other debits	S	9,826,093	S	7,864,202	S	29,772,779	S	5,852,228	5	53,315,302
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY Liabilities										
Accounts payable	s	299,515	s,	1,400	↔	4,971,050	G	434,133	s	5,706,098
Salaries and benefits payable		5,538,166		0		0		907,142		6,445,308
Deferred revenue		203,416		213,739		0		776,796		1,193,951
Returnable revenue		0		0		0		153,981		153,981
Total liabilities		6,041,097		215,139		4,971,050		2,272,052		13,499,338
Fund equity - fund balances						i		•		
Non-spendable		0		0		0		0		
Restricted		0		7,649,063		24,801,729		3,580,176		36,030,968
Committed		1,962,375		0		0		0		1,962,375
Assigned		0		0		0		0		
Unassigned		1,822,621		0		0		0		1,822,621
Total fund balance		3,784,996		7,649,063		24,801,729		3,580,176		39,815,964
Total liabilities, and fund						İ				
balance	6	9,826,093	S	7,864,202	S	29,772,779	S	5,852,228	S	53,315,302

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this basic financial statement.

Twin Falls, Idaho

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2016

Total fund balances for governmental funds		\$ 39,815,964
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the st net position are different from the amount reported above as governmental funds fund balance because:		
Amounts due between funds have been eliminated.		
Due from	(\$ 4,011)	
Due to	4,011	0
Capital assets used in government activities are not finance resources and therefore are not reported in the fund state Amounts reported for governmental activities in the state of net position:	ements.	Ü
	£ 164 606 524	
Governmental capital asset	\$ 164,696,521	
Governmental accumulated depreciation	(<u>57,667,784</u>)	107,028,737
in the current period and therefore are not reported in the statements. Long-term liabilities reported in the stateme position that are not reported in the funds balance sheet General obligation debt GASB 45 obligations Accrued interest on general obligation debt Net pension liability	nt of net	(120,197,046)
Elimination of deferred tax allowances		507,466
Recognition of inventories and prepaids		
Inventories	394,751	
Insurance	<u>257,891</u>	
noutance		652,642
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions of \$5,792,834 = \$521,616 deferred outflows resources plus \$3,448,684 deferred outflow of 2016 employer contribution	ons	
related to pensions.		5,792,834
		, ,
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		(9,238,461)
Total net position		<u>\$ 24,362,136</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this basic financial statement.

Twin Falls School District No. 411

Twin Falls, Idaho

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

For the year ended June 30, 2016

Total

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this basic financial statement.

Twin Falls, Idaho

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the year ended June 30, 2016

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		(\$	40,023,068)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Revenues for property taxes are reduced for deferred revenue in the governmental funds. These funds are shown as receivables but are no considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. That portion of taxes receivable not collected within 60 days after fiscal year end has been deferred in the governmental funds, but is reported as revenue in the statement of activities. The amount of deferred property taxes in the current year is: The amount of deferred property taxes in the prior year is: Net increase (decrease) in revenues for property taxes	s 507,466 (<u>513,259</u>		5,793)
The cost of benefits are reported in the governmental funds as expenditures as due. In the Statement of Activities amounts are measured by the amounts earned during the year. GASB 45 amounts earned more than amounts used in the current year GASB 45 amounts earned more than amounts used in the prior year	(1,733,127 1,438,587	•	294,540)
The change in inventories are reported in the governmental funds as expenditures, however these costs are considered an asset on the statement of net position. The inventory amounts in the current year is: The inventory amounts in the prior year is: Net increase (decrease) in inventories	394,751 (<u>322,120</u>		72,631
The cost of insurance is reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when paid. These amounts represent insurance coverage for the entire fiscal year. The prepayment of insurance is considered an asset on the statement of net position. The amount of prepaid insurance in the current fiscal year is: The amount of prepaid insurance in the prior fiscal year is: Current fiscal year prepaid insurance is greater (less) than prior fiscal year	257,891 (243,773		14,118

Twin Falls, Idaho

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2016

The acquisition of capital assets are reported in the governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are shown in the statement of net position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expenses in the statement of activities. Capital outlay report in governmental fund statements \$ 45,316,564 Depreciation expense reported in statement of activities (4,133,059) Amount by which capital outlays are greater (less) than depreciation in the current period \$ 41,183,505 Repayment of principal on long-term debt is reported in the governmental funds as an expenditure, but is reported as a reduction in long-term debt in the statement of net position and does not affect the statement of activities. The amount of long-term debt principal payments in the current year is: 2,834,284 Governmental funds expenses include pension contributions, while on the statement of activities the contributions are considered a deferred outflow. Pension contributions current year. 3,448,684 Pension contributions prior year 3,330,424) Net increase (decrease) in expenditures for pension contributions 118,260 6,675,439) Net pension expense (Interest payments on outstanding debt are reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds when paid. Interest is reported as it accrues in the statement of activities. The amount of interest accrued in the prior period is: 1,947,117 The amount of interest accrued during the current period is: 1,312,031) Current fiscal year accrual is greater (less) than prior fiscal year 635.086 2,140,956) Change in net position of governmental activities

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this basic financial statement.

Twin Falls, Idaho

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Twin Falls School District No. 411 have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described as follows:

1. Reporting Entity

Each Idaho school district is a body corporate (Idaho Code 33-301). The authority to govern, which resides in the Board of Trustees, has been extended to the District by the state (Idaho Code 33-501). In its corporate capacity, Twin Falls School District No. 411 may sue and be sued and may acquire, hold and convey real and personal property necessary to its existence. The District has the authority to issue negotiable bonds and incur other debt as provided by law. As provided by Idaho Law, the board of trustees of each school district has the power to levy taxes for school purposes. Also, each school district is a political subdivision of the State of Idaho. The Board has broad financial responsibilities including approval of the annual budget, and the establishment of a system of accounting and budgetary controls.

The financial reporting entity consists of a primary government and its component units. The District is a primary government because it is a special-purpose government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state or local governments. Furthermore, there are no component units combined with the District for financial statement presentation purposes, and the District is not included in any other governmental reporting entity. Consequently, the District's financial statements include the funds of those organizational entities for which its elected governing board is financially accountable. The District's major operations include education, pupil transportation, construction and maintenance of District facilities, and food services.

2. Government - Wide and Fund Financial Statement

The government - wide financial statements (i.e. the statements of net position and the statement of activities) present financial information about the District as a whole. The reported information includes all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. These statements are to distinguish between the *governmental* and *business type* activities of the District. *Governmental activities* normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, and are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The district does not have any business type activities.

Twin Falls, Idaho

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenue. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes, state aid, and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for government and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual government funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

3. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statements Presentation

Government - Wide Financial Statements - The government - wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as is the fiduciary fund financial statement. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the grantor or provider have been met. As a general rule the effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government - wide financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements - Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service resources are provided during the current year for payment of general long-term debt principal and interest due early in the following year and, therefore, the expenditures and related liabilities have been recognized. Compensated absences are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, state aid, and investment income associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. Food services and miscellaneous revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. Grants and similar awards are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the grantor or provider have been met. Deferred revenues also arise when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to meeting all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider.

Twin Falls, Idaho

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

3. <u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statements Presentation</u> - continued

Delinquent property taxes and property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as the fiscal year, have been recorded as deferred revenue. Receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred revenue on the government fund financial statements.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

<u>Capital Construction Fund</u> - The Capital Construction accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Bond Interest and Redemption Fund</u> - The Bond Interest and Redemption Fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in the government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Government Accounting Standards Bureau.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

4. Investments

Investment are deposited in the Idaho State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). State Statute authorizes the District to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, The State of Idaho, or county, city or other taxing district of the State of Idaho, commercial paper, corporate bonds and repurchase agreements. Investments are stated at fair value which approximates market value. The State Treasurer LGIP funds are invested in FDIC and SLIC insured accounts. Interest earned from investments is allocated to major funds based on their average balances for the month interest is earned. Funds to which interest is always allocated include the General Fund, the Debt Service Fund and the Capital Projects funds.

