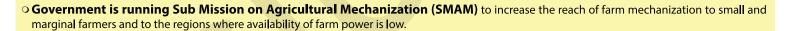


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# PRODUCT INNOVATION, AVAILABILITY OF RETAIL FINANCE FOR SMALL FARM MACHINERY TO DRIVE MECHANISATION

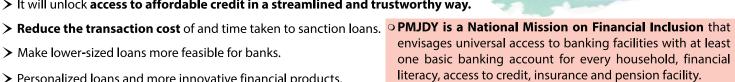
- A recent RBI report has pointed out that extent of farm mechanisation in India has increased over the years which currently stands at estimated 40-45 per cent.
  - > But, it is much lower compared to other advanced economies and the BRICS countries such as the US (95 per cent), Brazil (75 per cent) and China (48 per cent).
  - Also, much of this is tractorisation, not farm mechanisation.
- As per RBI report, Farm mechanisation has potential to enhance agricultural productivity by 30 per cent and reduce the input cost by 20 per cent.
  - > Also, it **reduces time required** to complete the farm operations and softens the drudgery associated with agriculture labour.
- Suggestions to enhance farm mechanisation
  - > Product innovation to provide India specific, affordable small farm machinery suitable for small farmers as about 70 per cent of Indian farmers are small and marginal.
  - > Retail financing via specific targets given to the banks by the NABARD for funding small farm machinery, not tractors, by small and marginal farmers.
  - > Fix a target under Priority Sector Lending to incentivise small farm equipment other than tractors.





- Complementing the PM Jan Dhan Yojana (PMJDY), India unveiled the account aggregator (AA) network to overcome the challenges of access to micro-credit for individuals and micro, small and medium enterprises (MSMEs).
  - > According to Reserve Bank of India, AA is a non-banking financial company engaged in the business of providing the service of collecting financial information pertaining to its customer.
    - > It enables safe sharing of financial records, after consent of the individual has been obtained, with financial service providers for access to small sums of formal credit.
- The credit system has three components: Financial Information Users (FIUs), Financial Information Providers (FIPs), and AA.
  - > AA acts as an intermediary that collects information from FIPs that hold a user's financial data, like banks, and shares it with FIUs, such as lending agencies.
- Advantages
  - > It is a shift from physical collateral to information collateral.
  - > It will unlock access to affordable credit in a streamlined and trustworthy way.

  - > Make lower-sized loans more feasible for banks.
  - > Personalized loans and more innovative financial products.







# ASSAM-MEGHALAYA AGREE TO COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATIONS FOR RESOLVING **BORDER DISPUTE ROW**

- **Deliberations** have been taking place **between the two states**, including at chief ministers' level, since last year.
  - > It was decided that in the first phase, six of the 12 disputed areas would be addressed. Recently, regional committees submitted reports on these six areas.
  - > The states will now submit a common report to the centre as both the States have agreed 100 per cent to the recommendations of the regional committees.
- About Assam-Meghalaya border dispute (see map)
  - > Assam and Meghalaya share an 885-km-long border. As of now, there are 12 points of dispute along their borders.
  - > Meghalaya was carved out of Assam under the Assam Reorganisation Act, 1971, a law that it challenged, leading to disputes.



## Assam and border disputes

- > The states of the Northeast were largely carved out of Assam, which has border disputes with several states.
- > Assam's border disputes with Arunachal Pradesh and Nagaland are pending in the Supreme Court.
- > Assam's border disputes with Meghalaya and Mizoram are currently in the phase of resolution through negotiations.
- > The border dispute with Mizoram had turned violent last year, leading to intervention from the Centre.

### ANTIMICROBIAL RESISTANCE IN AOUACULTURE RISING CAUSE OF CONCERN

- Union Ministry of Fisheries, Animal Husbandry and Dairying has highlighted to state governments over concerns around the impact of antibiotic misuse and overuse in aquaculture and livestock sectors.
  - > Anti-Microbial Resistance (AMR) is the ability of microorganism (like bacteria, viruses) to stop an antimicrobial (such as antibiotics, antimalarial) drug from working against it.
  - > As a result, standard treatments become ineffective, infections persist and spreads to others.

