

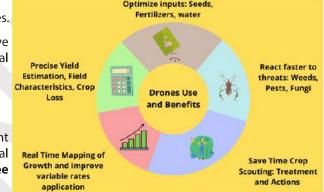
MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND FARMERS WELFARE ISSUED GUIDELINES TO PROMOTE **DRONE USE IN AGRICULTURE**

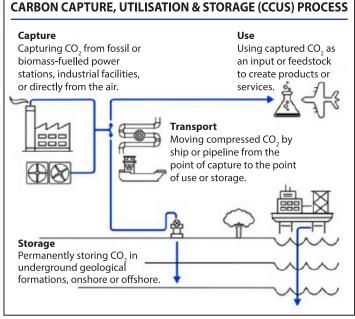
- Guidelines of Sub-Mission on Agricultural Mechanization (SMAM) have been amended to promote large scale demonstrations drones and to promote precision farming in India.
 - > SMAM was launched with the objectives of increasing the reach of farm mechanization to small and marginal farmers and to the regions & difficult area where farm power availability is low.
- Key guidelines include
 - > Grant up to Rs. 10 lakhs to agricultural institutes for purchase of drones.
 - > Financial assistance to Custom Hiring Centers set up by Cooperative Society of Farmers, Farmers Produce Organisations (FPOs) and Rural entrepreneurs for purchase of drones.
- Drones Use in Agriculture
 - > **Routine activities** such as pesticide spraying, crop monitoring etc.
 - > Advanced activities such as soil and field analysis, individual plant growth/health etc. by linking it with smart machines through artificial intelligence (AI), machine learning (ML) for different uses and benefits (see image)
- Optimize inputs: Seeds, Fertilizers, water **Precise Yield** React faster to Estimation, Field threats: Weeds, Characteristics, Crop Pests, Fungi **Drones Use** Loss and Benefits Real Time Mapping of Save Time Crop Growth and improve **Scouting: Treatment** variable rates and Actions application

 Earlier, Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) for use of Drone application with pesticides for crop protection in agricultural, forestry, non-cropped areas, etc. were also released.

INDO-US SCOPING WORKSHOP ON CARBON CAPTURE, UTILISATION & STORAGE (CCUS) HELD

- Workshop, jointly organized by Department of Science & Technology and U.S. Department of Energy, discussed challenges and opportunities to combat climate change through CCUS.
- CCUS is a **set of technologies** designed to capture CO₂ emissions. It
 - > Capture of CO₂ from fuel combustion or industrial processes,
 - >CO, is captured using technologies like Chemical absorption, Physical separation, Oxy-fuel separation, Calcium lopping etc.
 - > Transport of this CO₂ via ship or pipeline,
 - > Captured CO, can be either re-used in various products, such as cement or plastics (utilisation), or stored in geological formations deep underground (storage).
- Benefits: reducing the overall carbon emissions, improving efficiency of coal and gas fired plants to generate reliable and affordable power etc.
- Issues: possible leaks and the related damage from underground storage sites, high capture costs, a lot of energy is needed to convert CO2 into useful products leading to more emissions etc.
- India is part of following CCUS initiatives
 - > Mission Innovation: A global initiative to make clean energy affordable, attractive and accessible for all.
 - > Accelerating CCUS Technologies (ACT): An international initiative to establish CCUS as a tool to combat global warming.











SOLAR FLARE CAUSES RADIO BLACKOUT OVER INDIAN OCEAN

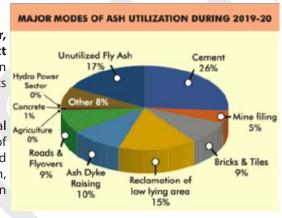
- Recently, sun emitted a large solar flare that was observed by NASA's Solar Dynamics Observatory (SDO).
 - > SDO studies how Sun creates solar activity and drives space weather.
- Solar flares are a sudden explosion of energy caused by reorganizing of magnetic field lines near sunspots.
 - > Solar magnetic cycle that works in deep interior of Sun creates regions that rise to surface and appear like dark spots. These are sunspots.
 - > They appear dark because they are cooler than other parts of Sun's surface.
- In a solar flare, energy stored in sun's magnetic structures is converted into light and heat energy. This causes emission of high energy x-ray radiation and highly accelerated charged particles to leave the sun's surface.