Twin Falls, Idaho

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

5. Investment Income

Investment income is composed of interest and net changes in the fair market value of applicable investments. Investment income is reported as earnings on investment in the fund financial statements.

6. Receivables and Payables

Receivables as stated in the balance sheet are considered collectible by the Board of Trustees; accordingly, an allowance for uncollectible accounts is not considered necessary nor is on applied to receivables.

Idaho counties are responsible for collecting property taxes, assessing penalties and if necessary, sale of the property. In addition, the county maintains all the records and is responsible for remitting property tax amounts to the various taxing entities within the county boundaries.

All real property is assigned a parcel number in accordance with state law, with each parcel being subject to physical reappraisal every five years. The amount of tax levied is developed by multiplying the assessed value by the tax rate applicable to the area in which the property is located. Taxes on real property are a lien on the property and attach on July 1, of the year for which the taxes are levied.

Taxes on property for Twin Falls County are due on the 20th of December; however, they may be paid in two installments with the second installment due June 20. Twelve percent APR interest is charged and two percent penalties are assessed if a taxpayer fails to pay an installment within ten days of the installment due date. After a three year waiting period, a tax deed is issued conveying the property to the county with a lien for back taxes and accumulated charges. Redemption may be made by the owner and such persons as described by statute by paying all back taxes and accumulated penalties, interest and costs before sale.

Taxes on personal property are collected currently. Personal property declarations are mailed out annually and the tax is computed using percentages of taxable values established by the Department of Taxation. The major classifications of personal property are commercial, mobile homes, marine, aircraft and agricultural.

The District's property tax is levied each September on the market value as of December 1st of the prior calendar year. Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/due from" other funds.

Twin Falls, Idaho

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

7. Prepaid Supplies and Inventories

Prepaid supplies are valued at cost on a first-in, first-out basis. The District maintains a limited inventory of high volume items that are best purchased in large lots and are expensed when used. These are carried in current assets in fund financial statements and are always consumed within one year.

8. Capital Assets

Capital assets which include land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture, equipment and construction in progress, are reported in the government - wide financial statements.

Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of \$25,000 and an estimated useful life of more than one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at the estimated fair market value at the date of the donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight line method over the estimated useful life using the following as a guideline:

Land and improvements	20-25 years
Buildings and improvements	20-50 years
Vehicles, furniture and equipment	5- 15 years

Twin Falls, Idaho

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

9. Compensated Absences

<u>Acumulated Employee Benefit Amounts</u> - Employee benefit amounts are recognition of corresponding liabilities are as follows:

- A. <u>Personal Leave</u> Certified and classified employees receive up to three personal leave days. Two unused leave days may be accrued each year, but the total accrued may not be more than five days.
- B. <u>Vacation Pay</u> Full year (12 months) administrators receive twenty days paid vacation. All other full year (12 month) employees are entitled to ten days (15 days after seven years continuous service). After an accumulation of two years vacation additional vacation days cannot be accumulated without approval from the Superintendent of Schools. Vacation pay is expensed in the current year.
- C. <u>Sick Pay</u> Each employee is entitled to one sick leave day for each month of service rendered up to one hundred thirty days accumulation. No compensation is paid employees who leave the district by reason of death, termination or retirement.
- D. <u>Pensions</u> The District participates in the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI). PERSI is a multiple employer retirement plan with cost-sharing arrangements shared equally. All risks and costs, including benefit costs, are shared proportionately by the participating entities.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho Base Plan (Base Plan) and additions to/deductions from Base Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they reported by the Base Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

10. Long-Term Obligations

In the government - wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities on the statement of net assets. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

<u>Capital Leases Payable</u> - The long-term liability payments for the District's Phase I and Phase II are recorded in the Governmental Funds as expenditures.

Twin Falls, Idaho

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

10. Long-Term Obligations - continued

<u>General Obligation Bonds Payable</u> - The long-term liability payments for the District's general obligation bonds are recorded in the Governmental Funds as expenditures.

11. Adopted Change in Accounting Standards

GASB has issued Statement 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, which enhances the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing governmental fund type definitions.

12. Equity Classifications

- a. District-Wide Financial Statements The District reports net assets in three categories invested in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted.
- b. Fund Financial Statements The District has adopted GASB Statement No. 54 "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions" (GASB 54) which redefines how fund balances of the governmental funds are presented in the financial statements. There are five classifications of fund balance as presented below:
- Non-spendable These funds are not available for expenditures based on legal or contractual requirements. In this category, one would see inventory, long-term receivables, unless proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned and legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (corpus or a permanent fund).
- <u>Restricted</u> These funds are governed by externally enforceable restrictions. In this category, one would see restricted purpose grant funds, debt service or capital projects.
- <u>Committed</u> Fund balances in this category are limited by the government's highest level of decision making. Any changes of designation must be done in the same manner that it was implemented and should occur prior to end of fiscal year, though the exact amount may be determined subsequently.
- <u>Assigned</u> These funds are intended to be used for specific purposes, intent is expressed by: governing body or an official delegated by the governing body.
- <u>Unassigned</u> This classification is the default for all funds that do not fit into the other categories. This, however should not be a negative number for the general fund. If it is, the assigned fund balance must be adjusted.

Order of Use of Fund Balance - The District's policy is to apply expenditures against nonspendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year. For all funds, nonspendable fund balances are determined first and then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined.

Twin Falls, Idaho

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

13. Inter-fund Activity

Flows of cash from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as inter-fund transfers. Inter-fund transfers between government funds are eliminated in the statement of activities. Inter-fund financial statements are reported as a subset of other financing sources/uses.

14. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reporting amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE B - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

<u>Budgetary Information</u> - Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with governmental accounting principles utilizing the modified accrual basis of accounting. Annual appropriated revenue and expenditure budgets are adopted for general, special revenue, debt service and capital funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund total level.

Encumbrances represent commitments to unperformed contracts for goods and services. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditures of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is utilized in the governmental funds. At the end of the year these items are expensed and accrued to the balance sheet as liabilities to report them in the period they were actually committed.

Twin Falls School District Number 411 adheres to school district budget requirements in Title 33, Chapter 8 of the Idaho Code. The provisions of this section include the following procedures to establish the budgetary data which is reflected in these financial statements.

- 1. No later than 28 days prior to the Board's annual meeting a budget shall be prepared and a public hearing held thereon.
- 2. No later than 14 days after the public hearing the budget shall be adopted by a favorable vote of a majority of the members of the Board. The final budget must be forwarded to the State Department of Education.
- 3. Budget revisions exceeding \$15,000 may not be made without prior approval of the School District's Board, following a scheduled and noticed public hearing. The adjustment must be approved by 60% of the Board. Management may amend the budget by transferring account allocations within a fund that do not increase the total budget without seeking approval of the Board of Trustees.

Twin Falls, Idaho

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

NOTE C - CASH AND EQUIVALENTS

Deposits and investment are carried at fair value. A reconciliation of cash and investments at June 30, 2016, as shown on the financial statements is as follows:

Carrying amounts of deposits Carrying amounts of investments	\$ 1,875,541 <u>40,149,856</u>
Total cash and investments	\$ 42,025,397
Statement of net assets cash and investments	\$ 42,025,397

The District complies with the Idaho Code, Title 67, Chapter 12 in handling its depository and investing transactions. District funds are deposited in qualified depositories as defined by the Code. The Idaho Code authorizes the District to invest.

