



NEWS TODAY

SOFTWARE WITH INTELLIGENCE MARKING BASED IDENTIFICATION OF ASIATIC LIONS (SIMBA) TO IDENTIFY ASIATIC LIONS

- Gujarat forest department will use SIMBA an Artificial Intelligence (AI)-based photo-identification software- specifically designed to distinguish patterns or marks.
 - > It has been developed by Hyderabad-based "teliolabs".
- How it works Asiatic lions have unique whisker spots on either side of their muzzle. According to scientific studies, these precise
 patterns are highly variable and do not change over time.
 - > SIMBA, with machine learning technique automates the individual identification, based on the variability in the individual's whisker spot pattern, presence of scars on face, notches on ears and other metadata of the photograph.
- Significance
 - ➤ Allows user to **identify and search whether individual** already exists in the database or is a new inventory.
 - ➤ Additional information like **gender**, **name**, **microchip number**, **life-status**, lactating (in case of female) can also be used to filter individuals from database.
 - > Aid the efforts towards conservation and management of the species in the Asiatic lion landscape.

About Asiatic Lion

- O It is one of five big cats inhabiting India, along with the Bengal tiger, Indian leopard, snow leopard, and clouded leopard.
- Found only in India, in five protected areas in Gujarat Gir National Park, Gir Sanctuary, Pania Sanctuary, Mitiyala Sanctuary, and Girnar Sanctuary.
- O Lions are the only cats that live in groups, called pride.
- Female lions are the pride's primary hunters.
- The gestation period lasts between 100 119 days.
- Conservation Status:
 - > Schedule 1 of Wildlife Protect Act, 1972.
 - Appendix-I of CITES
- > Endangered on IUCN Red List.
- Asiatic lions are slightly smaller than African lions.
 - > IUCN status of African Lion is Vulnerable.

WORLD HEALTH ORGANISATION (WHO) PANDEMIC TREATY TO PREVENT GLOBAL HEALTH DISASTERS

- WHO is discussing Pandemic Treaty in the backdrop of COVID 19 pandemic exposing the cracks in the global health system.
 - > Objective is to provide for a convention, agreement or other international instrument" to prevent further pandemics and to improve the preparedness and response in case of its occurrence.
- Background of the treaty
 - > In December 2021, World Health Assembly (WHA) adopted a decision titled "The World Together" at its second special session since it was founded in 1948.
 - > Under the decision, it established an intergovernmental negotiating body (INB) to draft and negotiate the contents of the treaty in compliance with Article 19 of the WHO Constitution.
 - > It is expected to cover aspects like data sharing and genome sequencing of emerging viruses and equitable distribution of vaccines and drugs and related research throughout the world.
 - > EU also wants a ban on wildlife markets to be included in the treaty.
 - > While the EU wants the treaty to be legally binding, the U.S., Brazil and India have expressed reservations about the same.

Article 19 of WHO

- It gives the World Health Assembly the **authority to adopt conventions or agreements on matters of health.** A two-third majority is needed to adopt such conventions or agreements.
- O Sole instrument established under Article 19 to date is the WHO Framework Convention on Tobacco Control.



RUSSIA THREATENS TO LET INTERNATIONAL SPACE STATION (ISS) FALL

- Fears were ignited after Russian space agency threated to let ISS fall over US or Europe, or over India and China in the backdrop of US imposing sanctions on Russia amid Ukraine war.
 - > ISS's orbital flight path usually does not take it over most of the Russian territory.
- Threat emanates as ISS has two broad segments, one relating to power and systems which is managed by US and the other responsible for keeping the ISS in orbit, which is managed by Russia.
 - > Russia periodically sends thrusters that attach themselves to the ISS and impart the required momentum to keep it going. Left to itself, the ISS would fall down.

About ISS

- > It is the only operational space laboratory, orbiting the earth in a trajectory that is about 400 km above the land surface since
- > It is operated as a "co-operative programme" between Europe, the United States, Russia, Canada and Japan.
- > It completes one journey around the earth in about one and a half hours.
- > It is used for carrying out a variety of zero-gravity experiments, space exploratory studies, and technology development.

INDIA'S SMART METERING PROGRAMME HITS A SNAG. BIDS SUSPENDED TILL 15 MARCH

• As per reports, government has suspended smart meter bids under its Rs. 3.03 trillion Revamped Distribution Sector

Scheme (RDSS) till March 15 due to multiple issues.

> RDSS aims to **bring** down India's average aggregate technical and commercial (AT&C) loss from the present level of 20% to 12-15% and gradually narrow the deficit between the cost of electricity and the price at which it is supplied to zero by 2024-25.