0.1.0		
Solar flare	Possible effects on Earth	
classification		
В	none	
С	Possible effects on space missions.	
M	Blackout in radio transmissions	
	and possible damages in astronauts	
	outside spacecraft.	
X	Damage to satellites, communication	
	systems, power distribution stations	
	and electronic equipment	

- Sometimes solar flares also cause hot plasma to be ejected from Sun, causing a solar storm, and this is called Coronal Mass Ejection (CME).
- Energy, radiation and high energy particles emitted by solar flares can trigger intense lights in the sky, called Auroras (for other possible effects refer image).

NGT ASKS GOVERNMENT TO FORM BODY TO FIREFIGHTING SYSTEM **MONITOR USE OF FLY ASH**

- It is being reported that National Green Tribunal (NGT) has directed the Centre to set up a fly ash management and utilisation mission for monitoring scientific management and utilisation of fly ash.
 - > Presently, there is an estimated 1,670 million tonnes of legacy (accumulated) fly ash.
- About Fly Ash
 - > Fly ash is a fine powder, which is the by-product of burning coal in thermal Power Plants (TPPs).
 - > Composition: substantial Agriculture amounts of oxides of aluminium and calcium. Arsenic, Boron, Chromium, lead etc. in trace concentrations.



- > Indian coal is of low grade with ash content of 30-45 %, in comparison to imported coal (10-15%).
- > Fly ash can be used in **Agriculture** (improves water holding capacity and soil aeration), **Construction work** (manufacturing of Portland cement, bricks, tiles etc.), Manufacturing of Absorbents (for purification of waste gases, drinking water etc.)
- Government Measures to promote Fly Ash Utilization
 - > Mandatory for coal and lignite based TPPs to ensure 100% utilisation of **fly ash** within three to five years.
 - > Mobile app for ash management-ASH TRACK.
 - > Mandatory use of fly ash-based products in all Government schemes e.g. Pradhan Mantri Gramin Sadak Yojana.

SAFETY AUDIT IGNORED: OFFICIALS

- Another fire incident in a High-rise building in Mumbai has brought the focus back on India's **Building Fires and their Safety architecture.**
- Urban Fire Vulnerabilities in India
 - > **Urban Fire,** i.e. the fire which primarily occurs in cities or towns, is a major risk to people's life, property and public security.
 - > 9,329 incidents of fire accidents happened in 2020 with death of 9,110 people (National Crime Record Bureau Data). Out of them, 57.6% deaths were reported from residential buildings.
 - > Causes: Natural (e.g. lightning, earthquakes) or due to human problems/errors (unplanned urbanisation, fire accidents).
- Fire Safety Architecture in India
 - > Fire Services is a State Subject and has been included as Municipal function under Twelfth Schedule (Article 243W).
 - ➤ In 2003, Ministry of Urban Development released Model Building Bye Laws to lay focus on building safety and guide state **governments.** This includes:
 - > Appointment of Chief Fire Officer to scrutinise and approve/reject building plans on Fire Safety.
 - > Bureau of Indian Standards released National Building Code of India (3rd edition in 2016) with its Part-IV dealing with detailed provisions on fire prevention, life safety and fire protection.





NATION PAYS HOMAGE TO NETAJI SUBHAS CHANDRA BOSE ON HIS 125th BIRTH **ANNIVERSARY**

On the occasion, his holographic statue was unveiled at India Gate. It will later be replaced by granite statue

• On the occasion, his	noiographic statue was unveiled at india Gate. It will later be replaced by granite statue.	
Political Career	 Served as Chief Executive Officer of Calcutta Municipal Corporation. Was elected President of Haripura session of Indian National Congress (INC) in 1938. In the 1939 Tripuri Congress session, he was re-elected but withdrew in disagreement with Gandhi. Formed All India Forward Bloc (1939). 	
Exile from India and Military activities during World War II	the Azad Hind Government).	
Literary contribution	 Edited newspaper 'Forward', published his own newspaper 'Swaraj', and authored a book titled 'The Indian Struggle'. 	
Other Achievements	 He cleared Indian Civil Service examination in 1920. However, he resigned in April 1921. Along with Chittaranjan Das, Jawaharlal Nehru, he served as President of All India Trade Union Congress (AITUC). 	
Related News Subhash Chandra Bose Aapda Prabandhan Puraskar Award is to beneus invaluable contribution and sulfless service rendered by individuals		

- Award is to honour invaluable contribution and selfless service rendered by individuals and organizations in India in the field of disaster management.
- It is announced every year on 23rd January, birth anniversary of Netaji Subhash Chandra Bose (Celebrated as Parakram Diwas).
 - > The award carries a cash prize of Rs. 51 lakh and a certificate in case of an institution and Rs. 5 lakh and a certificate in case of an individual.
 - > There will be **up to three awards** (every year).
- For 2022, Gujarat Institute of Disaster Management and Professor Vinod Sharma have been selected.