### • Key concerns highlighted

- > Sale of antimicrobials in bulk quantities to aquaculture farmers, particularly shrimp aguaculture, is a serious health concern.
- > Export issues as there have been instances of rejection of shrimp consignments from India due to antibiotic detection.
- > Cattle treatment is mostly done by quacks with little or no formal training resulting in frequent misuse of antibiotic.
- Steps taken by India to curb AMR
  - ➤ National Programme on AMR, 2012.
  - > AMR Surveillance network, 2013.
  - > Red line campaign on Antibiotics, 2016.
  - > National Action Plan on AMR 2017.
- Recently, an analysis by University of Oxford shows AMR was directly responsible for an estimated 1.27 million deaths worldwide, and associated with an estimated 4.95 million deaths, in 2019.
  - > AMR is now a leading cause of death worldwide, higher than HIV/AIDS or malaria.



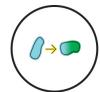
Our body is home to countless microbes. Some may be resistant to antibiotics



**Antibiotics kill** the bacteria causing the infections as well as the good bacteria



The antibiotic-resistant bacteria are now able to grow and take over



Some bacteria may **give** their antibiotic resistance to other bacteria









# **POWER SECRETARY REVIEWS** STATUS OF BIOMASS UTILIZA-TION IN THERMAL POWER PLANTS IN THE COUNTRY

- He chaired the meeting of **Steering Committee** for SAMARTH i.e. National Mission on Use of **Biomass** in coal based thermal Power Plants.
  - ➤ Last year, Ministry of Power mandated all thermal power plants in the country to increase the level of biomass co-firing from present 5% to higher levels to have a larger share of carbon neutral power **generation** from the thermal power plants.
    - > Biomass co-firing stands for adding biomass as a partial substitute fuel in high efficiency coal boilers.
  - > As per study sponsored by MNRE, current availability of biomass in India is estimated at about 750 million metric tonnes per year.
    - > It is also expected to reduce stubble burning.
- There are three different concepts for co-firing biomass in coal boilers.
  - > Direct co-firing: The biomass and the coal are burned in the same furnace.
  - > Indirect co-firing: In this concept, the solid biomass is converted to a clean fuel gas, using a biomass gasifier. The gas can be burnt in the same furnace as the coal.
  - > Parallel co-firing: It is also possible to install a completely separate biomass boiler in addition to the conventional boiler.



# CABINET APPROVES EXTENSION OF TENURE OF THE NATIONAL COMMISSION FOR SAFAI **KARAMCHARIS (NCSK) FOR THREE YEARS BEYOND 2022**

- NCSK was established in the year 1993 as per the provisions of the NCSK Act 1993 initially for the period upto 31.3.1997.
  - ➤ Later validity of the Act was extended upto 2004.
  - > However, after 2004, the tenure of NCSK has been extended as a non-statutory body from time to time through resolutions. The tenure of present Commission is upto 31.3.2022.
- Manual scavenging is practice of manual cleaning, disposing, or handling of the human excreta, in any manner, from dry latrines and sewers.
  - > Socio-Economic Caste Census of 2011 identified 1.82.505 households with the primary occupation of manual scavenging.

### Role of NCSK

- > Giving recommendations to Government regarding specific programmes for welfare of Safai Karamcharis,
- > Monitor implementation of Prohibition of Employment as Manual Scavengers and their Rehabilitation Act, 2013.
- > Enquire into complaints regarding contravention of the Act.

### Significance of extension

- > Though the government has taken many steps for the upliftment of the Safai Karamcharis, the deprivation suffered by them in socio-economic and educational terms is still far from being eliminated.
- > Also, hazardous manual cleaning of sewer/septic tanks continues to be an area of work.
- > Thus, the body will continue to work towards achieving the goal of complete mechanization of sewer/septic tanks cleaning in the country and rehabilitation of manual scavengers.