- Smart Meter is an advanced energy meter that provides the tracking of utility **energy consumption** that occurs on the system or outlet it is attached to.
 - > A smart meter is one component of a smart grid.

Benefits of smart metering

- **To customers:** Greater control over their electricity use; enhanced consumer satisfaction through better complaint management, system stability, reliability and transparency.
- > To discoms: Reduce AT&C losses, improve financial health, incentivise energy conservation, enhance ease of bill payments and ensure billing accuracy.

Issues with smart metering

- > Delay in operationalizing prepaid ONational smart metering programme functionality in these meters.
- > Connections and disconnections are **done manually,** defeating the objective of avoiding human intervention.
- > Cybersecurity risks include data privacy issue.

Government steps

- (NSMP) aims to replace 250 million conventional meters with smart ones that will reduce power theft and ensure reliable electricity supply.
- O National Smart Grid Mission (NSGM) plans and monitors the implementation of policies and programmes related to Smart Grid activities in India.

SC ENFORCES A LANDMARK RULING ON DEATH PENALTY

- Supreme Court, in Chhannu Lal Verma vs. State of Chhattisgarh, held that, before awarding death sentence, a proper psychological/psychiatric evaluation is to be done by courts to assess probability and possibility of reform of the criminal.
- In this case, SC referred to various judgments:
 - > In Bacchan Singh vs State of Punjab (1980), SC established the doctrine of "rarest of rare" crime in handing down capital punishment while mandating a comparative analysis of aggravating and mitigating circumstances in connection to the accused.
 - > In Machi Singh vs State of Punjab (1983), SC elucidated doctrine of "rarest of rare" and set down some guiding principles in the death sentences cases.
 - > Aggravating circumstances included the manner in which crime was committed, motive for committing the crime, severity of crime, and the victim of crime.
 - > Mitigating circumstances comprised of the possibility of reformation and rehabilitation of an accused, his mental health and his antecedents.
 - > In 2014, SC ruled that unexplained delay in execution was a ground for commutation of death penalty, and an inmate, his or her kin, or even a public-spirited citizen, could file a writ petition seeking such commutation.

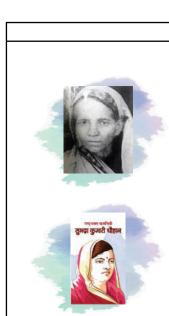


ALSO IN NEWS





- About Konark Temple
- > Dedicated to **Sun God**, the temple is located on the shores of the Bay of Bengal.
- > It was built by King Narasimha Deva I of the Eastern Ganga dynasty from 1238-1250 CE.
- > It is a Kalinga architectural style temple, a sub-style of Nagara Temple Architecture, with a:
 - > Rekha Deula or Vimana (principal sanctuary) with a Shikhara (Crowning cap).
 - > Jagamohana or assembly hall.
 - > Natamandir or Dance Hall; and a number of other sub- structures.



Personalities in News

• Declared as a World Heritage Site by UNESCO in 1984, it is also known as Black Pagoda.

Bishni Devi Shah (1902-1974)

- Born in Bageshwar, Uttarakhand.
- She is known as the **first woman activist of Uttarakhand.**
- She used to sing the songs of Kumaoni poet Girda in Ratri Jagran.
- She was inspired by mass awakening of Mahatma Gandhi and participated in Individual Satyagraha in 1940-41.
- In the Quit India Movement in 1942, she made the British government realize the role of the agitating woman.
- She promoted the idea of **Swadeshi and khadi.**
- Personal values: Patriotism, bravery, swadeshi.

Subhadra Kumari Chauhan (16 August 1904- 15 February 1948)

- She joined Mahatma Gandhi's Non-Cooperation Movement against the British.
- A trailblazing writer whose work rose to national prominence during a male-dominated era of literature.
- Her poem, Jhansi ki Rani, is regarded as one of the most recited poems in Hindi literature.
- She wrote in the **Khariboli dialect** of Hindi.
- Her poems also depicted the hardships and challenges faced by Indian women during the freedom movement of India.
- Personal values: Patriotism, bravery.

Madagascar

- Madagascar braces for 4th tropical cyclone(EMNATI) in a month.
- Features & boundaries
 - > It is an island country located in Indian ocean off the coast of southern Africa. It is also the world's fifth largest island.
 - > Shares maritime borders with Comoros, France (Mayotte and Réunion), Mauritius,
 - > With over 250 islands it is home to world's largest coral reef systems and most extensive mangrove areas in the Western Indian Ocean.





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