ALSO IN NEWS



International Conference on Sustainability Science (ICSS)

- 8th ICSS was held recently.
- It will facilitate creative discussions between academics, policy-makers and practitioners on how biodiversity-based solutions can contribute to sustainable development.
- Outcomes of the conference are expected to feed into the current international discourse of the post-2020 agenda on biodiversity.
 - >This framework will define targets and pathways for conservation and management of biodiversity for the next decade and beyond.
- ICSS conference is co-organized by various institutes/organizations including Convention on Biological Diversity Secretariat, Institute of Future Initiatives, Tokyo university, Future Earth etc.



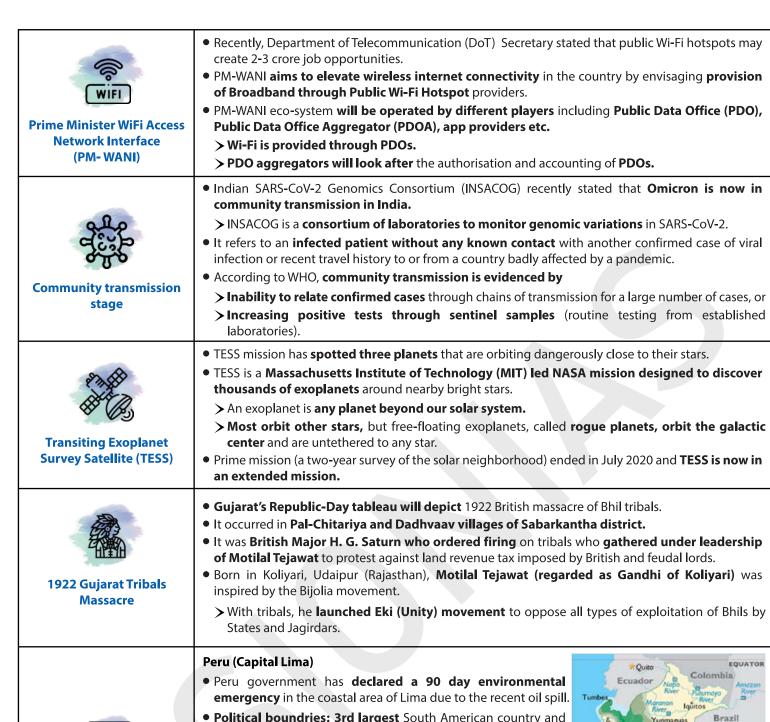
Taliban, Afghan civil society members begin Oslo talks

- Discussions, which are being facilitated by Norway, are to focus on human rights and the humanitarian crisis in Afghanistan.
- Humanitarian situation has deteriorated drastically since August 2021, when Taliban stormed back to power 20 years after being toppled.



India's First District Good Governance Index (DGGI) released

- Department of Administrative Reforms and Public Grievances (DARPG) in partnership with J&K administration launched DGGI for 20 districts of Jammu and Kashmir (J&K).
 - > Jammu district topped the list followed by Doda, Samba, Pulwama and Srinagar.
- DGGI has helped identify the impact of various governance interventions at district level and provide a futuristic roadmap for improving district level governance with targeted interventions.
- It provides a roadmap for similar benchmarking of Governance at District level for all States and UTs.



Colombia © WorldAtlas.com

V Quit

EQUATOR



> It is also home to the Historic Sanctuary of Machu Picchu, centre of Inca Civilization (last great Andean Civilization) and a World Heritage Site.

• Geographical features: It is located just South of the Equator and Mount Huascaran is its highest peak in Cordillera Blanca (part of Andes Ranges).



© 8468022022, 9019066066 m www.visionias.in







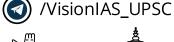
/c/VisionIASdelhi

Places in News





/visionias_upsc

















CHANDIGARH