Investments are deposited in the Idaho State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). State Statute authorizes the District to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, the State of Idaho, or county, city or other taxing district of the State of Idaho, commercial paper, corporate bonds, and repurchase agreements. Investments are stated at fair value which approximates market value. The State Treasurer LGIP funds are invested in FDIC and SLIC insured accounts. The degree of risk of the LGIP depends upon the underlying portfolio.

The code governs the financial reporting requirements of qualified depositories in which public funds may be deposited and prescribe the conditions under which the designation of depository shall remain in effect. The District considers the actions of the State to be helpful oversight for protection of its uninsured bank deposits.

1. Deposits:

At September 30, 2016, the District had the following deposits with financial institutions:

	Carrying	Bank	Amount		
	Amount_	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Insured</u>		
Twin Falls School District	<u>\$ 1,875,541</u>	<u>\$ 2,642,186</u>	<u>\$ 250,000</u>		

Custodial credit risk - Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, a governments' deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a formal deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2016, \$2,392,186 of the District's bank deposits was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Twin Falls, Idaho

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

NOTE C - CASH AND EQUIVALENTS - CONTINUED

2. Investments:

At June 30, 2016, the District had the following investments summarized by investment type and maturities:

			Investment Maturities (in Years)							
Investment Type		Fair Value	Less Than 1		1-5		5-10		More Than 10	
Twin Falls School Dist.: Idaho State Treasurer US Bank - Municipal	\$	605,809	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
Investors		<u> 39,544,047</u>		0		0		0		0
	\$ 4	<u>10,149,856</u>	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0

- a. Interest Rate Risk Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by complying with the Idaho code which requires that the remaining term to maturity of investments to not exceed the period of availability of the funds invested.
- b. Credit Risk Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counter party to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The District's policy for reducing its exposure to credit risk is to comply with the Idaho Code and related rules. The District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. At June 30, 2016, the district has the following investments subject to credit risk:

			Credit Quality Ratings						
		Fair							
Investment Type	<u>Value</u>			<u>AA/A</u>		A		<u>Unrated</u>	
Twin Falls School District:	s	605,809	s	0	\$	0	s	0	
US Bank - Municipal Investors	<u>.</u> :	3 <u>9,544,047</u>		0		0	<u></u>	0	
	<u>\$ 4</u>	10,149,856	\$	0	<u>\$</u>	0	<u>\$</u>	0	

 c. Concentration of Credit Risk - Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The District's policy for managing this risk is to comply with the Code and related rules.

Twin Falls, Idaho

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

NOTE C - CASH AND EQUIVALENTS - CONTINUED

2. Investments - Continued

d. Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counter party, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District's policy for managing this risk is to comply with the Idaho Code and related rules. The District places no other limit on the amount of investments to be held by counter parties. As of June 30, 2016 \$17,542,042 of the government's bank balance of \$42,792,042 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Depository Account	Bank <u>Balance</u>				
Insured	\$	250,000			
Collateralized:					
Collateral held by district's agent in the					
district's name		0			
Collateral held by pledging bank's trust					
department in the district's name		0			
Collateral held by pledging bank's trust					
department not in the district's name		25,000,000			
Uninsured and uncollateralized		17,542,042			
Total deposits	<u>\$</u>	<u>42,792,042</u>			

NOTE D - RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year end for the District's individual major funds and non-major funds in the aggregate are as follows:

	General Fund		Bond Interest and Capital Redemption Construction			Other Non-major Funds		Total Governmental Funds		
Property Taxes Due from other governments	\$ <u>\$</u>	206,691 3,481,255 3,687,946	\$ <u>\$</u>	236,038 2,565,556 2,801,594	\$ <u>\$</u>	0 21,932 21,932	\$ <u>\$</u>	115,808 4,194,659 4,310,467	\$ <u>\$</u>	558,537 10,263,402 10,821,939

Government funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. At the end of the current fiscal year deferred revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	<u>Unavailable</u>
Deferred revenue Deferred revenue-Delinquent property taxes receivable	686,485 \$ 507,466
Total deferred revenue for Governmental Funds	<u>\$ 1,193,951</u>

Twin Falls, Idaho

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

NOTE E - CAPITAL ASSETS

The accounts and records of the General Fixed Asset Account Group include only assets with a purchase price greater than \$25,000. The following presents the detail of changes in Capital Assets for the fiscal year:

	2015 Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Additions	<u>Retirements</u>	2016 Ending <u>Balance</u>
Land	\$ 2,660,946	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 2,660,946
Buildings and improvements	107,547,007	633,883	0	108,180,890
Equipment	3,123,170	0	0	3,123,170
Construction in progress	6,050,967	44,680,549	0	50,731,516
Total	119,382,090	45,314,432	0	164,696,522
Less accumulated depreciation				
Buildings and improvements	50,103,428	4,441,187	0	54,544,615
Equipment Total accumulated	3,085,442	37,728	0	3,123,170
depreciation	<u>53,188,870</u>	4,478,915	0	<u>57,667,785</u>
Capital assets, net	\$ 66,193,220	\$ 40,835,517	\$0	<u>\$_107,028,737</u>

During the 1997-98 fiscal year Valuations Resource Management made a cost appraisal of the capital assets of the District. The result of that valuation is reflected in these financial statements.

NOTE F - PAYABLES, ACCRUALS AND SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS

Payables and accruals include amounts due vendors for items received by the District to June 30, 2016, and amounts due teachers and other yearly employees contracted from September 1, 2015 through August 31, 2016. Fund balances are presented showing encumbrances reflecting outstanding purchase orders and significant contractual arrangements.

NOTE G - DEFERRED REVENUES

Deferred revenues include amounts not recognized as income during the 2015-2016 school year. These amounts include property taxes, reimbursements from the State of Idaho, unspent Federal program and grant funds and collections on uncompleted summer school courses.

Twin Falls, Idaho

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

NOTE H - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The bonds are full general obligations of the School District payable from the proceeds of ad valorem taxes to be levied without limitations as to the rate or amount. The bonds are collateralized by the full faith and credit of the School District.

The District services four (4) General Obligation Bond series in the Debt Service Fund. These General Obligation Bonds are a bank qualified issue with the repayment schedule matched to the maturities of the other issues of the District to level the bond repayment schedule.

The District refinanced the majority of the Series 2006 bonds in 2014 to lower the interest costs. The Un-refunded portion of the 2006 Series bond is included in the following schedule.

<u>Fiscal</u>	<u> Year </u>	nterest Rate	Pr	incipal	Inte	rest	 <u>Total</u>
Un-refunded 200)6 Series Bonds						
2	2017	4.00%	\$	2,230,000	\$	54,400	\$ 2,284,400

The repayment schedule for the Refunded 2006 Series bonds is entitled Refunding 2014-C Series Bonds. These General Obligation Bonds were also issued with a repayment schedule matched to the maturities of the other two issues of the District to level the bond repayment schedule.

The bond payments are included in the following schedule.

	Fiscal Year	Interest Rate	_	Principal Interest		 Total	
Refunding	2014-C series Bo	ends					
	2017	2.00%	\$	0	\$	1,146,762	\$ 1,146,762
	2018	4.00%		2,645,000		1,082,888	3,727,888
	2019	2.00%		2,775,000		963,513	3,738,513
	2020	5.00%		2,885,000		835,887	3,720,887
	2021	3.00%		3,030,000		718,313	3,748,313
	2022	5.00%		3,120,000		615,713	3,735,713
	2023	3.00%		3,235,000		477,687	3,712,687
	2024	3.50%		3,400,000		337,312	3,737,312
	2025	3.75%		3,515,000		211,906	3,726,906
	2026	4.00%		3,650,000		73,000	 3,723,000
			\$	28,255,000	\$	6,462,981	\$ 34,717,981

Twin Falls, Idaho

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

NOTE H - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - CONTINUED

In March, 2014, voters approved a plant facilities bond issue. General Obligation Bonds, Series 2014-B were issued to provide funds for two additional elementary school buildings, middle school, wing at Canyon Ridge High School, windows, air conditioning, and other improvements at Twin Falls High School. The funds will also provide for additional safety and security for all buildings in the district. The repayment schedule is included in the following schedule.