# ALSO IN NEWS



**India-Israel Industrial R&D** and Technological **Innovation Fund (I4F)** 

- Experts from India Israel approved 3 joint R&D projects worth 5.5 million \$ under I4F.
  - > 14F is a cooperation between India, and Israel to promote, facilitate and support joint industrial **R&D** projects between companies from India and Israel to address the challenges in the agreed 'Focus Sectors'.
  - > It is aimed to promote, facilitate and support joint industrial R&D between India & Israel, which would lead to the co-development and commercialization of innovative technologies benefiting both countries.



**Digital Payment Index** (DPI)

- RBI's Digital Payments Index rose by 39.64 per cent to 304.06 in September 2021 from 270 in March 2021.
- About DPI
  - > RBI-DPI comprises five broad parameters
    - > Payment Enablers (weight 25%),
    - Payment Infrastructure Demand-side factors (10%),
    - > Payment Infrastructure Supply-side factors (15%),
    - > Payment Performance (45%) and Consumer Centricity (5%).
- It enables measurement of deepening and penetration of digital payments in the country.
- It has been constructed with March 2018 as the base period, i.e. DPI score for March 2018 is set at 100.



New approved list of models and manufacturers (ALMM) rules

- Earlier, Indian government had ruled that only solar products and companies on ALMM will be eligible for government-backed installations.
  - > Now, the scope of ALMM has been expanded to include to open access and net-metering projects from April 1, 2022.
- It aims to **reduce India's dependence on solar imports** and achieve self-reliance.
  - > Domestic solar industry is suffering for a long time due to **dependence on** China.



Response Force (NDRF)

- Prime Minister has greeted NDRF team on their Raising Day.
- NDRF was constituted in 2006, under Disaster Management Act for the purpose of specialized response to natural and man-made disasters.
  - > At present, NDRF consist of 15 battalions from the BSF, CISF, CRPF, ITBP, SSB and Assam Rifles.
  - > Battalions are also trained and equipped for response during chemical, biological, radiological and nuclear (CBRN) emergencies.

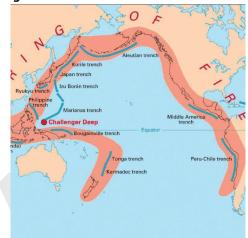


- They are one-of-a-kind assets in the digital world that can be bought and sold like any other piece of property, but they have no tangible form of their own.
  - > NFTs are unique cryptographic tokens that exist on a blockchain and cannot be replicated.
  - > The digital tokens can be thought of as certificates of ownership for virtual or physical assets.



**Pacific Ring of Fire** 

- Also referred to as the Circum-Pacific Belt, it is an area along the Pacific Ocean that is characterised by active volcanoes and frequent earthquakes.
  - > It is home to about 75 per cent of the world's volcanoes. Also, about 90 per cent of the world's earthquakes occur here.
  - Along the area, tectonic plates move towards each other creating subduction zones.
  - ➤ One plate gets pushed down or is subducted by the other plate.
  - > As this subduction happens, rocks melt, become magma and move to Earth's surface and cause volcanic activity.





**Indian Renewable Energy Development Agency** (IREDA)

Government has infused Rs 1500 crore in IREDA.

- It is a Public Financial Institution under the Companies Act, 1956 and registered as Non-Banking Financial Company (NFBC).
  - > It's objective is to provide financial assistance to schemes and projects generating energy or **electricity through renewable sources** and conserving energy through efficient usage.
  - > It is headquartered in New Delhi.
  - ➤ In 2015, it was awarded the status of "Mini Ratna" (Category-I).



Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan (1890-1988)

- 20 January marks the death anniversary of Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan, also called Frontier Gandhi.
  - > He was a Pakhtun or Pathan from the North West Frontier Province, now called Khyber Pakhtunkhwa.
- Values: Modesty, honesty and courage, non-violence etc.
- Role:
  - Raised the Khudai Khidmatgar, or Servants of God;
- > Civil Disobedience Movement of 1930;
- He received Bharat Ratna, the highest Indian honour, in 1987.

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