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	Interest Rate	P	<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>		Total
Series 2014-B Bonds							
2017	4.75%	\$	0	\$	304,238	\$	304,328
2018	4.75%		0		304,238		304,328
2019	4.75%		0		304,328		304,328
2020	4.75%		0		304,328		304,328
2021	4.75%		0		304,328		304,328
2022	4.75%		0		304,328		304,328
2023	4.75%		0		304,328		304,328
2024	4.75%		0		304,328		304,328
2025	4.75%		0		304,328		304,328
2026	4.75%		0		304,238		304,238
2027	4.75%		0		304,238		304,328
2028	4.75%		0		304,238		304,328
2029	4.75%		0		304,328		304,328
2030	4.75%		0		304,328		304,328
2031	4.75%		0		304,328		304,328
2032	4.75%		0		304,328		304,328
2033	4.75%		0		304,328		304,328
2034	4.75%		0		304,328		304,328
2035	4.75%		0		304,328		304,328
2036	4.75%		0		304,238		304,238
2037	4.75%		0		304,238		304,328
2038	4.75%		0		304,238		304,328
2039	4.75%		0		304,328		304,328
2040	4.75%		6,405,000		<u> 152,119</u>		6,557,119
		\$	6,405,000	\$	7,149,593	\$	13,554,593

Twin Falls, Idaho

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

NOTE H - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - CONTINUED

The following schedule shows the principal and interest payments for the Series 2014 bonds that were included in the plant facilities bond issue. The bonds are titled General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2014-A.

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	Interest Rate		<u>Principal</u>		Interest	Total	
Series 2014-A Bond	S						
2017	4.000%	\$	0	\$	2,702,582	\$	2,702.582
2018	4.000%		0		2,702,582		2,702.582
2019	4.000%		0		2,702,582		2,702.582
2020	4.000%		0		2,702,582		2,702.582
2021	4.000%		0		2,702,582		2,702.582
2022	4.000%		0		2,702,582		2,702.582
2023	4.000%		0		2,702,582		2,702.582
2024	4.000%		0		2,702,582		2,702.582
2025	4.000%		0		2,702,582		2,702.582
2026	4.000%		0		2,702,582		2,702.582
2027	4.000%		3,700,000		2,628,581		6,328,581
2028	4.000%		3,850,000		2,477,582		6,327,582
2029	4.000%		4,005,000		2,320,480		6,325,480
2030	4.250%		4,165,000		2,151,873		6,316,873
2031	4.250%		4,340,000		1,971,142		6,311,142
2032	4.250%		4,525,000		1,782,762		6,307,762
2033	4.500%		4,715,000		1,580,519		6,295,519
2034	4.500%		4,930,000		1,363,506		6,293,506
2035	4.500%		5,150,000		1,136,706		6,286,706
2026	4.625%		5,385,000		896,303		6,281,303
2037	4.625%		5,630,000		641,580		6,271,580
2038	4.750%		5,895,000		371,380		6,266,380
2039	3.750%		6,170,000		115,687		6,285,687
			62,460,000	_	49,463,921		108,923,921
Total bond obligation		<u>\$</u>	99,350,000	<u>\$</u>	60,130,895	<u>\$</u>	159,480,895

Twin Falls, Idaho

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

NOTE H - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - CONTINUED

<u>Legal Debt Margin</u> - The District is subject to a statutory limitation by the State of Idaho for bonded indebtedness. At June 30, 2016, the statutory limit for the District was 5% of assessed valuation or \$167,171,759. The general obligation amounts available for debt retirement was \$7,649,063; leaving a legal debt margin of \$56,693,686.

<u>Capital Lease - Phase I</u> - The District entered into a fifteen year capital lease agreement with Honeywell, Inc. The lease is for capital maintenance and energy saving procedures which should result in significant energy saving cost to the district.

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under the capital lease together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2016:

AMORTIZATION SCHEDULE

Date		F	<u>Payment</u>		<u>nterest</u>	F	Principal	<u>Balance</u>		
Loan	6/30/2016							\$	1,860,073	
12	2/1/2017	\$	508,000	\$	83,703	\$	424,297		1,435,776	
13	2/1/2018		515,000		64,610		450,390		985,386	
14	2/1/2019		520,000		44,342		475,658		509,728	
15	2/1/2020		532,66 <u>5</u>		22,937		509,728		0	
Grand to	tal	\$	2,075,665	\$	215,592	\$	1,860,073			

Twin Falls, Idaho

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

NOTE H - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - CONTINUED

<u>Capital Lease - Phase II</u> - The District entered into a fifteen year capital lease agreement with Honeywell, Inc. The lease is for capital maintenance and energy savings procedures which should result in significant energy saving cost to the district.

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under the capital lease together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2016:

AMORTIZATION SCHEDULE

	Date Payment		Payment	<u>l</u> ı	nterest	F	Principal	<u>Balance</u>		
Loan	6/30/2016						•	\$	1,618,937	
11	2/1/2017	\$	369,809	\$	74,471	\$	295,337		1,323,600	
12	2/1/2018		369,809		60,886		308,923		1,014,677	
13	2/1/2019		369,809		46,676		323,133		691,544	
14	2/1/2020		369,809		31,811		337,998		353,546	
15	2/1/2021		369,809		16,263		353,546		0	
Grand to	tal	<u>\$</u>	1,849,045	\$	230,106	\$	1,618,937			

During the year ended June 30, 2016, the following changes occurred in liabilities reported in the statement of net assets:

	Balance <u>July 1, 2015</u>		Additions			Deletions	Balance June 30, 2016	
General obligation								
Bonds - 2014-A	\$	62,460,000	\$	0	\$	0	\$	62,460,000
Bonds - 2014-B		6,405,000		0		0		6,405,000
Bonds - 2014-C		28,320,000		0		65,000		28,255,000
Bonds - 2006-						•		
Un-refunded		4,320,000		0		2,090,000		2,230,000
PERSI net pension liab.		4,664,114		9,658,765		0		14,322,879
GASB 45 - OPEB		1,438,587		294,540		0		1,733,127
Capital lease-Phase I		2,257,008		1 0		396,935		1,860,073
Capital lease-Phase II		1,901,286	_	0	_	282,349		<u>1,618,937</u>
	<u>\$</u>	111,765,995	<u>\$_</u>	9,953,305	<u>\$</u>	2,834,284	<u>\$_</u>	<u> 118,885,016</u>

Twin Falls, Idaho

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

NOTE I - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (GASB 45)

The Twin Falls School District has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 45. GASB Statement 45, is an accounting and financial reporting provision requiring government employers to measure and report the liabilities associated with other (other than pension) post employment benefits (or OPEB). Reported OPEBs may include post-retirement medical, pharmacy, dental, vision, life, long-term disability and long-term care benefits that are not associated with a pension plan. Government employers required to comply with GASB 45 include all states, towns, education boards, water districts, mosquito districts, public schools and all other government entities that offer OPEB and report under GASB. Typically an actuary (or actuaries) with both pension and health experience must perform the calculations following generally accepted actuarial methods. GASB 45 was instigated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in July 2004 because of the growing concern over the potential magnitude of government employer obligations for post-employment benefits. The District qualified for Phase 2 implementation. Phase 2 is for employers with annual revenues between \$100 million and \$10 million and should be implemented in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2007.

Funding Policy

The contribution requirement of plan members is established by the District's insurance committee in conjunction with our insurance provider. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation.

The District's annual other post-employment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

The following table shows the components of the District's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the District's net OPEB obligation to Twin Falls Schools Post Retirement Healthcare Plan:

Annual required contribution	\$	619,332
Interest on net OPEB obligation		26,478
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(20,314)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	-	625,496
Contributions made, fiscal 2015-2016	(330,956)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	•	294,540
Net OPEB obligation—beginning of year		1,438,587
Net OPEB obligation—end of year	\$	1,733,127

Twin Falls, Idaho

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

NOTE I - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (GASB 45) - CONTINUED

<u>Funded Status and Funding Progress</u>. As of July 1, 2011, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the actuarial accrued liability (AAL) and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) for benefits was \$5,860,496. The District's plan is considered to be unfunded since there are no assets and retiree benefits are paid annually on a cash basis. Because the plan is unfunded, the AAL and UAAL are equal.

The following table shows the District's projected annual OPEB obligation assuming pay-as-you-go funding as determined by our Actuaries:

Fiscal Year Ending	 arial Accrued	al Required	<u>Actual</u>	Contribution	 nual OPEB Expense	 d of Year Net EB Obligation
06/30/2016	\$ 5,860,496	\$ 619,332	\$	330,956	\$ 625,496	\$ 1,733,127
06/30/2017	6,159,059	650,103		332,852	657,530	2,057,805
06/30/2018	6,487,312	682,941		339,895	691,759	2,409,669
06/30/2019	6,842,157	717,778		378,674	728,104	2,759,099
06/30/2020	7,193,306	753,538		419,567	765,361	3,104,893

NOTE J - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

<u>Compliance</u> - Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, primarily the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures/expenses that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTE K - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District purchases commercial insurance to cover the risk of property loss and legal liability through a local agent. The insurer, provides a full schedule of coverage to meet various risks of loss related to torts, theft of or damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, and natural disasters.

The basic insurance agreements cover claims against municipalities for all government functions, utilities, and services covered in the Plan. These include bodily injury, property damage, wrongful acts, personal injury, and related torts under the State tort claims law and federal civil rights laws.

All public officials, employees, services, and municipal functions are covered unless they are specifically listed as exclusions in the Plan.

Twin Falls, Idaho

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

NOTE L - PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

The Twin Falls School District contributes to the Base Plan which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI or System) that covers substantially all employees of the State of Idaho, its agencies and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the contributions and investment earnings of the plan. PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

Responsibility for administration of the Base Plan is assigned to the Board comprised of five members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Idaho Senate. State law requires that two members of the Board be active Base Plan members with at least ten years of service and three members who are Idaho citizens not members of the Base Plan except by reason of having served on the Board.

Employee membership data related to the PERSI Base Plan as of June 30, 2015 was as follows:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	42,657
Terminated employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	11,859
Active plan members	67,008
	121,524

Pension Benefits

The Base Plan provides retirement, disability, death and survivor benefits of eligible members or beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' years of service, age, and highest average salary. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits with five years of credited service (5 months for elected or appointed officials). Members are eligible for retirement benefits upon attainment of the ages specified for their employment classification. The annual service retirement allowance for each month of credited service is 2.0% (2.3% for police/firefighters) of the average monthly salary for the highest consecutive 42 months. Amounts in parenthesis represent police/firefighters.

The benefit payments for the base Plan are calculated using a benefit formula adopted by the Idaho Legislature. The Base Plan is required to provide a 1% minimum cost of living increase per year provided the Consumer Price Index increases 1% or more. The PERSI Board has the authority to provide higher cost of living increases to a maximum of the consumer Price Index movement or 6%, whichever is less; however any amount above the 1% minimum is subject to review by the Idaho Legislature.

Twin Falls, Idaho

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

NOTE L - PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

Member and Employer Contributions

Member and employer contributions paid to the Base Plan are set by statute and are established as a percent of covered compensation and earnings from investments. Contribution rates are determined by the PERSI Board within limitations, as defined by state law. The Board may make periodic changes to employer and employee contribution rates (expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll) if current rates are actuarially determined to be inadequate or in excess to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due.

The contribution rates for employees are set by statute at 60% (72%) of the employer rate. As of June 30, 2016 it was 6.79% (8.36%). The employer contribution rate is set by the Retirement Board and was 11.32% (11.66%) of covered compensation. The Twin Falls School District's contributions were \$3,609,296, \$3,448,684 and \$3,330,424 for the three years ended June 30, 2016, 2015, and 2014 respectively.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2014, the Twin Falls School District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of July 1, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Twin Falls School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Twin Falls School District's share of contributions in the Base Plan pension plan relative to the total contributions of all participating PERSI Base Plan employers. At July 1, 2015, the Twin Falls School District's proportion was 1.0876726 percent.

Twin Falls, Idaho

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

NOTE L - PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions- continued</u>

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the Twin Falls School District recognized pension (revenue) of (2,854,178). At June 30, 2016, the Twin Falls School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 ed Outflows lesources	Deferred Inflows Of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 0	\$	1,717,005	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	5,792,834		0	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments	0		7,521,455	
Changes in the employer's proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the				
employer's proportionate contributions	don't have		don't have	
Twin Falls School District's contributions subsequent				
to the measurement date	 3,609,296		0	
	\$ 9,402,130	<u>\$</u>	9,238,460	

\$3,609,296 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2016.

The average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the System (active and inactive employees) determined at July 1, 2013 the beginning of the measurement period ended June 30, 2015 is 5.5 years.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense (revenue) as follows:

Year ended		
2016	(\$	1,469,225)
2017	(\$	1,469,225)
2018	(\$	1,469,225)
2019	\$	1,066,399
2020	(\$	104,349)

Twin Falls, Idaho

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

NOTE L - PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

Actuarial Assumptions

Valuations are based on actuarial assumptions, the benefit formulas, and employee groups. Level percentages of payroll normal costs are determined using the Entry Age Normal Cost Method. Under the Entry Age Normal Cost Method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated as a level percentage of each year's earnings of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The Base Plan amortizes any unfunded actuarial accrued liability based on a level percentage of payroll. The maximum amortization period for the Base Plan permitted under Section 59-1322, *Idaho Code*, is 25 years.

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2015, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation3.25%Salary Increases4.5% - 10.00%Salary inflation3.75%Investment rate of return7.10%, net of investment expenses

Cost-of-living adjustments 1.0%

Mortality rates were based on the RP - 2000 combined table for healthy males or females as appropriate with the following offsets:

- Set back 3 years for teachers
- No offset for male fire and police
- Forward one year for female fire and police
- Set back one year for all general employees and all beneficiaries

An experience study was performed in 2012 for the period July 1, 2007 through June 30, 2011 which reviewed all economic and demographic assumptions other than mortality. Mortality and all economic assumptions were studied in 2014 for the period from July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2013. The Total Pension Liability as of June 30, 2014, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of July 1, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using the building block approach and a forward-looking model in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. Theses ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Twin Falls, Idaho

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

NOTE L - PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

Actuarial Assumptions - continued

Even though history provides a valuable perspective for setting the investment return assumption, the System relies primarily on an approach which builds upon the latest capital market assumptions. Specifically, the System uses consultants, investment managers and trustees to develop capital market assumptions in analyzing the System's asset allocation. The assumptions and the System's formal policy for asset allocation are shown below. The formal asset allocation policy is somewhat more conservative than the current allocation of System's assets.

The best-estimate range for the long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions are as of January 1, 2014.

Asset Class	Index	Target <u>Allocation</u>	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return		
Core Fixed Income	Barclays Aggregate	30.00%	0.80%		
Broad US Equities	Wilshire 5000/Russell 3000	55.00%	6.90%		
Developed Foreign Equities	MSCI EAFE	15.00%	7.55%		
Assumed Inflation - Mean Assumed Inflation - Standard			3.25%		
Deviation			2.00%		
Portfolio Arithmetic Mean Retu	8.42%				
Portfolio Long-Term Expected Rate of Return					
Assumed Investment Expenses	i .		0.40%		
Long-term Expected Rate of Return, Net of Investment Expenses					

Twin Falls, Idaho

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

NOTE L - PENSION PLAN - CONTINUED

Actuarial Assumptions - continued

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plans' net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The long-term expected rate of return was determined net of pension plan investment expense but without reduction for pension plan administrative expense.

Sensitivity of the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.10 percent, as well as what the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10 percent) than the current rate:

	Current						
	1% Decrease (6.10%)	Discount Rate (7.10%)	1% Increase (8.10%)				
Employer's proportionate share of	(0.10/4)						
the net pension liability (asset)	<u>\$ 34,885,329</u>	<u>\$ 14,322,879</u>	(<u>\$ 2,772,071</u>)				

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERSI financial report.

PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

Twin Falls, Idaho

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

NOTE M - EXPENDITURES OVER BUDGET

There were expenditures that exceeded appropriations in the following fund:

NONE

NOTE N - COMPLIANCE WITH IDAHO CODE

The independent audit of the School's records for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, was made for the purposes of forming an opinion on the gereral purpose financial statements taken as a whole. The financial activities and records were reviewed for compliance with applicable Idaho laws and regulations only to the extent needed to form an opinion on the financial statements. Based on the limited procedures performed, no items of noncompliance were noted.

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION)

Twin Falls, Idaho

GENERAL FUND

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts			Variance with Final Budget- Positive Negative	
							•	
REVENUES								
Property taxes	\$	6,218,738	\$	6,218,738	\$	5,801,032	(\$ 417,706)
Other local		577,800		782,597	·	858,784	•	76,187
State revenue		42,573,702		42,308,852		42,520,828		211,976
Federal revenue		98,532		103,501		88,386	(15,115)
Total revenues	_	49,468,772		49,413,688	_	49,269,030	Ì	144,658)
EXPENDITURES								
Instructional								
Salaries		20,301,400		20,522,801		20,364,887		157,914
Benefits		7,559,940		7,550,792		7,485,787		65,005
Purchased services		90,350		124,602		115,099		9,503
Supplies & materials		361,431		492,515		352,821		139,694
Total instructional expenditures		28,313,121		28,690,710	_	28,318,594		372,116
Support								
Salaries		9,636,425		9,521,764		9,338,091		183,673
Benefits		3,630,808		3,568,220		3,495,575		72,645
Purchased services		5,308,664		4,981,252		4,823,158		158,094
Supplies & materials		1,478,096		2,037,976		1,420,071		617,905
Insurance/judgement		290,600		284,950		255,035		29,915
Total support expenditures		20,344,593	_	20,394,162	_	19,331,930		1,062,232
Non-Instructional								
Salaries		0		5,362		5,550	(188)
Benefits		119,600		122,955		81,698	•	41,257
Purchased services		6,500		7,900		8,912	(1,012)
Support & materials		0		6,875		5,735	•	1,140
Total non-instructional								
expenditures	_	126,100		143,092	_	<u> 101,895</u>		41,197
Capital assets								
Capital		42,537		217,804		139,361		78,443
Total capital assets		42,537	_	217,804	_	139,361		78,443

Twin Falls, Idaho

GENERAL FUND - continued

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual		•	Variance with Final Budget- Positive	
	_	Original		Final		Amounts	(.	Negative)
EXPENDITURES - CONTINUED Contingency reserve	<u>\$</u>	1,683,738	<u>\$</u>	395,090	<u>\$</u>	0		\$ 395,090
Total expenditures	_	50,510,089		49,840,858	_	47,891,780		1,949,078
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (1,041,317) (427,170)		1,377,250		1,804,420
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in		67,200		564,058		705,912		141,854
Transfers out		50,000		485,334		635,439	(150,105)
Total other financing sources (uses)		17,200	_	78,724		70,473	Ċ	8,251)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY)OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER								
FINANCING USES (1,024,117) (348,446)		1,447,723		1,796,169
Fund balance, beginning of year	_	1,962,375	_	2,337,273		2,337,273		0
Fund balance, end of year	<u>\$</u>	938,258	<u>\$</u>	1,988,827	\$	3,784,996	1	1,796,169

Twin Falls, Idaho

BOND

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

	Budgeted	Amounts	Antoni	Variance with Final Budget-
	Original	Final	Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 16,294,775	\$ 16,294,775	\$ 6,976,724	(\$ 9,318,051)
Other local	35,500	31,515	32,411	896
State revenue	700,000	<u>1,245,941</u>	1,245,941	0
Total revenue	<u>17,030,275</u>	<u> 17,572,231</u>	<u>8,255,076</u>	(<u>9,317,155</u>)
EXPENDITURES Support				
Purchased services	500	<u> 1,400</u>	1,400	0
Debt Retirement	2.455.000	2.455.000	2 455 000	0
Principal Interest	2,155,000 8,571,009	2,155,000 4,305,769	2,155,000	0 0
***************************************	10,726,009	6,460,769	4,305,769 6,460,769	0
Total capital assets	10,726,009	0,400,709	0,400,109	
Total expenditures	10,726,509	6,462,169	6,462,169	0
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER EXPENDITURES	6,303,766	11,110,061	1,792,907	(9,317,155)
	-,,-	,,	-,,	, -,,,
Fund balance, beginning of year	5,000,000	<u>5,856,156</u>	<u>5,856,156</u>	0
Fund balance, end of year	<u>\$ 11,303,766</u>	<u>\$ 16,966,217</u>	\$ 7,649,063	(\$ 9,317,155)

Twin Falls, Idaho

CAPITAL CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

	Budgeted Amounts				Actual			Variance with Final Budget- Positive		
		Original	_	Final	Amounts		(<u>Negative</u>)			
REVENUES										
Property taxes	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0		\$ 0		
Other local		370,000		650,507		308,861	(341,646)		
Other revenue		205,528		340,369		<u>86,783</u>	(<u>253,586</u>)		
Total revenue	_	<u>575,528</u>		990,876		395,644	(<u>595,232</u>)		
EXPENDITURES										
Support										
Purchased services	_	0		<u>519</u>		818	(299)		
Capital assets										
Purchased services		2,018,200		1,985,482		1,341,815		643,667		
Supplies & materials		20		4,527,246		1,184,917		3,342,329		
Capital		67,557,308		63,349,912		41,938,648		21,411,263		
Total capital assets		69,575,528		69,862,640		44,465,380		25,397,260		
Total expenditures	_	69,575,528	_	69,863,159		44,466,198		25,396,961		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES										
OVER EXPENDITURES	(69,000,000) (68,872,283) (44,070,554)		24,801,729		
Fund balance, beginning of year		69,000,000		68,872,283		68,872,283		0		
Fund balance, end of year	<u>\$</u>	0	\$	0	<u>\$</u>	24,801,729		\$ 24,801,729		

Twin Falls, Idaho

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S CONTRIBUTIONS PERSI - BASE PLAN

Last 10 - Fiscal Years

		2016	 2015
Statutorily required contribution	\$	3,609,296	\$ 3,448,684
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required			
contribution	(\$	3,609,296) (\$ 3,448,684)
Contribution (deficiency) excess	`\$	oʻ oʻ	\$ Ó
Employer's covered-employee payroll	\$	31,884,236	\$ 30,465,406
Contributions as a percentage of covered-			
employee payroll		11.32%	11.32%

GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Twin Falls School District will present information for those years for which information is available.

Data reported is measured as of June 30, 2016.

Twin Falls, Idaho

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY PERSI - BASE PLAN

Last 10 - Fiscal Years

	 2016	 2015
Employer'S portion of net pension liability Employer's proportionate share of the net pension	1.08767260	1.08598350
liability	\$ 14,322,879	\$ 7,994,538
Employer's covered-employee payroll	\$ 31,884,236	\$ 30,465,406
Employer's proportional share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee		
payroll	44.92%	26.24%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the		
Total pension liability	91.38%	94.95%

GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Twin Falls School District will present information for those years for which information is available.

Data reported is measured as of July 1, 2015.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (OPTIONAL)

Twin Falls, Idaho

NON MAJOR FUNDS

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget- Positive	
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
	<u>-</u>			·	
REVENUES	£ 2200.000	\$ 3,300,000	¢ 2257944	£ 57.044	
Property taxes	\$ 3,300,000		\$ 3,357,814	\$ 57,814	
Other local State revenue	977,005	1,864,069	2,723,112	859,043	
	2,148,800	3,035,155	2,850,595	•	
Federal revenue	9,760,693 0	10,414,119 96,845	8,750,919 44,899	(1,663,200)	
Other revenue	16,186,498	<u> </u>	17,727,339	(<u>51,946)</u> (<u>982,849)</u>	
Total revenues	10,100,490	10,710,100	11,121,339	(902,049)	
EXPENDITURES					
Instructional					
Salaries	1,936,494	2,079,247	1,974,236	105,011	
Benefits	786,612	795,960	696,381	99,579	
Purchased services	100,219	377,904	423,997		
Supplies & materials	968,857	<u>1,876,484</u>	1,008,076	<u>868,408</u>	
Total instructional expenditures	3,792,182	<u>5,129,595</u>	4,102,690	1,026,905	
Support					
Salaries	1,115,617	1,140,660	1,111,437	29,223	
Benefits	449,749	442,884	417,069	25,815	
Purchased services	2,593,937	3,539,352	3,871,758		
Supplies & materials	1,611,136	2,185,322	1,382,068	803,254	
Capital	0	10,988	13,428	(2,440)	
Insurance/judgement	4,100	2,900	2,856	44	
Total support expenditures	5,774,539	7,322,105	6,798,616	523,490	
Non-Instructional					
Salaries	1,120,000	1,141,557	1,110,868	30,689	
Benefits	335,000	357,209	351,426	5,783	
Purchased services	130,000	119,700	99,802	19,898	
Supplies & materials	3,270,143	3,187,273	2,806,475	380,798	
Total non-instructional					
expenditures	4,855,143	4,805,739	4,368,571	437,168	
Capital assets					
Purchased services	79,500	150,455	145,709	4,746	
Supplies & materials	67,000	80,684	7,048	73,636	
Capital	1,095,500	1,432,802	559,066	873,736	
Total capital assets	1,242,000	1,663,942	711,823	952,118	

Twin Falls, Idaho

NON MAJOR FUNDS - continued

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget-	
	_	Original	Final		Actual <u>Amounts</u>		(.	Positive Negative)
EXPENDITURES - CONTINUED Debt Retirement								
Principal	\$	679,285	\$	679,285	\$	679,284	;	\$ 1
Interest	_	189,025		189,025		189,025		0
Total capital assets	_	868,310	_	868,310		868,309		1
Total expenditures	_	16,532,174		19,789,691	_	16,850,009	•	2,939,682
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES	,	0.45.050\		4 070 700)				4 050 000
OVER EXPENDITURES	(345,676) (1,079,503)		877,330		1,956,833
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in		300,000		300,134		324,091		23,957
Transfers out	_	317,200		<u> 378,859</u>		<u> 394,564</u>	(.	15,70 <u>5</u>)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(_	17,200) (_	<u>78,724</u>) (_	<u>70,473</u>)		8,252
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY)OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER								
FINANCING USES	(362,876) (1,158,227)		806,857		1,965,085
Fund balance, beginning of year	_	2,934,821		2,773,319	_	2,773,319		0
Fund balance, end of year	(<u>\$</u>	2,571,945)	<u>\$</u>	1,615,092	<u>\$</u>	3,580,176		\$ 1,965,085

Twin Falls, Idaho

OUTSTANDING GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT

	Date of Issue	Date of Maturity	Amount Issued	Amount Outstanding 6/30/15
General Obligation Bonds				
Series 2006-Un-refunded Series 2006	5/23/2006	9/15/2016	\$ 48,675,000	
Balance 2014 Less Refunding Bonds Un-refunded Series 2006			34,885,000 (<u>28,665,000)</u> 6,220,000	2,230,000
Series 2014 A	5/29/2014	9/15/2038	62,460,000	62,460,000
Series 2014 B	9/16/2014	9/15/2039	6,405,000	6,405,000
Series 2014 C, Refunding	5/29/2014	9/15/2025	28,320,000	28,255,000
Total General Obligation Bonds			<u>\$ 103,405,000</u>	\$ 99,350,000

Twin Falls, Idaho

OVERLAPPING DEBT TWIN FALLS COUNTY

			Overlapping Debt			
	Taxable Assessed Value	Percent Overlap	Gross Direct Debt	Net DirectDebt		
Overlapping District						
None	\$ 0	0.00%	<u>\$ 0</u>	\$ 0		

Twin Falls, Idaho

CAPITAL LEASES

	Date of	Date of Maturity	Amount <u>Issued</u>	Amount Outstanding
Long - Term Debt Capital Leases				
Phase I Capital Lease Citi-Capital Financing Lease	2/01/2006 2/01/2007	2/01/2020 2/01/2021	\$ 4,818,829 3,896,690	\$ 1,860,073 1,618,937
Total Capital Leases			<u>\$ 8,715,519</u>	\$ 3,479,010

Twin Falls School District No. 411

Twin Falls, Idaho

TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUE

Tax years 2010 - 2016

Urban Renewal (4)	630,417,752	535,850,376	538,477,857	465,805,254	151,851,723	148,251,701	145,894,743
İ	49						
% Annual Change in Market Value	%0	19.48%	3.38%	2.24%	6.09%)	0.38%)	:
1					_	_	
Taxable Assessed Value	0	3,343,435,126	2,798,423,349	2,707,046,925	2,647,743,375	2,819,531,892	2,830,269,369
ر د	0	63	9	80	5 6	03	43
Homeowner's Exemption (2)	v ə	798,575,563	757,563,510	704,741,9	708,997,026	800,433,703	835,308,743
% Annual Change in Full Market Value	%0	17.78%	4.23%	1.64%	7.27%)	1.24%)	:
1	0	œ	6	r.	_ _	<u>۔</u> ي	~
Full Market Value (1)	<i>ω</i>	4,188,502,25	3,555,986,85	3,411,788,90	3,356,740,401	3,619,965,59	3,665,578,11
Tax Year	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010

Twin Falls, Idaho

AD VALOREM TAX LEVIES

Tax years 2010-2016

Total Levy Rate	4.7654490 4.3967130 3.7887800 0.0037888	
Plant	0.9695250 1.0400740 1.1787420 0.0011787 0.0011119	
Bond	2.0838170 1.3420840 1.2012580 0.0012013 0.0012681	
Tort	0.0067570 0.0715650 0.0693010 0.0000693 0.0000634	
Emergency	0.3832700 0.5247080 0.0000000 0.0000000	
Supplemental M & O	1.3220800 1.4182820 1.3394790 0.0013395 0.0012636	
Tax Year	2015 2014 2013 2012 2011	

Twin Falls, Idaho

TAXES COLLECTED

Tax years 2009 - 2016

Tax <u>Year</u>	 otal Taxes Certified	Taxes Collected (2)		Percent Collected
2015	\$ 16,147,007	\$	15,859,170	98.21%
2014	\$ 15,867,746	\$	15,598,994	98.31%
2013	13,753,878		13,357,492	97.12%
2012	10,477,396		10,334,688	98.64%
2011	10,856,238		10,791,495	99.40%
2010	8,028,731		8,028,718	100.00%
2009	7,832,012		7,832,005	100.00%

Twin Falls, Idaho

TOP TAXPAYERS

Taxpayer Type of Business		Taxable <u>Assessed Value</u>		% of District's Tax Assessed
Agro-Farma Idaho, Inc.	Chobani Yogurt Plant	\$	447,231,287	16.50%
ID Frozen Foods	Food Processing		63,086,775	2.33%
Amalgamated Sugar	Sugar Refinery		32,343,248	1.19%
Magic Valley Mall	Retail Development		28,120,074	1.04%
Idaho Frozen Foods	Food Processing		17,998,470	0.66%
Glanbia Foods, Inc.	Food Processing		16,456,089	0.61%
Idaho Power Company	Power Company		15,308,458	0.56%
Longview Fiber Paper	Cardboard production		15,093,216	0.56%
Wal-Mart Stores, Inc.	Retail		14,068,921	0.52%
Geronimo, LLC	Property Development		11,614,176	0.43%
Top 10 Taxpayers			661,320,714	24.40%
All other District Taxpayers			2,048,533,872	<u>75.60%</u>
Total District Taxpayers (Tax Year 2015)		<u>\$</u>	2,709,854,586	100.0%

Twin Falls School District No. 411

Twin Falls, Idaho

SCHEDULE OF STATE FUNDING

Fiscal Years 2010 - 2016

2010	\$ 9,975,371 10,033,822 6,695,149 4,022,234 4,114,709	\$ 34,841,285
2011	\$ 9,087,476 9,126,432 6,090,383 3,395,790 5,213,625	\$ 32,913,707
2012	\$ 9,169,491 9,294,904 6,241,193 9,802,973 4,612,124	\$39,120,685
2013	\$ 9,444,316 9,536,061 7,350,356 11,572,116 3,446,731	\$ 41,349,580
2014	\$ 10,023,431 10,035,859 6,699,538 4,316,001 4,604,045	\$ 35,678,874
2015	\$ 17,530,444 7,099,765 7,775,252 5,161,895	\$ 37,567,356
2016	Receivable Receivable \$ 8,560,788 \$ 5,120,529	\$ 13,681,317
Fiscal Years	August October November February May & July (1)	Total (2)

Twin Falls, Idaho

ENROLLMENT

For fiscal years ended June 30, 2008 - June 30, 2016

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	- 80 80 80	Elementary P-5	Middle 6-8	Secondary 9-12	Total	Average Daily Attendance
2016	£	4,507	1,954	2,801	9,161	9,001
2015	Ξ	4,419	1,915	2,648	8,982	8,133
2014	Ξ	4,332	1,878	2,596	8,806	7,974
2013	2	4,247	1,841	2,545	8,633	7,818
2012	`ල	4,050	1,767	2,456	8,273	7,524
2011	:@	3,831	1,723	2,358	7,912	7,336
2010	ල	3,800	1,601	2,376	777,7	7,147
2009	`ල	3,720	1,646	2,278	7,644	7,040
2008	<u>(6</u>	3,698	1,708	2,210	7,616	7,100

Projected enrollment at 2%. District uses historical enrollment for projecting growth.
 Enrollment as of 4th Friday.
 Historical enrollment as of the 4th Friday.

SINGLE AUDIT SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Trustees
Twin Falls School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Twin Falls School District's with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Twin Falls School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. Twin Falls School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal status, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Twin Falls School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Twin Falls School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination on Twin Falls School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Twin Falls School District, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year June 30, 2016.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Twin Falls School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Twin Falls School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program in order to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Twin Falls School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Twin Falls School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Twin Falls School District's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated October 26. 2016, which contained an unmodified opinion on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Ware + associates

Twin Falls School District Number 411

Twin Falls, Idaho

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Year ended June 30, 2016

	FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER	FEDERAL GRANT NUMBER	EXPENDITURES
U.S. Department of Education		<u></u>	
Passed through Superintendent of Public Instruction			
Chapter I Basic and Concentration Grants	84.010	S010A150012	\$ 1,971,990
Migrant Ed-Basic State Formula Grant Program	84.011	S011A150012	239,333
Handicapped-State Grants, Part B, IDEA	84.027	H027A150088	2,114,202
Handicapped - Preschool Grants	84.173	H173A100030	66,073
Total Special Education Cluster			2,180,275
State Activities - Education of Homeless Children and Youth	84.196	S196A120013	21,803
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Grants	84.287	S287C15002	174,660
Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for	0.000	55546445545	
Under Graduate Programs	84.334	P334S110016	88,386
English Language Acquisition Grants	84.365 84.367	T365A100013	76,198
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	04.30/	S367A130011	<u>296,531</u> 5,049,176
			5,049,170
U .S. Department of Education			
Passed through State Department			
of Professional Technical Education			
Vocational Education Basic Grants to States	84.048	V048A090013	108,726
Total U.S. Department of Education			<u>5,157,902</u>
U .S. Department of Agriculture			
Passed through Superintendent			
of Public Instruction			
Commodities CFDA Title	10.555	2016IN109947	275,221
National School Lunch Program	10.555	2016IN109947	2,195,312
School Breakfast Program	10.553	2016IN109947	659,707
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	2016IN109947	349,797
Team Nutrition Grants	10.574	2014IN351130	970
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	2016IL160347	137,805
Total Food Service Cluster			3,618,812
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Passed through Twin Falls County			
School and Road Grants to Counties	10.666		<u>16,971</u>
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			3,635,783
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Passed through Idaho Office for Refugees			
Mountain States Group, Inc.			
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - Discretionary Grants	93.576	10R-1203	45,650
			\$ 8,839,335

See accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards

Twin Falls, Idaho

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Year ended June 30, 2016

NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of Twin Falls School District Number 411 and is presented in the general purpose financial statement on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the Uniform Guidance, Audit of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

NOTE B - FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed at June 30, 2016.

Twin Falls, Idaho

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Year ended June 30, 2016

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

1.	The auditor's report expresses a statements of Twin Falls School	n unqualified opinion on the general purpose financial District Number 411.
	Internal control over financial i	ified? yes <u>X</u> no ntified that are
	not considered to be materi	al weakilesses? yes notie reported
2.	Noncompliance material to fina noted?	ancial statements yesX_ no
3.	•	ance for the major federal award programs for Twin Falls presses and unqualified opinion on all major federal
	Internal control over major pro • Material weakness(es) ident • Reportable condition(s(iden	ified? yes _X no
	not considered to be materi	al weaknesses? yesX none reported
4.	•	an unqualified opinion on compliance for major financial statements of Twin Falls School District Number
	Any audit findings disclosed the to be reported in accordance with 510(a) of Circular A-133?	
5.	The programs tested as major throughs:	programs include: State Department of Education pass
	CFDA	
	Numbers	Name of Federal Program
	10.553 10.555	School Breakfast Program
	10.559	National School Lunch Program Summer Food Service Program for Children
	10.559	Team Nutrition Grants
	10.574	Child Nutrition Discretionary Grants
	10.582	Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program
	84.027	Handicapped-State Grants, Part B, IDEA

Handicapped-Pre-school Grants

84.173

Twin Falls, Idaho

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - CONTINUED

Year ended June 30, 2016

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS - CONTINUED

- 6. The threshold for distinguishing Types A and B programs was 300,000.
- 7. The Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? _____ yes _X_ no

SECTION II - FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

Findings and Reportable Conditions:
No matters were reported

Condition:

None

Effect:

Not Applicable

Recommendation:

Not Applicable

SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Findings Questioned Cost: No matters were reported

Condition:

None

Effect:

Not Applicable

Findings:

None

Recommendation:

Not Applicable

Current Status:

Not Applicable

Twin Falls, Idaho

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

Year ended June 30, 2016

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

Findings: None

Condition: Not Applicable Recommendation: Not Applicable Current Status: Not Applicable

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Findings: None

Condition: Not Applicable Recommendation: Not Applicable Current Status: Not Applicable